

Supporting information

Practical and Scalable Entry to Halogenated 1,4-Thiazines Through a Domino Morin-Rearrangement/Halogenation of *N,S*-Acetals and their Arylation Based on Suzuki-Miyaura Coupling

Fanny Danton,^a Kouceila Abdelli,^a Mohamed Othman,^{a,*} Ata Martin Lawson,^a Hassan Oulyadi,^b Sergiu Shova,^c Ján Moncol,^d Alina Ghinet,^{e,f,g} and Adam Daich^{a,*†}

- ^a. Université Le Havre Normandie, Normandie Univ, URCOM UR 3221, INC3M, FR CNRS 3038, 25 rue Philippe Lebon, BP 1123, F-76063, Le Havre Cedex, France
- ^b. Normandie Univ, UNIROUEN, INSA Rouen, CNRS, UMR 6014-CARMeN, F-76000 Rouen, France
- ^c. Petru Poni' Institute of Macromolecular Chemistry, Iasi, Romania
- ^d. Department of Inorganic Chemistry, Faculty of Chemical and Food Technology, Slovak University of Technology, SK-81237 Bratislava, Slovakia
- ^e. Univ. Lille, Inserm, CHU Lille, Institut Pasteur de Lille, UMR 1167 – RID-AGE – Risk Factors and Molecular Determinants of Aging-Related Diseases, F-59000 Lille, France
- ^f. Faculty of Chemistry, 'Al. I. Cuza' University of Iasi, B-dul Carol I, Nr. 11, Corp A, Ro-700506, Iasi, Romania
- ^g. Laboratoire de Chimie Durable et Santé, JUNIA, 16 rue Colson, F-59000 Lille Cedex, France

†Corresponding author

Phone (+0033) 232-744-403,
E-mail: adam.daich@univ-lehavre.fr,
ORCID: Adam Daich 0000-0002-6942-0519

Table of contents

I. Full Experimental Details.	3
General remarks	3
II. General procedure for the synthesis of <i>N,S</i>-acetals as starting materials.	3
Synthesis of 9 <i>b</i> -Methyl-2,3-dihydrothiazolo[2,3- <i>a</i>]isoindol-5(9 <i>bH</i>)-one (4a)	3
Synthesis of ethyl 9 <i>b</i> -methyl-5-oxo-2,3,5,9 <i>b</i> -tetrahydrothiazolo[2,3- <i>a</i>]isoindole-3-carboxylate (4b)	3
Synthesis of 1-(2-Methyl-2-phenylthiazolidin-3-yl)ethanone (4c)	4
Step 1. Synthesis of 2-Methyl-2-phenylthiazolidine (4c')	4
2-Methyl-2-phenylthiazolidine (4c')	5
Step 2. Synthesis of 1-(2-Methyl-2-phenylthiazolidin-3-yl)ethanone (4c)	5
1-(2-Methyl-2-phenylthiazolidin-3-yl)ethanone (4c)	5
III. General procedure for the synthesis of iodothiazine compounds 7(a-c)A.	5
1-Iodo-3,4-dihydro-6 <i>H</i> -[1,4]thiazino[3,4- <i>a</i>]isoindol-6-one (7aA)	6
Ethyl (<i>R</i>)-1-Iodo-6-oxo-3,4-dihydro-6 <i>H</i> -[1,4]thiazino[3,4- <i>a</i>]isoindole-4-carboxylate (7bA)	7
1-(6-Iodo-5-phenyl-2,3-dihydro-4 <i>H</i> -1,4-thiazin-4-yl)ethan-1-one (7cA)	7
3 <i>H</i> -[1,4]Thiazino[3,4- <i>a</i>]isoindol-6(4 <i>H</i>)-one (5a)	7
Ethyl 6-oxo-4,6-dihydro-3 <i>H</i> -[1,4]thiazino[3,4- <i>a</i>]isoindole-4-carboxylate (5b)	8
1-(5-Phenyl-2 <i>H</i> -1,4-thiazin-4(3 <i>H</i>)-yl)ethanone (5c)	8
IV. General procedure for the synthesis of bromothiazine compounds 7(a-c)B.	8
1-Bromo-3,4-dihydro-6 <i>H</i> -[1,4]thiazino[3,4- <i>a</i>]isoindol-6-one (7aB)	9
Ethyl (<i>R</i>)-1-bromo-6-oxo-3,4-dihydro-6 <i>H</i> -[1,4]thiazino[3,4- <i>a</i>]isoindole-4-carboxylate (7bB)	9
1-(6-Bromo-5-phenyl-2,3-dihydro-4 <i>H</i> -1,4-thiazin-4-yl)ethan-1-one (7cB)	10
V. General procedure for the synthesis of chlorothiazine compounds 7(a-c)C.	10
1-Chloro-3,4-dihydro-6 <i>H</i> -[1,4]thiazino[3,4- <i>a</i>]isoindol-6-one (7aC)	10
Ethyl (<i>R</i>)-1-chloro-6-oxo-3,4-dihydro-6 <i>H</i> -[1,4]thiazino[3,4- <i>a</i>]isoindole-4-carboxylate (7bC)	11
1-(6-Chloro-5-phenyl-2,3-dihydro-4 <i>H</i> -1,4-thiazin-4-yl)ethan-1-one (7cC)	11
VI. General procedure for the synthesis of 3,4-dihydro-6<i>H</i>-pyrrolo[2,1-<i>c</i>][1,4]thiazin-6-one (9) and 8-bromo-3,4-dihydro-6<i>H</i>-pyrrolo[2,1-<i>c</i>][1,4]thiazin-6-one (7dB).	11
Step 1: 7 <i>a</i> -Methyltetrahydropyrrolo[2,1- <i>b</i>]thiazol-5(6 <i>H</i>)-one (4d)	11
7,8-Dihydro-3 <i>H</i> -pyrrolo[2,1- <i>c</i>][1,4]thiazin-6(4 <i>H</i>)-one (9): Morin product	12
3,4-Dihydro-6 <i>H</i> -pyrrolo[2,1- <i>c</i>][1,4]thiazin-6-one (10): Oxidized Morin product	12
8-Bromo-3,4-dihydro-6 <i>H</i> -pyrrolo[2,1- <i>c</i>][1,4]thiazin-6-one (7dB)	13
VII. General procedure for the synthesis of 3,4-dihydro-6<i>H</i>-pyrrolo[2,1-<i>c</i>][1,4]thiazin-6-ones (8a-k) by the Suzuki-Miyaura coupling of halogenated substrate 7aB and boronic acids or esters (16).	13
1-Phenyl-3 <i>H</i> -[1,4]thiazino[3,4- <i>a</i>]isoindol-6(4 <i>H</i>)-one (8a)	13
1-(4-(<i>Tert</i> -butyl)phenyl)-3,4-dihydro-6 <i>H</i> -[1,4]thiazino[3,4- <i>a</i>]isoindol-6-one (8b)	14
1-(4-Methoxyphenyl)-3,4-dihydro-6 <i>H</i> -[1,4]thiazino[3,4- <i>a</i>]isoindol-6-one (8c)	14
1-(3,4,5-Trimethoxyphenyl)-3,4-dihydro-6 <i>H</i> -[1,4]thiazino[3,4- <i>a</i>]isoindol-6-one (8d)	14
1-(4-Nitrophenyl)-3,4-dihydro-6 <i>H</i> -[1,4]thiazino[3,4- <i>a</i>]isoindol-6-one (8e)	15
1-([1,1'-Biphenyl]-4-yl)-3,4-dihydro-6 <i>H</i> -[1,4]thiazino[3,4- <i>a</i>]isoindol-6-one (8f)	15
Methyl 4-(6-oxo-3,4-dihydro-6 <i>H</i> -[1,4]thiazino[3,4- <i>a</i>]isoindol-1-yl)benzoate (8g)	16
1-(Naphthalen-1-yl)-3,4-dihydro-6 <i>H</i> -[1,4]thiazino[3,4- <i>a</i>]isoindol-6-one (8h)	17
1-(Pyren-4-yl)-3,4-dihydro-6 <i>H</i> -[1,4]thiazino[3,4- <i>a</i>]isoindol-6-one (8i)	17
1-(1-Methyl-1 <i>H</i> -indol-5-yl)-3,4-dihydro-6 <i>H</i> -[1,4]thiazino[3,4- <i>a</i>]isoindol-6-one (8k)	18
1-(6-Chloropyridin-2-yl)-3,4-dihydro-6 <i>H</i> -[1,4]thiazino[3,4- <i>a</i>]isoindol-6-one (8l)	19
VIII. General procedure for the synthesis of 3,4-dihydro-6<i>H</i>-pyrrolo[2,1-<i>c</i>][1,4]thiazin-6-ones (8m-o) by the Suzuki-Miyaura coupling of halogenated substrates 7(b-d)B and boronic acid 16a.	19
Ethyl (<i>R</i>)-6-oxo-1-phenyl-3,4-dihydro-6 <i>H</i> -[1,4]thiazino[3,4- <i>a</i>]isoindole-4-carboxylate (8m)	19
1-(5,6-Diphenyl-2,3-dihydro-4 <i>H</i> -1,4-thiazin-4-yl)ethan-1-one (8n)	20
8-Phenyl-3,4-dihydro-6 <i>H</i> -pyrrolo[2,1- <i>c</i>][1,4]thiazin-6-one (8o)	20
IX. Synthesis of 1-(2-oxopyrrolidin-1-yl)-3,4-dihydro-6<i>H</i>-[1,4]thiazino[3,4-<i>a</i>]isoindol-6-one (8r)	20
X. Copies of NMR spectra	22
XI. Structural crystallographic data	57

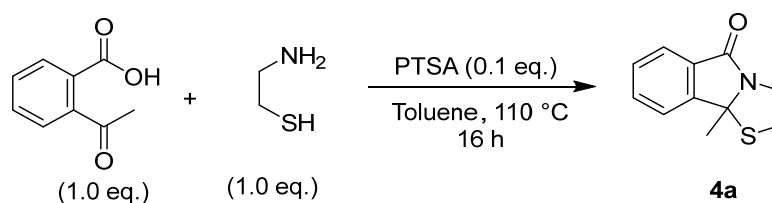
II. Full Experimental Details.

General remarks

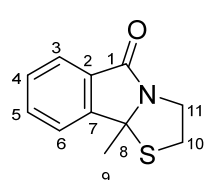
Unless otherwise specified, reagents and starting materials were purchased from commercial sources and were used without further purification. Reactions were carried out in standard glassware. NMR spectra were recorded at room temperature on a Bruker Advance 300 spectrometer (^1H : 300 MHz, ^{13}C : 75 MHz) in deuterated chloroform (CDCl_3), deuterated acetonitrile (CD_3CN) or deuterated dimethyl sulfoxide ($\text{C}_2\text{D}_6\text{OS}$) using TMS as internal standard ($\delta = 0$). High resolution ESI mass spectra were measured on 6530 Q-TOF Agilent System spectrometer. Separation procedure was carried out using Interchim Puriflash 430 System equipped with UV detector. Silicon dioxide (SiO_2) (30 to 50 μm) from Macherey-Nagel was used as the solid phase and a mixture of cyclohexane / ethyl acetate or dichloromethane / methanol has served as eluent. Melting points were recorded on a Stuart Scientific analyzer SMP 10 apparatus and are uncorrected. Infrared spectra were performed as neat on Perkin Elmer FT-IR spectrophotometer and only broad or strong signals are reported. Specific rotations were measured on a Jasco P-2000 polarimeter for compounds never described before.

II. General procedure for the synthesis of *N,S*-acetals as starting materials.

Synthesis of 9*b*-Methyl-2,3-dihydrothiazolo[2,3-*a*]isoindol-5(9*bH*)-one (4a)



To a previously stirred solution of 2-acetylbenzoic acid (2.00 g, 12.2 mmol, 1.0 eq.) and *p*-toluene-sulfonic acid monohydrate (PTSA, 230 mg, 1.22 mmol, 0.1 eq.) in toluene (60 mL), was added the aminothiol (1.11 g, 14.4 mmol, 1.2 eq.) and the mixture was heated at 110 °C for 16 h. After cooling at room temperature, the solvent was evaporated under reduced pressure and purification on flash chromatography (*Silica 60*) was performed to get 2.02 g (84%) of the corresponding *N,S*-acetal **4a**.



White solid, $R_f = 0.40$, eluent (ethyl acetate / cyclohexane = 3/7), mp = 64–66 °C, 2.00 g scale reaction (in 60 mL of toluene), 2.02 g was isolated, 84% yield.

IR ($\nu_{\text{max}} / \text{cm}^{-1}$): 1698, 1347, 740, 698.

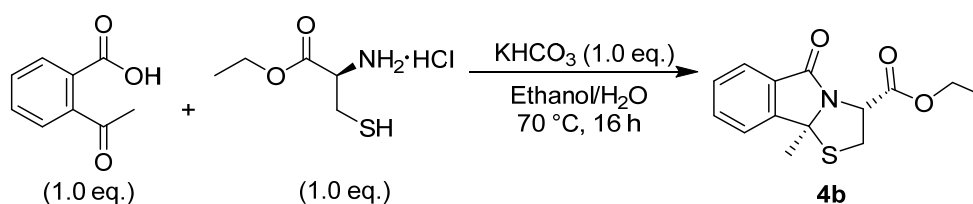
^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 7.76 (dt, $J = 7.4, 1.0$ Hz, 1H), 7.65 – 7.53 (m, 1H), 7.47 (ddd, $J = 8.4, 7.5, 1.7$ Hz, 2H), 4.65 – 4.48 (m, 1H), 3.56 – 3.22 (m, 3H), 1.91 (s, 3H).

^{13}C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl_3): δ_c 170.6, 150.7, 133.1, 129.3, 129.0, 124.4, 121.8, 75.7, 43.3, 37.8, 28.8.

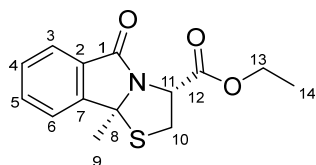
HRMS (ESI $^+$): Calcd for $\text{C}_{11}\text{H}_{12}\text{NOS}$ [$\text{M}+\text{H}$] $^+$ 206.0634, found 206.0655.

The synthesis of this product was reported in the following reference: F. Danton, M. Othman, A. M. Lawson, J. Moncol, A. Ghinet, B. Rigo, A. Daïch, *Chem. Eur. J.* **2019**, *25*, 6113–6118.

Synthesis of ethyl 9*b*-methyl-5-oxo-2,3,5,9*b*-tetrahydrothiazolo[2,3-*a*]isoindole-3-carboxylate (4b)



To a stirred solution of the ketoacid (2.00 g, 12.2 mmol, 1.0 eq.) in ethanol (40 mL), was added a solution of ethyl ester aminoethanthiol hydrochloride (1.67 g, 12.2 mmol, 1.0 eq.) and KHCO_3 (1.22 g, 12.2 mmol, 1.0 eq.) in water (20 mL). The mixture was then heated at 70 °C for 16 h. After cooling at room temperature, the solvent was evaporated and a purification on flash chromatography was performed to get the corresponding *N,S*-acetal **4b** in 85% yield.



Colorless paste, $R_f = 0.33$, eluent (ethyl acetate / cyclohexane = 1/4), 2.00 g scale reaction (in 60 mL of toluene), 2.87 g was isolated, 85% yield.

IR (ν_{max} / cm^{-1}): 1745, 1694, 1341, 1326, 752.

^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3): δ_{H} 7.80 (d, $J = 7.3$ Hz, 1H, H-3), 7.62 (td, $J = 7.5, 1.2$ Hz, 1H, H-5), 7.56 – 7.44 (m, 2H, H-4, H-6), 5.14 (dd, $J = 8.7, 6.4$ Hz, 1H, H-11), 4.36 – 4.22 (m, 2H, H-13), 3.93 (dd, $J = 11.8, 6.4$ Hz, 1H, H-10), 3.82 (dd, $J = 11.8, 8.7$ Hz, 1H, H-10), 1.96 (s, 3H, H-9), 1.33 (t, $J = 7.1$ Hz, 3H, H-14).

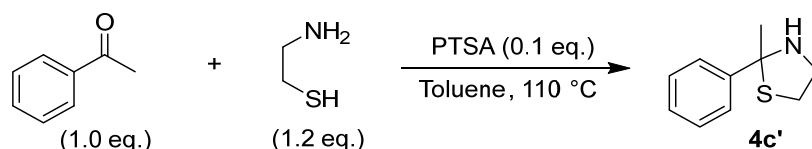
^{13}C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl_3): δ_{C} 170.7 ($\text{C}_{\text{qC=O}}$, C-1), 170.5 ($\text{C}_{\text{qC=O}}$, C-12), 149.2 (Cq, C-7), 133.4 (Cq, C-5), 129.5 (CH, C-4), 129.2 (Cq, C-2), 124.8 (CH, C-3), 122.0 (CH, C-6), 77.4 (Cq, C-8), 62.2 (CH_2 , C-13), 58.2 (CH, C-11), 40.4 (CH_2 , C-10), 28.3 (CH_3 , C-9), 14.3 (CH_3 , C-14).

HRMS (ESI⁺): Calcd for $\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{16}\text{NO}_3\text{S}$ [$\text{M}+\text{H}$]⁺ 278.0845, found 278.0875.

The synthesis of this product was reported in the following reference: F. Danton, M. Othman, A. M. Lawson, J. Moncol, A. Ghinet, B. Rigo, A. Daïch, *Chem. Eur. J.* **2019**, *25*, 6113–6118. For specific rotation, see the following reference, Allin, S. M.; Vaidya, D. G.; Page, M. I.; Slawin, A. M. Z.; Smith, T. *Tetrahedron Lett.* **2000**, *41*, 2219–2222.

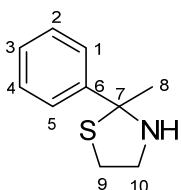
Synthesis of 1-(2-Methyl-2-phenylthiazolidin-3-yl)ethanone (**4c**)

Step 1. Synthesis of 2-Methyl-2-phenylthiazolidine (**4c'**)



To a stirred solution of acetophenone (2.00 g, 16.6 mmol, 1.0 eq.) and PTSA (0.316 g, 1.66 mmol, 0.1 eq.) in toluene, was added the cysteamine (1.54 g, 19.9 mmol, 1.2 eq.) before heating the mixture at 110 °C for 16 h. After cooling the reaction at room temperature, the solvent was evaporated under reduced pressure and a purification on flash chromatography was performed to get the corresponding *N,S*-acetals **4c'** in 43% yield.

2-Methyl-2-phenylthiazolidine (**4c'**)



Colorless oil, $R_f = 0.44$, eluent (ethyl acetate / cyclohexane = 1/4), 2.00 g scale reaction (in 60 mL of toluene), 1.28 g was isolated, 43% yield.

IR (ν_{max} / cm^{-1}): 3296, 1444, 1062, 762, 699.

^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3): δ_{H} 7.66 (d, $J = 7.7$ Hz, 2H, Har), 7.33 (t, $J = 7.5$ Hz, 2H, Har), 7.22 (d, $J = 7.3$ Hz, 1H, Har), 3.59 – 3.42 (m, 1H, H-10), 3.16 – 3.03 (m, 3H, H-10, H-9), 2.27 – 2.18 (bs, 1H, NH), 1.90 (s, 3H, H-8).

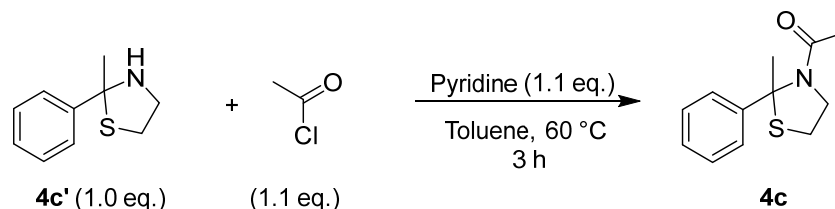
^{13}C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl_3): δ_{C} 147.4 (Cq, C-6), 128.0 (x2 CH, C-1, C-5), 126.8 (CH, C-3), 125.9 (x2 CH, C-2, C-4), 82.5 (Cq, C-7), 51.5 (CH_2 , C-10), 37.4 (CH_2 , C-9), 33.4 (CH_3 , C-8).

HRMS (ESI⁺): Calcd for $\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{14}\text{NS}$ [$\text{M}+\text{H}$]⁺ 180.0841, found 180.0850.

The synthesis of this product was reported in the following reference: F. Danton, M. Othman, A. M. Lawson, J. Moncol, A. Ghinet, B. Rigo, A. Daïch, *Chem. Eur. J.* **2019**, *25*, 6113–6118.

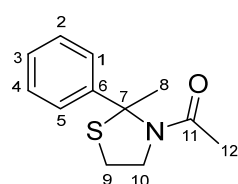
Step 2. Synthesis of 1-(2-Methyl-2-phenylthiazolidin-3-yl)ethanone (**4c**)

To a solution of *N,S*-acetal **4c'** (0.20 g, 1.85 mmol, 1.0 eq.) in 3 mL of toluene at 60 °C were added pyridine (0.16 g, 2.03 mmol, 1.1 eq.) and acetyl chloride (0.16 g, 2.03 mmol, 1.1 eq.) and the reaction was allowed to stir for 3 h. After filtration and concentration under reduced pressure, the resulting mixtures led to pure *N*-acetyl-*N,S*-acetal compound **4c** in 89% after purification on silica gel column chromatography.



NMR spectra of product **4c** was recorded at 50 °C in deuterated acetonitrile in order to simplify the analysis. Indeed, at room temperature, spectra were difficult to interpret due to the presence of rotamers probably.

1-(2-Methyl-2-phenylthiazolidin-3-yl)ethanone (**4c**)



White solid, $R_f = 0.43$, eluent (ethyl acetate / cyclohexane = 4/6), mp = 94–96 °C (*Bull. Soc. Chim. Fr.* **1964**, 2493-2499, 91 °C), 200 mg scale reaction (in 2 mL of toluene), 220 mg were isolated, 89% yield.

IR (ν_{\max} / cm^{-1}): 1635, 1394, 1348, 728, 699.

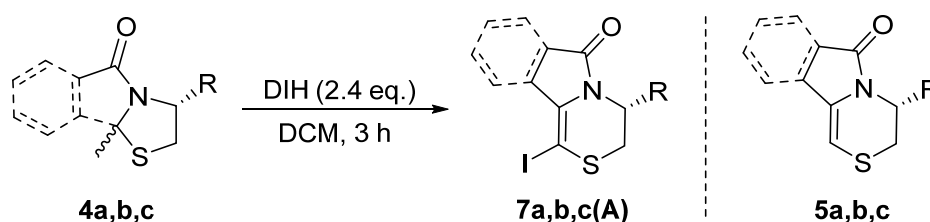
^1H NMR (300 MHz, CD_3CN , 50 °C): δ_{H} 7.43 (d, $J = 7.7$ Hz, 2H, H-1, H-5), 7.36 (t, $J = 7.5$ Hz, 2H, H-2, H-4), 7.27 (dd, $J = 13.6, 6.8$ Hz, 1H, H-3), 4.15 (dt, $J = 12.2, 6.0$ Hz, 2H, H-10), 3.14 (dt, $J = 12.0, 6.0$ Hz, 1H, H-9), 3.02 (dt, $J = 12.0, 6.3$ Hz, 1H, H-9), 2.25 (s, 3H, H-8), 2.24 – 1.94 (bs, 3H, H-12).

^{13}C NMR (75 MHz, CD_3CN , 50 °C): δ_{C} 168.5 ($\text{C}_{\text{qC=O}}$, C-11), 147.0 (C_{q} , C-6), 129.1 (x2 CH, C-2, C-4), 127.8 (CH, C-3), 126.1 (x2 CH, C-1, C-5), 75.8 (CH, C-7), 55.5 (CH_2 , C-10), 29.7 (CH_2 , C-9), 27.8 (CH_3 , C-8), 25.5 (CH_3 , C-12).

HRMS (ESI⁺): Calcd for $\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{16}\text{NO}_2$ [$\text{M}+\text{H}$]⁺ 222.0947, found 222.0944.

The synthesis of this product was reported in the following reference: F. Danton, M. Othman, A. M. Lawson, J. Moncol, A. Ghinet, B. Rigo, A. Daïch, *Chem. Eur. J.* **2019**, *25*, 6113–6118.

III. General procedure for the synthesis in domino process of iodothiazine compounds **7aA**, **7bA** and **7cA**.



To 100 mg (1 eq.) of *N,S*-acetal substrate **4a**, **4b** or **4c**, described by our group in previous work, was dissolved in dry DCM (15 mL) and 2.4 equivalents of 1,3-diiodo-5,5-dimethylhydantoin (DIH) was then added dropwise at room temperature and the reaction mixture was stirred for 3 hours. After completion of the reaction (TLC), an aqueous solution of sodium thiosulfate ($\text{Na}_2\text{S}_2\text{O}_3$ 0.2 M, 10 mL) was then added to

quench the reaction. After extraction with DCM three times (3x10 mL), the organic layers were collected and dried on MgSO₄. The solvent was evaporated under reduced pressure and a purification on flash chromatography (ethyl acetate/cyclohexane = 3/7 up to 4/6) was performed to provide the expected iodinated compounds **7aA** (87 mg), **7bA** (87 mg) and **7cA** (95 mg) in an isolated yield of 54%, 57% and 50%, respectively.

Important remark: Following the same protocol, but when 1 up to 1.4 equivalents of *N*-iodosuccinimide (NIS) or 1 equivalent of DIH was used (see the following details in **Table 1**), only the Morin-rearrangement compound **5a** was isolated in yields of 38% up to 57% yield.

Table 1. Optimization of domino Morin-transposition/ halogenation of **4a** into 1,4-thiazines **7a** (X=I), **7aB** (X=Br) and **7aC** (X=Cl).^a

Entry	Halogenating reagent (eq.)	X	Product % 5a	Product % 7a(A,B,C)	Product 7a	Time (h)	Yield (%) ^[a]
1	NIS (1.0 eq.)	I	100%	-		4	38
2	NIS (1.4 eq.)	I	100%	-		4	51
3	DIH (1.0 eq.)	I	100%	-		4	57
4	DIH (2.4 eq.)	I	-	100%	7aA	3	54
5	NBS (1.0 eq.)	Br	56%	44%	7aB	4	.. ^[b]
6	NBS (2.0 eq.)	Br	-	100%	7aB	4	69
7	DBH (1.1 eq.)	Br	-	100%	7aB	0.5	88
8	+BHT (2.2 eq.)	Br	-	100%	7aB	0.5	79
9	NCS (1.4 eq.)	Cl	-	-	7aC	4	.. ^[c]
10	ICl (4.2 eq.)	Cl	-	100%	7aC	3	88
11	ICl (1.4 eq.)	Cl	100%	-	7aC	4	96

^[a] **7a** (X=I), **7aB** (X=Br) and **7aC** (X=Cl).

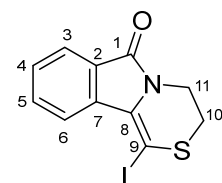
^[b] Isolated yield.

^[c] Ratio determined by ¹H NMR.

^[d] Complex mixture containing traces of **5a** and **7aC**.

1-Iodo-3,4-dihydro-6*H*-[1,4]thiazino[3,4-*a*]isoindol-6-one (**7aA**)

This product was isolated pure as yellow solid, *R*_f = 0.60, eluent (ethyl acetate / cyclohexane = 4/6), mp = 165–167 °C, 100 mg scale reaction (in 3 mL of dichloromethane), 87 mg was isolated, 54% yield.



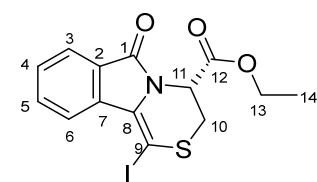
IR (ν_{max} / cm^{-1}): 1666, 1349, 1032, 755, 686.

¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ_{H} 8.69 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1H, H-6), 7.85 (d, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 1H, H-3), 7.62 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H, H-5), 7.50 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H, H-4), 4.38 – 4.29 (m, 2H, H-11), 3.19 – 3.10 (m, 2H, H-10).

¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ_{C} 165.0 (C_qC=O, C-1), 135.3 (C_q, C-7), 131.8 (CH, C-3), 130.8 (C_q, C-8), 129.2 (CH, C-4), 128.8 (C_q, C-2), 123.5 (CH, C-6), 122.4 (CH, C-3), 61.7 (C_q, C-9), 39.4 (CH₂, C-11), 31.7 (CH₂, C-10).

HRMS (ESI⁺): Calcd for C₁₁H₉INOS [M+H]⁺ 329.9444, found 329.9458.

Ethyl (R)-1-Iodo-6-oxo-3,4-dihydro-6H-[1,4]thiazino[3,4-a]isoindole-4-carboxylate (7bA)



This product was isolated pure as yellow oil, R_f = 0.42, eluent (ethyl acetate / cyclohexane = 3/7), 100 mg scale reaction (in 3 mL of dichloromethane), 83 mg was isolated, 57% yield.

IR (ν_{max} / cm⁻¹): 1743, 1683, 1198, 760, 692.

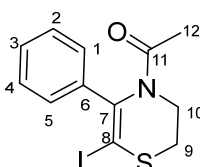
¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ_H 8.70 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H, H-6), 7.87 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H, H-3), 7.70 – 7.57 (m, 1H, H-5), 7.57 – 7.45 (m, 1H, H-4), 5.74 (t, *J* = 3.3 Hz, 1H, H-11), 4.24 (qd, *J* = 7.3, 1.4 Hz, 2H, H-13), 3.48 (dd, *J* = 13.1, 3.5 Hz, 1H, H-10), 3.36 (dd, *J* = 13.1, 3.0 Hz, 1H, H-10), 1.25 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3H, H-14).

¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ_C 167.6 (C_qC=O, C-11), 165.1 (C_qC=O, C-1), 135.6 (C_q, C-7), 132.2 (C_q, C-5), 130.2 (C_q, C-2), 129.3 (C_q, C-4), 128.4 (C_q, C-9), 123.9 (CH, C-3), 122.6 (CH, C-6), 62.5 (CH₂, C-13), 60.2 (C_q, C-9), 50.8 (CH, C-11), 33.2 (CH₂, C-10), 14.3 (CH₃, C-14).

HRMS (ESI⁺): Calcd for C₁₄H₁₃INO₃S [M+H]⁺ 401.9655, found 401.9652.

[α]_D²⁵ = -295.7 (c 0.210 g/100 mL, CH₂Cl₂).

1-(6-Iodo-5-phenyl-2,3-dihydro-4H-1,4-thiazin-4-yl)ethan-1-one (7cA)



This product was isolated pure as yellow solid, R_f = 0.68, eluent (ethyl acetate / cyclohexane = 4/6), mp = 152–154 °C, 70 mg scale reaction (in 2 mL of dichloromethane), 67 mg was isolated, 50% yield.

IR (ν_{max} / cm⁻¹): 1663, 1372, 1219, 750, 697.

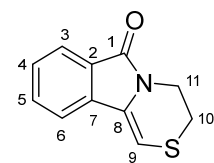
¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ_H 7.43 – 7.28 (m, 5H, Har), 4.17 (t, *J* = 5.5 Hz, 2H, H-10), 3.26 (t, *J* = 5.5 Hz, 2H, H-9), 1.59 (s, 3H, H-12).

¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ_C 170.6 (C_q C=O, C-11), 139.5 (C_q, C-6), 138.6 (C_q, C-7), 129.5 (x2 CH, C-2, C-4), 128.6 (CH, C-3), 128.2 (x2 CH, C-1, C-5), 79.7 (C_q, C-8), 41.8 (CH₂, C-9), 36.2 (CH₂, C-10), 24.4 (CH₃, C-9).

HRMS (ESI⁺): Calcd for C₁₂H₁₃INOS [M+H]⁺ 345.9757, found 345.9773.

Important remark: Following the same protocol, but when 1 up to 1.4 equivalents of *N*-iodosuccinimide (NIS) or 1 equivalent of DIH were used (see the following details in **Table 1**), only the Morin-rearrangement compound **5a** (in 38% up to 57% yield), **5b** (in 56% yield) or **5c** (in 96% yield) was isolated.

3H-[1,4]Thiazino[3,4-a]isoindol-6(4H)-one (5a)



This product was isolated pure as white solid, R_f = 0.31, eluent (ethyl acetate / cyclohexane = 3/7), mp = 107–109 °C, was isolated in 38% up to 57% yield.

IR (ν_{max} / cm⁻¹): 1698, 1351, 1242, 745.

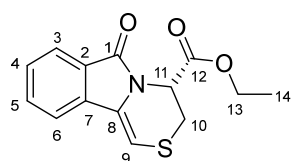
¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ_H 7.77 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H, Har), 7.54 – 7.45 (m, 2H, Har), 7.38 (ddd, *J* = 8.0, 6.4, 2.1 Hz, 1H, Har), 6.24 (s, 1H, H-9), 4.18 – 4.06 (m, 2H, H-11), 3.15 – 3.03 (m, 2H, H-10).

¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ_C 165.6 (C_qC=O, C-1), 134.7 (C_q, C-8), 131.7 (CH, Car), 130.7 (C_q, Car), 128.3 (CH, Car), 127.8 (C_q, Car), 123.1 (CH, Car), 118.7 (CH, Car), 99.7 (CH, C-9), 39.3 (CH₂, C-11), 26.0 (CH₂, C-10).

HRMS (ESI⁺): Calcd for C₁₁H₁₀NOS [M+H]⁺ 204.0478, found 204.0478.

The synthesis of this product was reported in the following reference: F. Danton, M. Othman, A. M. Lawson, J. Moncol, A. Ghinet, B. Rigo, A. Daïch, *Chem. Eur. J.* **2019**, *25*, 6113–6118.

Ethyl 6-oxo-4,6-dihydro-3H-[1,4]thiazino[3,4-a]isoindole-4-carboxylate (**5b**)



This product was isolated pure as yellow solid, $R_f = 0.38$, eluent (ethyl acetate / cyclohexane = 3/7), mp = 124–127 °C, was isolated after separation in 56% yield.

IR (ν_{\max} / cm^{-1}): 1732, 1687, 1202, 763.

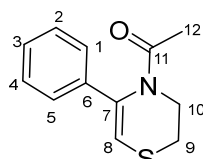
^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3): δ_{H} 7.83 (d, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 1H, Har), 7.63 – 7.50 (m, 2H, Har), 7.43 (ddd, $J = 8.0, 6.5, 1.9$ Hz, 1H, Har), 6.25 (d, $J = 1.9$ Hz, 1H, H-9), 5.47 (t, $J = 3.3$ Hz, 1H, H-11), 4.22 (q, $J = 7.1$ Hz, 2H, H-13), 3.50 (dt, $J = 13.1, 2.6$ Hz, 1H, H-10), 3.27 (dd, $J = 13.1, 3.6$ Hz, 1H, H-10), 1.24 (t, $J = 7.1$ Hz, 3H, H-14).

^{13}C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl_3): δ_{C} 167.8 ($\text{C}_{\text{qC=O}}$, C-12), 165.9 ($\text{C}_{\text{qC=O}}$, C-1), 135.0 (C_{q} , C-8), 132.2 (C_{q} , Car), 130.4 (C_{q} , Car), 128.6 (CH, Car), 127.4 (C_{q} , Car), 123.6 (CH, Car), 119.1 (CH, Car), 99.0 (CH, C-9), 62.3 (CH_2 , C-13), 50.8 (CH, C-11) 28.1 (CH_2 , C-10), 14.2 (CH_3 , C-14).

HRMS (ESI⁺): Calcd for $\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{14}\text{NO}_3\text{S}$ [$\text{M}+\text{H}$]⁺ 276.0689, found 276.0693.

$[\alpha]_{\text{D}}^{25} = -64.82$ (c 0.218 g/100 mL, CH_2Cl_2).

1-(5-Phenyl-2H-1,4-thiazin-4(3H)-yl)ethanone (**5c**)



This product was isolated pure as white solid, $R_f = 0.42$, eluent (ethyl acetate / cyclohexane = 3/7), mp = 193–195 °C, was isolated in 96% yield.

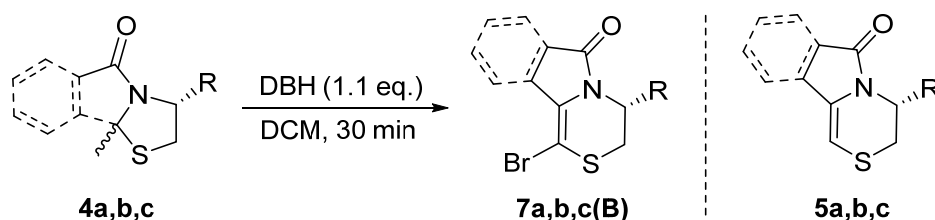
IR (ν_{\max} / cm^{-1}): 1664, 1363, 1223, 946, 812, 756, 693.

^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3): δ_{H} 7.40 – 7.26 (m, 5H, Har), 6.15 (s, 1H, H-8), 4.03 – 3.93 (m, 2H, H-10), 3.16 – 3.08 (m, 2H, H-9), 1.70 (s, 3H, H-12).

^{13}C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl_3): δ_{C} 171.4 ($\text{C}_{\text{qC=O}}$, C-11), 138.9 (C_{q} , C-7), 135.9 (C_{q} , C-6), 129.1 (x2 CH, C-2, C-4), 127.8 (CH, C-3), 124.6 (x2 CH, C-1, C-5), 113.2 (CH, C-8), 40.5 (CH_2 , C-10), 28.4 (CH_2 , C-9), 24.4 (CH_3 , C-12).

HRMS (ESI⁺): Calcd for $\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{14}\text{NOS}$ [$\text{M}+\text{H}$]⁺ 220.0791, found 220.0797.

IV. General procedure for the synthesis in domino process of bromothiazine compounds **7aB**, **7bB** and **7cB**.

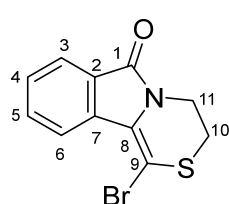


To 100 mg (1 eq.) of *N,S*-acetal substrate **4a**, **4b** or **4c**, described by our group in previous work, was dissolved in dry DCM (15 mL) and 1.1 equivalents of DBH was then added dropwise at room temperature and the reaction mixture was stirred for 30 minutes. After completion of the reaction (TLC), an aqueous solution of saturated sodium bicarbonate (NaHCO_3 10 mL) was then added to quench the reaction. After three times extractions with DCM (3x10 mL), the organic layers were collected and dried on MgSO_4 . The solvent was evaporated under reduced pressure and a purification on flash chromatography (ethyl

acetate/cyclohexane = 4/6) was performed to provide the expected brominated compounds **7aB** (121 mg), **7bB** (108 mg) and **7cB** (91 mg) in an isolated yield of 88%, 85% and 55%, respectively.

Important remarks: Following the same protocol, but when 1.0 equivalent of *N*-bromosuccinimide (NBS) was used with *N,S*-acetal substrate **4a** (see the following details in **Table 1**), the brominated product **7aB** accompanied with the Morin-rearrangement compound **5a** were isolated in yields of 44% up to 56% yield, respectively. However, when 2.0 equivalents of *N*-bromosuccinimide (NBS) were used, only the Morin-rearrangement compound **5a** was isolated in 69% yield after 6 hours of the reaction (see details in **Table 1** and **entry 6**). Of interest, by using other conditions depending on the number of equivalents of NBS, we also isolate the Morin-rearrangement compounds **5b** and **5c** when starting with *N,S*-acetal substrates **4b** and **4c**, respectively.

1-Bromo-3,4-dihydro-6*H*-[1,4]thiazino[3,4-*a*]isoindol-6-one (**7aB**)



Yellow solid, $R_f = 0.61$, eluent (ethyl acetate / cyclohexane = 4/6), mp = 155–157 °C, 100 mg scale reaction (in 3 mL of dichloromethane), 121 mg was isolated, 88% yield.

IR (ν_{\max} / cm^{-1}): 1677, 1352, 1032, 754, 682.

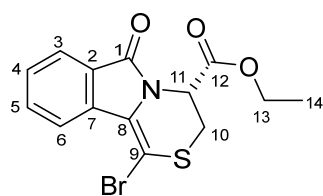
^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3): δ_{H} 8.44 (d, $J = 7.9$ Hz, 1H, H-6), 7.85 (d, $J = 7.5$ Hz, 1H, H-3), 7.60 (t, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 1H, H-5), 7.49 (t, $J = 7.4$ Hz, 1H, H-4), 4.26 – 4.19 (m, 2H, H-11), 3.26 – 3.18 (m, 2H, H-10).

^{13}C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl_3): δ_{C} 165.1 ($\text{C}_{\text{qC=O}}$, C-1), 134.6 (C_{q} , C-7), 132.2 (CH, C-5), 129.1 (C_{q} , C-8), 129.0 (CH, C-4), 128.7 (C_{q} , C-2), 123.5 (CH, C-3), 123.4 (CH, C-6), 96.8 (C_{q} , C-9), 39.3 (CH_2 , C-9), 30.0 (CH_2 , C-10).

HRMS (ESI $^+$): Calcd for $\text{C}_{11}\text{H}_9\text{BrNOS}$ [$\text{M}+\text{H}$] $^+$ 281.9583, found 281.9596.

Ethyl (*R*)-1-bromo-6-oxo-3,4-dihydro-6*H*-[1,4]thiazino[3,4-*a*]isoindole-4-carboxylate (**7bB**)

Brown oil, $R_f = 0.66$, eluent (ethyl acetate / cyclohexane = 4/6), 100 mg scale (in 3 mL of dichloromethane), 108 mg was isolated, 85% yield.



IR (ν_{\max} / cm^{-1}): 1747, 1687, 1193, 761, 691.

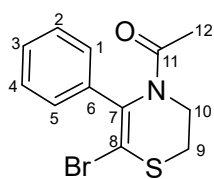
^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3): δ_{H} 8.46 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 1H, H-6), 7.88 (d, $J = 7.3$ Hz, 1H, H-3), 7.63 (td, $J = 7.7, 1.3$ Hz, 1H, H-5), 7.51 (td, $J = 7.5, 1.0$ Hz, 1H, H-4), 5.60 (t, $J = 3.3$ Hz, 1H, H-11), 4.24 (q, $J = 7.1$ Hz, 2H, H-13), 3.55 – 3.43 (m, 2H, H-10), 1.26 (t, $J = 7.1$ Hz, 1H, H-14).

^{13}C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl_3): δ_{C} 167.5 ($\text{C}_{\text{qC=O}}$, C-12), 165.2 ($\text{C}_{\text{qC=O}}$, C-1), 134.9 (C_{q} , C-7), 132.6 (CH, C-5), 129.2 (CH, C-4), 128.6 (C_{q} , C-2), 128.2 (C_{q} , C-8), 123.8 (CH, C-3), 123.6 (CH, C-6), 95.6 (C_{q} , C-9), 62.6 (CH_2 , C-13), 50.7 (CH, C-11), 31.6 (CH_2 , C-10), 14.3 (CH_3 , C-14).

HRMS (ESI $^+$): Calcd for $\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{13}\text{BrNO}_3\text{S}$ [$\text{M}+\text{H}$] $^+$ 353.9794, found 353.9809.

$[\alpha]_{\text{D}}^{25} = -177.8$ (c 0.190 g/100 mL, CH_2Cl_2).

1-(6-Bromo-5-phenyl-2,3-dihydro-4*H*-1,4-thiazin-4-yl)ethan-1-one (7cB)



Yellow solid, $R_f = 0.73$, eluent (ethyl acetate / cyclohexane = 4/6), mp = 148–150 °C, 70 mg scale reaction (in 2 mL of dichloromethane), 64 mg was isolated, 55% yield.

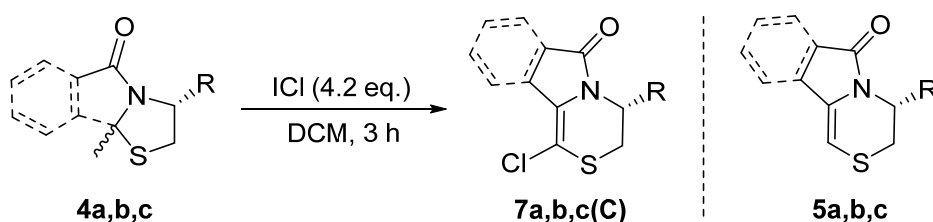
IR (ν_{\max} / cm^{-1}): 1662, 1374, 1219, 779, 705.

^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3): δ_{H} 7.49 – 7.28 (m, 5H, Har), 4.10 (t, $J = 5.8$ Hz, 2H, H-10), 3.31 (t, $J = 5.6$ Hz, 2H, H-9), 1.61 (s, 3H, H-12).

^{13}C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl_3): δ_{C} 170.9 ($\text{C}_{\text{qC=O}}$, C-11), 137.4 (C_{q} , C-6), 135.6 (C_{q} , C-7), 129.1 (x2 CH, C-2, C-4), 128.6 (CH, C-3), 128.3 (x2 CH, C-1, C-5), 109.6 (C_{q} , C-8), 41.6 (CH_2 , C-10), 34.7 (CH_2 , C-9), 24.2 (CH_3 , C-12).

HRMS (ESI $^+$): Calcd for $\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{13}\text{BrNOS}$ [$\text{M}+\text{H}$] $^+$ 297.9896, found 297.9915.

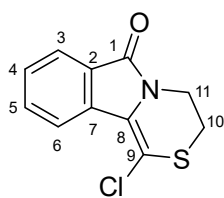
V. General procedure for the synthesis in domino process of chlorothiazine compounds 7aC, 7bC and 7cC.



To 100 mg (1 eq.) of *N,S*-acetal substrate **4a**, **4b** or **4c**, described by our group in previous work, was dissolved in dry DCM (15 mL) and 4.2 equivalents of ICl (2.0 M solution of acetic acid) was then added dropwise at room temperature and the reaction mixture was stirred for 3 hours. After completion of the reaction (TLC), an aqueous solution of sodium thiosulfate ($\text{Na}_2\text{S}_2\text{O}_3$ 0.2 M, 10 mL) was then added to quench the reaction. After three times extractions with DCM (3x10 mL), the organic layers were collected and dried on MgSO_4 . The solvent was evaporated under reduced pressure and a purification on flash chromatography (ethyl acetate/cyclohexane = 4/6) was performed to provide the expected brominated compounds **7aC** (102 mg), **7bC** (102 mg) and **7cC** (87 mg) in an isolated yield of 88%, 91% and 54%, respectively.

Important remark: Following the same protocol, but when 1 equivalent of *N*-iodosuccinimide (ICl) was used (see the following details in **Table 1**), only the Morin-rearrangement compound **5a** was isolated in 96% yield. No reaction was conducted with *N,S*-acetal substrate **4b** or **4c** using these reaction conditions.

1-Chloro-3,4-dihydro-6*H*-[1,4]thiazino[3,4-*a*]isoindol-6-one (7aC)



Yellow solid, $R_f = 0.45$, eluent (ethyl acetate / cyclohexane = 4/6), mp = 158–160 °C, 100 mg scale reaction (in 3 mL of dichloromethane), 102 mg was isolated, 88% yield.

IR (ν_{\max} / cm^{-1}): 1678, 1352, 1034, 751, 685.

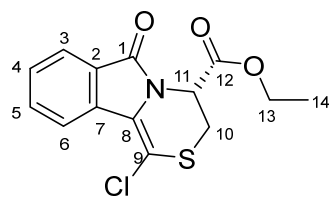
^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3): δ_{H} 8.24 (d, $J = 7.9$ Hz, 1H, H-6), 7.85 (d, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 1H, H-3), 7.59 (td, $J = 7.6, 1.3$ Hz, 1H, H-5), 7.47 (td, $J = 7.5, 0.9$ Hz, 1H, H-4), 4.18 – 4.13 (m, 2H, H-11), 3.26 – 3.20 (m, 2H, H-10).

^{13}C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl_3): δ_{C} 165.1 ($\text{C}_{\text{qC=O}}$, C-1), 133.9 (C_{q} , C-7), 132.4 (CH, C-5), 128.9 (CH, C-4), 128.4 (C_{q} , C-2), 128.3 (C_{q} , C-8), 123.6 (CH, C-6), 123.5 (CH, C-3), 110.8 (C_{q} , C-9), 39.2 (CH_2 , C-9), 29.0 (CH_2 , C-10).

HRMS (ESI $^+$): Calcd for $\text{C}_{11}\text{H}_9\text{ClNOS}$ [$\text{M}+\text{H}$] $^+$ 238.0088, found 238.0098.

Ethyl (*R*)-1-chloro-6-oxo-3,4-dihydro-6*H*-[1,4]thiazino[3,4-*a*]isoindole-4-carboxylate (**7bC**)

Yellow oil, $R_f = 0.64$, eluent (ethyl acetate / cyclohexane = 4/6), 100 mg scale reaction (in 3 mL of dichloromethane), 102 mg was isolated, 91% yield.



IR (ν_{\max} / cm^{-1}): 1747, 1693, 1199, 762, 692.

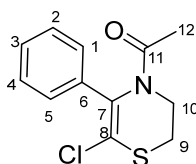
^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3): δ_{H} 8.24 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 1H, H-6), 7.86 (d, $J = 7.7$ Hz, 1H, H-3), 7.60 (td, $J = 7.9, 1.3$ Hz, 1H, H-5), 7.48 (td, $J = 7.5, 1.0$ Hz, 1H, H-4), 5.50 (t, $J = 3.3$ Hz, 1H, H-11), 4.22 (q, $J = 7.1$ Hz, 2H, H-13), 3.54 (dd, $J = 13.1, 3.0$ Hz, 1H, H-10), 3.45 (dd, $J = 13.2, 3.5$ Hz, 1H, H-10), 1.24 (t, $J = 7.1$ Hz, 3H, H-14).

^{13}C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl_3): δ_{C} 167.4 ($\text{C}_{\text{qC=O}}$, C-12), 165.1 ($\text{C}_{\text{qC=O}}$, C-1), 134.1 (C_{q} , C-7), 132.8 (CH , C-5), 129.0 (CH , C-4), 127.9 (C_{q} , C-2), 127.8 (C_{q} , C-8), 123.7 (x2 CH , C-3, C-6), 109.7 (C_{q} , C-9), 62.5 (CH_2 , C-13), 50.5 (CH , C-11), 30.7 (CH_2 , C-10), 14.2 (CH_3 , C-14).

HRMS (ESI⁺): Calcd for $\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{13}\text{ClNO}_3\text{S}$ [$\text{M}+\text{H}$]⁺ 310.0299, found 310.0316.

$[\alpha]_{\text{D}}^{25} = -160.8$ (c 0.260 g/100 mL, CH_2Cl_2).

1-(6-Chloro-5-phenyl-2,3-dihydro-4*H*-1,4-thiazin-4-yl)ethan-1-one (**7cC**)



Yellow solid, $R_f = 0.63$, eluent (ethyl acetate / cyclohexane = 4/6), mp = 151–153 °C, 70 mg scale reaction (in 2 mL of dichloromethane), 61 mg was isolated, 54% yield.

IR (ν_{\max} / cm^{-1}): 1659, 1371, 1218, 775, 705.

^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 7.50 – 7.28 (m, 5H, Har), 4.07 (t, $J = 5.6$ Hz, 2H, H-10), 3.51 – 3.18 (m, 2H, H-9), 1.63 (s, 3H, H-12).

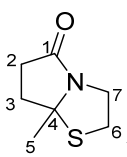
^{13}C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl_3): δ_{C} 171.2 ($\text{C}_{\text{qC=O}}$, C-11), 136.2 (C_{q} , C-6), 134.1 (C_{q} , C-7), 128.8 (x2 CH , C-2, C-4), 128.6 (CH , C-3), 128.5 (x2 CH , C-1, C-5), 121.8 (C_{q} , C-8), 41.6 (CH_2 , C-10), 33.5 (CH_2 , C-9), 24.2 (CH_3 , C-12).

HRMS (ESI⁺): Calcd for $\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{13}\text{ClNOS}$ [$\text{M}+\text{H}$]⁺ 254.0401, found 254.0398.

VI. General procedure for the synthesis of 3,4-dihydro-6*H*-pyrrolo[2,1-*c*][1,4]thiazin-6-one (**9**) and 8-bromo-3,4-dihydro-6*H*-pyrrolo[2,1-*c*][1,4]thiazin-6-one (**7dB**).

Step 1: 7*a*-Methyltetrahydropyrrolo[2,1-*b*]thiazol-5(6*H*)-one (**4d**)

To a stirred solution of Levulinic acid, or 4-oxopentanoic acid (2.32 g, 20 mmol) and PTSA (0.35 g, 2 mmol, 0.1 eq.) in toluene (50 mL), was added the aminothiols (1.18 g, 24 mmol, 1.2 eq.) and the mixture was heated at 110 °C for 16 h. After cooling at room temperature, the solvent was evaporated and purification on flash chromatography was performed to get the corresponding *N,S*-acetal **4d** in only 37% yield.



White solid, $R_f = 0.32$, eluent (ethyl acetate / cyclohexane = 3/7), mp = 42–44 °C, 2.32 g scale reaction (in 50 mL of toluene), 1.151 g was isolated, 37% yield.

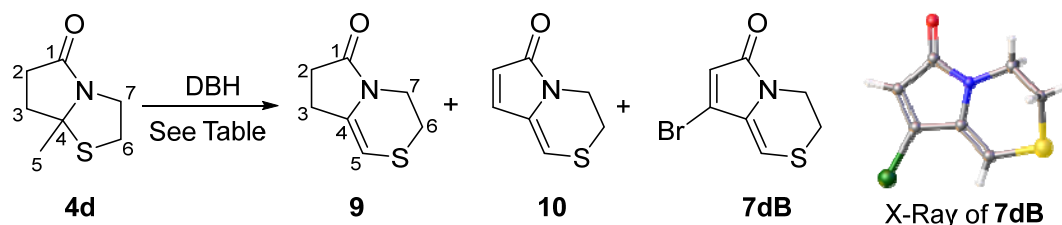
IR (ν_{\max} / cm^{-1}): 1695, 1349, 1174, 826.

^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3): δ_{H} 4.43 – 4.24 (m, 1H), 3.19 – 2.89 (m, 3H), 2.71 – 2.28 (m, 3H), 2.28 – 2.03 (m, 1H), 1.60 (s, 3H).

^{13}C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl_3): δ_{C} 177.1, 77.2, 43.2, 33.4, 32.7, 31.5, 31.3.

HRMS (ESI⁺): Calcd for $\text{C}_7\text{H}_{12}\text{NOS}$ $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$ 158.0634, found 158.0636.

Step 2: *N,S*-Acetal substrate **4d** (50 mg, 0.318 mmol) was dissolved in DCM, then DBH (see number of equivalents in the table below) was added and the reaction mixture was stirred during 30 min. After that, a saturated solution of NaHCO_3 (2 x 10 mL) was added and a three times extraction with DCM was done. After drying the combined organic layers on dry Mg_2SO_4 and evaporation of solvent under reduced pressure, the compounds **4d**, **9**, **19** or **7dB** were recovered after a flash chromatography depending on the number of equivalents of DBH used (for details, see the following Table).



Entry	DBH (number of equivalents)	Time	Products 4d/9/10/7dB (in %) ^a
1	0.55	30 min	10/26/00/00
2	0.70	30 min	00/39/18/00
3	1.10	30 min	00/04/72/12
4	1.40	30 min	00/00/21/41
5	1.60	30 min	00/00/24/56
6	2.00	30 min	Complex mixture

^a Estimated yield after flash chromatography.

7,8-Dihydro-3*H*-pyrrolo[2,1-*c*][1,4]thiazin-6(4*H*)-one (**9**): Morin product

White solid, $R_f = 0.18$, eluent (ethyl acetate / cyclohexane = 3/7), mp = 49–51 °C 100 mg scale reaction (in 3 mL of dioxane) for 3 h, 11 mg was isolated, 11% yield.

IR (ν_{max} / cm^{-1}): 1645, 1402, 1353, 867.

^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3): δ_{H} 5.02 (s, 1H, H-5), 3.96 – 3.84 (m, 2H, H-7), 2.91 – 2.83 (m, 2H, H-6), 2.77 – 2.69 (m, 2H, H-2), 2.52 – 2.44 (m, 2H, H-3).

^{13}C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl_3): δ_{C} 175.0 ($\text{C}_{\text{qC=O}}$, C-1), 134.7 (C_{q} , C-4), 89.2 (CH, C-5), 41.1 (CH_2 , C-7), 28.9 (CH_2 , C-3), 24.3 (CH_2 , C-2), 24.1 (CH_2 , C-6).

HRMS (ESI⁺): Calcd for $\text{C}_7\text{H}_{10}\text{NOS}$ $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$ 156.0478, found 156.0483.

3,4-Dihydro-6*H*-pyrrolo[2,1-*c*][1,4]thiazin-6-one (**10**): Oxidized Morin product

Colored patous product, $R_f = 0.32$ eluent (ethyl acetate / cyclohexane = 3/7). Only few amounts of this product were isolated pure after many separations by flash chromatography on silica gel column.

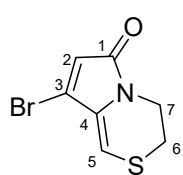
IR (ν_{max} / cm^{-1}): 1654, 1406, 1351, 868.

^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3): δ_{H} 6.83 (d, $J = 5.6$ Hz, 1H, H-2), 6.03 (s, 1H, H-5), 5.99 (d, $J = 5.7$ Hz, 1H, H-3), 3.95 – 3.84 (m, 2H, H-7), 3.08 – 2.97 (m, 2H, H-6).

^{13}C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl_3): δ_{C} 168.9 ($\text{C}_{\text{qC=O}}$, C-1), 134.7 (C_{q} , C-4), 133.1 (CH, C-3), 121.0 (CH, C-2), 108.8 (CH, C-5), 38.1 (CH_2 , C-7), 26.4 (CH_2 , C-6).

HRMS (ESI⁺): Calcd for C₇H₈NOS [M+H]⁺ 154.0321, found 154.0319.

8-Bromo-3,4-dihydro-6H-pyrrolo[2,1-c][1,4]thiazin-6-one (7dB)



Yellow solid, R_f = 0.56 eluent (ethyl acetate / cyclohexane = 3/7), mp = 127–129 °C (decomposition).

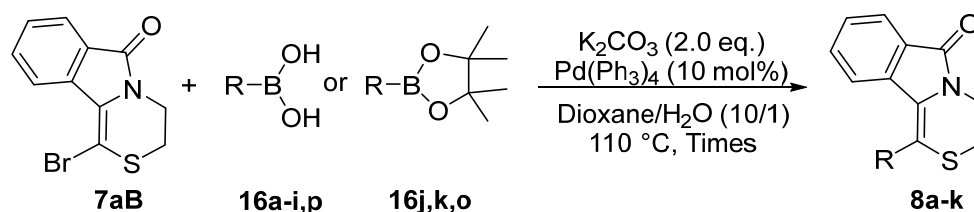
IR (ν_{max} / cm⁻¹): 1699, 1314, 1062, 786.

¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ_H 6.33 (s, 1H, H-5), 6.26 (s, 1H, H-2), 4.00 – 3.93 (m, 2H, H-7), 3.12 – 3.04 (m, 2H, H-8).

¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ_C 166.9 (C_qC=O, C-1), 133.6 (C_q, C-4), 126.0 (C_q, C-3), 122.0 (CH, C-2), 109.8 (CH, C-5), 38.4 (CH₂, C-7), 26.4 (CH₂, C-6).

HRMS (ESI⁺): Calcd for C₇H₇BrNOS [M+H]⁺ 231.9426, found 231.9425.

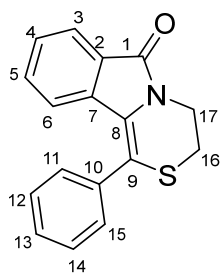
VII. General procedure for the synthesis of 3,4-dihydro-6H-pyrrolo[2,1-c][1,4]thiazin-6-ones (8a-n, q) by the Suzuki-Miyaura coupling of halogenated substrate 7aB and boronic acids or esters (16).



The reactions were carried out in sealed tubes. Thus, bromothiazine compound **7aB** (100 mg, 0.36 mmol) was dissolved in 4 mL of toluene or dioxane and 0.4 mL of water. To this solution, boronic acid or boronic acid ester (1.1 eq.), K₂CO₃ (98.4 mg, 2.0 eq.) and tetrakis-(triphenylphosphine)-palladium(0) (Pd(Ph₃)₄, 41.1 mg, 10 mol%) were added under stirring and argon atmosphere. The reaction mixture was stirred at 110 °C and the reaction was monitored by NMR ¹H. After completion of the reaction (7 up to 21 hours), direct purification of the crude by flash chromatography by using the mixture of ethyl acetate/ cyclohexane = 3/7 up to 4/6 was performed to furnish the expected arylated thiazines **8a-n** in yields ranging from 55% up to 99%. With 2-furanylboronic acid (**16i**), the product **8i** obtained partially decomposed during attempts of purification. When allylboronic acid pinacol ester (**16o**) or *n*-butylboronic acid (**16p**) were used, the reaction conditions have not allowed to furnish the coupling products **8o** and **8p** and only traces were detected even if the reaction time is extended up to 21 hours.

1-Phenyl-3H-[1,4]thiazino[3,4-a]isoindol-6(4H)-one (8a)

Yellow solid, R_f = 0.34, eluent (ethyl acetate / cyclohexane = 3/7), mp= 89–91 °C, 100 mg scale reaction (in 3 mL of dioxane) for 3 h, 77 mg was isolated, 78% yield.



IR (ν_{max} / cm⁻¹): 1690, 1196, 749.

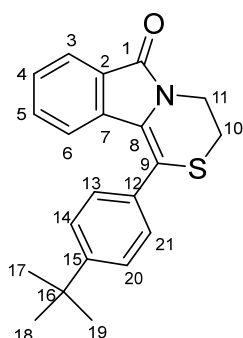
¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ_H 7.81 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H, H-3), 7.59 – 7.41 (m, 5H, Har), 7.30 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H, H-4), 7.18 (td, *J* = 7.9, 1.3 Hz, 1H, H-5), 6.59 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1H, H-6), 4.36 – 4.13 (m, 2H, H-17), 3.31 – 3.14 (m, 2H, H-18).

¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ_C 165.7 (C_qC=O, C-1), 136.3 (C_q, C-8), 134.6 (C_q, C-8), 131.4 (CH, C-5), 130.4 (x2 C-12, C-14), 129.5 (CH, Car), 129.0 (x2 C-11, C-15), 128.4 (C_q, Car), 127.8 (CH, C-4), 126.7 (CH, Car), 123.0 (CH, C-3), 121.9 (CH, C-6), 119.5 (C_q, C-9), 39.2 (CH₂, C-17), 27.7 (CH₂, C-16).

HRMS (ESI⁺): Calcd for C₁₇H₁₄NOS [M+H]⁺ 280.0791, found 280.0712.

The physicochemical characteristics of this product were identical to the one synthesized before by our group and reported in the following reference by direct *N,S*-acetal transposition: F. Danton, M. Othman, A. M. Lawson, J. Moncol, A. Ghinet, B. Rigo, A. Daïch, *Chem. Eur. J.* **2019**, *25*, 6113–6118.

1-(4-(*Tert*-butyl)phenyl)-3,4-dihydro-6*H*-[1,4]thiazino[3,4-*a*]isoindol-6-one (**8b**)



Yellow solid, $R_f = 0.63$, eluent (ethyl acetate / cyclohexane = 4/6), mp = 190–192 °C, 50 mg scale reaction, 43 mg was isolated, 72% yield.

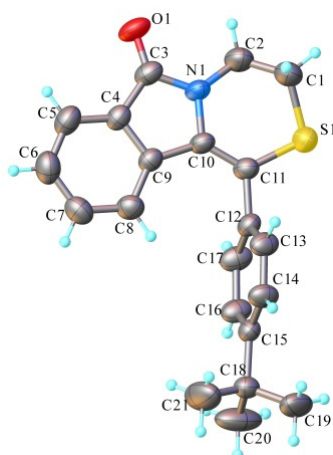
IR (ν_{\max} / cm^{-1}): 1679, 1355, 1296, 976, 760, 694.

^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3): δ_{H} 7.81 (d, $J = 7.5$ Hz, 1H, H-3), 7.53 – 7.39 (m, 4H, Har), 7.35 – 7.27 (td, $J = 7.6, 1.3$ Hz, 1H, H-4), 7.21 (td, $J = 7.6, 1.3$ Hz, 1H, H-5), 6.67 (d, $J = 7.8$ Hz, 1H, H-6), 4.38 – 4.16 (m, 2H, H-11), 3.33 – 3.14 (m, 2H, H-10), 1.39 (s, 9H, H-17, H-18, H-19).

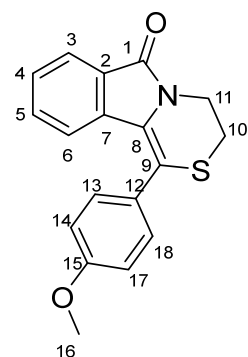
^{13}C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl_3): δ_{C} 165.7 (Cq $\text{C}=\text{O}$, C-1), 152.8 (Cq, C-12), 134.7 (Cq, C-7), 133.2 (Cq, C-15), 131.4 (CH, C-5), 130.0 (x2 CH, C-13, C-21), 128.4 (Cq, C-2), 127.7 (CH, C-4), 126.6 (Cq, C-8), 126.0 (x2 CH, C-14, C-20), 123.0 (CH, C-3), 122.0 (CH, C-6), 119.9 (Cq, C-9), 39.2 (CH₂, C-11), 35.0 (Cq, C-16), 31.5 (3x CH₃, C-17, C-18, C-19), 27.7 (CH₂, C-10).

HRMS (ESI⁺): Calcd for C₂₁H₂₂NOS [M+H]⁺ 336.1417, found 336.1432.

X-ray of compound **8b**: CCDC 2433572



1-(4-Methoxyphenyl)-3,4-dihydro-6*H*-[1,4]thiazino[3,4-*a*]isoindol-6-one (**8c**)



Yellow solid, $R_f = 0.43$, eluent (ethyl acetate / cyclohexane = 4/6), mp = 182–184 °C, 50 mg scale reaction, 39 mg was isolated, 70% yield.

IR (ν_{\max} / cm^{-1}): 1698, 1349, 1244, 974, 761, 692.

^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3): δ_{H} 7.81 (d, $J = 7.5$ Hz, 1H, H-3), 7.43 (d, $J = 8.7$ Hz, 2H, H-13, H-18), 7.31 (td, $J = 7.5, 1.0$ Hz, 1H, H-4), 7.21 (td, $J = 7.6, 1.3$ Hz, 1H, H-5), 6.98 (d, $J = 8.7$ Hz, 2H, H-14, H-17), 6.71 (d, $J = 7.7$ Hz, 1H, H-6), 4.29 – 4.19 (m, 2H, H-11), 3.88 (s, 3H, H-16), 3.25 – 3.17 (m, 1H, H-10).

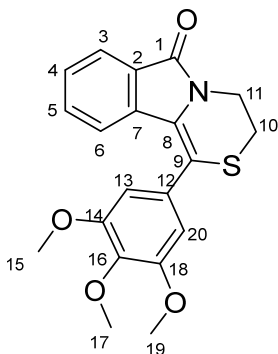
^{13}C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl_3): δ_{C} 165.7 (Cq $\text{C}=\text{O}$, C-1), 160.6 (Cq $\text{C}=\text{O}$, C-15), 134.6 (Cq, C-7), 131.7 (CH, C-5), 131.4 (x2 CH, C-13, C-18), 128.3 (Cq, C-12), 128.3 (Cq, C-2), 127.7 (CH, C-4), 126.5 (Cq, C-8), 123.0 (CH, C-3), 121.9 (CH, C-6), 119.7 (Cq, C-9), 114.4 (x2 CH, C-14, C-17), 55.5 (CH₃, C-16), 39.2 (CH₂, C-11), 27.7 (CH₂, C-10).

HRMS (ESI⁺): Calcd for C₁₈H₁₆NO₂S [M+H]⁺ 310.0896, found 310.0905.

1-(3,4,5-Trimethoxyphenyl)-3,4-dihydro-6*H*-[1,4]thiazino[3,4-*a*]isoindol-6-one (8d)

Yellow solid, $R_f = 0.30$, eluent (ethyl acetate / cyclohexane = 4/6), mp = 153–155 °C, 50 mg scale reaction, 59 mg was isolated, 78% yield.

IR (ν_{\max} / cm^{-1}): 1676, 1328, 1234, 947, 755, 692.

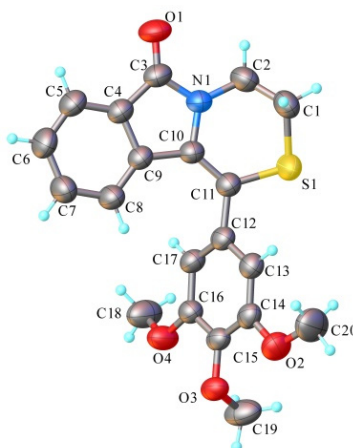


^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3): δ_{H} 7.82 (d, $J = 7.4$ Hz, 1H, H-3), 7.33 (td, $J = 7.4$, 1.1 Hz, 1H, H-4), 7.32 – 7.19 (m, 1H, H-5), 6.78 (d, $J = 7.8$ Hz, 1H, H-6), 6.74 (s, 2H, H-13, H-20), 4.27 – 4.22 (m, 2H, H-11), 3.94 (s, 3H, H-17), 3.84 (s, 6H, H-15, H-19), 3.25 – 3.20 (m, 2H, H-10).

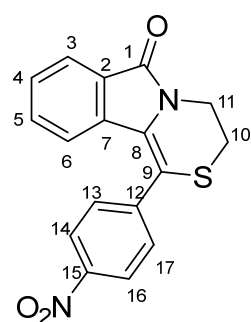
^{13}C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl_3): δ_{C} 165.7 ($\text{C}_{\text{qC=O}}$, C-1), 153.7 (C_{q} , C-15), 139.0 (C_{q} , C-14, C-18), 134.5 (C_{q} , C-7), 131.6 (C_{q} , C-12), 131.5 (CH, C-5), 128.4 (C_{q} , C-2), 128.0 (CH, C-4), 126.7 (C_{q} , C-8), 123.1 (CH, C-3), 122.2 (CH, C-6), 119.4 (C_{q} , C-9), 107.3 (2x CH, C-13, C-20), 61.2 (CH_3 , C-17), 56.4 (2x CH_3 , C-15, C-19), 39.2 (CH_2 , C-9), 27.7 (CH_2 , C-10).

HRMS (ESI⁺): Calcd for $\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{20}\text{NO}_4\text{S}$ [$\text{M}+\text{H}$]⁺ 370.1108, found 370.1116.

X-ray of compound **8d**: CCDC 2433573



1-(4-Nitrophenyl)-3,4-dihydro-6*H*-[1,4]thiazino[3,4-*a*]isoindol-6-one (8e)



Red solid, $R_f = 0.45$, eluent (ethyl acetate / cyclohexane = 4/6), mp = 262–264 °C, 50 mg scale reaction (in 60 mL of toluene), 45 mg was isolated, 78% yield.

IR (ν_{\max} / cm^{-1}): 1688, 1338, 1259, 971, 763, 691.

^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3): δ_{H} 8.34 (d, $J = 8.8$ Hz, 2H, H-14, H-16), 7.84 (d, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 1H, H-3), 7.74 (d, $J = 8.7$ Hz, 2H, H-13, H-17), 7.38 (t, $J = 7.4$ Hz, 1H, H-4), 7.27 – 7.21 (m, 1H, H-5), 6.63 (d, $J = 7.9$ Hz, 1H, H-6), 4.35 – 4.22 (m, 2H, H-11), 3.34 – 3.22 (m, 2H, H-10).

^{13}C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl_3): δ_{C} 165.7 ($\text{C}_{\text{qC=O}}$, C-1), 148.4 (C_{q} , C-15), 143.3 (C_{q} , C-12), 134.1 (C_{q} , C-7), 131.8 (2x CH, C-13, C-17), 131.7 (CH, C-5), 128.7 (C_{q} , C-8), 128.5 (CH, C-4), 127.9 (C_{q} , C-2), 124.3 (2x CH, C-14, C-16), 123.5 (CH, C-3), 121.7 (CH, C-6), 116.3, 100.1 (C_{q} , C-9), 39.3 (CH_2 , C-11), 27.6 (CH_2 , C-10).

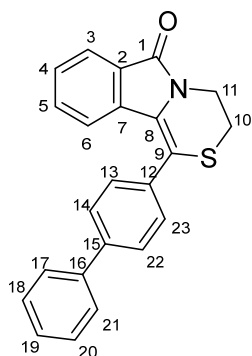
HRMS (ESI⁺): Calcd for $\text{C}_{17}\text{H}_{13}\text{N}_2\text{O}_3\text{S}$ [$\text{M}+\text{H}$]⁺ 325.0641, found 325.0651.

1-([1,1'-Biphenyl]-4-yl)-3,4-dihydro-6H-[1,4]thiazino[3,4-a]isoindol-6-one (8f)

Yellow solid, $R_f = 0.64$, eluent (ethyl acetate / cyclohexane = 4/6), mp = 228–230 °C, 50 mg scale reaction, 59 mg was isolated, 93% yield.

IR (ν_{\max} / cm^{-1}): 1691, 1357, 1240, 974, 760, 693.

^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3): δ_{H} 7.84 (d, $J = 7.5$ Hz, 1H, H-3), 7.71 (t, $J = 7.8$ Hz, 4H, H-13, H-14, H-22, H-23), 7.61 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 2H, H-17, H-21), 7.50 (t, $J = 7.5$ Hz, 2H, H-18, H-20), 7.40 (t, $J = 7.3$ Hz, 1H, H-19), 7.33 (t, $J = 7.4$ Hz, 1H, H-4), 7.22 (t, $J = 7.5$ Hz, 1H, H-5), 6.79 (d, $J = 7.9$ Hz, 1H, H-6), 4.36 – 4.20 (m, 2H, H-11), 3.34 – 3.19 (m, 2H, H-10).



^{13}C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl_3): δ_{C} 165.7 (Cq $\text{C}=\text{O}$, C-1), 142.2 (Cq, C-15), 140.2 (Cq, C-16), 135.2 (Cq, C-12), 134.6 (Cq, C-8), 131.5 (CH, C-5), 130.9 (x2 CH, C-18, C-20), 129.1 (x2 CH, C-13, C-23), 128.4 (Cq, C-7), 127.9 (Cq, C-2), 127.9 (CH, C-4), 127.6 (x2 CH, C-17, C-21), 127.2 (x2 CH, C-14, C-22), 126.8 (Cq, C-8), 123.1 (CH, C-3), 122.0 (CH, C-6), 119.3 (Cq, C-10), 39.2 (CH_2 , C-11), 27.7 (CH_2 , C-10).

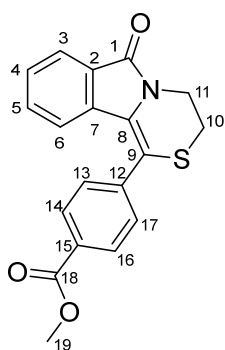
HRMS (ESI⁺): Calcd for $\text{C}_{23}\text{H}_{18}\text{NOS}$ $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$ 356.1104, found 356.1118.

X-ray of compound **8f**: CCDC 2433574



Methyl 4-(6-oxo-3,4-dihydro-6H-[1,4]thiazino[3,4-a]isoindol-1-yl)benzoate (8g)

Yellow solid, $R_f = 0.43$, eluent (ethyl acetate / cyclohexane = 4/6), mp = 200–202 °C, 50 mg scale reaction, 44 mg was isolated, 74% yield.



IR (ν_{\max} / cm^{-1}): 1686, 1357, 1219, 760, 691.

^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3): δ_{H} 8.14 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 2H, H-14, H-15), 7.82 (d, $J = 7.5$ Hz, 1H, H-3), 7.62 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 2H, H-13, H-19), 7.33 (td, $J = 7.4, 0.9$ Hz, 1H, H-4), 7.20 (td, $J = 7.7, 1.2$ Hz, 1H, H-5), 6.61 (d, $J = 7.9$ Hz, 1H, H-6), 4.35 – 4.17 (m, 2H, H-11), 3.97 (s, 3H, H-17), 3.31 – 3.16 (m, 2H).

^{13}C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl_3): δ_{C} 166.7 (Cq $\text{C}=\text{O}$, C-18), 165.8 (Cq $\text{C}=\text{O}$, C-1), 141.1 (Cq, C-15), 134.3 (Cq, C-12), 131.6 (Cq, C-7), 131.0 (CH, C-5), 130.6 (2xCH, C-13, C-17), 130.3 (2xCH, C-14, C-16), 128.4 (Cq, C-8), 128.3 (CH, C-4), 127.2 (Cq,

C-2), 123.2 (CH, C-3), 121.9 (CH, C-6), 118.0 (Cq, C-9), 52.5 (CH₃, C-19), 39.3 (CH₂, C-11), 27.6 (CH₂, C-10).

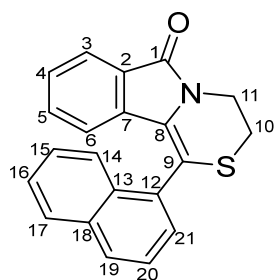
HRMS (ESI⁺): Calcd for C₁₉H₁₅NO₃S [M+H]⁺ 338.0845, found 338.0852.

1-(Naphthalen-1-yl)-3,4-dihydro-6H-[1,4]thiazino[3,4-a]isoindol-6-one (8h)

Yellow solid, R_f = 0.39, eluent (ethyl acetate / cyclohexane = 3/7), mp = 175–177 °C, 50 mg scale reaction, 55 mg was isolated, 94% yield.

IR (ν_{max} / cm⁻¹): 1694, 1355, 1238, 966, 763, 691.

¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ_H 8.04 – 7.90 (m, 3H, H-14, H-17, H-19), 7.80 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H, H-3), 7.62 – 7.55 (m, 2H, Har), 7.55 – 7.49 (m, 1H, Har), 7.49 – 7.42 (m, 1H, Har), 7.26 – 7.19 (m, 1H, H-4), 7.03 – 6.93 (m, 1H, H-5), 5.93 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1H, H-6), 4.45 (ddd, *J* = 13.4, 6.3, 3.7 Hz, 1H, H-11), 4.29 (ddd, *J* = 13.4, 7.3, 3.8 Hz, 1H, H-11), 3.47 – 3.26 (m, 2H, H-10).

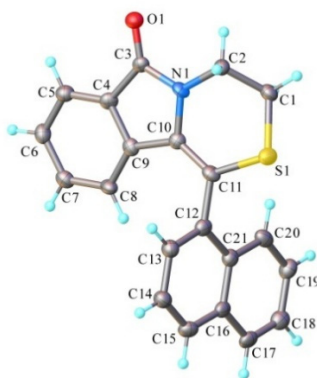


¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ_C 166.0 (C_qC=O, C-1), 134.4 (C_q, C-7), 134.0 (C_q, Car), 133.5 (C_q, Car), 131.9 (C_q, Car), 131.7 (CH, C-5), 129.9 (CH, Car), 128.7 (CH, Car), 128.6 (CH, Car), 128.4 (C_q, C-8), 128.3 (C_q, C-2), 127.9 (CH, C-4), 127.1 (CH, Car), 126.7 (CH, Car), 125.9 (CH, Car), 125.2 (CH, Car), 123.0 (CH, C-3), 122.1 (CH, C-6), 116.3 (C_q, C-9), 39.4 (CH₂, C-9), 27.8 (CH₂,

C-10).

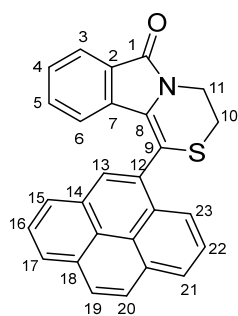
HRMS (ESI⁺): Calcd for C₂₁H₁₆NOS [M+H]⁺ 330.0947, found 330.096.

X-ray of compound **8h**: CCDC 2433575



1-(Pyren-4-yl)-3,4-dihydro-6H-[1,4]thiazino[3,4-a]isoindol-6-one (8i)

Yellow solid, R_f = 0.62, eluent (ethyl acetate / cyclohexane = 4/6), mp = 279–281 °C, 50 mg scale reaction, 56 mg was isolated, 79% yield.



IR (ν_{max} / cm⁻¹): 1678, 1355, 1244, 980, 727, 695.

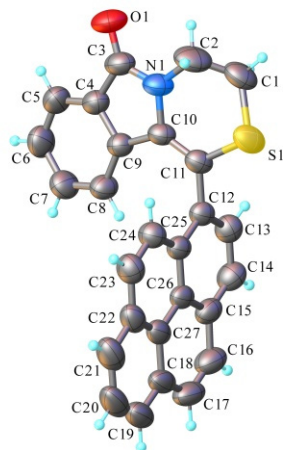
¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ_H 8.33 – 8.17 (m, 3H, Har), 8.22 – 8.09 (m, 3H, Har), 8.13 – 7.98 (m, 3H, Har), 7.81 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H, H-3), 7.19 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H, H-4), 6.81 (t, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 1H, H-5), 5.71 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H, H-6), 4.44 (t, *J* = 5.2 Hz, 2H, H-11), 3.43 (q, *J* = 4.6 Hz, 2H, H-10).

¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ_C 166.0 (C_qC=O, C-1), 134.4 (C_q, C-7), 132.2 (C_q, Car), 131.7 (CH, C-5), 131.3 (C_q, Car), 131.1 (C_q, Car), 130.4 (C_q, Car), 130.0 (C_q, Car), 128.8 (C_q, C-8), 128.6 (x2 C_q, Car; CH, Car), 128.4 (CH, Car), 128.4

(Cq, C-2), 127.9 (CH, C-4), 127.4 (CH, Car), 126.5 (CH, Car), 125.8 (CH, Car), 125.8 (CH, Car), 125.3 (Cq, Car), 125.1 (Cq, Car), 124.8 (Cq, Car), 124.4 (CH, Car), 123.0 (CH, C-3), 121.9 (CH, C-6), 116.9 (Cq, C-10), 39.4 (CH₂, C-9), 28.0 (CH₂, C-10).

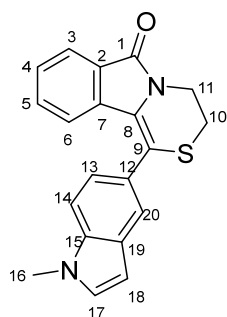
HRMS (ESI⁺): Calcd for C₂₇H₁₈NOS [M+H]⁺ 404.1104, found 404.1119.

X-ray of compound **8i**: CCDC 2433576



1-(1-Methyl-1H-indol-5-yl)-3,4-dihydro-6H-[1,4]thiazino[3,4-a]isoindol-6-one (**8k**)

Yellow solid, R_f = 0.27, eluent (ethyl acetate / cyclohexane = 3/7), mp = 238–240 °C, 50 mg scale reaction, 45 mg was isolated, 55% yield.



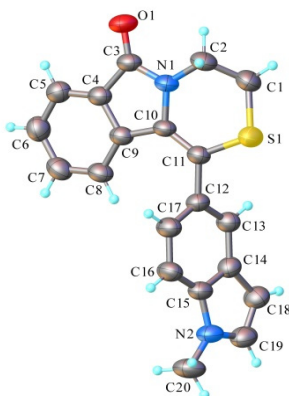
IR (ν_{max} / cm⁻¹): 1671, 1353, 1241, 980, 763, 693.

¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ_H 7.85 – 7.78 (m, 2H, H-3, H-20), 7.41 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 1H, H-14), 7.35 (dd, *J* = 8.5, 1.6 Hz, 1H, H-13), 7.34 – 7.24 (m, 1H, H-4), 7.17 – 7.07 (m, 2H, H-5, H-17), 6.61 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1H, H-6), 6.54 (d, *J* = 3.0 Hz, 1H, H-18), 4.29 (q, *J* = 4.8 Hz, 2H), 3.87 (s, 3H), 3.26 (t, *J* = 5.2 Hz, 2H).

¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ_C 165.7 (Cq_{C=O}, C-1), 137.2 (Cq, C-15), 134.9 (Cq, C-7), 131.3 (CH, C-5), 130.1 (CH, C-17), 128.8 (Cq, C-15), 128.3 (Cq, C-2), 127.5 (CH, C-4), 127.0 (Cq, C-12), 126.4 (Cq, C-8), 123.8 (CH, C-13), 123.1 (CH, C-20), 122.9 (CH, C-3), 122.1 (CH, C-6), 121.7, 109.8 (CH, C-14), 101.8 (CH, C-18), 39.3 (CH₂, C-11), 33.2 (CH₃, C-16), 28.0 (CH₂, C-10).

HRMS (ESI⁺): Calcd for C₂₀H₁₇N₂OS [M+H]⁺ 333.1056, found 333.1072.

X-ray of compound **8k**: CCDC 2433577

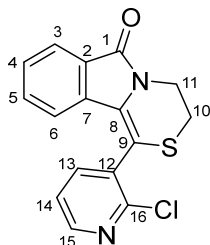


1-(6-Chloropyridin-2-yl)-3,4-dihydro-6H-[1,4]thiazino[3,4-a]isoindol-6-one (8l)

Yellow solid, $R_f = 0.54$, eluent (ethyl acetate / cyclohexane = 4/6), mp = 185–187 °C, 50 mg scale reaction, 30 mg was isolated, 54% yield.

IR (ν_{\max} / cm^{-1}): 1685, 1355, 1237, 973, 767, 696.

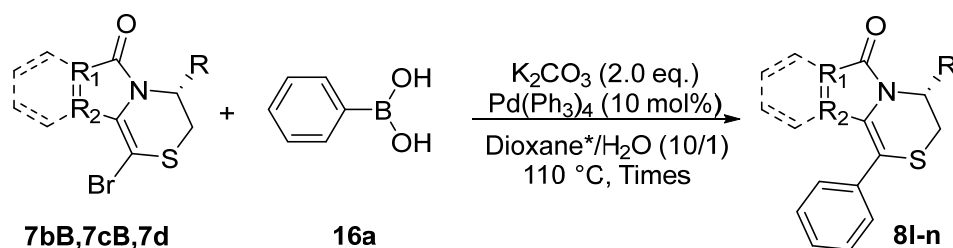
^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3): δ_{H} 8.56 (dd, $J = 4.8, 2.0$ Hz, 1H, H-15), 7.87 – 7.77 (m, 2H, H-3, H-16), 7.43 – 7.33 (m, 2H, H-4, H-14), 7.28 – 7.20 (m, 1H, H-5), 6.28 (d, $J = 7.8$ Hz, 1H, H-6), 4.36 (ddd, $J = 13.5, 6.1, 3.7$ Hz, 1H, H-11), 4.19 (ddd, $J = 13.4, 7.1, 4.0$ Hz, 1H, H-11), 3.37 – 3.20 (m, 2H, H-10).



^{13}C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl_3): δ_{C} 165.9 ($\text{C}_{\text{qC=O}}$, C-1), 151.8 (Cq, C-12), 150.5 (CH, C-15), 141.2 (CH, C-13), 134.1 (Cq, C-7), 132.1 (CH, C-5), 131.8 (Cq, C-16), 129.0 (Cq, C-8), 128.6 (CH, C-4), 128.4 (Cq, C-2), 123.4 (CH, C-3), 123.0 (CH, C-14), 121.3 (CH, C-6), 112.4 (Cq, C-9), 39.4 (CH_2 , C-11), 27.5 (CH_2 , C-10).

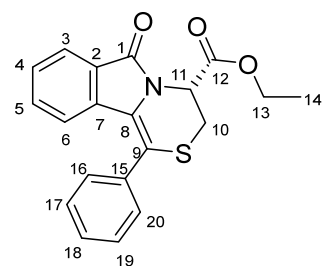
HRMS (ESI⁺): Calcd for $\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{12}\text{ClN}_2\text{OS}$ $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$ 315.0353, found 315.0365.

VIII. General procedure for the synthesis of 3,4-dihydro-6H-pyrrolo[2,1-c][1,4]thiazin-6-ones (8l-n) by the Suzuki-Miyaura coupling of halogenated substrate 7bB, 7cB or 7dB and phenylboronic acid (16a).



The experimental procedure used herein with 7bB, 7cB and 7dB as starting materials is same as the one described before starting from the bromothiazine compound 7aB.

Ethyl (R)-6-oxo-1-phenyl-3,4-dihydro-6H-[1,4]thiazino[3,4-a]isoindole-4-carboxylate (8m)



Yellow solid, $R_f = 0.61$, eluent (ethyl acetate / cyclohexane = 4/6), mp = 181–183 °C, 50 mg scale reaction in toluene, 30 mg was isolated, 60% yield.

*This reaction was performed in toluene instead of dioxane.

IR (ν_{\max} / cm^{-1}): 1740, 1701, 1206, 1018, 748, 698.

^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3): δ_{H} 7.84 (d, $J = 7.5$ Hz, 1H, H-3), 7.45 (dt, $J = 15.7, 7.9$ Hz, 5H, Har), 7.33 (t, $J = 7.4$ Hz, 1H, H-4), 7.25 – 7.18 (m, 1H, H-5), 6.62 (d, $J = 7.9$ Hz, 1H, H-6), 5.62 (t, $J = 3.3$ Hz, 1H, H-11), 4.42 – 4.13 (m, 2H, H-13), 3.59 (dd, $J = 13.0, 3.1$ Hz, 1H, H-10), 3.44 (dd, $J = 13.0, 3.6$ Hz, 1H, H-10), 1.27 (t, $J = 7.1$ Hz, 3H, H-14).

^{13}C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl_3): δ_{C} 167.9 ($\text{C}_{\text{qC=O}}$, C-12), 165.9 ($\text{C}_{\text{qC=O}}$, C-1), 135.9 (Cq, C-15), 134.9 (Cq, C-7), 131.8 (CH, C-5), 130.6 (CH, Car), 130.1 (CH, Car), 129.6 (CH, Car), 129.3 (CH, Car), 128.8 (CH, Car), 128.0 (CH, C-4), 128.0 (Cq, Car), 126.2 (Cq, C-8), 123.4 (CH, C-3), 122.1 (CH, C-6), 118.7 (Cq, C-9), 62.3 (CH_2 , C-13), 50.6 (CH, C-11), 29.6 (CH_2 , C-10), 14.3 (CH_3 , C-14).

HRMS (ESI⁺): Calcd for $\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{18}\text{NO}_3\text{S}$ $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$ 352.1002, found 352.1016.

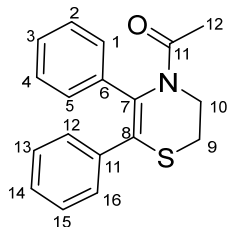
$[\alpha]_{\text{D}}^{25} = -64.2$ (c 0.105 g/100 mL, CH_2Cl_2).

1-(5,6-Diphenyl-2,3-dihydro-4*H*-1,4-thiazin-4-yl)ethan-1-one (**8n**)

Orange solid, $R_f = 0.72$, eluent (ethyl acetate / cyclohexane = 4/6), mp = 124–126 °C, 50 mg scale reaction, 46 mg was isolated, 93% yield.

IR (ν_{\max} / cm^{-1}): 1663, 1371, 691.

$^1\text{H NMR}$ (300 MHz, CDCl_3): δ_{H} 7.24 – 7.18 (m, 3H, Har), 7.14 – 7.07 (m, 5H, Har), 7.02 – 6.97 (m, 2H, Har), 4.12 (t, $J = 5.5$ Hz, 2H, H-10), 3.33 – 3.23 (m, 2H, H-11), 1.64 (s, 3H, H-12).

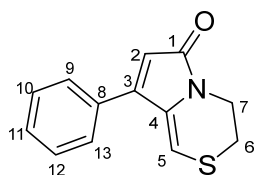


$^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (75 MHz, CDCl_3): δ_{C} 171.6 ($\text{C}_{\text{qC=O}}$, C-1), 138.4 (Cq, Car), 137.9 (Cq, Car), 132.9 (Cq, C-7), 129.7 (x2 CH, Car), 129.0 (x2 CH, Car), 128.4 (x2 CH, Car), 128.2 (x2 CH, Car), 127.9 (CH, Car), 127.3 (CH, Car), 127.0 (Cq, C-8), 40.8 (CH_2 , C-10), 31.6 (CH_2 , C-9), 24.6 (CH_3 , C-12).

HRMS (ESI^+): Calcd for $\text{C}_{18}\text{H}_{18}\text{NOS}$ [$\text{M}+\text{H}$] $^+$ 296.1104, found 296.1115.

8-Phenyl-3,4-dihydro-6*H*-pyrrolo[2,1-*c*][1,4]thiazin-6-one (**8o**)

Light brown solid, $R_f = 0.44$, eluent (ethyl acetate / cyclohexane = 4/6), mp = 103–105 °C, 50 mg scale reaction, 49 mg was isolated, 99% yield.



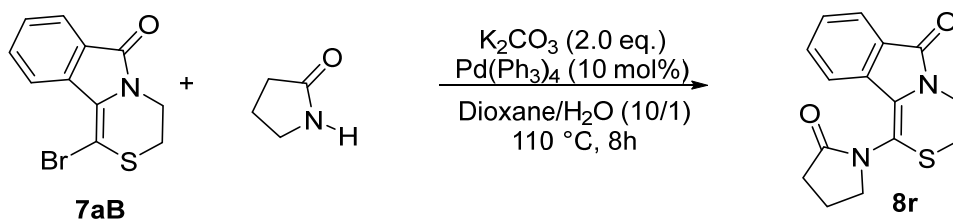
IR (ν_{\max} / cm^{-1}): 1665, 1353, 1095, 765, 697.

$^1\text{H NMR}$ (300 MHz, CDCl_3): δ_{H} 7.47 – 7.36 (m, 5H, Har), 6.20 (s, 1H, H-5), 6.12 (s, 1H, H-2), 4.10 – 4.00 (m, 2H, H-7), 3.19 – 3.07 (m, 2H, H-6).

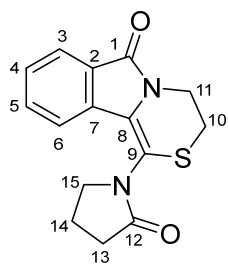
$^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (75 MHz, CDCl_3): δ_{C} 168.3 ($\text{C}_{\text{qC=O}}$, C-1), 147.2 (Cq, C-8), 134.0 (Cq, C-3), 131.9 (Cq, C-4), 129.5 (CH, C-11), 129.0 (x2 CH, C-10, C-12), 128.5 (x2 CH, C-9, C-13), 117.6 (CH, C-2), 109.3 (CH, C-5), 38.5 (CH_2 , C-7), 26.2 (CH_2 , C-6).

HRMS (ESI^+): Calcd for $\text{C}_{13}\text{H}_{12}\text{NOS}$ [$\text{M}+\text{H}$] $^+$ 230.0634, found 230.0640.

IX. Typical procedure for the synthesis of 1-(2-Oxo-pyrrolidin-1-yl)-3,4-dihydro-6*H*-[1,4]thiazino [3,4-*a*]isoindol-6-one (**8r**).



To a solution of 50 mg (0.177 mmol) of 1-bromo-3,4-dihydro-6*H*-[1,4]thiazino[3,4-*a*]isoindol-6-one (**7aB**) dissolved in 4 mL of toluene was added under stirring 0.4 mL of water. To this solution, pyrrolidin-2-one (16.59 mg, 1.1 eq.), K_2CO_3 (48.92 mg, 2.0 eq.) and tetrakis(triphenylphosphine)-palladium(0) ($\text{Pd}(\text{Ph}_3)_4$, 20.45 mg, 10 mol%) were added under stirring and argon atmosphere. The reaction mixture was stirred at 110 °C and the reaction was monitored by NMR ^1H . After completion of the reaction (8 hours), direct purification of the crude by flash chromatography to furnish the expected product, 1-(2-oxopyrrolidin-1-yl)-3,4-dihydro-6*H*-[1,4]thiazino[3,4-*a*]isoindol-6-one (**8r**), whose structure has been proven by X-ray analysis.



Orange solid, $R_f = 0.51$, eluent (ethyl acetate / cyclohexane = 4/6), mp = 258–260 °C (decomposition), 50 mg scale reaction, 34 mg was isolated, 67% yield.

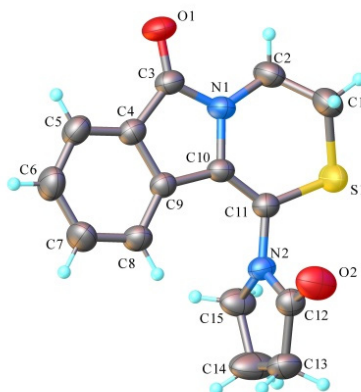
IR (ν_{\max} / cm^{-1}): 2952, 2895, 1682, 1631, 1470, 1398, 1287, 1180, 1096, 691.

¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ_H 7.84 (dt, *J* = 7.6 Hz and *J* = 3.2 Hz, 1H, H-3), 7.54 (td, *J* = 8.0 Hz and *J* = 3 Hz, 1H, H-6), 7.44 (dt, *J* = 7.6 Hz and *J* = 3.2 Hz, 1H, H-4), 7.42 (td, *J* = 8.0 Hz and *J* = 3.2 Hz, 1H, H-5), 4.31 – 4.39 (m, 1H, H-11), 4.02 – 3.93 (m, 1H, H-11), 3.91 – 3.92 (m, 1H, H-10), 3.62 – 3.69 (m, 1H, H-10), 3.15 – 3.30 (m, 2H, H-15), 2.53 – 2.59 (m, 2H, H-13), 2.23 – 2.36 (m, 2H, H-14).

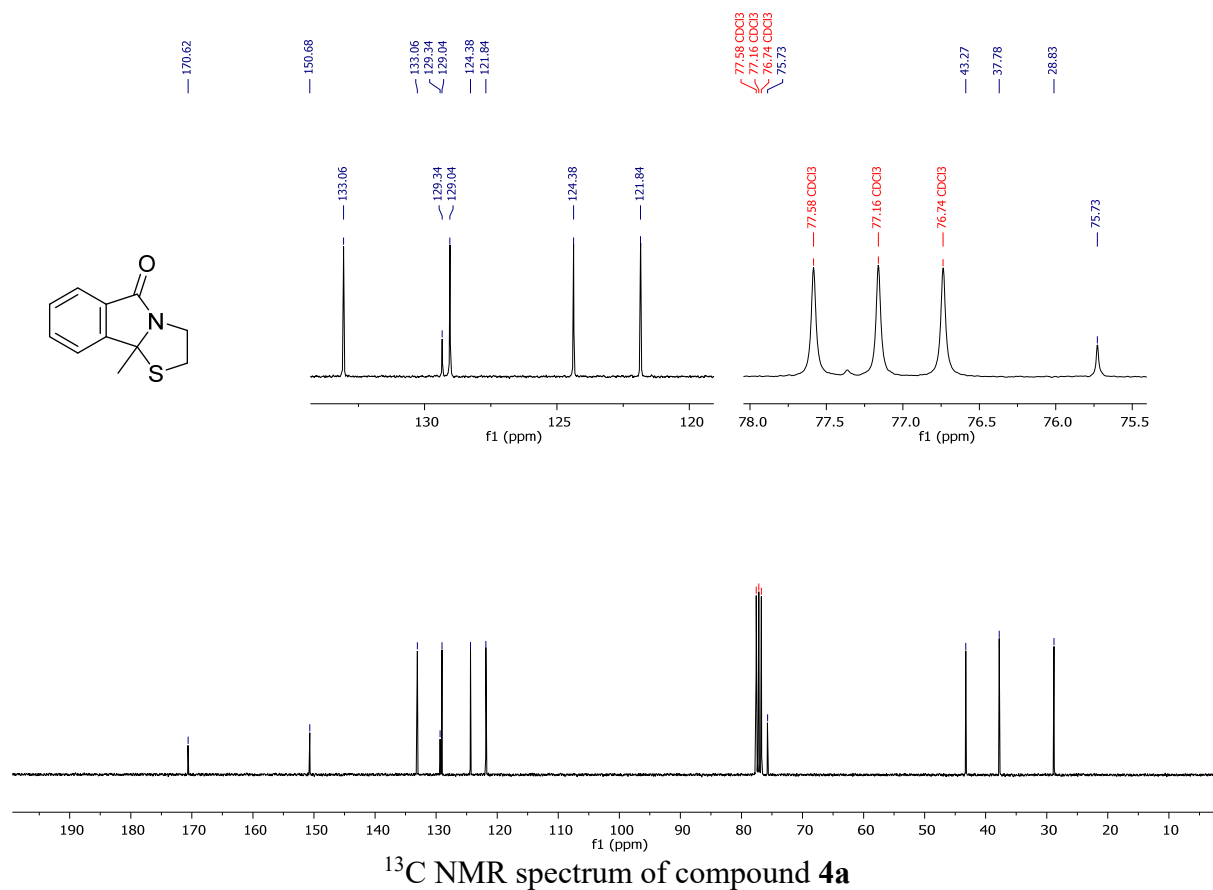
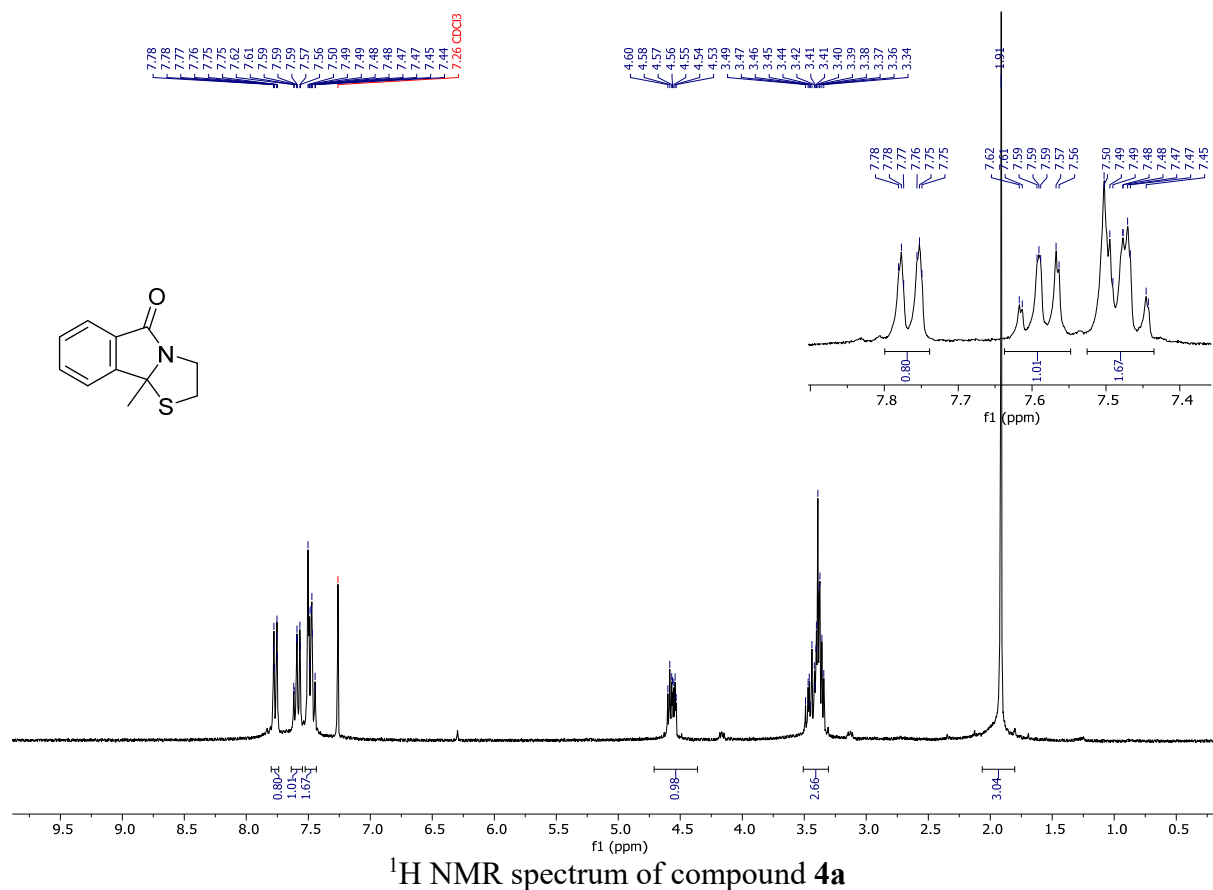
¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ_C 175.3 (C_qC=O, C-12), 165.4 (C_qC=O, C-1), 133.1 (C_q, C-7), 132.6 (C_q, C-5), 129.5 (C_q, C-2), 128.8 (CH, C-3), 128.4 (CH, C-9), 123.5 (CH, C-4), 121.6 (CH, C-6), 114.8 (CH, C-8), 48.9 (CH₂, C-15), 39.2 (CH₂, C-11), 31.2 (CH₂, C-13), 27.3 (CH₂, C-10), 18.9 (CH₂, C-14).

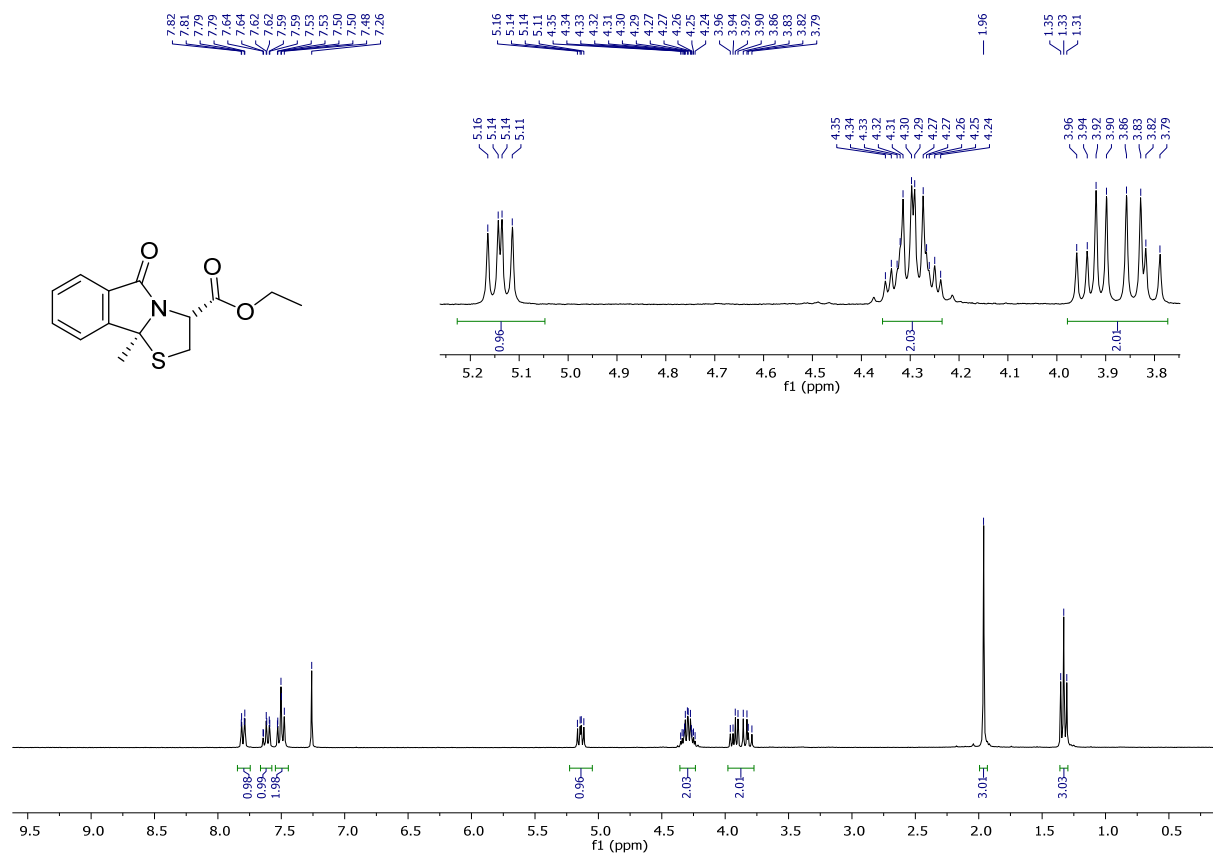
HRMS (ESI⁺): Calcd for C₁₅H₁₄N₂O₂S [M+H]⁺ 287.0849, found 288.0882.

X-ray of compound **8r**: CCDC 2433578

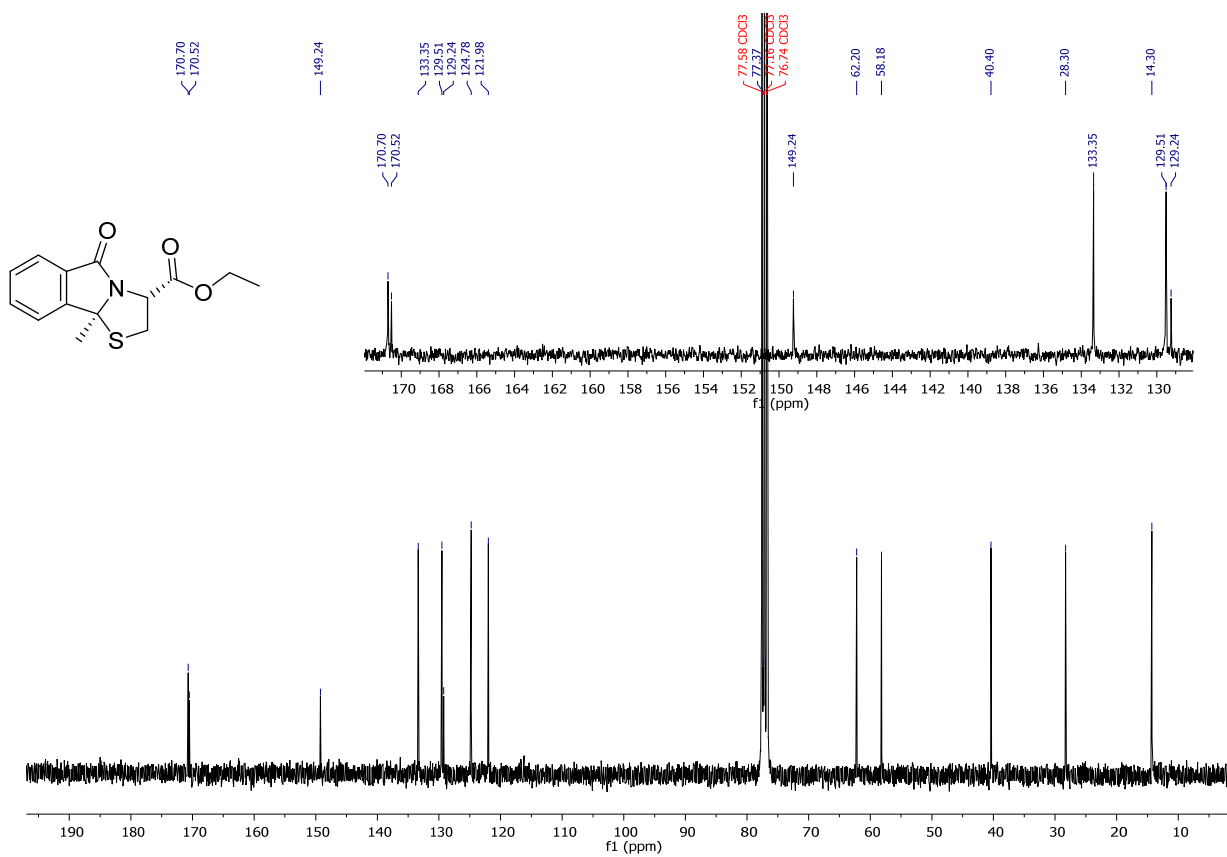


X. Copies of NMR spectra

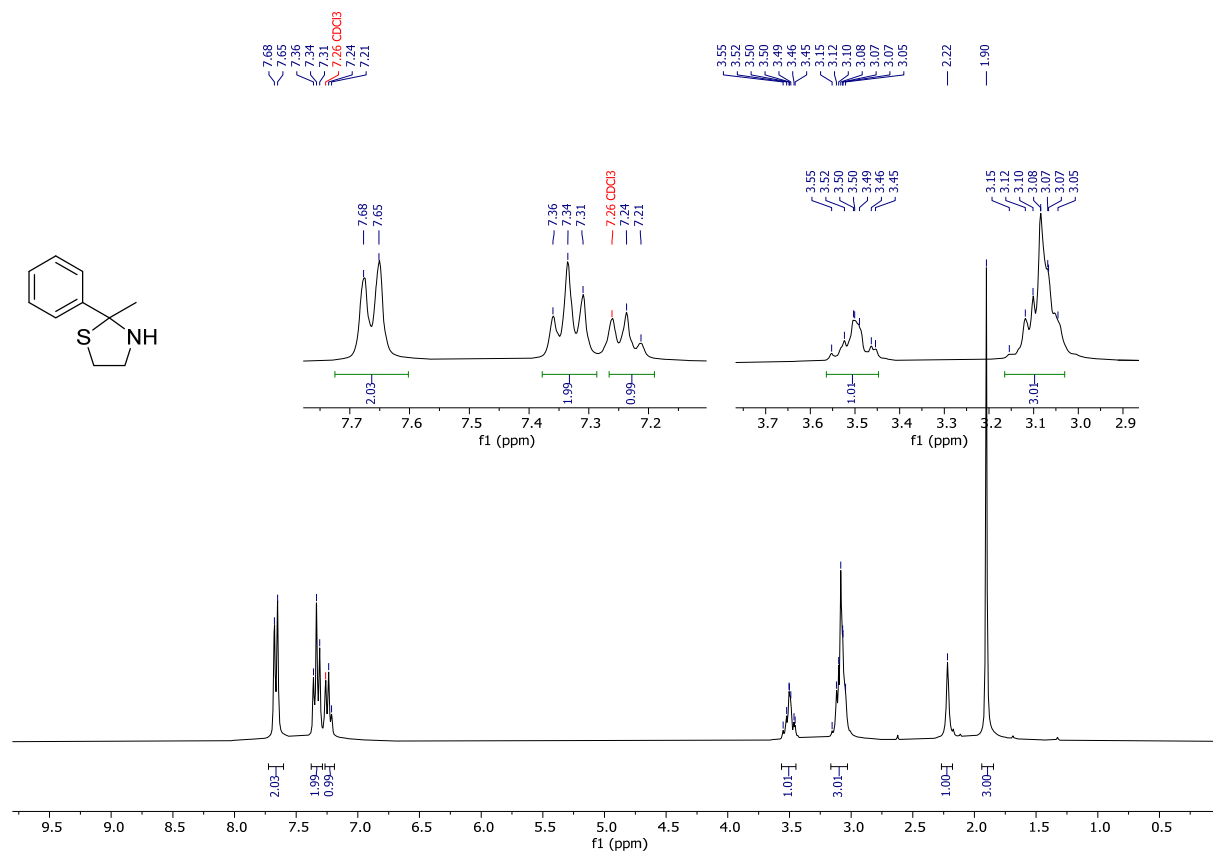




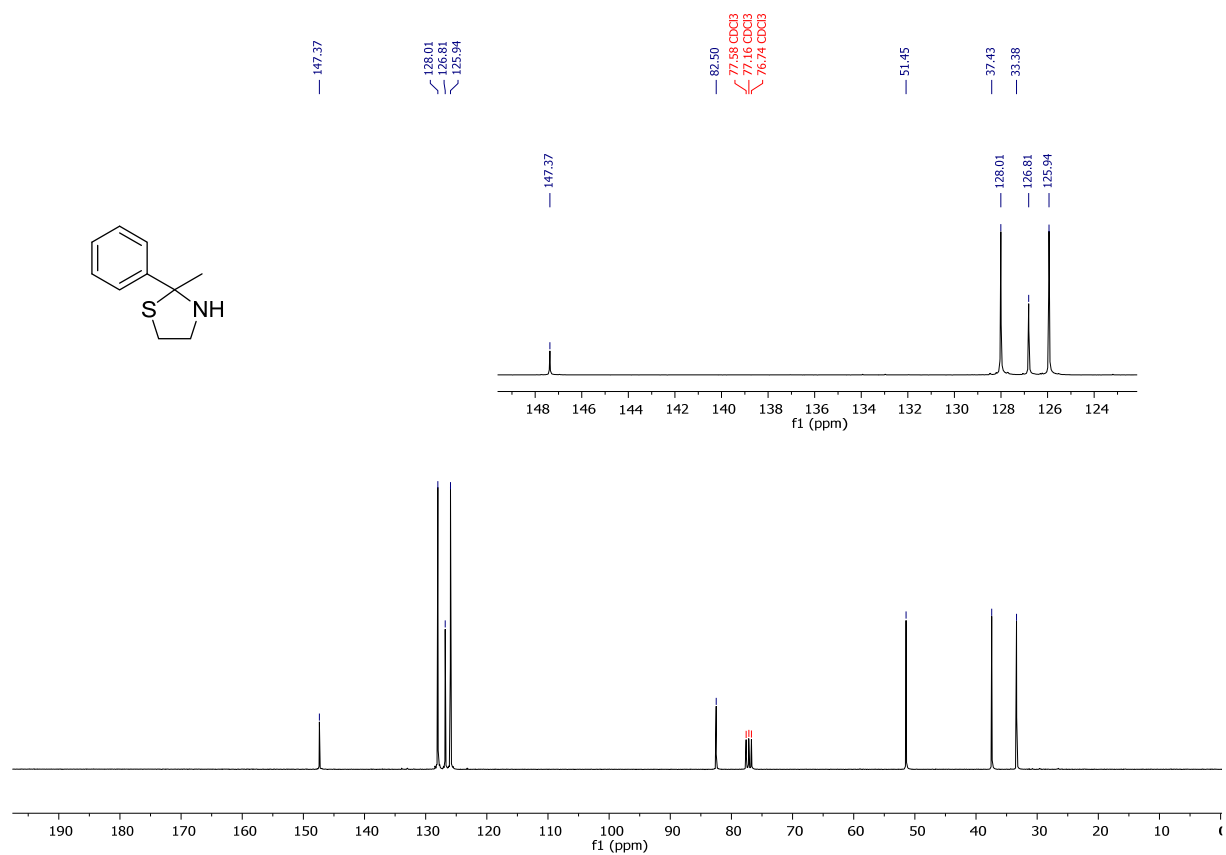
¹H NMR spectrum of compound 4b



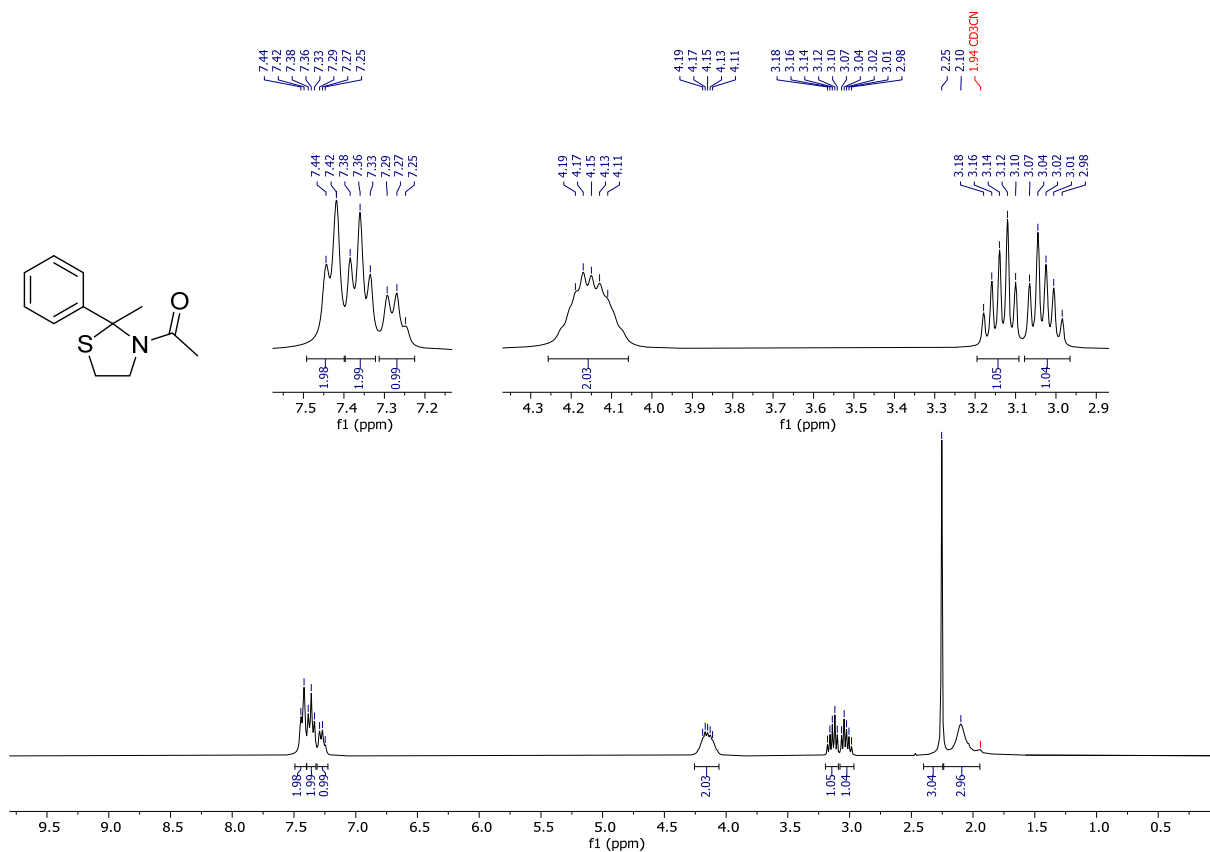
¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 4b



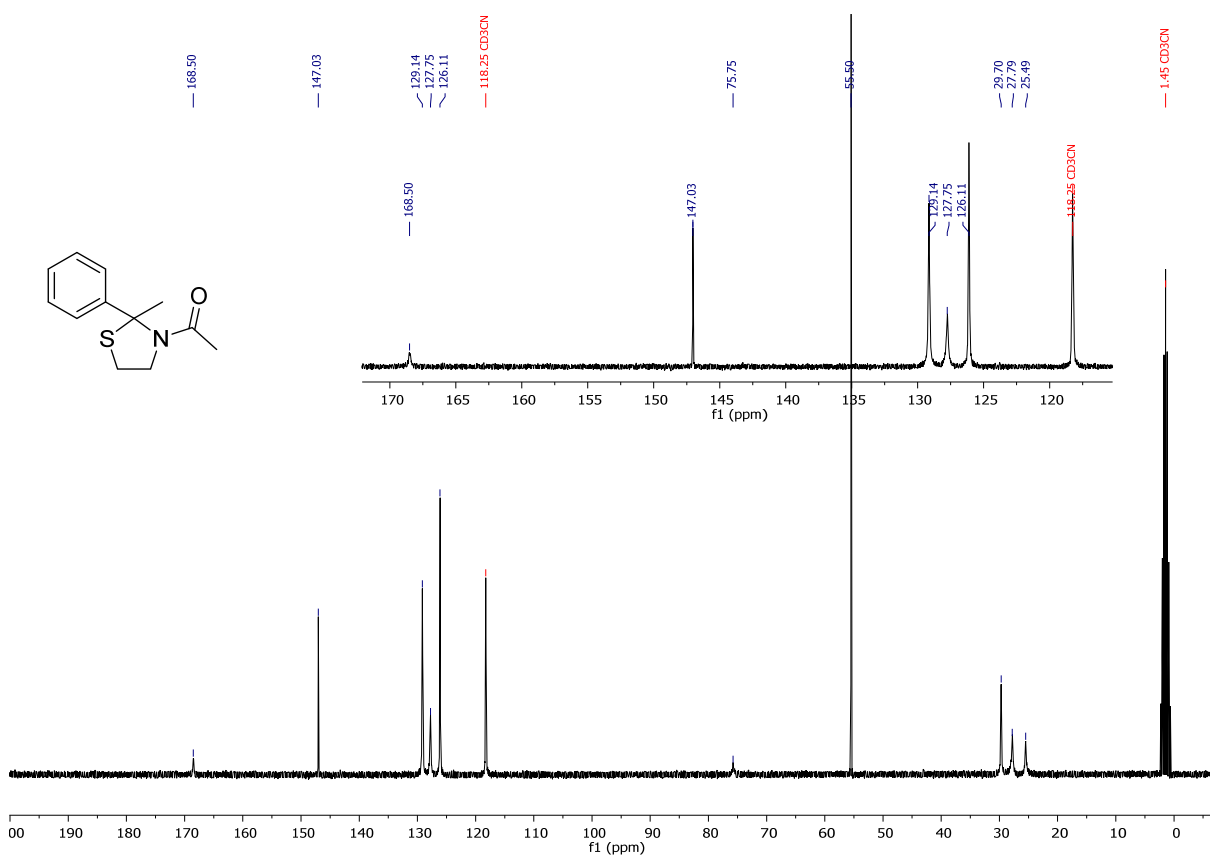
¹H NMR spectrum of compound 4'c



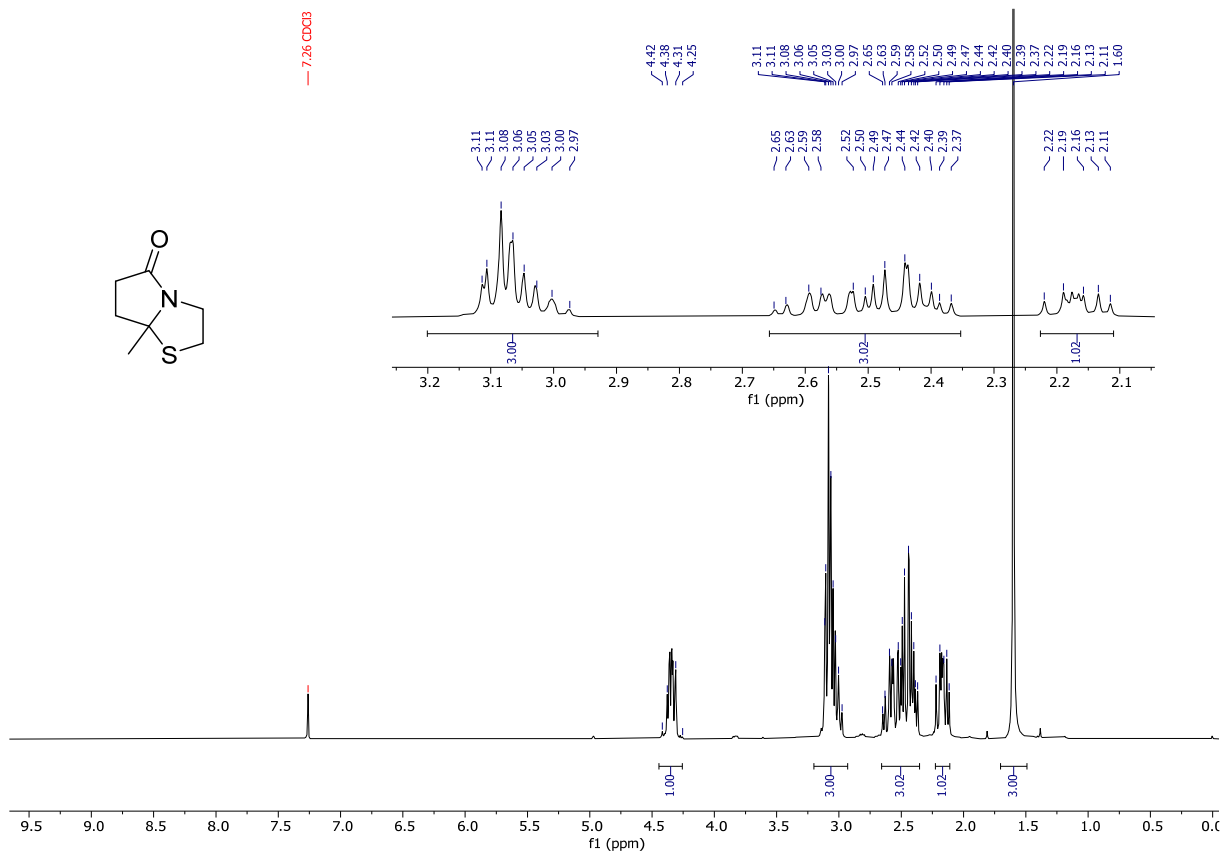
¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 4'c



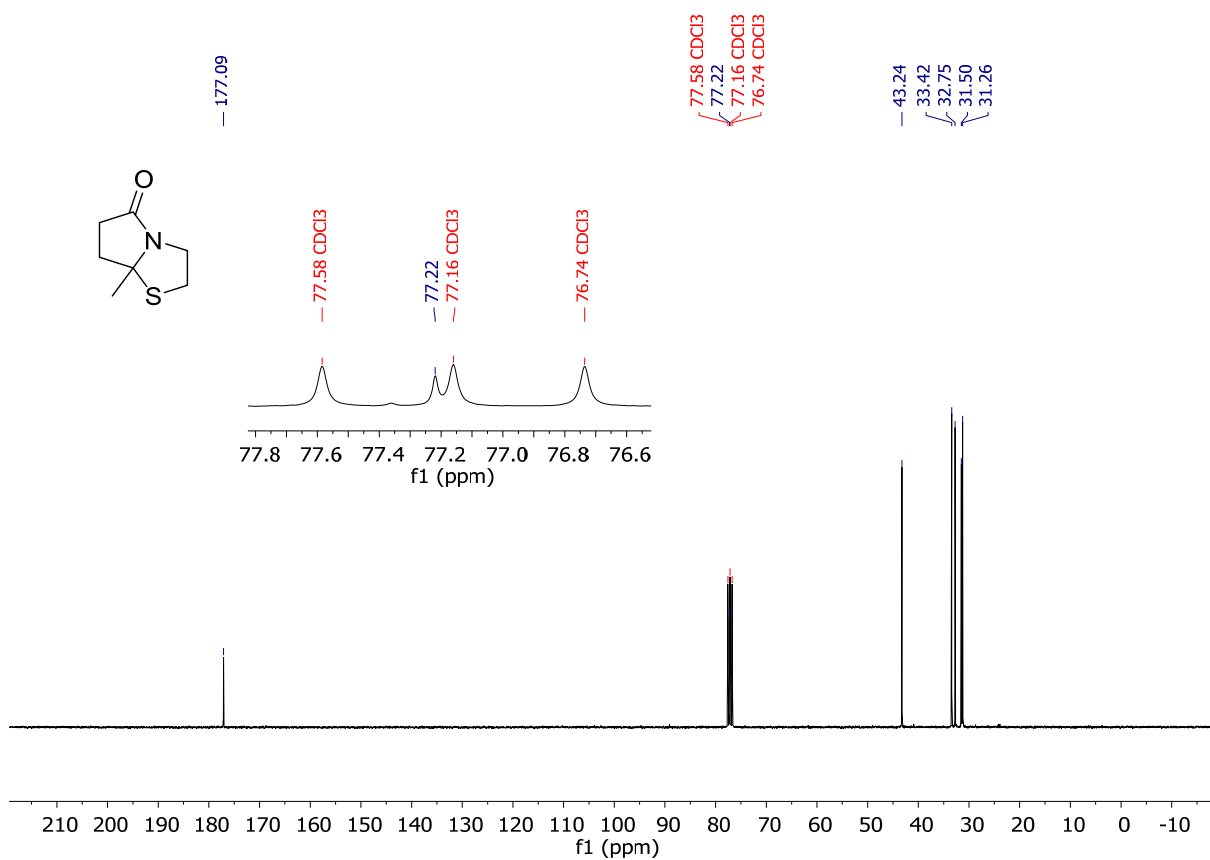
¹H NMR spectrum of compound 4c



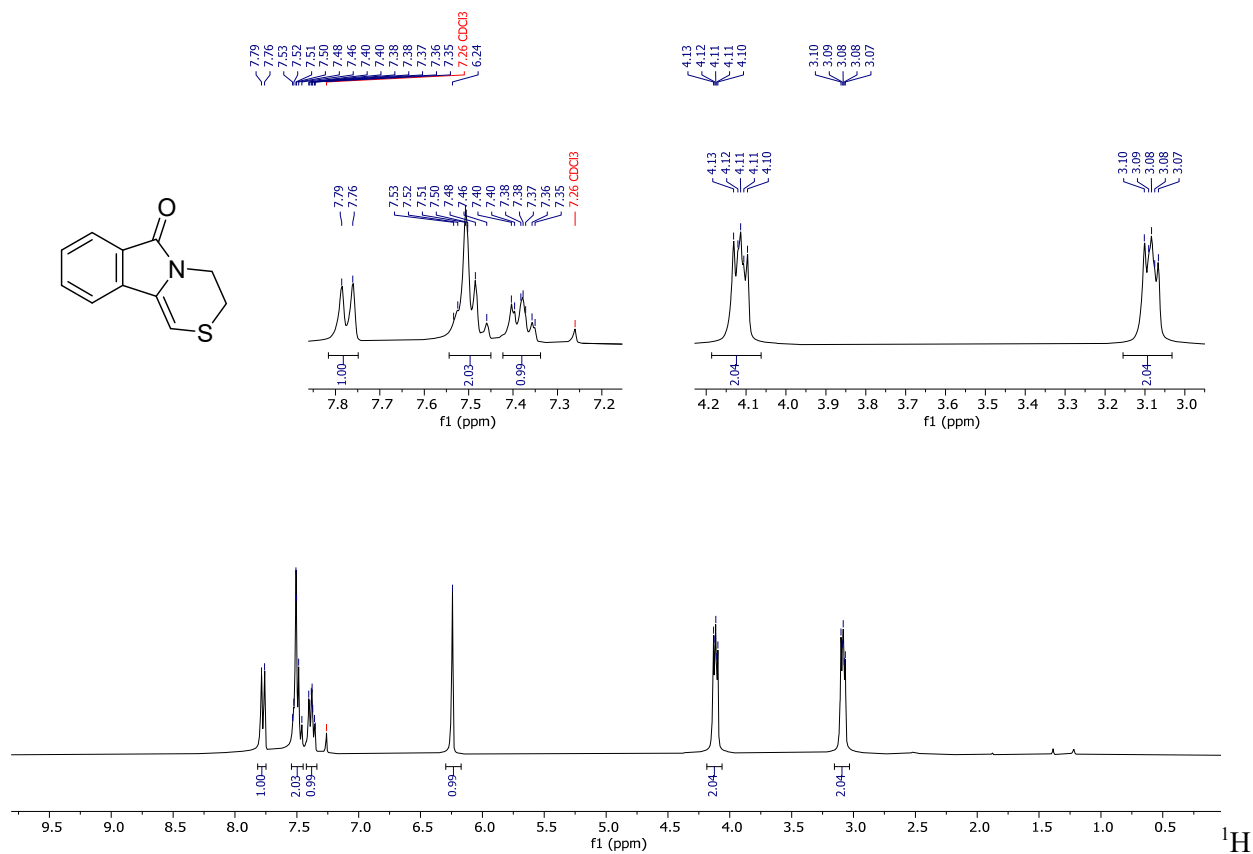
¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 4c



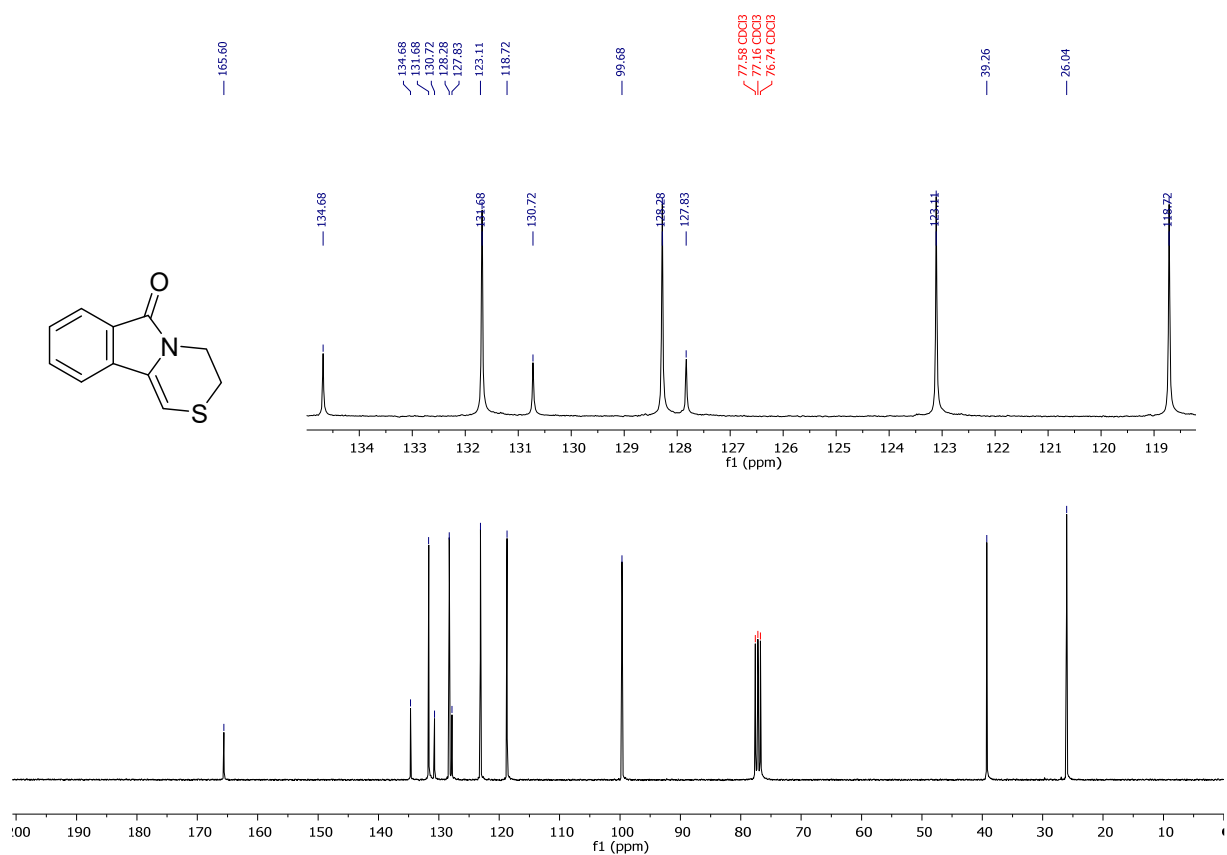
¹H NMR spectrum of compound 4d



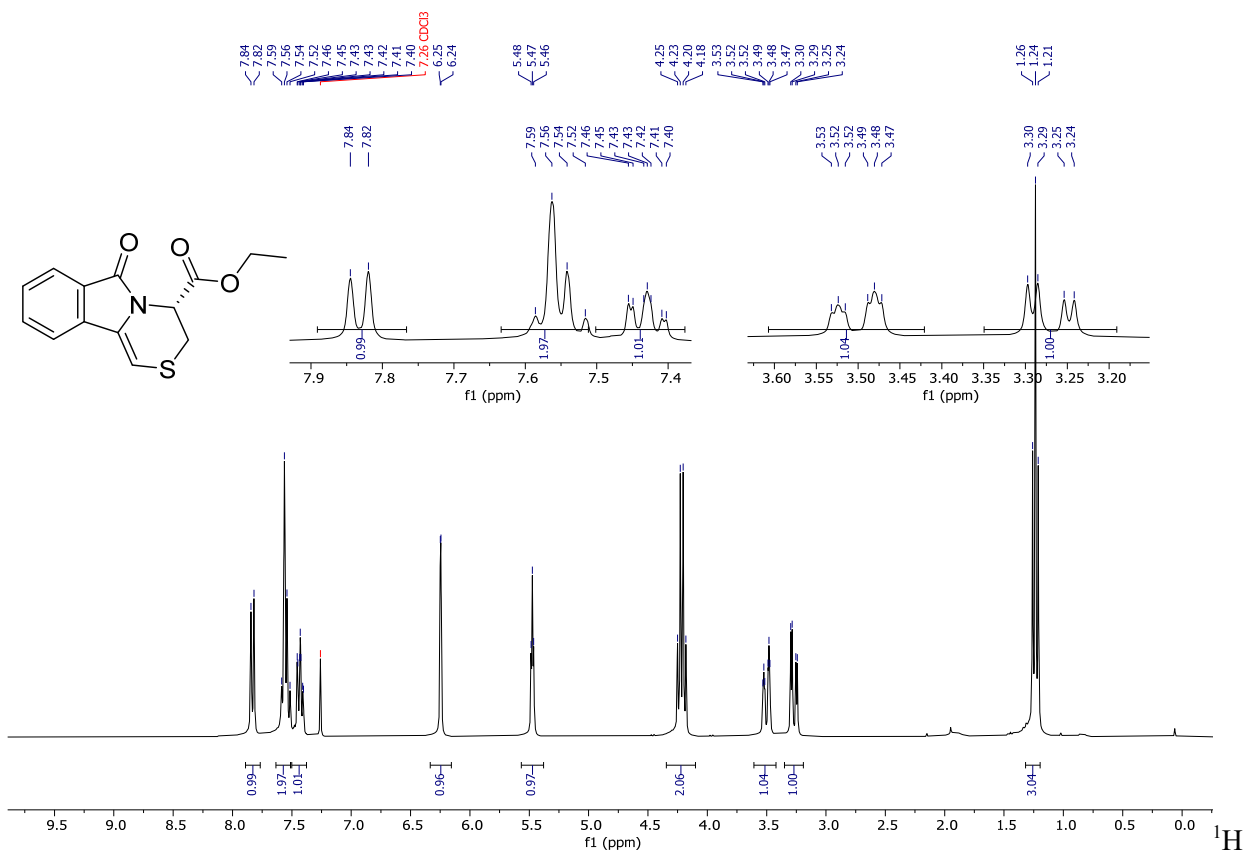
¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 4d



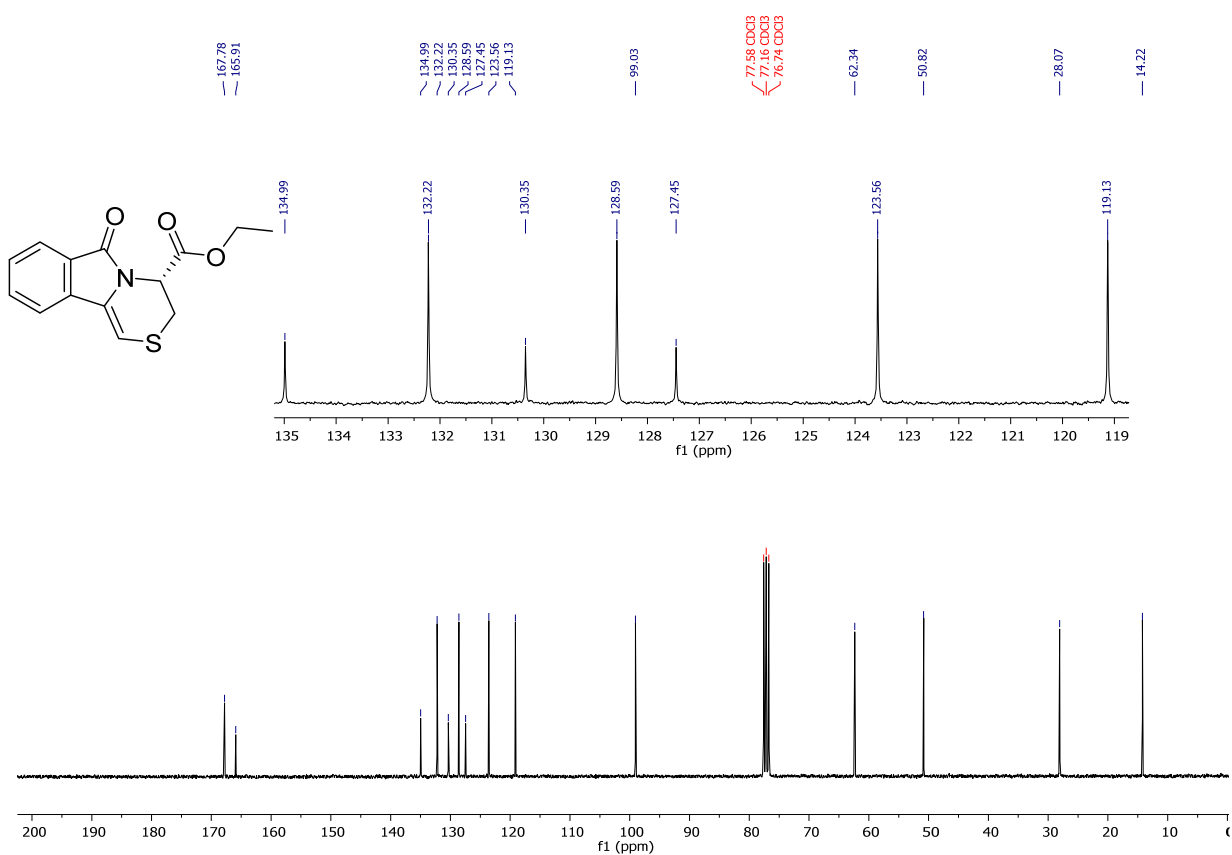
¹H NMR spectrum of compound 5a



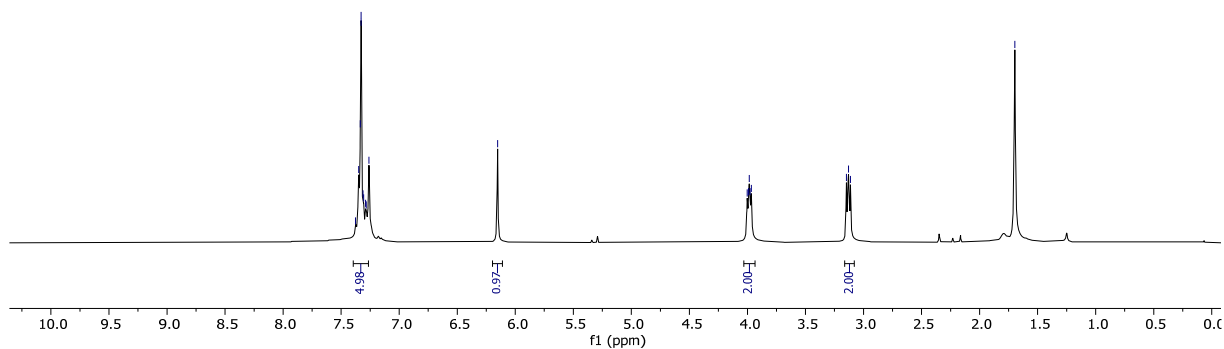
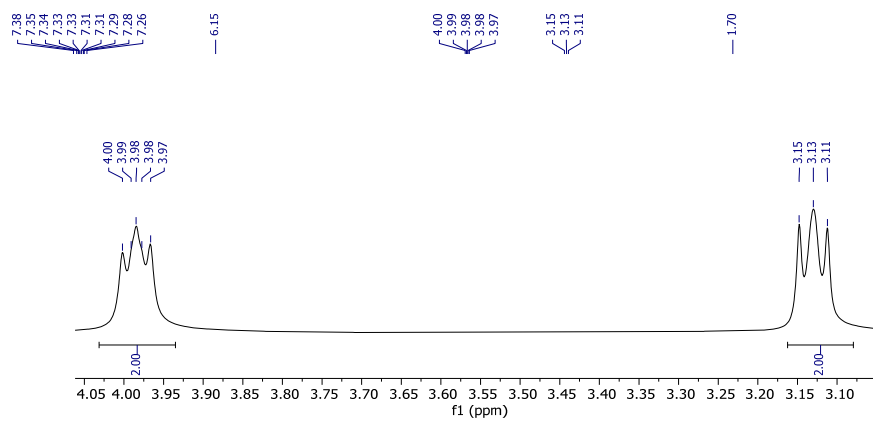
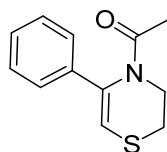
¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 5a



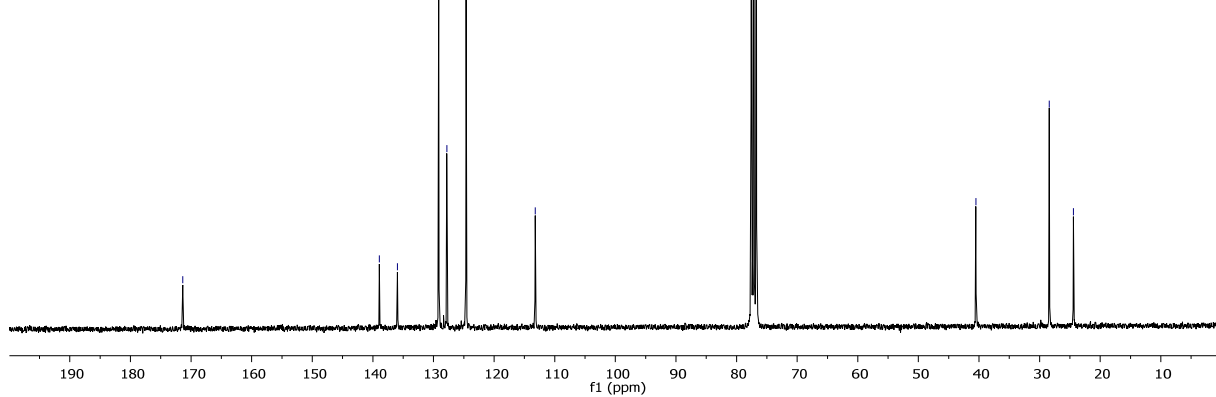
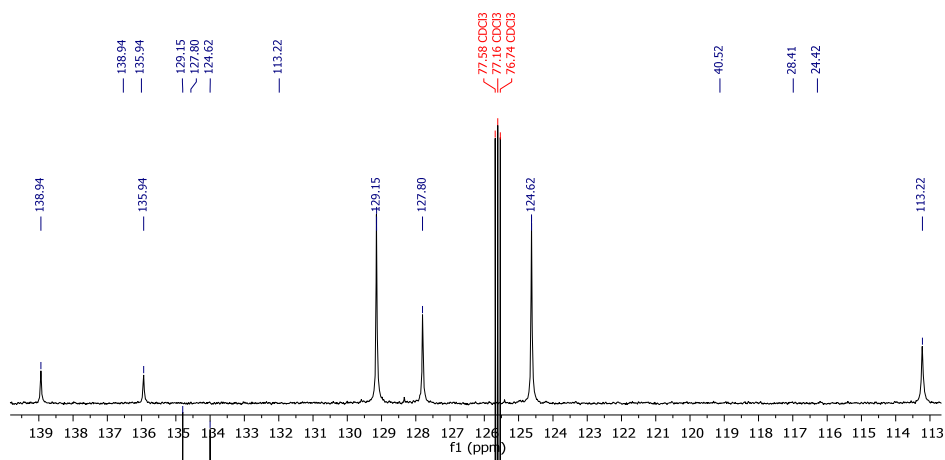
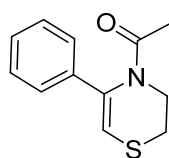
NMR spectrum of compound 5b



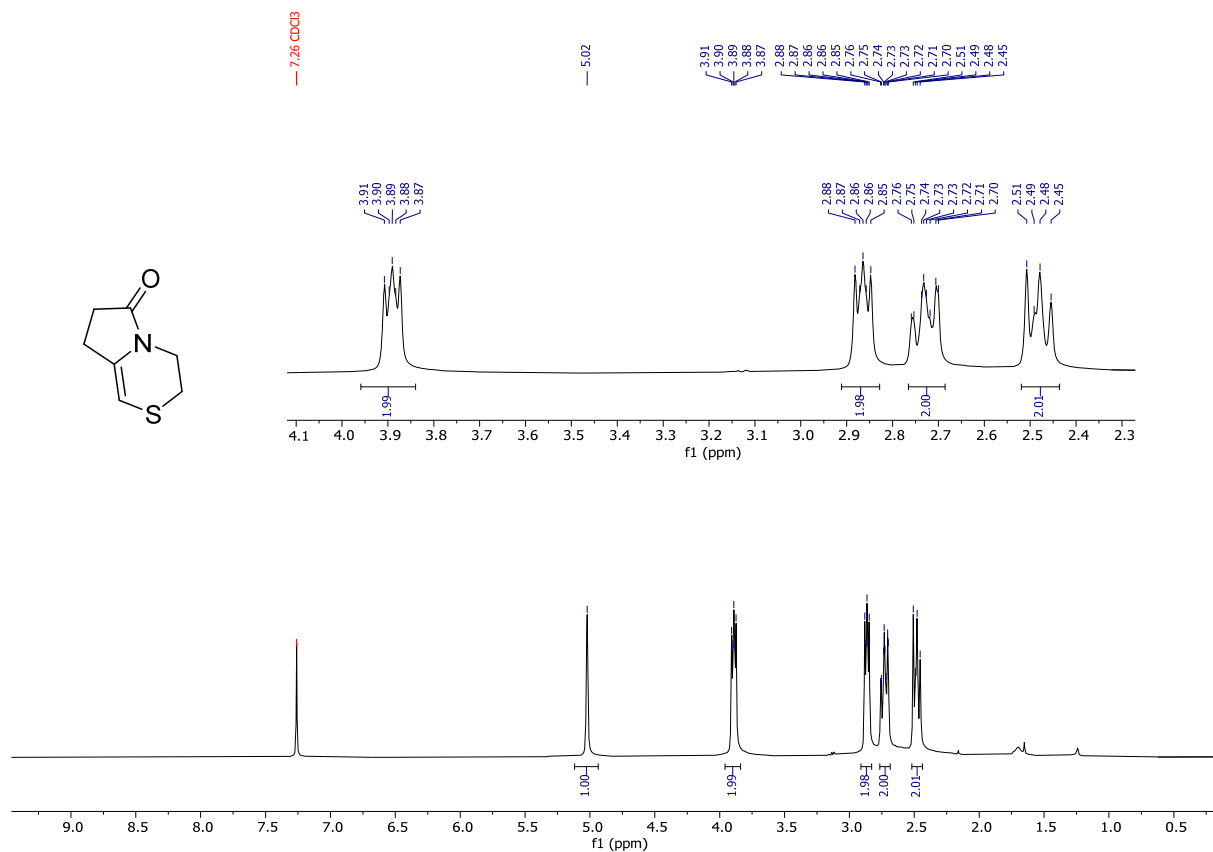
¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 5b



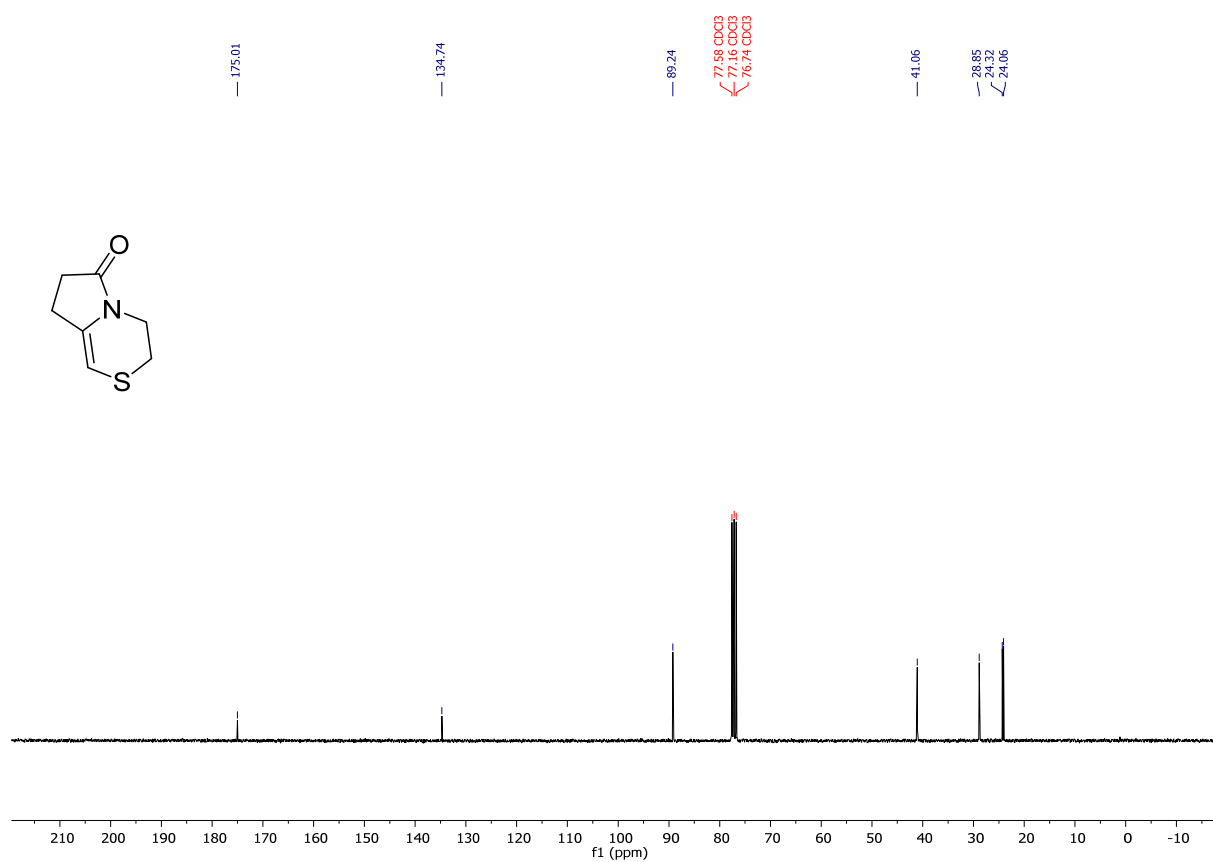
^1H ^1H NMR spectrum of compound **5c**



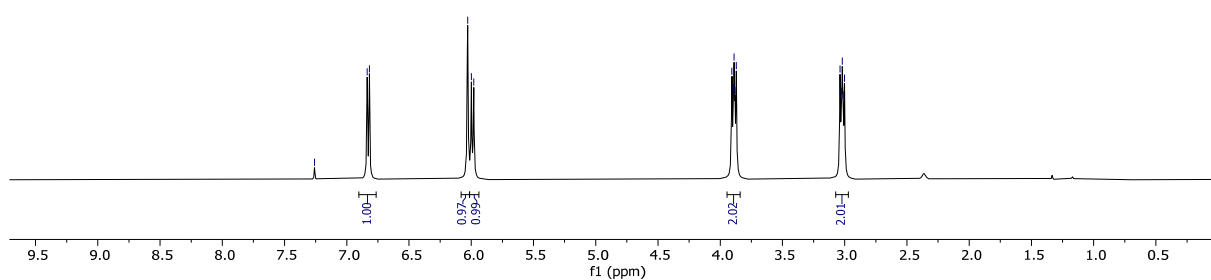
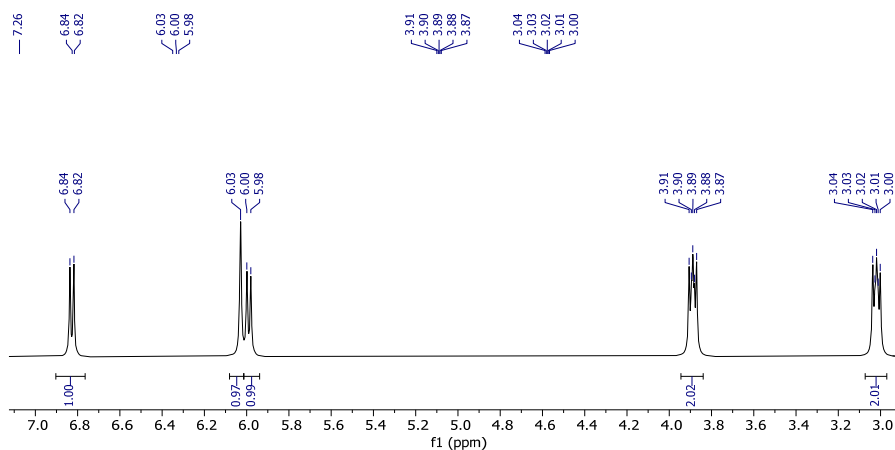
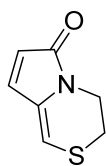
^{13}C NMR spectrum of compound **5c**



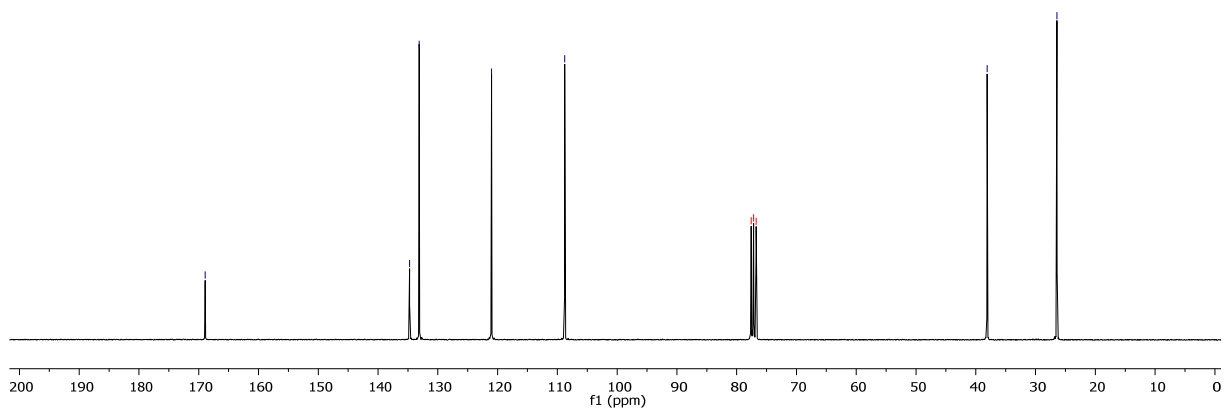
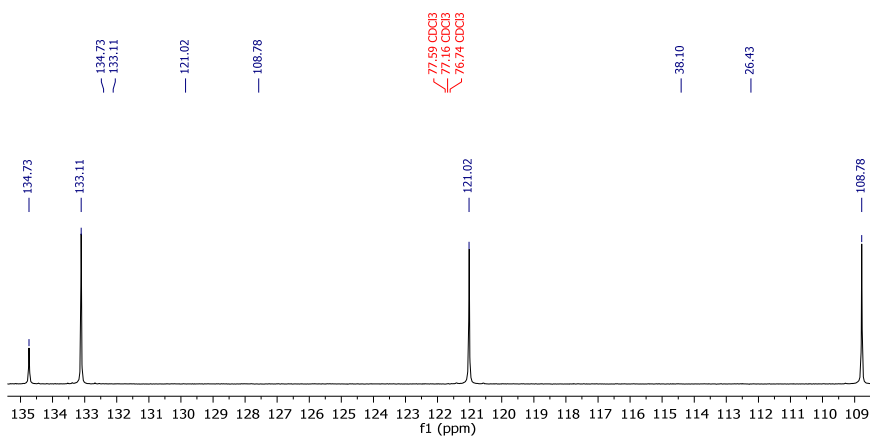
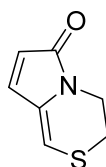
^1H ^1H NMR spectrum of compound **9**



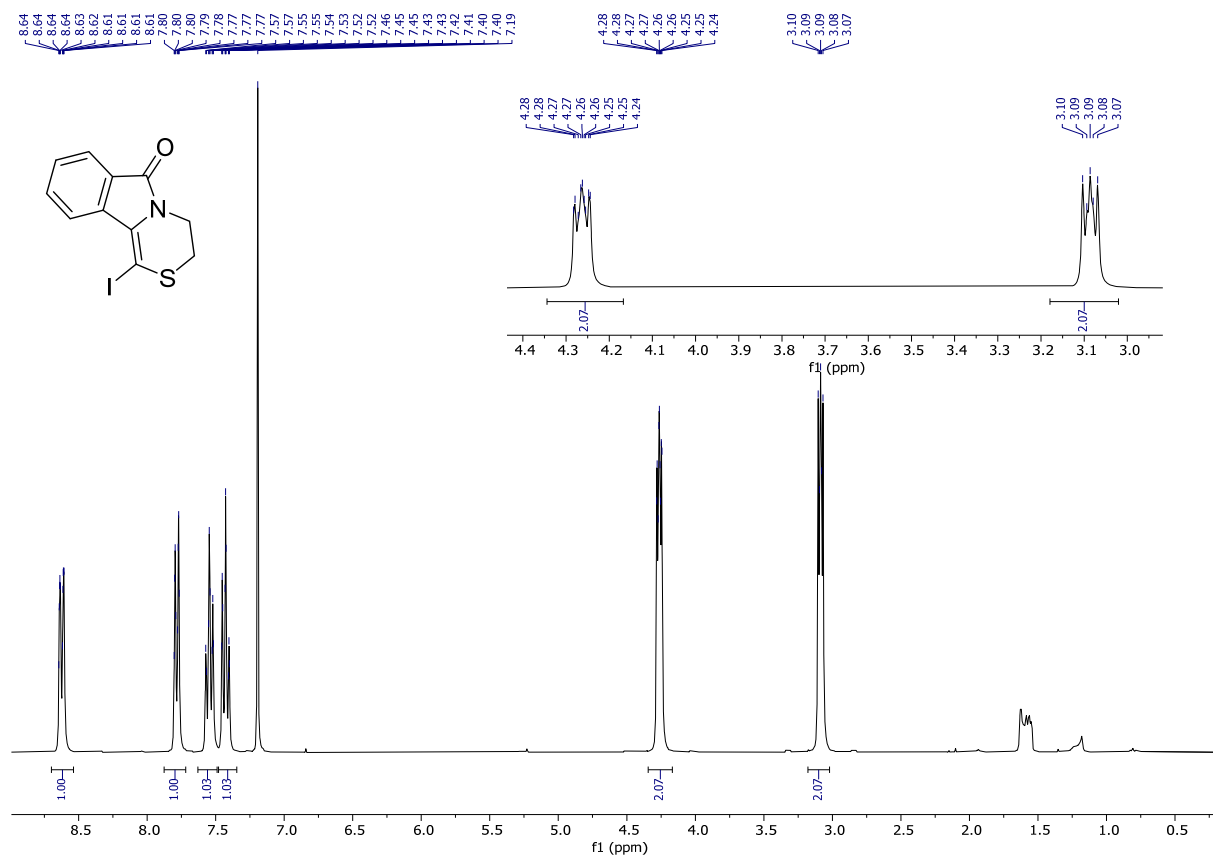
^{13}C NMR spectrum of compound **9**



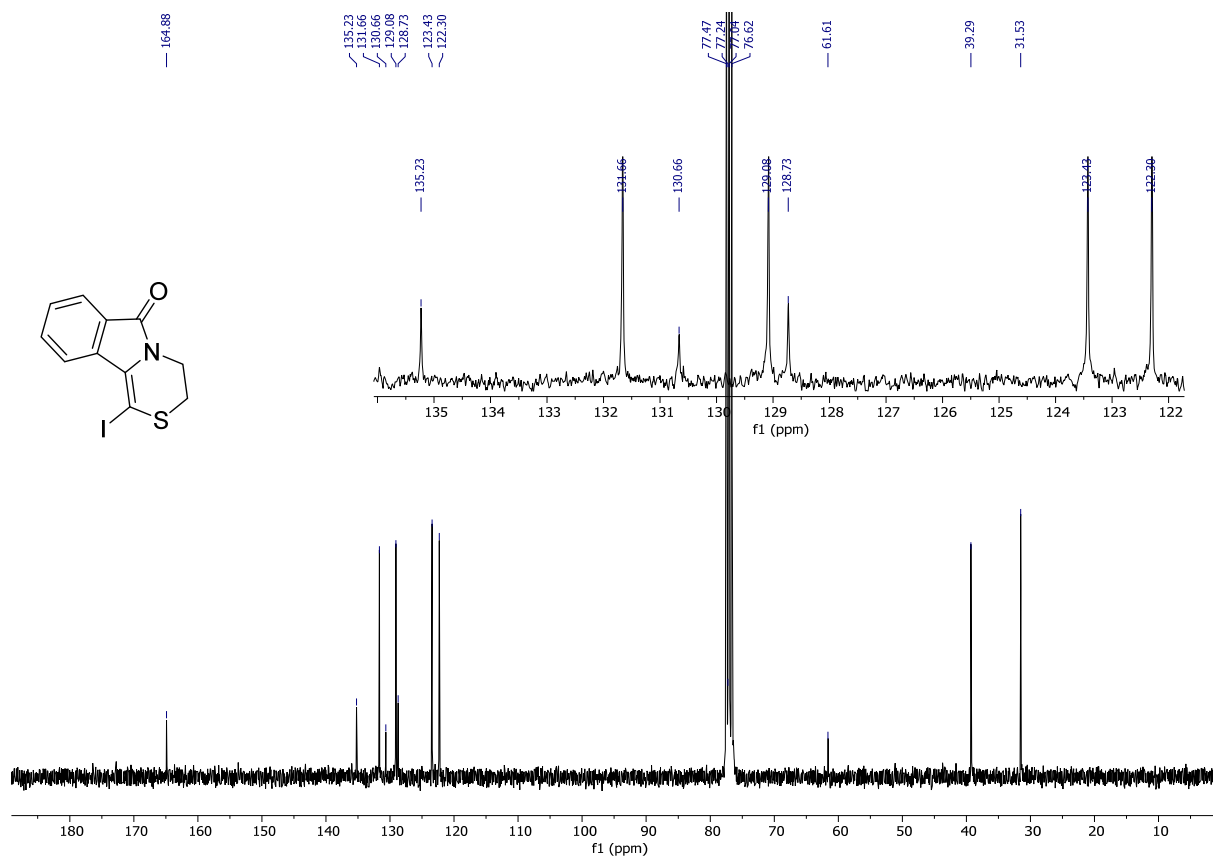
^1H ^1H NMR spectrum of compound **10**



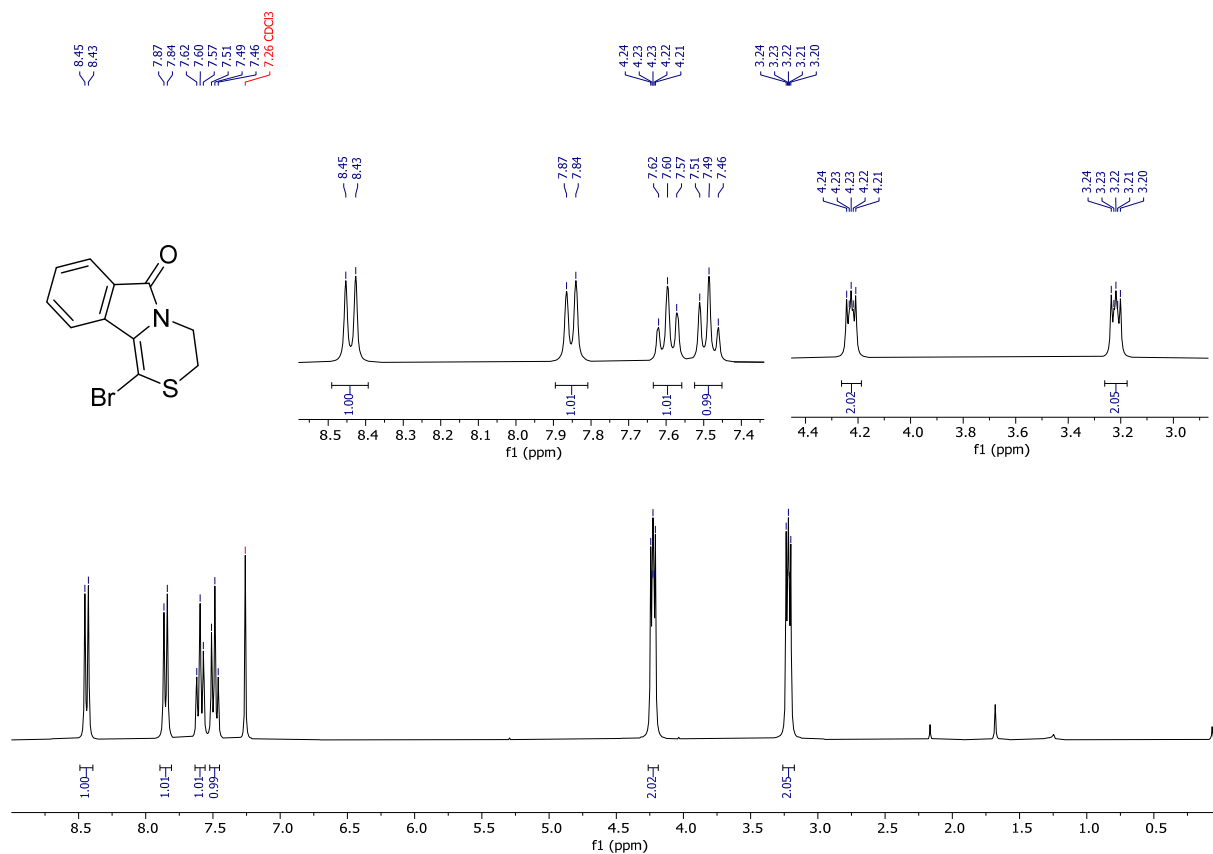
^{13}C NMR spectrum of compound **10**



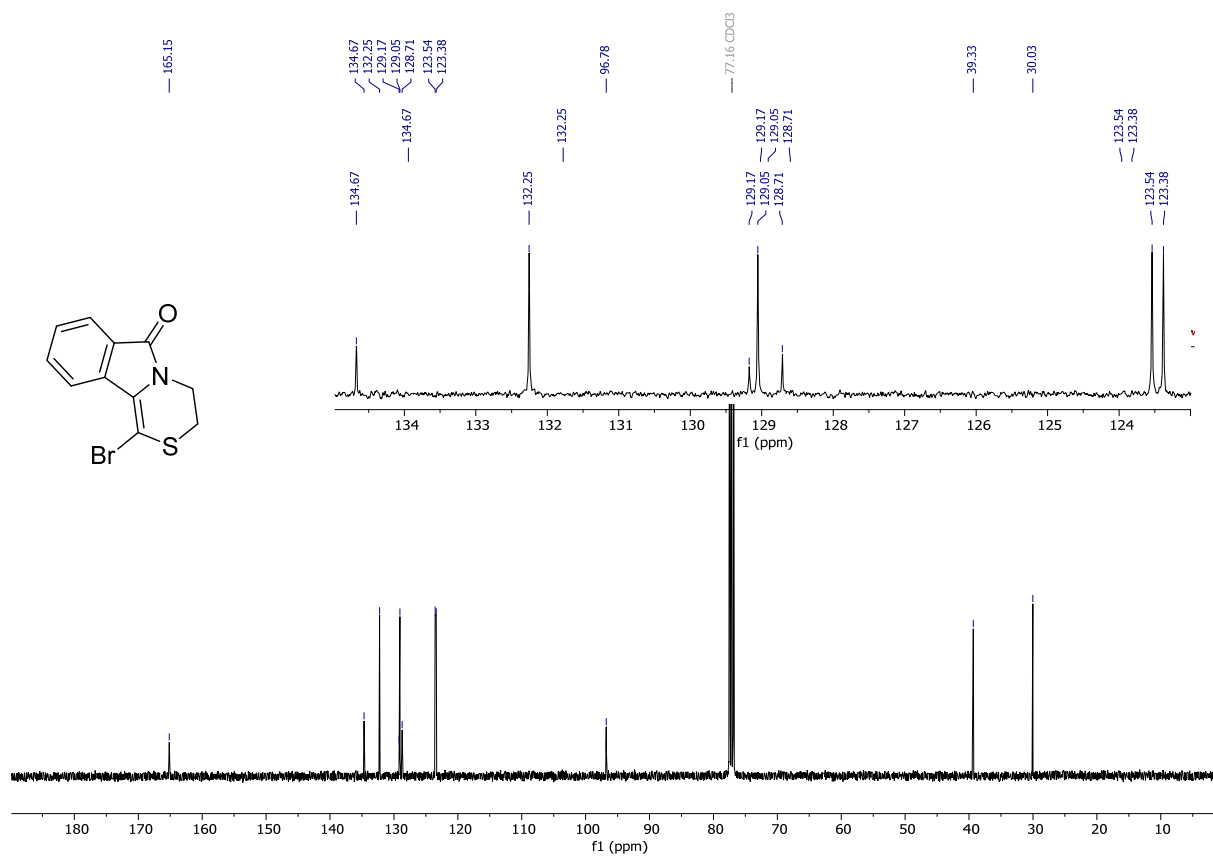
¹H NMR spectrum of compound 7aA



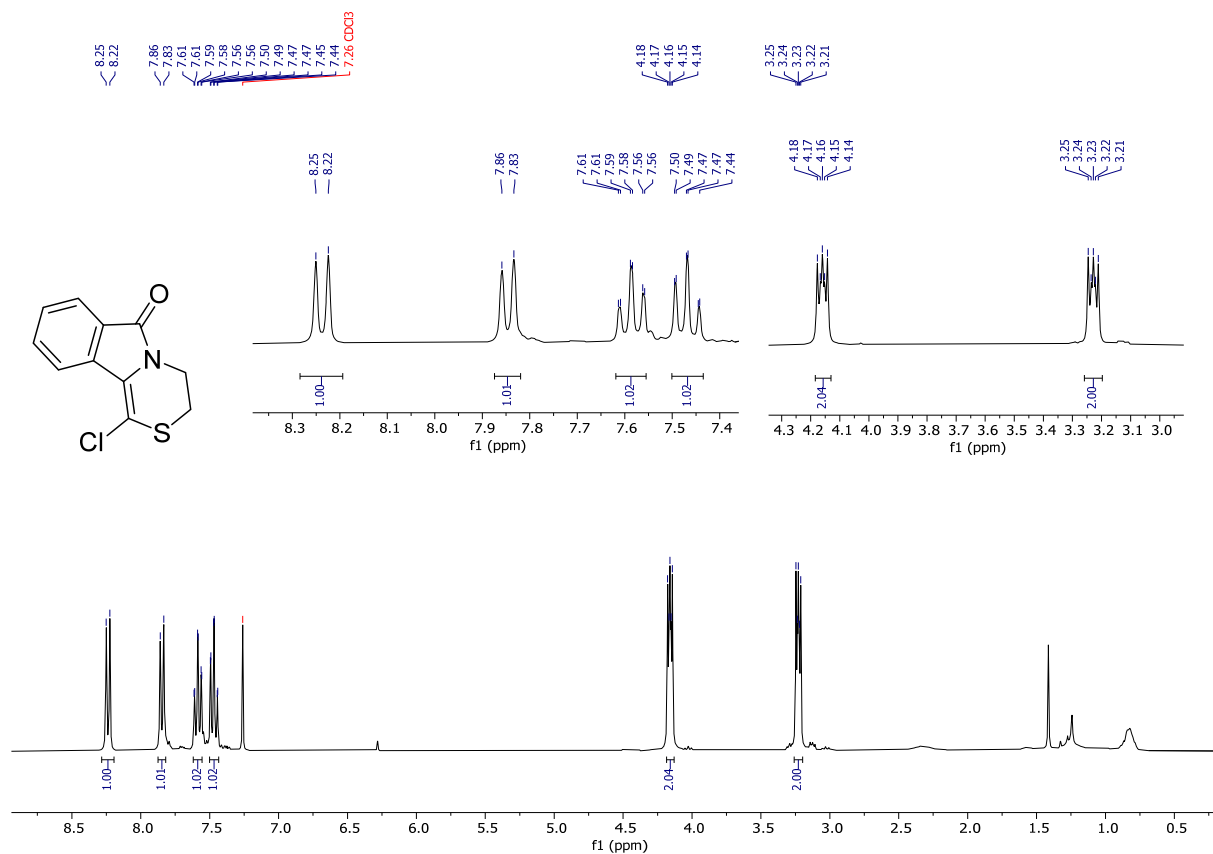
¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 7aA



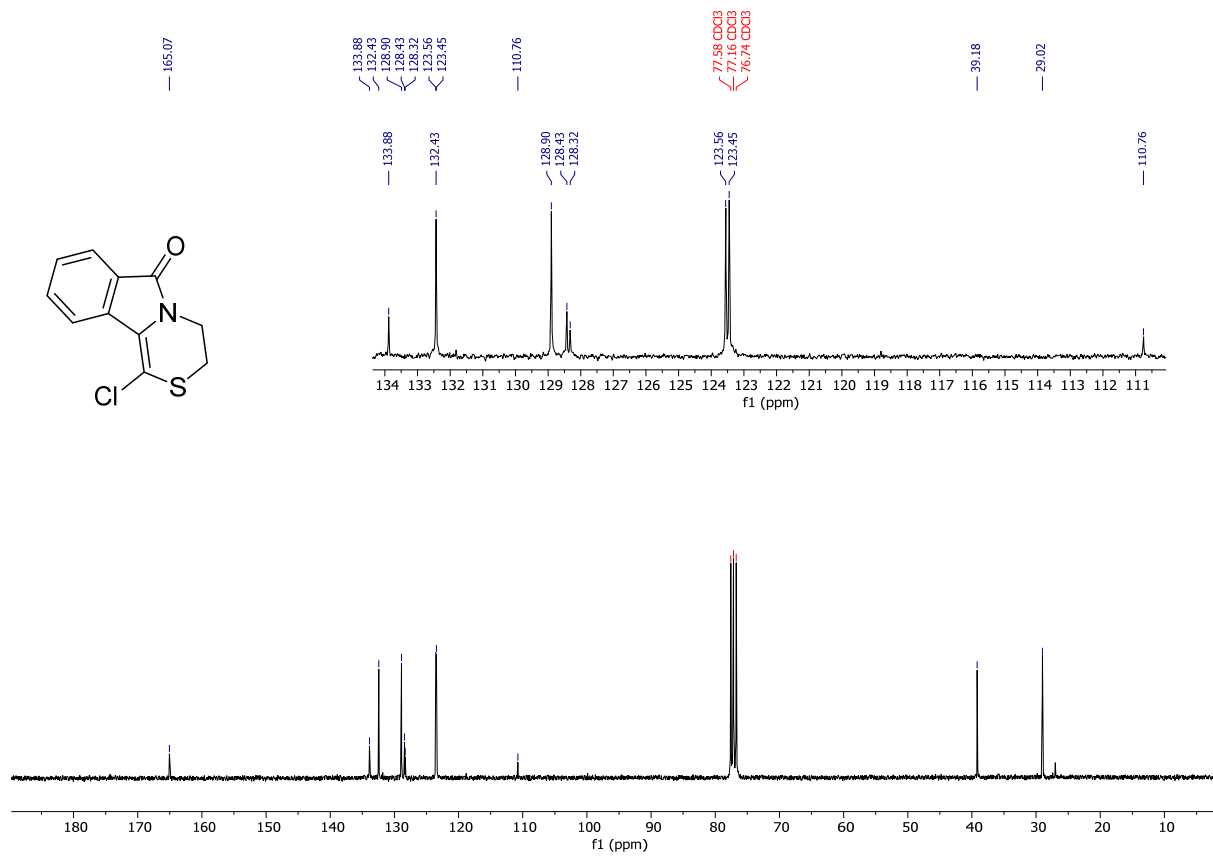
¹H NMR spectrum of compound **7aB**



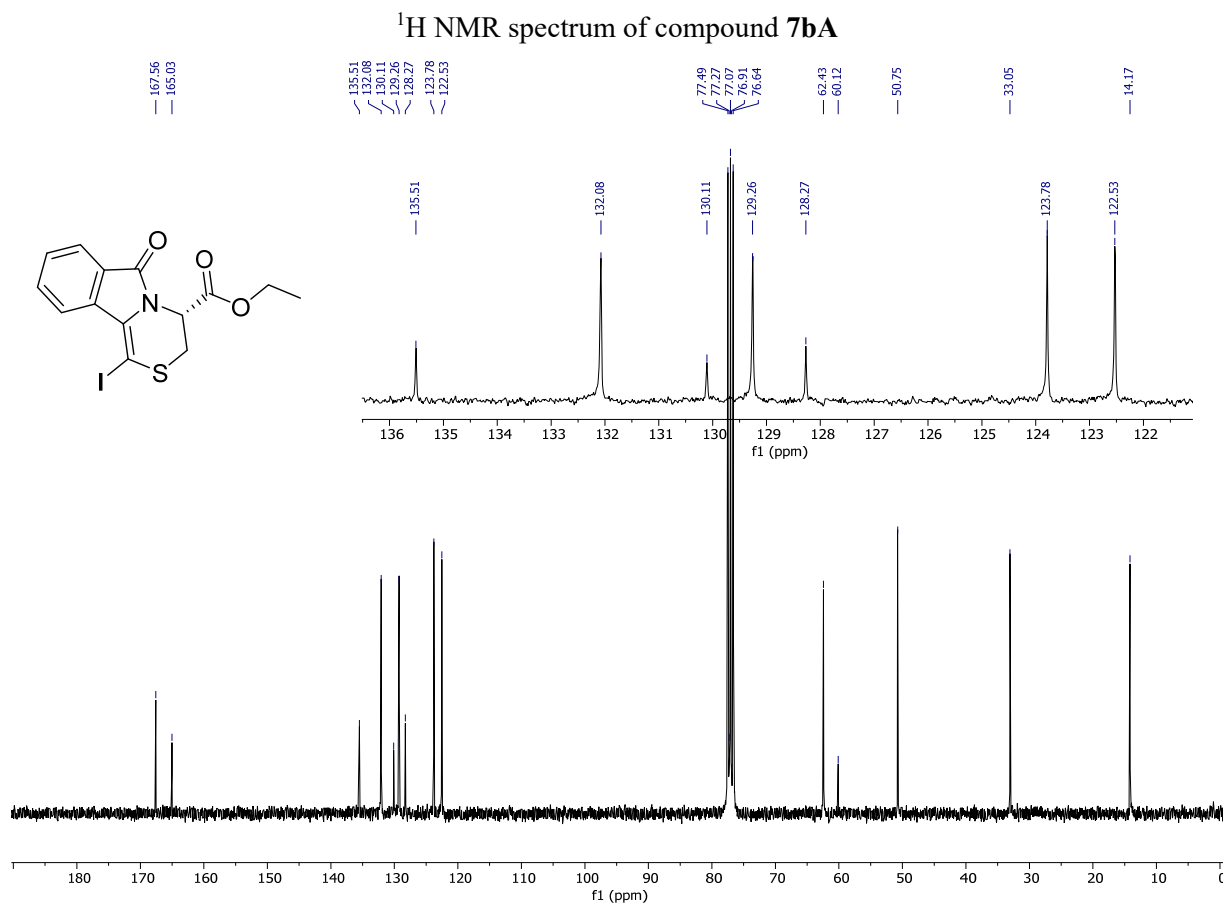
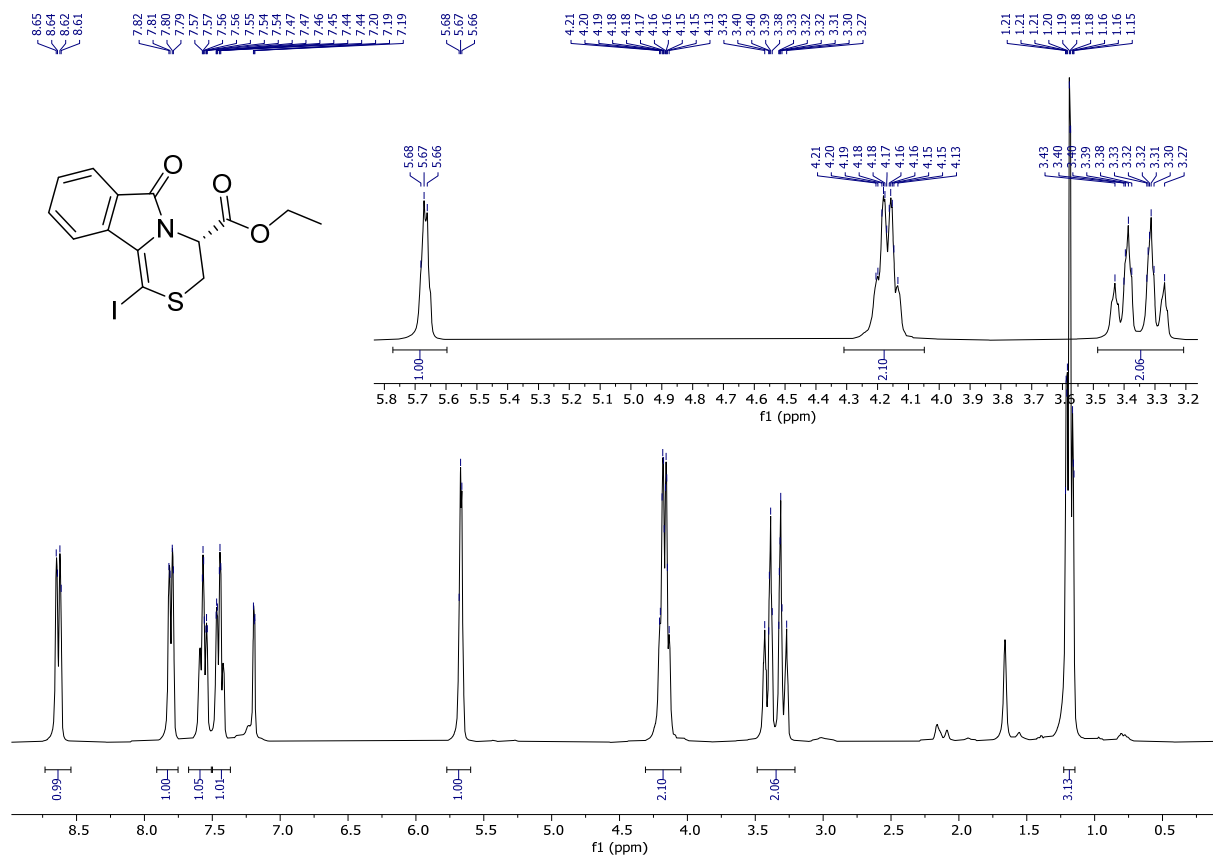
¹³C NMR spectrum of compound **7aB**



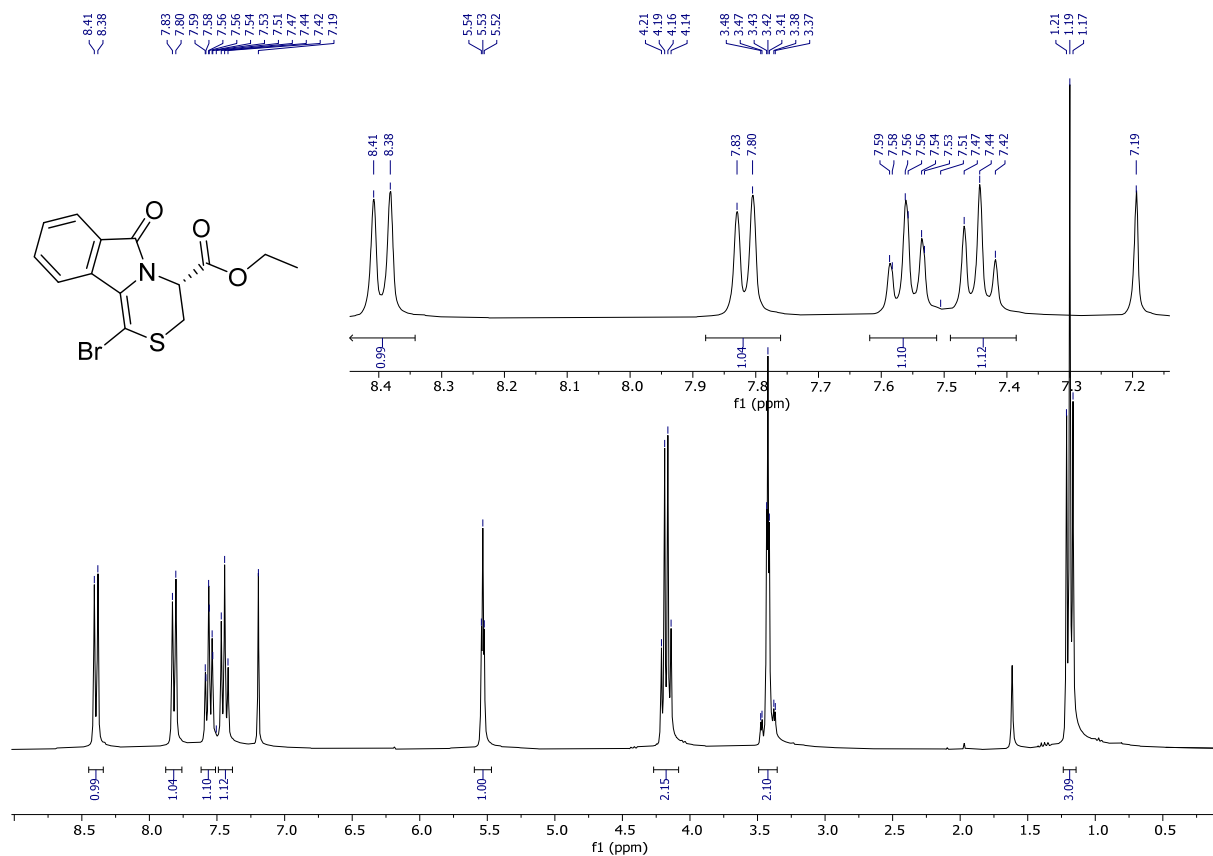
¹H NMR spectrum of compound 7aC



¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 7aC

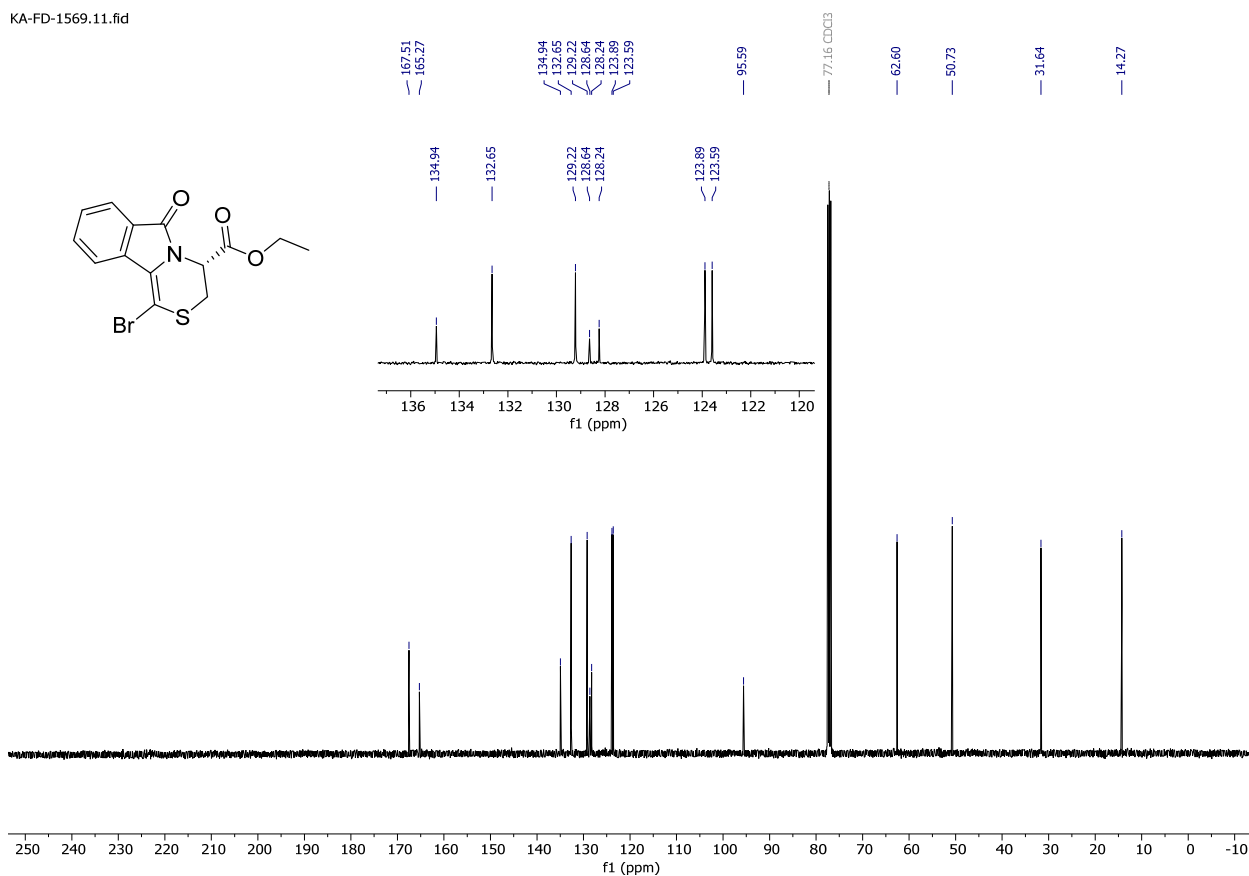


¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 7bA

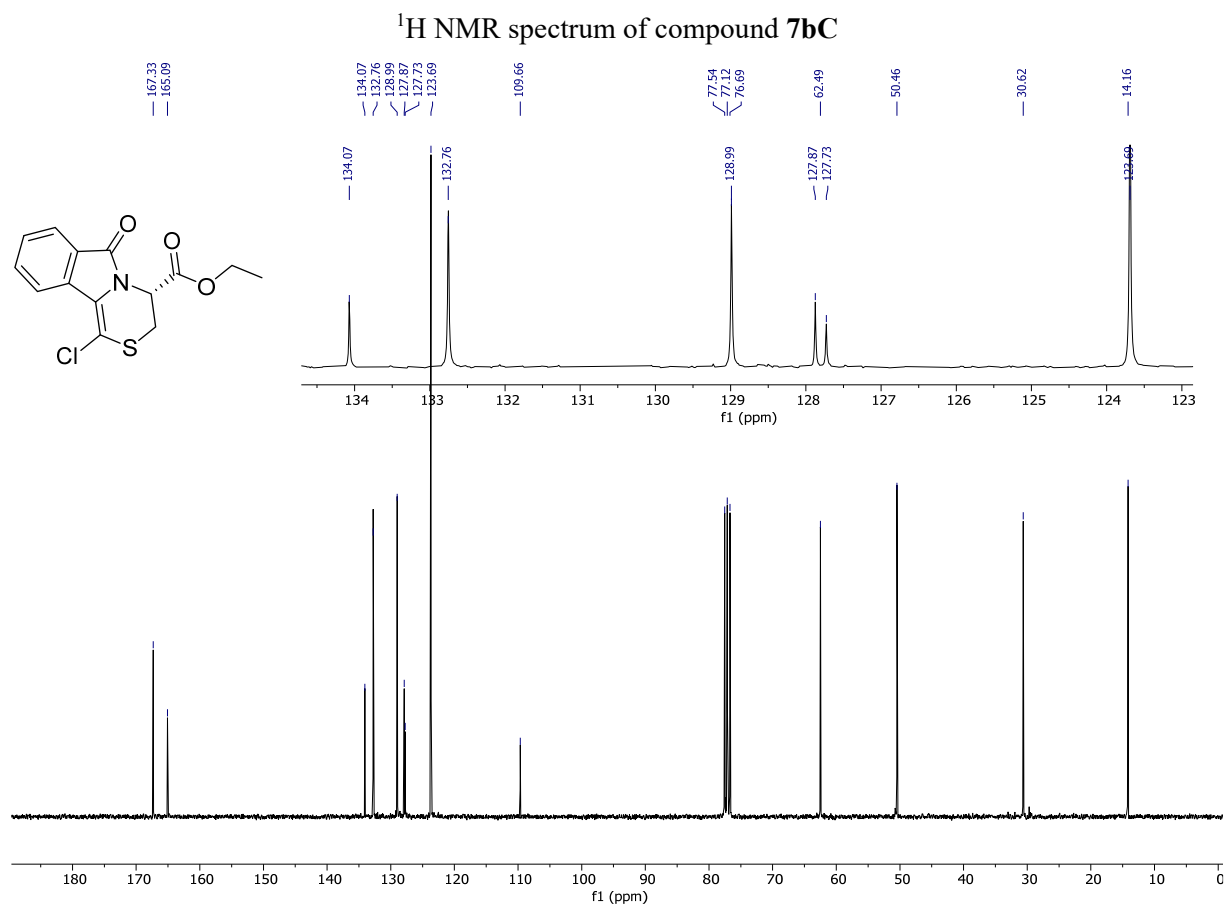
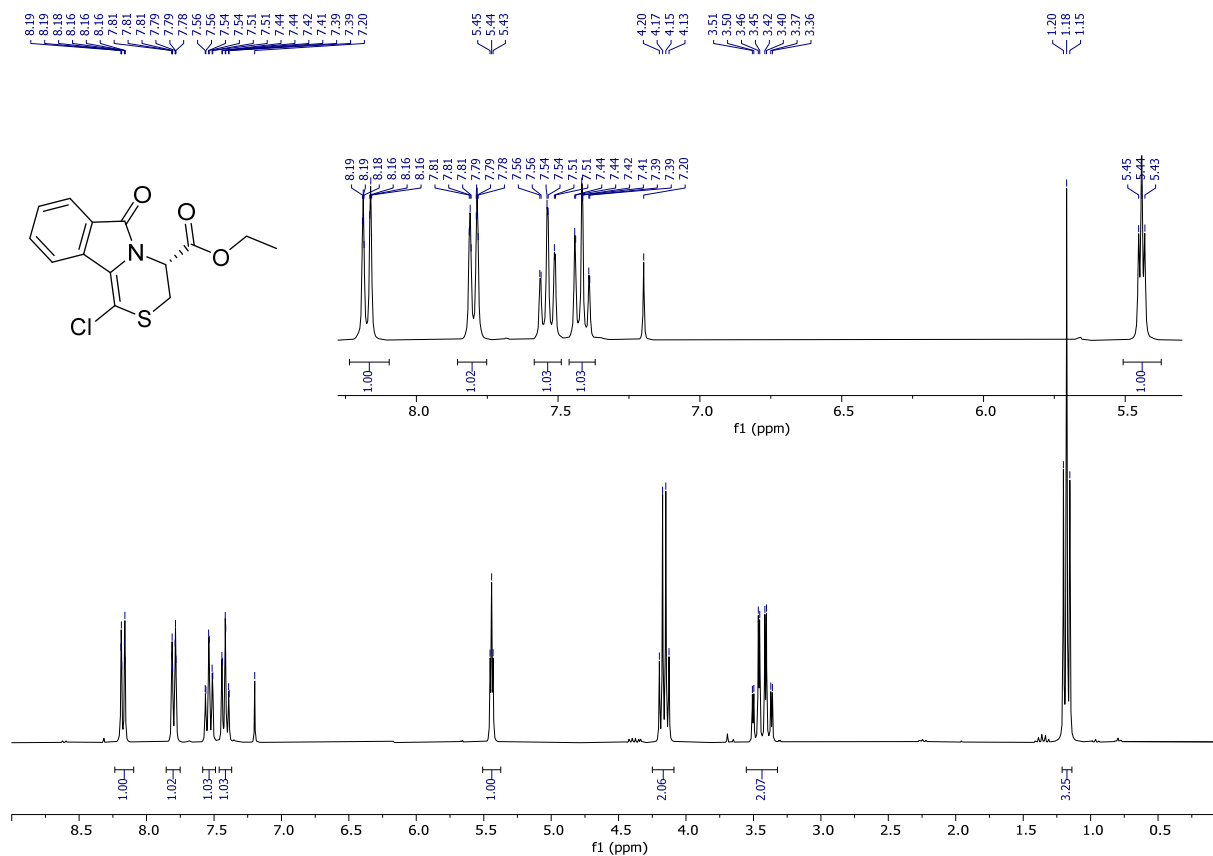


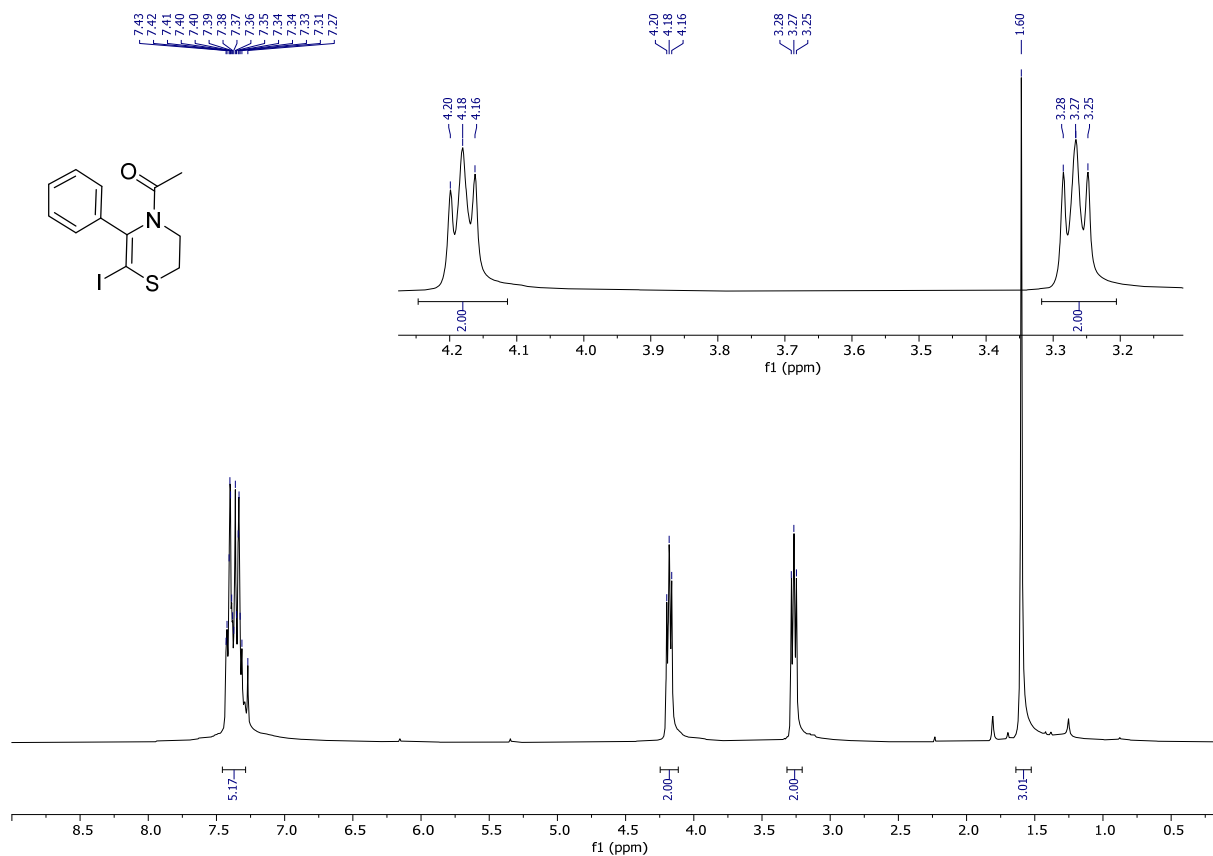
¹H NMR spectrum of compound **7bB**

KA-FD-1569.11.fid

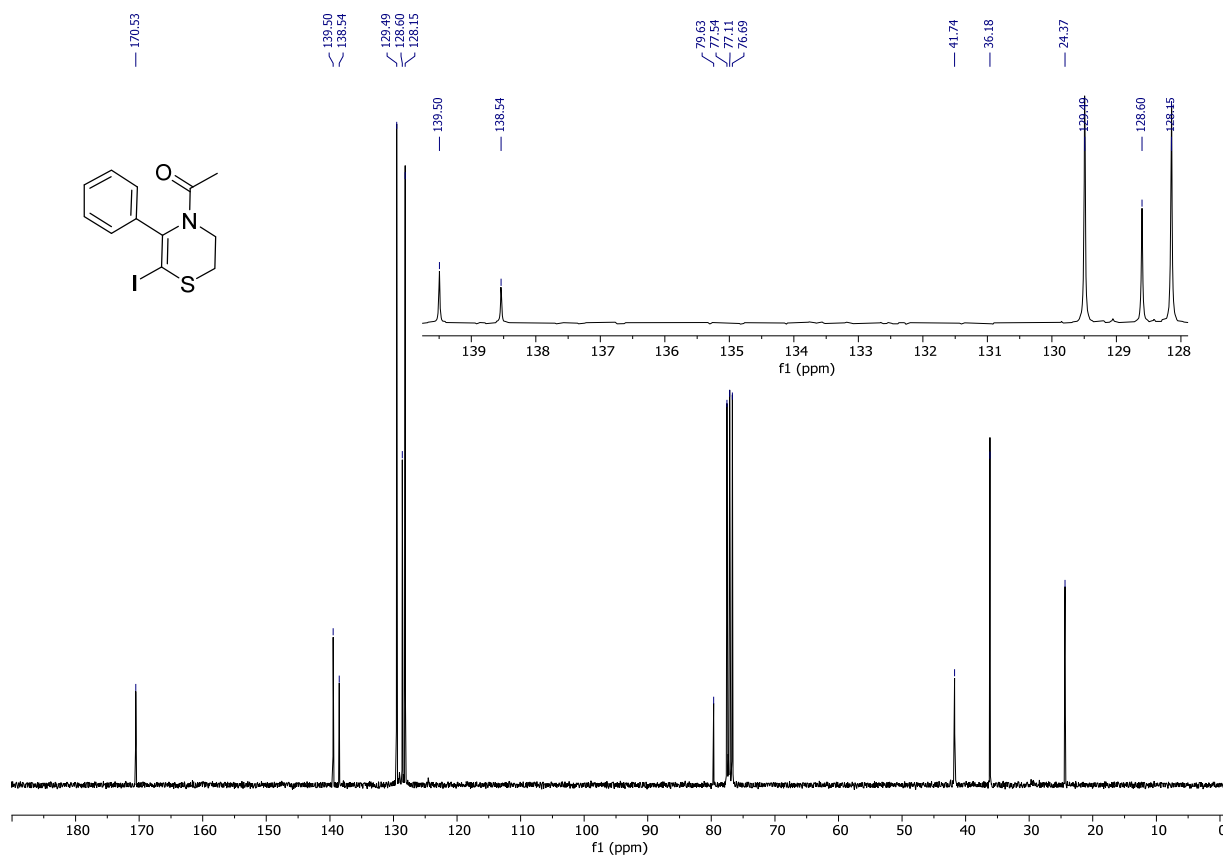


¹³C NMR spectrum of compound **7bB**

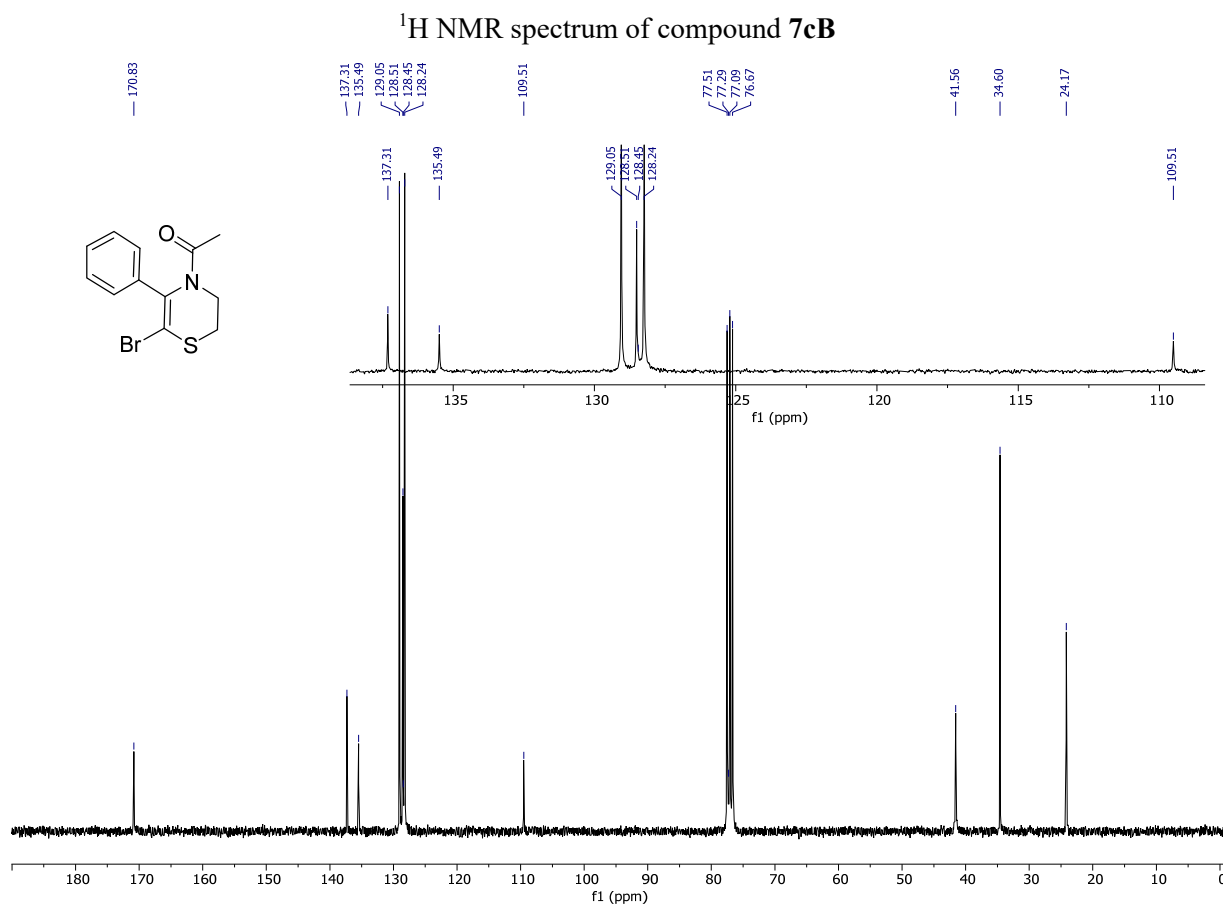
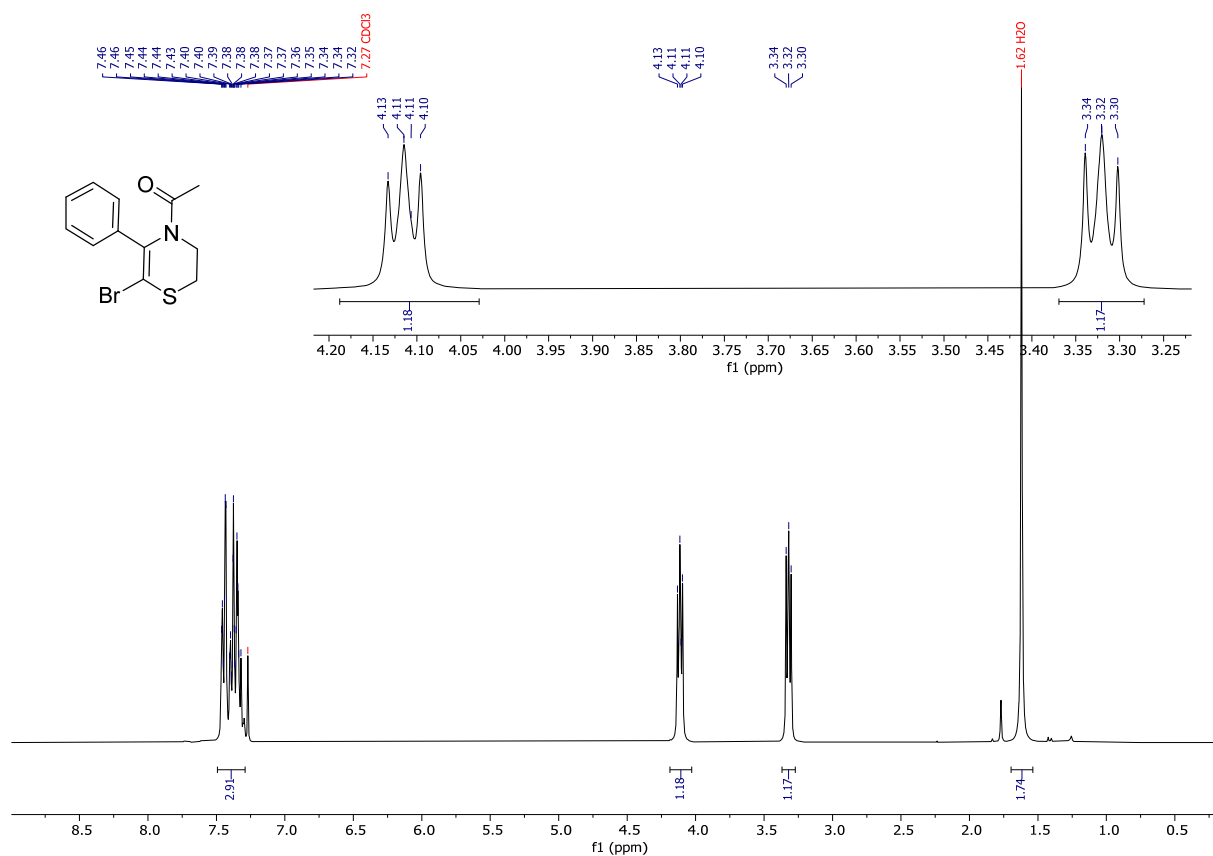


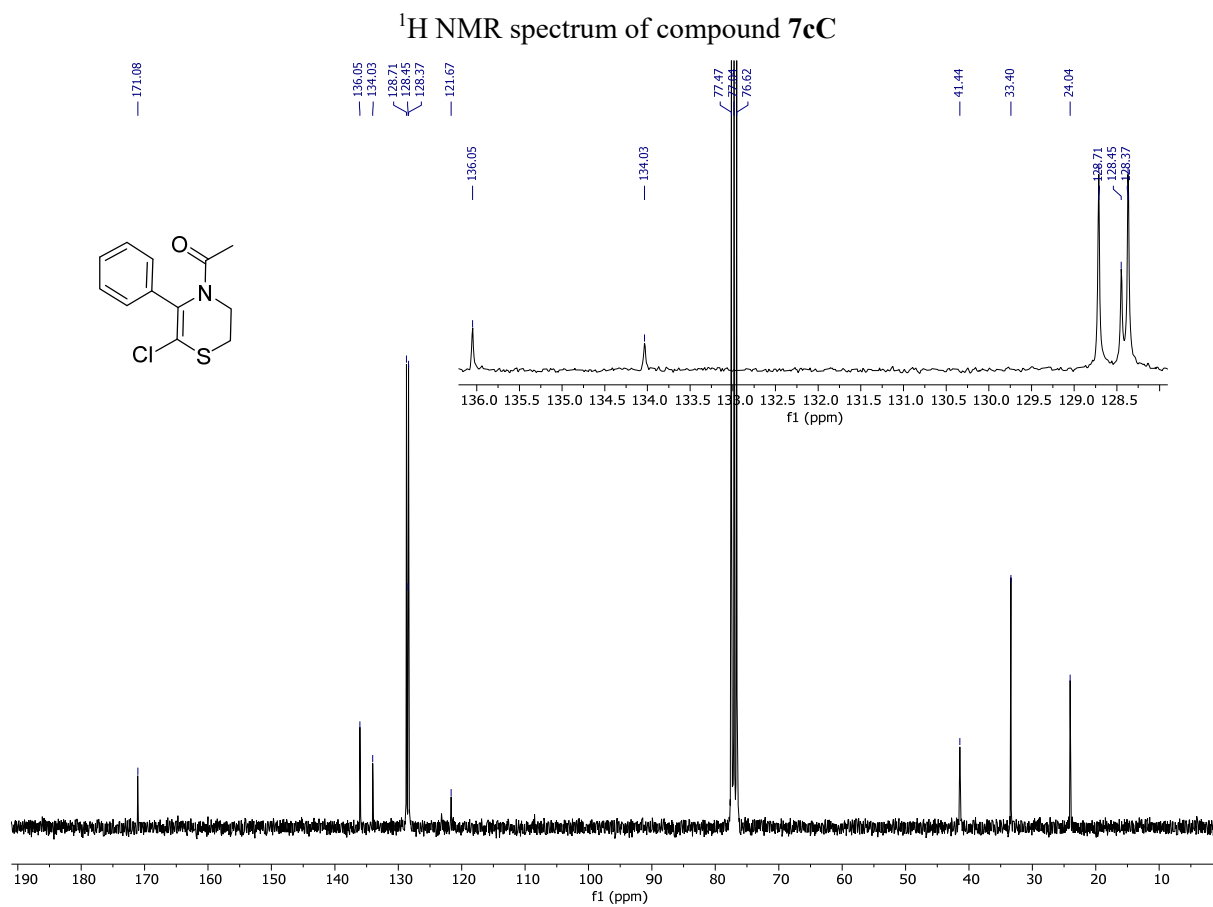
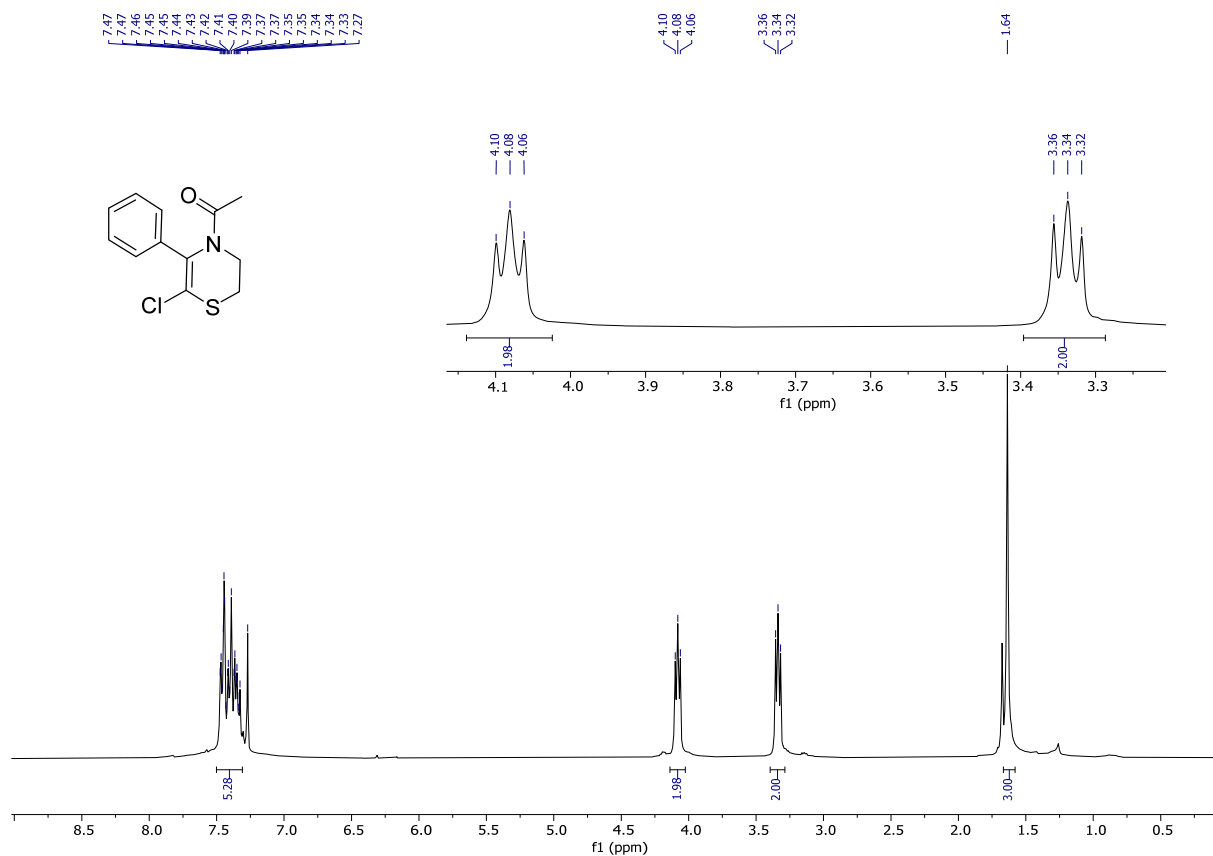


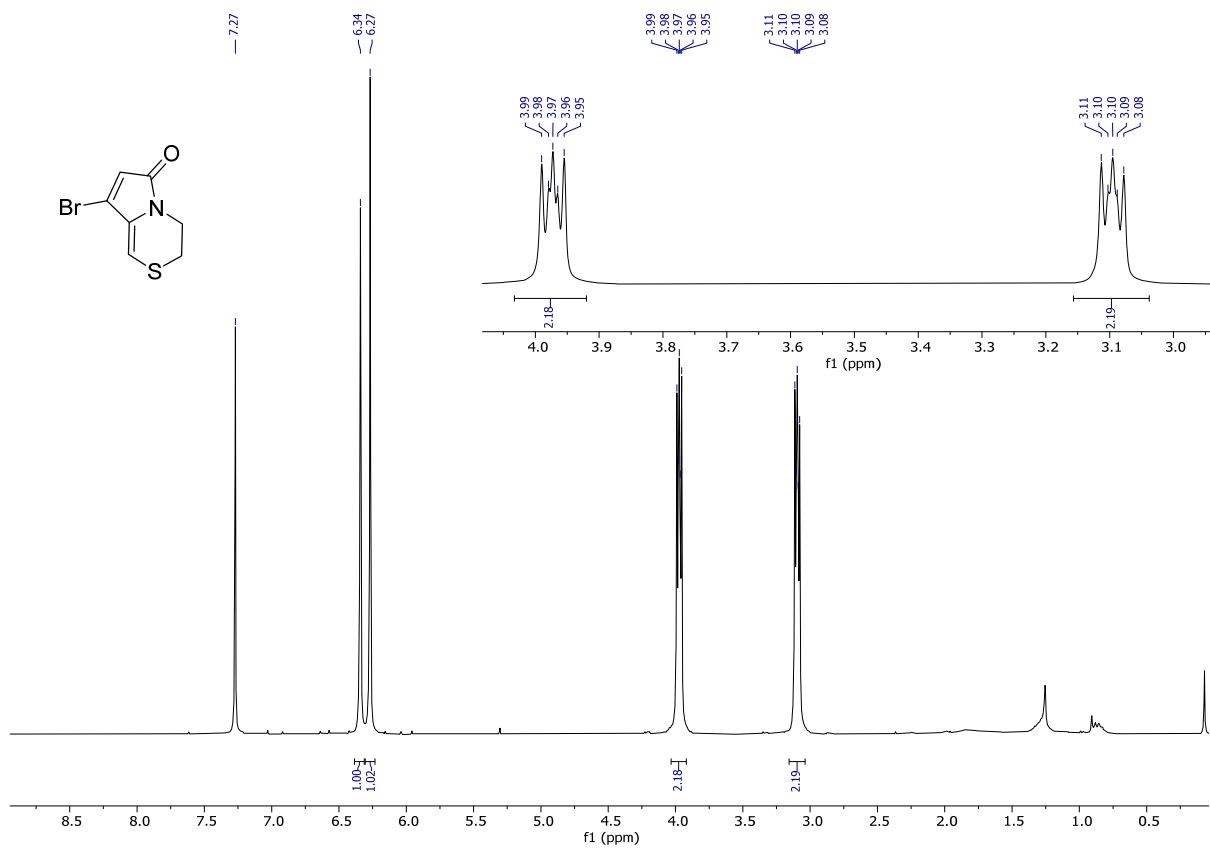
¹H NMR spectrum of compound 7cA



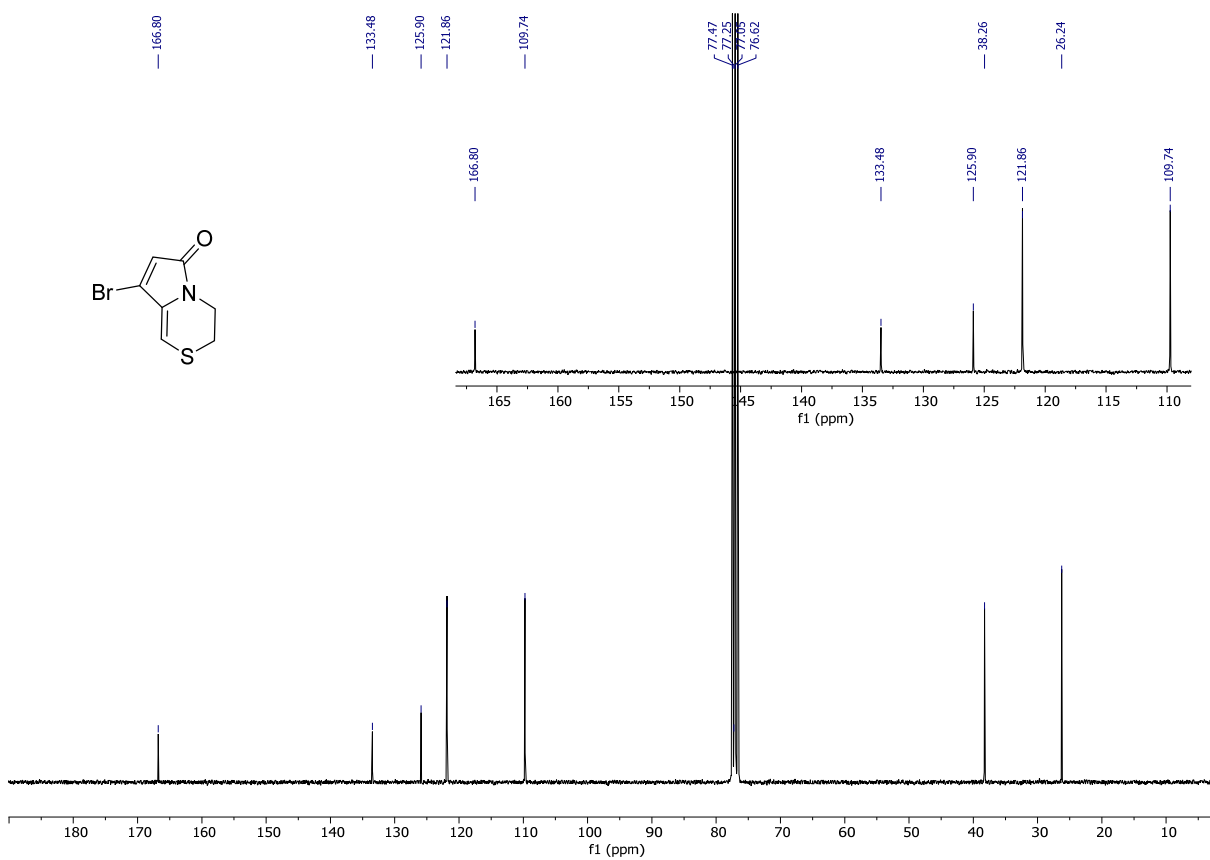
¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 7cA



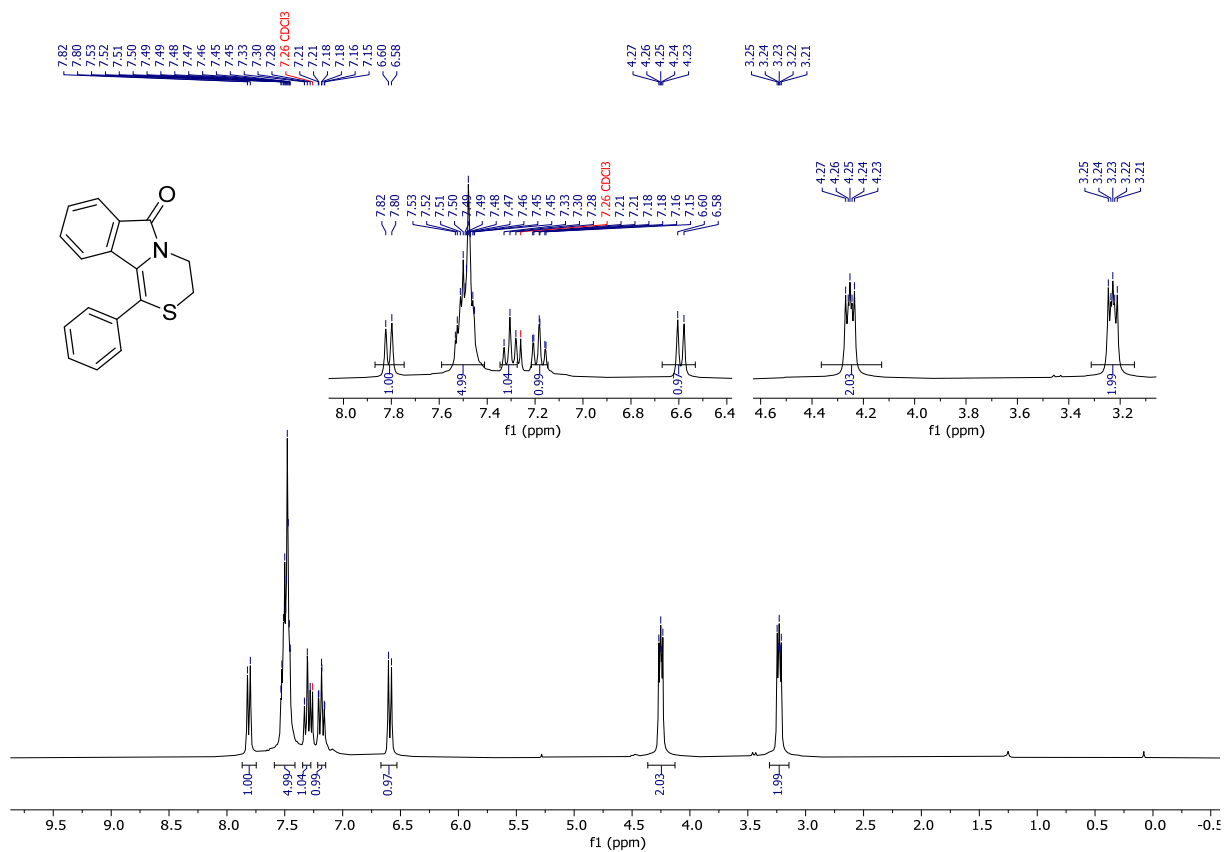




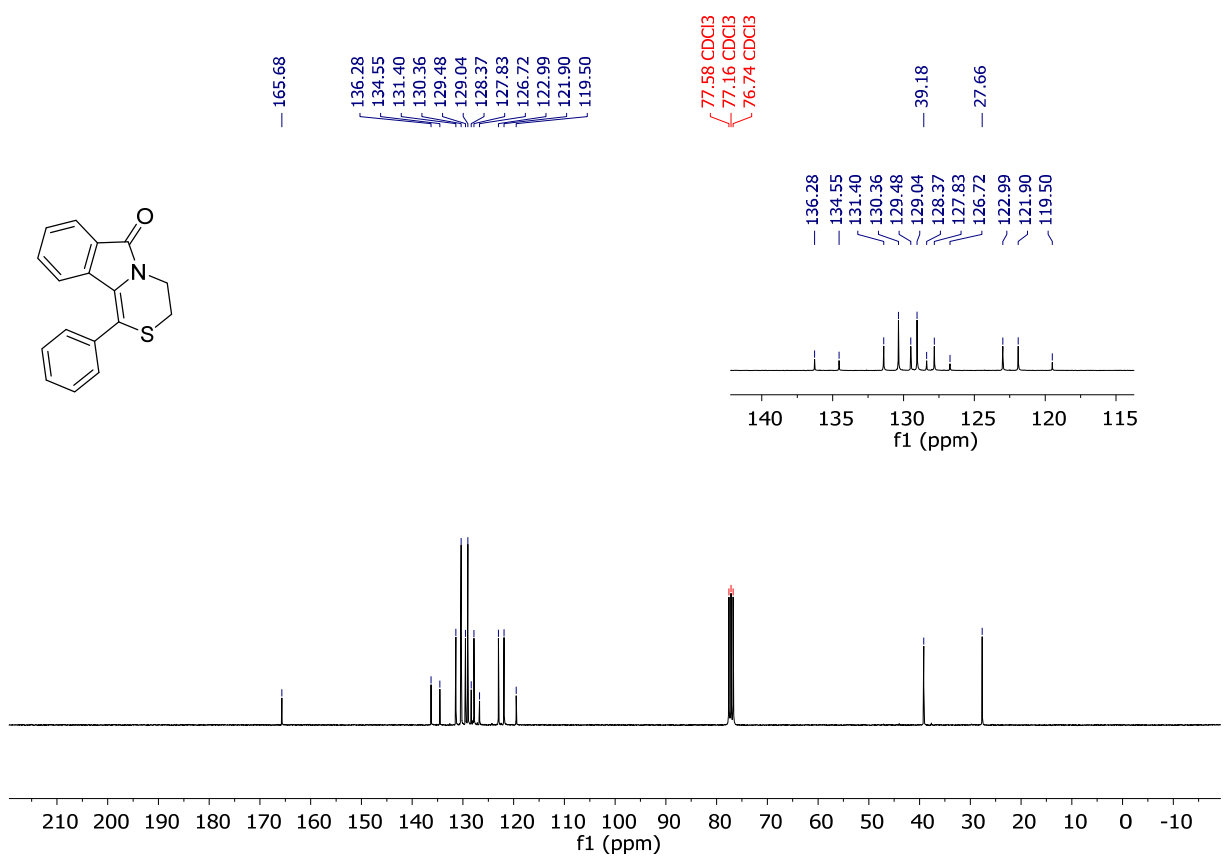
¹H NMR spectrum of compound 7dB



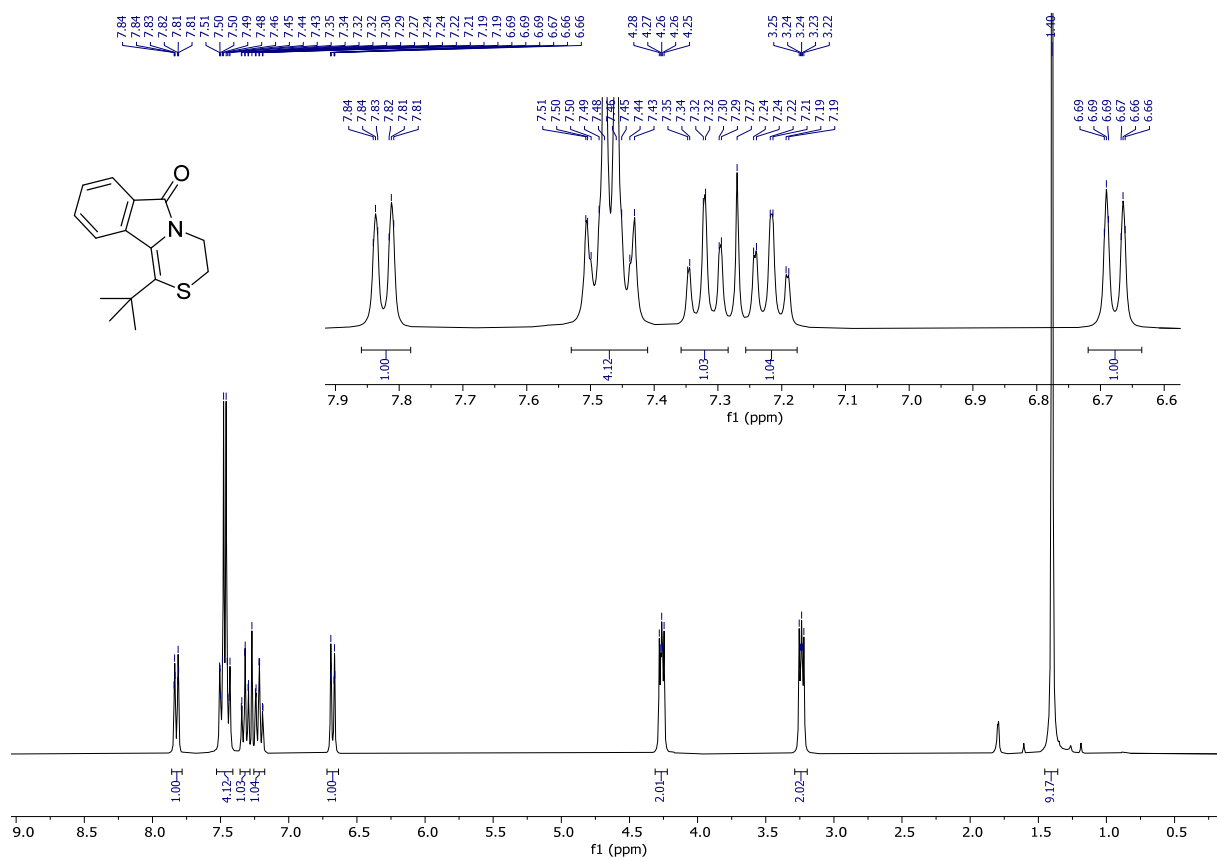
¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 7dB



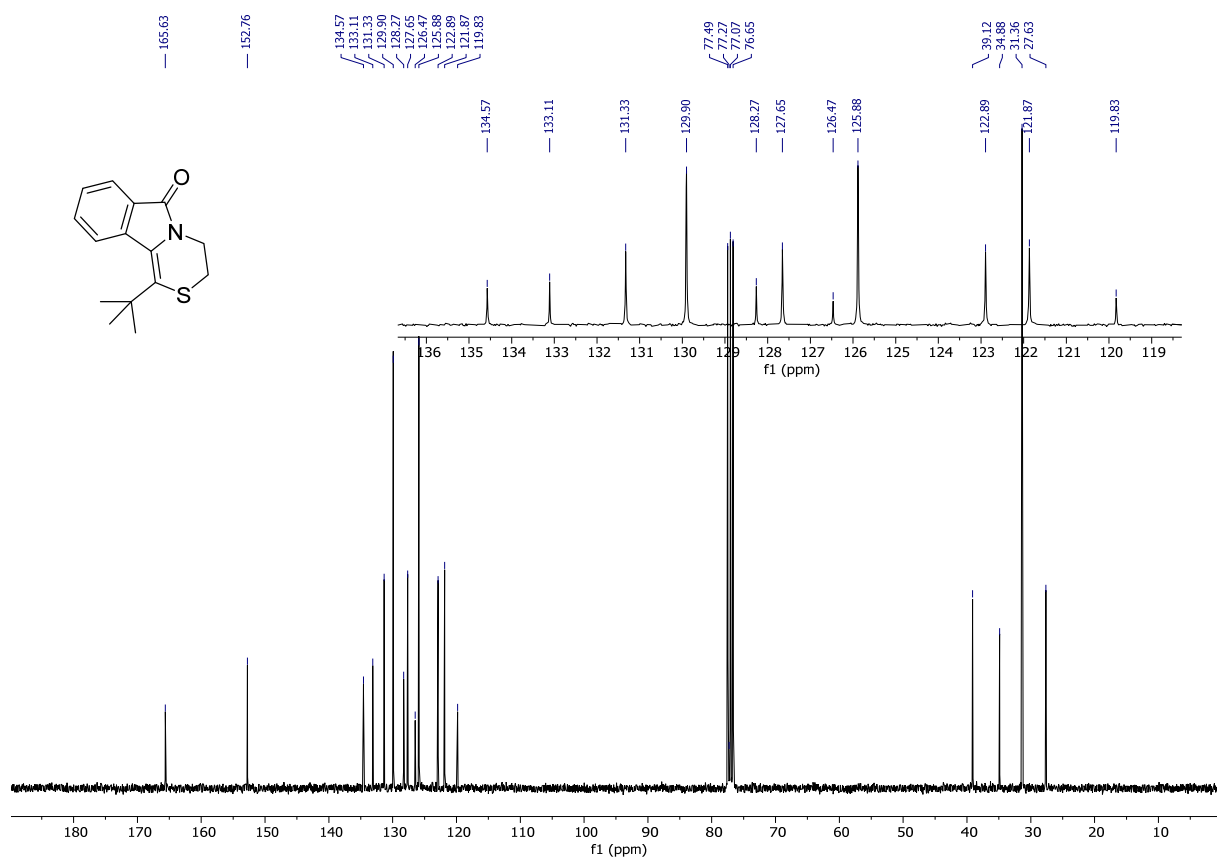
¹H NMR spectrum of compound 8a



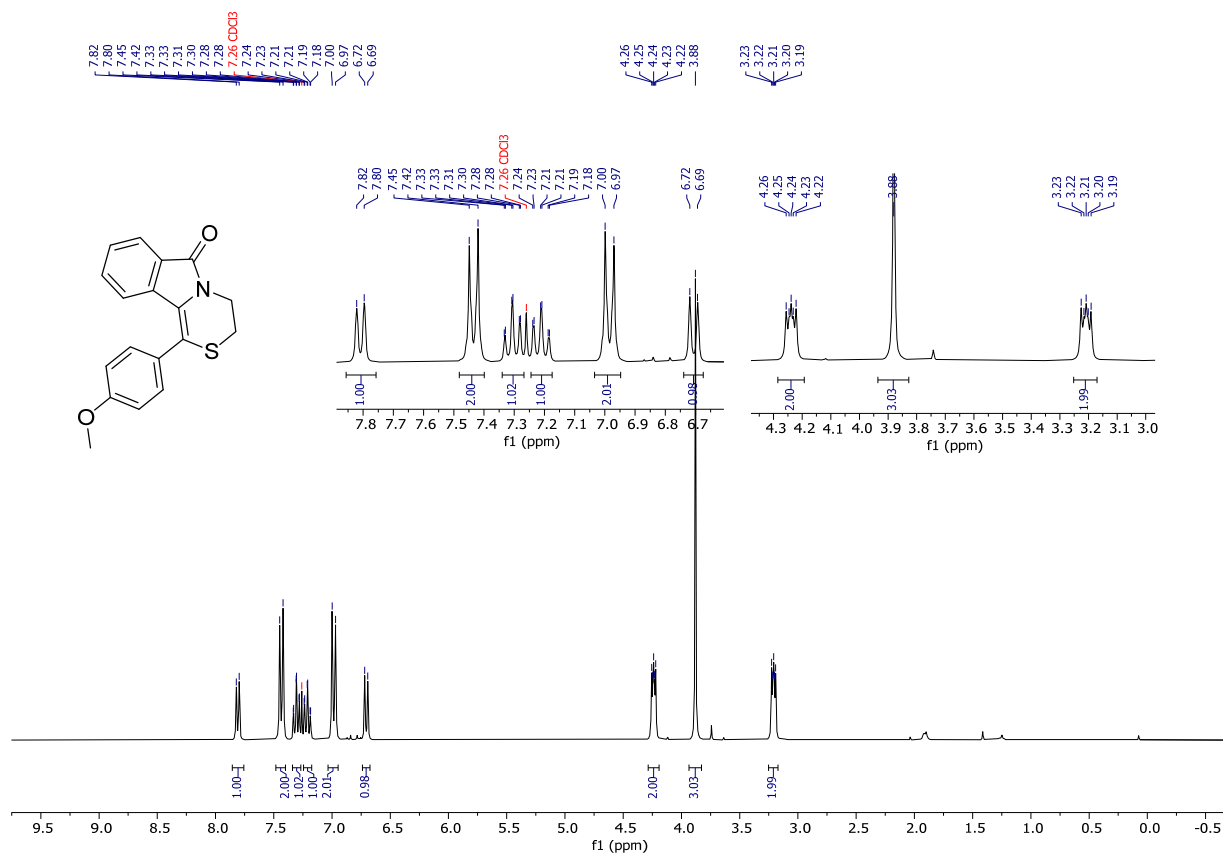
¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 8a



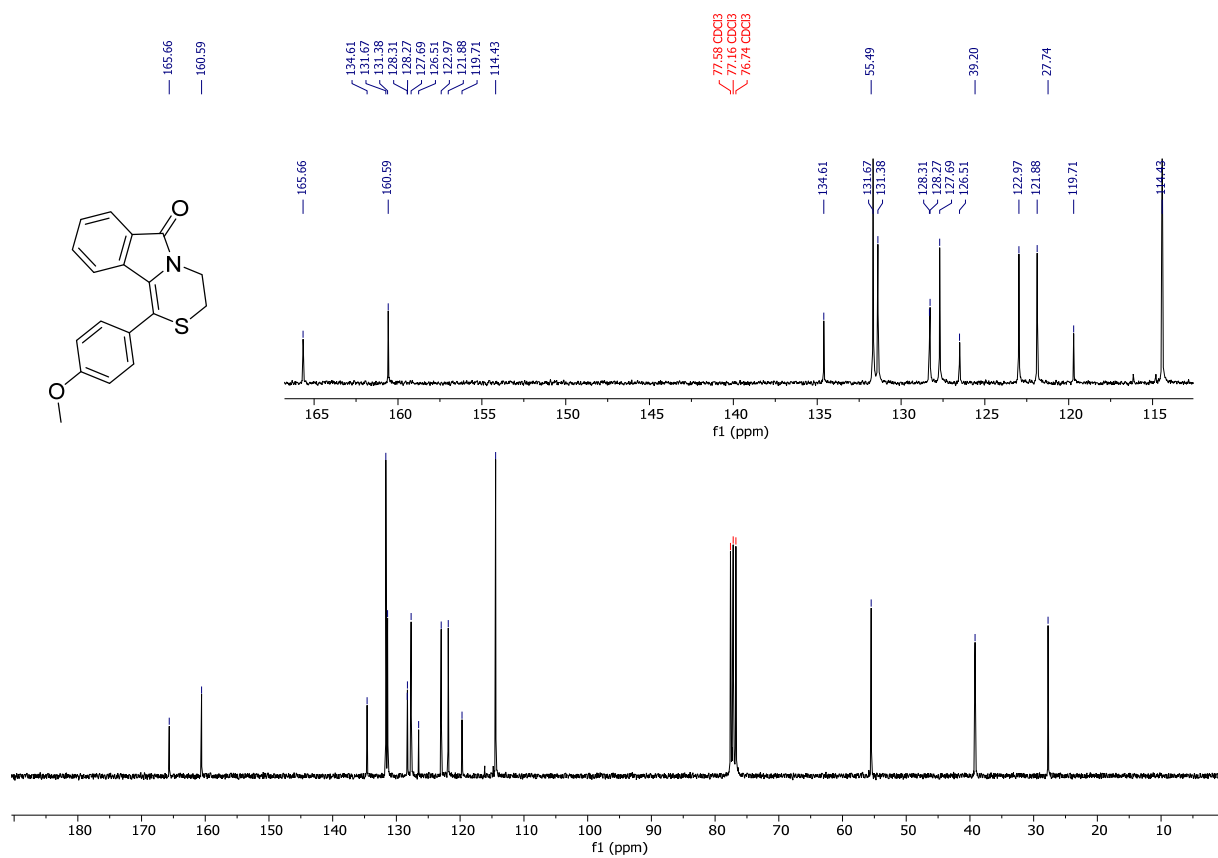
¹H NMR spectrum of compound 8b



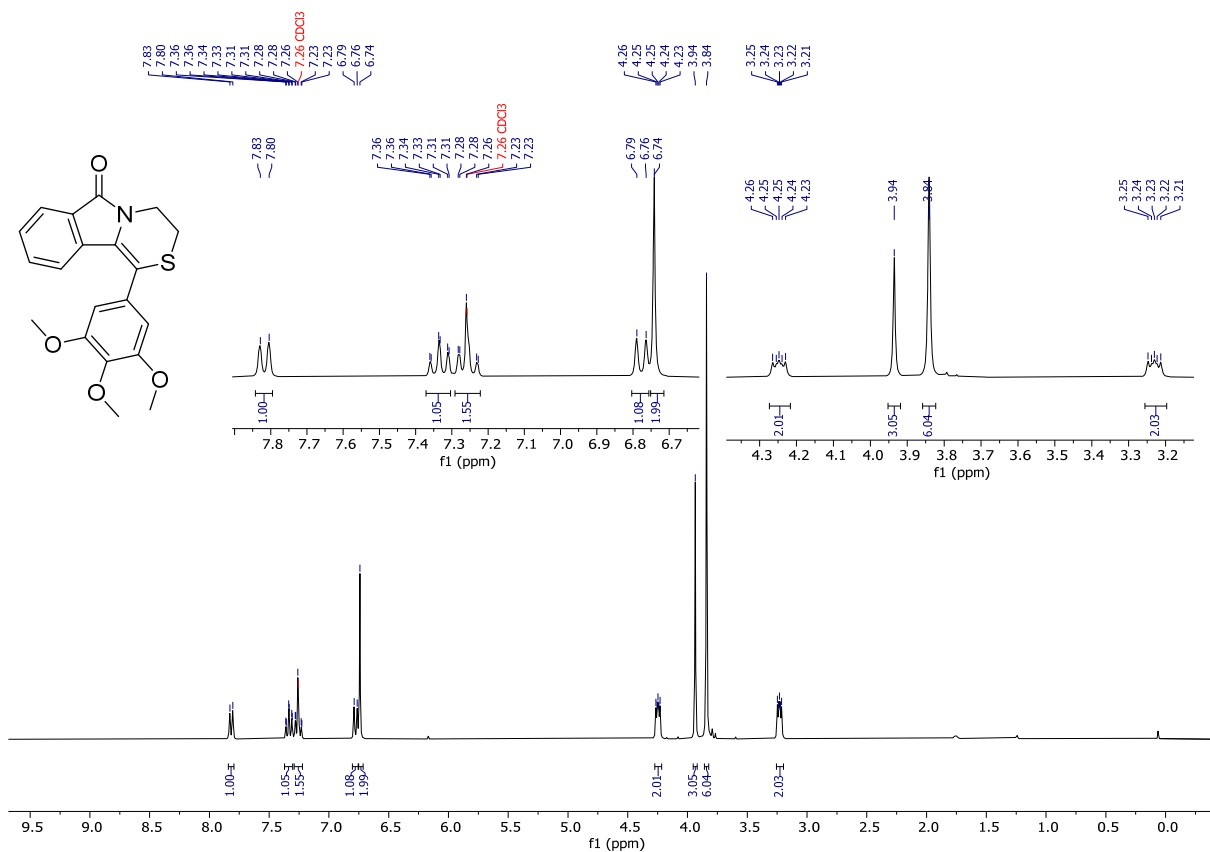
¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 8b



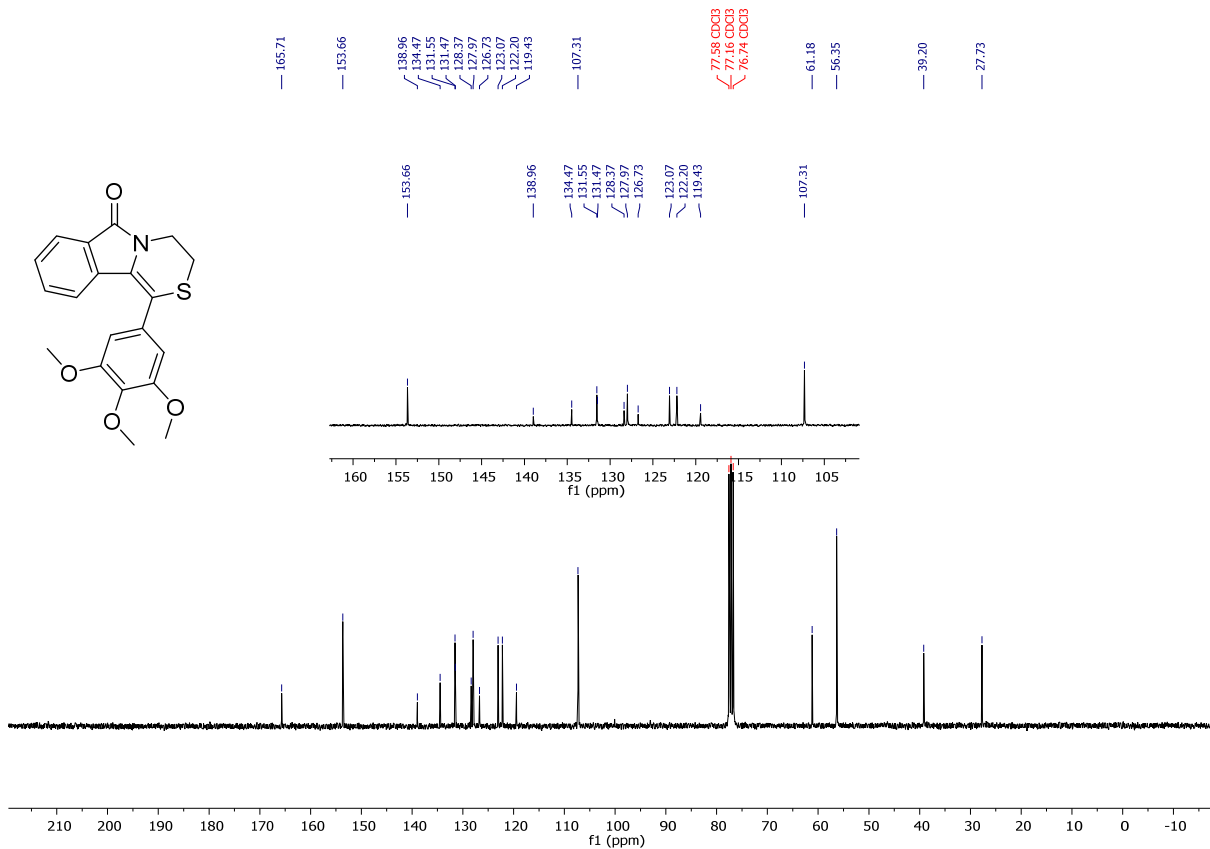
¹H NMR spectrum of compound 8c



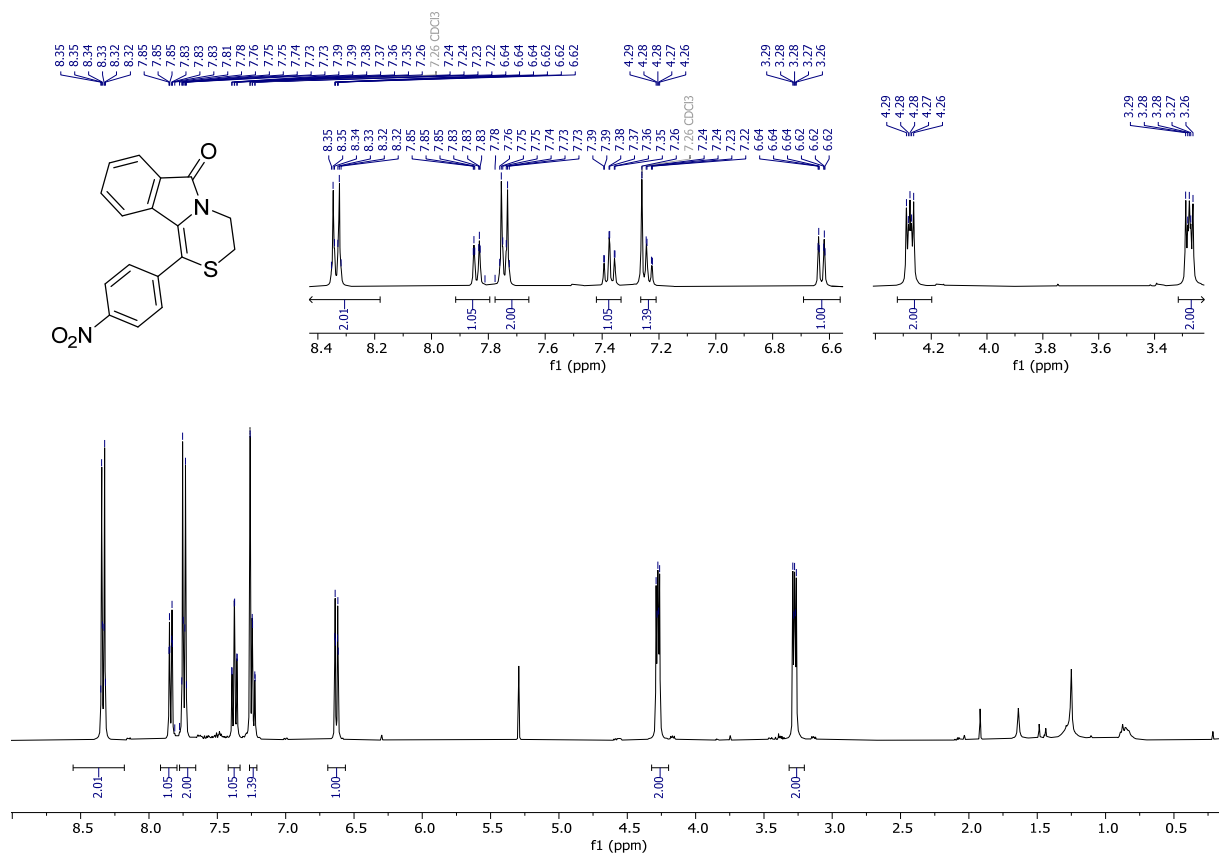
¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 8c



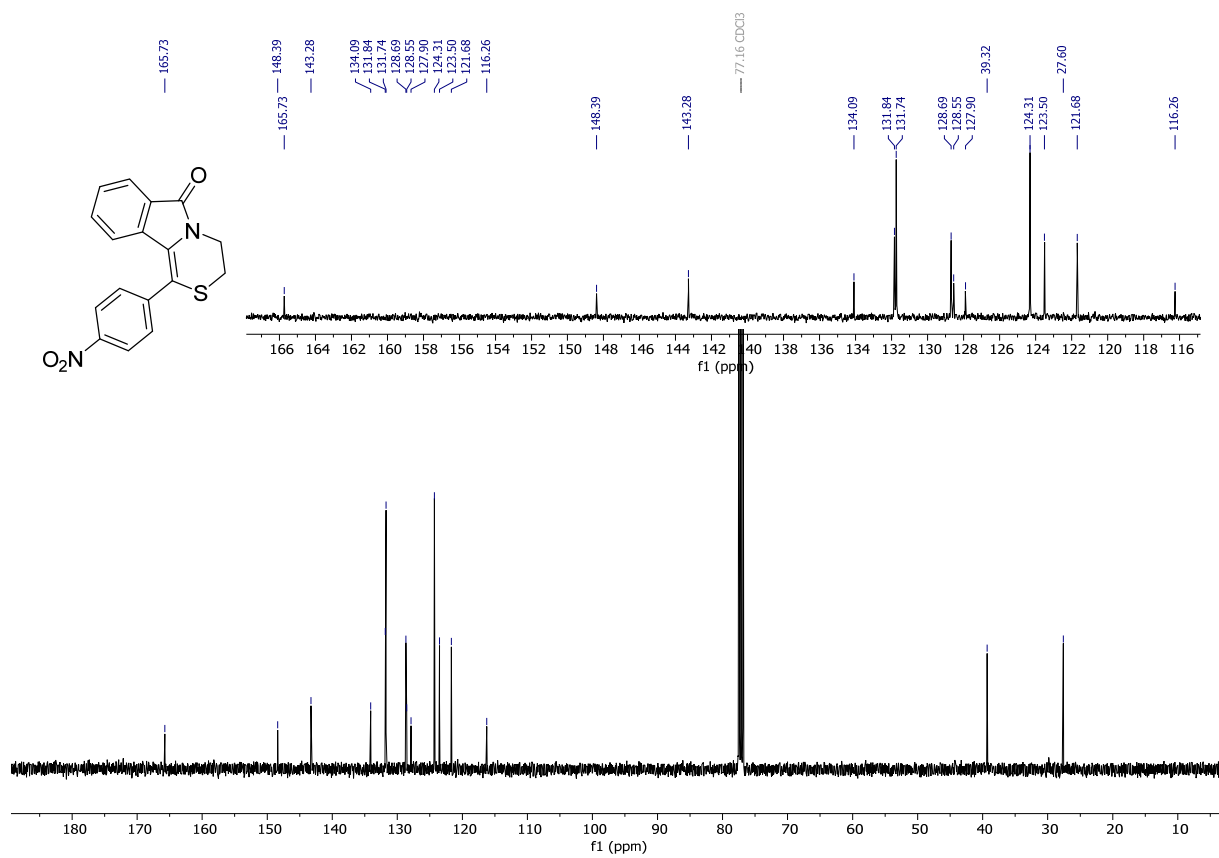
¹H NMR spectrum of compound 8d



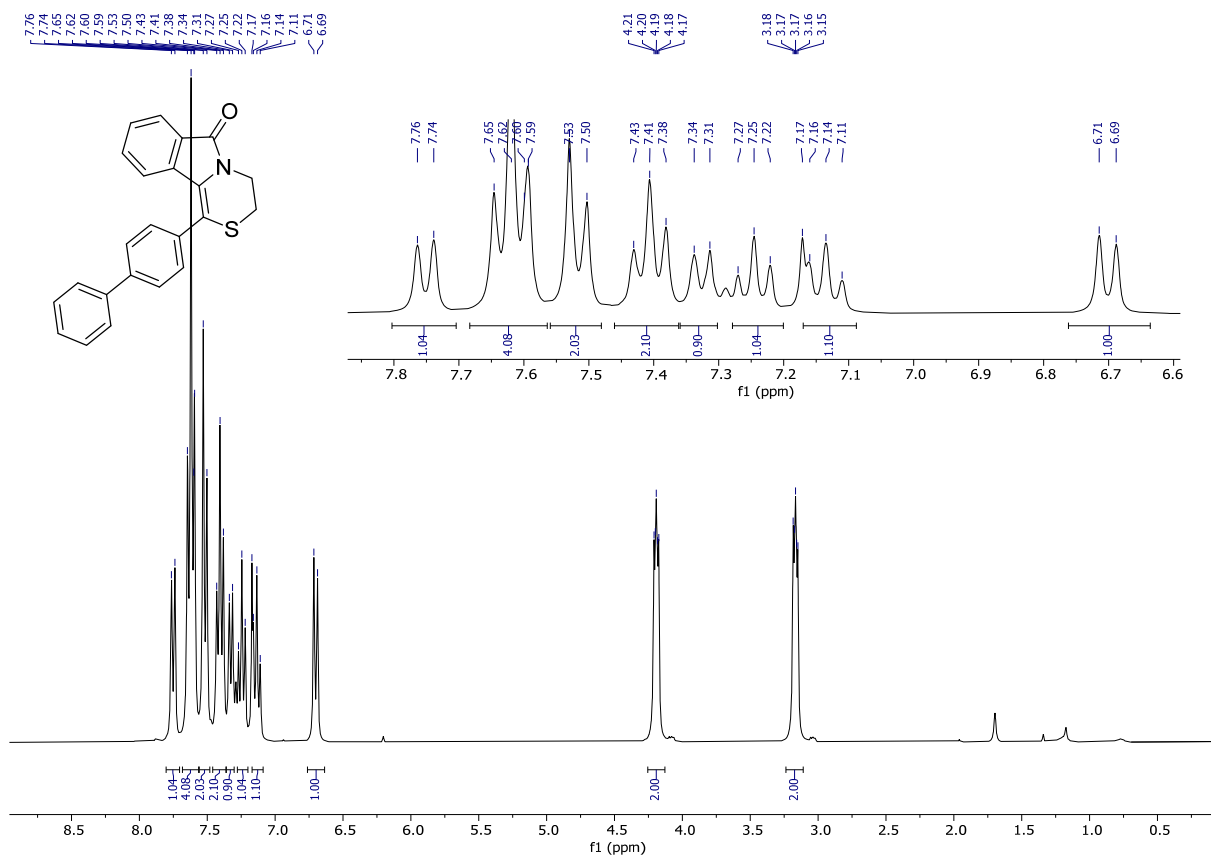
¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 8d



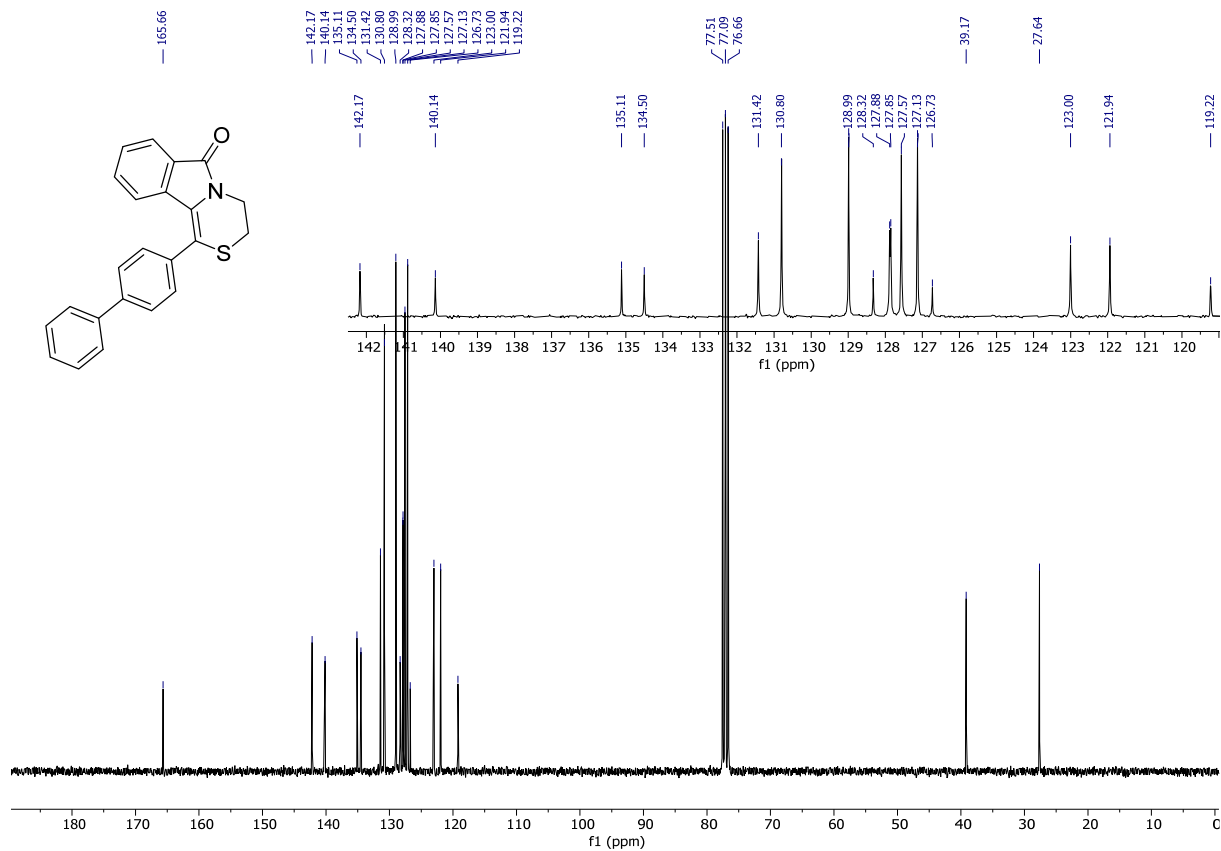
¹H NMR spectrum of compound **8e**



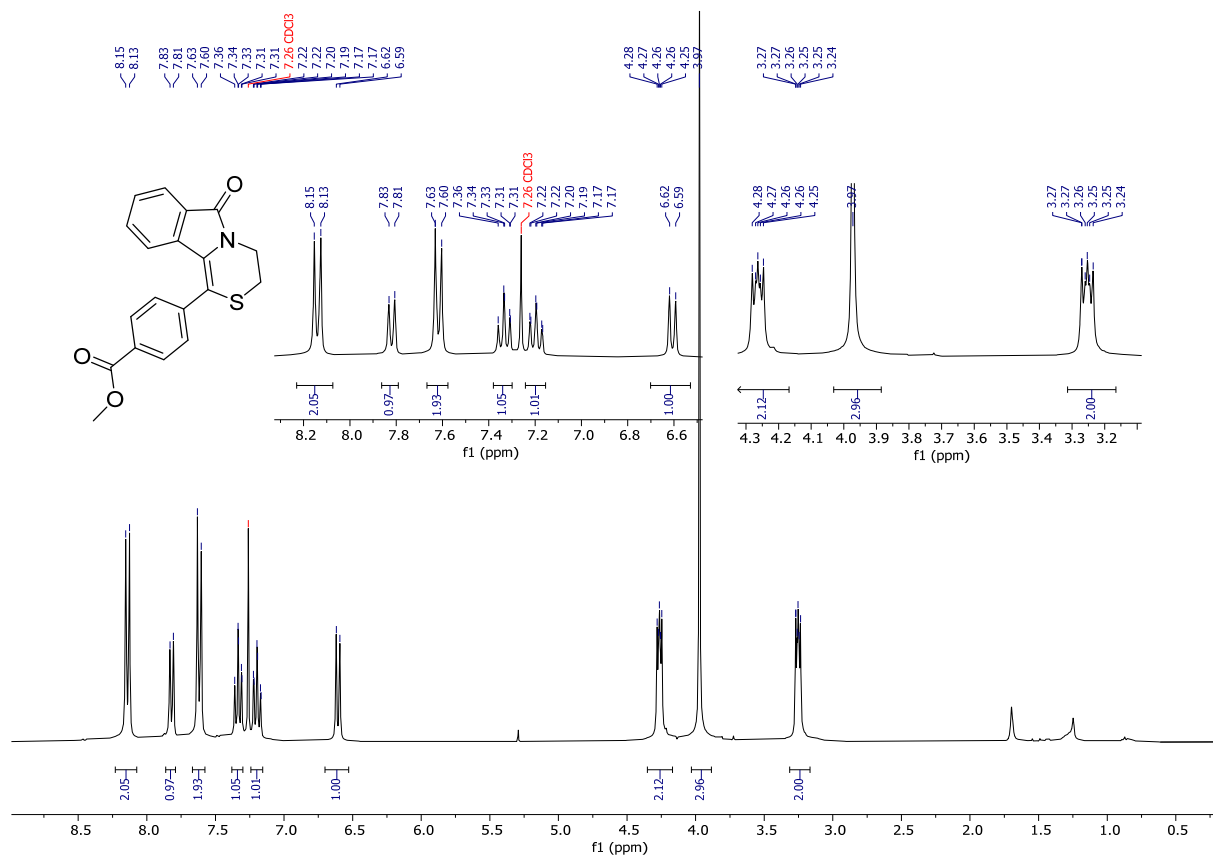
¹³C NMR spectrum of compound **8e**



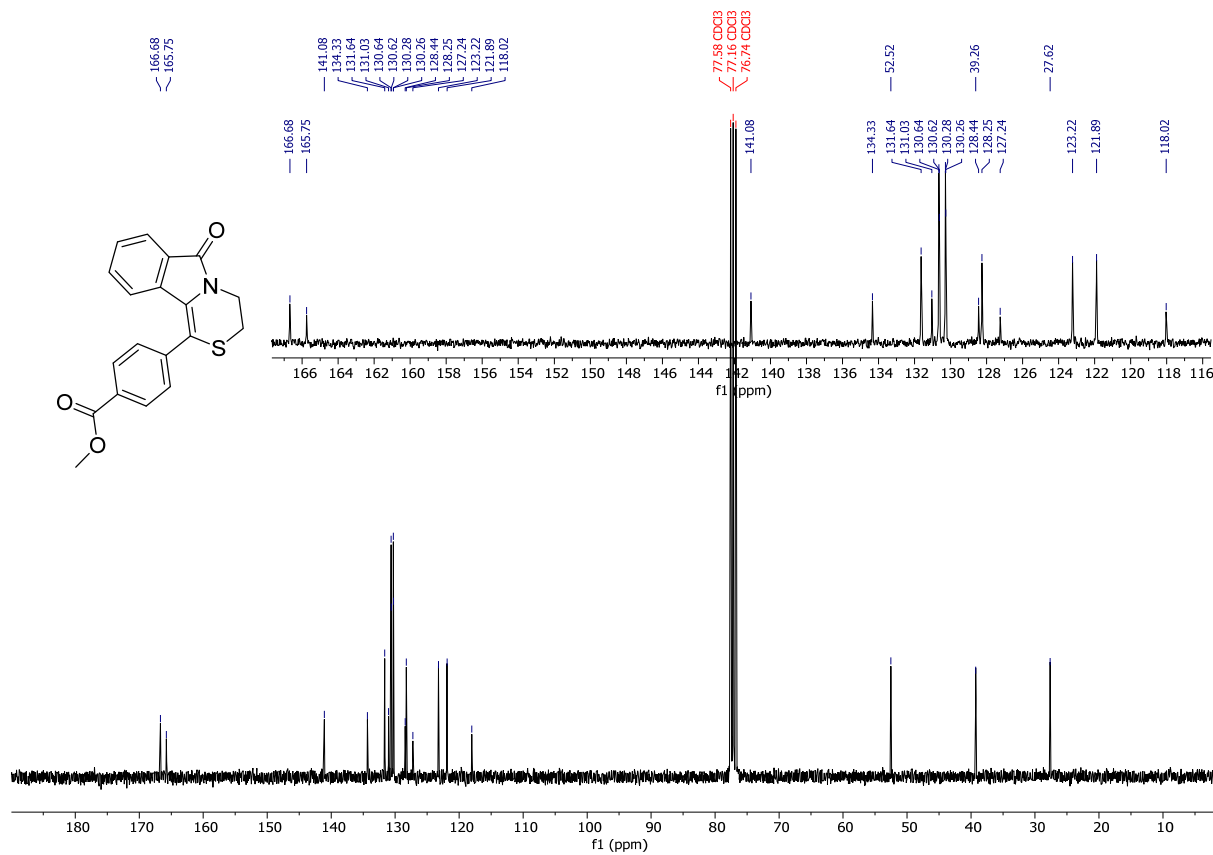
¹H NMR spectrum of compound 8f



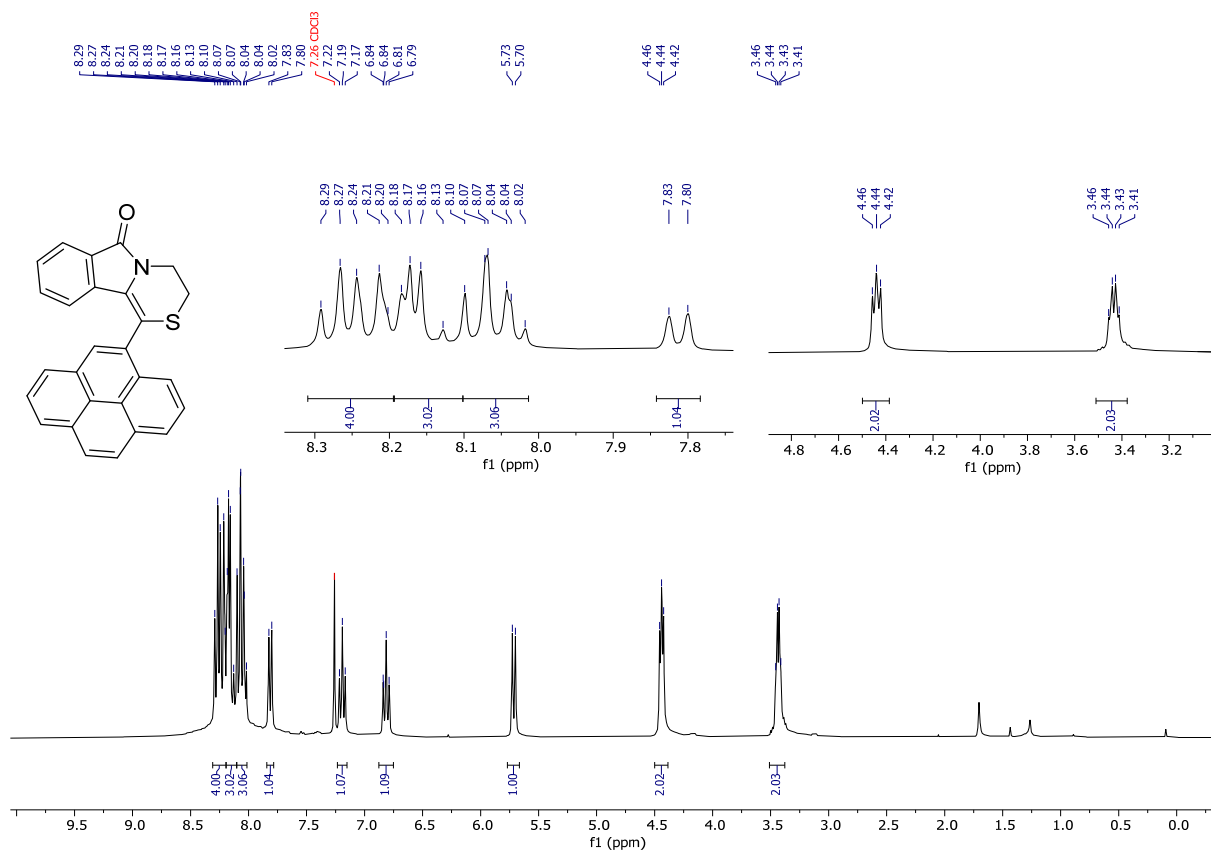
¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 8f



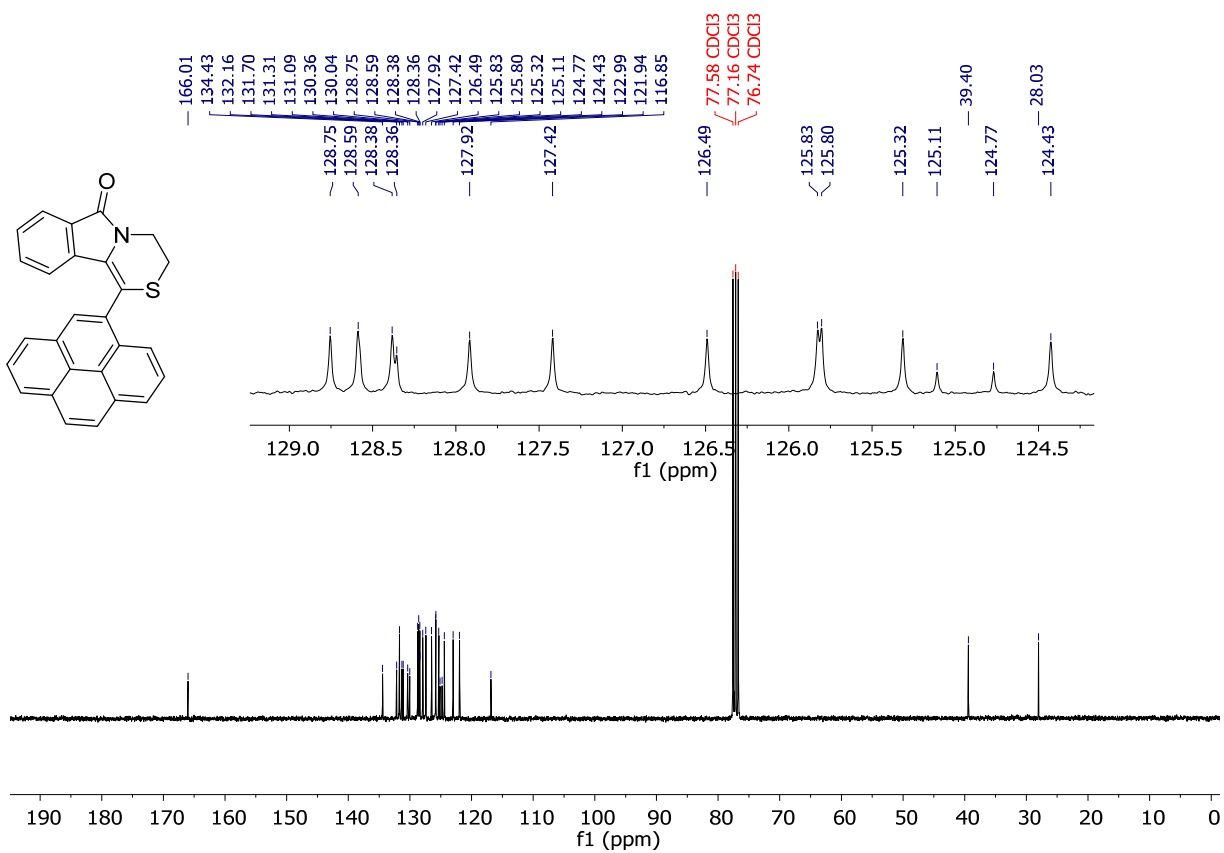
¹H NMR spectrum of compound 8g



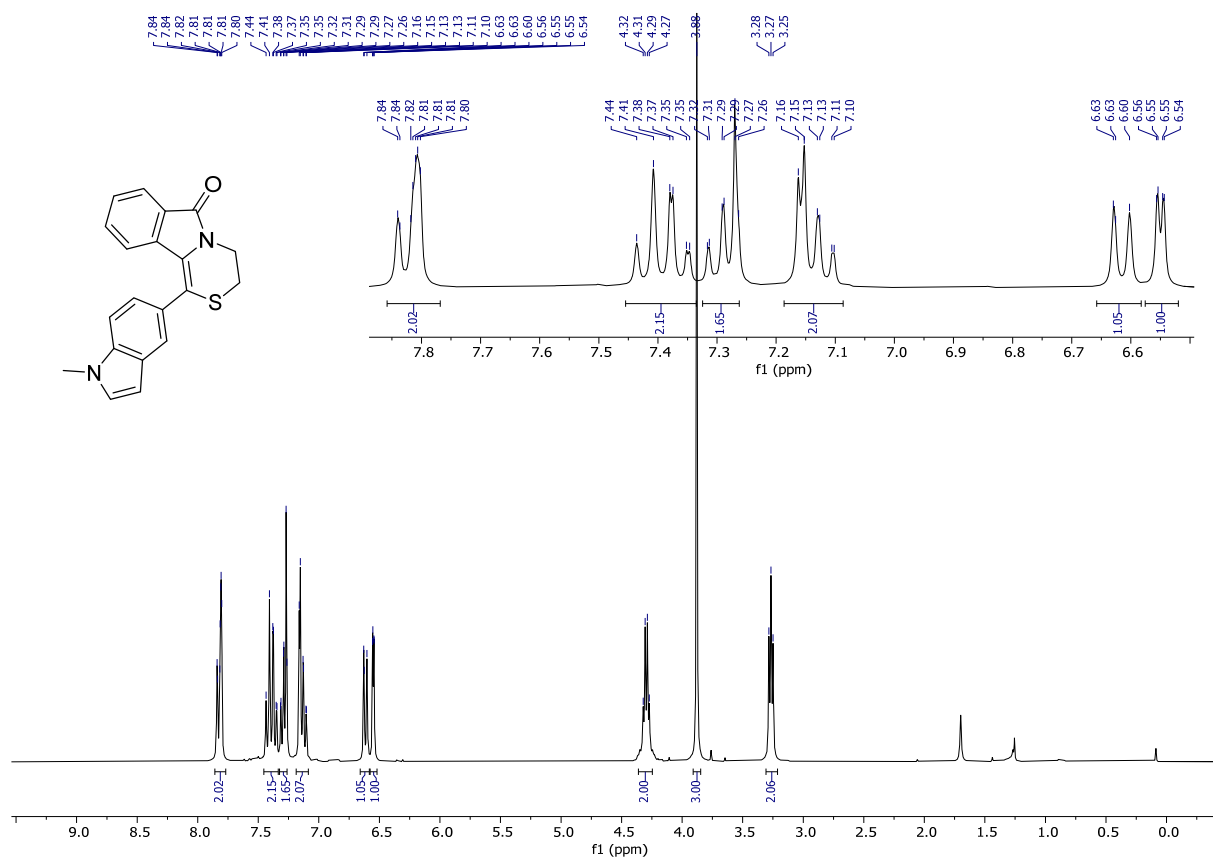
¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 8g



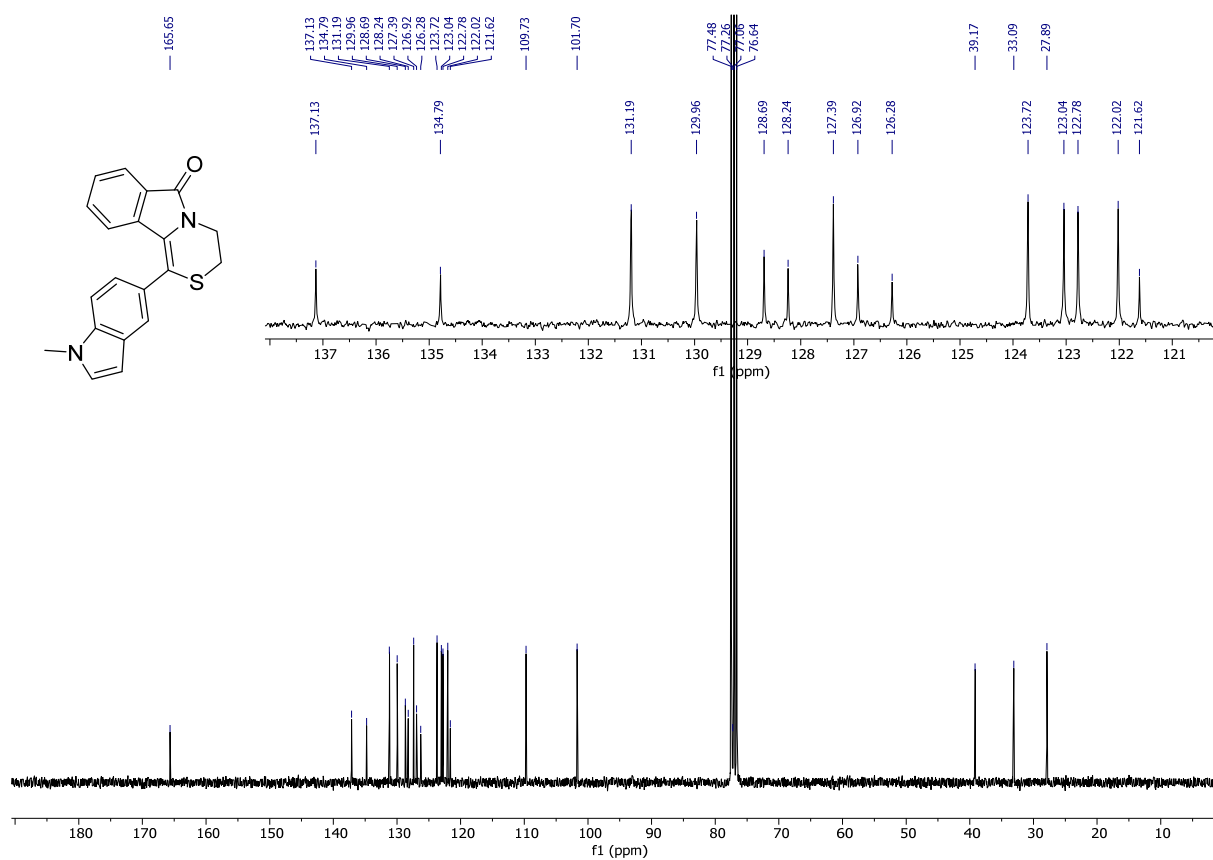
¹H NMR spectrum of compound 8i



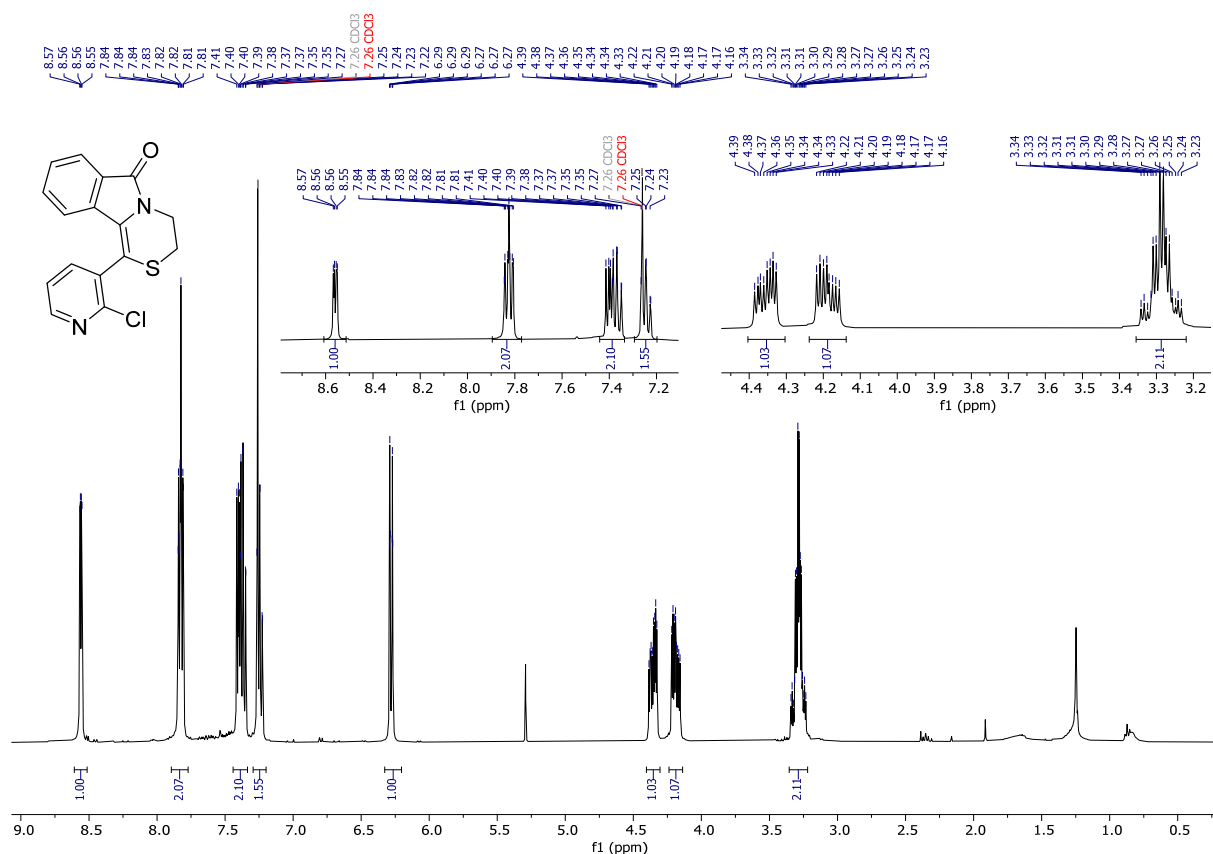
¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 8i



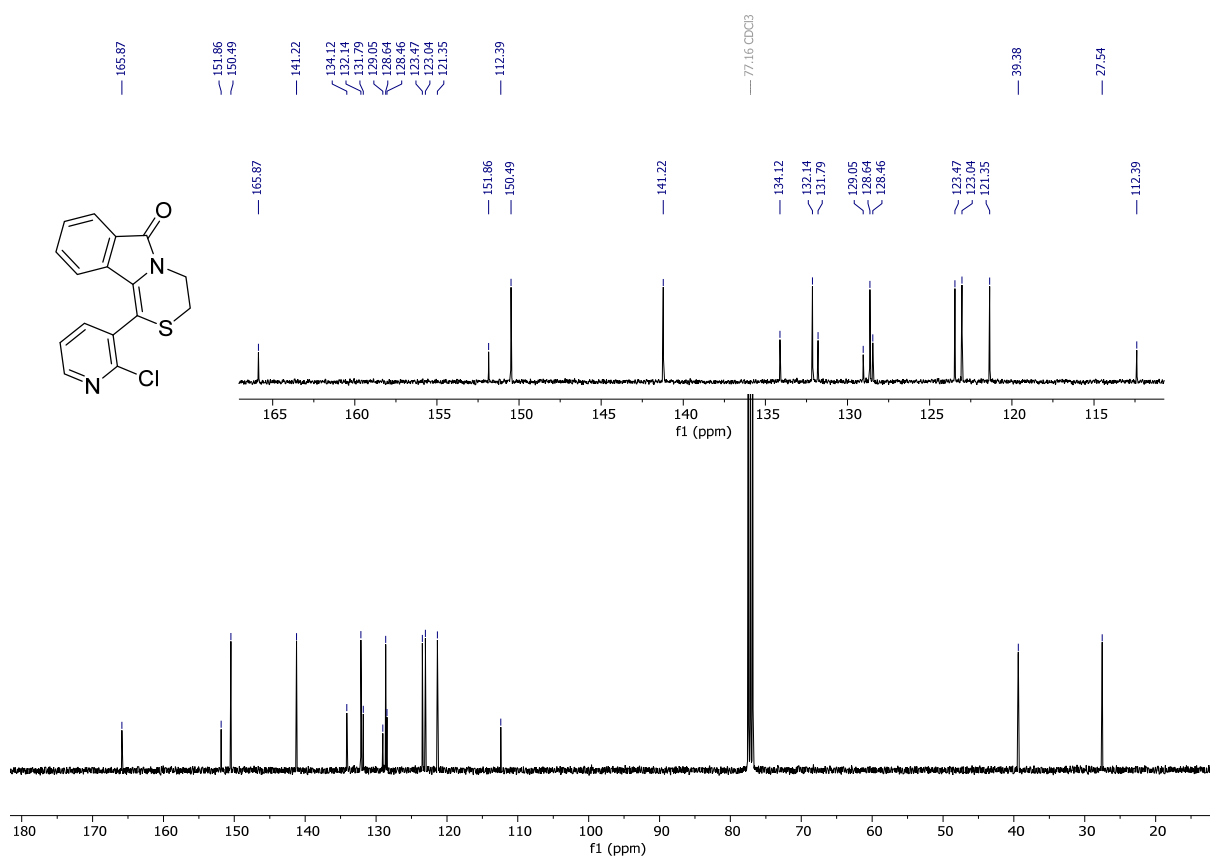
¹H NMR spectrum of compound 8k



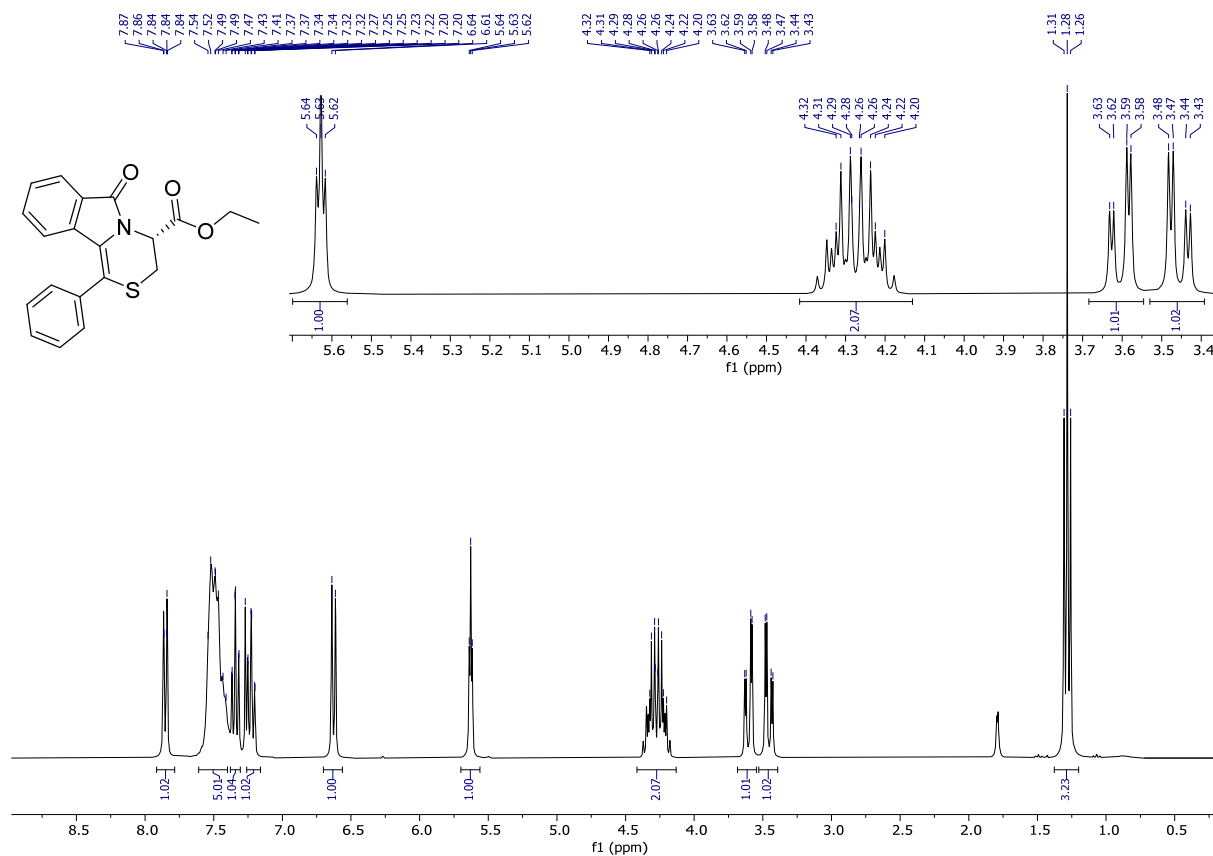
¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 8k



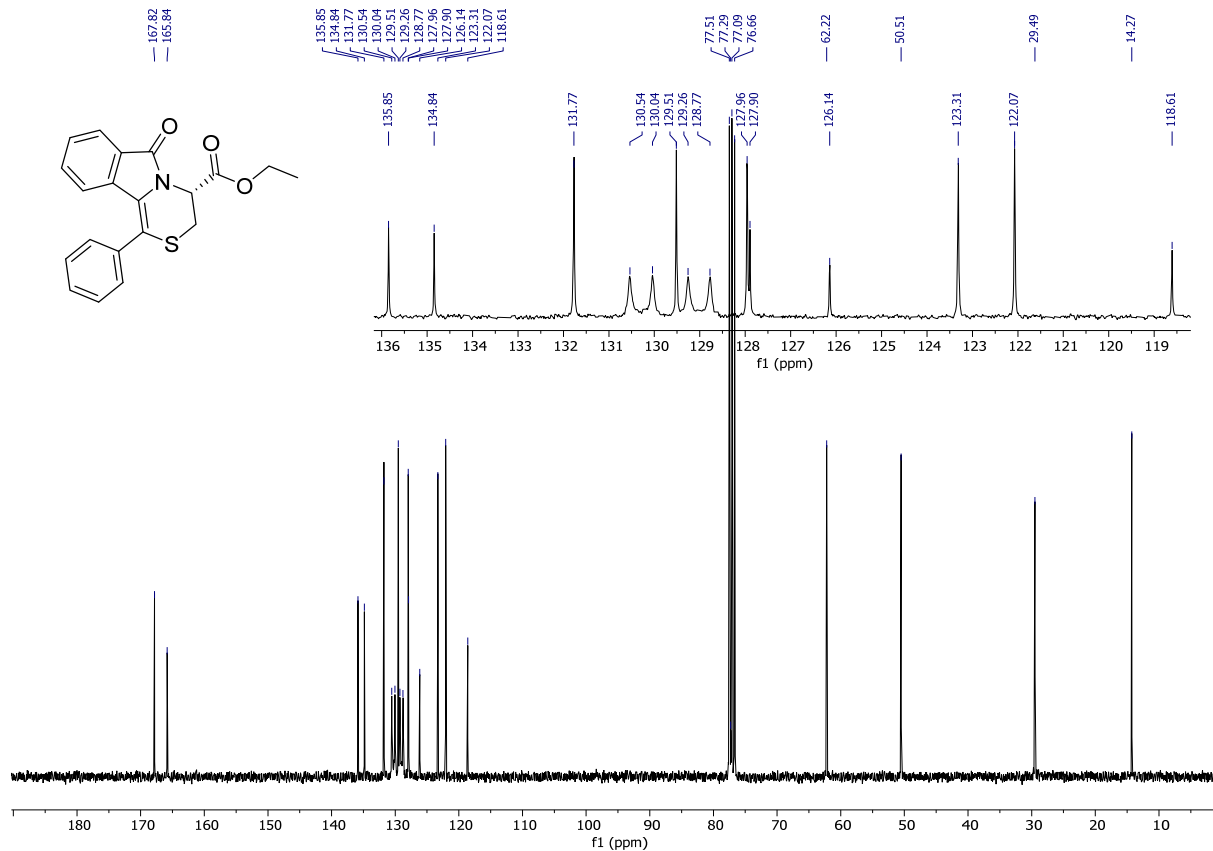
¹H NMR spectrum of compound 81



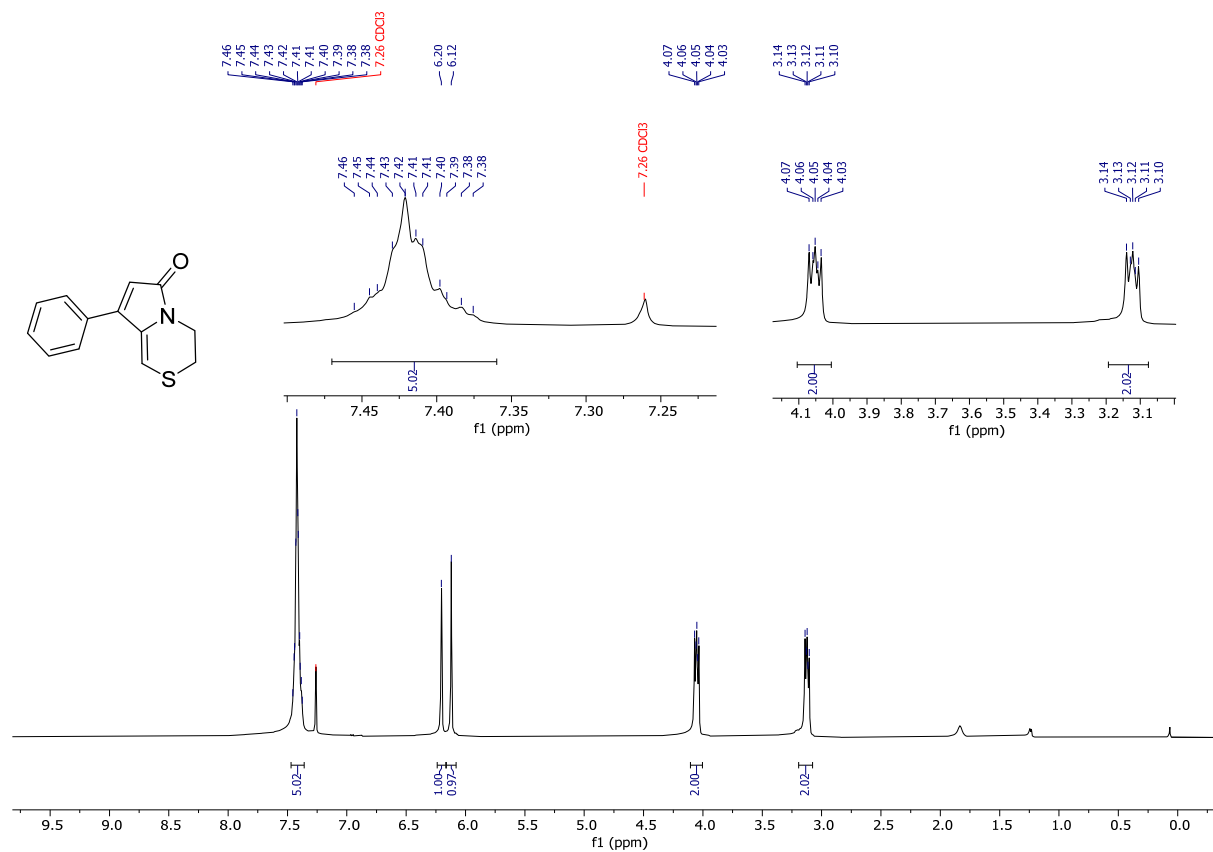
¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 81



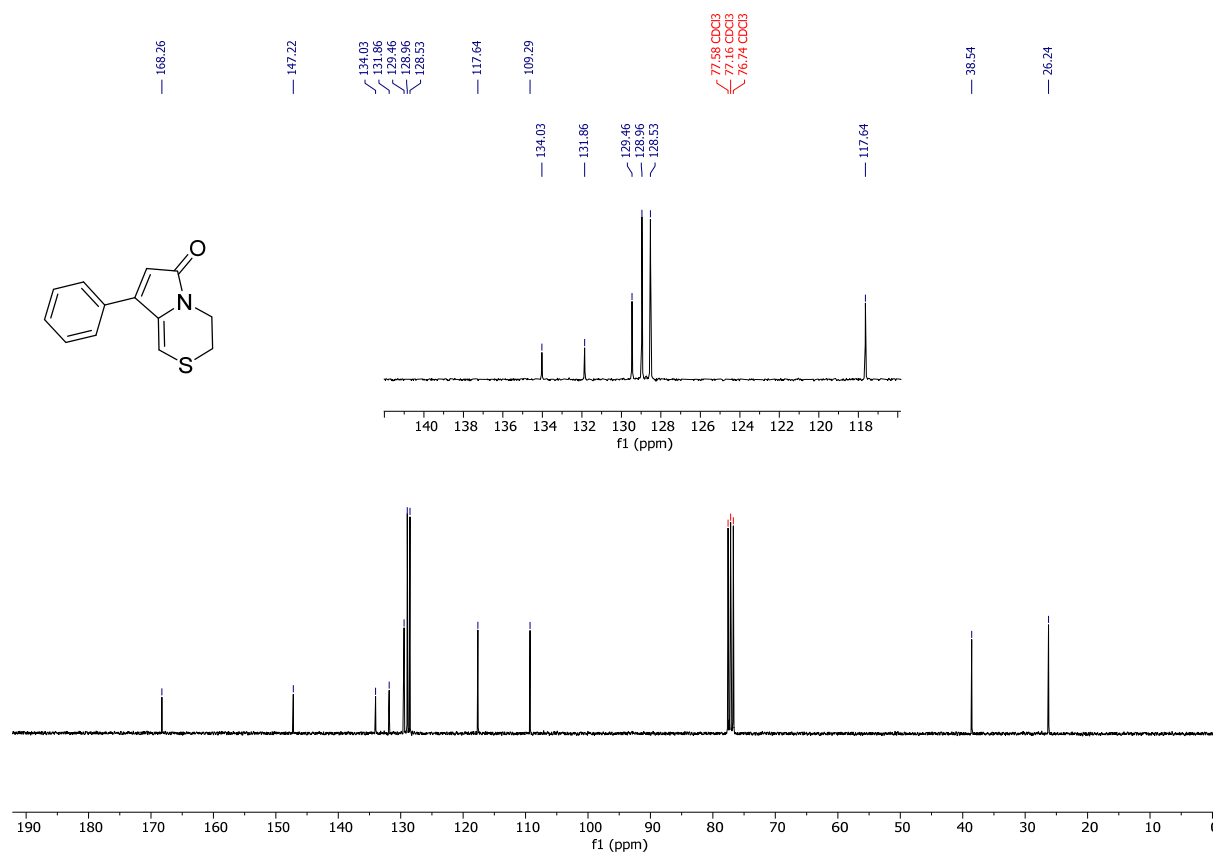
¹H NMR spectrum of compound 8m



¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 8m



¹H NMR spectrum of compound 8o



¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 8o

XI. Structural crystallographic data

checkCIF/PLATON report

Structure factors have been supplied for datablock(s) fd1551

THIS REPORT IS FOR GUIDANCE ONLY. IF USED AS PART OF A REVIEW PROCEDURE FOR PUBLICATION, IT SHOULD NOT REPLACE THE EXPERTISE OF AN EXPERIENCED CRYSTALLOGRAPHIC REFEREE.

No syntax errors found. CIF dictionary Interpreting this report

Datablock: fd1551 (Product 7dB)

Bond precision: C-C = 0.0036 Å Wavelength=1.54186

Cell: a=12.0292 (4) b=4.1018 (1) c=15.6950 (4)
 alpha=90 beta=92.149 (2) gamma=90

Temperature: 100 K

	Calculated	Reported
Volume	773.87 (4)	773.87 (4)
Space group	P 21/c	P 1 21/c 1
Hall group	-P 2ybc	-P 2ybc
Moiety formula	C7 H6 Br N O S	C7 H6 Br N O S
Sum formula	C7 H6 Br N O S	C7 H6 Br N O S
Mr	232.09	232.10
Dx, g cm ⁻³	1.992	1.992
Z	4	4
Mu (mm ⁻¹)	9.242	9.242
F000	456.0	456.0
F000'	455.45	
h, k, lmax	14, 5, 19	14, 5, 18
Nref	1508	1465
Tmin, Tmax	0.304, 0.630	0.065, 0.214
Tmin'	0.045	

Correction method= # Reported T Limits: Tmin=0.065 Tmax=0.214
AbsCorr = MULTI-SCAN

Data completeness= 0.971 Theta(max)= 72.162

R(reflections)= 0.0313 (1439)

wR2(reflections)=
0.0825 (1465)

S = 1.070

Npar= 100

The following ALERTS were generated. Each ALERT has the format

test-name_ALERT_alert-type_alert-level.

Click on the hyperlinks for more details of the test.

Alert level C

PLAT911_ALERT_3_C Missing FCF Refl Between Thmin & STh/L= 0.600 10 Report
-10 3 6, -10 3 7, -8 3 8, 5 0 16, 6 0 16, 6 1 16,
7 0 16, -1 0 18, 2 0 18, 3 0 18,

Alert level G

PLAT912_ALERT_4_G Missing # of FCF Reflections Above STh/L= 0.600 33 Note
PLAT941_ALERT_3_G Average HKL Measurement Multiplicity 4.7 Low
PLAT969_ALERT_5_G The 'Henn et al.' R-Factor-gap value 7.036 Note
Predicted wR2: Based on SigI**2 1.17 or SHELX Weight 7.71
PLAT978_ALERT_2_G Number C-C Bonds with Positive Residual Density. 3 Info

- 0 **ALERT level A** = Most likely a serious problem - resolve or explain
- 0 **ALERT level B** = A potentially serious problem, consider carefully
- 1 **ALERT level C** = Check. Ensure it is not caused by an omission or oversight
- 4 **ALERT level G** = General information/check it is not something unexpected

- 0 ALERT type 1 CIF construction/syntax error, inconsistent or missing data
 - 1 ALERT type 2 Indicator that the structure model may be wrong or deficient
 - 2 ALERT type 3 Indicator that the structure quality may be low
 - 1 ALERT type 4 Improvement, methodology, query or suggestion
 - 1 ALERT type 5 Informative message, check
-
-

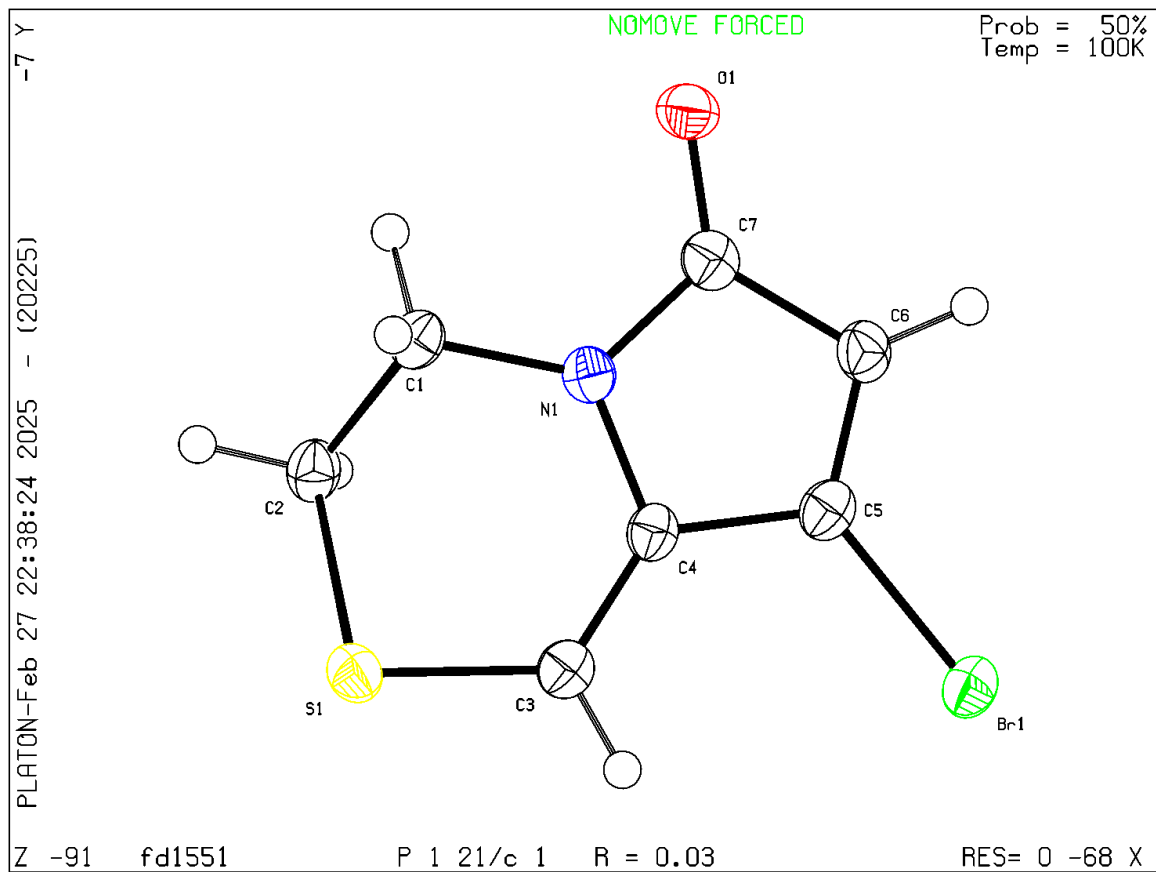
It is advisable to attempt to resolve as many as possible of the alerts in all categories. Often the minor alerts point to easily fixed oversights, errors and omissions in your CIF or refinement strategy, so attention to these fine details can be worthwhile. In order to resolve some of the more serious problems it may be necessary to carry out additional measurements or structure refinements. However, the purpose of your study may justify the reported deviations and the more serious of these should normally be commented upon in the discussion or experimental section of a paper or in the "special_details" fields of the CIF. checkCIF was carefully designed to identify outliers and unusual parameters, but every test has its limitations and alerts that are not important in a particular case may appear. Conversely, the absence of alerts does not guarantee there are no aspects of the results needing attention. It is up to the individual to critically assess their own results and, if necessary, seek expert advice.

Publication of your CIF in IUCr journals

A basic structural check has been run on your CIF. These basic checks will be run on all CIFs submitted for publication in IUCr journals (*Acta Crystallographica*, *Journal of Applied Crystallography*, *Journal of Synchrotron Radiation*); however, if you intend to submit to *Acta Crystallographica Section C* or *E* or *IUCrData*, you should make sure that full publication checks are run on the final version of your CIF prior to submission.

Publication of your CIF in other journals

Please refer to the *Notes for Authors* of the relevant journal for any special instructions relating to CIF submission.



checkCIF/PLATON report

Structure factors have been supplied for datablock(s) shs_6530_algh_auto

THIS REPORT IS FOR GUIDANCE ONLY. IF USED AS PART OF A REVIEW PROCEDURE FOR PUBLICATION, IT SHOULD NOT REPLACE THE EXPERTISE OF AN EXPERIENCED CRYSTALLOGRAPHIC REFEREE.

No syntax errors found. CIF dictionary Interpreting this report

Datablock: shs_6530_algh_auto (Prodcut 8b)

Bond precision: C-C = 0.0047 A

Wavelength=0.71073

Cell: a=9.8420 (7)
 alpha=108.055 (6)

 b=13.3225 (9)
 beta=93.614 (6)

 c=15.5328 (12)
 gamma=108.512 (6)

Temperature: 293 K

	Calculated	Reported
Volume	1806.5 (3)	1806.5 (2)
Space group	P -1	P -1
Hall group	-P 1	-P 1
Moiety formula	C21 H21 N O S	2 (C21 H21 N O S)
Sum formula	C42 H42 N2 O2 S2	
Mr	335.45	670.89
Dx, g cm ⁻³	1.233	1.233
Z	4	2
Mu (mm ⁻¹)	0.186	0.186
F000	712.0	712.0
F000'	712.75	
h, k, lmax	11, 15, 18	11, 15, 18
Nref	6397	6394
Tmin, Tmax	0.989, 0.991	
Tmin'	0.982	

Correction method= Not given

Data completeness= 1.000

Theta (max)= 25.026

R(reflections)= 0.0608 (3637)

wR2(reflections)=
0.1383 (6394)

S = 1.013

Npar= 441

The following ALERTS were generated. Each ALERT has the format

test-name_ALERT_alert-type_alert-level.

Click on the hyperlinks for more details of the test.

● **Alert level C**

PLAT041_ALERT_1_C	Calc. and Reported SumFormula	Strings Differ	Please Check
	Calc: C21 H21 N O S		
	Rep.: C42 H42 N2 O2 S2		
PLAT042_ALERT_1_C	Calc. and Reported MoietyFormula	Strings Differ	Please Check
	Calc: C21 H21 N O S		
	Rep.: 2(C21 H21 N O S)		
PLAT052_ALERT_1_C	Info on Absorption Correction Method	Not Given	Please Do !
PLAT230_ALERT_2_C	Hirshfeld Test Diff for C18A	--C20A	6.0 s.u.
PLAT242_ALERT_2_C	Low 'MainMol' Ueq as Compared to Neighbors of		C18B Check
PLAT242_ALERT_2_C	Low 'MainMol' Ueq as Compared to Neighbors of		C18A Check
PLAT340_ALERT_3_C	Low Bond Precision on C-C Bonds		0.00474 Ang.
PLAT906_ALERT_3_C	Large K Value in the Analysis of Variance		15.496 Check
PLAT906_ALERT_3_C	Large K Value in the Analysis of Variance		3.455 Check
PLAT911_ALERT_3_C	Missing FCF Refl Between Thmin & STh/L=	0.595	2 Report
	1 -7 2, 1 -2 5,		

● **Alert level G**

PLAT002_ALERT_2_G	Number of Distance or Angle Restraints on AtSite		7 Note
PLAT045_ALERT_1_G	Calculated and Reported Z Differ by a Factor ...		2 Check
PLAT154_ALERT_1_G	The s.u.'s on the Cell Angles are Equal ..(Note)		0.006 Degree
PLAT171_ALERT_4_G	The CIF-Embedded .res File Contains EADP Records		1 Report
PLAT176_ALERT_4_G	The CIF-Embedded .res File Contains SADI Records		1 Report
PLAT191_ALERT_3_G	A Non-default SADI Restraint Value has been used		0.0100 Report
PLAT199_ALERT_1_G	Reported _cell_measurement_temperature	(K)	293 Check
PLAT200_ALERT_1_G	Reported _diffrn_ambient_temperature	(K)	293 Check
PLAT230_ALERT_2_G	Hirshfeld Test Diff for C18B	--C19B	17.3 s.u.
PLAT230_ALERT_2_G	Hirshfeld Test Diff for C18B	--C20B	25.0 s.u.
PLAT230_ALERT_2_G	Hirshfeld Test Diff for C18B	--C21B	14.3 s.u.
PLAT230_ALERT_2_G	Hirshfeld Test Diff for C18B	--C19X	14.7 s.u.
PLAT230_ALERT_2_G	Hirshfeld Test Diff for C18B	--C20X	20.3 s.u.
PLAT230_ALERT_2_G	Hirshfeld Test Diff for C18B	--C21X	23.3 s.u.
PLAT301_ALERT_3_G	Main Residue Disorder	(Resd 1)	13% Note
PLAT412_ALERT_2_G	Short Intra XH3 .. XHn H14B	..H21A	2.11 Ang.
		x,y,z =	1_555 Check
PLAT720_ALERT_4_G	Number of Unusual/Non-Standard Labels		8 Note
	H1BA H1BB H2BA H2BB H1AA H1AB H2AA	H2AB	
PLAT860_ALERT_3_G	Number of Least-Squares Restraints		15 Note
PLAT910_ALERT_3_G	Missing # of FCF Reflection(s) Below Theta(Min).		1 Note
	0 0 1,		
PLAT933_ALERT_2_G	Number of HKL-OMIT Records in Embedded .res File		2 Note
	1 -7 2, 1 -2 5,		
PLAT941_ALERT_3_G	Average HKL Measurement Multiplicity		2.7 Low
PLAT969_ALERT_5_G	The 'Henn et al.' R-Factor-gap value		2.305 Note
	Predicted wR2: Based on SigI**2	6.00 or SHELX Weight	13.66
PLAT978_ALERT_2_G	Number C-C Bonds with Positive Residual Density.		3 Info

0 **ALERT level A** = Most likely a serious problem - resolve or explain

0 **ALERT level B** = A potentially serious problem, consider carefully

10 **ALERT level C** = Check. Ensure it is not caused by an omission or oversight
23 **ALERT level G** = General information/check it is not something unexpected

7 ALERT type 1 CIF construction/syntax error, inconsistent or missing data
13 ALERT type 2 Indicator that the structure model may be wrong or deficient
9 ALERT type 3 Indicator that the structure quality may be low
3 ALERT type 4 Improvement, methodology, query or suggestion
1 ALERT type 5 Informative message, check

It is advisable to attempt to resolve as many as possible of the alerts in all categories. Often the minor alerts point to easily fixed oversights, errors and omissions in your CIF or refinement strategy, so attention to these fine details can be worthwhile. In order to resolve some of the more serious problems it may be necessary to carry out additional measurements or structure refinements. However, the purpose of your study may justify the reported deviations and the more serious of these should normally be commented upon in the discussion or experimental section of a paper or in the "special_details" fields of the CIF. checkCIF was carefully designed to identify outliers and unusual parameters, but every test has its limitations and alerts that are not important in a particular case may appear. Conversely, the absence of alerts does not guarantee there are no aspects of the results needing attention. It is up to the individual to critically assess their own results and, if necessary, seek expert advice.

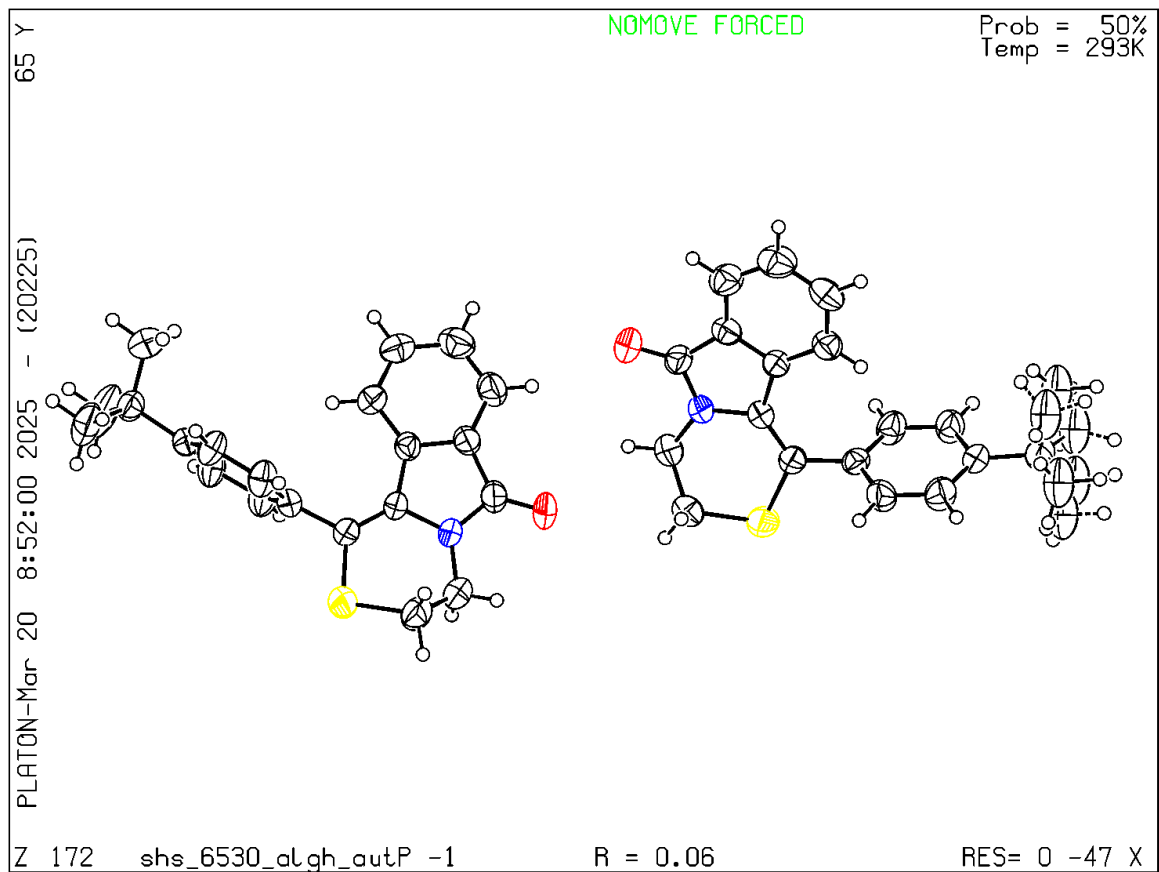
Publication of your CIF in IUCr journals

A basic structural check has been run on your CIF. These basic checks will be run on all CIFs submitted for publication in IUCr journals (*Acta Crystallographica*, *Journal of Applied Crystallography*, *Journal of Synchrotron Radiation*); however, if you intend to submit to *Acta Crystallographica Section C* or *E* or *IUCrData*, you should make sure that full publication checks are run on the final version of your CIF prior to submission.

Publication of your CIF in other journals

Please refer to the *Notes for Authors* of the relevant journal for any special instructions relating to CIF submission.

PLATON version of 02/02/2025; check.def file version of 02/02/2025



checkCIF/PLATON report

Structure factors have been supplied for datablock(s) shs_871_algh_auto

THIS REPORT IS FOR GUIDANCE ONLY. IF USED AS PART OF A REVIEW PROCEDURE FOR PUBLICATION, IT SHOULD NOT REPLACE THE EXPERTISE OF AN EXPERIENCED CRYSTALLOGRAPHIC REFEREE.

No syntax errors found. CIF dictionary Interpreting this report

Datablock: shs_871_algh_auto (Product 8d)

Bond precision: C-C = 0.0034 Å Wavelength=1.54184

Cell: a=28.9306 (7) b=8.7354 (2) c=14.5461 (5)
 alpha=90 beta=98.643 (3) gamma=90

Temperature: 293 K

	Calculated	Reported
Volume	3634.35 (18)	3634.36 (17)
Space group	C 2/c	C 1 2/c 1
Hall group	-C 2yc	-C 2yc
Moiety formula	C20 H19 N O4 S	C20 H19 N O4 S
Sum formula	C20 H19 N O4 S	C20 H19 N O4 S
Mr	369.42	369.42
Dx, g cm ⁻³	1.350	1.350
Z	8	8
Mu (mm ⁻¹)	1.798	1.798
F000	1552.0	1552.0
F000'	1559.20	
h, k, lmax	34, 10, 17	34, 10, 17
Nref	3213	3210
Tmin, Tmax	0.879, 0.931	0.515, 1.000
Tmin'	0.764	

Correction method= # Reported T Limits: Tmin=0.515 Tmax=1.000
AbsCorr = MULTI-SCAN

Data completeness= 0.999 Theta (max)= 66.584

R(reflections)= 0.0451 (2374)

wR2(reflections)=
0.1403 (3210)

S = 1.037

Npar= 238


The following ALERTS were generated. Each ALERT has the format

test-name_ALERT_alert-type_alert-level.

Click on the hyperlinks for more details of the test.

 **Alert level C**

PLAT911_ALERT_3_C Missing FCF Refl Between Thmin & STh/L= 0.595 3 Report
-8 10 3, -1 1 3, 4 4 15,

 **Alert level G**

PLAT012_ALERT_1_G No _shelx_res_checksum Found in CIF Please Check
PLAT199_ALERT_1_G Reported _cell_measurement_temperature (K) 293 Check
PLAT200_ALERT_1_G Reported _diffrn_ambient_temperature (K) 293 Check
PLAT909_ALERT_3_G Percentage of I>2sig(I) Data at Theta(Max) Still 46% Note
PLAT933_ALERT_2_G Number of HKL-OMIT Records in Embedded .res File 1 Note
-1 1 3,
PLAT969_ALERT_5_G The 'Henn et al.' R-Factor-gap value 2.863 Note
Predicted wR2: Based on SigI**2 4.90 or SHELX Weight 13.54
PLAT978_ALERT_2_G Number C-C Bonds with Positive Residual Density. 3 Info

- 0 **ALERT level A** = Most likely a serious problem - resolve or explain
0 **ALERT level B** = A potentially serious problem, consider carefully
1 **ALERT level C** = Check. Ensure it is not caused by an omission or oversight
7 **ALERT level G** = General information/check it is not something unexpected
- 3 ALERT type 1 CIF construction/syntax error, inconsistent or missing data
2 ALERT type 2 Indicator that the structure model may be wrong or deficient
2 ALERT type 3 Indicator that the structure quality may be low
0 ALERT type 4 Improvement, methodology, query or suggestion
1 ALERT type 5 Informative message, check
-
-

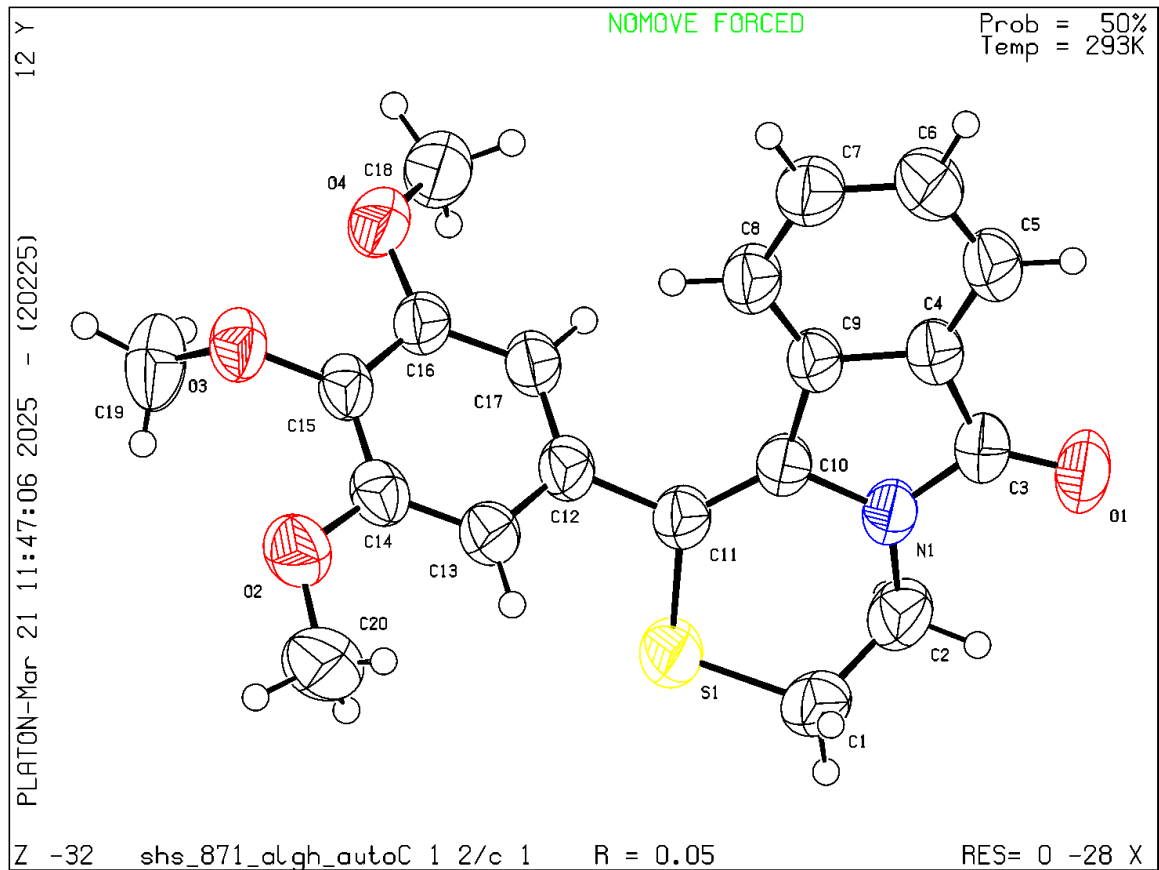
It is advisable to attempt to resolve as many as possible of the alerts in all categories. Often the minor alerts point to easily fixed oversights, errors and omissions in your CIF or refinement strategy, so attention to these fine details can be worthwhile. In order to resolve some of the more serious problems it may be necessary to carry out additional measurements or structure refinements. However, the purpose of your study may justify the reported deviations and the more serious of these should normally be commented upon in the discussion or experimental section of a paper or in the "special_details" fields of the CIF. checkCIF was carefully designed to identify outliers and unusual parameters, but every test has its limitations and alerts that are not important in a particular case may appear. Conversely, the absence of alerts does not guarantee there are no aspects of the results needing attention. It is up to the individual to critically assess their own results and, if necessary, seek expert advice.

Publication of your CIF in IUCr journals

A basic structural check has been run on your CIF. These basic checks will be run on all CIFs submitted for publication in IUCr journals (*Acta Crystallographica*, *Journal of Applied Crystallography*, *Journal of Synchrotron Radiation*); however, if you intend to submit to *Acta Crystallographica Section C* or *E* or *IUCrData*, you should make sure that full publication checks are run on the final version of your CIF prior to submission.

Publication of your CIF in other journals

Please refer to the *Notes for Authors* of the relevant journal for any special instructions relating to CIF submission.



checkCIF/PLATON report

Structure factors have been supplied for datablock(s) shi_6529_algh_autored

THIS REPORT IS FOR GUIDANCE ONLY. IF USED AS PART OF A REVIEW PROCEDURE FOR PUBLICATION, IT SHOULD NOT REPLACE THE EXPERTISE OF AN EXPERIENCED CRYSTALLOGRAPHIC REFEREE.

No syntax errors found. CIF dictionary Interpreting this report

Datablock: shi_6529_algh_autored (Product 8f)

Bond precision: C-C = 0.0041 A Wavelength=0.71073

Cell: a=9.2246 (4) b=9.9792 (5) c=38.1166 (18)
 alpha=90 beta=90 gamma=90

Temperature: 293 K

	Calculated	Reported
Volume	3508.8 (3)	3508.8 (3)
Space group	P b c a	P b c a
Hall group	-P 2ac 2ab	-P 2ac 2ab
Moiety formula	C23 H17 N O S	C23 H17 N O S
Sum formula	C23 H17 N O S	C23 H17 N O S
Mr	355.44	355.43
Dx, g cm ⁻³	1.346	1.346
Z	8	8
Mu (mm ⁻¹)	0.196	0.196
F000	1488.0	1488.0
F000'	1489.53	
h, k, lmax	10, 11, 45	10, 11, 45
Nref	3090	3088
Tmin, Tmax	0.988, 0.990	
Tmin'	0.981	

Correction method= Not given

Data completeness= 0.999 Theta (max)= 25.027

R(reflections)= 0.0582 (2286)

wR2(reflections)=
0.1205 (3088)

S = 1.090

Npar= 236

The following ALERTS were generated. Each ALERT has the format

test-name_ALERT_alert-type_alert-level.

Click on the hyperlinks for more details of the test.

Alert level C

PLAT052_ALERT_1_C	Info on Absorption Correction Method	Not Given	Please Do !
PLAT230_ALERT_2_C	Hirshfeld Test Diff for N1	--C2	6.5 s.u.
PLAT340_ALERT_3_C	Low Bond Precision on C-C Bonds		0.00408 Ang.
PLAT906_ALERT_3_C	Large K Value in the Analysis of Variance		16.890 Check
PLAT906_ALERT_3_C	Large K Value in the Analysis of Variance		2.744 Check

Alert level G

PLAT199_ALERT_1_G	Reported _cell_measurement_temperature	(K)	293 Check
PLAT200_ALERT_1_G	Reported _diffrn_ambient_temperature	(K)	293 Check
PLAT909_ALERT_3_G	Percentage of I>2sig(I) Data at Theta(Max) Still		48% Note
PLAT910_ALERT_3_G	Missing # of FCF Reflection(s) Below Theta(Min).		1 Note
	0 0 2,		
PLAT933_ALERT_2_G	Number of HKL-OMIT Records in Embedded .res File		1 Note
	2 7 24,		
PLAT969_ALERT_5_G	The 'Henn et al.' R-Factor-gap value		2.772 Note
	Predicted wR2: Based on SigI**2 4.35 or SHELX Weight	11.05	
PLAT978_ALERT_2_G	Number C-C Bonds with Positive Residual Density.		0 Info

0 **ALERT level A** = Most likely a serious problem - resolve or explain
0 **ALERT level B** = A potentially serious problem, consider carefully
5 **ALERT level C** = Check. Ensure it is not caused by an omission or oversight
7 **ALERT level G** = General information/check it is not something unexpected

3 ALERT type 1 CIF construction/syntax error, inconsistent or missing data
3 ALERT type 2 Indicator that the structure model may be wrong or deficient
5 ALERT type 3 Indicator that the structure quality may be low
0 ALERT type 4 Improvement, methodology, query or suggestion
1 ALERT type 5 Informative message, check

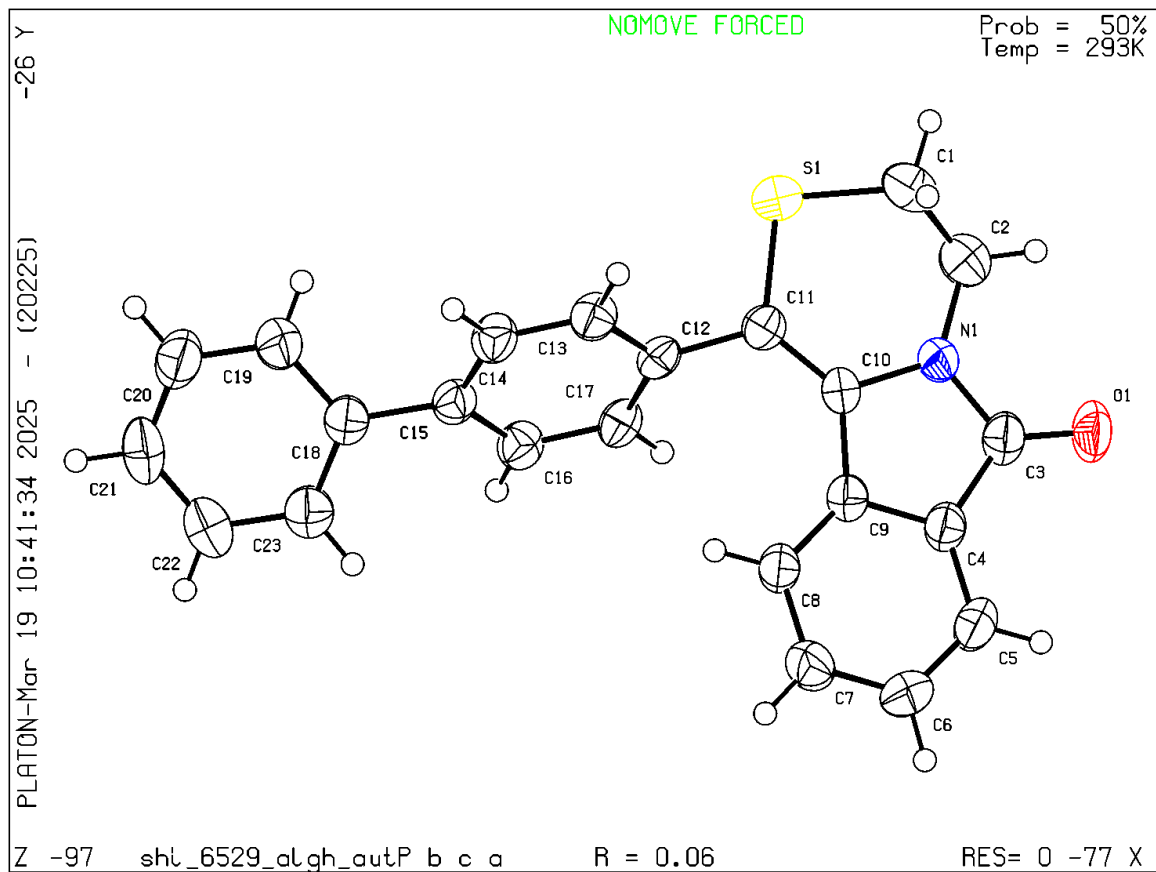
It is advisable to attempt to resolve as many as possible of the alerts in all categories. Often the minor alerts point to easily fixed oversights, errors and omissions in your CIF or refinement strategy, so attention to these fine details can be worthwhile. In order to resolve some of the more serious problems it may be necessary to carry out additional measurements or structure refinements. However, the purpose of your study may justify the reported deviations and the more serious of these should normally be commented upon in the discussion or experimental section of a paper or in the "special_details" fields of the CIF. checkCIF was carefully designed to identify outliers and unusual parameters, but every test has its limitations and alerts that are not important in a particular case may appear. Conversely, the absence of alerts does not guarantee there are no aspects of the results needing attention. It is up to the individual to critically assess their own results and, if necessary, seek expert advice.

Publication of your CIF in IUCr journals

A basic structural check has been run on your CIF. These basic checks will be run on all CIFs submitted for publication in IUCr journals (*Acta Crystallographica*, *Journal of Applied Crystallography*, *Journal of Synchrotron Radiation*); however, if you intend to submit to *Acta Crystallographica Section C* or *E* or *IUCrData*, you should make sure that full publication checks are run on the final version of your CIF prior to submission.

Publication of your CIF in other journals

Please refer to the *Notes for Authors* of the relevant journal for any special instructions relating to CIF submission.



The following ALERTS were generated. Each ALERT has the format

test-name_ALERT_alert-type_alert-level.

Click on the hyperlinks for more details of the test.

Alert level B

PLAT029_ALERT_3_B _diffrn_measured_fraction_theta_full value Low . 0.954 Why?

Alert level C

PLAT230_ALERT_2_C Hirshfeld Test Diff for C19 --C20 . 5.7 s.u.
PLAT340_ALERT_3_C Low Bond Precision on C-C Bonds 0.00641 Ang.
PLAT906_ALERT_3_C Large K Value in the Analysis of Variance 5.455 Check
PLAT911_ALERT_3_C Missing FCF Refl Between Thmin & STh/L= 0.595 125 Report

4	3	0,	4	28	0,	0	30	0,	0	32	0,	-3	28	1,	-1	30	1,
0	11	2,	4	12	2,	-4	24	2,	-5	26	2,	-5	27	2,	-3	9	3,
4	16	3,	5	16	3,	4	17	3,	5	17	3,	3	18	3,	5	18	3,
4	20	3,	3	21	3,	4	21	3,	-5	23	3,	-6	24	3,	-6	3	4,
4	11	4,	-5	22	4,	3	0	5,	2	1	5,	4	1	5,	4	2	5,
4	3	5,	4	4	5,	4	8	5,	4	9	5,	4	10	5,	4	11	5,
4	13	5,	4	14	5,	-4	19	5,	-5	21	5,	4	0	6,	2	1	6,
3	1	6,	3	2	6,	3	3	6,	2	4	6,	3	4	6,	3	5	6,
3	6	6,	3	8	6,	3	9	6,	-8	12	6,	-1	13	6,	-6	16	6,
-7	18	6,	-6	19	6,	0	24	6,	-6	1	7,	2	1	7,	-6	2	7,
2	2	7,	2	3	7,	-6	4	7,	2	4	7,	2	5	7,	1	6	7,
2	6	7,	1	7	7,	1	8	7,	-2	11	7,	-2	12	7,	-7	13	7,
-6	13	7,	-2	13	7,	-6	14	7,	-3	14	7,	-3	15	7,	-2	15	7,
-3	16	7,	-2	16	7,	-3	18	7,	-3	19	7,	-4	20	7,	-3	20	7,
-5	21	7,	-4	21	7,	-3	21	7,	-4	22	7,	-6	0	8,	0	0	8,
-6	1	8,	1	1	8,	1	5	8,	0	6	8,	1	6	8,	1	7	8,

Alert level G

PLAT083_ALERT_2_G SHELXL Second Parameter in WGHT Unusually Large 7.89 Why ?
PLAT909_ALERT_3_G Percentage of I>2sig(I) Data at Theta(Max) Still 73% Note
PLAT933_ALERT_2_G Number of HKL-OMIT Records in Embedded .res File 26 Note

-6	2	7,	-6	3	4,	-6	4	7,	-6	16	6,	-6	19	6,	-6	24	3,
-5	21	5,	-5	22	4,	-5	23	3,	-4	19	5,	-3	9	3,	-3	28	1,
-2	8	9,	-1	13	6,	0	6	8,	0	11	2,	2	1	6,	2	4	6,
3	4	6,	3	8	6,	3	18	3,	3	21	3,	4	3	0,	4	11	4,
4	12	2,	5	17	3,												

PLAT941_ALERT_3_G Average HKL Measurement Multiplicity 4.1 Low
PLAT969_ALERT_5_G The 'Henn et al.' R-Factor-gap value 6.812 Note
Predicted wR2: Based on SigI**2 2.63 or SHELX Weight 16.45
PLAT978_ALERT_2_G Number C-C Bonds with Positive Residual Density. 3 Info

- 0 **ALERT level A** = Most likely a serious problem - resolve or explain
- 1 **ALERT level B** = A potentially serious problem, consider carefully
- 4 **ALERT level C** = Check. Ensure it is not caused by an omission or oversight
- 6 **ALERT level G** = General information/check it is not something unexpected

0 ALERT type 1 CIF construction/syntax error, inconsistent or missing data

4 ALERT type 2 Indicator that the structure model may be wrong or deficient
6 ALERT type 3 Indicator that the structure quality may be low
0 ALERT type 4 Improvement, methodology, query or suggestion
1 ALERT type 5 Informative message, check

It is advisable to attempt to resolve as many as possible of the alerts in all categories. Often the minor alerts point to easily fixed oversights, errors and omissions in your CIF or refinement strategy, so attention to these fine details can be worthwhile. In order to resolve some of the more serious problems it may be necessary to carry out additional measurements or structure refinements. However, the purpose of your study may justify the reported deviations and the more serious of these should normally be commented upon in the discussion or experimental section of a paper or in the "special_details" fields of the CIF. checkCIF was carefully designed to identify outliers and unusual parameters, but every test has its limitations and alerts that are not important in a particular case may appear. Conversely, the absence of alerts does not guarantee there are no aspects of the results needing attention. It is up to the individual to critically assess their own results and, if necessary, seek expert advice.

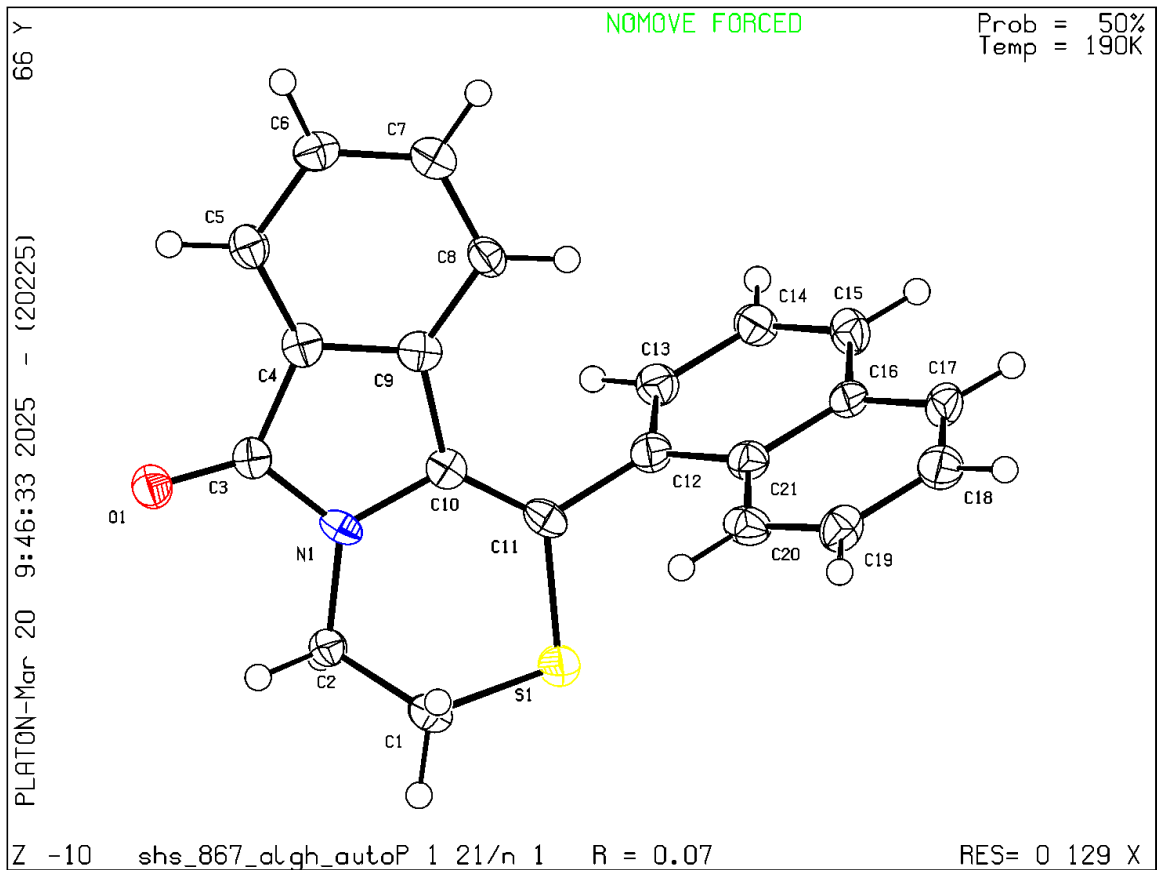
Publication of your CIF in IUCr journals

A basic structural check has been run on your CIF. These basic checks will be run on all CIFs submitted for publication in IUCr journals (*Acta Crystallographica*, *Journal of Applied Crystallography*, *Journal of Synchrotron Radiation*); however, if you intend to submit to *Acta Crystallographica Section C* or *E* or *IUCrData*, you should make sure that full publication checks are run on the final version of your CIF prior to submission.

Publication of your CIF in other journals

Please refer to the *Notes for Authors* of the relevant journal for any special instructions relating to CIF submission.

PLATON version of 02/02/2025; check.def file version of 02/02/2025



checkCIF/PLATON report

Structure factors have been supplied for datablock(s) shs_869_algh_auto

THIS REPORT IS FOR GUIDANCE ONLY. IF USED AS PART OF A REVIEW PROCEDURE FOR PUBLICATION, IT SHOULD NOT REPLACE THE EXPERTISE OF AN EXPERIENCED CRYSTALLOGRAPHIC REFEREE.

No syntax errors found. CIF dictionary Interpreting this report

Datablock: shs_869_algh_auto (Product 8i)

Bond precision: C-C = 0.0029 Å Wavelength=1.54184

Cell: a=6.0141 (1) b=24.4546 (3) c=13.3223 (2)
 alpha=90 beta=91.490 (1) gamma=90

Temperature: 293 K

	Calculated	Reported
Volume	1958.68 (5)	1958.68 (5)
Space group	P 21/n	P 1 21/n 1
Hall group	-P 2yn	-P 2yn
Moiety formula	C27 H17 N O S	C27 H17 N O S
Sum formula	C27 H17 N O S	C27 H17 N O S
Mr	403.48	403.48
Dx, g cm ⁻³	1.368	1.368
Z	4	4
Mu (mm ⁻¹)	1.610	1.610
F000	840.0	840.0
F000'	843.50	
h, k, lmax	7, 29, 15	7, 29, 15
Nref	3449	3438
Tmin, Tmax	0.926, 0.938	0.965, 1.000
Tmin'	0.879	

Correction method= # Reported T Limits: Tmin=0.965 Tmax=1.000
AbsCorr = MULTI-SCAN

Data completeness= 0.997 Theta(max)= 66.591

R(reflections)= 0.0418 (3023)

wR2(reflections)=
0.1197 (3438)

S = 1.034

Npar= 275

The following ALERTS were generated. Each ALERT has the format

test-name_ALERT_alert-type_alert-level.

Click on the hyperlinks for more details of the test.

● **Alert level C**

PLAT241_ALERT_2_C	High	'MainMol' Ueq as Compared to Neighbors of	C2	Check		
PLAT906_ALERT_3_C	Large K Value in the Analysis of Variance		2.252	Check		
PLAT911_ALERT_3_C	Missing FCF Refl Between Thmin & STh/L=	0.595		11 Report		
	1 3 0,	2 4 0,	1 5 0,	1 11 0,	-3 4 1,	1 6 2,
	1 2 4,	1 9 4,	-1 10 4,	-2 0 8,	-1 22 10,	

● **Alert level G**

PLAT002_ALERT_2_G	Number of Distance or Angle Restraints on AtSite			4	Note	
PLAT012_ALERT_1_G	No	_shelx_res_checksum Found in CIF			Please Check	
PLAT171_ALERT_4_G	The CIF-Embedded .res File Contains EADP Records			1	Report	
PLAT176_ALERT_4_G	The CIF-Embedded .res File Contains SADI Records			2	Report	
PLAT191_ALERT_3_G	A Non-default SADI Restraint Value has been used		0.0100		Report	
PLAT191_ALERT_3_G	A Non-default SADI Restraint Value has been used		0.0100		Report	
PLAT199_ALERT_1_G	Reported _cell_measurement_temperature	(K)		293	Check	
PLAT200_ALERT_1_G	Reported _diffrn_ambient_temperature	(K)		293	Check	
PLAT230_ALERT_2_G	Hirshfeld Test Diff for	C1	--C2		6.3 s.u.	
PLAT301_ALERT_3_G	Main Residue Disorder	(Resd	1)		3% Note	
PLAT720_ALERT_4_G	Number of Unusual/Non-Standard Labels				6 Note	
	H2AA	H2AB	H2BC	H2BD	H1XA	H1XB
PLAT860_ALERT_3_G	Number of Least-Squares Restraints				2	Note
PLAT909_ALERT_3_G	Percentage of I>2sig(I) Data at Theta(Max) Still			76%		Note
PLAT933_ALERT_2_G	Number of HKL-OMIT Records in Embedded .res File				10	Note
	-3 4 1,	-2 0 8,	-1 10 4,	1 2 4,	1 3 0,	1 5 0,
	1 6 2,	1 9 4,	1 11 0,	2 4 0,		
PLAT941_ALERT_3_G	Average HKL Measurement Multiplicity			3.7		Low
PLAT969_ALERT_5_G	The 'Henn et al.' R-Factor-gap value			6.577		Note
	Predicted wR2: Based on SigI**2	1.82	or SHELX Weight	11.58		
PLAT978_ALERT_2_G	Number C-C Bonds with Positive Residual Density.				9	Info
PLAT992_ALERT_5_G	Repd & Actual _reflns_number_gt Values Differ by				6	Check

0 **ALERT level A** = Most likely a serious problem - resolve or explain
0 **ALERT level B** = A potentially serious problem, consider carefully
3 **ALERT level C** = Check. Ensure it is not caused by an omission or oversight
18 **ALERT level G** = General information/check it is not something unexpected

3 ALERT type 1 CIF construction/syntax error, inconsistent or missing data
5 ALERT type 2 Indicator that the structure model may be wrong or deficient
8 ALERT type 3 Indicator that the structure quality may be low
3 ALERT type 4 Improvement, methodology, query or suggestion
2 ALERT type 5 Informative message, check

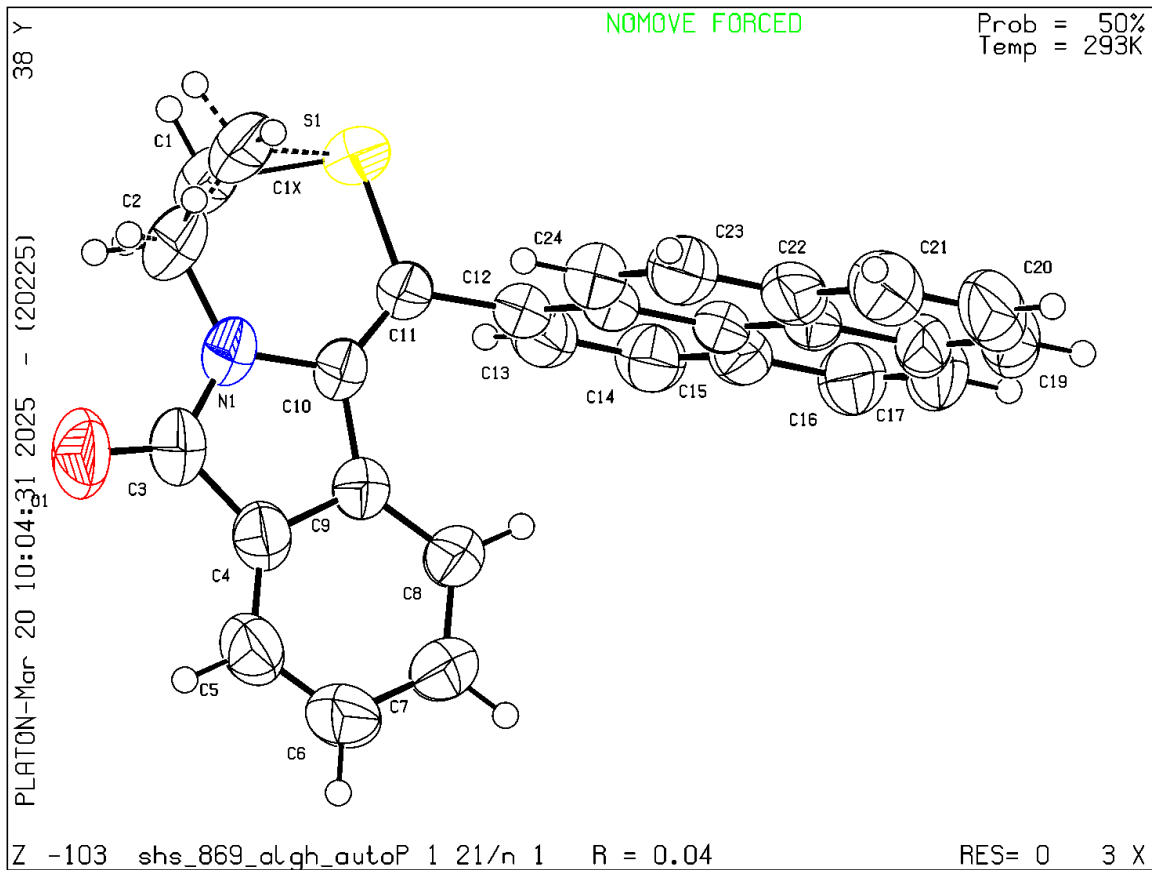
It is advisable to attempt to resolve as many as possible of the alerts in all categories. Often the minor alerts point to easily fixed oversights, errors and omissions in your CIF or refinement strategy, so attention to these fine details can be worthwhile. In order to resolve some of the more serious problems it may be necessary to carry out additional measurements or structure refinements. However, the purpose of your study may justify the reported deviations and the more serious of these should normally be commented upon in the discussion or experimental section of a paper or in the "special_details" fields of the CIF. checkCIF was carefully designed to identify outliers and unusual parameters, but every test has its limitations and alerts that are not important in a particular case may appear. Conversely, the absence of alerts does not guarantee there are no aspects of the results needing attention. It is up to the individual to critically assess their own results and, if necessary, seek expert advice.

Publication of your CIF in IUCr journals

A basic structural check has been run on your CIF. These basic checks will be run on all CIFs submitted for publication in IUCr journals (*Acta Crystallographica*, *Journal of Applied Crystallography*, *Journal of Synchrotron Radiation*); however, if you intend to submit to *Acta Crystallographica Section C* or *E* or *IUCrData*, you should make sure that full publication checks are run on the final version of your CIF prior to submission.

Publication of your CIF in other journals

Please refer to the *Notes for Authors* of the relevant journal for any special instructions relating to CIF submission.



The following ALERTS were generated. Each ALERT has the format

test-name_ALERT_alert-type_alert-level.

Click on the hyperlinks for more details of the test.

● **Alert level C**

PLAT340_ALERT_3_C Low Bond Precision on C-C Bonds 0.00405 Ang.
PLAT911_ALERT_3_C Missing FCF Refl Between Thmin & STh/L= 0.595 23 Report
-3 -8 1, -9 2 1, -9 2 2, -4 8 3, -8 -5 4, -8 3 4,
-8 4 4, -3 -7 5, 0 -7 6, 8 -1 6, -7 5 6, 7 1 7,
-6 6 7, -1 -6 8, 3 -4 8, -7 4 8, 2 -5 9, 3 -4 9,
4 4 10, 5 5 10, 3 -3 11, 3 8 11, 2 0 13,
PLAT918_ALERT_3_C Reflection(s) with I(obs) much Smaller I(calc) . 1 Check

● **Alert level G**

PLAT072_ALERT_2_G SHELXL First Parameter in WGHT Unusually Large 0.15 Report
PLAT154_ALERT_1_G The s.u.'s on the Cell Angles are Equal ..(Note) 0.005 Degree
PLAT199_ALERT_1_G Reported _cell_measurement_temperature (K) 293 Check
PLAT200_ALERT_1_G Reported _diffrn_ambient_temperature (K) 293 Check
PLAT909_ALERT_3_G Percentage of I>2sig(I) Data at Theta(Max) Still 73% Note
PLAT941_ALERT_3_G Average HKL Measurement Multiplicity 3.1 Low
PLAT969_ALERT_5_G The 'Henn et al.' R-Factor-gap value 4.211 Note
Predicted wR2: Based on SigI**2 5.11 or SHELX Weight 19.99
PLAT978_ALERT_2_G Number C-C Bonds with Positive Residual Density. 1 Info

0 **ALERT level A** = Most likely a serious problem - resolve or explain
0 **ALERT level B** = A potentially serious problem, consider carefully
3 **ALERT level C** = Check. Ensure it is not caused by an omission or oversight
8 **ALERT level G** = General information/check it is not something unexpected

3 ALERT type 1 CIF construction/syntax error, inconsistent or missing data
2 ALERT type 2 Indicator that the structure model may be wrong or deficient
5 ALERT type 3 Indicator that the structure quality may be low
0 ALERT type 4 Improvement, methodology, query or suggestion
1 ALERT type 5 Informative message, check

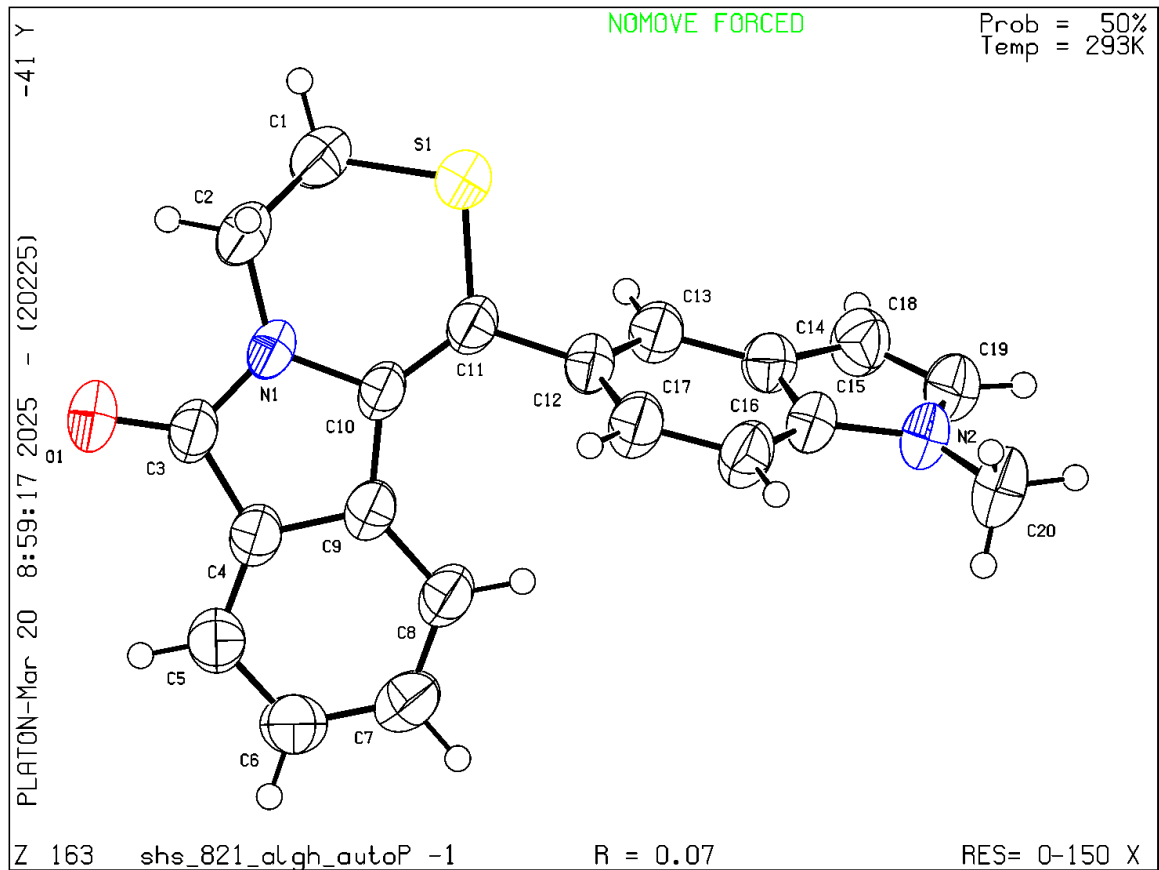
It is advisable to attempt to resolve as many as possible of the alerts in all categories. Often the minor alerts point to easily fixed oversights, errors and omissions in your CIF or refinement strategy, so attention to these fine details can be worthwhile. In order to resolve some of the more serious problems it may be necessary to carry out additional measurements or structure refinements. However, the purpose of your study may justify the reported deviations and the more serious of these should normally be commented upon in the discussion or experimental section of a paper or in the "special_details" fields of the CIF. checkCIF was carefully designed to identify outliers and unusual parameters, but every test has its limitations and alerts that are not important in a particular case may appear. Conversely, the absence of alerts does not guarantee there are no aspects of the results needing attention. It is up to the individual to critically assess their own results and, if necessary, seek expert advice.

Publication of your CIF in IUCr journals

A basic structural check has been run on your CIF. These basic checks will be run on all CIFs submitted for publication in IUCr journals (*Acta Crystallographica*, *Journal of Applied Crystallography*, *Journal of Synchrotron Radiation*); however, if you intend to submit to *Acta Crystallographica Section C* or *E* or *IUCrData*, you should make sure that full publication checks are run on the final version of your CIF prior to submission.

Publication of your CIF in other journals

Please refer to the *Notes for Authors* of the relevant journal for any special instructions relating to CIF submission.



checkCIF/PLATON report

Structure factors have been supplied for datablock(s) shs_870_algh_auto

THIS REPORT IS FOR GUIDANCE ONLY. IF USED AS PART OF A REVIEW PROCEDURE FOR PUBLICATION, IT SHOULD NOT REPLACE THE EXPERTISE OF AN EXPERIENCED CRYSTALLOGRAPHIC REFEREE.

No syntax errors found. CIF dictionary Interpreting this report

Datablock: shs_870_algh_auto (Product 8r)

Bond precision: C-C = 0.0028 A Wavelength=1.54184

Cell: a=10.85284(13) b=10.61071(12) c=11.79455(14)
 alpha=90 beta=100.8736(12) gamma=90

Temperature: 293 K

	Calculated	Reported
Volume	1333.83(3)	1333.83(3)
Space group	P 21/n	P 1 21/n 1
Hall group	-P 2yn	-P 2yn
Moiety formula	C15 H14 N2 O2 S	C15 H14 N2 O2 S
Sum formula	C15 H14 N2 O2 S	C15 H14 N2 O2 S
Mr	286.34	286.34
Dx, g cm ⁻³	1.426	1.426
Z	4	4
Mu (mm ⁻¹)	2.184	2.184
F000	600.0	600.0
F000'	602.97	
h, k, lmax	12, 12, 14	12, 12, 14
Nref	2355	2323
Tmin, Tmax	0.757, 0.721	0.739, 1.000
Tmin'	0.686	

Correction method= # Reported T Limits: Tmin=0.739 Tmax=1.000
AbsCorr = MULTI-SCAN

Data completeness= 0.986 Theta(max)= 66.598

R(reflections)= 0.0400(2204)

wR2(reflections)=
0.1087(2323)

S = 1.061

Npar= 181

The following ALERTS were generated. Each ALERT has the format

test-name_ALERT_alert-type_alert-level.

Click on the hyperlinks for more details of the test.

● **Alert level C**

PLAT241_ALERT_2_C High 'MainMol' Ueq as Compared to Neighbors of C14 Check
PLAT906_ALERT_3_C Large K Value in the Analysis of Variance 2.134 Check
PLAT911_ALERT_3_C Missing FCF Refl Between Thmin & STh/L= 0.595 31 Report
12 0 0, 6 3 0, 0 12 0, -11 0 1, 11 0 1, -4 4 1,
-2 4 1, -12 0 2, 10 0 2, 12 0 2, 4 11 2, 5 11 2,
-11 0 3, 11 0 3, -12 0 4, 10 0 4, -2 12 4, -11 0 5,
-12 0 6, -10 0 6, 10 0 6, -11 0 7, -10 0 8, -8 8 8,
-11 0 9, -9 6 9, -10 0 10, 6 4 10, -3 0 11, -4 0 12,
-3 0 13,

● **Alert level G**

PLAT012_ALERT_1_G No _shelx_res_checksum Found in CIF Please Check
PLAT199_ALERT_1_G Reported _cell_measurement_temperature (K) 293 Check
PLAT200_ALERT_1_G Reported _diffrn_ambient_temperature (K) 293 Check
PLAT909_ALERT_3_G Percentage of I>2sig(I) Data at Theta(Max) Still 88% Note
PLAT933_ALERT_2_G Number of HKL-OMIT Records in Embedded .res File 2 Note
-4 4 1, -2 4 1,
PLAT955_ALERT_1_G Reported (CIF) and Actual (FCF) Lmax Differ by . 1 Units
PLAT969_ALERT_5_G The 'Henn et al.' R-Factor-gap value 6.864 Note
Predicted wR2: Based on SigI**2 1.58 or SHELX Weight 10.24
PLAT978_ALERT_2_G Number C-C Bonds with Positive Residual Density. 7 Info

- 0 **ALERT level A** = Most likely a serious problem - resolve or explain
0 **ALERT level B** = A potentially serious problem, consider carefully
3 **ALERT level C** = Check. Ensure it is not caused by an omission or oversight
8 **ALERT level G** = General information/check it is not something unexpected
- 4 ALERT type 1 CIF construction/syntax error, inconsistent or missing data
3 ALERT type 2 Indicator that the structure model may be wrong or deficient
3 ALERT type 3 Indicator that the structure quality may be low
0 ALERT type 4 Improvement, methodology, query or suggestion
1 ALERT type 5 Informative message, check
-
-

It is advisable to attempt to resolve as many as possible of the alerts in all categories. Often the minor alerts point to easily fixed oversights, errors and omissions in your CIF or refinement strategy, so attention to these fine details can be worthwhile. In order to resolve some of the more serious problems it may be necessary to carry out additional measurements or structure refinements. However, the purpose of your study may justify the reported deviations and the more serious of these should normally be commented upon in the discussion or experimental section of a paper or in the "special_details" fields of the CIF. checkCIF was carefully designed to identify outliers and unusual parameters, but every test has its limitations and alerts that are not important in a particular case may appear. Conversely, the absence of alerts does not guarantee there are no aspects of the results needing attention. It is up to the individual to critically assess their own results and, if necessary, seek expert advice.

Publication of your CIF in IUCr journals

A basic structural check has been run on your CIF. These basic checks will be run on all CIFs submitted for publication in IUCr journals (*Acta Crystallographica*, *Journal of Applied Crystallography*, *Journal of Synchrotron Radiation*); however, if you intend to submit to *Acta Crystallographica Section C* or *E* or *IUCrData*, you should make sure that full publication checks are run on the final version of your CIF prior to submission.

Publication of your CIF in other journals

Please refer to the *Notes for Authors* of the relevant journal for any special instructions relating to CIF submission.

