## A ligand-chirality controlled supramolecular hydrogel

Jiang-Shan Shen,<sup>\*a</sup> Guo-Juan Mao,<sup>a</sup> Yu-Hua Zhou,<sup>b</sup> Yun-Bao Jiang,<sup>b</sup> Hong-Wu Zhang<sup>\*a</sup>

<sup>a</sup>Institute of Urban Environment, Chinese Academy of Sciences, Xiamen 361021, China.

<sup>b</sup>Department of Chemistry, College of Chemistry and Chemical Engineering, and the

MOE Key Laboratory of Analytical Sciences, Xiamen University, Xiamen 361005, China.

Fax: (+86)592-619-0773; Tel: (+86)592-619-0773; E-mail: jsshen@iue.ac.cn (J.-S.

S.); hwzhang@iue.ac.cn (H.-W. Z.)

## **Electronic Supplementary Information (ESI)**

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**Figure S1** FESEM images of xerogels from the original metallogels containing *D*-Phe-Cu(II) of 0.35 % (a), 0.55 % (b), 0.7 % (c), and 1.4 % (d) by weight. Scale bar for (a-d) is 10  $\mu$ m.



**Figure S2** ESI-MS of the *L*-Phe-Cu(II) complex in acetonitrile/H<sub>2</sub>O (1:1 by volume)



**Figure S3** IR spectra of *L*-Phe (black) and *L*-Phe-Cu(II) xerogels from the original metallogel containing *L*-Phe-Cu(II) of 0.7 % by weight (red) in KBr pellets



**Figure S4** Gas-phase molecular mechanics simulative IR spectra of Phe-Cu(II) at B3LYP/6-31G9\* level<sup>1</sup>

DFT calculation was performed based on Gaussian 03, referred to the following,

1. M. J. Frisch, G. W. Trucks, H. B. Schlegel, G. E. Scuseria, M. A. Robb, J. R. Cheeseman, J. A. Montgomery, Jr., T. Vreven, K. N. Kudin, J. C. Burant, J. M.

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Scheme S1 Self-assembled superstructure model of the supramolecular metallogel of Phe-Cu(II)

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**Figure S5** X-ray diffraction patterns of *D*-Phe-Cu(II) 0.7 %, *L*-Phe-Cu(II) 0.7 %, *D*-Phe-Cu(II) 0.15 %, and *L*-Phe-Cu(II) 0.15 % by weight.



Scheme S2 Molecular structures of the tested amino acid ligands

[NaCl] / mM	Gelation, Y/N <sup>a</sup>
10	Y
50	Y
100	Y
300	Y
500	Y

Table S1 Ionic strength effect on the formation of Phe-Cu(II) metallogel

<sup>*a*</sup>. The employed solution contained 0.7 % *L*-Phe-Cu(II) (wt). "Y/N" represents "Yes or No".

**Table S2** Supramolecular hydrogels formation was examined by other metal ions than Cu(II)

$M^{n+}$	Gelation, Y/N <sup>a</sup>
Fe <sup>2+</sup>	Ν
$\mathrm{Co}^{2+}$	Ν
Fe <sup>3+</sup>	Ν
$Zn^{2+}$	Ν
$\mathrm{Cd}^{2+}$	Ν
Pb <sup>2+</sup>	Ν
$\operatorname{Ag}^{+}$	Ν

<sup>*a*</sup> The employed solution contained 0.7 % *L*-Phe-M<sup>n+</sup> (wt). "Y/N" represents "Yes or No".