

Cu²⁺ and AMP Complexation of Enlarged Tripodal Polyamines

M. Teresa Albelda, Enrique García-España, Hermas R. Jiménez, José M. Llinares, Conxa Soriano, Alejandra Sornosa-Ten, Begoña Verdejo.

^a Departament de Química Inorgànica, Institut de Ciència Molecular (ICMOL), Facultat de Química, Universitat de València, 46100 Burjassot, Valencia, Spain. Fax: 96 3864322; Tel: 963864879; E-mail: enrique.garcia-es@uv.es

^b Departament de Química Orgànica, Institut de Ciència Molecular (ICMOL), Facultat de Farmàcia, Universitat de València, 46100 Burjassot, Valencia, Spain.

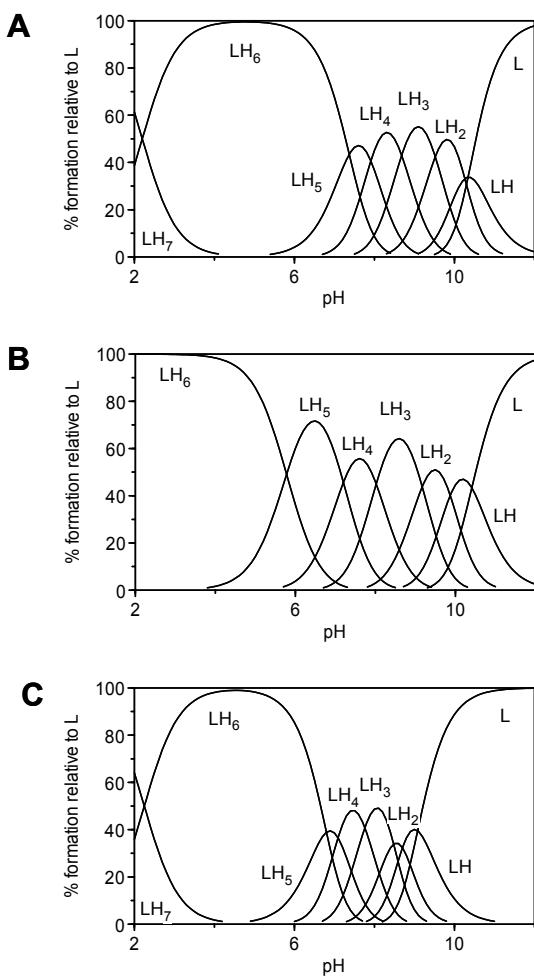


Fig. S1. Distributions diagrams for the systems (A) H⁺-TAL; (B)) H⁺-ATAL; (C) H⁺-N3TAL.

Table S1 Observed chemical shifts for the interaction of AMP with the tripodals ligands **TAL**, **ATAL**

[AMP]/[L]	TAL	ATAL
0,5	3,14	3,72
0.75	3,11	3,73
1	2,41	3,66
1.25	2,41	
1.5	2,29	3,33
1.75	2,22	3,24
2	2,11	3,12
2.25	1,91	
2.5	1,92	3,02
2.75	1,85	3
3	1,77	2,77
3,5	1,67	
4	2,3	
4,5	2,17	2,67
5	2,13	

Table S2 Logarithms of the equilibrium constants for the interaction of AMP (AMP \equiv A) with the tripodal polyamines **TAL**, **ATAL** and **N3TAL** determined at 298.0 ± 0.1 K in $0.15 \text{ mol}\cdot\text{dm}^{-3}$ NaCl.

Reaction	TAL	ATAL	N3TAL
A + L \rightleftharpoons AL ^a	4.76(5)	6.41(6)	5.3(1) ^b
A + H + L \rightleftharpoons HAL	15.51(5)	16.81(7)	15.36(9)
A + 2H + L \rightleftharpoons H ₂ AL	25.62(5)	26.84(6)	23.8(1)
A + 3H + L \rightleftharpoons H ₃ AL	35.34(5)	36.08(6)	32.56(8)
A + 4H + L \rightleftharpoons H ₄ AL	44.07(5)	44.27(6)	40.17(9)
A + 5H + L \rightleftharpoons H ₅ AL	52.09(5)	51.82(7)	47.53(8)
A + 6H + L \rightleftharpoons H ₆ AL	59.44(4)	58.10(4)	54.14(8)
A + 7H + L \rightleftharpoons H ₇ AL	64.2(1)		59.15(8)
2A+5H+L \rightleftharpoons H ₅ A ₂ L	54.8(1)		
2A+6H+L \rightleftharpoons H ₆ A ₂ L	62.33(9)		
2A+7H+L \rightleftharpoons H ₇ A ₂ L	68.80(8)		
2A+8H+L \rightleftharpoons H ₈ A ₂ L	74.14(5)	71.1(1)	
3A+5H+L \rightleftharpoons H ₅ A ₃ L	58.54(5)		
3A+6H+L \rightleftharpoons H ₆ A ₃ L	66.17(5)	64.97(8)	
3A+7H+L \rightleftharpoons H ₇ A ₃ L	72.71(5)		
3A+8H+L \rightleftharpoons H ₈ A ₃ L	78.79(5)		
3A+9H+L \rightleftharpoons H ₉ A ₃ L	83.91(4)		

^a Charges omitted for clarity. ^bNumbers in parentheses are standard deviations in the last significant figure

Table S3. ^1H NMR hyperfine-shifted resonances and temperature dependence of Cu_2TAL , $\text{Cu}_2\text{TAL-AMP}$ complexes in D_2O at 25 °C and pH 8.

Complex	Signal	δ (ppm)	Nº of protons	Assign.	Temperature dependence	T_1 (ms)	$\Delta\nu_{1/2}$ (Hz)	T_2 (ms) ^a
Cu_2TAL	a	3.6	6	βCH_2	Anti-Curie	3.7	150	2.1
	b	2.4			Anti-Curie	<1	b	b
	B	1.2			Anti-Curie	b	b	b
	c	0.28			Anti-Curie	<1	341	0.93
	d	-9.3			Curie	<1	1624	0.20
$\text{Cu}_2\text{TAL-AMP}$	a'	3.6	6	βCH_2	Anti-Curie	2.5	195	1.6
	b'	2.5			Anti-Curie	<1	b	b
	c'	0.27	24	αCH_2	Anti-Curie	<1	361	0.88
	d'	-9.2			Curie	<1	1131	0.28
	e'	8.7	2x2	$\gamma\text{CH}_2\text{-AMP}$	Anti-Curie	11.2	78	4.1
	g'	6.1			$\text{H}_{2,8}\text{CH-AMP}^{\text{c}}$	48.7	18	17.7
	f'	8.2	4x2	$\delta-\sigma\text{CH-AMP}^{\text{c}}$	Anti-Curie	45.4	30	10.6
	h'	4.4			Anti-Curie	36.8	b	b
	i'	4.3			Anti-Curie	35.3	b	b
	j'	3.9			Anti-Curie	21.9	24	13.3

^aMeasured from the line width at half-height. ^b Overlap prevents measurement of this value. ^cTentative assignments.

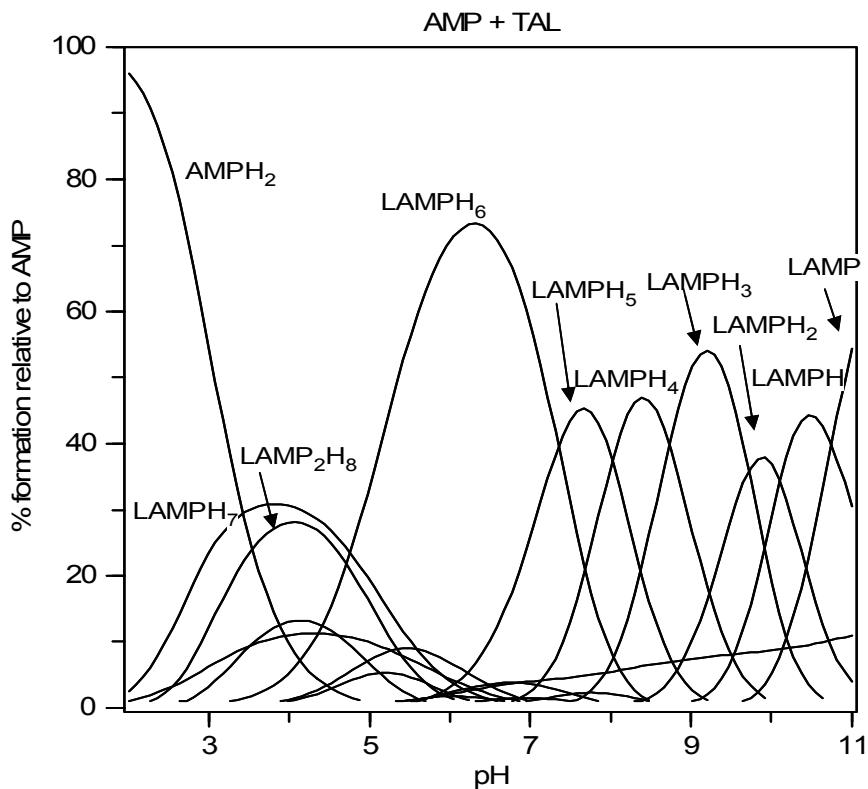


Fig. S2 Distribution Diagrams for the system TAL-AMP. $[TAL] = 1 \cdot 10^{-3} \text{ mol} \cdot \text{dm}^{-3}$, $[AMP] = 1 \cdot 10^{-3} \text{ mol} \cdot \text{dm}^{-3}$.

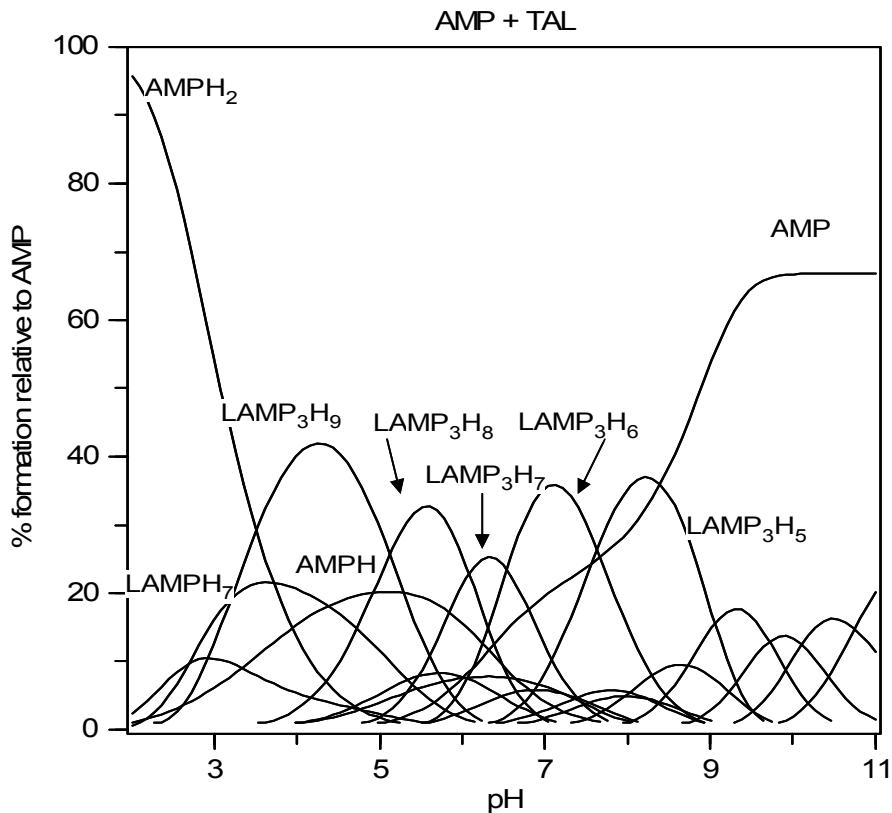


Fig. S3 Distribution Diagrams for the system TAL-AMP. $[TAL] = 1 \cdot 10^{-3} \text{ mol} \cdot \text{dm}^{-3}$, $[AMP] = 3 \cdot 10^{-3} \text{ mol} \cdot \text{dm}^{-3}$.

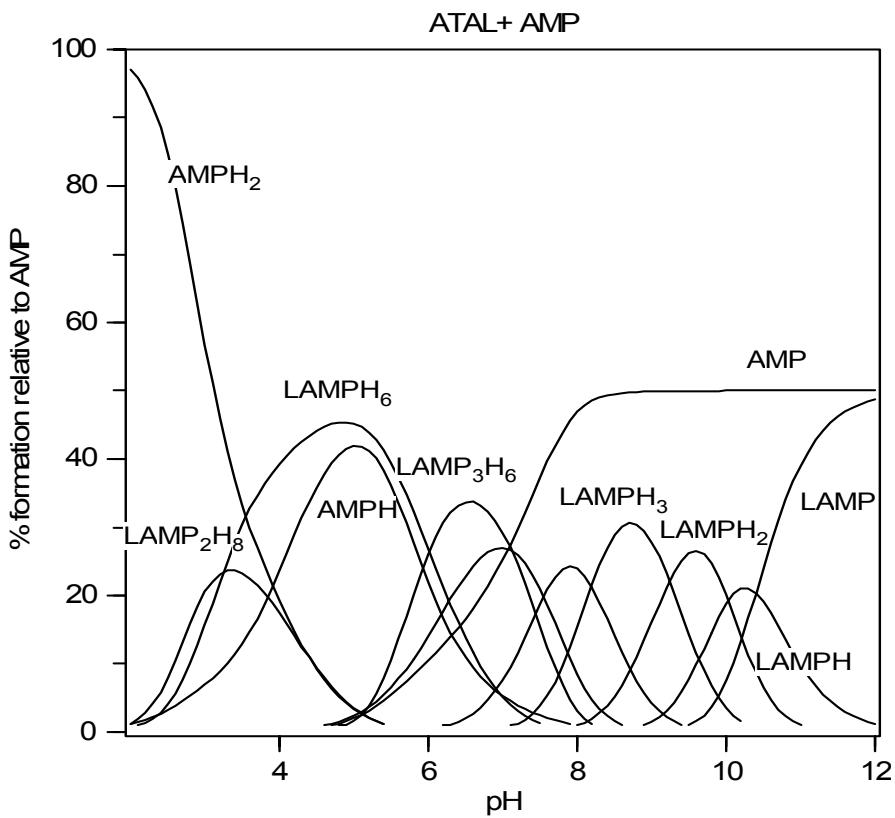


Fig. S4 Distribution Diagrams for the system ATAL-AMP. $[ATAL] = 1 \cdot 10^{-3}$ mol·dm $^{-3}$, $[AMP] = 2 \cdot 10^{-3}$ mol·dm $^{-3}$.

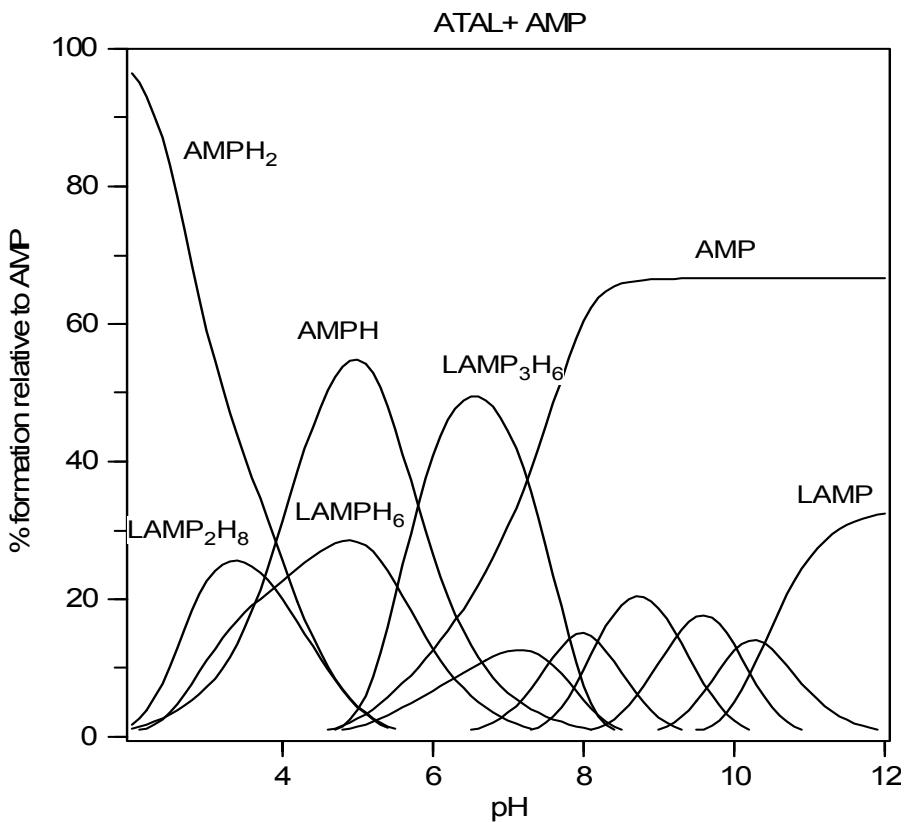
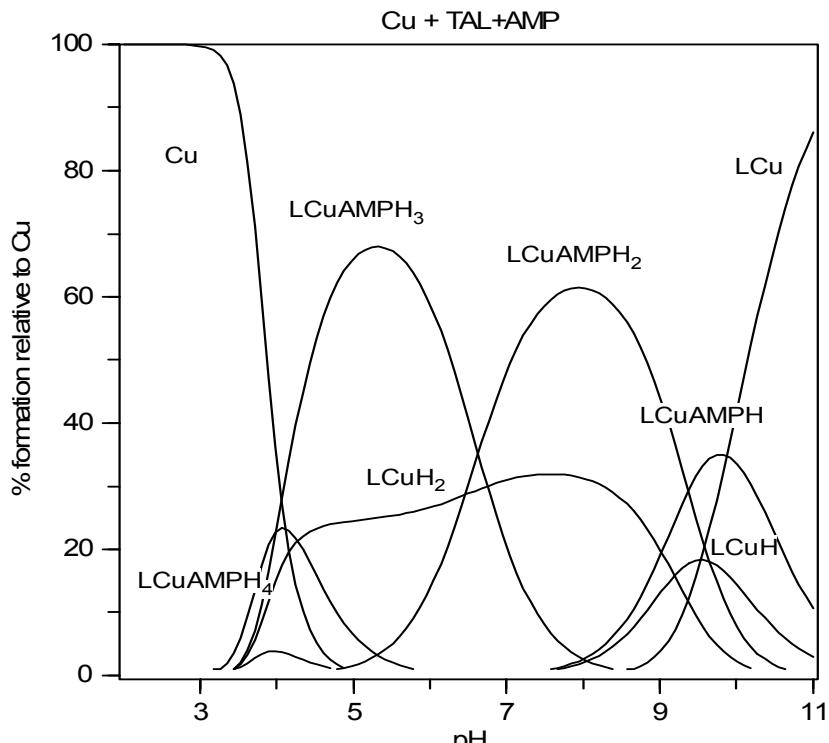
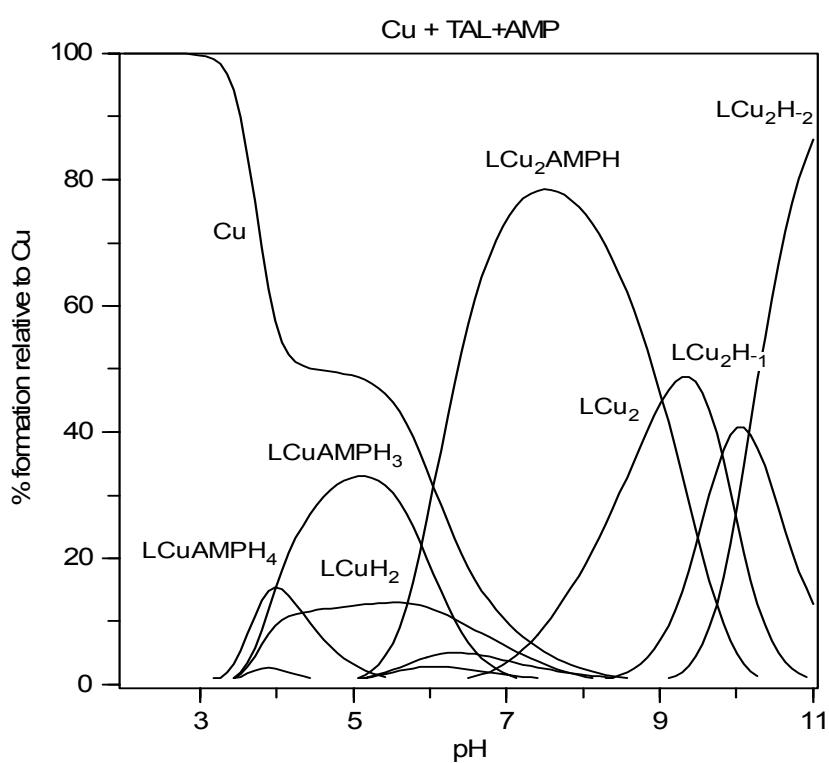


Fig. S5 Distribution Diagrams for the system ATAL-AMP. $[ATAL] = 1 \cdot 10^{-3}$ mol·dm $^{-3}$, $[AMP] = 3 \cdot 10^{-3}$ mol·dm $^{-3}$.



(A)



(B)

Fig. S6 Distribution Diagrams for the ternary system Cu²⁺-TAL-AMP. (A) [Cu²⁺] = [TAL] = [AMP] = 1 · 10⁻³ mol · dm⁻³. (B) [Cu²⁺] = 2 · 10⁻³ mol · dm⁻³, [TAL] = [AMP] = 1 · 10⁻³ mol · dm⁻³

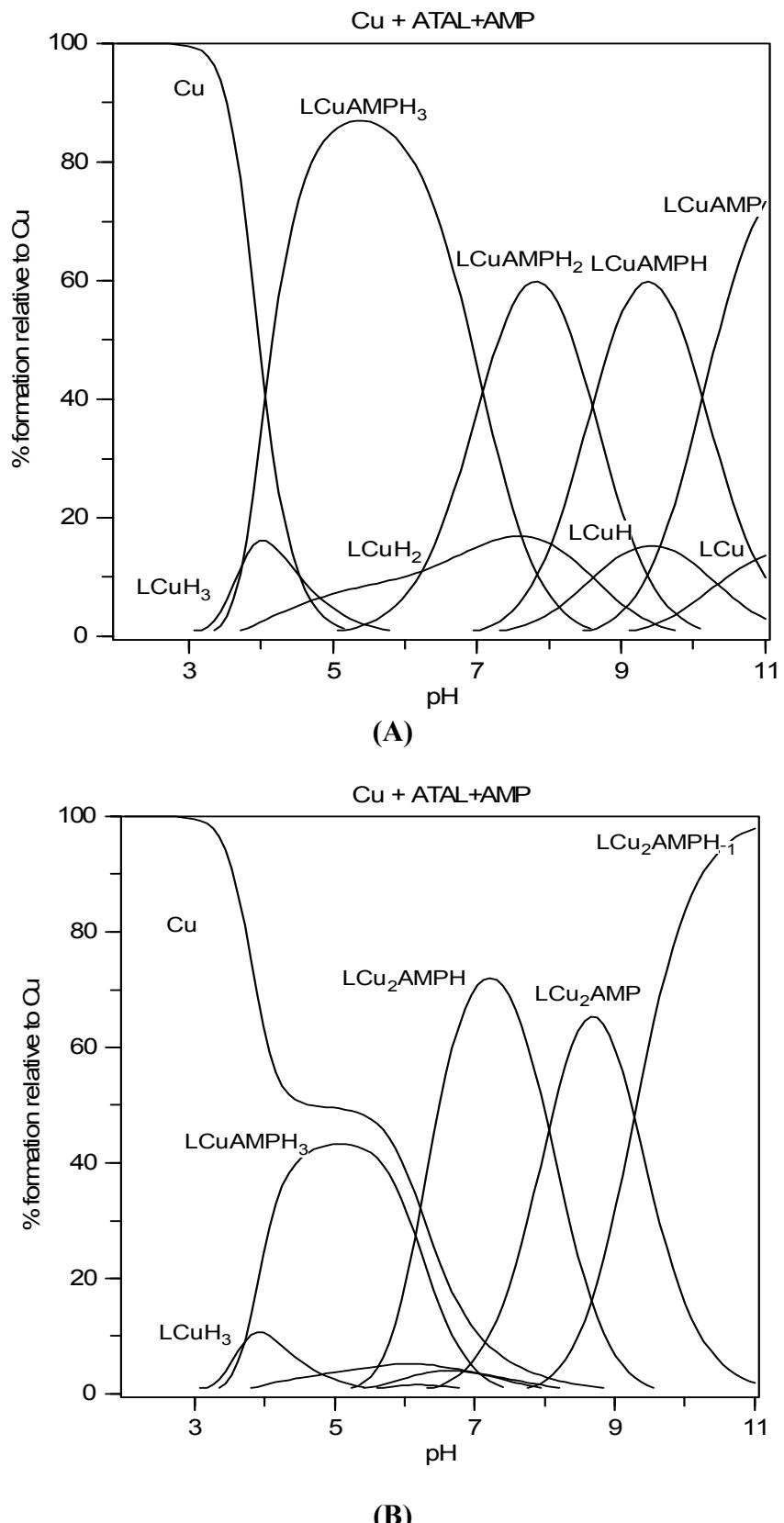


Fig. S7 Distribution Diagrams for the ternary system Cu^{2+} -ATAL-AMP. (A) $[\text{Cu}^{2+}] = [\text{ATAL}] = [\text{AMP}] = 1 \cdot 10^{-3} \text{ mol} \cdot \text{dm}^{-3}$. (B) $[\text{Cu}^{2+}] = 2 \cdot 10^{-3} \text{ mol} \cdot \text{dm}^{-3}$, $[\text{ATAL}] = [\text{AMP}] = 1 \cdot 10^{-3} \text{ mol} \cdot \text{dm}^{-3}$.

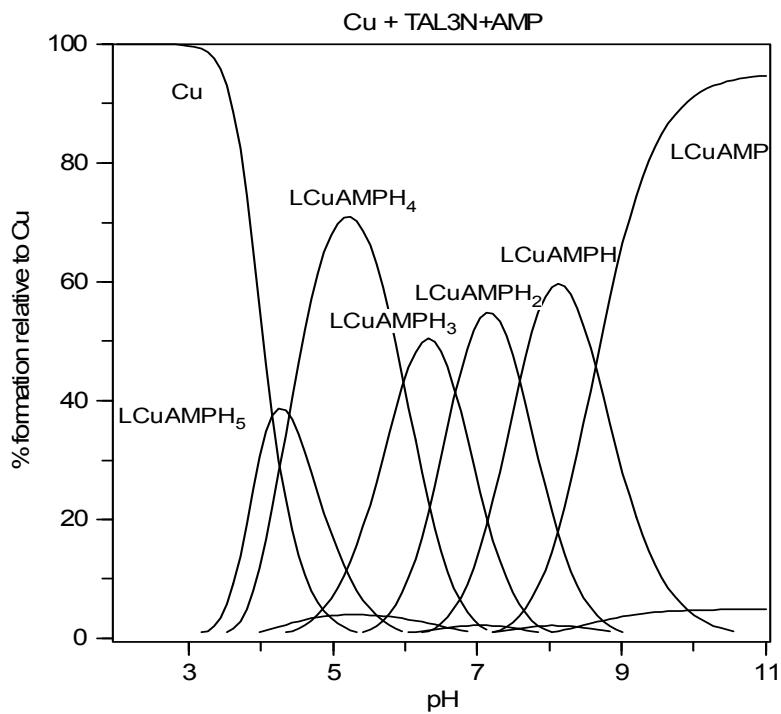


Fig. S8 Distribution Diagrams for the ternary system Cu^{2+} -**N3TAL**-AMP. $[\text{Cu}^{2+}] = [\text{N3TAL}] = [\text{AMP}] = 1 \cdot 10^{-3} \text{ mol} \cdot \text{dm}^{-3}$.