Cyclometallated, bis-terdentate iridium complexes as linearly expandable cores for the construction of multimetallic assemblies

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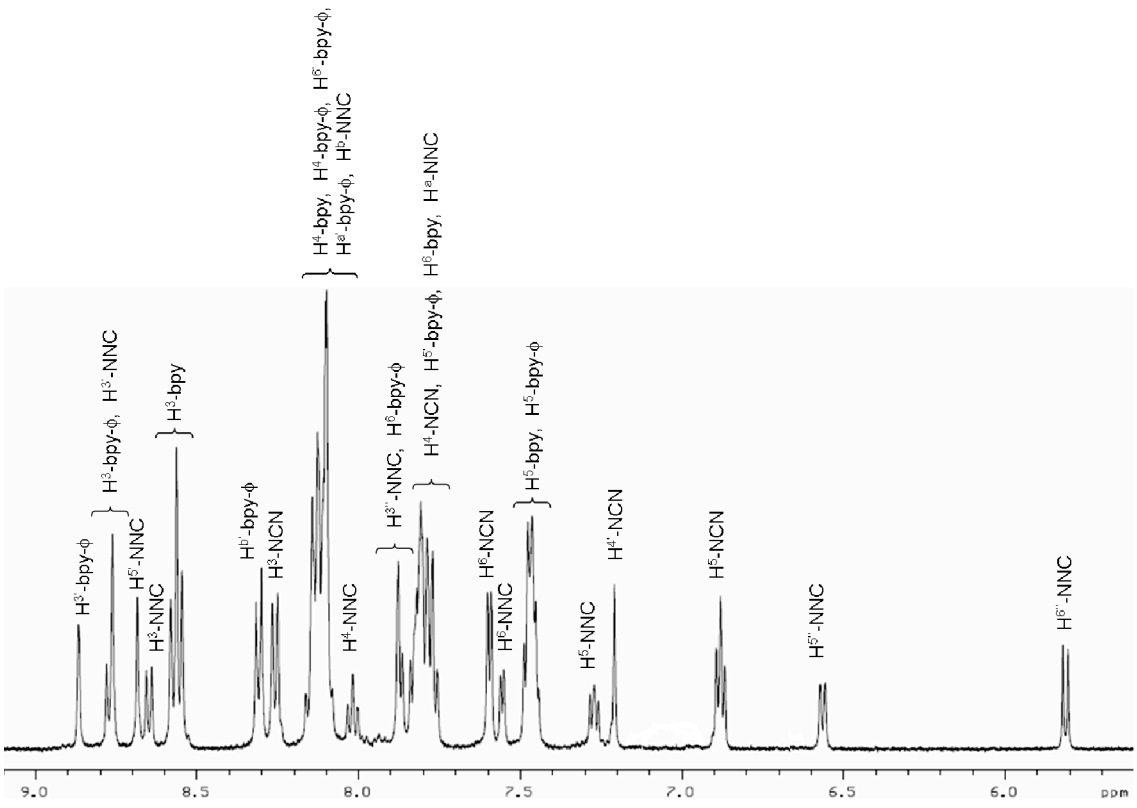

Figure S1 ^{1}H NMR spectrum of the Ir–Ru compound **8** in CD_3CN at 298 K, assigned on the basis of ^{1}H-^{1}H COSY and NOESY spectra and reference to the spectra of individual constituent complexes.

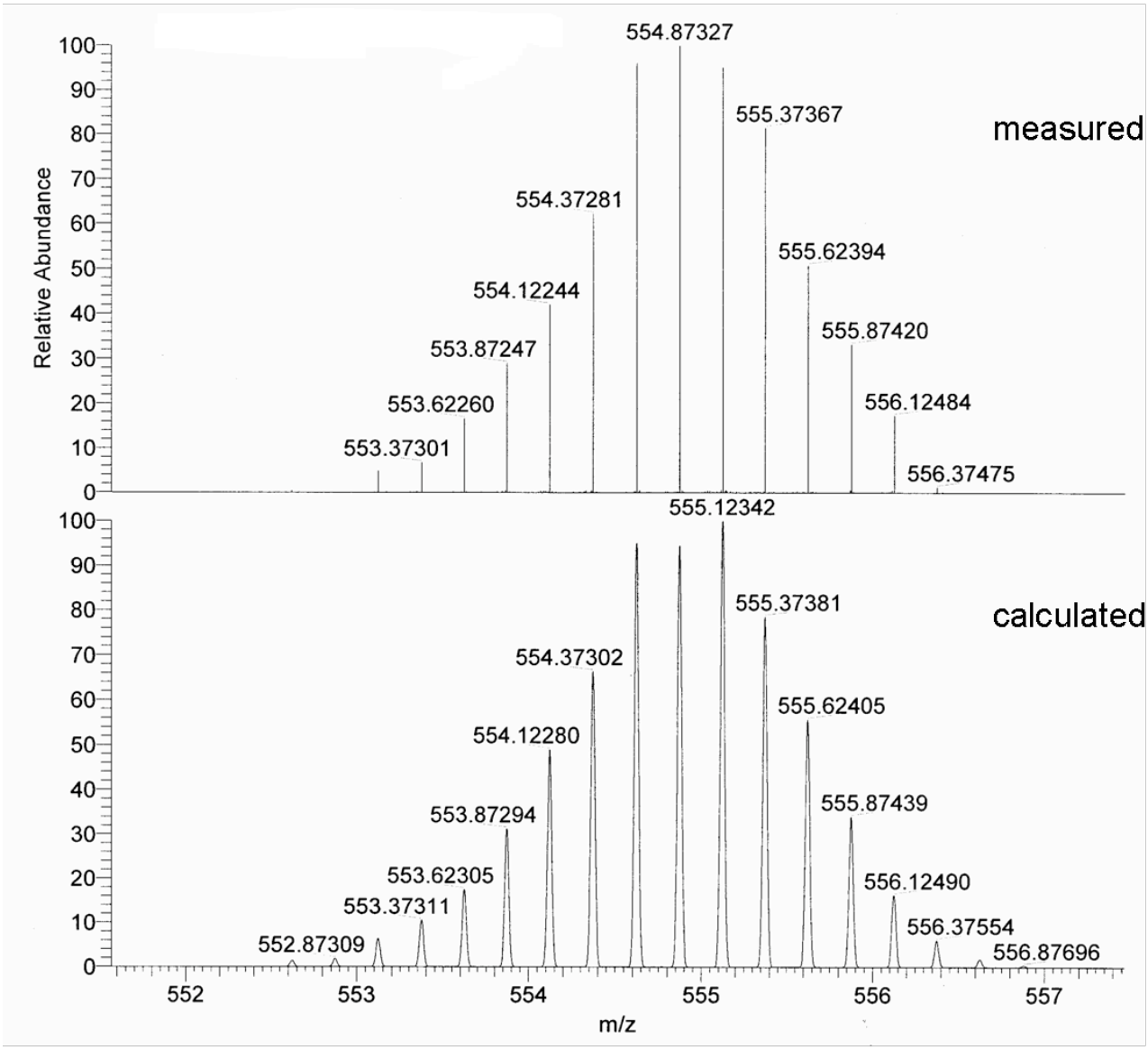

Figure S2 Experimental high-resolution electrospray mass spectrum of the trimetallic compound **11** and the simulated spectrum for $C_{115}H_{80}F_4Ir_2N_{14}Ru$.

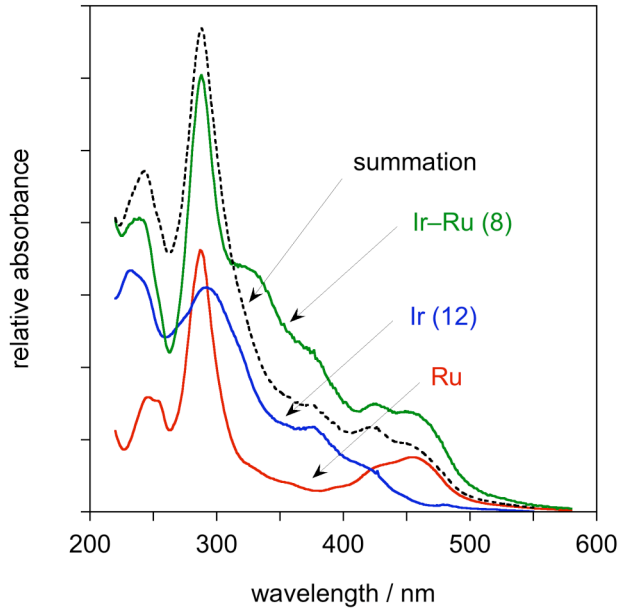

Figure S3 Absorption spectra of the dinuclear complex **8** and the monometallic complexes $[Ir(dpyx)(mtbpy\text{-}\phi\text{-}Ph)]^{+}$ (**12**) and $[Ru(bpy)_2(bpy\text{-}\phi\text{-}Ph)]^{2+}$ (Ru), together with their summation.

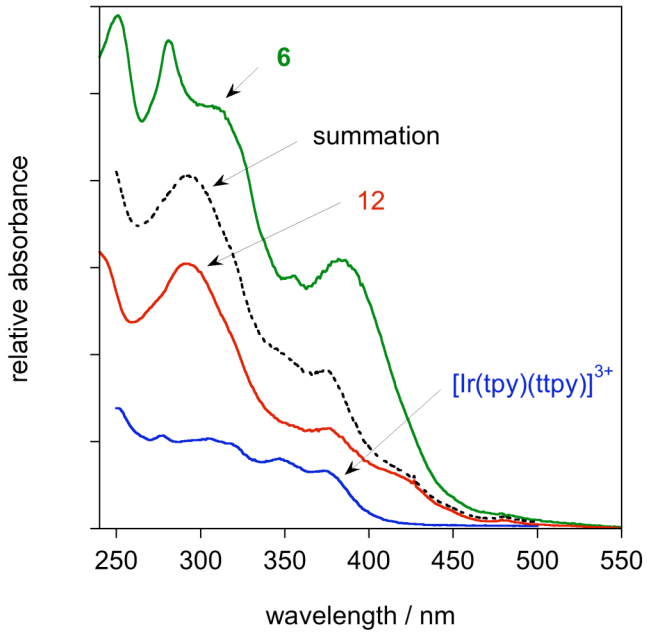

Figure S4 Absorption spectra of the dinuclear complex **6** and the monometallic complexes $[Ir(dpyx)(mtbpy\text{-}\phi\text{-}Ph)]^{3+}$ (**12**) and $[Ir(tpy)(ttpy)]^{3+}$, together with their summation.

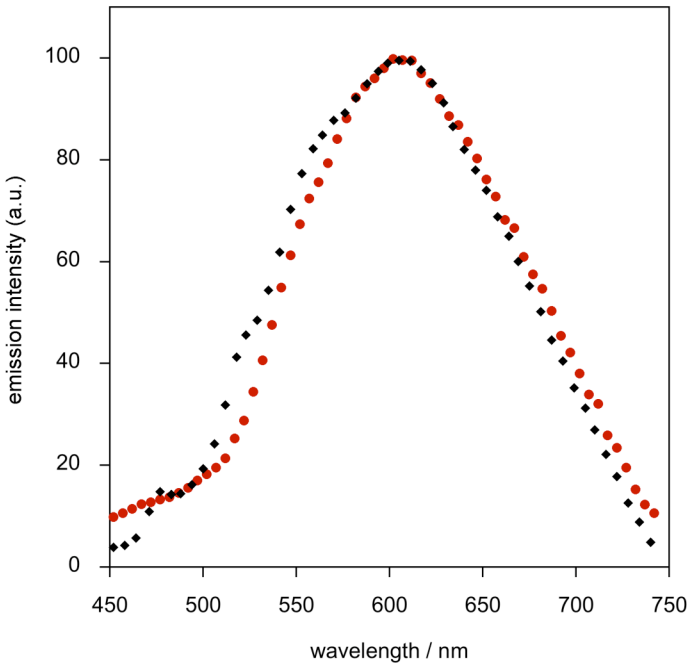

Figure S5 Time-resolved emission spectra generated at 100 ns (red points) and at 1 μs (black points) after excitation at 374 nm; generated from decay curves registered at 5 nm intervals.