

1 **Supplementary information**

2 **From Gene Discovery to Synthetic Biology: Recent Advances in the Biosynthesis of**
3 **Oleanane -Type Pentacyclic Triterpenoids**

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Table S1. Oleanane-type Pentacyclic Triterpenoid Biosynthetic Cytochrome P450 Genes

Gene Name	Substrate	Carbon Modification	Heterologous Host	Plant Name	Compound Name	Reference
<i>CYP716A244</i>	β -amyrin	C-28 oxidation	<i>S. cerevisiae</i> <i>N. benthamiana</i>	<i>Eleutherococcus senticosus</i>	Oleanolic acid	1
<i>CYP716A48</i>	β -amyrin	C-28 oxidation	<i>S. cerevisiae</i>	<i>Olea europaea</i>	Oleanolic acid	2
<i>CYP716C80</i>	β -amyrin	C-28 oxidation	<i>S. cerevisiae</i> <i>N. benthamiana</i>	<i>Camptotheca acuminata</i>	Oleanolic acid	3
<i>CYP716C81</i>	β -amyrin	C-28 oxidation	<i>S. cerevisiae</i> <i>N. benthamiana</i>	<i>Camptotheca acuminata</i>	Oleanolic acid	3
<i>CYP716C82</i>	β -amyrin	C-28 oxidation	<i>S. cerevisiae</i> <i>N. benthamiana</i>	<i>Camptotheca acuminata</i>	Oleanolic acid	3
<i>CYP716A254</i>	β -amyrin	C-28 oxidation	<i>S. cerevisiae</i>	<i>Anemone flaccida</i>	Oleanolic acid	4
<i>CYP716A252</i>	β -amyrin	C-28 oxidation	<i>S. cerevisiae</i> <i>N. benthamiana</i>	<i>Ocimum basilicum</i>	Oleanolic acid	5

CYP716A253	β-amyrin	C-28 oxidation	<i>S. cerevisiae</i> <i>N. benthamiana</i>	<i>Ocimum basilicum</i>	Oleanolic acid	5
CYP716A265	β-amyrin	C-28 oxidation	<i>S. cerevisiae</i>	<i>Lagerstroemia speciose</i>	Oleanolic acid	6
CYP716A266	β-amyrin	C-28 oxidation	<i>S. cerevisiae</i>	<i>Lagerstroemia speciose</i>	Oleanolic acid	6
CYP716A12	β-amyrin	C-28 oxidation	<i>S. cerevisiae</i>	<i>Medicago truncatula</i>	Oleanolic acid	7
CYP716A52v2	β-amyrin	C-28 oxidation	<i>S. cerevisiae</i>	<i>Panax ginseng</i>	Oleanolic acid	8
CYP716A75	β-amyrin	C-28 oxidation	<i>S. cerevisiae</i>	<i>Maesa lanceolata</i>	Erythrodiol, Oleanolic acid	9
CYP716A233	β-amyrin	C-28 oxidation	<i>S. cerevisiae</i> <i>N. benthamiana</i>	<i>Terminalia arjuna</i>	Oleanolic acid	10
CYP716A432	β-amyrin	C-28 oxidation	<i>S. cerevisiae</i> <i>N. benthamiana</i>	<i>Terminalia arjuna</i>	Oleanolic acid	10
LmOAS1	β-amyrin	C-28 oxidation	<i>S. cerevisiae</i>	<i>Lonicera macranthoides</i> <i>Lonicera japonica</i>	Oleanolic acid	11, 12
CYP716C49	Oleanolic acid	C-2α hydroxylation	<i>S. cerevisiae</i>	<i>Crataegus pinnatifida</i>	Maslinic acid	13

				<i>Centella asiatica</i>		
CYP716C55	Oleanolic acid	C-2 α hydroxylation	<i>S. cerevisiae</i> <i>N. benthamiana</i>	<i>Lagerstroemia speciose</i>	Maslinic acid	6
CYP716C67	Oleanolic acid	C-2 α hydroxylation	<i>N. benthamiana</i>	<i>Olea europaea</i>	Maslinic Acid	14
CYP716C88	Oleanolic acid, Hederagenin	C-2 α hydroxylation	<i>S. cerevisiae</i> <i>N. benthamiana</i>	<i>Terminalia arjuna</i>	Maslinic Acid, Arjunolic Acid	10
CYP716C89	Oleanolic acid, Hederagenin, Erythrodiol, Oleanolic aldehyde	C-2 α hydroxylation	<i>S. cerevisiae</i> <i>N. benthamiana</i>	<i>Terminalia arjuna</i>	Maslinic Acid, Arjunolic Acid, Hydroxy erythrodiol, Hydroxy oleanolic aldehyde	10
CYP716Y1	β -amyrin	C-16 α hydroxylation	<i>S. cerevisiae</i>	<i>Bupleurum falcatum</i>	16 α -hydroxy β - amyrin	7
CYP87D16	β -amyrin	C-16 α oxidation	<i>S. cerevisiae</i>	<i>Maesa lanceolata</i>	16 α -hydroxy β - amyrin	9
CYP714E107a	Oleanolic acid,	C-23 hydroxylation	<i>S. cerevisiae</i>	<i>Terminalia arjuna</i>	Hederagenin,	10

	Maslinic acid, Arjunic acid		<i>N. benthamiana</i>		Arjunolic acid, Arjungenin	
CYP714E107b	Oleanolic acid, Maslinic acid, Arjunic acid	C-23 hydroxylation	<i>S. cerevisiae</i> <i>N. benthamiana</i>	<i>Terminalia arjuna</i>	Hederagenin, Arjunolic acid, Arjungenin	10
CYP714E107a	Hederagenin	C-23 oxidation	<i>S. cerevisiae</i> <i>N. benthamiana</i>	<i>Terminalia arjuna</i>	Gypsogenic acid	10
CYP714E107b	Hederagenin	C-23 oxidation	<i>S. cerevisiae</i> <i>N. benthamiana</i>	<i>Terminalia arjuna</i>	Gypsogenic acid	10
CYP93E2	β -amyrin	C-24 hydroxylation	<i>S. cerevisiae</i>	<i>Medicago truncatula</i>	24-OH- β -amyrin	15
CYP72A61V2	24-OH- β -amyrin	Oxidation for Soyasapogenol B synthesis	<i>S. cerevisiae</i>	<i>Medicago truncatula</i>	Soyasapogenol B	15
CYP93E3	β -amyrin	C-24 hydroxylation	<i>S. cerevisiae</i>	<i>Glycyrrhiza uralensis</i>	24-OH- β -amyrin	15
CYP72A566	24-OH- β -amyrin	Oxidation for Soyasapogenol B synthesis	<i>S. cerevisiae</i>	<i>Glycyrrhiza uralensis</i>	Soyasapogenol B	15

<i>CYP82AS1</i>	β-amyrin	C-22 Hydroxylation	<i>S. cerevisiae</i>	<i>Tripterygium wilfordii</i>	22-Hydroxy-β-amyrin	16
<i>CYP712K1</i>	22-Hydroxy-β-amyrin	C-29 Carboxylation	<i>S. cerevisiae</i>	<i>Tripterygium wilfordii</i>	Abrusgenic acid	16
<i>CYP712K2/K3</i>	β-amyrin	C-29 Carboxylation	<i>S. cerevisiae</i>	<i>Tripterygium wilfordii</i>	3-Epikatonc acid	16
<i>CYP716A12</i>	β-amyrin	C-28 Oxidation	<i>N. benthamiana</i>	<i>Medicago truncatula</i>	Oleanolic acid	17
<i>CYP716E60</i>	β-amyrin	C6-β hydroxylation	<i>S. cerevisiae</i>	<i>Enkianthus chinensis</i>	6β -Hydroxy-β-amyrin	18
<i>CYP716C80</i>	β-amyrin	C2α-hydroxylation	<i>S. cerevisiae</i>	<i>Enkianthus chinensis</i>	2α-Hydroxy-β-amyrin	18
<i>CYP716A862</i>	β-amyrin	C28 oxidation	<i>S. cerevisiae</i>	<i>Enkianthus chinensis</i>	Oleanolic acid	18
<i>CYP716A262</i>	β-amyrin	C28 oxidation	<i>S. cerevisiae</i>	<i>Psammosilene tunicoides</i>	Oleanolic acid	19
<i>CYP716A262</i>	Oleanolic acid	C16α hydroxylation,	<i>S. cerevisiae</i>	<i>Psammosilene tunicoides</i>	Echinocystic Acid	19
<i>CYP72A567</i>	Oleanolic acid	C23 oxidation	<i>S. cerevisiae</i>	<i>Psammosilene tunicoides</i>	Hederagenin, Gypsogenin, Gypsogenic acid	19

CYP716A8	β -amyrin	C28 oxidation	<i>S. cerevisiae</i>	<i>Actinidia eriantha</i>	Erythrodiol, Oleanolic aldehyde, Oleanolic acid	20
CYP716A9	β -amyrin	C28 oxidation	<i>S. cerevisiae</i>	<i>Actinidia eriantha</i>	Erythrodiol, Oleanolic aldehyde, Oleanolic acid	20
CYP88A222 CYP88A164 CYP88A108	β -amyrin	C11 oxidation	<i>S. cerevisiae</i>	<i>Melia azedarach</i>	11-oxo- β -amyrin	21
CYP88D6	β -amyrin	C11 oxidation (two step)	<i>S. cerevisiae</i>	<i>Glycyrrhiza uralensis</i> <i>Glycyrrhiza glabra</i> <i>Glycyrrhiza inflata</i>	11-oxo- β -amyrin	22
CYP88D15	β -amyrin	C11 hydroxylation	<i>S. cerevisiae</i>	<i>Glycyrrhiza pallidiflora</i> , <i>Glycyrrhiza macedonica</i>	Oleana-9(11),12- dien-3 β -ol, Oleana-11,13(18)- dien-3 β -ol	22

<i>CYP716A173</i> (SvC28)	β-amyrin	C28 oxidation	<i>N. benthamiana</i>	<i>Saponaria vaccaria</i>	Oleanolic acid	23
<i>CYP716A379</i> (SvC16)	Oleanolic acid	C16α-hydroxylation	<i>N. benthamiana</i> , <i>S. cerevisiae</i>	<i>Saponaria vaccaria</i>	Echinocystic acid	23
<i>CYP72A1130</i> (SvC23-1)	Oleanolic acid	C23 oxidation	<i>N. benthamiana</i> , <i>S. cerevisiae</i>	<i>Saponaria vaccaria</i>	Gypsogenic acid	23
<i>CYP72A1131</i> (SvC23-2)	Oleanolic acid	C23 oxidation	<i>N. benthamiana</i> , <i>S. cerevisiae</i>	<i>Saponaria vaccaria</i>	Gypsogenic acid	23
<i>CYP716A12</i>	β-amyrin	C28 Oxidation	<i>Y. lipolytica</i>	<i>Medicago truncatula</i>	Oleanolic acid	24
<i>CYP716C11</i>	Oleanolic acid	C-2α hydroxylation	<i>Y. lipolytica</i>	<i>Centella asiatica</i>	Maslinic acid	24
<i>CYP714E19p</i>	Maslinic acid	C-23 hydroxylation	<i>Y. lipolytica</i>	<i>Centella asiatica</i>	Arjunolic acid	24
<i>CYP714E19p</i>	Oleanolic acid	C-23 hydroxylation	<i>Y. lipolytica</i>	<i>Centella asiatica</i>	Hederagenin	24
<i>CYP716C11p</i>	Hederagenin	C-2α hydroxylation	<i>Y. lipolytica</i>	<i>Centella asiatica</i>	Arjunolic acid	24
<i>CYP716A249</i>	β-amyrin	C-28 oxidation	<i>S. cerevisiae</i>	<i>Polygala tenuifolia</i>	Oleanolic acid	25
<i>LmOAS1</i>	β-amyrin	C28 Carboxylation	<i>N. benthamiana</i>	<i>Lonicera macranthoides</i>	Oleanolic acid, β- amyryn	11

CYP716A212	β -amyrin	C28 Hydroxylation	<i>S. cerevisiae</i>	<i>Ilex asprella</i>	Oleanolic acid	26
CYP714E88	Oleanolic acid	C23 Hydroxylation	<i>S. cerevisiae</i>	<i>Ilex asprella</i>	Hederagenin, Gypsogenic acid	26
CYP93A220	β -amyrin	C24 Hydroxylation	<i>S. cerevisiae</i>	<i>Ilex asprella</i>	α -Boswellic acid	26
CYP716A261	β -amyrin	C28 Hydroxylation	<i>S. cerevisiae</i>	<i>Conyza blinii</i>	Oleanolic acid	27

Table S2. Oleanane-type Pentacyclic Triterpenoid Biosynthetic UGT Genes

Gene Name	Substrate	Carbon Modification	Heterologous Host	Plant Name	Compound Name	Reference
<i>UGT74AG5</i>	Oleanolic acid, Hederagenin	C28 O- glucosylation	<i>E. coli</i>	<i>Ilex asprella</i>	Oleanolic acid 28-O-β-D- glucopyranoside, Hederagenin 28-O-β-D- glucopyranoside	28
<i>UGT74AG11</i>	Oleanolic acid, Hederagenin, Echinocystic acid, calenduloside E	C28-O- glucosylation	<i>E. coli</i>	<i>Hedera helix</i>	Oleanolic acid 28-O- glucopyranosyl ester, Hederagenin 28-O- glucopyranosyl ester, Echinocystic acid 28-O- glucopyranosyl ester, Chikusetsusaponin	29
<i>UGT73C11</i>	Oleanolic acid Hederagenin	C3 glucosylation	<i>N. benthamiana</i> , <i>E. coli</i>	<i>Barbarea vulgaris</i>	Oleanolic acid 3-O-β- glucoside, Hederagenin 3- O-β-glucoside	30
<i>UGT73C13</i>	Oleanolic acid Hederagenin	C3 glucosylation	<i>N. benthamiana</i> , <i>E. coli</i>	<i>Barbarea vulgaris</i>	Oleanolic acid 3-O-β- glucoside, Hederagenin 3- O-β-glucoside	30
<i>UGT73C21</i>	Oleanolic acid Hederagenin	C3 glucosylation	<i>N. benthamiana</i> , <i>E. coli</i>	<i>Barbarea vulgaris</i>	Oleanolic acid 3-O-β- glucoside, Hederagenin 3- O-β-glucoside	30

UGT73C22	Oleanolic acid, Hederagenin	C28 glucosylation, C3 and C28 glucosylation	<i>N. benthamiana</i> , <i>E. coli</i>	<i>Barbarea vulgaris</i>	Oleanolic acid 28-O- β - glucoside, Oleanolic acid 3,28-O- β -diglucoside, Hederagenin 28-O- β - glucoside, Hederagenin 3,28-O- β -diglucoside	30
UGT73C23	Oleanolic acid, Hederagenin	C3, C28 and 3,23 glucosylation, C3 and C28 diglucosylation	<i>N. benthamiana</i> , <i>E. coli</i>	<i>Barbarea vulgaris</i>	Oleanolic acid 3,28-O- β - diglucoside, Hederagenin 3,28-O- β -diglucoside, Hederagenin 3,23-O- β - diglucoside	30
UGT73C25	Oleanolic acid, Hederagenin	C3, C28 and 3,23 glucosylation, C3 and C28 diglucosylation	<i>N. benthamiana</i> , <i>E. coli</i>	<i>Barbarea vulgaris</i>	Oleanolic acid 3-O- β - glucoside, Oleanolic acid 28-O- β -glucoside, Oleanolic acid 3,28-O- β - diglucoside, Hederagenin 3-O- β -glucoside, hederagenin 28-O- β - glucoside, Hederagenin 3,28-O- β -diglucoside, Hederagenin 3,23-O- β - diglucoside	30
UGT73C26	Oleanolic acid, Hederagenin	C3 glucosylation	<i>N. benthamiana</i> , <i>E. coli</i>	<i>Barbarea vulgaris</i>	Oleanolic acid 3-O- β - glucoside, Hederagenin 3- O- β -glucoside	30
UGT73C27	Oleanolic acid, Hederagenin	C3 glucosylation,	<i>N. benthamiana</i> , <i>E. coli</i>	<i>Barbarea vulgaris</i>	Oleanolic acid 3-O- β - glucoside, Hederagenin 3-	30

<i>UGT18</i>	Calenduloside E, Chikusetsusaponin IVa	C3 glycosylation of glucuronic acid	<i>E. coli</i> <i>S. cerevisiae</i>	<i>Panax ginseng</i>	O- β -glucoside Zingibroside R1, Ginsenoside Ro	31
<i>UGT8</i>	Oleanolic acid, Calenduloside E, Zingibroside R1	C28 glucosylation	<i>E. coli</i> <i>S. cerevisiae</i>	<i>Panax ginseng</i>	Oleanolic acid 28-O- glucopyranosyl ester, Chikusetsusaponin IVa, Ginsenoside Ro	31
<i>UGT1</i>	Oleanolic acid 3- O- β -d- glucuronide, Zingibroside R1	C28 glycosylation	<i>E. coli</i>	<i>Panax japonicus</i> <i>var. major</i>	Chikusetsusaponin IVa, Ginsenoside Ro	32
<i>UGT2</i>	Oleanolic acid 3-O- β -d- glucuronide, Chikusetsusaponin IVa	C3 glycosylation	<i>E. coli</i>	<i>Panax japonicus</i> <i>var. major</i>	Zingibroside R1, Ginsenoside Ro	32
<i>PgCSyGT1</i>	Oleanolic acid	C3 glucuronidation	<i>S. cerevisiae</i>	<i>Panax ginseng</i>	Calenduloside E	31
<i>GAT1</i>	Oleanolic acid	C3 glucuronidation	<i>E. coli</i>	<i>Panax zingiberensis</i>	Oleanolic acid 3-O- β - glucuronide	33
<i>GAT2</i>	Oleanolic acid	C3 glucuronidation	<i>E. coli</i>	<i>Panax zingiberensis</i>	Oleanolic acid 3-o- β - glucuronide	33

GAT3	Oleanolic acid	C3 glucuronidation	<i>E. coli</i>	<i>Panax zingiberensis</i>	Oleanolic acid 3-O- β - glucuronide	33
UGT73P1	Cauloside A	C3 rhamnose glycosylation	<i>N. benthamiana</i> , <i>E.coli</i>	<i>Lonicera macranthoides</i>	α -hederin	11
SvCslG	Quillaic acid	C3 glucuronidation	<i>N. benthamiana</i> , <i>S. cerevisiae</i>	<i>Saponaria vaccaria</i>	QA-C3-GICA	23
SvGalT	Quillaic acid	Transfers galactose onto QA-C3-GlcA	<i>N. benthamiana</i> , <i>S. cerevisiae</i>	<i>Saponaria vaccaria</i>	QA-C3-GICA-Gal	23
SvC3XyIT	Quillaic acid	Transfers xylose onto QA-C3- GlcA-Gal	<i>N. benthamiana</i>	<i>Saponaria vaccaria</i>	QA-C3-GICA-Gal-Xyl	23
Sv46DH	Quillaic acid	Converts UDP- glucose into UDP- 4K6DG	<i>N. benthamiana</i>	<i>Saponaria vaccaria</i>	UDP-4K6DG	23
SvNMD	Quillaic acid	Reduces UDP- 4K6DG to form UDP-D-Fucose	<i>N. benthamiana</i>	<i>Saponaria vaccaria</i>	UDP-D-Fucose	23
SvC28FucT	Quillaic acid	Transfers fucose onto the C28 of saponins	<i>N. benthamiana</i> , <i>S. cerevisiae</i>	<i>Saponaria vaccaria</i>	QA-C3-GICA-C28-Fuc	23

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Table S3. Oleanane-type Pentacyclic Triterpenoid Biosynthetic Transcription Factors

TF Family	TF Name(s)	Species	Metabolite	Target gene /promotor	Promotor-binding site	Reference
WRKY	PgWRKY4	<i>Panax ginseng</i>	Gensenoside saponins	<i>PgSE</i>	W-box	34
R2R3-MYB	PnMYB4 PnMYB1	<i>Panax notoginseng</i>	Saponins	<i>PnSQS, PnSE, PnDS</i>	MYB	35
bHLH	PnbHLH	<i>Panax notoginseng</i>	Saponins	<i>PnSQS, PnSE, PnDS</i>	MYB	35
bHLH	TaMYC2	<i>Taraxacum antungense</i>	Taraxerol	<i>TaSQS</i>	E-box	36
bHLH	TSAR1, TSAR2	<i>Medicago truncatula</i>	Pentacyclic oleanane type soyasaponin	<i>MtHMGR1</i>	N-box	37
bHLH	GibHLH13	<i>Glycyrrhiza inflata</i>	Glycyrrhizin	<i>Giβ-AS, GiCYP72A154 GiCSyGT</i>	E-box	38
bHLH	GubHLH3	<i>Glycyrrhiza uralensis</i>	Soyasaponins / Soyasapogenol B	<i>Guβ-AS, GuCYP93E3, GuCYP72A566</i>	E-box N-box	39
MADS-box	PgMADS41, PgMADS44	<i>Panax ginseng</i>	Ginsenoside Ro	<i>PgSE-4, Pgβ-AS-13 PgCYP716A52v2-4</i>	CArG motif	40
WRKY	CoWRKY15	<i>Camellia oleifera</i>	Oleanane-type triterpenoid saponins	<i>CoSQS</i>	W-box	41

WRKY	ZjWRKY18	<i>Ziziphus jujuba</i>	Oleanolic acid	<i>ZjHMGR1</i>	W-box	42
WRKY	CbWRKY24	<i>Conyza bilinii</i>	Saponins	<i>CbβAS</i>	W-box	43
MYB	ZjMYB39, ZjMYB4	<i>Ziziphus jujube</i>	Ziziphine	<i>ZjFPS</i> <i>ZjSQS</i>	MYB	44
AP2/ERF	PjERF1	<i>Panax japonicas</i>	Chikusetsusaponin IV and IVa	<i>PjβAS</i> , <i>PjCAS</i> , and <i>PjSE</i>	GCC-box	45

Table S4. Advantage and limitation analysis of different host systems for OPTs heterologous production

Host Category	Key Examples	Major Advantages	Major Limitations / Liabilities
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Native Plants	<i>Lotus japonicas</i> , <i>Olea europaea</i>	Native Pathway Fidelity: All endogenous enzymes, cofactors, organelles, and regulatory networks are present, enabling the synthesis of highly complex, modified OPTs.	Low & Variable Yield: OPT accumulation is often low, tissue-specific, and influenced by environment/stress. Complex Extraction: Mixtures of structural analogs complicate purification. Slow Growth: Long life cycles hinder rapid research and scaling.
Heterologous Plant Hosts	<i>Nicotiana benthamiana</i> (transient), <i>Medicago truncatula</i> (stable)	Plant-Compatible Machinery: Contains ER, redox partners (CPR), and lipid droplets that support functional expression of plant P450s and channeling. Rapid Validation: Transient agroinfiltration (e.g., Tsukuba system) allows ultra-fast (<2 week) pathway assembly and testing. High-Performance Potential: Can achieve very high yields per biomass unit (e.g., ~30 mg/g DW oleanolic acid).	Agricultural Scaling: Large-scale production requires significant land, is seasonal, and faces biocontainment/GMO regulations. Quantitative Analysis Challenge: Complex plant matrix complicates metabolite extraction and analysis compared to microbial systems.
Prokaryotic Host (Bacteria)	<i>Escherichia coli</i>	Ultra-Rapid Growth: Fast doubling (~20 min) enables quick genetic iterations. High Genetic Tractability: Vast toolkit for cloning, CRISPR, and library construction. Defined Metabolism: Simplifies metabolic modeling and omics analysis.	Lacks Essential Eukaryotic Machinery: No native sterol pathway, ER, or functional cytochrome P450 reductase (CPR) system. Requires extensive engineering to supply squalene/OS and functionalize P450s. Product Toxicity: Hydrophobic intermediates (e.g., β -amyrin) often accumulate intracellularly, inhibiting growth and limiting titers.
Eukaryotic Microbial Hosts (Yeast)	<i>Saccharomyces cerevisiae</i> , <i>Yarrowia lipolytica</i> , <i>Pichia pastoris</i>	Balance of Fidelity & Tractability: Native mevalonate pathway supplies precursors; contains ER and supports functional plant P450/CPR pairs. Industrial Workhorse: Excellent for	Metabolic Burden: Competition between heterologous pathway and native metabolism (e.g., for ergosterol synthesis) can limit yields. Requires extensive rewiring.

scalable fermentation in bioreactors;
GRAS status for pharmaceuticals.

Advanced Engineering: Sophisticated tools for dynamic regulation, organelle engineering, and high-throughput screening.

Limited "Drop-in" Success: Functional expression of some plant P450s or UGTs may require N-terminal engineering or chaperone co-expression.

Precursor Sequestration: Native metabolism may divert intermediates (like FPP) away from the OPT pathway.

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