

Supporting information

Simple electroless plating of platinum nanoparticles on graphdiyne for chlorogenic acid electrochemical sensing

Yong Zhou,^{a#} Geyuan Zheng,^{a#} Wanlu Chen,^b Jiang Chen^{a*}

^a Implantology Department, School and Hospital of Stomatology, Fujian Medical University, Fuzhou 350001, China

^b Endodontics Department, School and Hospital of Stomatology, Fujian Medical University, Fuzhou 350001, China

[#] Co-first authors.

* Corresponding author. E-mail address: Dentistjiang@sina.com.

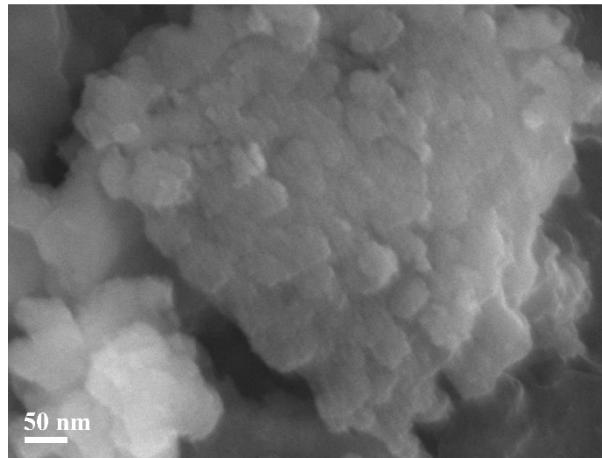


Figure S1. The higher-resolution SEM image of Pt/GDY.

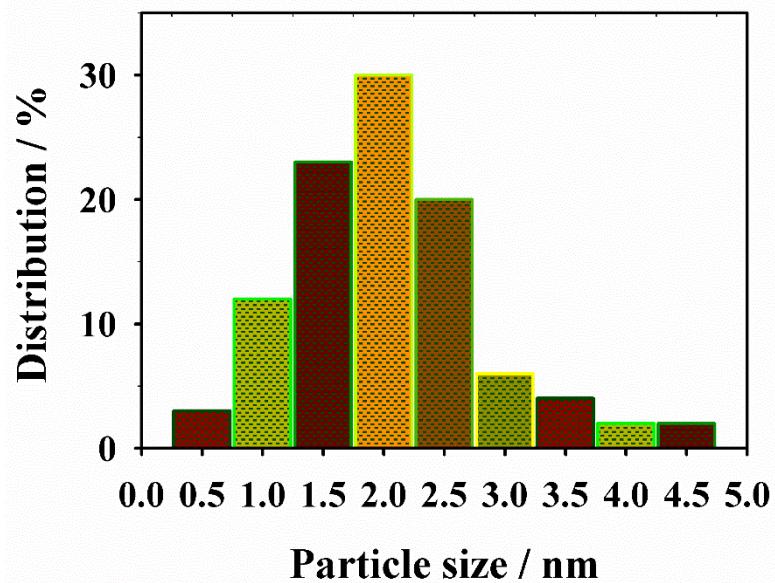


Figure S2. The distribution of Pt NPs size.

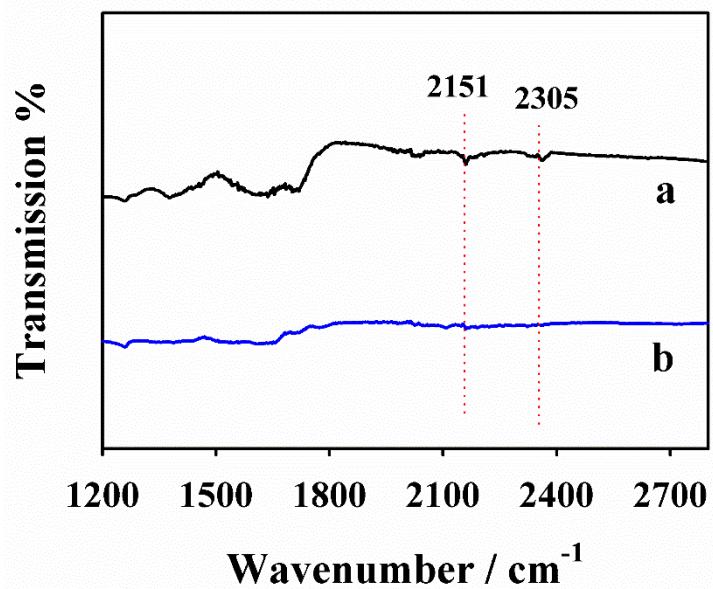


Figure S3. FT-IR spectroscopy of (a) GDY and (b) Pt/GDY.

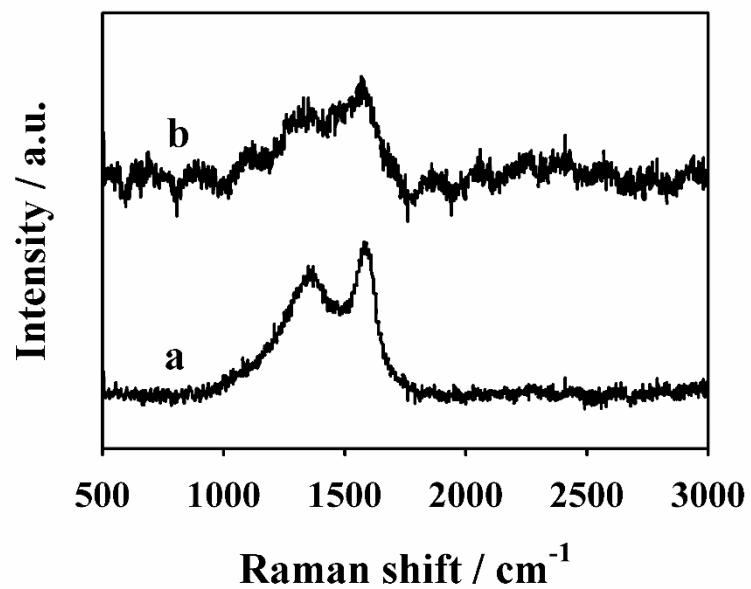


Figure S4. Raman spectroscopy of (a) GDY and (b) Pt/GDY.

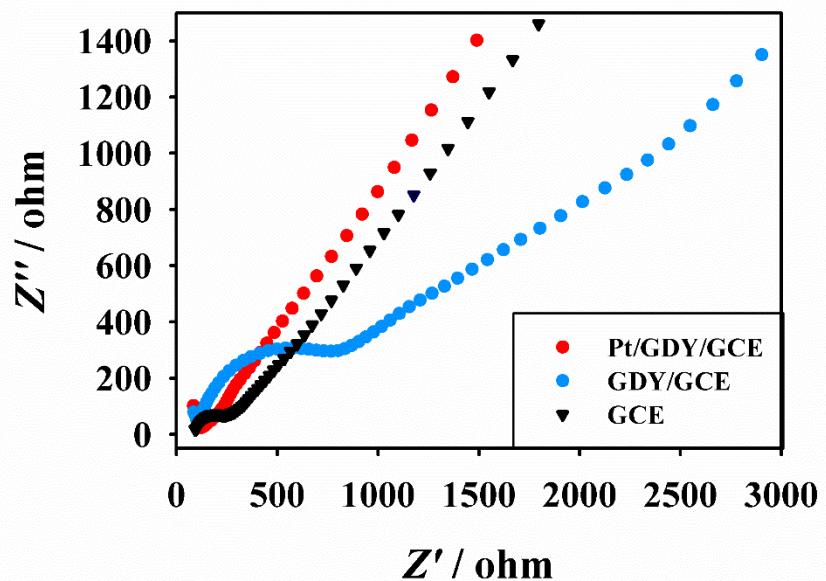


Figure S5. EIS plots of different electrodes.

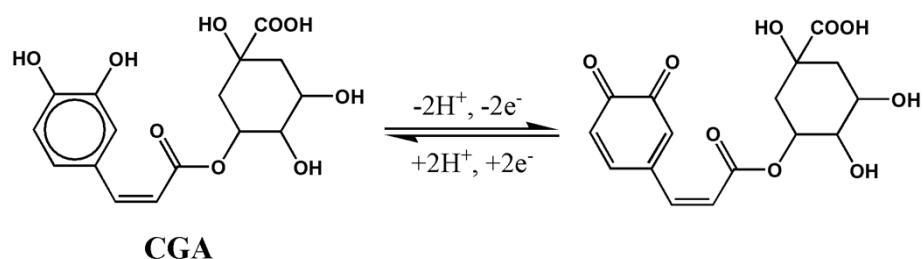


Figure S6. The proposed electrochemical redox mechanism of CGA at Pt/GDY/GCE.

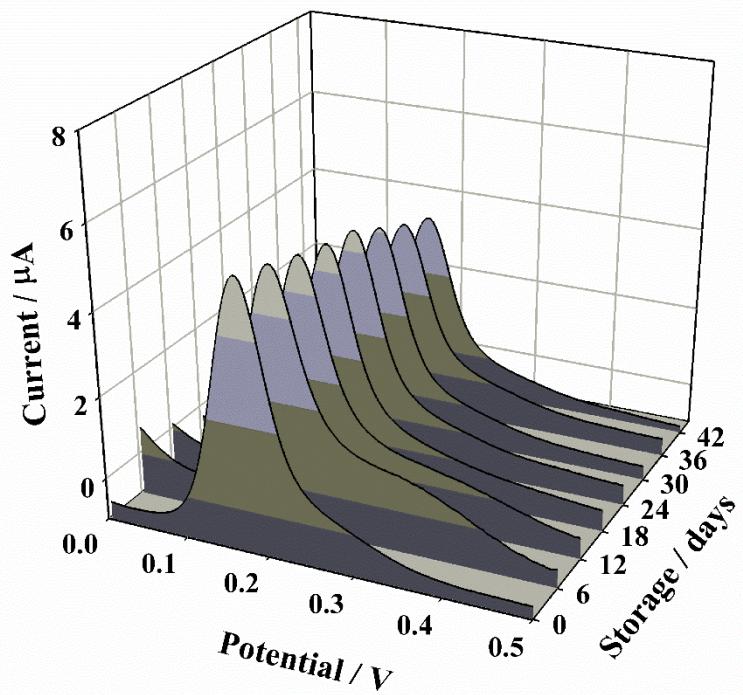


Figure S7. The DPV responses of Pt/GDY/GCE upon different storage time.

Table S1. The detection of CGA based on Pt/GDY sensor in real samples.

Samples	Added / nM	Found / nM	Recovery (%)
Serum	50	48.6	97.2
	200	185.3	92.6
	500	474.5	94.8
Coffee	50	46.2	92.4
	200	188.6	94.3
	500	460.7	91.5