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Paper: Platinum(II) mediated  $C^{sp3}$ –H activation of tetramethylthiourea *Serena Fantasia*,<sup>*a,b*</sup> *Alessandro Pasini<sup><i>a*</sup> \* and Steven P. Nolan<sup>*b,c*</sup> \*

<sup>a</sup>Dipartimento di Chimica Inorganica, Metallorganica e Analitica (CIMA), Universitá degli Studi di Milano, Via Venezian 21, 20133 Milan, Italy. <sup>b</sup>Institute of Chemical Research of Catalonia (ICIQ), Av. Països Catalans 16, 43007 Tarragona, Spain. <sup>c</sup> School of Chemistry, University of St Andrews, St Andrews, KY16 9ST, UK.

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#### Experimental

General considerations: All manipulations unless otherwise noted were carried out in air. Solvents and used received. reagents were as  $Cis-[Pt(PPh_3)_2Cl_2],$ <sup>1</sup> *cis*-[(Pt(P(4-tol)<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>], <sup>2</sup> *cis*-[Pt(P(4-F-Ph)<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>], <sup>3</sup> [Pt(dppp)Cl<sub>2</sub>], <sup>4</sup> *cis*-[Pt(dmso)<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>], <sup>5</sup> *cis*- $[Pt(PPh_3)_2(NO_3)_2]$  7a,<sup>6</sup>  $[Pt(PPh_3)_2(tmtu^*)](NO_3)$  2<sup>7</sup> and the carbene ligand ICy 6<sup>8</sup> were synthesized according to literature procedures. Elemental analyses were performed at the Microanalytical Laboratory, the University of Milano. Mass spectra were recorded on a Water LCT Premier instrument. NMR spectra were recorded in CDCl<sub>3</sub> solution on a Bruker Advece DRX 300 MHz and 400 MHz.<sup>195</sup>Pt spectra were calibrated with Na<sub>2</sub>[PtCl<sub>6</sub>] in D<sub>2</sub>O as 4522 ppm.

## Synthesis of [PtL<sub>2</sub>(NO<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>] Complexes

*cis*-[Pt(P(4-tol)<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>(NO<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>] 7b. 132.0 mg of *cis*-[Pt(P(4-tol)<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>] (0.150 mmol) are dissolved in 15 mL of CHCl<sub>3</sub> and 102.5 mg of AgNO<sub>3</sub> (0.6 mmol) are added. The suspension is refluxed for 8 h in the dark. The hot solution is filtered on a frit and the residue washed with hot CHCl<sub>3</sub> (3x20 mL). The solvent is collected in a flask and the volume reduced in vacuum to 4 mL. Addition of 15 mL of diisopropyl ether affords, after filtration, 132.0 mg of a white product (94% yield). <sup>1</sup>H NMR:  $\delta$  (ppm) 7.37 (t, J = 8.3 Hz, 12 H, *CH* arom), 7.02 (d, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 12 H, *CH* arom), 2.36 (s, 18 H, *CH*<sub>3</sub>). <sup>31</sup>P NMR:  $\delta$  (ppm) 2.2 (s, <sup>1</sup>*J*<sub>Pt-P</sub> = 4028 Hz). Anal. Calcd for C<sub>42</sub>H<sub>42</sub>N<sub>2</sub>O<sub>6</sub>P<sub>2</sub>Pt (927.82): C, 54.37; H, 4.56; N, 3.02. Found: C, 54.54; H 4.23; N, 2.95.

*cis*-[Pt(P(4-F-Ph)<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>(NO<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>] 7c. 141.9 mg of *cis*-[Pt(P(4-F-Ph)<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>] (0.158 mmol) are dissolved in 50 mL of CHCl<sub>3</sub> and 120.7 mg of AgNO<sub>3</sub> (0.71 mmol) are added. The suspension is refluxed for 8 h in the dark. The hot solution is filtered on a frit and the residue washed with hot CHCl<sub>3</sub> (3x20 mL). The solvent is collected in a flask and the volume reduced to 4 mL in vacuum. Addition of 15 mL of diisopropyl ether affords, after filtration, 105.4 mg of a white product (67% yield). <sup>1</sup>H NMR:  $\delta$  (ppm) 7.46 (m, broad, 12 H, *CH* arom), 6.93 (m, broad, 12 H, *CH* arom). <sup>31</sup>P NMR:  $\delta$ (ppm) 1.8 (s, <sup>1</sup>*J*<sub>Pt-P</sub> = 4021 Hz). Anal. Calcd for C<sub>36</sub>H<sub>24</sub>F<sub>6</sub>N<sub>2</sub>O<sub>6</sub>P<sub>2</sub>Pt (951.60): C, 45.44; H, 2.54; N, 2.94. Found: C, 45.63; H 2.36; N, 3.13.

**[Pt(dppp)(NO<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>] 7d**. 139.6 mg of [Pt(dppp)Cl<sub>2</sub>] (0.206 mmol) are dissolved in 20 mL of CHCl<sub>3</sub> and 110.0 mg of AgNO<sub>3</sub> (0.62 mmol) are added. The suspension is refluxed for 10 h in the dark. The hot solution is filtered on a frit and the residue washed with hot CHCl<sub>3</sub> (3x20 mL). The solvent is collected in a flask and the volume reduced in vacuum to 4 mL. Addition of 15 mL of diisopropyl ether affords, after filtration, 102.5 mg of a white product (68% yield). <sup>1</sup>H NMR:  $\delta$  (ppm) 7.77 (m, broad, 8 H, CH arom), 7.44 (m, broad, 12 H, CH arom), 2.52 (m, broad, 4 H, CH<sub>2</sub>P), 2.05 (m, broad, 2H, CH<sub>2</sub>). <sup>31</sup>P NMR:  $\delta$  (ppm) –13.4 (s, <sup>1</sup>J<sub>Pt-P</sub> = 3664 Hz). Anal. Calcd for C<sub>27</sub>H<sub>26</sub>N<sub>2</sub>O<sub>6</sub>P<sub>2</sub>Pt (731.09): C, 44.33; H, 3.58; N, 3.83. Found: C, 44.42; H 3.75; N, 3.42.

*cis*-[Pt(ICy)<sub>2</sub>(NO<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>] 9. 129.6 mg of *cis*-[Pt(ICy)<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>] (0.178 mmol) are dissolved in 30 mL of CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> and 121.2 mg of AgNO<sub>3</sub> (0.713 mmol) are added. The suspension is refluxed overnight in the dark. The hot solution is filtered on a frit and the residue washed with hot

CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (3x20 mL). The solvent is collected in a flask and the volume reduced to 4 mL in vacuum. Addition of 15 mL of diethyl ether affords, after filtration, 120.4 mg of a white product (86% yield). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 400 MHz):  $\delta$  6.99 (s, 4H, CH imidazole), 4.89 (m, 4 H, CH cyclohexhyl), 2.25 (d broad, J = 12 Hz, 4 H, CH<sub>2</sub> cyclohexyl), 1.84 (t broad, J = 14 Hz, 8 H, CH<sub>2</sub> cyclohexhyl), 1.75 (t broad, J = 12 Hz, 8 H, CH<sub>2</sub> cyclohexhyl), 1.53 (m, 8 H, CH<sub>2</sub> cyclohexhyl), 1.40 (m, 8 H, CH<sub>2</sub> cyclohexhyl), 1.21(m, 4 H, CH<sub>2</sub> cyclohexhyl). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 400 MHz):  $\delta$  133.7 (s, C carbene), 118.1 (s, CH imidazole), 59.4 (s, CH cyclohexyl), 34.9 (s, CH<sub>2</sub> cyclohexyl), 33.5 (s, CH<sub>2</sub> cyclohexyl), 25.2 (s, CH<sub>2</sub> cyclohexyl), 25.1 (s, CH<sub>2</sub> cyclohexyl), 25.0 (s, CH<sub>2</sub> cyclohexyl). ESI-MS (HRMS): calcd. For C<sub>30</sub>H<sub>48</sub>N<sub>5</sub>O<sub>3</sub>Pt [M-(NO<sub>3</sub>)]<sup>+</sup>: 721.3405. Found: 721.3422.

### Syntesis of [PtL<sub>2</sub>(tmtu\*)]NO<sub>3</sub> complexes

**[Pt(P(4-tol)<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>(tmtu\*)](NO<sub>3</sub>)** 7\*b. 93.1 mg of *cis*-[Pt(P(4-tol)<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>(NO<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>] (0.1 mmol) are dissolved in 20 mL of CHCl<sub>3</sub> and 13.3 mg of tmtu (0.1 mmol) are added. The solution is stirred at room temperature for 5 h. The solvent volume is reduced to 4 mL in vacuum. Addition of 15 mL of *n*-hexane affords, after filtration, 73.0 mg of a white product (73% yield). <sup>1</sup>H NMR:  $\delta$ (ppm) 7.10-7.30 (m, broad, 12 H, CH arom), 6.90-7.05 (m, broad, 12 H, CH arom), 3.44 (t, <sup>3</sup>*J*<sub>P-H</sub> = 5 Hz, <sup>2</sup>*J*<sub>Pt-H</sub> = 59 Hz, 2 H, CH<sub>2</sub>Pt), 3.02 (s, 3 H CH<sub>3</sub>N), 2.97 (s, 6 H, (CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>N), 2.18 (s, 18 H, CH<sub>3</sub>). <sup>31</sup>P NMR:  $\delta$ (ppm) 20.2 (d, <sup>2</sup>*J*<sub>P-P</sub> = 23 Hz, <sup>1</sup>*J*<sub>Pt-P</sub> = 3406 Hz, P *trans* S), 15.6 (d, <sup>2</sup>*J*<sub>P-P</sub> = 23 Hz, <sup>1</sup>*J*<sub>Pt-P</sub> = 2037 Hz, P *trans* C). Anal. Calcd for C<sub>47</sub>H<sub>53</sub>N<sub>3</sub>O<sub>3</sub>P<sub>2</sub>PtS (997.03): C, 56.62; H, 5.36; N, 4.21. Found: C, 57.01; H 5.57; N, 3.98.

**[Pt(P(4-F-Ph)<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>(tmtu\*)](NO<sub>3</sub>) 7\*c**. 50.0 mg of *cis*-[Pt(P(4-F-Ph)<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>(NO<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>] (0.053 mmol) are dissolved in 20 mL of CHCl<sub>3</sub> and 7.0 mg of tmtu (0.053 mmol) are added. The solution is stirred at room temperature for 5 h. The solvent is reduced to 4 mL in vacuum. Addition of 15 mL of diisopropyl ether affords, after filtration, 33.0 mg of a white product (61% yield). <sup>1</sup>H NMR:  $\delta$ (ppm) 7.20-7.50 (m, broad, 12 H, *CH* arom), 6.90-7.10 (m, broad, 12 H, *CH* arom), 3.48 (t, <sup>3</sup>*J*<sub>P-H</sub> = 5 Hz, <sup>2</sup>*J*<sub>Pt-H</sub> = 73 Hz, 2 H, *CH*<sub>2</sub>Pt), 3.06 (s, 3 H *CH*<sub>3</sub>N), 2.99 (s, 6 H, (*CH*<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>N). <sup>31</sup>P NMR:  $\delta$ (ppm) 20.7 (d, <sup>2</sup>*J*<sub>P-P</sub> = 23 Hz, <sup>1</sup>*J*<sub>Pt-P</sub> = 3483 Hz, P *trans* S), 15.6 (d, <sup>2</sup>*J*<sub>P-P</sub> = 23 Hz, <sup>1</sup>*J*<sub>Pt-P</sub> = 2010 Hz, P *trans* C). Anal. Calcd for C<sub>41</sub>H<sub>35</sub>F<sub>6</sub>N<sub>3</sub>O<sub>3</sub>P<sub>2</sub>PtS (1020.82): C, 48.24; H, 3.46; N, 4.12. Found: C, 47.95; H 3.21; N, 4.21.

**[Pt(dppp)(tmtu\*)](NO<sub>3</sub>)** 7\*d. 51.1 mg of [Pt(dppp)(NO<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>] (0.07 mmol) are dissolved in 25 mL of CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> and 9.2 mg of tmtu (0.07 mmol) are added. The solution is stirred at room temperature for 2 days. The solvent is reduced in vacuum to 4 mL. Addition of 15 mL of *n*-hexane affords, after filtration, 40.0 mg of a white product (71% yield). <sup>1</sup>H NMR:  $\delta$  (ppm) 7.20-7.50 (m, broad, 20 H, CH arom), 3.38 (t, <sup>3</sup>J<sub>P-H</sub> = 6 Hz, <sup>2</sup>J<sub>Pt-H</sub> = 56 Hz, 2 H, CH<sub>2</sub>Pt), 3.06 (s, 3 H CH<sub>3</sub>N), 2.96 (s, 6 H, (CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>N), 2.30 (m, broad, 4 H, CH<sub>2</sub>P), 1.93 (m, broad, 2H, CH<sub>2</sub>). <sup>31</sup>P NMR:  $\delta$  (ppm) 0.7 (d, <sup>2</sup>J<sub>P-P</sub> = 34 Hz, <sup>1</sup>J<sub>Pt-P</sub> = 3189 Hz, P *trans* S), -5.4 (d, <sup>2</sup>J<sub>P-P</sub> = 34 Hz, <sup>1</sup>J<sub>Pt-P</sub> = 1877 Hz, P *trans* C). Anal. Calcd for C<sub>32</sub>H<sub>37</sub>N<sub>3</sub>O<sub>3</sub>P<sub>2</sub>PtS (800.75): C, 48.00; H, 4.66; N, 5.25. Found: C, 48.26; H 4.35; N, 5.23.

#### **References and Notes**

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