

## Supplementary Information

### Qualitative Trends versus Quantitative Accuracy: A Case Study of $\text{LiMn}_{1.5}\text{Ni}_{0.5}\text{O}_4$ Cathode Material

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# 1 Crystal structure within the $P4_332$

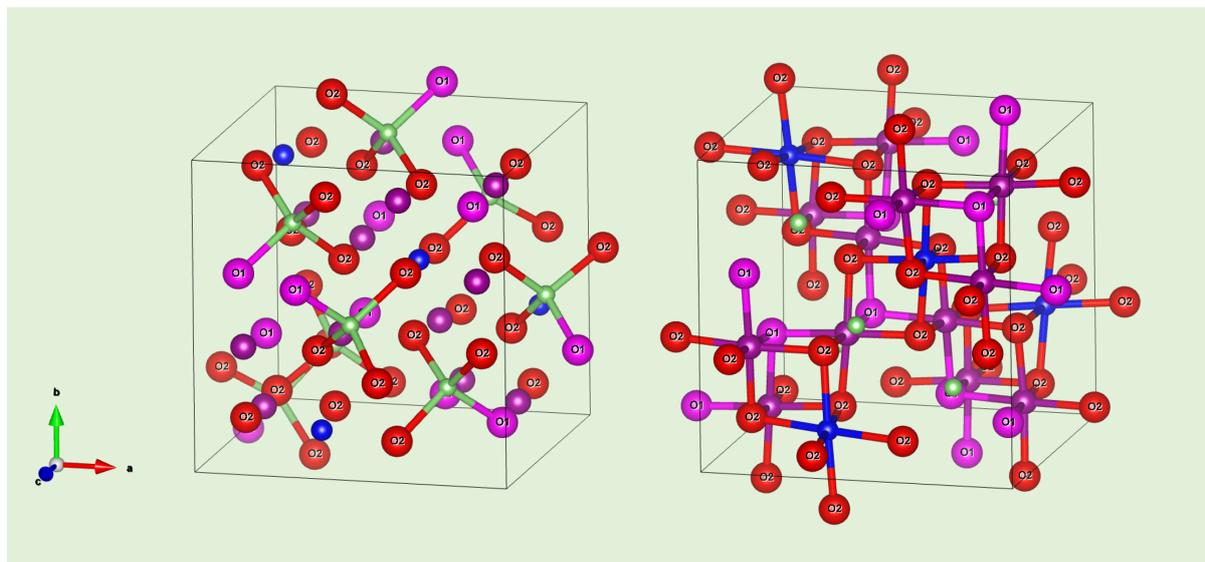


Figure SI.1: representations of the crystal structure of  $\text{LiMn}_{1.5}\text{Ni}_{0.5}\text{O}_4$  within the  $P4_332$  space group. Green spheres are lithium, purple spheres are manganese, blue spheres are nickel, pink sphere are oxygen O1 and red spheres are oxygen O2. Left side, only the Li-O bonds are plotted. Right side, Ni-O and Mn-O are displayed.

## 2 Energies of the possible lithium distributions in $\text{Li}_{0.5}\text{Mn}_{1.5}\text{Ni}_{0.5}\text{O}_4$

Various lithium distributions were calculated according to the work of Kishida *et al.* [1]. Calculations were performed using PBE functional and the lithium distributions are labelled according Kishida *et al.*. As indicated by Table SI.1, the configuration which exhibits the lowest energy is obtained with a homogeneous distribution of the lithium into the available tetrahedral sites: half of the sites are filled without two successive sites being filled.

Config.	Lithium positions	Energy $E$ (eV/unit cell) $\Delta E$ ( $E-E_{min}$ , eV/unit cell)
4I	(0 0 0) (1/2 1/2 0) (1/4 1/4 1/4) (3/4 3/4 1/4)	-378.84067 0.2939
4J	(0 0 0) (1/2 1/2 0) (1/4 1/4 1/4) (1/2 0 1/2)	-378.83197 0.3026
4K	(0 0 0) (1/2 1/2 0) (1/4 1/4 1/4) (3/4 1/4 3/4)	-378.7089 0.4256
4L	(0 0 0) (1/2 1/2 0) (1/4 1/4 1/4) (1/4 3/4 3/4)	-378.8247 0.3098
4M	(0 0 0) (1/2 1/2 0) (3/4 3/4 1/4) (1/2 0 1/2)	-378.9656 0.1689
4N	(0 0 0) (1/2 1/2 0) (3/4 3/4 1/4) (1/4 3/4 3/4)	-378.9579 0.1766
4O	(0 0 0) (1/2 1/2 0) (1/2 0 1/2) (0 1/2 1/2)	-379.1345 0

Table SI.1: calculated energies  $E$  of  $\text{Li}_{0.5}\text{Mn}_{1.5}\text{Ni}_{0.5}\text{O}_4$  and energy difference  $\Delta E$  between the lowest energy configuration  $E_{min}$  and the considered energy  $E$  for different lithium distributions in the cell (PBE functional). A homogeneous distribution (4O configuration) leads to the lowest energy.

### 3 Energies of the magnetic configurations for the three Li compositions

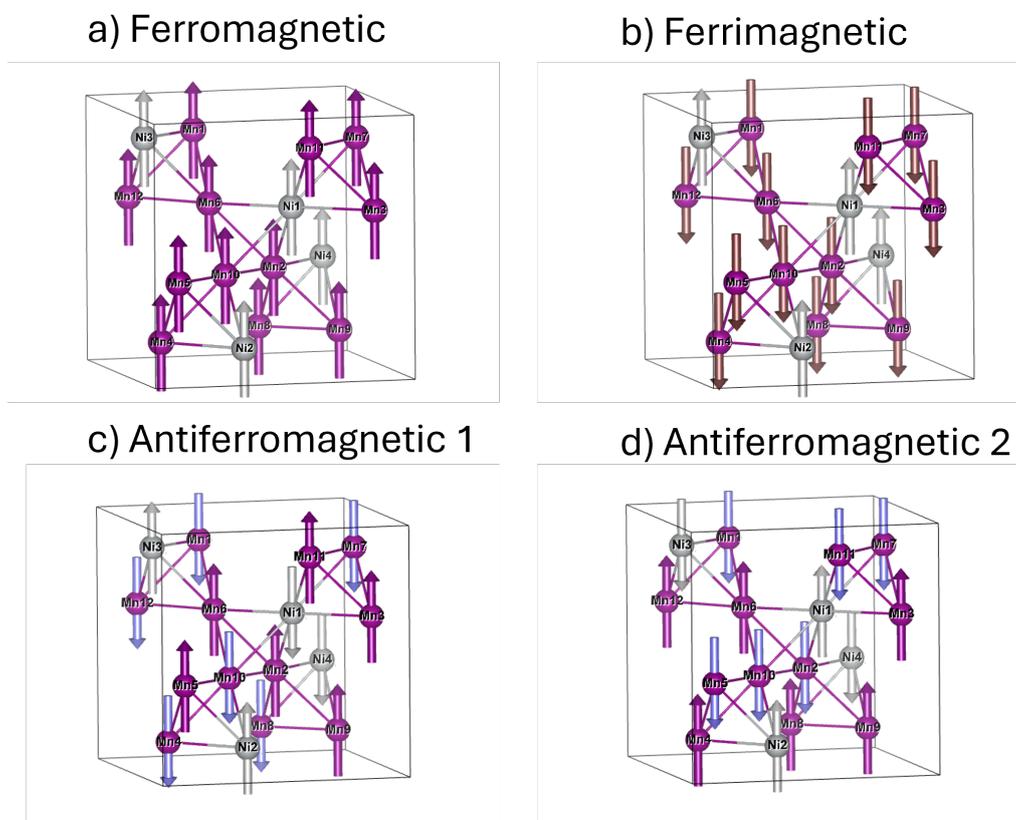


Figure SI.2: different magnetic configurations used for ground state calculations. (a) Ferromagnetic, (b) Ferrimagnetic, (c) Antiferromagnetic 1 (AFM1) and (d) Antiferromagnetic 2 (AFM2). Vector length are not related to the magnetic moment values and are here just for illustration.

	$\text{LiMn}_{1.5}\text{Ni}_{0.5}\text{O}_4$	$\text{Li}_{0.5}\text{Mn}_{1.5}\text{Ni}_{0.5}\text{O}_4$	$\text{Mn}_{1.5}\text{Ni}_{0.5}\text{O}_4$
FM	-401.2144	converges in FiM	-355.1612
FiM	<b>-402.2838</b>	-378.9696	—
AFM1	-401.2362	<b>-379.1345</b>	-355.3216
AFM2	-401.7632	-379.0988	<b>-355.5292</b>

Table SI.2: Energy calculated using PBE functional with various initial magnetic structure (eV). Bold values are the minimum value for each composition. FM: ferromagnetic, FiM: ferrimagnetic, AFM1: antiferromagnetic 1, AFM2: antiferromagnetic 2.

	LiMn <sub>1.5</sub> Ni <sub>0.5</sub> O <sub>4</sub>	Li <sub>0.5</sub> Mn <sub>1.5</sub> Ni <sub>0.5</sub> O <sub>4</sub>	Mn <sub>1.5</sub> Ni <sub>0.5</sub> O <sub>4</sub>
FM	-361.6723	<b>-334.7370</b>	<b>-308.2285</b>
FiM	<b>-361.9626</b>	-334.5949	-
AFM1	-361.5915	-334.6600	-307.8569
AFM2	-361.4829	-334.5398	-307.9198

Table SI.3: Energy calculated using PBE+U functional with various initial magnetic structure (eV). Hubbard parameters were  $U_{Mn} = 3.9$  eV and  $U_{Ni} = 6.2$  eV. Bold values are the minimum value for each composition. FM: ferromagnetic, FiM: ferrimagnetic, AFM1: antiferromagnetic 1, AFM2: antiferromagnetic 2.

	LiMn <sub>1.5</sub> Ni <sub>0.5</sub> O <sub>4</sub>	Li <sub>0.5</sub> Mn <sub>1.5</sub> Ni <sub>0.5</sub> O <sub>4</sub>	Mn <sub>1.5</sub> Ni <sub>0.5</sub> O <sub>4</sub>
FM	-551.0360	-523.2703	-495.8771
FiM	<b>-551.6037</b>	-523.6335	-
AFM1	-551.2838	<b>-523.6989</b>	-495.8496
AFM2	-551.2542	-523.6168	<b>-496.0066</b>

Table SI.4: Energy calculated using r<sup>2</sup>SCAN functional with various initial magnetic structure (eV). Bold values are the minimum value for each composition. FM: ferromagnetic, FiM: ferrimagnetic, AFM1: antiferromagnetic 1, AFM2: antiferromagnetic 2.

	LiMn <sub>1.5</sub> Ni <sub>0.5</sub> O <sub>4</sub>	Li <sub>0.5</sub> Mn <sub>1.5</sub> Ni <sub>0.5</sub> O <sub>4</sub>	Mn <sub>1.5</sub> Ni <sub>0.5</sub> O <sub>4</sub>
FM	-526.2873	-498.4072	-470.7362
FiM	<b>-526.5771</b>	<b>-498.6816</b>	-
AFM1	-526.3859	-498.6534	-470.6744
AFM2	-526.2743	-498.5037	<b>-470.7813</b>

Table SI.5: Energy calculated using HSE06 ( $\alpha=0.25$ ) functional with various initial magnetic structure (eV). Bold values are the minimum value for each composition. FM: ferromagnetic, FiM: ferrimagnetic, AFM1: antiferromagnetic 1, AFM2: antiferromagnetic 2.

Species	Magnetic moment			
	PBE	PBE+U	r <sup>2</sup> SCAN	HSE06
Ni <sup>2+</sup> ( $\mu_{Ni^{2+}} = 2S = 2 \mu_B$ )	-1.313	-1.741	-1.561	-1.674
Mn <sup>4+</sup> ( $\mu_{Mn^{4+}} = 2S = 3 \mu_B$ )	<b>2.718</b>	<b>3.136</b>	<b>2.848</b>	<b>2.979</b>
$M$ ( $\mu_B$ )	3.421	3.834	3.492	3.632

Table SI.6: Magnetic moments of Ni<sup>2+</sup> and Mn<sup>4+</sup> ions in LiMn<sub>1.5</sub>Ni<sub>0.5</sub>O<sub>4</sub>, calculated using the four functionals evaluated in this work. The resulting magnetisation  $M$  is also reported.

Species	Magnetic moment				
	$\alpha = 0.25$	$\alpha = 0.19$	$\alpha = 0.18$	$\alpha = 0.17$	$\alpha = 0.15$
Ni <sup>2+</sup> ( $\mu_{Ni^{2+}}$ )	-1.674	-1.632	-1.624	-1.615	-1.596
Mn <sup>4+</sup> ( $\mu_{Mn^{4+}}$ )	<b>2.979</b>	<b>2.933</b>	<b>2.925</b>	<b>2.916</b>	<b>2.898</b>
$M$ ( $\mu_B$ )	3.632	3.584	3.576	3.567	3.549

Table SI.7: Magnetic moments of Ni<sup>2+</sup> and Mn<sup>4+</sup> ions in LiMn<sub>1.5</sub>Ni<sub>0.5</sub>O<sub>4</sub>, calculated using HSE06 with different mixing parameter  $\alpha$ . The resulting magnetisation  $M$  is also reported.

## 4 $\text{Li}_{0.5}\text{Mn}_{1.5}\text{Ni}_{0.5}\text{O}_4$ and $\text{Mn}_{1.5}\text{Ni}_{0.5}\text{O}_4$ calculated bond lengths

Distance (Å)	DFT Results for $\text{Li}_{0.5}\text{Mn}_{1.5}\text{Ni}_{0.5}\text{O}_4$			
	PBE	PBE+U	r <sup>2</sup> SCAN	HSE06
	AFM1	FM	AFM1	FiM
Cell param. a	8.1398	8.2395	8.0600	8.0669
Ni-O (x1)	1.910	1.971	1.890	1.904
Ni-O (x1)	1.990	2.094	1.982	1.890
Ni-O (x1)	2.013	1.965	1.999	2.054
Ni-O (x1)	1.988	1.939	1.972	2.053
Ni-O (x1)	2.004	2.089	2.000	1.903
Ni-O (x1)	1.884	1.956	1.866	1.888
Mn-O (x1)	1.885	1.948	1.875	1.848
Mn-O (x1)	1.941	1.943	1.924	1.904
Mn-O (x1)	1.936	1.947	1.915	1.907
Mn-O (x1)	1.915	1.924	1.899	1.877
Mn-O (x1)	1.909	1.940	1.895	1.902
Mn-O (x1)	1.925	1.918	1.910	1.925

Table SI.8: Cell parameter and M-O bond lengths (M = Ni, Mn) of  $\text{Li}_{0.5}\text{Mn}_{1.5}\text{Ni}_{0.5}\text{O}_4$  extracted from DFT calculations performed with PBE, PBE+U, r<sup>2</sup>SCAN and HSE06 ( $\alpha = 0.25$ ) functionals. For comparison, the experimental cell parameter reaches 8.0869(2) Å. The lower symmetry of the  $P2_13$  space group leads to various bond lengths.

Distance (Å)	DFT Results for $\text{Li}_{0.5}\text{Mn}_{1.5}\text{Ni}_{0.5}\text{O}_4$			
	PBE	PBE+U	r <sup>2</sup> SCAN	HSE06
	AFM2	FM	AFM2	AFM2
Cell param. a	8.0679	8.1592	7.9735	7.9721
Ni-O (x1)	1.897	1.902	1.872	1.860
Ni-O (x1)	1.897	1.902	1.872	1.860
Ni-O (x1)	1.898	1.902	1.872	1.860
Ni-O (x1)	1.901	1.902	1.873	1.861
Ni-O (x1)	1.898	1.902	1.872	1.860
Ni-O (x1)	1.901	1.902	1.873	1.861
Mn-O (x1)	1.916	1.936	1.901	1.897
Mn-O (x1)	1.924	1.933	1.902	1.897
Mn-O (x1)	1.916	1.941	1.902	1.895
Mn-O (x1)	1.911	1.933	1.897	1.893
Mn-O (x1)	1.910	1.941	1.900	1.894
Mn-O (x1)	1.905	1.936	1.896	1.891

Table SI.9: Cell parameter and M-O bond lengths (M = Ni, Mn) of  $\text{Mn}_{1.5}\text{Ni}_{0.5}\text{O}_4$  extracted from DFT calculations performed with PBE, PBE+U, r<sup>2</sup>SCAN and HSE06 ( $\alpha = 0.25$ ) functionals. For comparison, the experimental cell parameter reaches 8.0011(2) Å. The antiferromagnetic ordering induces a small symmetry breaking.

## 5 Varying the $\alpha$ mixing coefficient of HSE06

HSE06 hybrid functional is an exchange-correlation functional composed of an  $\alpha$  fraction of Hartree-Fock exchange functional  $E_x^{HF,SR}(\mu)$  completed by  $(1 - \alpha)$  PBE exchange  $E_x^{PBE,SR}(\mu)$  over the short range (SR) and the PBE exchange only over the long range (LR)  $E_x^{PBE,LR}(\mu)$  [2, 3].  $\mu$  is the screening parameter that determines the separation between SR and LR. The correlation functional is the PBE correlation functional  $E_c^{PBE}$ :

$$E_{xc}^{HSE} = \alpha E_x^{HF,SR}(\mu) + (1 - \alpha) E_x^{PBE,SR}(\mu) + E_x^{PBE,LR}(\mu) + E_c^{PBE} \quad (1)$$

In VASP, parameter  $\mu$  is set to  $0.2 \text{ \AA}^{-1}$  and mixing parameter  $\alpha$  to 25 % by default.

As pointed out by Chevier *et al.* [4], HSE06 with default mixing parameter tends to overestimate the calculated voltage of lithiated nickel compounds such as the lamellar oxide  $\text{LiNiO}_2$  or the phosphate  $\text{LiNiPO}_4$ . Adjusting the mixing parameter  $\alpha$  was proposed to obtain a better description of the electrochemical properties [5]. By varying  $\alpha$ , the average voltage  $\bar{V}$  can be tuned to fit the experimental value. Roughly, the average voltage  $\bar{V}$  evolves linearly with  $\alpha$  [4, 5].

Various calculations were performed with parameter  $\alpha$  between 0.15 and the default value of 0.25 (see Table SI.8). The average voltage between  $\text{LiMn}_{0.5}\text{Ni}_{0.5}\text{O}_4$  and  $\text{Mn}_{0.5}\text{Ni}_{0.5}\text{O}_4$   $\bar{V}$  increases almost linearly with  $\alpha$  (see Figure SI.2).  $\bar{V}$  reaches 4.996 V for  $\alpha = 0.25$  and decreases to 4.560 V for  $\alpha = 0.15$ . A similar trend was observed by Seo *et al.* [5] for lamellar transition metal oxides. Thus, the optimum mixing parameter to fit the experimental average voltage should be around 0.19.

Composition	Mixing parameter $\alpha$					Exp. [6]	Exp. (this work)
	0.15	0.17	0.18	0.19	0.25		
E[LiMO] (eV)	-475.409	-485.512	-490.589	-495.673	-526.577		
E[Li <sub>0.5</sub> MO] (eV)	-449.391	-459.106	-463.992	-468.884	-498.682		
E[MO] (eV)	-423.357	-432.715	-437.489	-442.154	-470.781		
E[Li (Metal)] (eV)	-3.894	-3.906	-3.913	-3.919	-3.957		
$\bar{V}$ average (V)	4.560	4.647	4.681	4.730	4.996	4.728	4.731
$\bar{V}$ (Ni <sup>3+</sup> /Ni <sup>2+</sup> ) (V)	4.557	4.648	4.693	4.738	4.995	4.718	4.724
$\bar{V}$ (Ni <sup>4+</sup> /Ni <sup>3+</sup> ) (V)	4.561	4.641	4.669	4.723	4.997	4.739	4.739
$\Delta V$ (mV)	4	-7	-24	-15	2	21	15

Table SI.10: Energies (in eV) and operating Li/Li<sup>+</sup> voltages (in V) for  $\text{Li}_x\text{Mn}_{1.5}\text{Ni}_{0.5}\text{O}_4$  for (0, 0.5 and 1) calculated using HSE06 by varying the mixing percentage of the exact Hartree-Fock exchange  $\alpha$ . The magnetic structures used are then ferrimagnetic for  $\text{LiMn}_{1.5}\text{Ni}_{0.5}\text{O}_4$  and  $\text{Li}_{0.5}\text{Mn}_{1.5}\text{Ni}_{0.5}\text{O}_4$  while  $\text{Mn}_{1.5}\text{Ni}_{0.5}\text{O}_4$  is antiferromagnetic. MO stand for  $\text{Mn}_{1.5}\text{Ni}_{0.5}\text{O}_4$ .

Structural parameters such as the cell parameter and selected bond lengths extracted from calculations performed with various  $\alpha$  are displayed in Table SI.11 for  $\text{LiMn}_{1.5}\text{Ni}_{0.5}\text{O}_4$ . The cell parameter for a mixing parameter of 0.19 is in excellent agreement with the experimental cell parameter measured at 10 K. Ni-O bond lengths are slightly overestimated

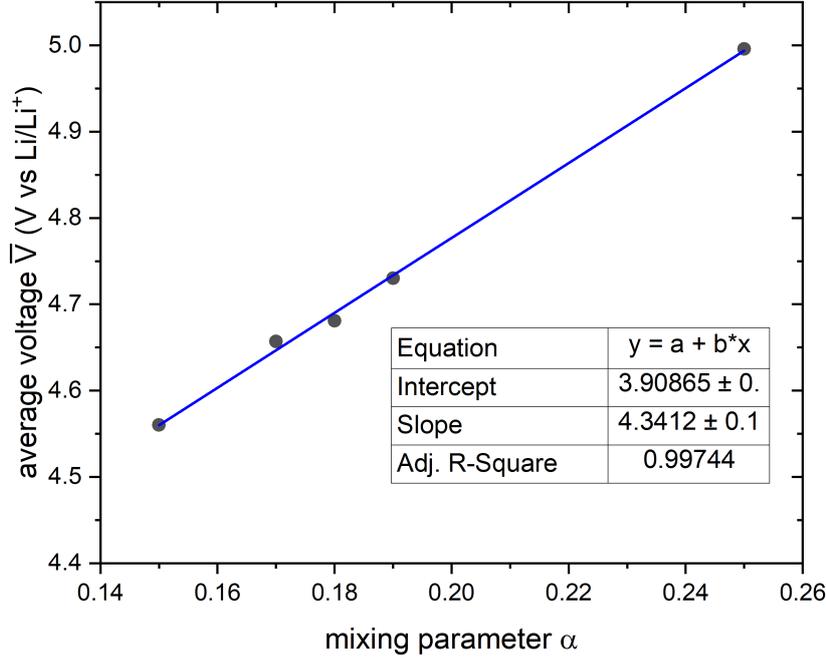


Figure SI.3: Variation of the average voltage  $\bar{V}$  with the mixing parameter  $\alpha$  of the HSE06 functional.

for all the tested mixing parameter while Mn-O bond lengths tend to be slightly underestimated. However, the overall structural parameters are in good agreement with the experimental data in the mixing parameter range 0.17-0.19.

The difference between the two voltage plateaus  $\Delta V$  attributed to the two involved redox couples  $\text{Ni}^{3+}/\text{Ni}^{2+}$  and  $\text{Ni}^{4+}/\text{Ni}^{3+}$  with the default mixing parameter  $\alpha$  is very small, lower than 2 meV. Decreasing  $\alpha$  down to 0.18 turns  $\Delta V$  to negative values, reaching -24 mV. This peculiar behavior indicates that, depending of the chosen mixing parameter, the stability of the intermediate phase  $\text{Li}_{0.5}\text{Mn}_{0.5}\text{Ni}_{0.5}\text{O}_4$  is not always observed. However, the amplitude of  $\Delta V$  in the full range of mixing parameter  $\alpha$  remains small, around less than 24 mV.

The energy of  $\text{Li}_{0.5}\text{Mn}_{1.5}\text{Ni}_{0.5}\text{O}_4$  does not exceed by more than  $\sim 6$  meV/unit formula the energy average of  $\text{LiMn}_{1.5}\text{Ni}_{0.5}\text{O}_4$  and  $\text{Mn}_{1.5}\text{Ni}_{0.5}\text{O}_4$ . Since this difference is limited, a possible explanation is the difficulty to describe accurately the half-lithiated phase  $\text{Li}_{0.5}\text{Mn}_{1.5}\text{Ni}_{0.5}\text{O}_4$ . The 6 Ni-O bonds around  $\text{Ni}^{3+}$  exhibit a Jahn-Teller distortion, a supercell might be necessary to take into account this effect. Indeed, since there is 4 nickel ions per cell, it is not possible to distort the  $\text{NiO}_6$  octahedrons in a manner that conserves the cubic shape of the cell.

Distance (Å)	Mixing parameter $\alpha$					Exp. (this work)	
	0.15	0.17	0.18	0.19	0.25	at 10 K	at RT
Cell param. a	8.1706 <i>+0.14 %</i>	8.1657 <i>+0.08 %</i>	8.1634 <i>+0.05 %</i>	8.1608 <i>+0.02 %</i>	8.1452 <i>-0.17 %</i>	8.1594(1)	8.1692(1)
Ni-O2 (x6)	2.059 <i>+0.45 %</i>	2.059 <i>+0.46 %</i>	2.060 <i>+0.50 %</i>	2.060 <i>+0.47 %</i>	2.059 <i>+0.43 %</i>	2.050 (1)	2.063 (1)
Mn-O1 (x2)	1.934 <i>-0.61 %</i>	1.932 <i>-0.71 %</i>	1.931 <i>-0.76 %</i>	1.930 <i>-0.80 %</i>	1.925 <i>-1.10 %</i>	1.946(2)	1.940(2)
Mn-O2 (x2)	1.904 <i>-0.05 %</i>	1.902 <i>-0.14 %</i>	1.901 <i>-0.19 %</i>	1.901 <i>-0.23 %</i>	1.89545 <i>-0.50 %</i>	1.905(1)	1.907(1)
Mn-O2 (x2)	1.872 <i>+0.27 %</i>	1.870 <i>+0.18 %</i>	1.870 <i>+0.14 %</i>	1.869 <i>+0.10 %</i>	1.865 <i>-0.12 %</i>	1.867(2)	1.874(1)
Li-O1 (x1)	1.953 <i>-0.04 %</i>	1.952 <i>-0.09 %</i>	1.951 <i>-0.10 %</i>	1.951 <i>-0.17 %</i>	1.961 <i>-0.21 %</i>	1.957(3)	1.954(3)
Li-O2 (x3)	1.965 <i>+0.53 %</i>	1.965 <i>+0.50 %</i>	1.964 <i>+0.48 %</i>	1.964 <i>+0.47 %</i>	1.948 <i>+0.59 %</i>	1.954(3)	1.955(3)

Table SI.11: Selected bond lengths extracted from DFT calculations performed with mixing parameter  $\alpha$  percentage variation in HSE06 functionals compared with data extracted from PND recorded at 10 K and room temperature (RT). Percentage of variation are calculated relative to the 10 K PND data (italics values). This table represents the variation of the lattice parameter with respect to the experimental lattice parameter for the  $\text{LiMn}_{1.5}\text{Ni}_{0.5}\text{O}_4$  structures with (Mn  $\uparrow$  Ni  $\downarrow$ ) a ferrimagnetic configuration. The bond lengths of the octahedral and tetrahedral sites of the Mn, Ni and Li cations are shown for the  $\text{LiMn}_{1.5}\text{Ni}_{0.5}\text{O}_4$  composition calculated with different types of exchange-correlation functional

## 6 Bader Charges calculated with the different functionals

Bader charges were computed using the Bader code [7–10]. The average charges of oxygen ions were calculated by considering the crystallographic site multiplicity. The variation values correspond to the difference between the smallest and the highest values of a specific species.

Structures	Species (multiplicity)	Bader Charge				
		PBE	PBE+U	r <sup>2</sup> SCAN	HSE06	Variation
<b>LiMn<sub>1.5</sub>Ni<sub>0.5</sub>O<sub>4</sub></b>	Li (8)	0.893	0.894	0.902	0.900	0.009
	Ni (4)	1.191	1.244	1.285	1.307	0.116
	Mn (12)	1.764	1.860	1.918	1.975	0.211
	O1 (8)	-1.047	-1.057	-1.093	-1.120	0.073
	O2 (24)	-1.029	-1.083	-1.110	-1.132	0.103
	O (average)	-1.038	-1.070	-1.102	-1.126	0.088
<b>Li<sub>0.5</sub>Mn<sub>1.5</sub>Ni<sub>0.5</sub>O<sub>4</sub></b>	Li (4)	0.894	0.895	0.902	0.900	0.008
	Ni (4)	1.314	1.346	1.431	1.486	0.172
	Mn (12)	1.794	1.850	1.902	1.962	0.168
	O1 (4)	-0.915	-0.928	-0.962	-0.987	0.072
	O2 (4)	-1.037	-1.053	-1.080	-1.106	0.069
	O3 (12)	-1.005	-1.036	-1.064	-1.092	0.087
	O4 (12)	-0.873	-0.901	-0.935	-0.967	0.094
	O (average)	-0.958	-0.980	-1.010	-1.038	0.080
<b>Mn<sub>1.5</sub>Ni<sub>0.5</sub>O<sub>4</sub></b>	Ni (4)	1.399	1.368	1.496	1.525	0.157
	Mn (12)	1.798	1.849	1.906	1.967	0.169
	O1 (8)	-0.896	-0.929	-0.965	-0.991	0.095
	O2 (24)	-0.833	-0.843	-0.880	-0.908	0.075
	O (average)	-0.865	-0.886	-0.923	-0.950	0.085

Table SI.12: Bader charges calculated using PBE, PBE+U, r<sup>2</sup>SCAN and HSE06 functionals for LiMn<sub>1.5</sub>Ni<sub>0.5</sub>O<sub>4</sub>, Li<sub>0.5</sub>Mn<sub>1.5</sub>Ni<sub>0.5</sub>O<sub>4</sub>, and Mn<sub>1.5</sub>Ni<sub>0.5</sub>O<sub>4</sub>.

## References

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