

Supporting Information

An Injectable Hyaluronic Acid Hydrogel Integrating Fe(III)-Coordination and Polymyxin B Grafts for Accelerated Healing of Infected Diabetic Wounds

Mingchen Zhang ^{a,†}, Wei Zhao ^{b,c,†}, Yang Zhou ^{b,c}, Ruiting Shen ^a, Yiqiong Sun ^a, Lei Jiang ^{b,c,d,*} and Jiantao Zhang ^{c,d,*}

- a. Ningbo No. 2 Hospital, Ningbo 315010, PR China.
- b. Laboratory of Advanced Theranostic Materials and Technology, Ningbo Institute of Materials Technology and Engineering, Chinese Academy of Sciences, Ningbo 315201, PR China
- c. Ningbo Cixi Institute of Biomedical Engineering, Cixi 315300, PR China
- d. Zhejiang Key Laboratory of Biopharmaceutical Contact Materials, Ningbo 315201, China

† M.Z and W.Z. contributed equally to this work.

In Vitro Release of Polymyxin B and Fe³⁺ from HA-B@Fe Hydrogel

An accurately weighed sample of the HA-B₃@Fe hydrogel (2.0 g) was placed into a 50 mL centrifuge tube containing 40 mL of phosphate-buffered saline (PBS, 0.01 M, pH 7.4) pre-warmed to 37 °C. The tube was incubated at 37 °C under continuous shaking at 100 rpm. At predetermined time intervals (10 min, 20 min, 40 min, 1 h, 2 h, 4 h, 6 h, 9 h, 12 h, and 24 h), 4.0 mL of the release medium was carefully withdrawn and replaced with an equal volume of fresh PBS (37 °C) to maintain sink conditions. The collected samples were immediately filtered through a 0.45 µm syringe filter and stored at 4 °C until analysis. The cumulative release of polymyxin B and Fe³⁺ was calculated. Specifically, the concentration of polymyxin B in the release samples was determined by UV–Vis spectrophotometry (Cary 3000, Agilent, USA). Absorbance was measured at 215 nm using a quartz cuvette with a 1 cm path length. The concentration of Fe³⁺ ions in the release medium was measured by flame atomic absorption spectrometry (FAAS, Arcos, Spectro, Germany). The operating wavelength was set at 248.3 nm, with a slit width of 0.2 nm and an air–acetylene flame. All release samples were acidified with 2% (v/v) HNO₃ prior to analysis to ensure complete atomization. The cumulative release (%) of polymyxin B and Fe³⁺ at each time point was calculated using the following equation:

$$\text{Cumulative release (\%)} = \frac{C_n \times V_0 + \sum_{i=1}^{n-1} C_i \times V_e}{m_{total}} \times 100$$

Where C_n is the concentration of the analyte at time point n , V_0 is the total volume of the release medium (40 mL), V_e is the volume of medium withdrawn at each sampling (4 mL), and m_{total} is the total amount of polymyxin B or Fe³⁺ initially present in the hydrogel.

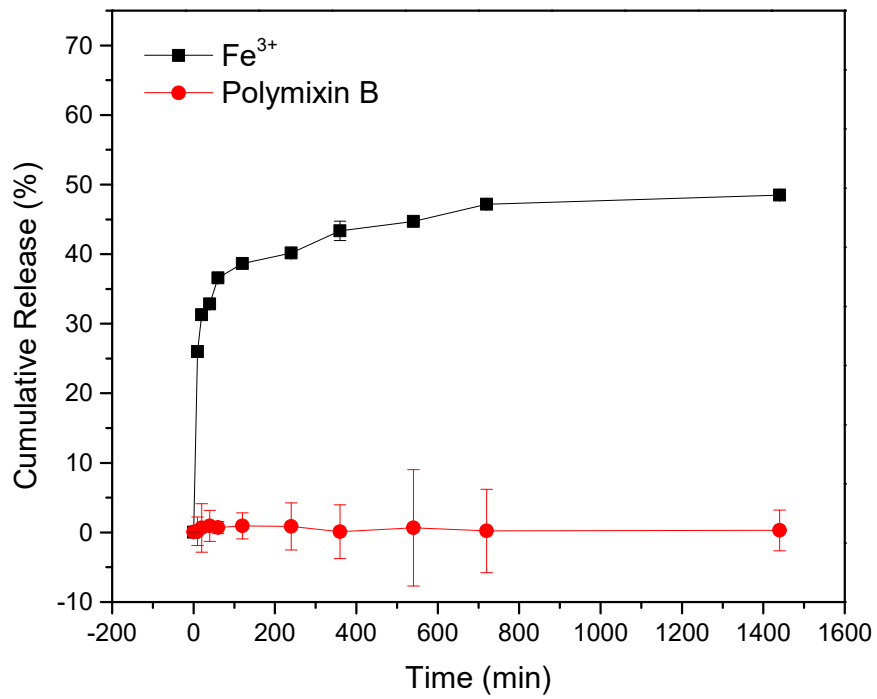


Fig. S1 *In vitro* cumulative release profiles of polymyxin B and Fe³⁺ from the HA-B@Fe hydrogel in phosphate-buffered saline (PBS, 0.01 M, pH 7.4) at 37 °C. Data are presented as mean ± SD (n = 3).