## Electronic supplementary information for

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Solution chemical properties and catecholase-like activity of the copper(II)-Ac-His-His-Gly-His-OH system, a relevant functional model for copper containing oxidases

**Figure S1.** pH dependence of the UV-Vis spectra (A) of the copper(II)–hhgh system ( $[Cu^{II}] =$  [hhgh] = 0.7 mM, *T* = 298 K, *I* = 0.1 M NaCl, pH = 2.6-11.0), and the individual electronic absorption spectra of the formed species (B).



Figure S2. Calculated EPR spectra of the individual species formed in the copper(II)-hhgh system



**Figure S3:** Inhibition of the Nitroblue Tetrazolium (NBT) reduction as a function of the copper(II) concentration in 0.05 M phosphate buffer ( $\Box$ : [Cu<sup>2+</sup>] = [hhgh], pH = 6.8;  $\bigcirc$ : [Cu<sup>2+</sup>] = [hhgh], pH = 7.5;  $\triangle$ : [Cu<sup>2+</sup>] = 0.1[hhgh], pH = 7.5). The inhibition caused by Cu,Zn-SOD is shown in the insert. The following species are present in the solutions:

 $Cu^{2+}$  (32%), CuL (35%) and  $CuH_{-1}L$  (28%) at pH 6.9 and  $[Cu^{2+}] = 0.95$ [hhgh] = 0.2  $\mu$ M;

 $Cu^{2+}$  (10%), CuL (19%), CuH<sub>-1</sub>L (56%) and CuH<sub>-2</sub>L (13%) at pH = 7.5 and [Cu<sup>2+</sup>] = 0.95[hhgh] = 0.2 µM;

CuL (20%), CuH<sub>-1</sub>L (63%) and CuH<sub>-2</sub>L (16%) at pH = 7.5 and  $[Cu^{2+}] = 0.1$ [hhgh] = 0.2  $\mu$ M.



**Figure S4.** The CD spectra of the copper(II)–hhgh system ( $[Cu^{II}] = [hhgh] = 0.055 \text{ mM}$ , T = 298 K, I = 0.1 M NaCl, pH = 7.8-12.03) at different pH in 86 w% methanol-water solvent mixture. The calculated  $\Delta \varepsilon$  values are based on the total metal ion concentration.



**Figure S5.** The pH dependence of the average CD intensity between 355 and 365 nm (the maximum detected for the spectrum of the species CuH<sub>-2</sub>L). The solid line was calculated using  $pK_1 = (9.6 \pm 0.1)$  and  $pK_2 = (11.0 \pm 0.2)$ .

