Factors controlling material deposition in the CVD of nickel sulfides, selenides or phosphides from dichalcogenoimidodiphosphinato complexes: deposition, spectroscopic and computational studies

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Fig. S1 TGA plot of precursors $[Ni\{^{i}Pr_{2}P(S)NP(Se)^{j}Pr_{2}\}_{2}]$ (1), $[Ni\{(SP^{i}Pr_{2})_{2}N\}_{2}]$ (2) and $[Ni\{(SeP^{i}Pr_{2})_{2}N\}_{2}]$ (3) heated at 10 °C/min under N₂.

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Fig. S2 XRD patterns of nickel selenide (Ni_{0.85}Se) films deposited on glass from (1) at flow rate of 240 sccm and deposition temperatures of (a) 425 °C and (b) 475 °C, "*" - Ni₂P peaks.



Fig. S3 XRD patterns of nickel sulfide (NiS_{1.03}) films deposited on glass from (**2**) at flow rate of 200 sccm and deposition temperatures of (a) 425 °C and (b) 475 °C, "[#]"- Ni₇S₆, and "*"- Ni₂P peaks.



Fig. S4 XPS spectrum of Ni2p region.

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Fig. S6 XRD patterns of nickel selenide (Ni_{0.85}Se) films deposited on glass by LPCVD from (3) at substrate temperature of 425 °C and T_{prec} (a) 300 °C and (b) 275 °C.



Fig. S7 (a) Precursor structure $[Ni\{^{i}Pr_{2}P(X1)NP(X2)^{i}Pr_{2}\}_{2}]$ [X1=S, X2= Se (1); X1=X2= S (2); X1=X2= Se (3)] and (b) model used in the calculations.

Table S1 . Reaction energies (kcal mol^{-1}) for the precursors (1), (2) and (3)
computed at the B3LYP/TZVP/6-31+G(d,p)//B3LYP/6-31+G(d,p) level.

	$\Delta_{\rm r} E$	$\Delta_{r} G$		
	(1)/(2)/(3)	(1)/(2)/(3)		
INTA→INTB	70.2/-/75.61	61.8/-/59.1/		
INTA→INTC	60.0/63.8/-	50.2/52.1/-		
INTB→INTE	83.0/275.3/-	75.7/267.2/-		
INTC→INTD	130.1/128.2/-	120.9/121.3/-		
INTE→INTF	-34.5/-/-	-39.5/-/-		
INTE→NiSe ₂ +2PNP	59.9	48.8		
INTF→NiSe ₂ +2PNP	94.4	88.2		
INTF→NiP ₂ +2SePN	118.7	103.7		
$NiSe_2 \rightarrow NiSe + Se$	89.1	81.2		
NiSe → Ni + Se	101.0	94.5		
$NiSe_2 \rightarrow NiSe^{2+} + Se^{2-}$	270.4	245.6		
NiSe → Ni ²⁺ + Se ^{2–}	369.9	361.9		
$NiS_2 \rightarrow NiS + S$	99.9	94.5		
NiS → Ni + S	111.7	104.6		
$NiS_2 \rightarrow NiS^{2+} + S^{2-}$	250.2	236.8		

Table S2. Selected experimental (Exp), computed (DFT) bond-angles (degrees)and ring opening intermediates of precursors (1), (2) and (3)

	Precursor	Level	X1Ni X1 ^a	X2NiX 2 ^a	X1Ni X2 ^b	X1PN	X2PN	PNP
	[Ni{ ⁱ Pr ₂ P(S)NP(Se) ⁱ Pr ₂ } ₂]	Exp ¹	105	113	109	114	120	136
1	$[Ni{(CH_3)_2P(S)NP(Se)(CH_3)_2}_2]$	DFT	109	111	109	117	117	125
INTA	[Ni(SSePNP) ₂]	DFT	101	101	113	109	110	155
INTB	[Ni(SCH ₃ SePNP) ₂]	DFT	87	107	107	-	111	159
INTC	[Ni(SeCH ₃ SPNP) ₂]	DFT	97	106	109	110	-	157
	$[Ni{'Pr_2P(S)NP(S)'Pr_2}_2]$	Exp ²	109	-	110	118	-	-
2								
	[Ni{(CH ₃) ₂ P(S)NP(S)(CH ₃) ₂ } ₂]	DFT	116	-	113	118	-	128
INTA	[Ni(SSPNP) ₂]	DFT	103	-	109	111	-	152
INTB	[Ni(SCH ₃ SPNP) ₂]	DFT	108	-	107	105	-	156
			107 ^c			110 ^c		
3	[Ni{ ⁱ Pr ₂ P(Se)NP(Se) ⁱ Pr ₂ } ₂]	Exp ³	-	-	110	-	-	138
	[Ni{(CH ₃) ₂ P(Se)NP(Se)(CH ₃) ₂] ₂]	DFT	-	107	114	-	117	127
INTA	[Ni(SeSePNP) ₂]	DFT	-	106	117	-	111	159
INTB	[Ni(SeCH ₃ SePNP) ₂]	DFT	108 109 ^c	-	106	106 110 ^c	-	158

'a' indicates the distance and angle between the atom in same ring; where X1, X2 = S or Se; 'b' indicates the angle between the atom in the different ring in the same complex, 'c' indicates the angle due to methylated X1 or X2.

References

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