

Supplementary Information for:

# Simple and Low-Cost Ionic Plastic Crystal for Multipurpose Cold-Storage and Barocaloric Thermal Management

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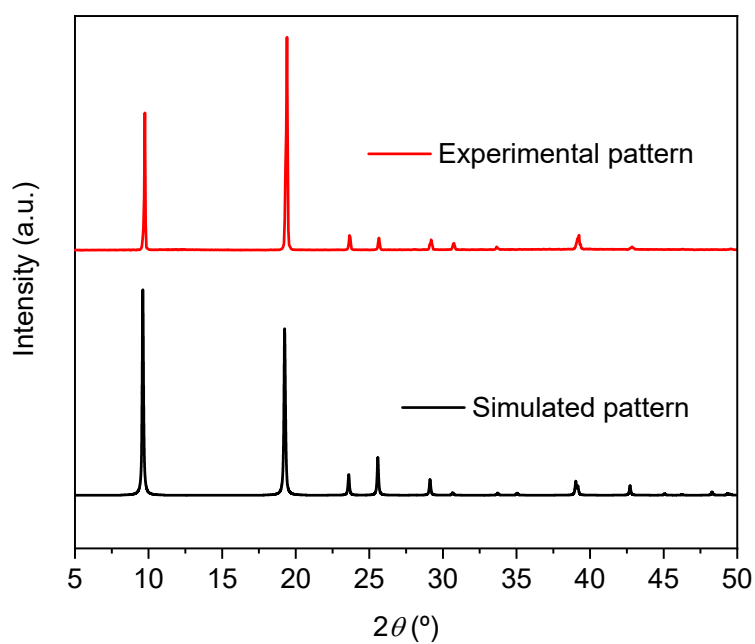
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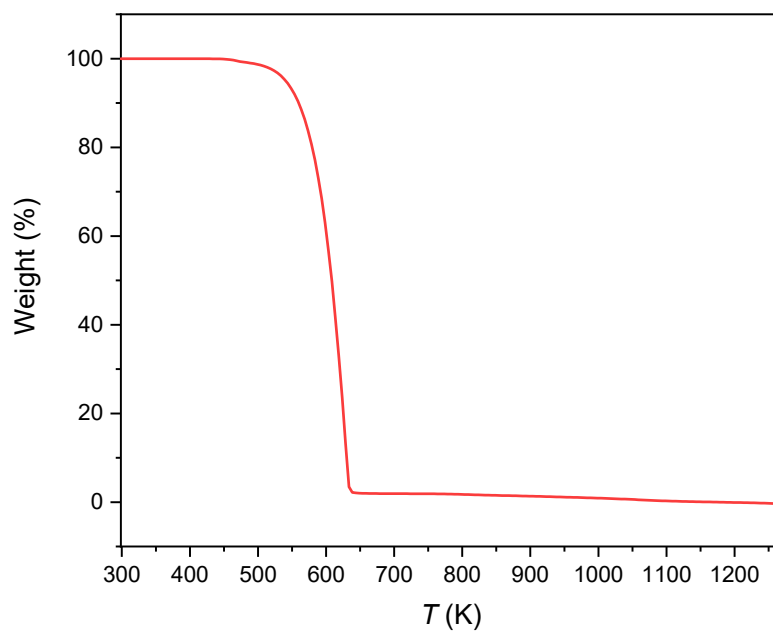
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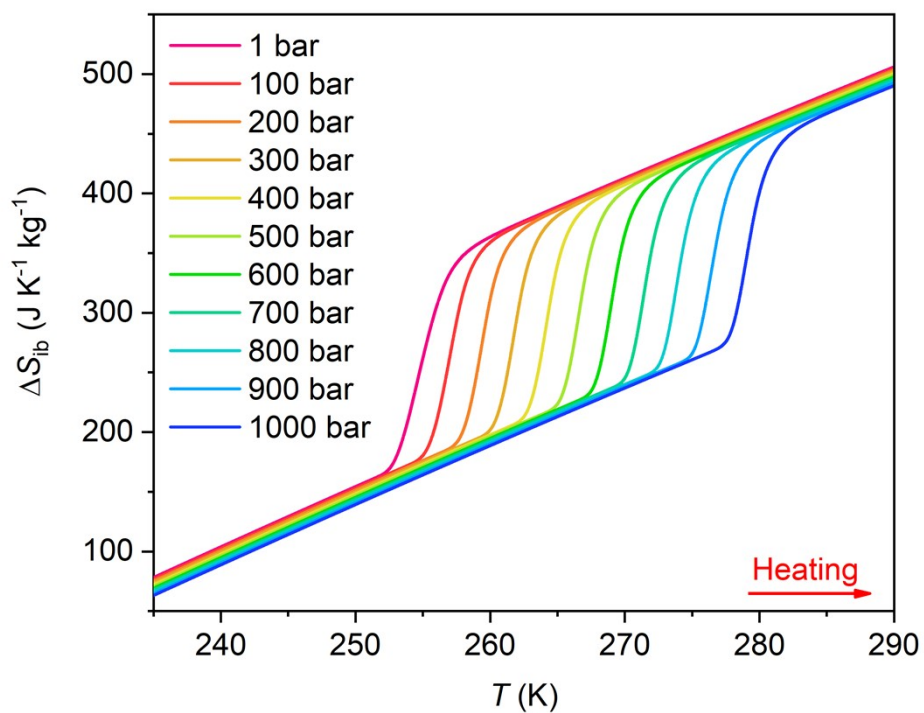


**Figure S1.** Room temperature experimental PXRD patterns for the obtained [CH<sub>3</sub>NH<sub>3</sub>][BF<sub>4</sub>] compound compared with the simulated pattern based on the reported single crystal structure at room temperature.

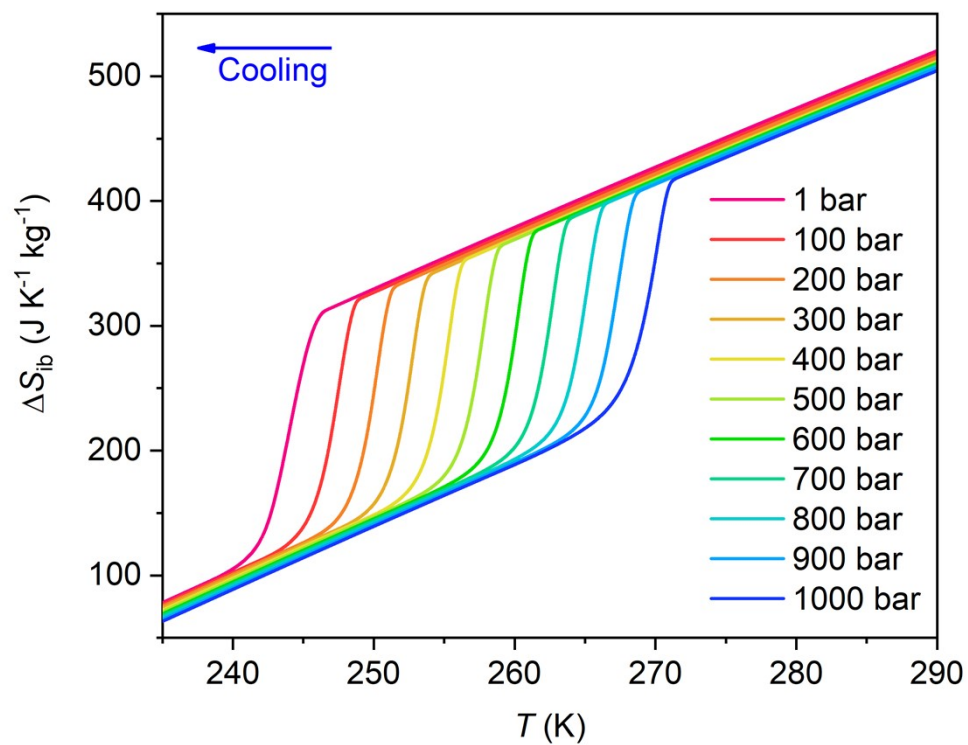


**Figure S2.** Thermogravimetric analysis of [CH<sub>3</sub>NH<sub>3</sub>][BF<sub>4</sub>] under N<sub>2</sub> atmosphere.

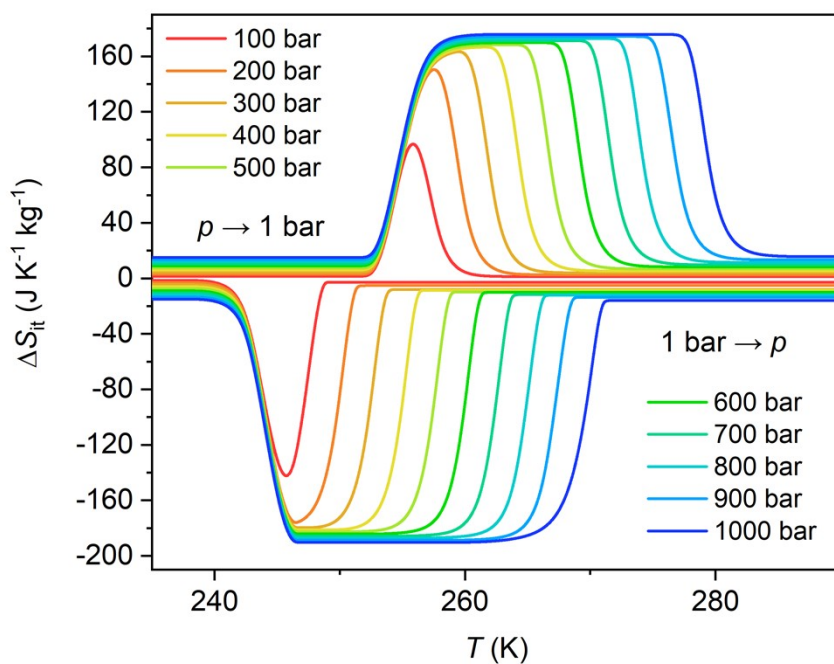
(a)



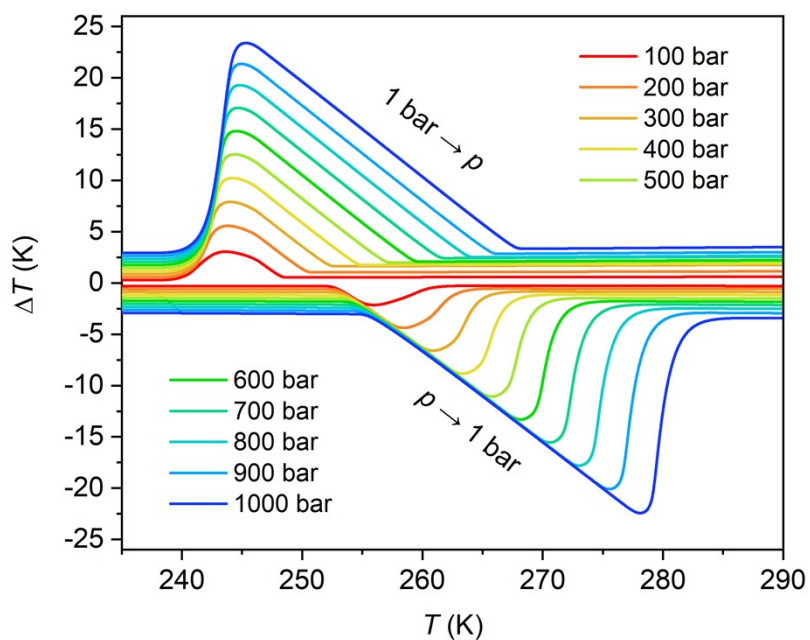
(b)



**Figure S3.**  $\Delta S_{ib}$  at different isobaric conditions during (a) heating and (b) cooling.

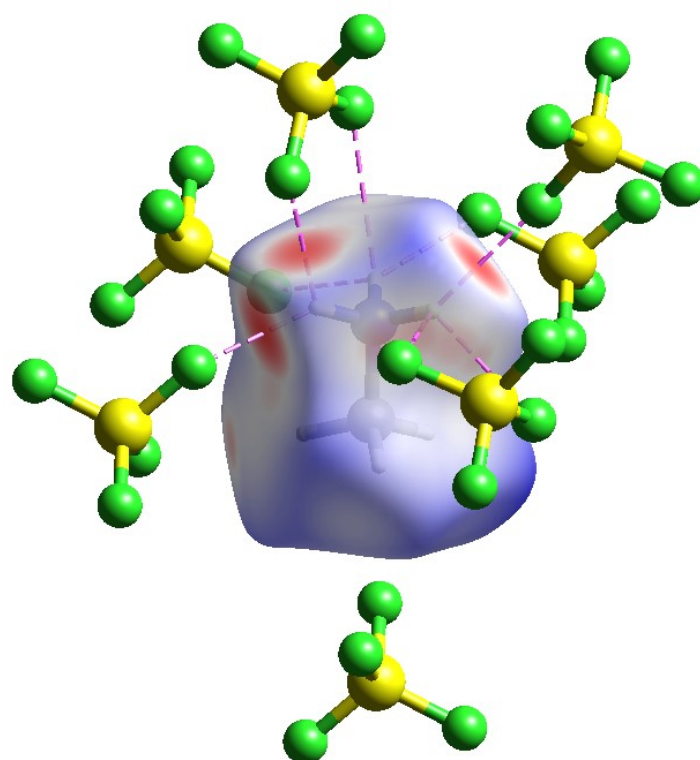


**Figure S4.** Irreversible pressure-driven isothermal entropy changes ( $\Delta S_{it}$ ) on compression ( $1 \text{ bar} \rightarrow p$ ) and decompression ( $p \rightarrow 1 \text{ bar}$ ).

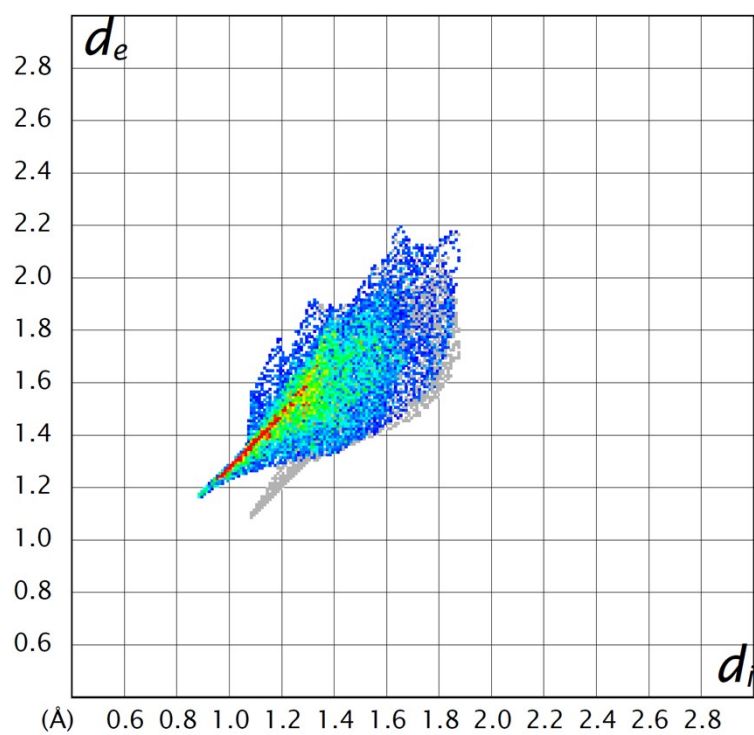


**Figure S5.** Irreversible adiabatic temperature ( $\Delta T$ ) changes on applying ( $1 \text{ bar} \rightarrow p$ ) and removing ( $p \rightarrow 1 \text{ bar}$ ) pressure at different isobaric pressures.

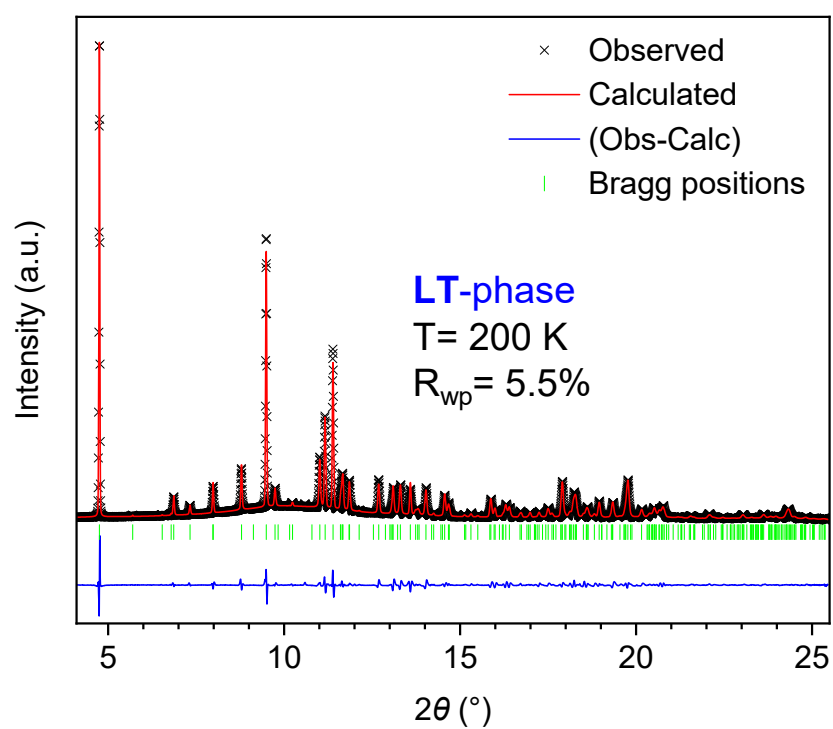
(a)



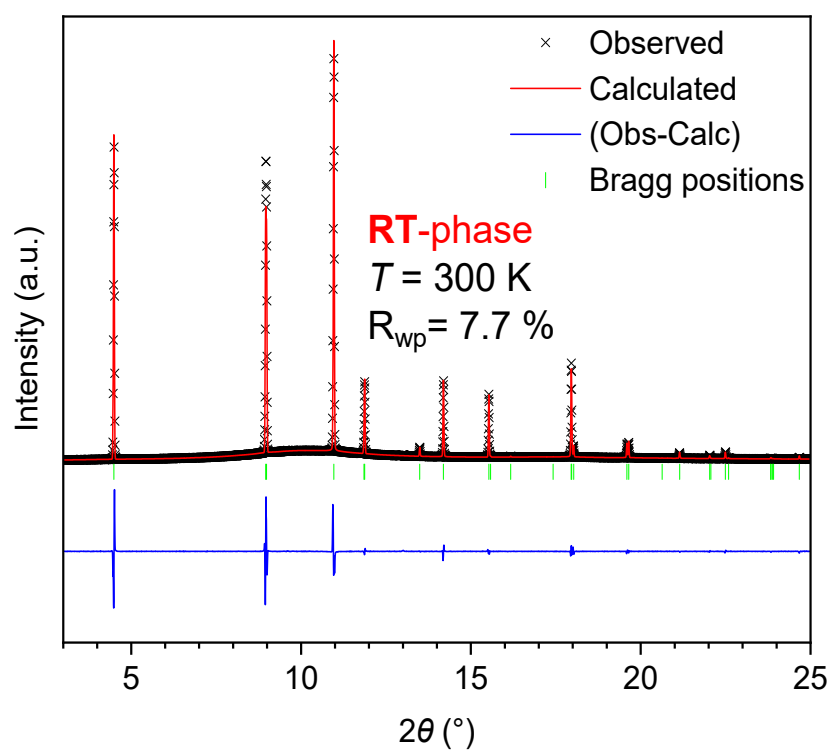
(b)



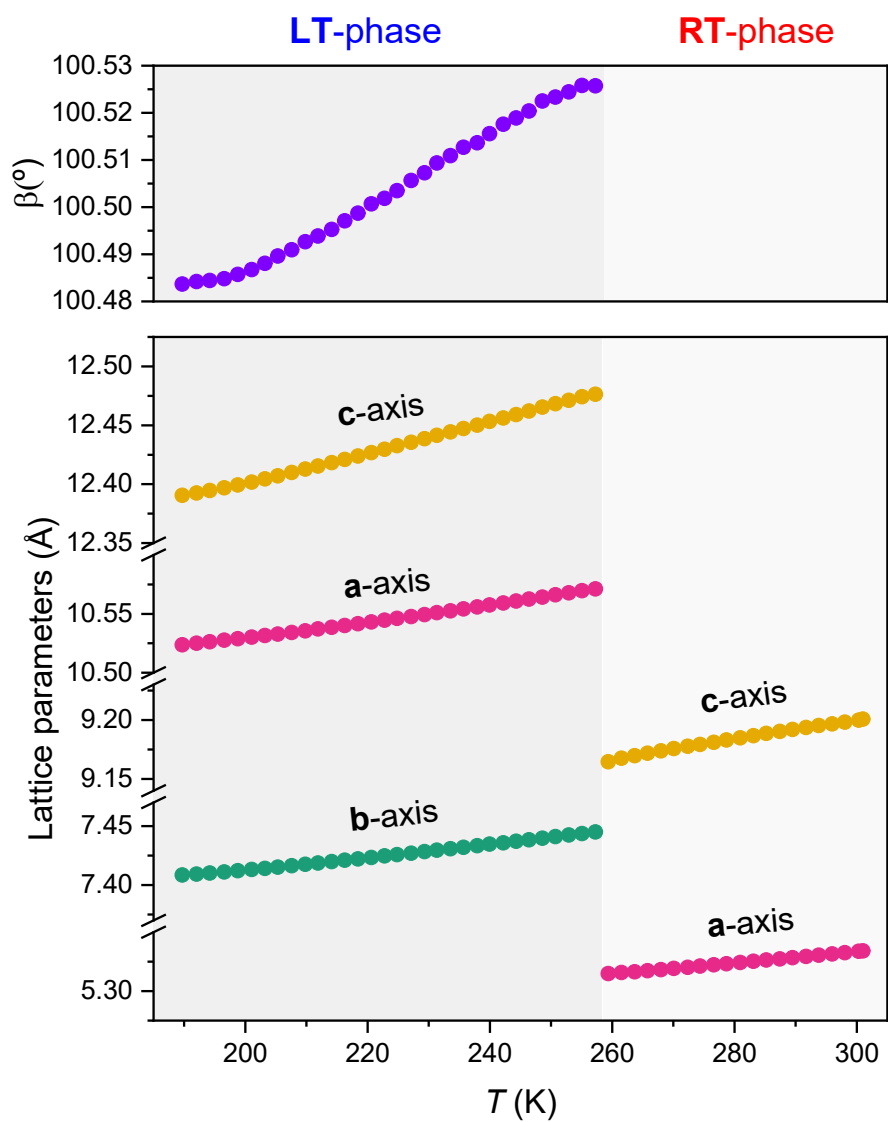
**Figure S6.** (a) Hirshfeld surface analysis of [CH<sub>3</sub>NH<sub>3</sub>]<sup>+</sup> cations, showing the  $d_{\text{norm}}$  surface and (b) two-dimensional fingerprint plot showing the F...H interactions.



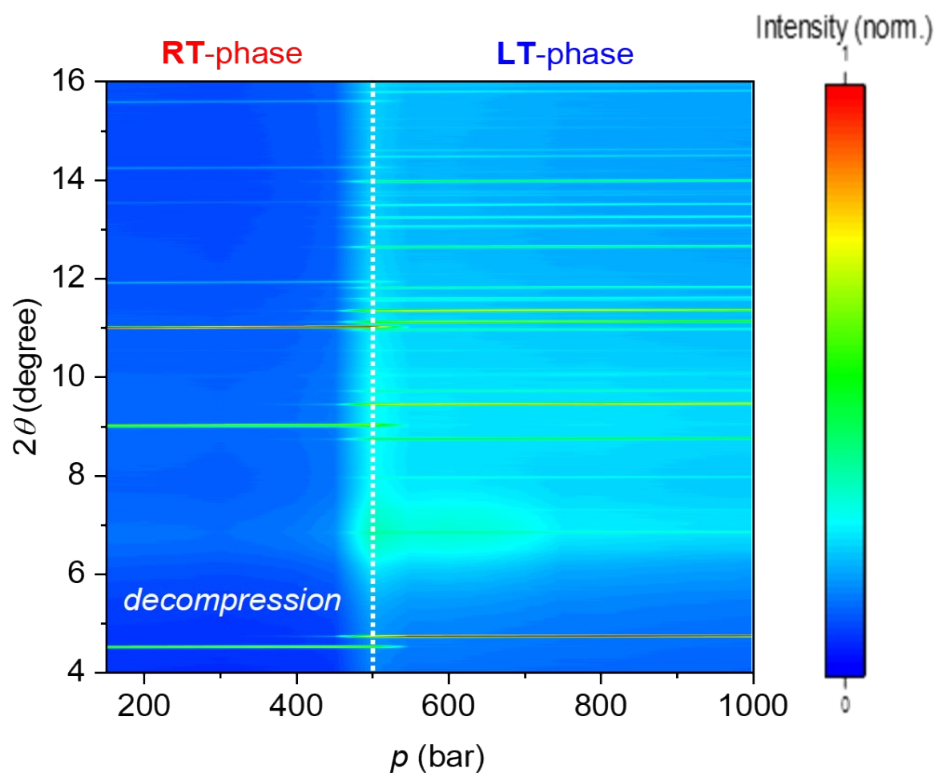
**Figure S7.** Le Bail refinement of LT-phase of  $[\text{CH}_3\text{NH}_3][\text{BF}_4]$  at  $T = 200$  K.



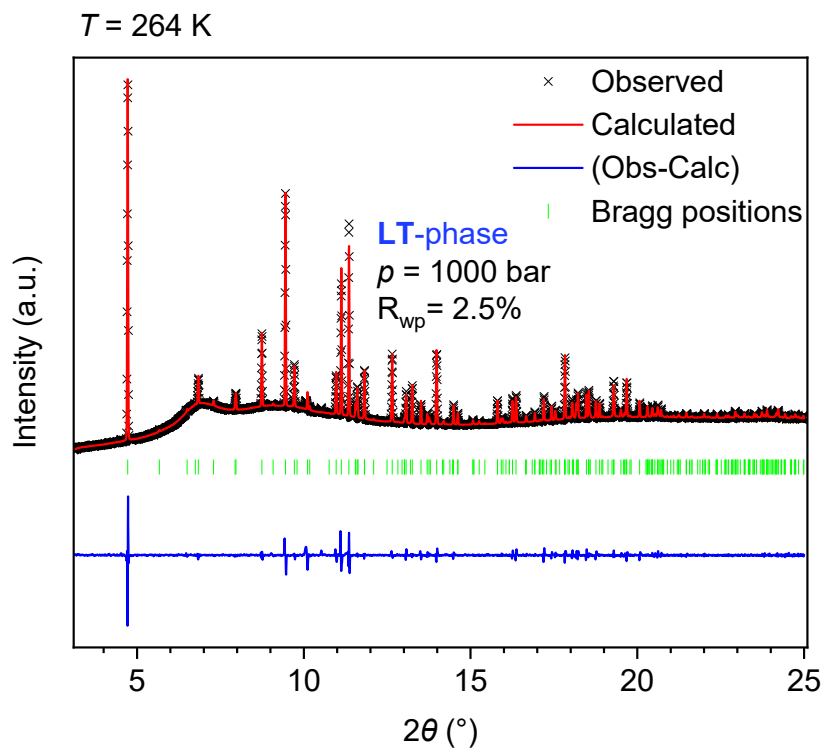
**Figure S8.** Le Bail refinement of RT-phase of  $[\text{CH}_3\text{NH}_3][\text{BF}_4]$  at  $T = 300$  K.



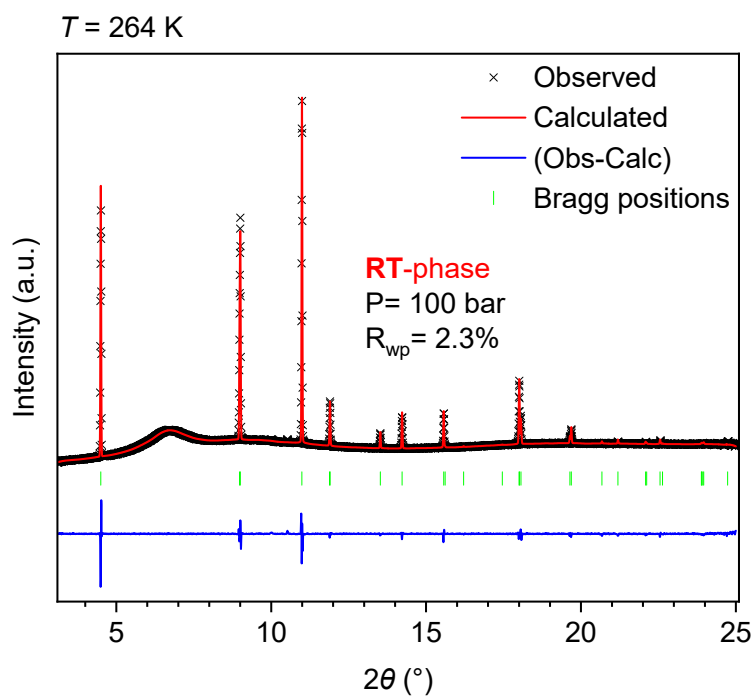
**Figure S9.** Evolution of the lattice parameters of  $[\text{CH}_3\text{NH}_3][\text{BF}_4]$  as a function of temperature.



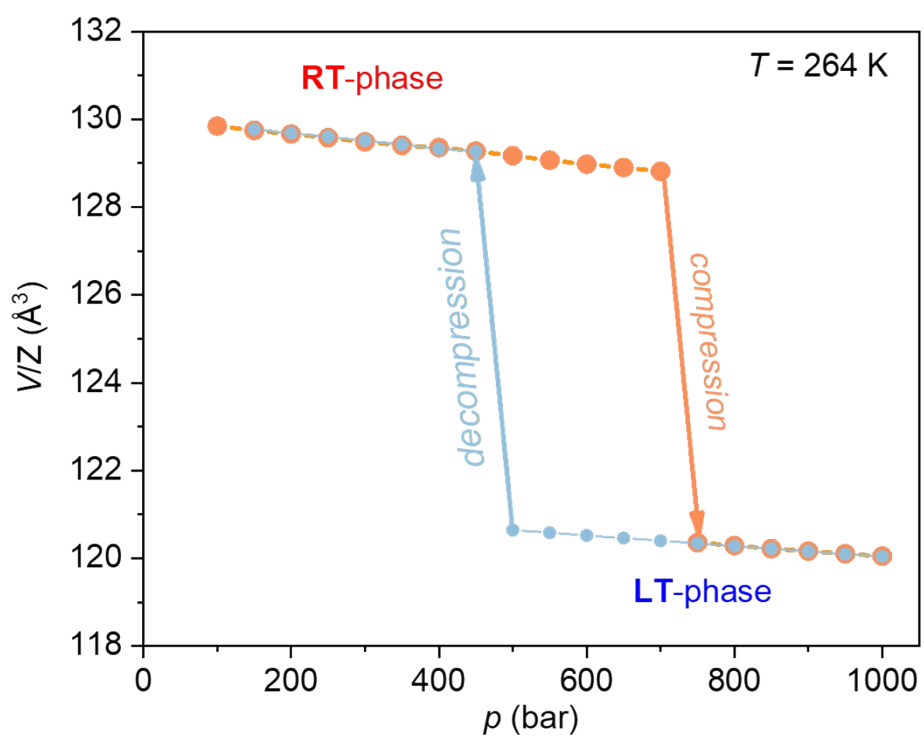
**Figure S10.** Contour plot of SPXRD patterns under decompression at  $T = 264$  K.



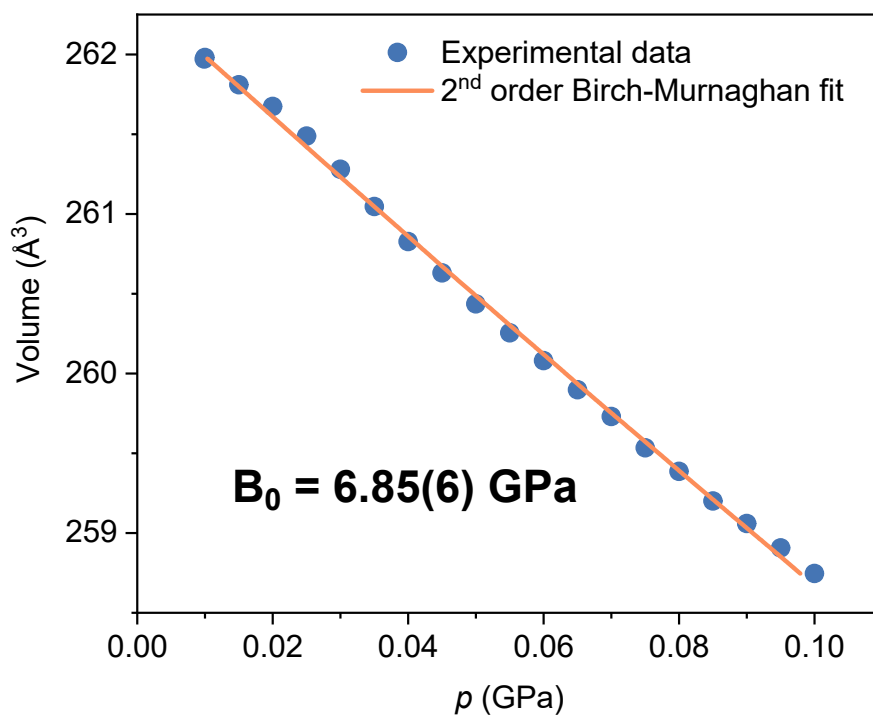
**Figure S11.** Le Bail refinement of LT-phase of  $[\text{CH}_3\text{NH}_3][\text{BF}_4]$  at  $p = 1000 \text{ bar}$  and  $T = 264 \text{ K}$ .



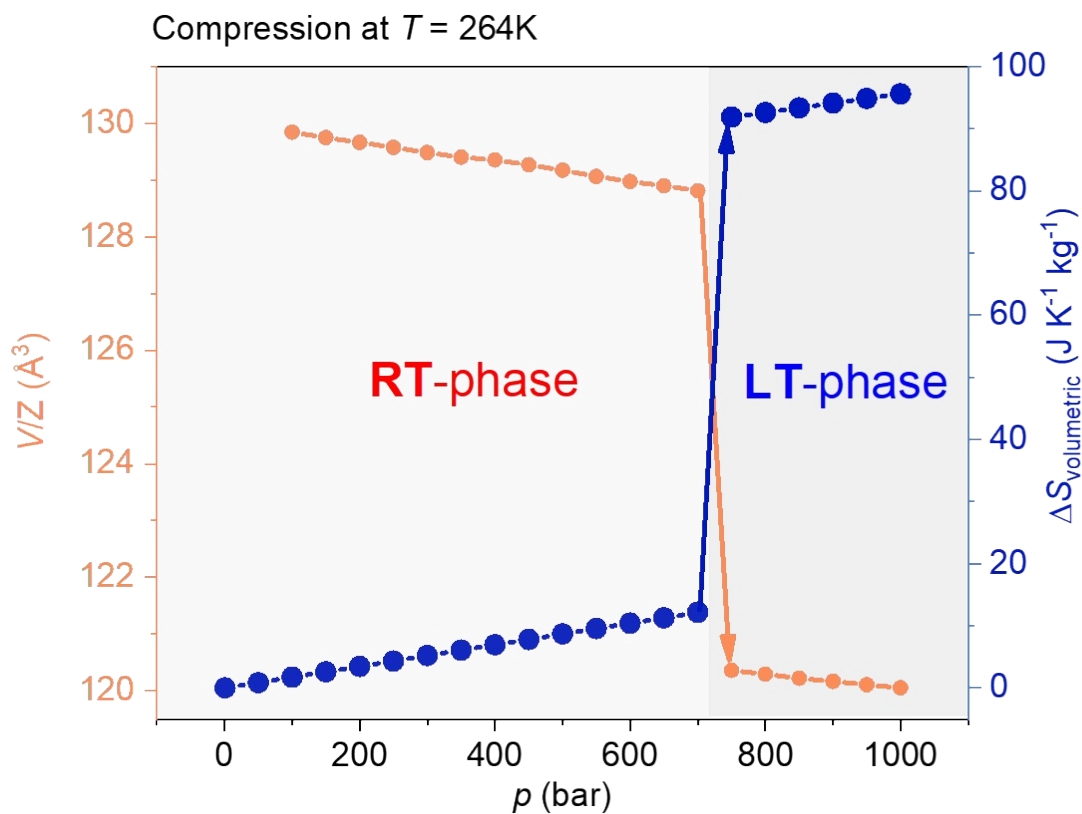
**Figure S12.** Le Bail refinement of RT-phase of  $[\text{CH}_3\text{NH}_3][\text{BF}_4]$  at  $p = 1000 \text{ bar}$  and  $T = 264 \text{ K}$ .



**Figure S13.** Cell volume of the  $[\text{CH}_3\text{NH}_3][\text{BF}_4]$  compound under compression and decompression at  $T = 264$  K.



**Figure S14.** Experimental volume vs. pressure data for the RT-phase collected at room temperature (blue dots) and fit of the second-order Birch-Murnaghan equation of state for the estimation of the isothermal bulk modulus.



**Figure S15.** Evolution of the volume of LT- and RT-phase of  $[\text{CH}_3\text{NH}_3][\text{BF}_4]$  compound as a function of pressure in compression and volumetric entropy change associated with the volume change at the phase transition and the elastic entropy change due the lattice shrinkage on either side of the phase transition at  $T = 264\text{ K}$ .

**Table S1.** Price comparison in euros per gram (€/g) for different commercial plastic crystals reported for barocaloric and/or thermal energy storage applications, in comparison with [DBA][BF<sub>4</sub>] and the [CH<sub>3</sub>NH<sub>3</sub>][BF<sub>4</sub>] compound.<sup>1-8</sup> Prices were consulted in March 2026.

Material	CAS number	Price per gram	Consulted Supplier	Reference
<b>C<sub>60</sub></b>	99685-96-8	346.00 €/g	Fisher Scientific	1
<b>m-carborane</b>	16986-24-6	195.00€/g	abcr GmbH	2
<b>o-carborane</b>	16872-09-6	116.00 €/g	abcr GmbH	2
<b>[N<sub>2222</sub>][TFSI]</b>	161401-26-9	61.00 €/g	Sigma-Aldrich	3
<b>[C<sub>3</sub>mpyr][FSI]</b>	852620-97-4	25.00 €/g	Cymit Química	3
<b>1-Cl-adamantane</b>	935-56-8	10.56 €/g	Sigma-Aldrich	4
<b>2-methyl-2-nitro-1-propanol</b>	76-39-1	5.84 €/g	Cymit Química	5
<b>(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>C(CH<sub>2</sub>OH)<sub>2</sub></b>	126-30-7	1.59 €/g	Sigma-Aldrich	6
<b>NH<sub>2</sub>C(CH<sub>2</sub>OH)<sub>3</sub></b>	77-86-1	0.68 €/g	Fluorochem	7
<b>[CH<sub>3</sub>NH<sub>3</sub>][BF<sub>4</sub>]*</b>	-	0.44 €/g	Sigma-Aldrich	This work
<b>[DBA][BF<sub>4</sub>]*</b>	-	0.35 €/g	Sigma-Aldrich	8

\* Prices were estimated solely based on the quantities of reagents used to obtain 1 g of material. The purities of the reagents considered in each case are those listed in this work and in reference 8, respectively. DBA: (CH<sub>3</sub>(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub><sup>+</sup>

**Table S2.** Crystallographic data for [CH<sub>3</sub>NH<sub>3</sub>][BF<sub>4</sub>] at *T* = 100 K and 298 K.

	[CH <sub>3</sub> NH <sub>3</sub> ][BF <sub>4</sub> ]	[CH <sub>3</sub> NH <sub>3</sub> ][BF <sub>4</sub> ]
	LT-phase	RT-phase
CCDC number	2454145	2454146
Empirical formula	CH <sub>6</sub> NBF <sub>4</sub>	CH <sub>6</sub> NBF <sub>4</sub>
Formula weight	118.88 g/mol	118.88 g/mol
Temperature	100.00 K	298.00 K
Crystal system	Monoclinic	Tetragonal
Space group	P2 <sub>1</sub> /n	P4/nmm
a	10.462(3) Å	5.33470(10) Å
b	7.3498(18) Å	5.33470(10) Å
c	12.266(3) Å	9.2028(4) Å
α	90°	90°
β	100.481(7)°	90°
γ	90°	90°
Volume	927.5(4) Å <sup>3</sup>	261.903(15) Å <sup>3</sup>
Z	8	2
ρ <sub>calc</sub>	1.703 g/cm <sup>3</sup>	1.431 g/cm <sup>3</sup>
μ	0.213 mm <sup>-1</sup>	0.186 mm <sup>-1</sup>
F(000)	480.0	108.0
Crystal size	0.088 × 0.076 × 0.029 mm <sup>3</sup>	0.088 × 0.076 × 0.029 mm <sup>3</sup>
Radiation	MoKα (λ = 0.71073)	MoKα (λ = 0.71073)
2θ range for data collection/°	4.714 to 50.794°	13.304 to 56.57°
Index ranges	-12 ≤ h ≤ 12 -8 ≤ k ≤ 8 -14 ≤ l ≤ 14	-7 ≤ h ≤ 6 -7 ≤ k ≤ 7 -12 ≤ l ≤ 12
Reflections collected	1632	5556
Independent reflections	1632 [R <sub>int</sub> = 0.0, R <sub>sigma</sub> = 0.1251]	202 [R <sub>int</sub> = 0.0481, R <sub>sigma</sub> = 0.0160]
Data / restraints / parameters	1632 / 0 / 119	202 / 0 / 27
Goodness-of-fit on F <sup>2</sup>	1.113	2.045
Final R indexes [I ≥ 2σ (I)]	R <sub>1</sub> = 0.1379 wR <sub>2</sub> = 0.2825	R <sub>1</sub> = 0.1265 wR <sub>2</sub> = 0.4133
Final R indexes [all data]	R <sub>1</sub> = 0.2098 wR <sub>2</sub> = 0.3130	R <sub>1</sub> = 0.1457 wR <sub>2</sub> = 0.4476
Largest diff. peak/hole	0.54 / -0.49 e Å <sup>-3</sup>	0.12 / -0.18 e Å <sup>-3</sup>

**Table S3.** Bond lengths for LT-phase (100 K) and RT-phase (298 K) of [CH<sub>3</sub>NH<sub>3</sub>][BF<sub>4</sub>].

<i>F – B bonds</i>		
<b>Atom</b>	<b>Atom</b>	<b>Length (Å)</b>
F001	B00D	1.392(14)
F002	B00D	1.389(14)
F006	B00D	1.384(13)
F008	B00D	1.400(14)
F003	B00E	1.409(14)
F004	B00E	1.385(13)
F005	B00E	1.404(14)
F007	B00E	1.385(14)
<i>N – C bonds</i>		
<b>Atom</b>	<b>Atom</b>	<b>Length (Å)</b>
N009	C00B	1.442(12)
N00A	C00C	1.459(13)

**Table S4.** Bond angles for LT-phase of [CH<sub>3</sub>NH<sub>3</sub>][BF<sub>4</sub>].

<i>F – B bonds</i>			
<b>Atom</b>	<b>Atom</b>	<b>Atom</b>	<b>Angle (°)</b>
F001	B00D	F008	110.1(10)
F002	B00D	F001	109.5(9)
F002	B00D	F008	108.3(9)
F006	B00D	F001	108.9(9)
F006	B00D	F002	110.3(10)
F006	B00D	F008	109.7(9)
F004	B00E	F003	108.7(10)
F004	B00E	F005	108.4(9)
F004	B00E	F007	111.2(9)
F005	B00E	F003	108.7(8)
F007	B00E	F003	109.2(9)
F007	B00E	F005	110.5(10)

**Table S5.** Transition temperature ( $T_t$ ) and enthalpy ( $\Delta H$ ) of some representative materials belonging to the SS and SL-PCMs families presented in Figure 3a.

Material	Type	$T_m^a$ (K)	$\Delta H$ (J g <sup>-1</sup> )	Reference
<b>SS-PCMs</b>				
<b>PE</b>	Polyalcohol	458.4	339.5	9
<b>NPG</b>	Polyalcohol	315.4	119.1	9
<b>TAM</b>	Polyalcohol	405.4	295.6	9
<b>C<sub>10</sub>Mn</b>	Layered hybrid perovskite	305.8	70.34	9
<b>C<sub>12</sub>Co</b>	Layered hybrid perovskite	333.7-361	92.89	9
<b>C<sub>14</sub>Cu</b>	Layered hybrid perovskite	342.2-352.5	163.99	9
<b>C<sub>10</sub>Zn</b>	Layered hybrid perovskite	353.1-435.8-	100.92	9
<b>SAN-g-PA</b>	Polymeric	284.6-296.7	11.6-23.7	9
<b>Cellulose-g-PEG</b>	Polymeric	315.8-333.1	77.6-203.2	9
<b>PUPCM</b>	Polymeric	338.28	138.7	9
<b>PEG/MDI/PVA</b>	Polymeric	334.1	72.8	9
<b>[C<sub>13</sub>mpyr][FSI]</b>	Organic ionic plastic crystal	245	47	3
<b>[N<sub>2222</sub>][TFSI]</b>	Organic ionic plastic crystal	277	45	3
<b>[C<sub>2</sub>mmor][FSI]</b>	Organic ionic plastic crystal	283	68	3
<b>[CH<sub>3</sub>NH<sub>3</sub>][BF<sub>4</sub>]</b>	Hybrid organic-inorganic plastic crystal	254	42	This work
<b>1-Cl-adamantane</b>	Organic plastic crystal	254	32	4
<b>[DBA][BF<sub>4</sub>]<sup>b</sup></b>	Hybrid organic-inorganic plastic crystal	269	58	8

**Table S5.** (continued)

<b>Material</b>	<b>Type</b>	<b><math>T_m^a)</math> (K)</b>	<b><math>\Delta H</math> (J g<sup>-1</sup>)</b>	<b>Reference</b>
<b>SL-PCMS</b>				
<b>K<sub>2</sub>PO<sub>4</sub>·6H<sub>2</sub>O</b>	Salt hydrate	277	109	10
<b>LiClO<sub>3</sub>·3H<sub>2</sub>O</b>	Salt hydrate	281.1	253	10
<b>KF·4H<sub>2</sub>O</b>	Salt hydrate	291.5	231	10
<b>Dodecane</b>	Paraffin	263.4	216	10
<b>Caprylic acid</b>	Fatty acid	289	148.5	10
<b>Paraffin C<sub>16</sub></b>	Paraffin	289.7	237.1	10
<b>Isopropyl stearate</b>	Fatty acid derivate	287-291	140-142	10
<b>Acetic acid</b>	Fatty acid	289.7	184	10
<b>51 wt% ZnCl<sub>2</sub></b>	Inorganic eutectic mixture	210	116.84	11
<b>17.1 wt% MgCl<sub>2</sub></b>	Inorganic eutectic mixture	239.4	221.8	11
<b>41.2 wt% NH<sub>4</sub>NO<sub>3</sub></b>	Inorganic eutectic mixture	255.6	186.29	11
<b>10 wt% NaCl</b>	Inorganic eutectic mixture	268.15	289	11
<b>Tetradecane + octadecane</b>	Organic eutectic mixture	268.98	227.52	10
<b>Tetradecane + docosane</b>	Organic eutectic mixture	274.5-278.6	234.33	10
<b>Pentadecane + octadecane</b>	Organic eutectic mixture	281.5-282	271.93	10
<b>Pentadecane + docosane</b>	Organic eutectic mixture	280.6-281.99	214.83	10

<sup>a)</sup>In this context,  $T_t = T_m$  or melting temperature, as reported in the literature for most PCMs. <sup>b)</sup> Only the most energetic phase transition was considered.

**Table S6.** Barocaloric parameters of the different barocaloric materials represented in Figure 3b.

Material	$T_t$ (K)	$p$ (bar)	$dT/dp$ (K kbar <sup>-1</sup> )	$\Delta S_{rev}$ (J K <sup>-1</sup> kg <sup>-1</sup> )	$\Delta T_{rev}$ (K)	Reference
<b>Metallic Alloys</b>						
LaFe <sub>11.33</sub> Co <sub>0.47</sub> Si <sub>1.2</sub>	250	2000	9.4	8.7 <sup>a)</sup>	-	12
Gd <sub>2</sub> Si <sub>5</sub> Ge <sub>5</sub>	260	2000	3.5	6.2 <sup>a)</sup>	-	13
Mn <sub>3</sub> NiN	262	2800	1.4	35 <sup>a)</sup>	3.4 <sup>c)</sup>	14
Ni <sub>44.5</sub> Co <sub>5.5</sub> Mn <sub>35.5</sub> In <sub>14.4</sub>	272	6000	4.4	15.6 <sup>a)</sup>	6 <sup>c)</sup>	15
Ni <sub>0.95</sub> Fe <sub>0.05</sub> S	274	1000	7.5	39.6 <sup>a)</sup>	8 <sup>c)</sup>	16
Ni <sub>2.00</sub> Mn <sub>1.32</sub> In <sub>0.68</sub>	275	2500	1.88	4	3 <sup>c)</sup>	17
Co <sub>50</sub> Fe <sub>2.5</sub> V <sub>31.5</sub> Ga <sub>16</sub>	277	5000	2.5	31	6	18
MnNiSi <sub>0.60</sub> FeCoGe <sub>0.40</sub>	280	2300	7.3	47	4	19
MnCoGeB <sub>0.03</sub>	286	2600	10	30	15 <sup>c)</sup>	20
Mn <sub>3</sub> GaN	290	930	6.5	21.6 <sup>a)</sup>	1.3 <sup>c)</sup>	21
Ni <sub>35.5</sub> Co <sub>14.5</sub> Mn <sub>35</sub> Ti <sub>15</sub>	291	1000	5	8.5	4.2 <sup>c)</sup>	22
Ni <sub>49.26</sub> Mn <sub>36.08</sub> In <sub>14.66</sub>	293	2500	1.8	10 <sup>a)</sup>	9.4 <sup>c)</sup>	23
Ni <sub>0.875</sub> Fe <sub>0.125</sub> S	294	1000	7.5	49.5 <sup>a)</sup>	-	16
<b>Spin-Crossover Materials (SCO)</b>						
[FeL <sub>2</sub> ][BF <sub>4</sub> ] <sub>2</sub>	257	430	15	68 <sup>a)</sup>	4	24
[Fe(hyptrz) <sub>3</sub> ] <sub>3</sub> A <sub>2</sub> ·H <sub>2</sub> O	273	900	33.2	56 <sup>a)</sup>	10	25
<b>Ammonium Salts</b>						
NH <sub>4</sub> I	268	800	81	71	34 <sup>c)</sup>	26
<b>Organic Plastic Crystals</b>						
C <sub>10</sub> H <sub>15</sub> Cl	254	1000	27.4	153	16.1	4
C <sub>60</sub>	257	1000	17	32	9.7	1
o-carborane	277	600	30	79	14 <sup>b)</sup>	2
[N <sub>2222</sub> ][TFSI]	277	1000	23.7	160	-	3
[C <sub>2</sub> mmor][FSI]	283	1000	12.1	184	-	3

**Table S6.** (continued)

Material	$T_t$ (K)	$p$ (bar)	$dT/dp$ (K kbar <sup>-1</sup> )	$\Delta S_{rev}$ (J K <sup>-1</sup> kg <sup>-1</sup> )	$\Delta T_{rev}$ (K)	Reference
<b>Organic Plastic Crystals</b>						
m-carborane	286	600	34	71	-	2
<b>Hybrid Organic Inorganic Materials</b>						
[CH <sub>3</sub> NH <sub>3</sub> ][BF <sub>4</sub> ]	254	1000	24.9	175	13	This work
[DBA][BF <sub>4</sub> ]	269	1000	22.6	238	17	8
(C <sub>9</sub> H <sub>19</sub> NH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> MnCl <sub>4</sub>	294	1000	17.2	212	10	27

<sup>a</sup>)Isobaric entropy change; <sup>b</sup>)Adiabatic temperature change was calculated by indirect methods ( $\Delta T_{rev} = \Delta S \cdot T_t / C_p$ ); <sup>c</sup>) Irreversible adiabatic temperature change.

## References

- 1 J. Li, D. Dunstan, X. Lou, A. Planes, L. Mañosa, M. Barrio, J. L. Tamarit and P. Lloveras, Reversible barocaloric effects over a large temperature span in fullerite  $C_{60}$ , *J. Mater. Chem. A*, 2020, **8**, 20354–20362.
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