

Supporting Information

A $\text{Mn}^{\text{III}}_2\text{Ni}^{\text{II}}$ single-chain magnet separated by a Zeolite-like network of BPh_4^- anions

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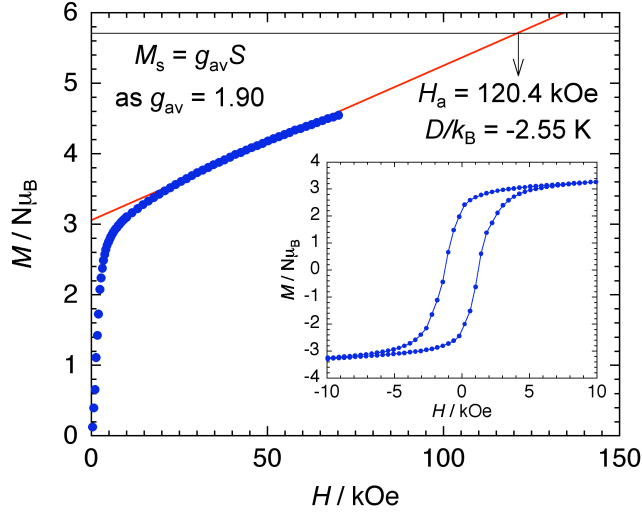


Fig. S1. Field dependence of the initial magnetization on a polycrystalline sample of $\text{Mn}_2\text{Ni-BPh}_4$ at 1.82 K. The solid red line represents a least-square linear fit between 40 – 70 kOe and the solid black line represents the value of $M_s = g_{av}S$ as $S = 3$ and $g_{av} = 1.90$ estimated from the simulation of high temperature susceptibilities. Inset: the magnetization variation by field sweep between ± 70 kOe.

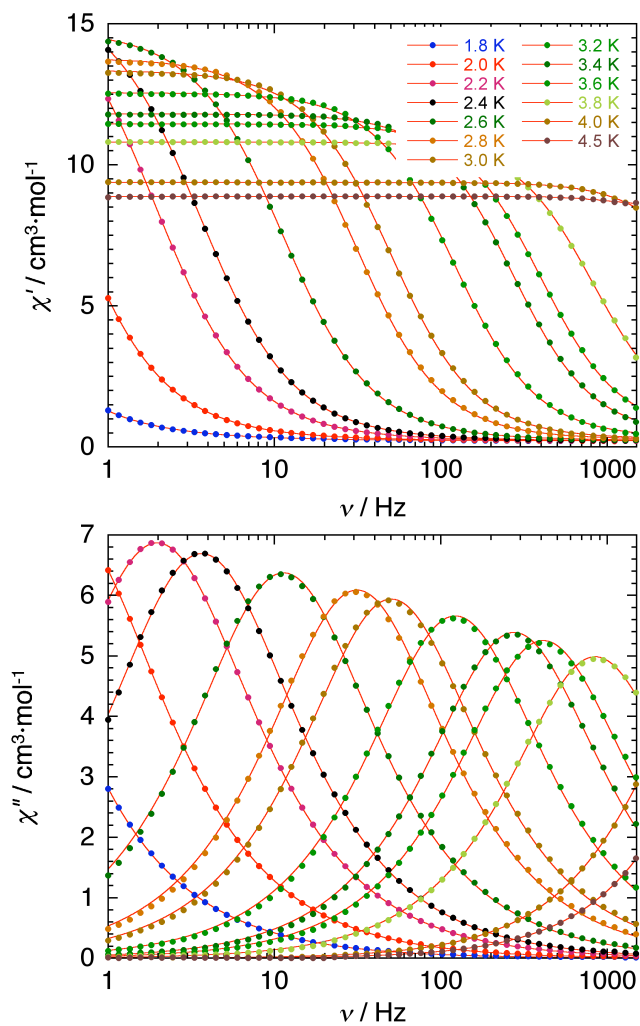


Fig. S2. Frequency dependence of ac susceptibility measured at several temperatures in the range of 1.8 – 4.5 K. Solid curves represent the least-squared fit using a generalized Debye model with $\alpha < 0.1$ through the measured temperature range.

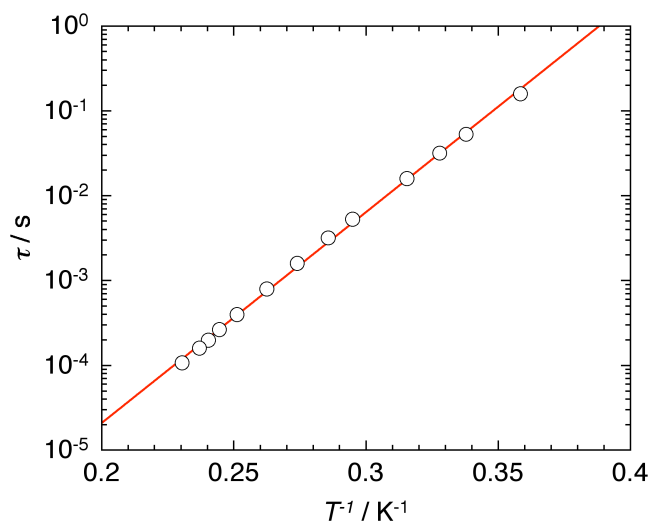


Fig. S3. Relaxation time (τ) vs. $1/T$ of **Mn₂Ni-BPh₄**. Solid line represents the least-squares exponential fitting curve.