

Synthesis of Spiro-Lactam Hydrazones by Clay Catalysis: Toxicity, Antioxidant, Hypolipidemic and *In-silico* assessments

Mohammed El Mesky^{1*}, Hicham Zgueni¹, Ismail bouadid², Jarin Tasnim³, Yassine Rhazi⁴, Md Mehedi Hasan³, Tanghourte Mohamed¹, Adil Qabouche², Mohammed Chalkha¹, Na'il Saleh⁵, Driss Chebabe¹, El Houssine Mabrouk^{1,4} and Mohamed Eddouks²

¹Laboratory of Materials Engineering for the Environment and Natural Resources, Faculty of Sciences and Techniques, University of Moulay Ismail of Meknes, B.P 509, Boutalamine, 52000, Errachidia, Morocco.

²Team of Ethnopharmacology and Pharmacognosy, Faculty of Sciences and Techniques Errachidia, Moulay Ismail University of Meknes, Errachidia, Morocco

⁵Department of applied chemistry and chemical Engineering, University of rajshahi, rajshahi Bangladesh.

⁴Laboratory of Engineering of Organometallic, Molecular Materials, Environment, and Innovative Pedagogy (LIMOMEPI), Faculty of Sciences Dhar EL Mahraz, Sidi Mohamed Ben Abdellah University, P.O. Box 1796 (Atlas), 30000 Fez, Morocco.

⁵ Chemistry Department, College of Science, United Arab Emirates University P.O.Box 15551, Al Ain, United Arab Emirates

*Corresponding authors' E-mails: El MESKY Mohammed m.elmesky@edu.umi.ac.ma

I. Chemical reagents and instruments

All chemicals, solvents and reagents used were of analytical grade and used without further purification. The chemicals were purchased from commercial suppliers: Fluorescein (98.0 %), hydrazine (99.0 %), Ethanol (≥ 99.5 %), (99.8%), 3-Nitrobenzaldehyde (98.0 %), 4-nitrobenzaldehyde (98.0 %), Bromobutan (99.8%), ACN (99.8 %), Et₃N (≥ 98.0 %), (≥ 98.0 %), Hexane (≥ 95 %), Acetate d'ethyle (≥ 98 %).

1. NMR ¹H, ¹³C and HRMS Spectra of FH

2-amino-3',6'-dihydroxyspiro[isindolin-3-one-1,9'-xanthene] FH had a yield of Yield = 96.0%, a light off-white solid. *f.r* = 0.2 (hexane/ether) (2/1).

¹H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-d₆). δ (ppm) = 9.84 (s, 2H, NH₂ hydrazide), 9.02 (s, 1H, OH), 7.91–7.85 (m, 1H, ArH), 7.58 (dtd, *J*=21.4, 7.4, 1.2 Hz, 2H, ArH), 7.38 (dd, *J*=6.8, 3.0 Hz, 2H, ArH), 7.31 (dd, *J*=5.1, 1.9 Hz, 3H, ArH), 7.10 (dd, *J*=7.4, 1.2 Hz, 1H, ArH), 6.62 (d, *J*=2.3 Hz, 2H, ArH), 6.46 (d, *J*=8.6 Hz, 2H, ArH), 6.42 (dd, *J*=8.6, 2.4 Hz, 2H, ArH).

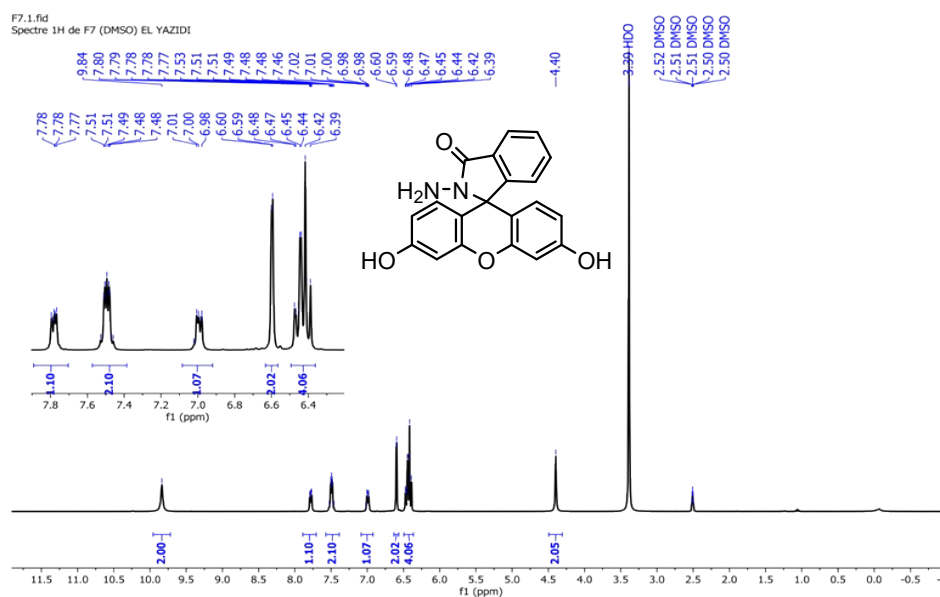


Figure S 1. ¹H NMR spectrum (300 MHz, DMSO-d₆) of FH

¹³C NMR (126 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ (ppm) = 164.17 (C=O), 159.13, 152.81, 150.91, 149.80, 135.04, 134.52, 130.89, 129.66, 129.65, 129.36, 128.54, 127.29, 124.36, 123.73, 112.85, 110.75, 103.01 (aromatic carbons), 65.93 (spiro carbon);

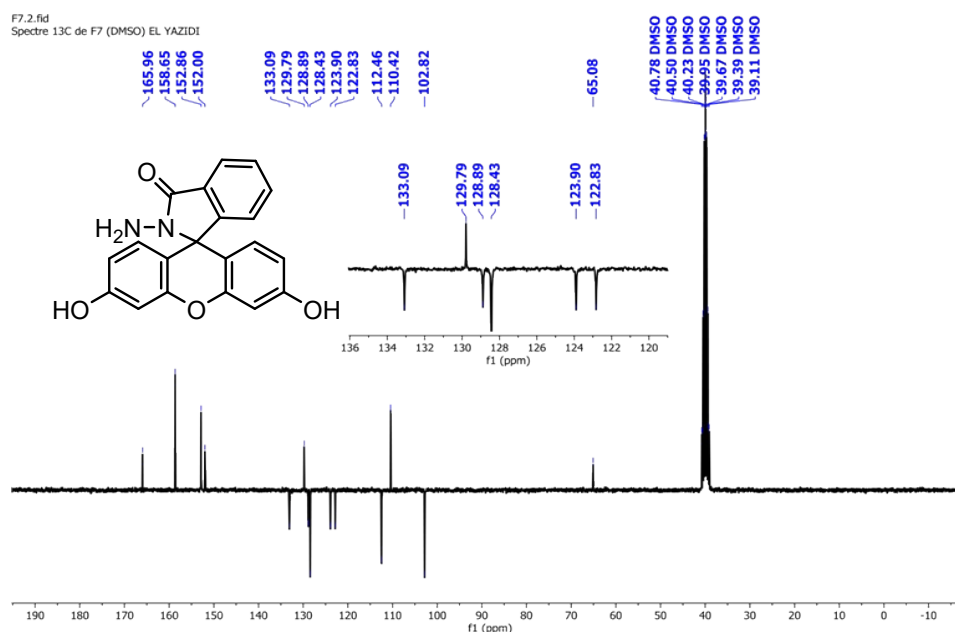


Figure S 2. ^{13}C NMR spectrum (75MHz, DMSO-d₆) of FH

HRMS (m/z). Calculated for $\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{14}\text{N}_2\text{O}_4$ 346.10, found 345.08569, $\Delta m = -0.01431$ Da

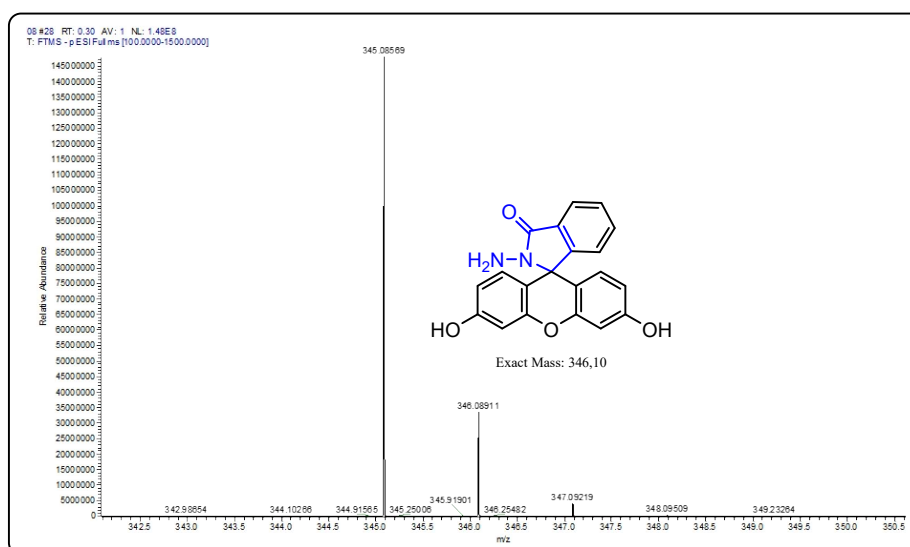


Figure S 3. Mass spectrum of FH

1. NMR ^1H , ^{13}C and HRMS Spectra of FHH1

2-((3-Nitrobenzylidene)amino)-3',6'-dihydroxyspiro[isindolin-3-one-1,9'-xanthene] FHH2 FHH1: had a yield of Yield = 94.3%; Melting point: 197-199 °C, yellow. f.r (Ac: Hex)(3:1) = 0.68

^1H NMR (500 MHz, DMSO-d₆). δ 9.87 (s, 2H), 9.13 (s, 1H), 8.22 (t, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 8.13 (dd, J = 8.0, 2.4 Hz, 1H), 7.91 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.81 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.67 – 7.54 (m, 3H), 7.13 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 6.65 (d, J = 2.3 Hz, 2H), 6.50 – 6.39 (m, 4H).

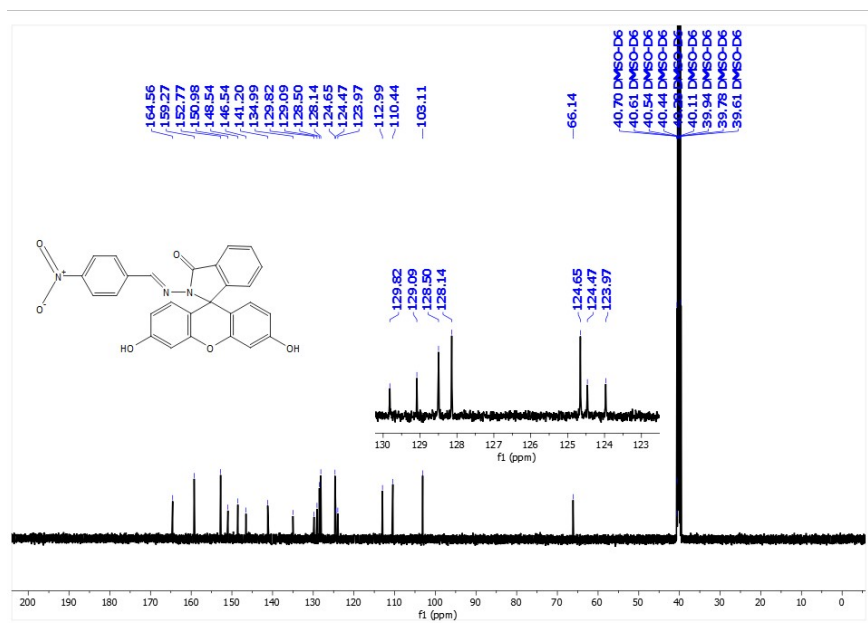


Figure S 7. ^{13}C NMR spectrum (125 MHz, DMSO- d_6) of FHH1

HRMS (m/z). Calculated for $\text{C}_{27}\text{H}_{17}\text{N}_3\text{O}_6$ 480.11174, found 480.11212, $\Delta m = 1.002$ Da.

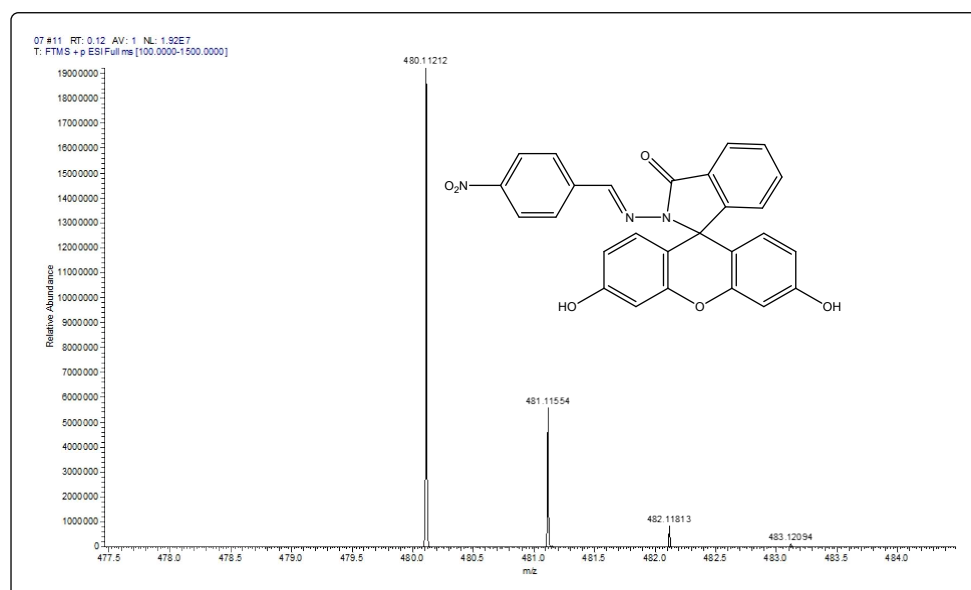


Figure S 8. Mass spectrum of FH

1. NMR ^1H , ^{13}C and HRMS Spectra of FHHA1

3',6'-Dibutoxy-2-((3-nitrobenzylidene)amino)spiro[isoindolin-3-one-1,9'-xanthene] FHHA1, had a yield of 95.0%; *M.p.*: 129-131 °C, yellow. *f.r.* (Ac:Hex)(4:1) = 0.63.

¹H NMR (500 MHz, DMSO-d₆). δ 9.24 (s, 1H), 8.21 (t, J = 1.9 Hz, 1H), 8.14 (ddd, J = 8.1, 2.4, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 7.96–7.90 (m, 1H), 7.81 (dt, J = 7.8, 1.3 Hz, 1H), 7.69–7.57 (m, 3H), 7.14 (dt, J = 7.6, 0.9 Hz, 1H), 6.85 (dd, J = 2.1, 0.8 Hz, 2H), 6.62 – 6.55 (m, 4H), 3.95 (t, J = 6.5 Hz, 4H), 1.67–1.60 (m, 4H), 1.37 (h, J = 7.4 Hz, 4H), 0.87 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 6H).

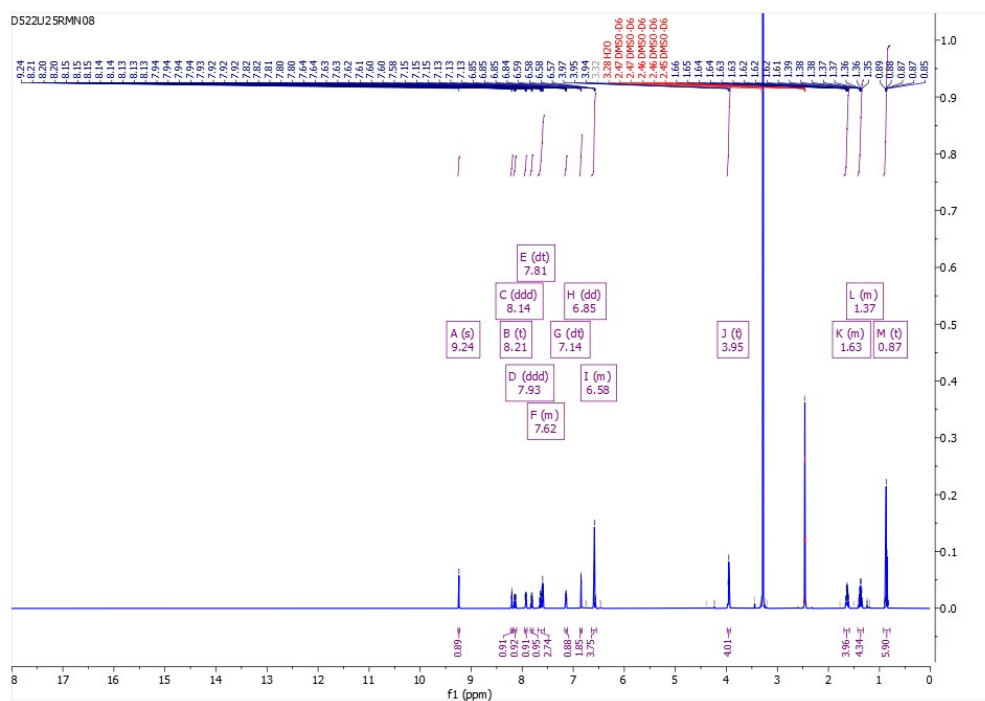


Figure S 9. ¹H NMR spectrum (500 MHz, DMSO-d₆) of FHHA1

¹³C NMR (126 MHz, DMSO-d₆). δ 164.53, 160.37, 152.9, 150.52, 148.75, 147.62, 134.97, 133.42, 131.01, 130.00, 128.50, 125.09, 124.48, 124.06, 121.34, 112.48, 111.92, 102.04, 68.13, 66.00, 31.15, 19.22, 14.12.

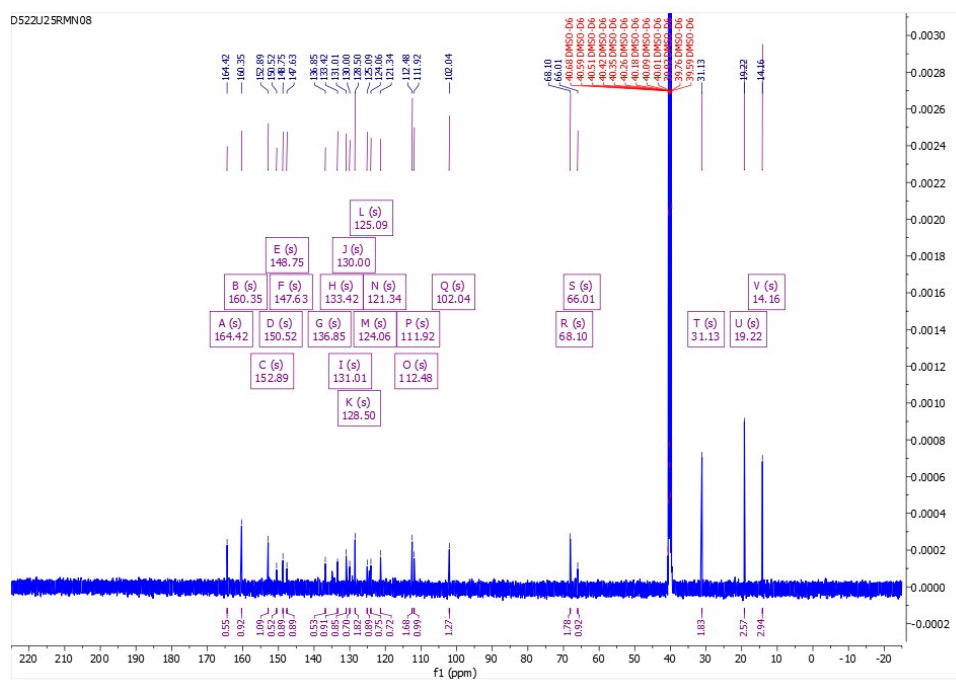


Figure S 10. ¹³C NMR spectrum (125 MHz, DMSO-d₆) of FHHA1
HRMS (m/z). Calculated for C₃₅H₃₃N₃O₆ 592.23694, found 592.23609, Δ*m* = 0.996 Da.

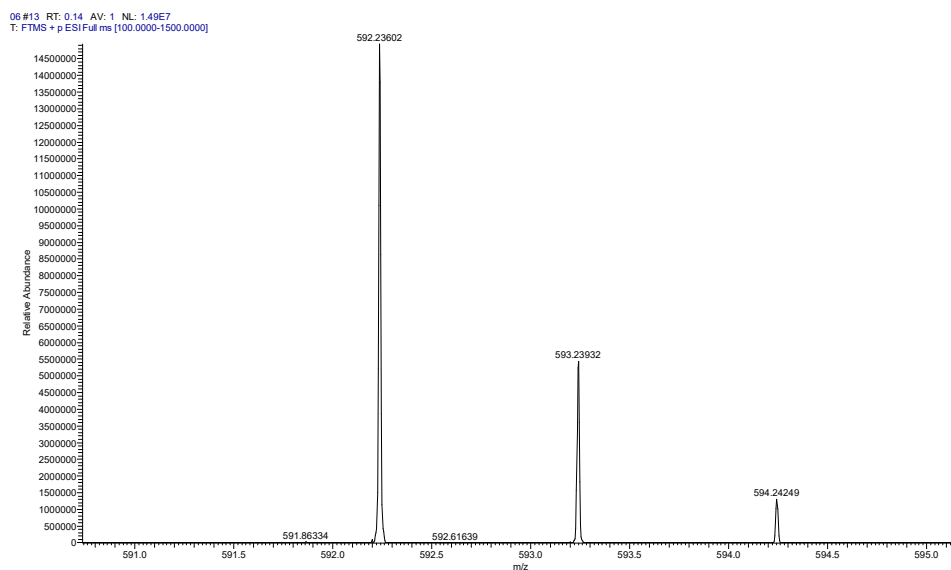


Figure S 11. Mass spectrum of FHHA1

1. NMR ¹H, ¹³C HRMS and IR Spectra of FHHA2

3',6'-Dibutoxy-2-((4-nitrobenzylidene)amino)spiro[isoindolin-3-one-1,9'-xanthene] FHHA2,
 had a yield of 96.0%; *M.p.*: 122–124 °C, yellow. *f.r.* (*Ac:Hex*)(4:1) = 0.65.

$^1\text{H NMR}$ (500 MHz, DMSO- d_6). δ 9.32 (s, 1H), 7.95–7.88 (m, 2H), 7.69–7.51 (m, 5H), 7.09 (dt, J = 7.5, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 6.83 (t, J = 1.4 Hz, 2H), 6.59 (d, J = 1.4 Hz, 4H), 3.95 (t, J = 6.5 Hz, 4H), 1.68–1.59 (m, 4H), 1.43–1.31 (m, 4H), 0.87 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 6H).

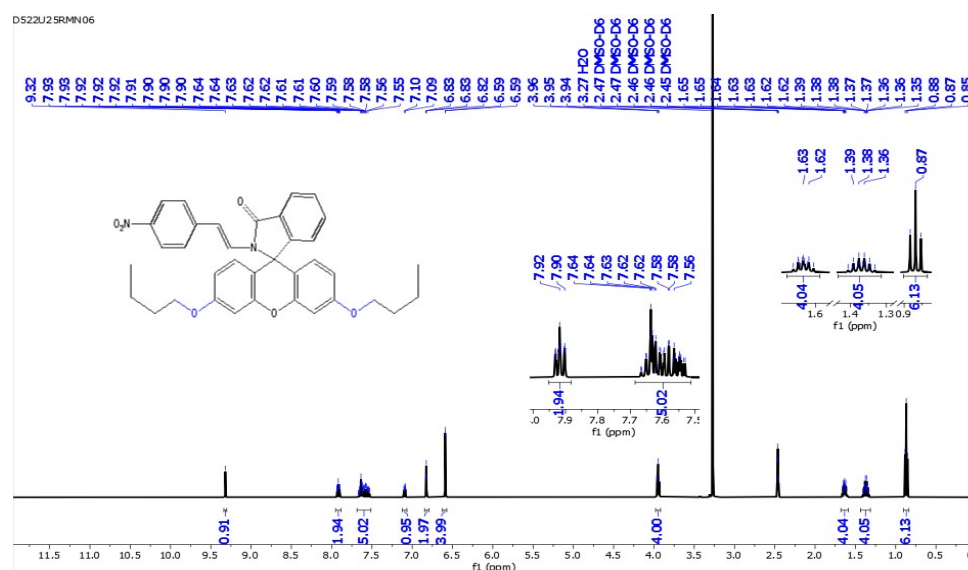


Figure S 12. $^1\text{H NMR}$ spectrum (500 MHz, DMSO- d_6) of FHHA2

$^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (126 MHz, DMSO- d_6). δ 164.72, 160.39, 152.64, 148.64, 143.56, 135.08, 134.19, 131.46, 129.93, 129.12, 128.72, 128.43, 127.59, 125.18, 124.38, 124.07, 112.56, 111.51, 102.17, 68.12, 65.76, 31.11, 19.21, 14.15.

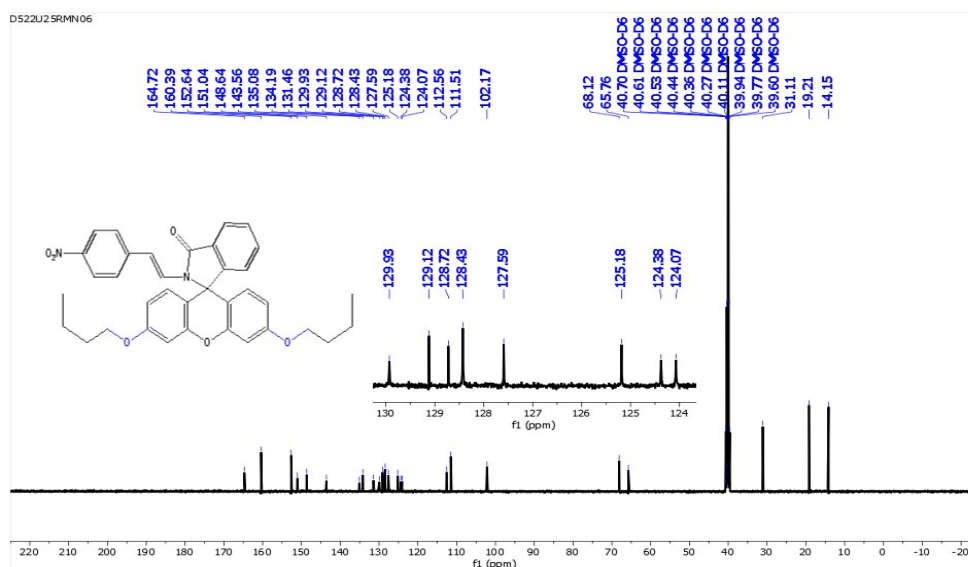


Figure S 13. $^{13}\text{C NMR}$ spectrum (125 MHz, DMSO- d_6) of FHHA2

HRMS (m/z). Calculated for $\text{C}_{35}\text{H}_{33}\text{N}_3\text{O}_6$ 592.23694, found 592.23609, Δm = 0.996 Da.

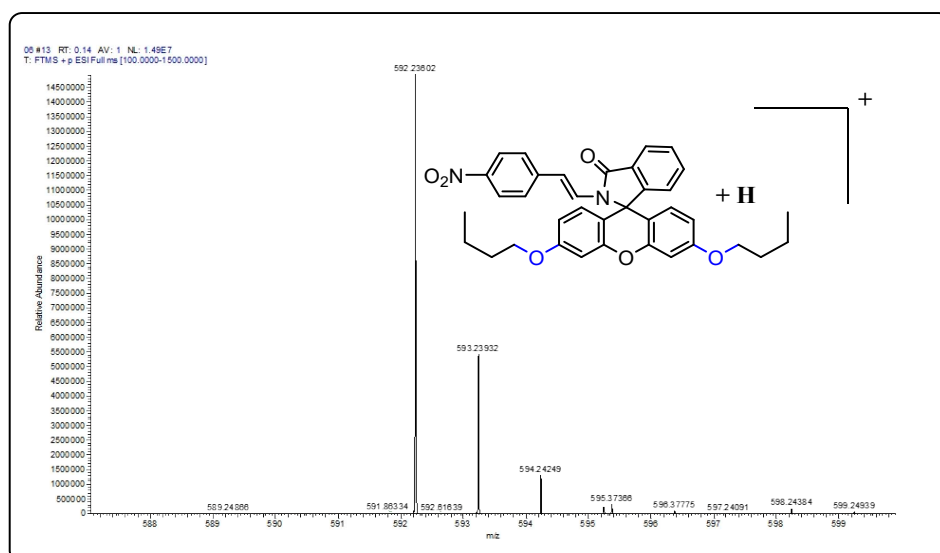


Figure S 14. Mass spectrum of FHHA2

IR $\tilde{\nu}$ (cm^{-1}): 2989–2872 (νCH_2 , νCH_3); 3089–3020 ($\nu\text{C-H}$ aromatic); 1702 ($\nu\text{C=O}$ lactam/ester); 1614–1580 ($\nu\text{C=C}$ aromatic); 1415 (νNO_2); 1344 ($\nu\text{C-N}$); 1301–1189 ($\nu\text{C-O-C}$ ether); 1108–1014 ($\nu\text{C-O}$, $\nu\text{C-N}$); 873–684 ($\delta\text{C-H}$ aromatic).

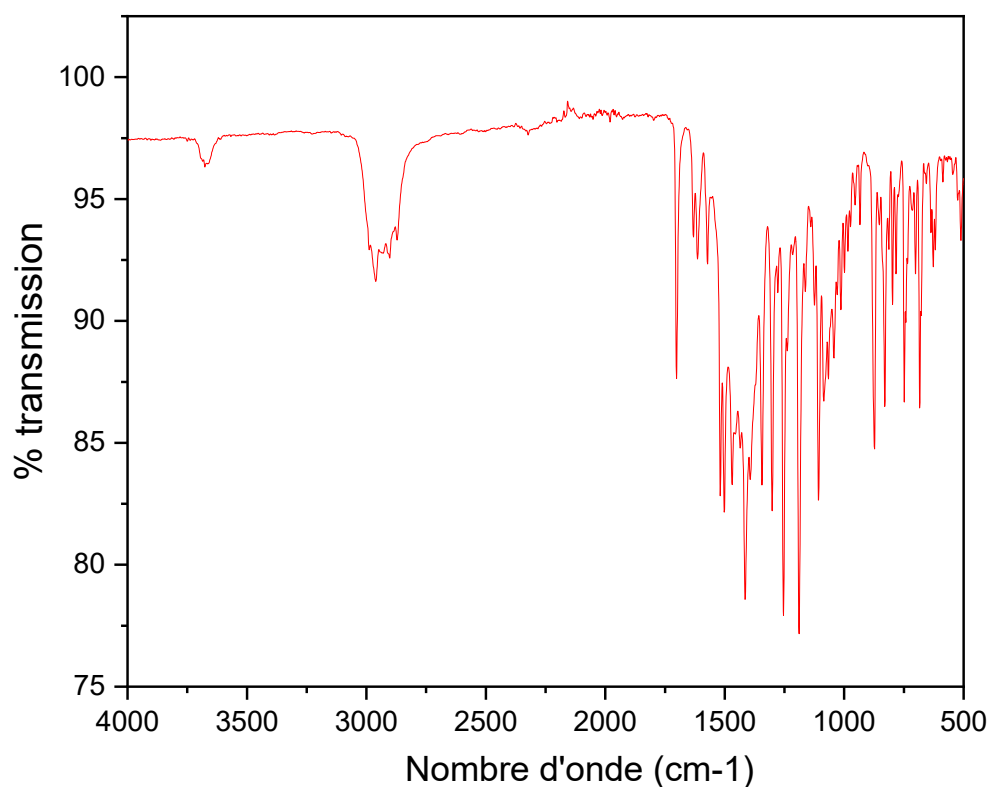


Figure S 15. IR spectrum of FHHA2