

Supporting Information

Novel Donor- π -Acceptor Benzimidazole-Based Chromophores: Synthesis, Antitumor Assessment, and Pharmacokinetics

Biological Evaluation

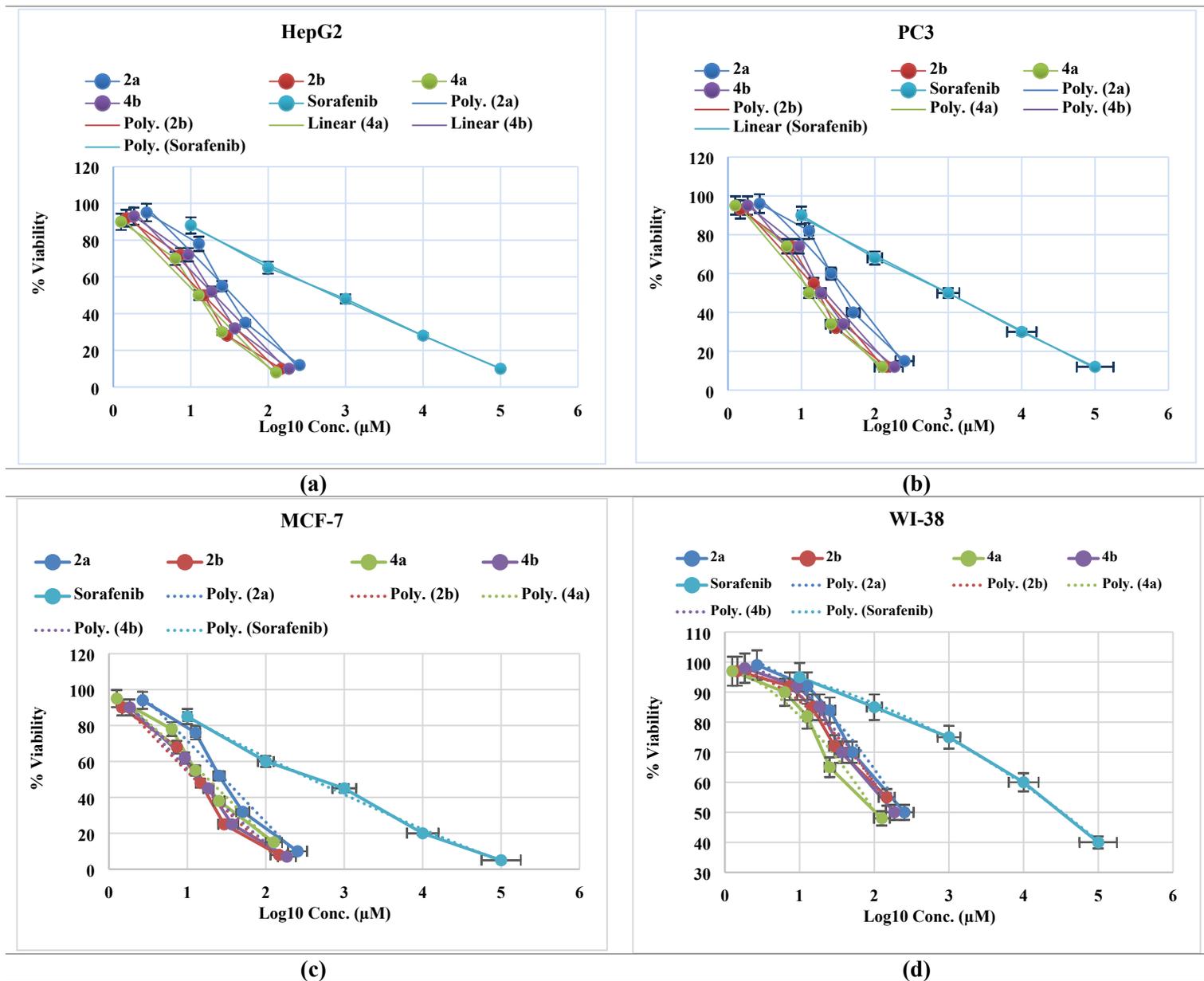


Figure S1. Dose-response curves showing the effect of compounds **2a**, **2b**, **4a**, **4b**, and Sorafenib on cell viability. Cell lines: (a) HepG2, (b) PC3, (c) MCF-7, and (d) WI-38. Data represent mean \pm SD ($n = 3$) and are plotted against \log_{10} inhibitor concentration (μM). Trendlines were added to visualize the dose-response relationship.

Cytotoxicity Assessment

The cells were cultured in RPMI-1640 medium with 10% fetal bovine serum. Antibiotics were added 100 units/mL penicillin and 100 µg/mL streptomycin at 37 °C in a 5% CO₂ incubator. The cells were seeded in a 96-well plate at a density of 1.0x10⁴ cells/well at 37 °C for 48 h under 5% CO₂. After incubation, the cells were treated with different concentration of compounds and incubated for 24 h. Discard the medium. Fixed with 10% trichloroacetic acid (TCA) 150 µL/well for 1h at 4 °C. Wash by water 3 times (TCA reduce SRB protein binding). Wells will be stained by SRB 70 µL/well for 10 min at room temperature with 0.4%. 70 µL/well and incubated in the dark. Wash with acetic acid 1% to remove unbound dye (end point: colorless drainage). The plates will be air dried 24 h. The dye will be solubilized with 50 µL/well of 10 m Mtris base (pH 7.4) for 5 min on a shaker at 1600 rpm.

Table S1. *In vitro* cytotoxic activity and selectivity of the synthesized benzimidazole hybrids

IC₅₀ values (µM) represent the mean ± SD of three independent experiments. Selectivity index (SI) was calculated as SI = IC₅₀ (WI-38)/IC₅₀ (cancer cell line). Hill slope values were obtained from four-parameter logistic (4PL) fitting of the dose-response curves. Sorafenib was used as the reference drug.

Hybrid	IC ₅₀ (µM) HepG2	SI (HepG2)	IC ₅₀ (µM) PC3	SI (PC3)	IC ₅₀ (µM) MCF-7	SI (MCF- 7)	IC ₅₀ (µM) WI-38	Hill slope
2a	16.90 ± 0.36	3.21	25.39 ± 0.02	2.14	18.14 ± 0.06	2.99	54.27 ± 0.41	1.1
2b	14.71 ± 0.11	4.56	18.56 ± 0.19	3.61	8.67 ± 0.53	7.73	67.03 ± 0.12	1.0
4a	12.64 ± 0.29	3.12	12.19 ± 0.30	3.24	20.07 ± 0.21	1.97	39.48 ± 0.23	1.2
4b	18.54 ± 0.08	3.20	23.62 ± 0.07	2.51	9.64 ± 0.02	6.15	59.34 ± 0.37	1.1
Sorafenib	9.38 ± 0.16	4.76	12.35 ± 0.08	3.62	8.13 ± 0.33	5.49	44.65 ± 0.05	1.1

In vitro VEGFR assay

In vitro VEGFR-2 tyrosine kinase activity was assayed using an enzyme-linked immunosorbent assay kit (Boehringer Mannheim, SA). In brief, ellagic acid was incubated with VEGFR-2 (Upstate) in assay buffer containing Mg²⁺ and ATP in a 96-well plate coated with a poly-Glu-Tyr substrate. Phosphorylated tyrosine was then detected by sequential incubation with a mouse IgG anti-phosphotyrosine antibody and an HRP-linked sheep anti-mouse immunoglobulin antibody. Color was developed with an HRP chromogenic

substrate and quantified by an ELISA reader at wavelength 450 nm. The results were expressed as percent kinase activity.

Table S2. *In vitro* VEGFR-2 inhibitory activity of the synthesized benzimidazole hybrids.

IC₅₀ values represent the mean ± SD of three independent experiments (n = 3). Hill slope values were derived from 4PL nonlinear regression analysis of the dose-response curves.

Hybrid	VEGFR-2 IC ₅₀ (μM)	Hill slope
2a	0.40 ± 0.34	1.0
2b	0.25 ± 0.18	1.1
4a	0.33 ± 0.04	1.0
4b	0.29 ± 0.22	1.0
Sorafenib	0.22 ± 0.09	1.0

N.B. Statistical significance was determined using one-way ANOVA followed by Dunnett's post-hoc test versus Sorafenib (p < 0.05).

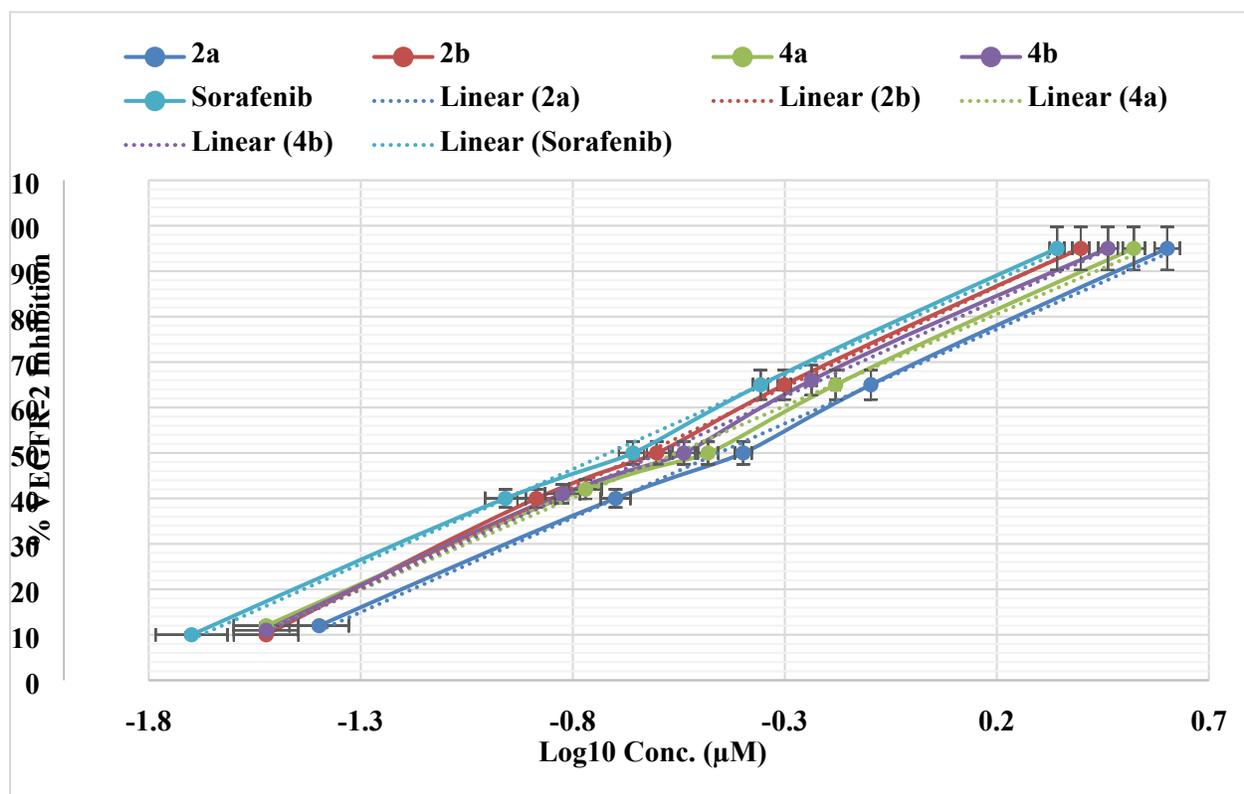


Figure S2. Dose-response curves for VEGFR-2 inhibition. Data represent mean ± SD (n = 3) plotted against log₁₀ inhibitor concentration (μM).

Photophysical Properties

Table S3. The absorbance and fluorescence (λ_{max} nm) for the synthesized benzimidazole conjugates **2a**, **2b**, **4a**, and **4b** in diverse solvents.

No.		Toluene	Dichloromethane (DCM)	Acetonitrile (ACN)	Ethanol	Dimethyl Sulfoxide (DMSO)
2a	<i>Abs</i> ($\epsilon \times 10^3$)	336 (2.83)	348 (3.01)	372 (3.15)	388 (3.19)	390 (3.40)
	<i>FL</i> (ϕ)	497 (0.69)	507 (0.784)	514 (0.7461)	524 (0.8264)	528 (0.8652)
	$\Delta\bar{\nu}$ (cm^{-1})	9493	8872	7403	6671	6713
2b	<i>Abs</i> ($\epsilon \times 10^3$)	375 (3.47)	384 (3.66)	388 (3.70)	390 (3.88)	396 (3.92)
	<i>FL</i> (ϕ)	512 (0.71)	520 (0.7368)	527 (0.7592)	531 (0.760)	536 (0.7849)
	$\Delta\bar{\nu}$ (cm^{-1})	7279	6880	6735	6877	6735
4a	<i>Abs</i> ($\epsilon \times 10^3$)	389 (4.2)	395 (4.71)	401 (4.78)	398 (4.89)	408 (4.97)
	<i>FL</i> (ϕ)	520 (0.76)	532 (0.7884)	526 (0.7920)	536 (0.826)	539 (0.8491)
	$\Delta\bar{\nu}$ (cm^{-1})	6546	6578	5922	6499	6019
4b	<i>Abs</i> ($\epsilon \times 10^3$)	418 (4.32)	424 (4.43)	412 (4.71)	412 (4.59)	406 (4.94)
	<i>FL</i> (ϕ)	520 (0.77)	549 (0.7913)	546 (0.8038)	569 (0.820)	573 (0.8280)
	$\Delta\bar{\nu}$ (cm^{-1})	4677	5431	6011	6796	7245

Where; ϵ : $\text{Lmol}^{-1}\text{cm}^{-1}$; ϕ : Quantum yield; $\Delta\bar{\nu}$ stock shift

Spectral Charts

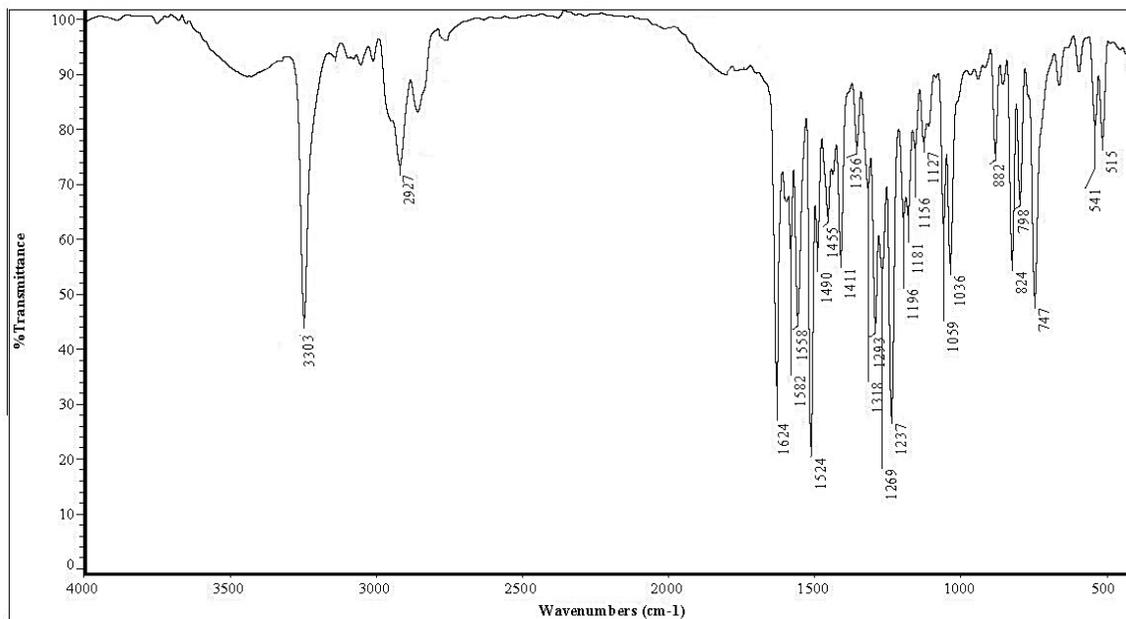


Figure S3. I.R spectrum of hybrid 2a.

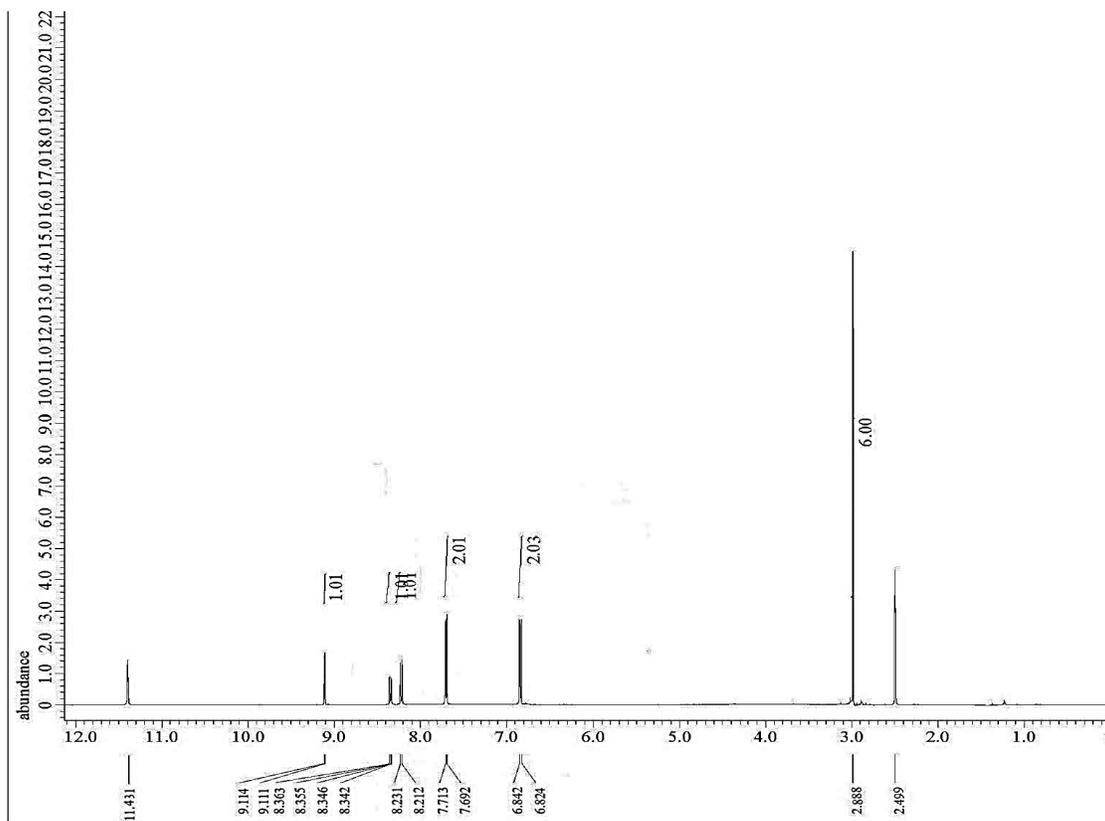


Figure S4. ¹H-NMR spectrum of hybrid 2a.

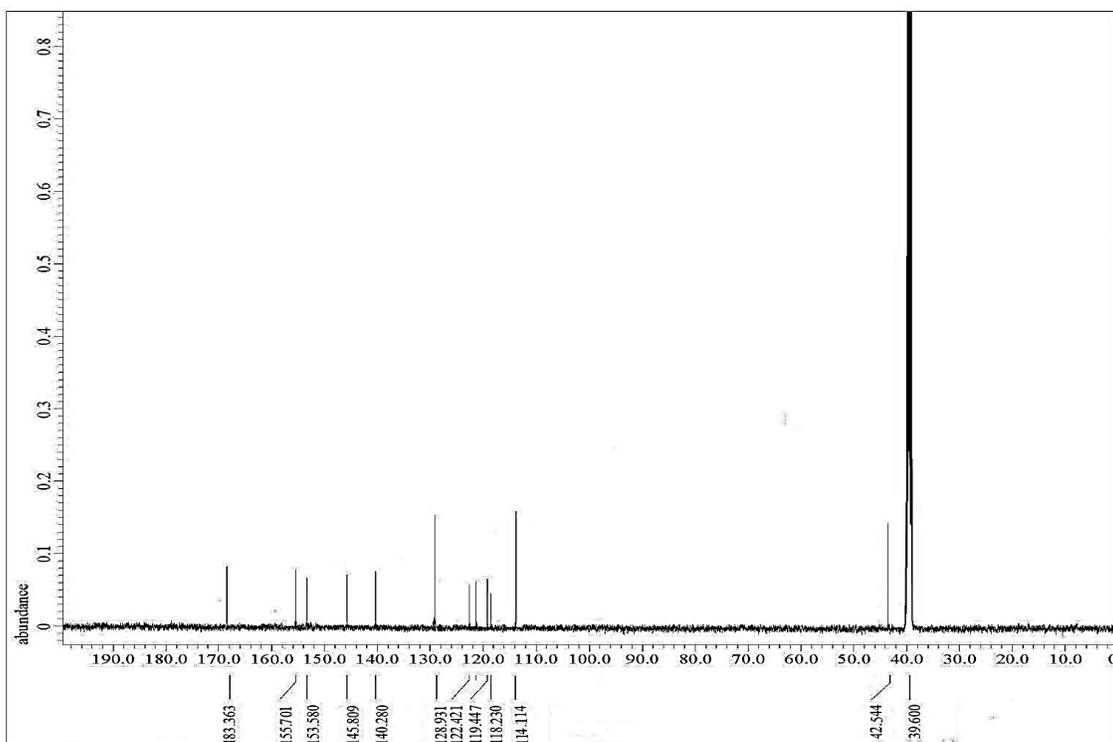


Figure S5. ¹³C-NMR spectrum of hybrid 2a.

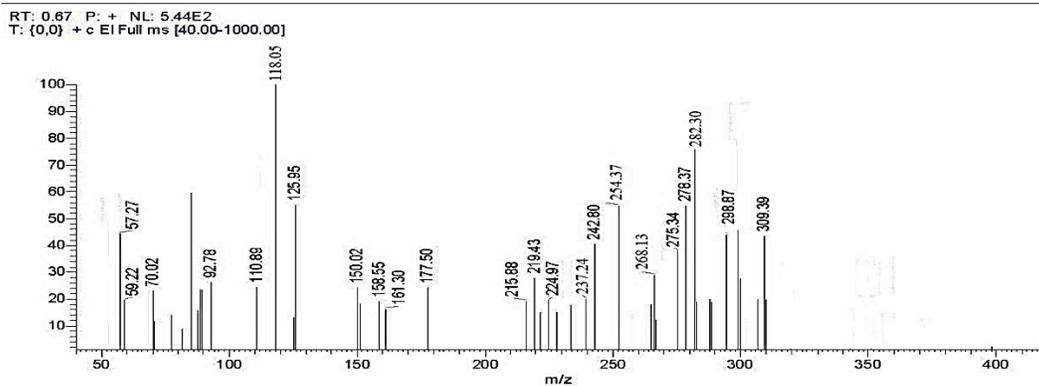
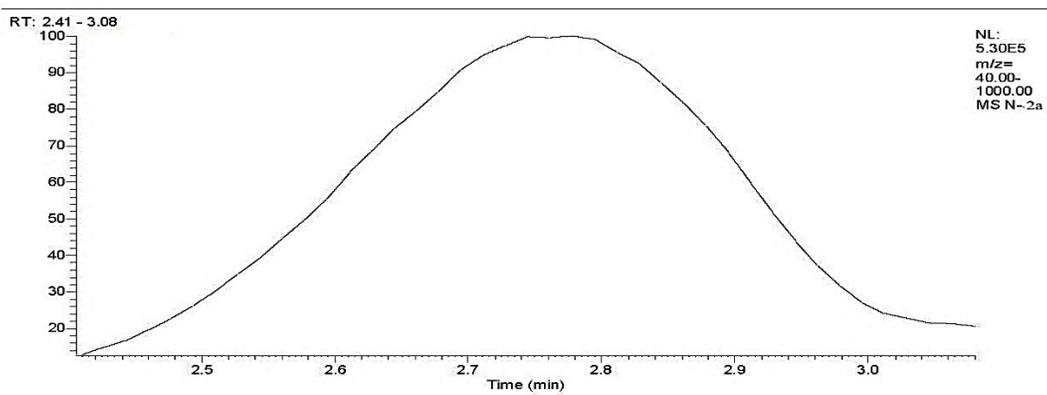


Figure S6. Mass analysis of hybrid 2a.

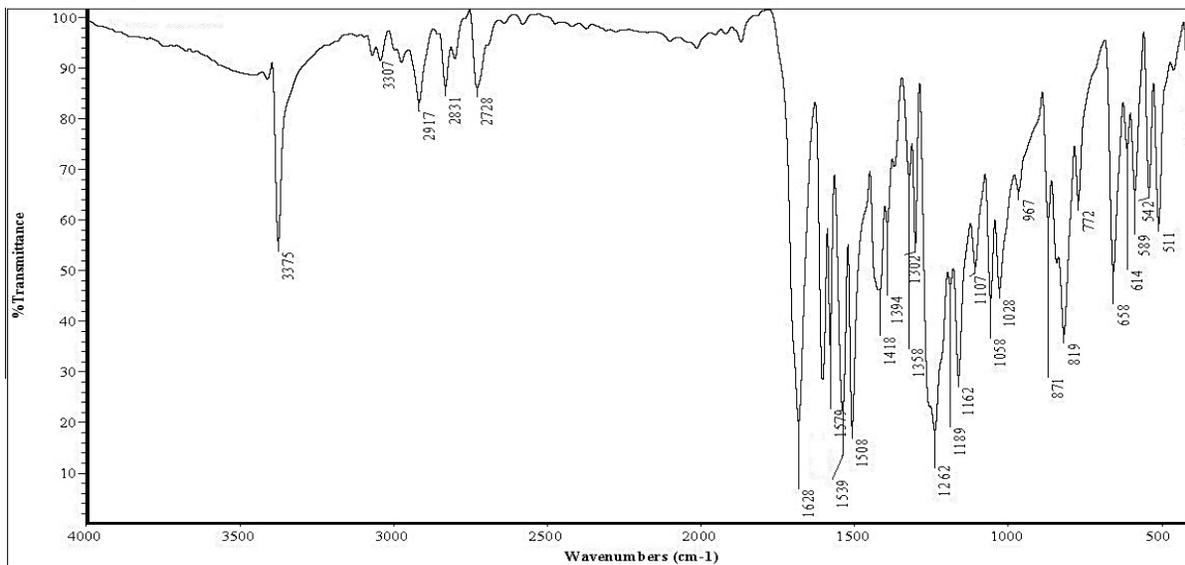


Figure S7. I.R spectrum of hybrid **2b**.

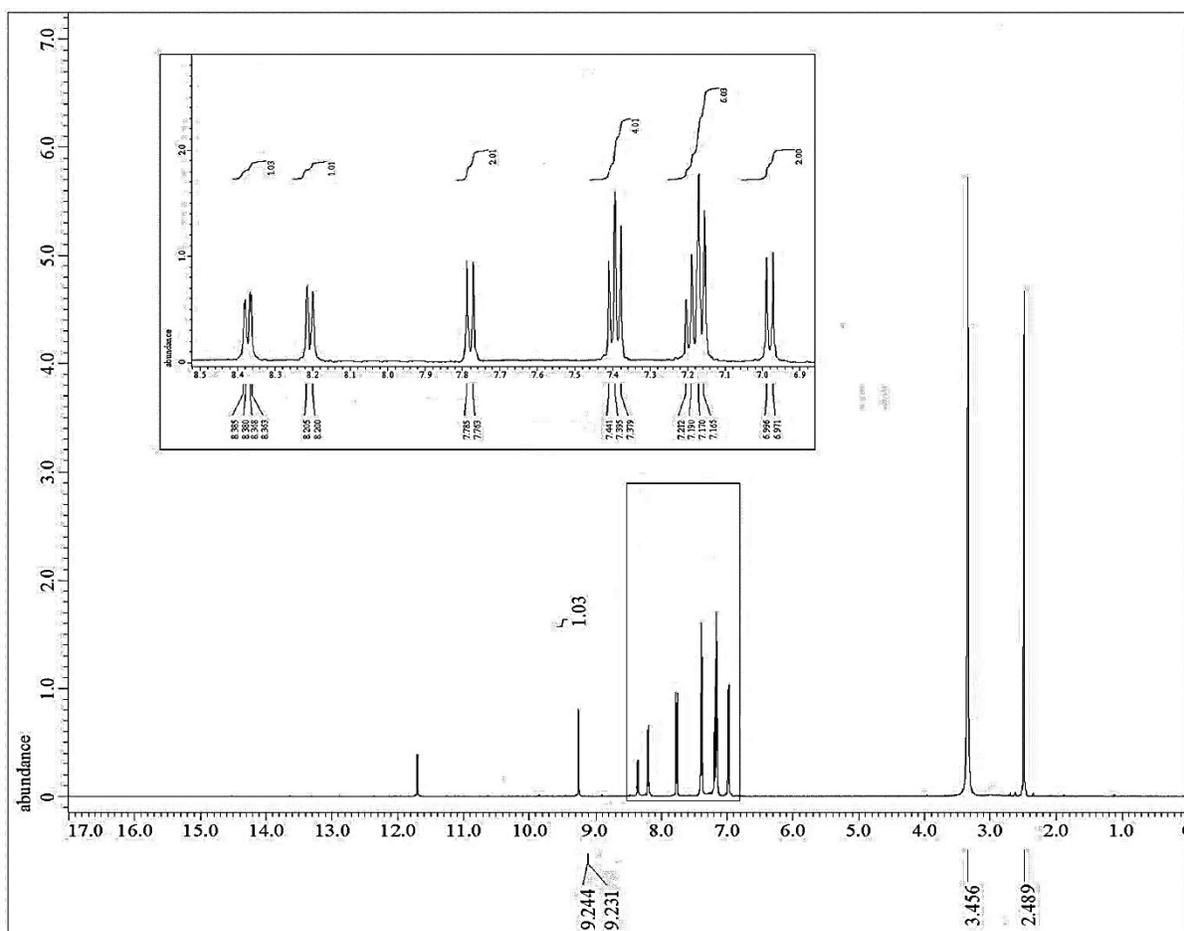


Figure S8. ¹H-NMR spectrum of hybrid **2b**.

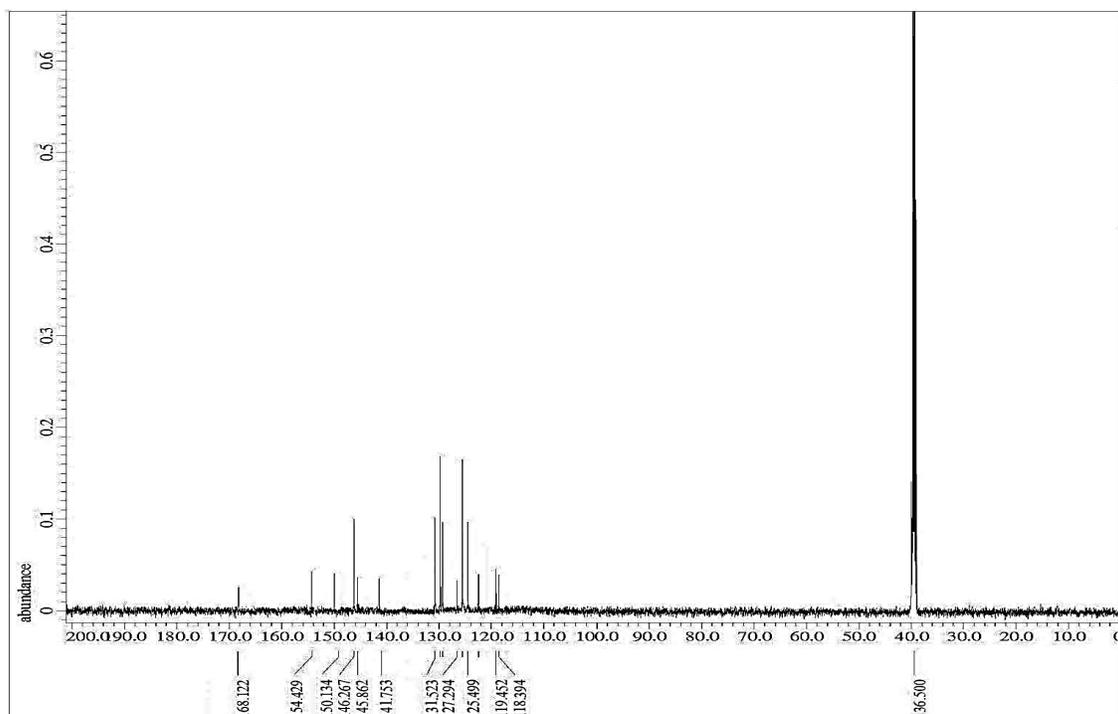
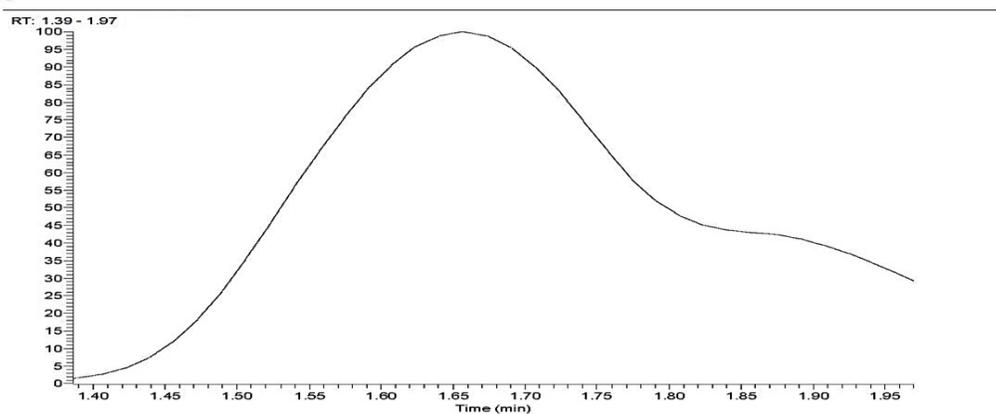


Figure S9. ¹³C-NMR spectrum of hybrid 2b.



RT: 0.12-0.13 AV: 2 SB: 5 1.34-1.39, 1.39 NL: 3.94E2
T: (0,0) + c EI Full ms [40.00-1000.00]

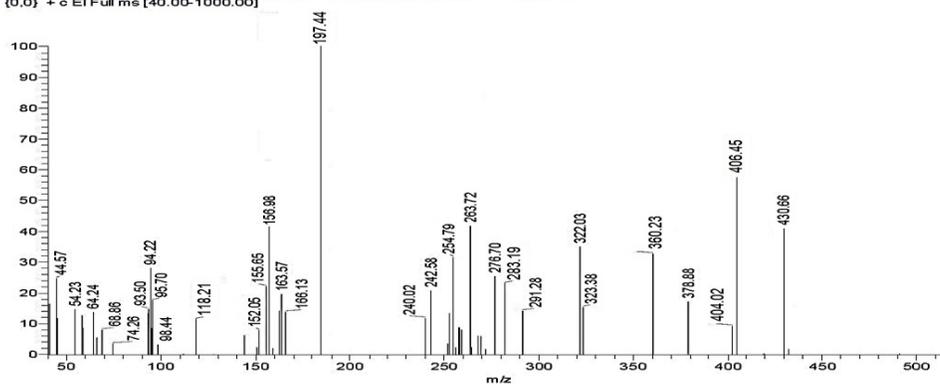


Figure S10. Mass analysis of hybrid 2b.

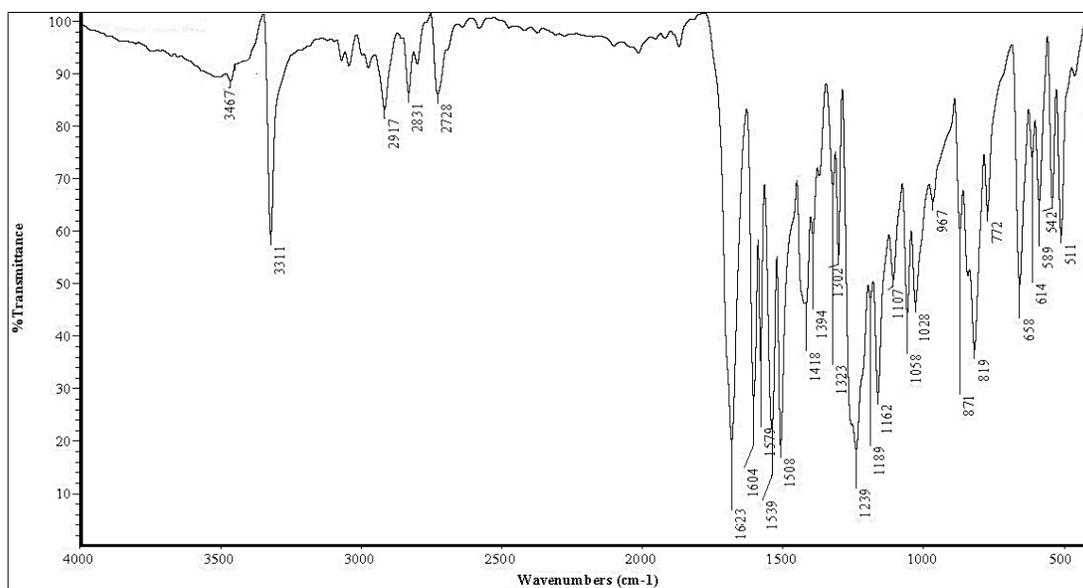


Figure S11. I.R spectrum of hybrid **3a**.

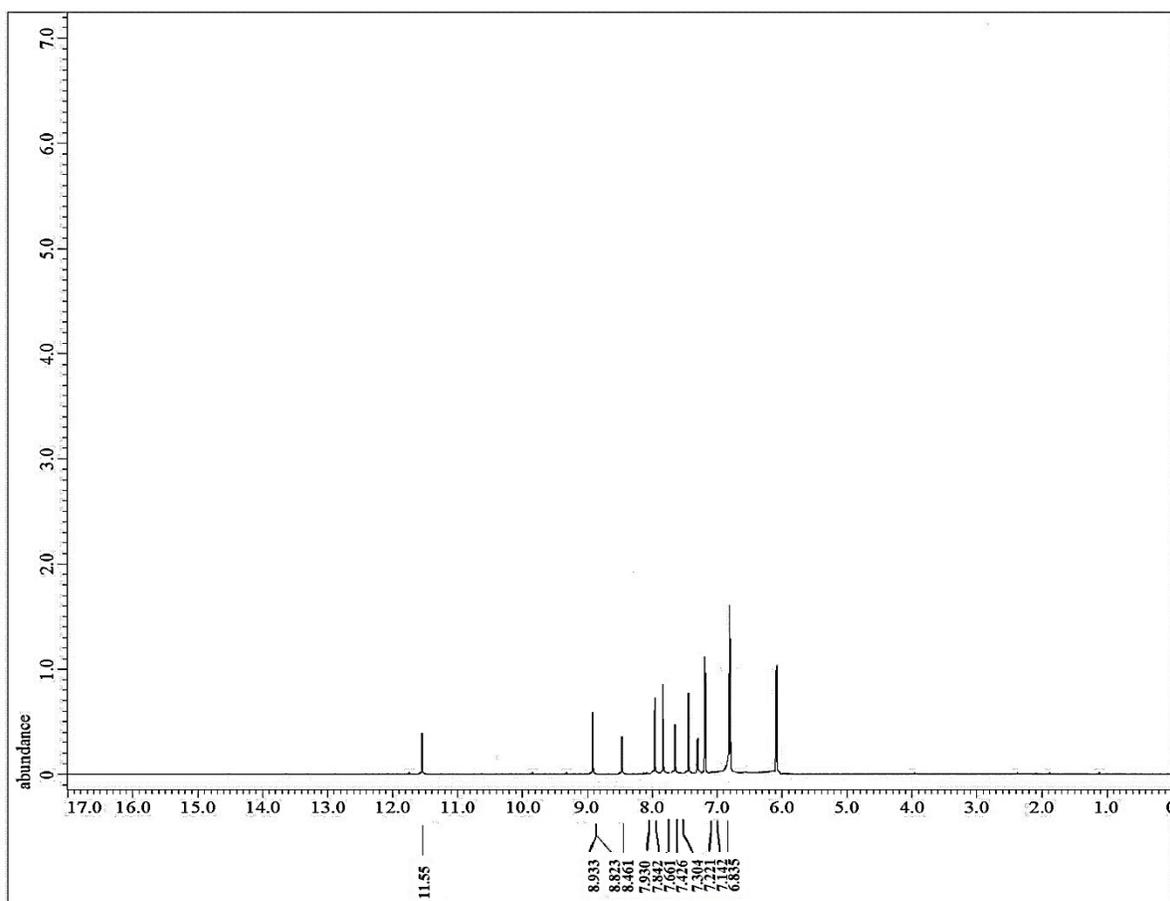


Figure S12. ¹H-NMR spectrum of hybrid **3a**.

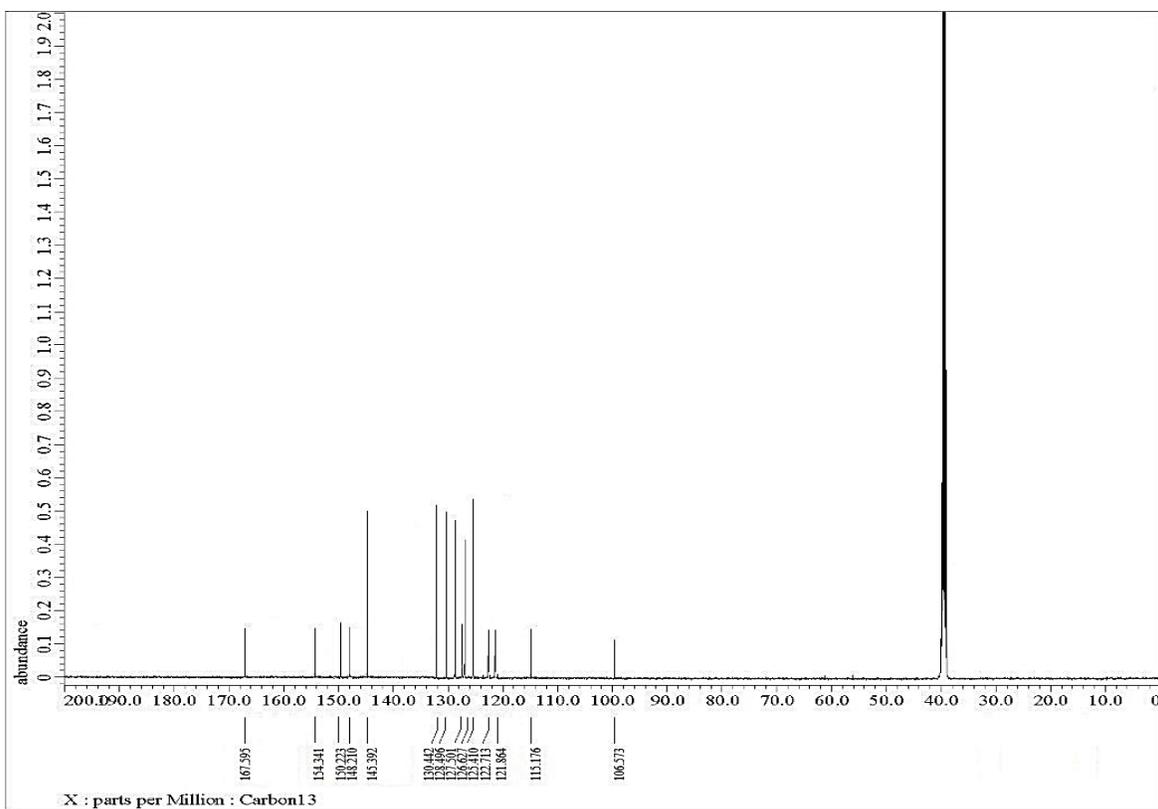


Figure S13. ^{13}C -NMR spectrum of hybrid **3a**.

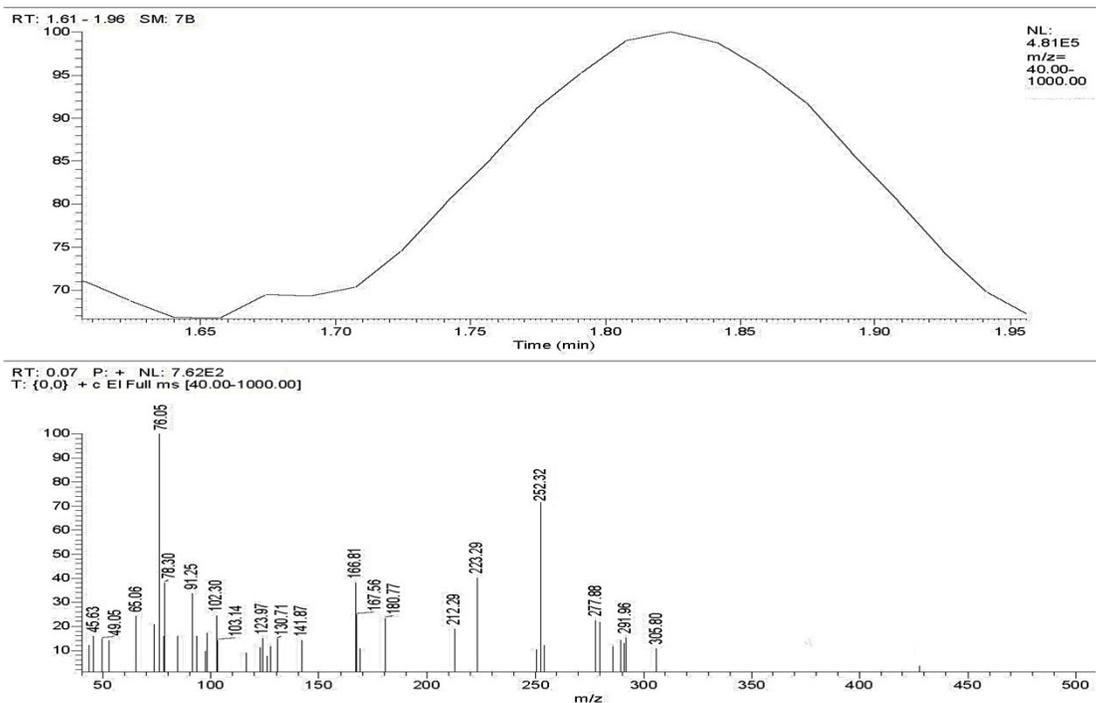


Figure S14. Mass analysis of hybrid **3a**.

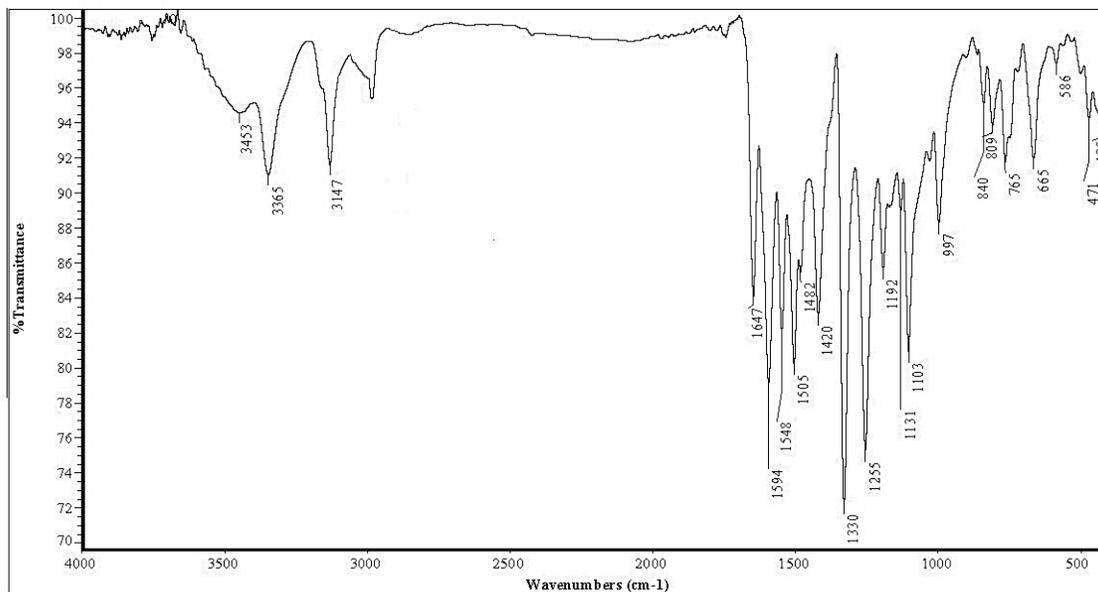


Figure S15. I.R spectrum of hybrid **3b**.

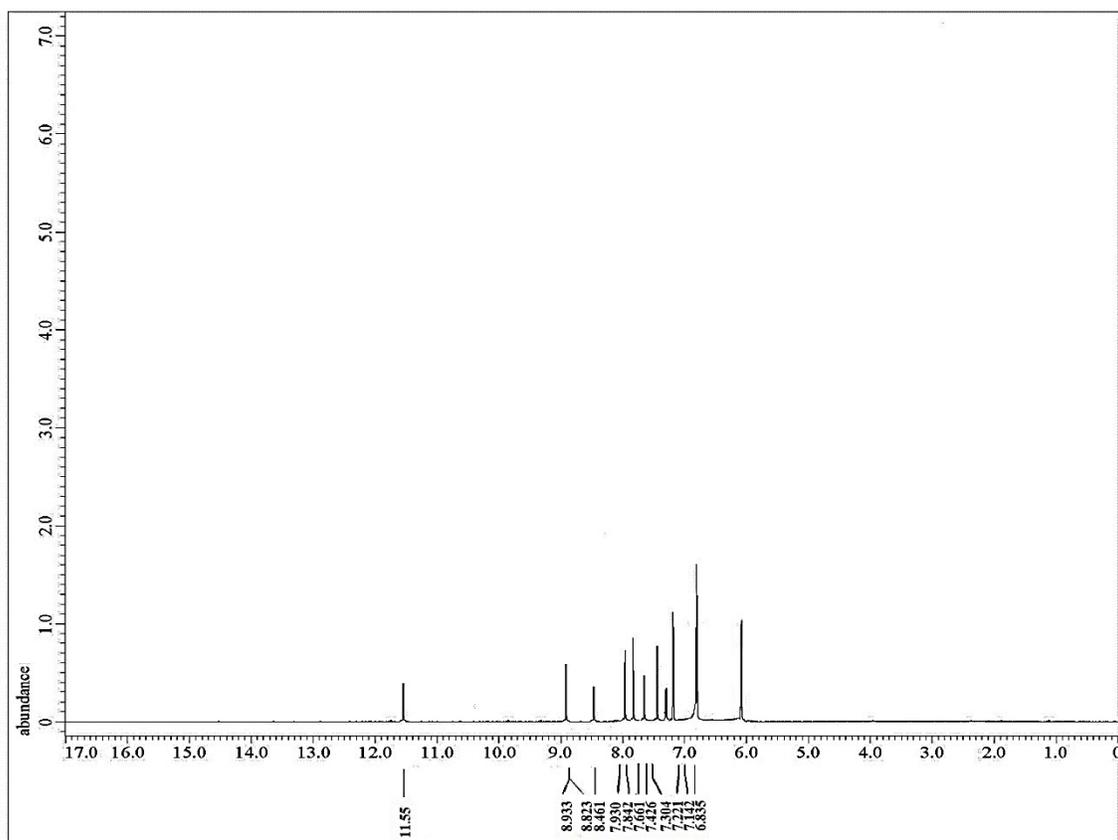


Figure S16. ¹H-NMR spectrum of hybrid **3b**.



Figure S17. ^{13}C -NMR spectrum of hybrid **3b**.

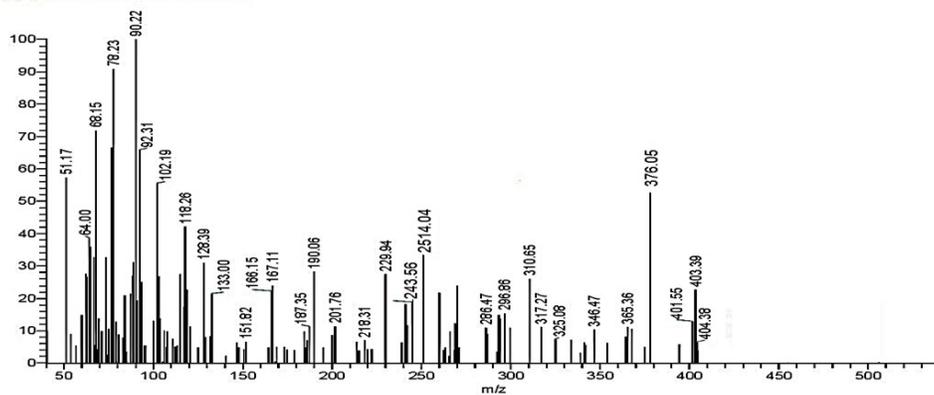
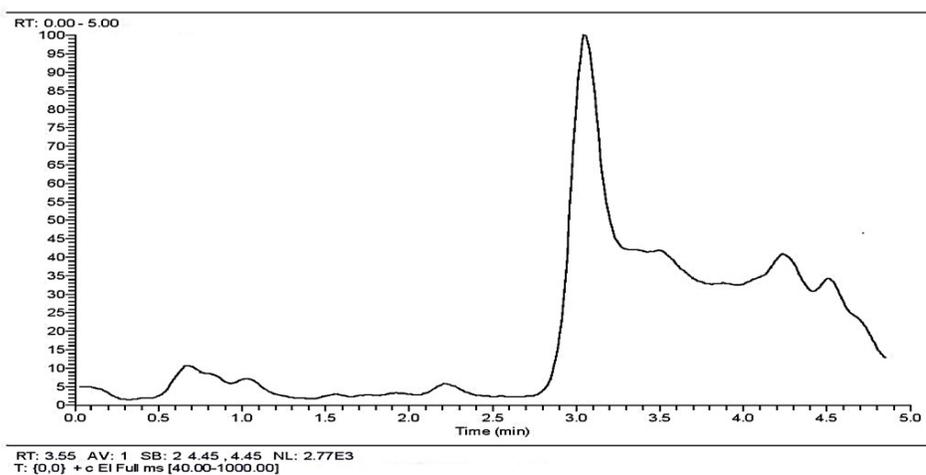


Figure S18. Mass analysis of hybrid **3b**.

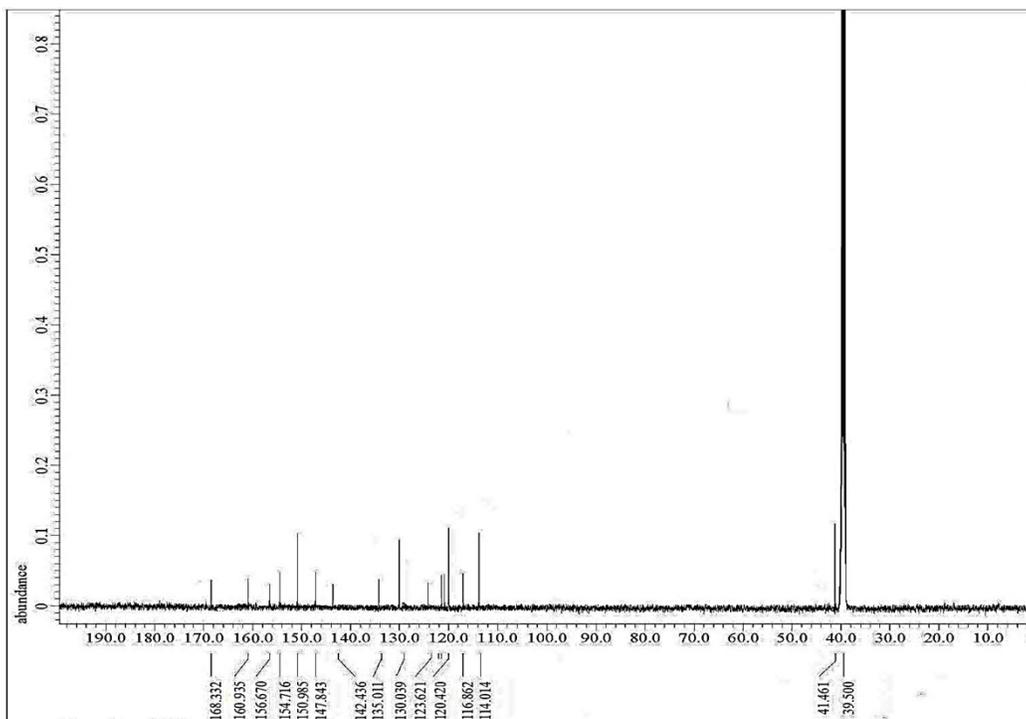


Figure 21. ¹³C-NMR spectrum of hybrid 4a.

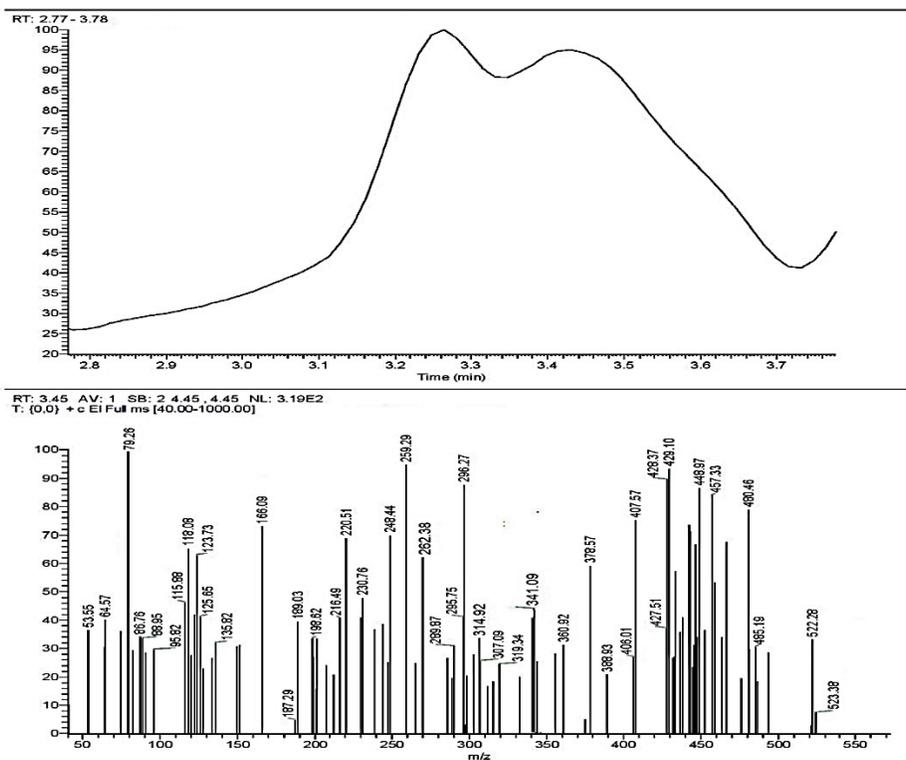


Figure S22. Mass analysis of hybrid 4a.

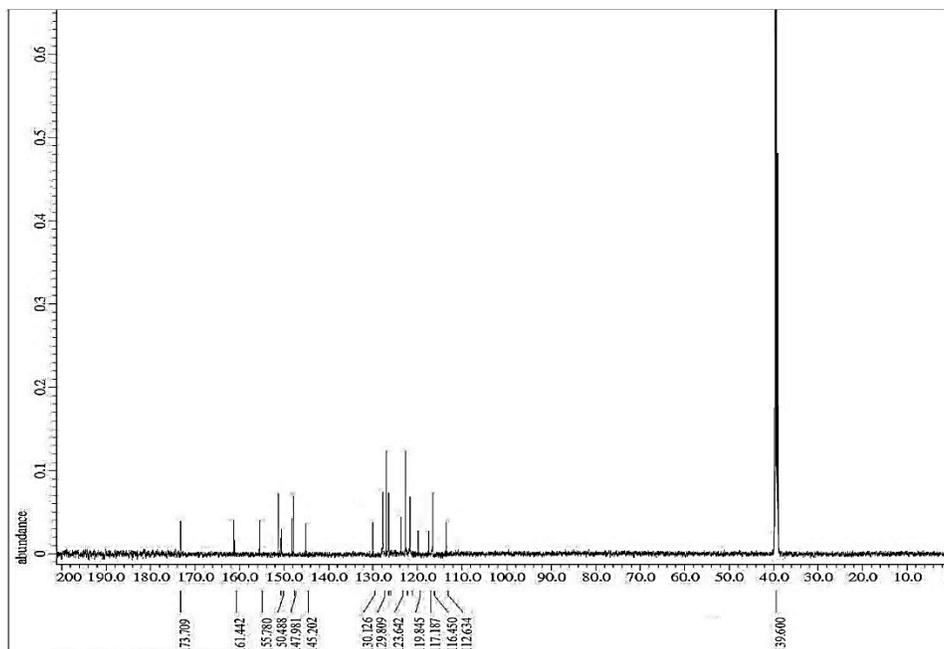


Figure S25. ¹³C-NMR spectrum of hybrid 4b.

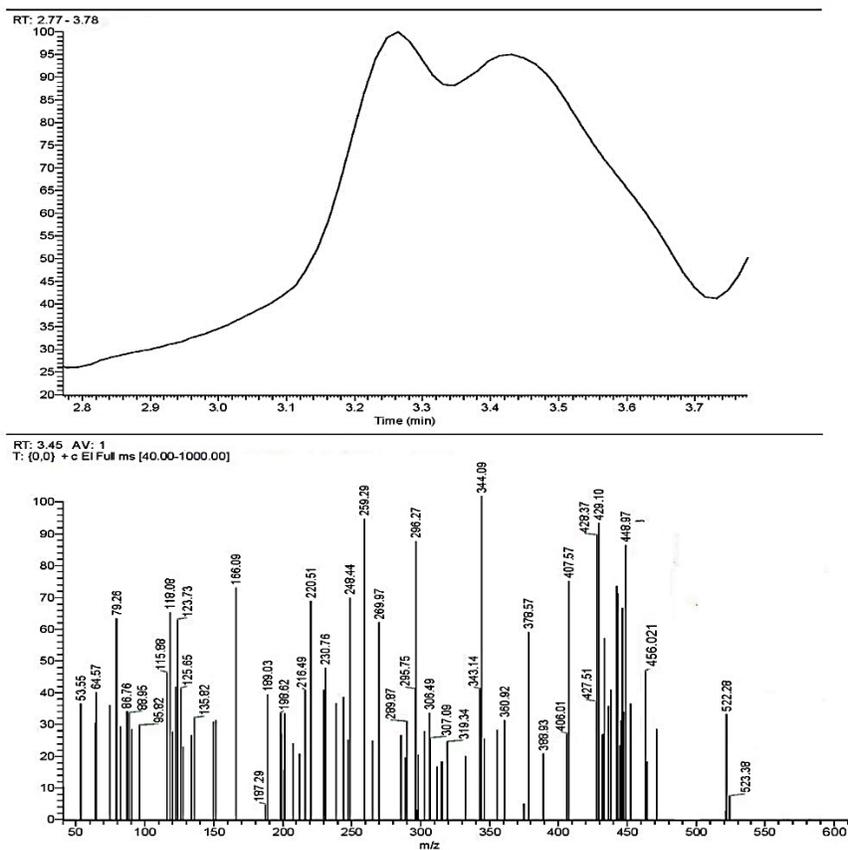


Figure S26. Mass analysis of hybrid 4b.