

Synthetic strategies towards ruthenium-porphyrin conjugates for anticancer activity.

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Supplementary Material

Spectral data for selected *meso*-(*p*-nitrophenyl)porphyrins *p*(NO₂)_nPP (*n* = 1-4) and *meso*-(*p*-aminophenyl)porphyrins *p*(NH₂)_nPP (*n* = 1-4).

***p*(NO₂)PP.** δ_H (CDCl₃): -2.76 (br s, 2H, NH), 7.77 (m, 9H, *p*+*m*Ph), 8.22 (d, J = 3.2 Hz, 6H, *o*Ph), 8.40 (d, J = 8.7 Hz, 2H, *o*NO₂Ph), 8.64 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 2H, *m*NO₂Ph), 8.75 (d, J = 4.7 Hz, 2H, βH), 8.86 (m, 6H, βH).

***p*(NH₂)PP.** δ_H (CDCl₃): -2.75 (br, 2H, NH), 4.02 (s, 2H, NH₂Ph), 7.07 (d, 2H, J = 8.3 Hz, *m*NH₂Ph), 7.75 (m, 9H, *m*+*p*Ph), 7.98 (d, 2H, J = 8.3 Hz, *o*NH₂Ph), 8.20 (m, 6H, *o*Ph), 8.84 (m, 6H, βH), 8.96 (d, 2H, βH). UV-Vis λ_{max} (CHCl₃)/nm (ε×10⁻³/dm³ mol⁻¹ cm⁻¹): 419.5 (395), 515 (18.7), 551 (10.6), 589 (6.8), 645.5 (5.8).

***p*(NH₂)₂cis-PP.** δ_H (CDCl₃): -2.73 (br, 2H, NH), 4.01 (s, 4H, NH₂Ph), 7.06 (d, 4H, J = 8.3 Hz, *m*NH₂Ph), 7.75 (m, 6H, *m*+*p*Ph), 7.98 (d, 4H, J = 8.3 Hz, *o*NH₂Ph), 8.22 (d, 4H, J = 7.5 Hz, *o*Ph), 8.82 (d, 4H, βH), 8.93 (d, 4H, βH). UV-Vis λ_{max} (CHCl₃)/nm (ε×10⁻³/dm³ mol⁻¹ cm⁻¹): 421.5 (330), 517.5 (15.4), 555 (10.9), 592.5 (6.5) 650 (6.2).

***p*(NH₂)₂trans-PP.** δ_H (CDCl₃): -2.74 (br, 2H, NH), 4.03 (s, 4H, NH₂Ph), 7.07 (d, 4H, J = 8.3 Hz, *m*NH₂Ph), 7.75 (m, 6H *m*+*p*Ph), 7.99 (d, 4H, J = 8.3 Hz, *o*NH₂Ph), 8.20 (d, 4H, J = 7.5 Hz, 4H, *o*Ph), 8.82 (d, 4H, J = 4.7 Hz, βH), 8.91 (d, 4H, J = 4.6 Hz, βH). UV-Vis λ_{max} (CHCl₃)/nm (ε×10⁻³/dm³ mol⁻¹ cm⁻¹): 421.0 (336), 517 (15.8), 555 (11.0), 592 (6.1), 650 (5.9).

***p*(NO₂)₃PP.** δ_H (CDCl₃): -2.77 (br s, 2H, NH), 7.80 (m, 3H, *p*+*m*Ph), 8.22 (d, 2H *o*Ph), 8.42 (d, 6H *o*NO₂Ph), 8.68 (d, 6H *m*NO₂Ph), 8.81 (d, 2H βH), 8.92 (m, 6H βH).

***p*(NH₂)₃PP.** δ_H (CDCl₃): -2.73 (br, 2H, NH), 4.01 (s, 6H, NH₂Ph), 7.04 (d, 6H, J = 8.1 Hz, *m*NH₂Ph), 7.73 (m, 3H, *m*+*p*Ph), 7.99 (d, 6H, J = 8.1 Hz, *o*NH₂Ph), 8.21 (dd, 2H, *o*Ph), 8.81 (d, 2H, J = 4.7 Hz, βH), 8.92 (m, 6H, βH). UV-Vis λ_{max} (CHCl₃)/nm (ε×10⁻³/dm³ mol⁻¹ cm⁻¹): 424 (311), 518 (13), 558 (10.6), 554 (5.2), 652 (6.1).

p(NH₂)₄PP. δ_H (CDCl₃): -2.72 (br, 2H, NH), 4.11 (br, 8H, NH₂Ph), 7.05 (d, 8H, J = 8.3 Hz, mNH₂Ph), 7.99 (d, 8H, J = 8.3 Hz, oNH₂Ph), 8.89 (s, 8H, Hβ). UV-Vis λ_{max} (CH₂Cl₂)/nm: 424, 516, 552, 592, 645.

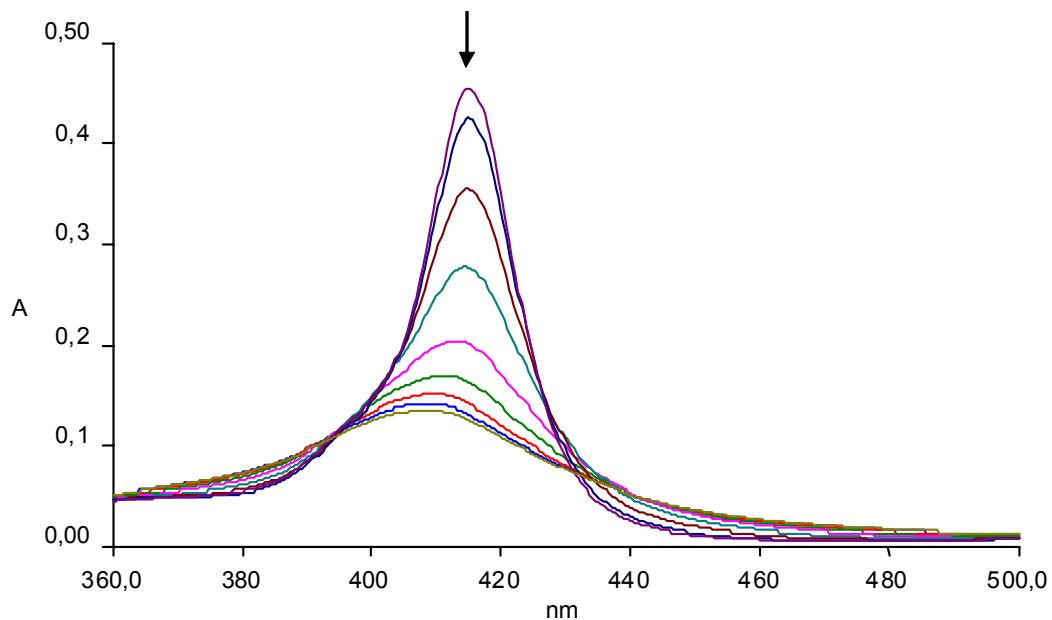


Figure 1S. Time-evolution of the Soret band in the electronic absorption spectrum of [Na]₄[4'TPyP{*trans*-RuCl₄(dmso-S)}₄] (**2**) 1.1×10^{-6} M in phosphate buffer 50 mM, pH 7.4, T = 25.0 °C, scan interval = 30 min.

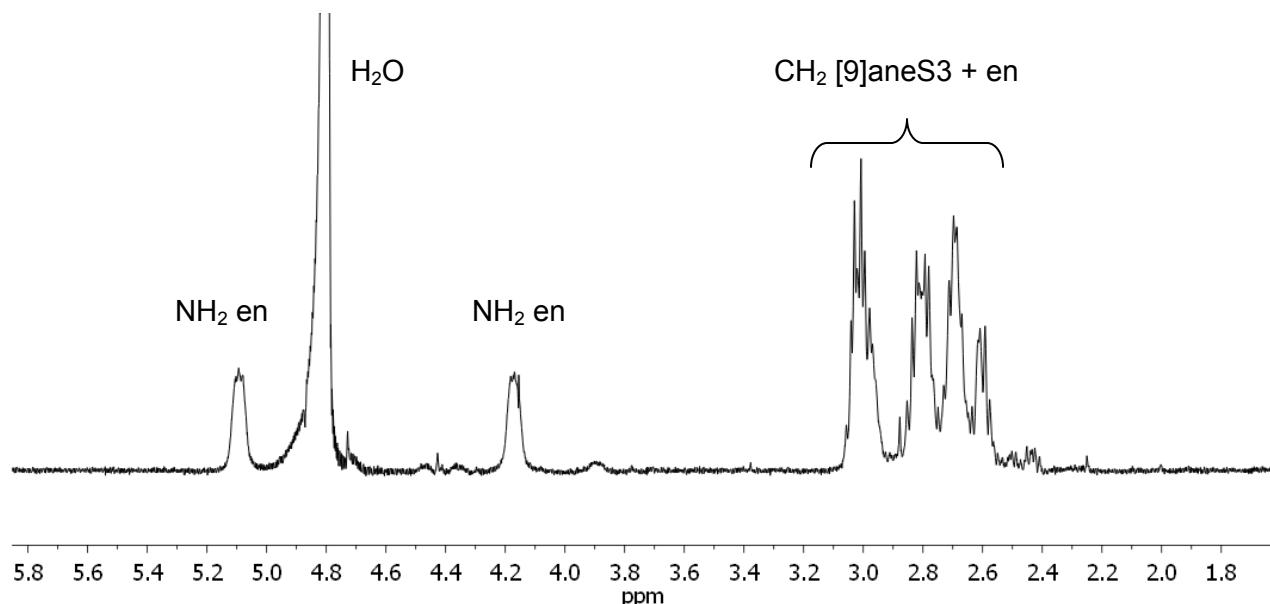


Figure 2S. ^1H NMR spectrum (upfield region) of $[4'\text{TPyP}\{\text{Ru}([9]\text{aneS3})(\text{en})\}_4][\text{CF}_3\text{SO}_3]_8$ (**3**) in D_2O .

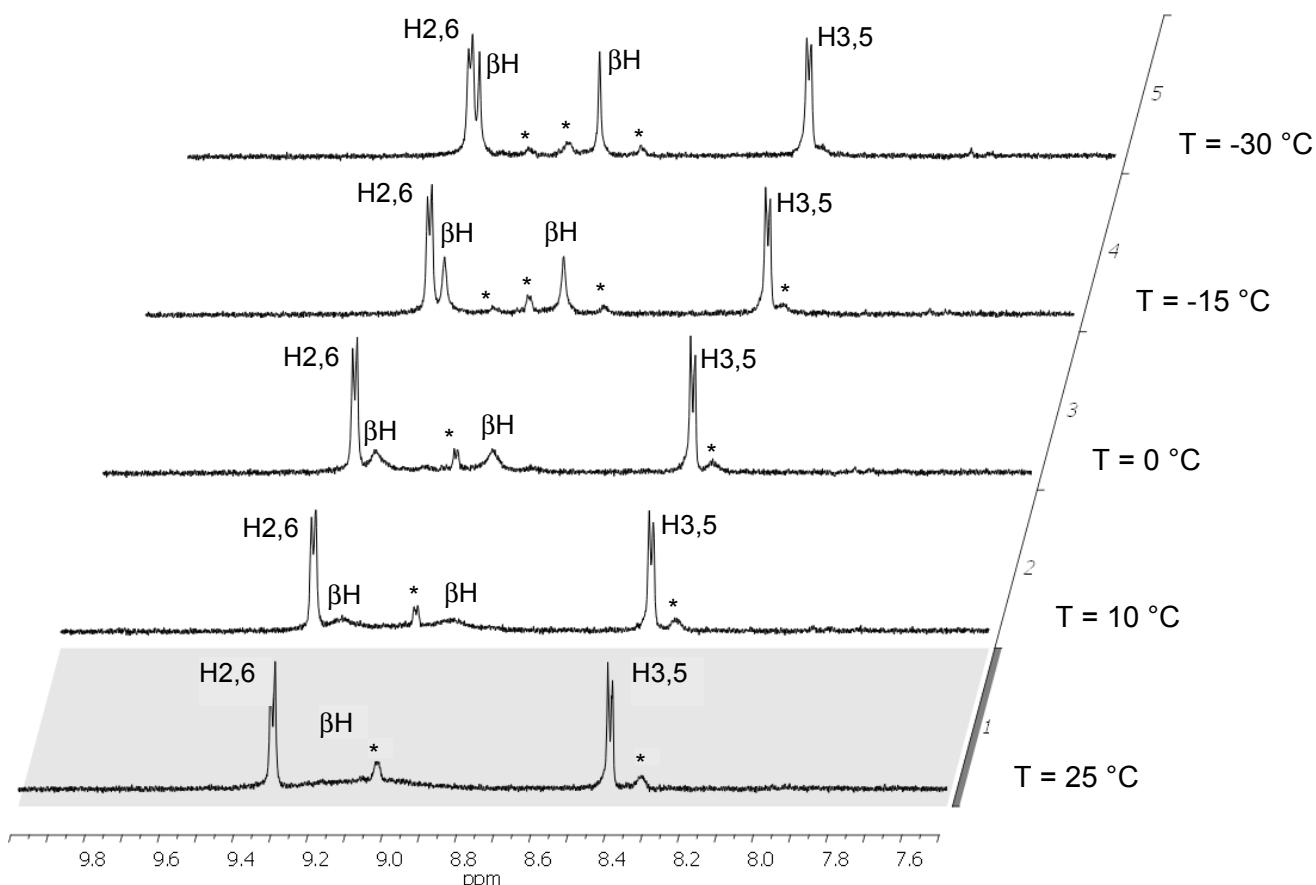


Figure 3S. Temperature dependence of the ^1H NMR spectrum (downfield region) of $[4'\text{TPyP}\{\text{Ru}([9]\text{aneS3})(\text{en})\}_4][\text{CF}_3\text{SO}_3]_8$ (**3**) in CD_3OD . The asterisk denotes an impurity.

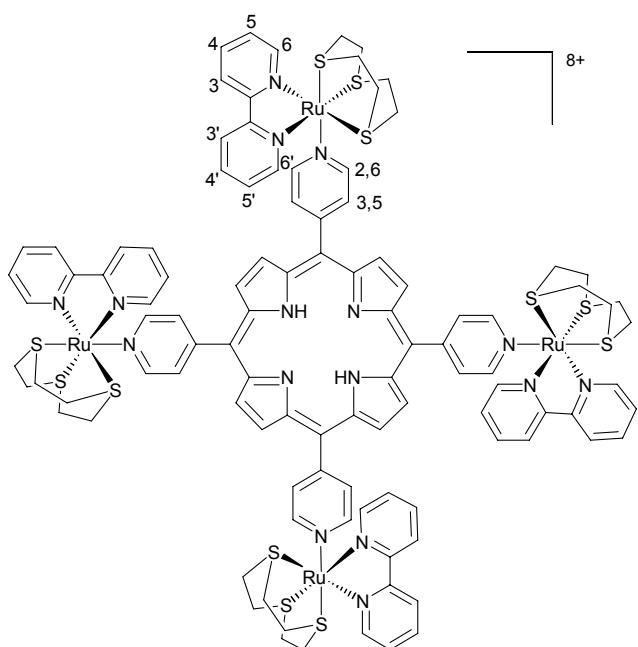


Figure 4S. Schematic drawing and labelling scheme of $[4'\text{TPyP}\{\text{Ru}(\text{[9]aneS3})(\text{bpy})\}_4]\text{[CF}_3\text{SO}_3\text{]}_8$ (**4**).

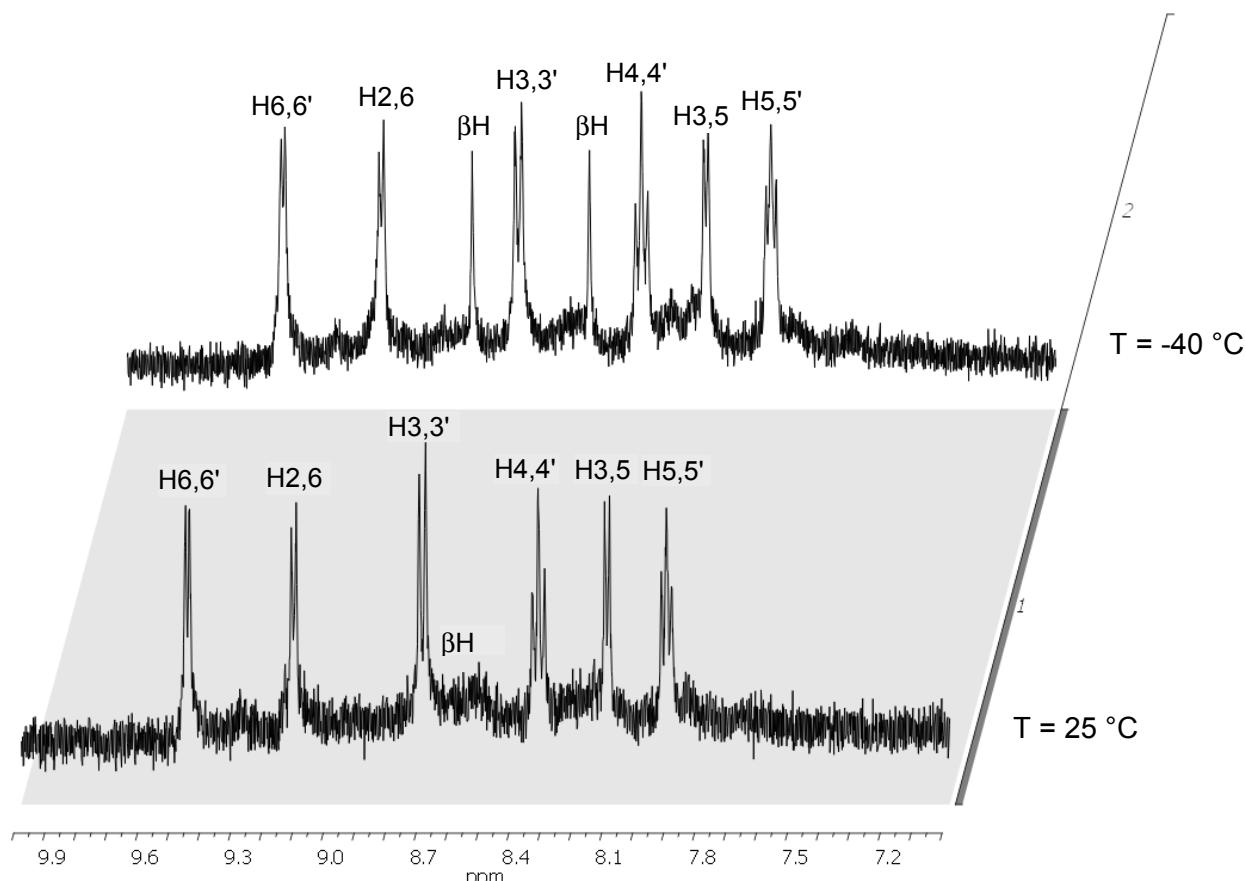


Figure 5S. Temperature dependence of the ^1H NMR spectrum (downfield region) of $[4'\text{TPyP}\{\text{Ru}(\text{[9]aneS3})(\text{bpy})\}_4]\text{[CF}_3\text{SO}_3\text{]}_8$ (**4**) in $\text{CD}_3\text{OD}/\text{CD}_3\text{NO}_2$ (99:1) solution.

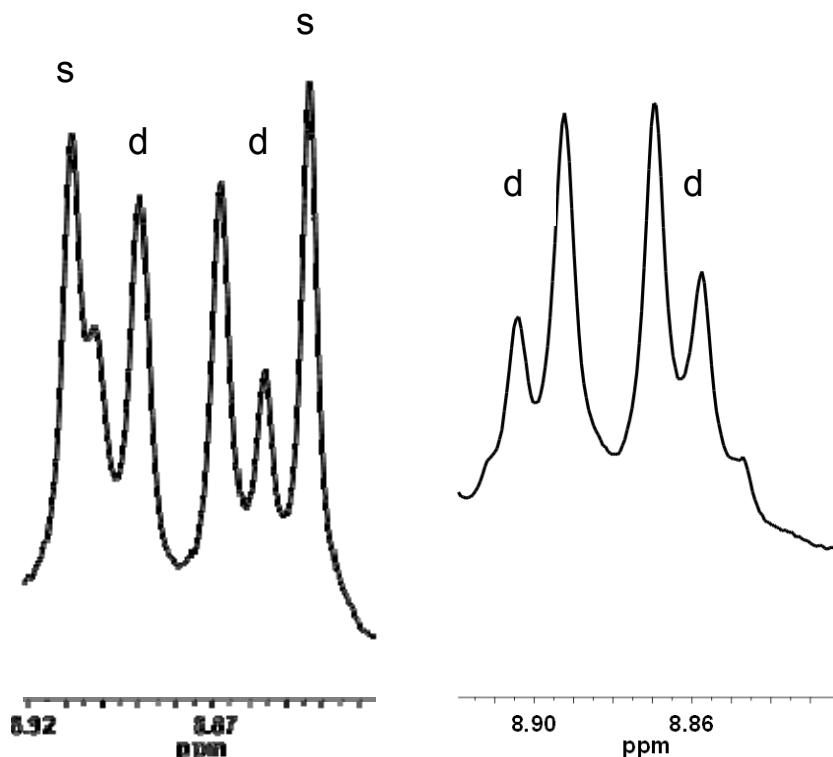
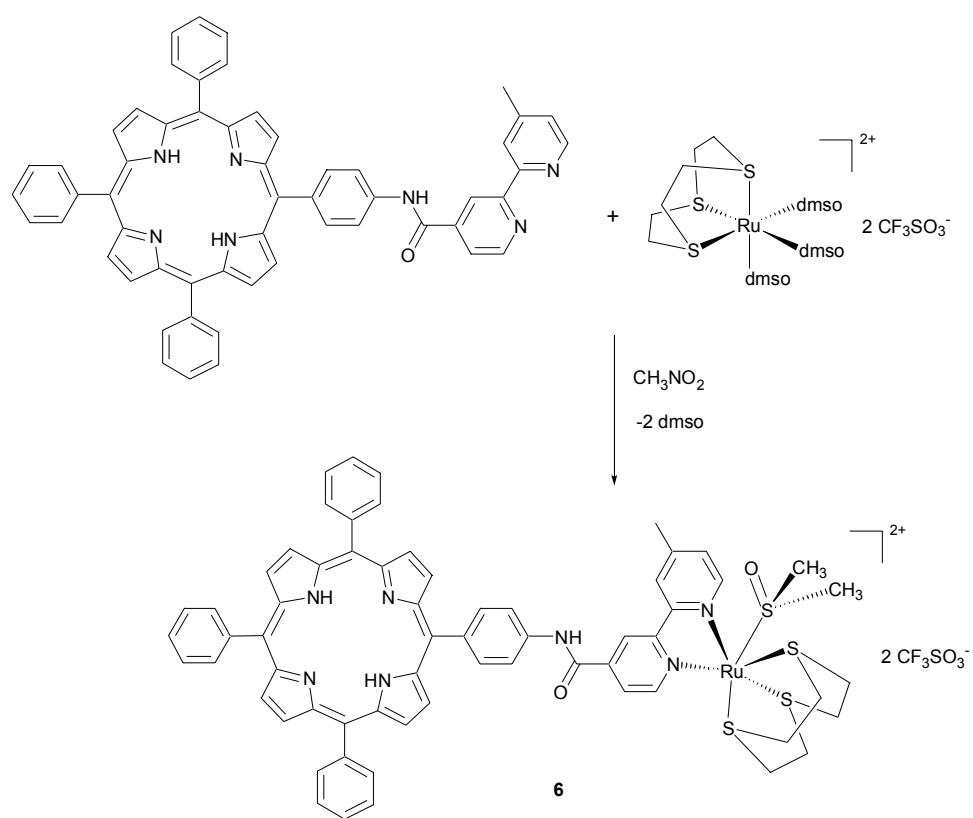


Figure 6S. Region of the β H resonances in the ^1H NMR spectra of Bpy₂-*cis*PP (left) and Bpy₂-*trans*PP (right) in CDCl₃.



Scheme 1S. Preparation of [Bpy-PP{Ru([9]aneS3)(dmsO-S)}][CF₃SO₃]₂ (**6**).

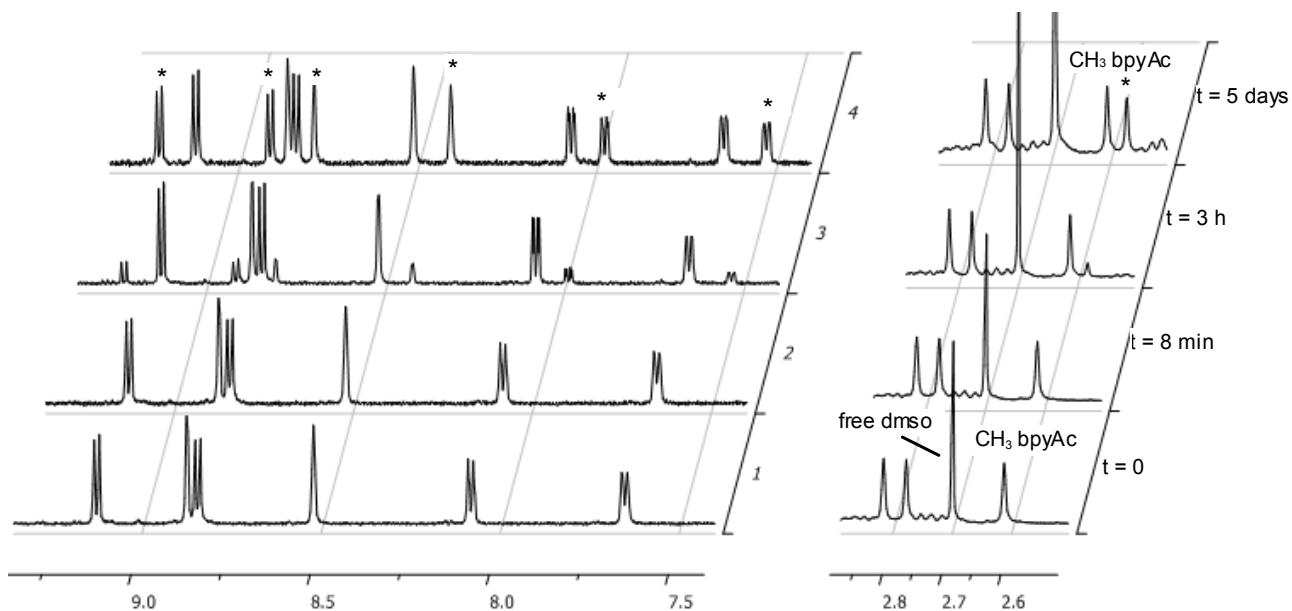


Figure 7S. Time-evolution of the ^1H NMR spectrum of $[\text{Ru}([\text{9}] \text{aneS3})(\text{bpyAc})(\text{dmso-S})][\text{CF}_3\text{SO}_3]_2$ (**10**) in D_2O . In this case the complex had one molecule of dmso of crystallization (see singlet for free dmso at $\delta = 2.70$ in the initial spectrum). Peaks marked with an asterisk pertain to the aquated species $[\text{Ru}([\text{9}] \text{aneS3})(\text{bpyAc})(\text{H}_2\text{O})]^{2+}$ that slowly grows with time.

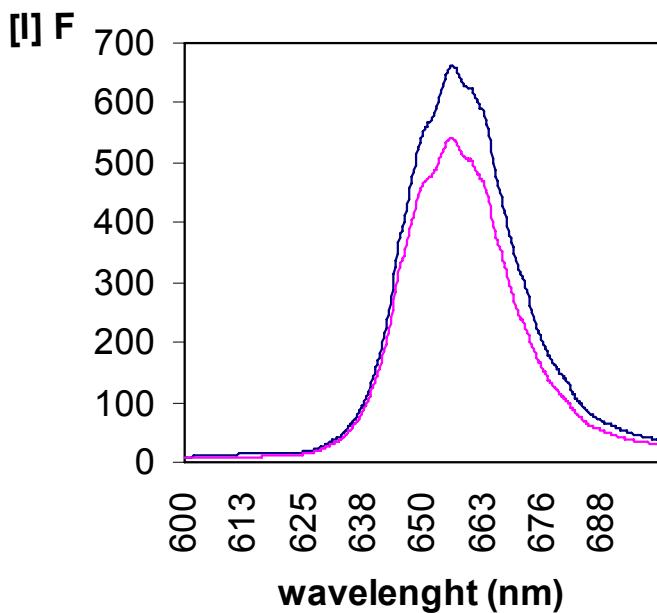


Figure 8S. Fluorescence spectra ($\lambda_{\text{exc}} = 425$ nm, $\lambda_{\text{em}} = 656$ nm) of optically matched dmso solutions of Bpy₄-PP (black) and $\{\text{Bpy}_4\text{-PP}\} \{\text{Ru}([\text{9}] \text{aneS3})(\text{dmso-S})\}_4 \text{CF}_3\text{SO}_3]_8$ (**9**) (purple).

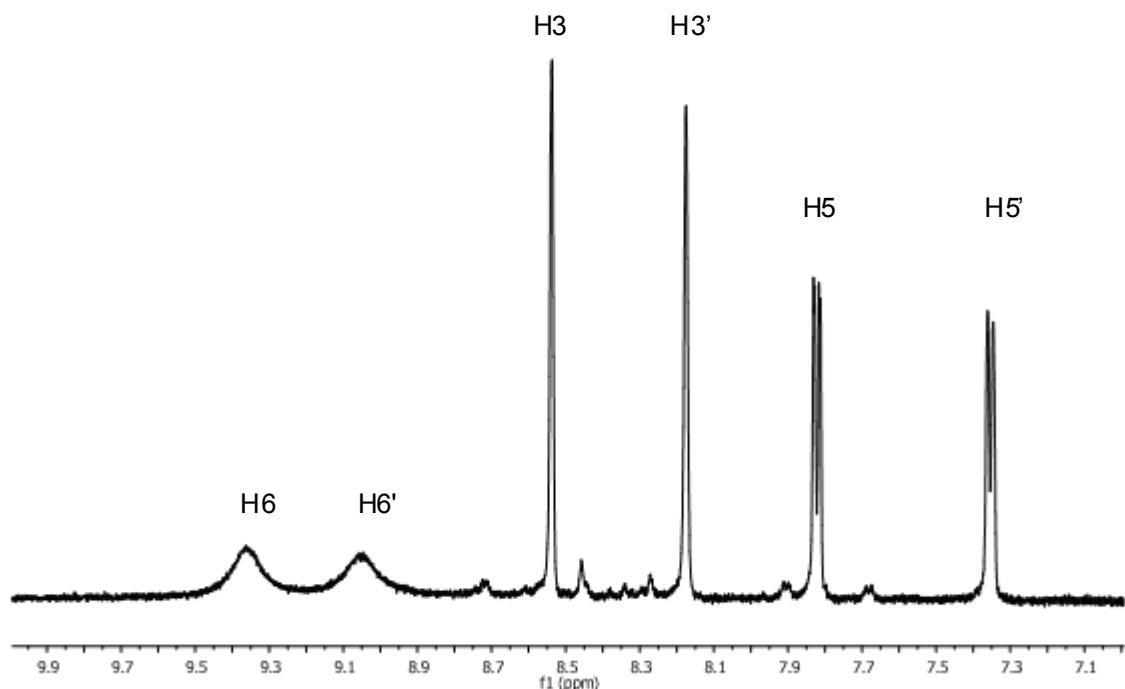


Figure 9S. Aromatic region of the ${}^1\text{H}$ NMR spectrum of $[\text{Ru}([\text{12}] \text{aneS4})(\text{bpyAc})][\text{CF}_3\text{SO}_3]_2$ (**12**) in D_2O .

Table 1S. Selected coordination bond lengths (\AA) and angles ($^\circ$) for compound **10**.

Ru–N(1)	2.112(3)	Ru–S(2)	2.341(1)
Ru–N(2)	2.112(3)	Ru–S(3)	2.361(1)
Ru–S(1)	2.334(1)	Ru–S(4)	2.331(1)
N(1)–Ru–N(2)	77.82(13)	N(2)–Ru–S(4)	93.14(9)
N(1)–Ru–S(1)	97.72(10)	S(1)–Ru–S(2)	86.77(4)
N(1)–Ru–S(2)	173.96(10)	S(1)–Ru–S(3)	88.14(5)
N(1)–Ru–S(3)	88.32(9)	S(1)–Ru–S(4)	89.55(4)
N(1)–Ru–S(4)	92.74(9)	S(2)–Ru–S(3)	87.79(4)
N(2)–Ru–S(1)	174.89(9)	S(2)–Ru–S(4)	91.32(4)
N(2)–Ru–S(2)	97.50(10)	S(3)–Ru–S(4)	177.57(4)
N(2)–Ru–S(3)	89.22(9)		