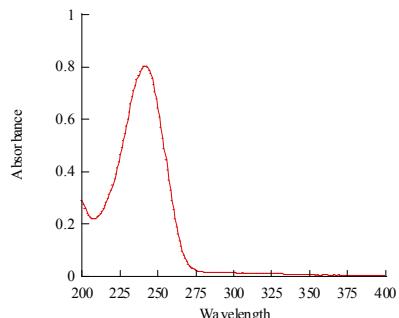
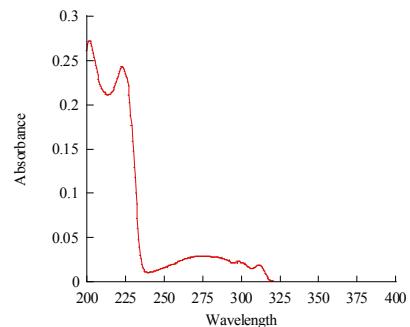


Supplementary information

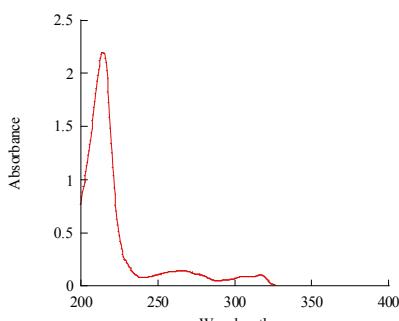
1. UV/Vis of the complexes:



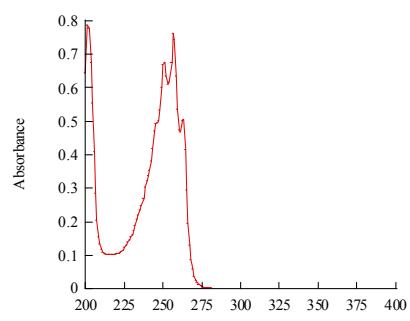
Ethisterone



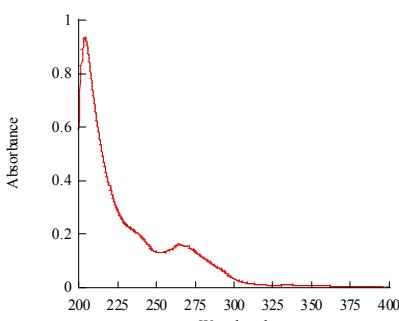
Quinoline



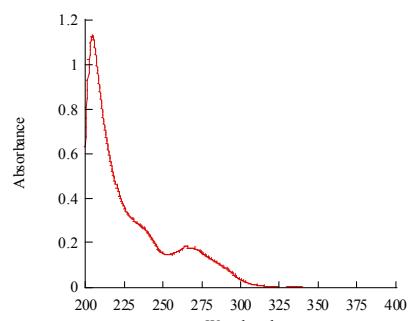
Isoquinoline



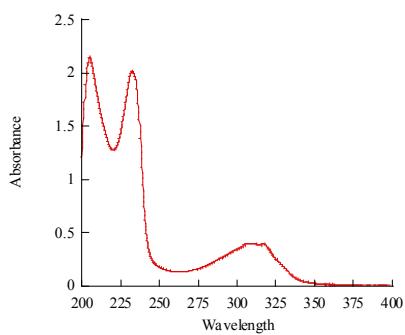
Pyridine



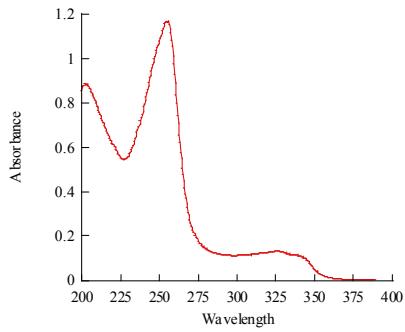
Py.Pt-trans



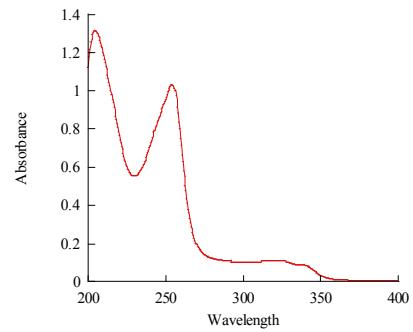
py.Pt-cis



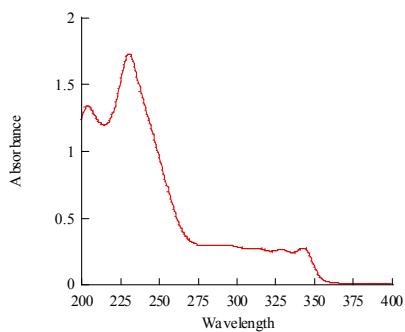
Quin.Pt-trans



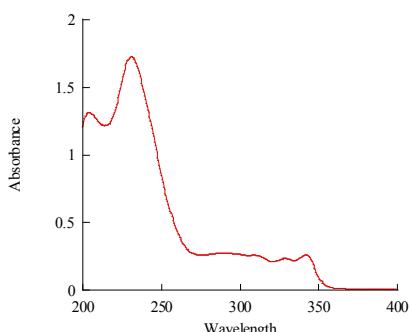
5.Pt-trans



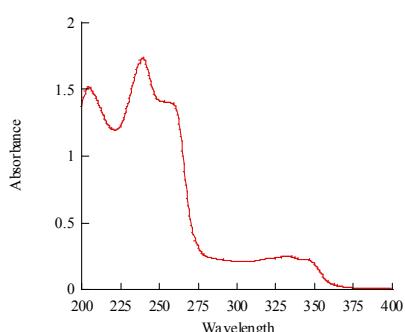
5.Pt-cis



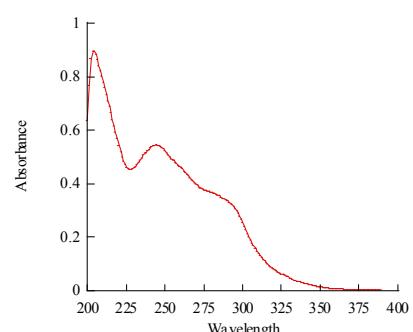
4.Pt-trans



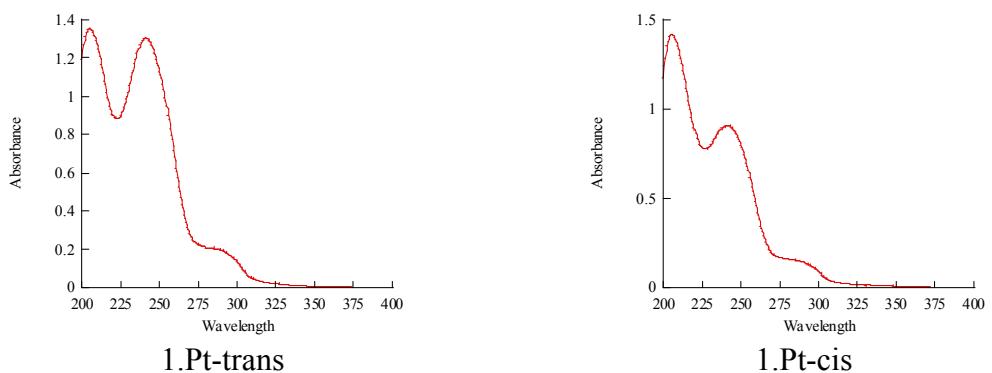
4.Pt-cis



3.Pt-trans



2.Pt-trans



2. Additional spectroscopy of Ligands:

2.1. ET-3-Py (1)

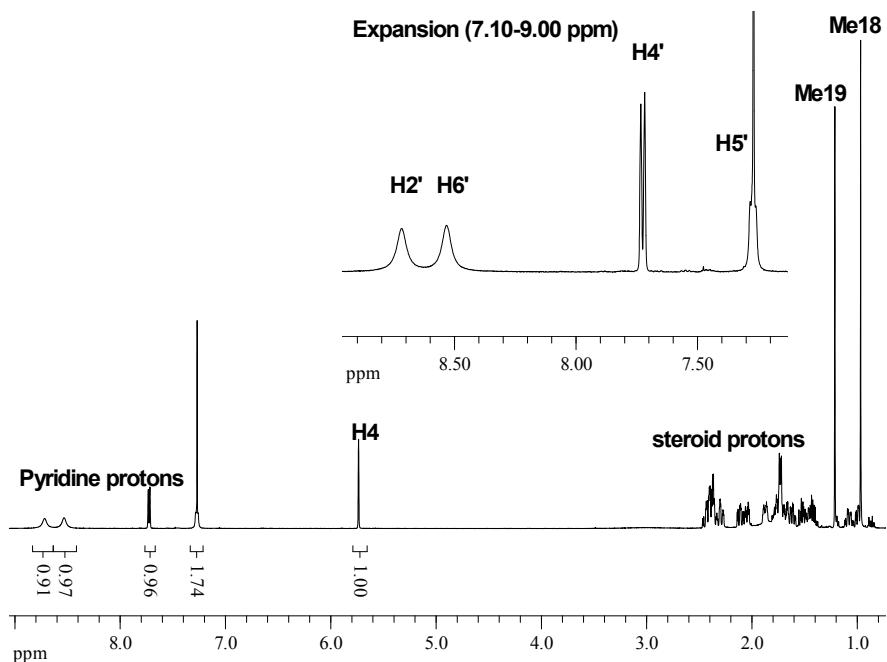
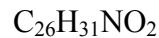
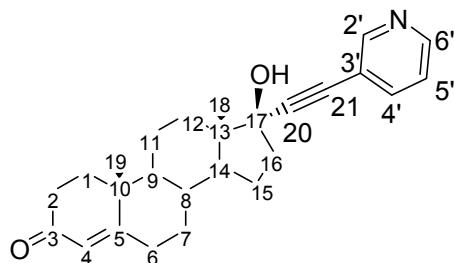


Figure 2.1.1 The ^1H NMR spectrum of 1 in CDCl_3 .

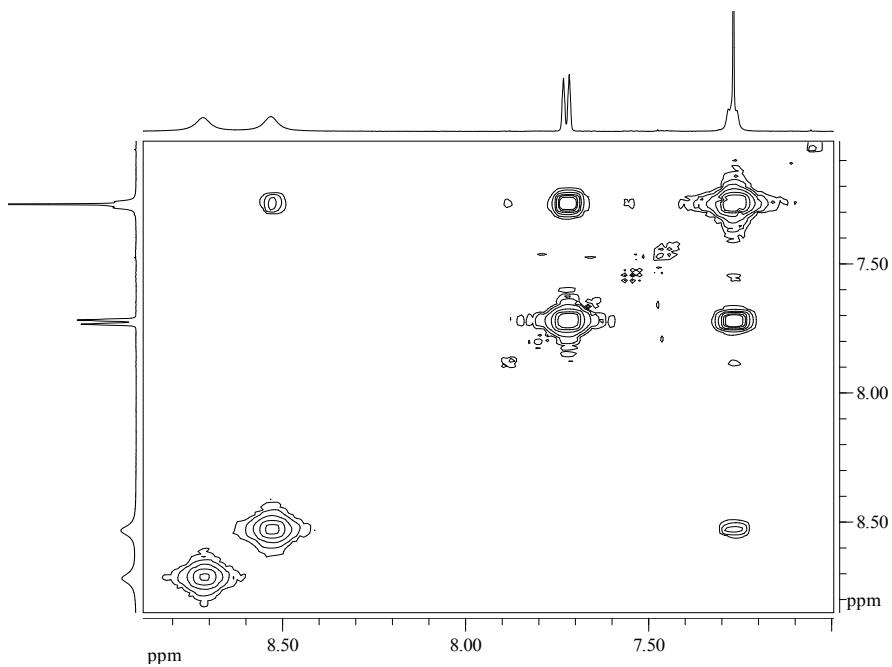
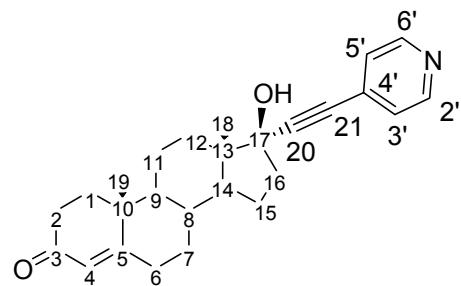


Figure 2.1.2 The COSY spectrum of 1 in CDCl_3 .

2.2. ET-4-Py (2)



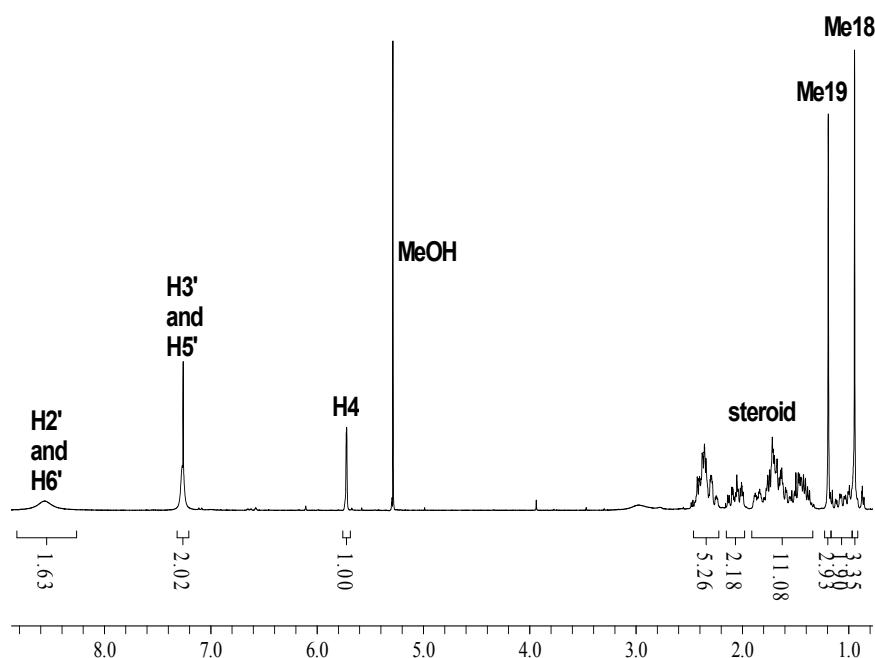
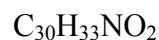
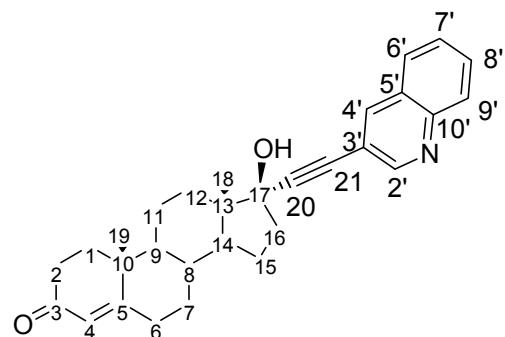


Figure 2.2.1 The ^1H NMR of 2 in CD_3OD .

2.3. ET-3-Q (3)



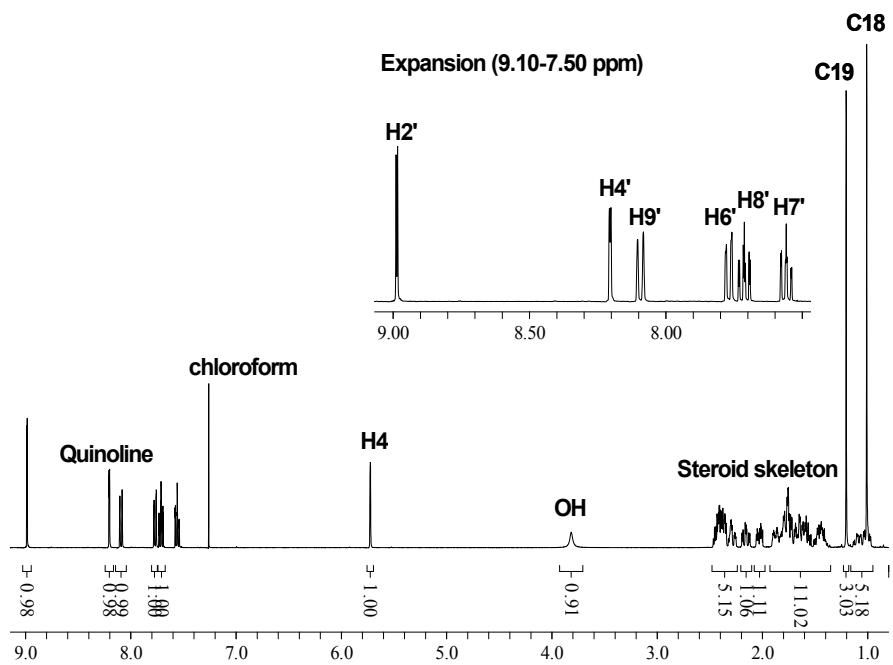


Figure 2.3.1 The ^1H NMR spectrum of 3 in CDCl_3 .

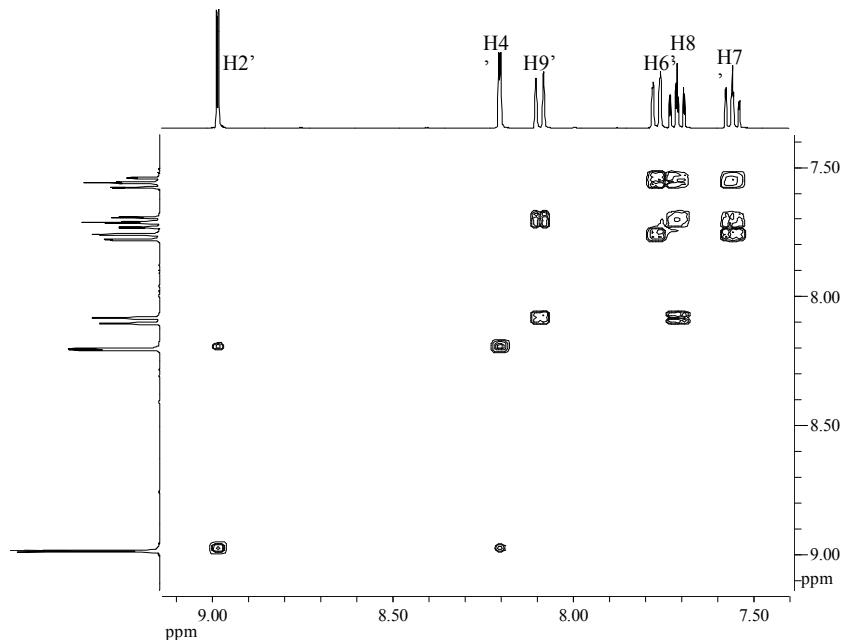


Figure 2.3.2 The COSY spectrum of 3 in CDCl_3

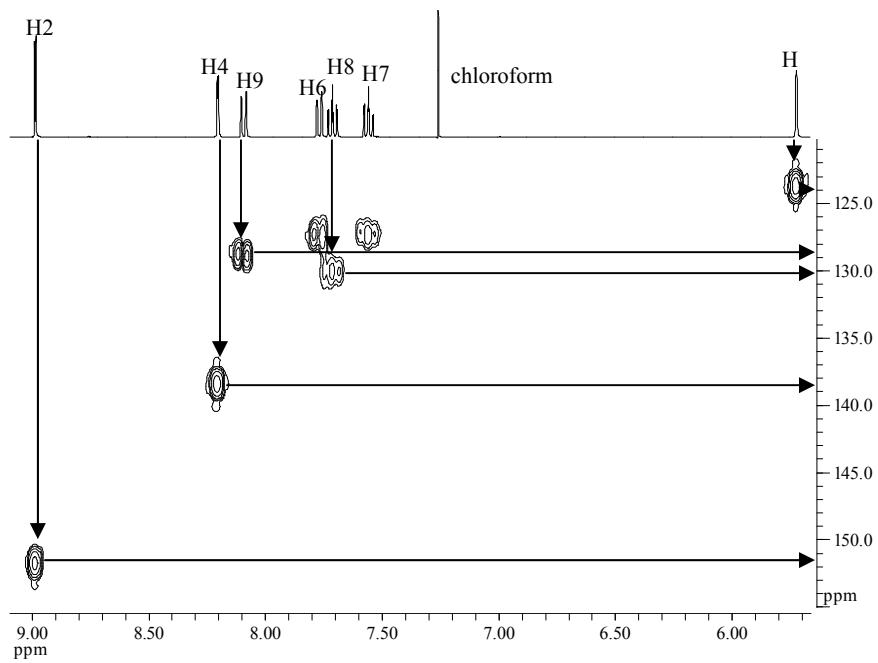


Figure 2.3.3 The low field region in the ^1H - ^{13}C HMQC spectrum of 3 in CDCl_3

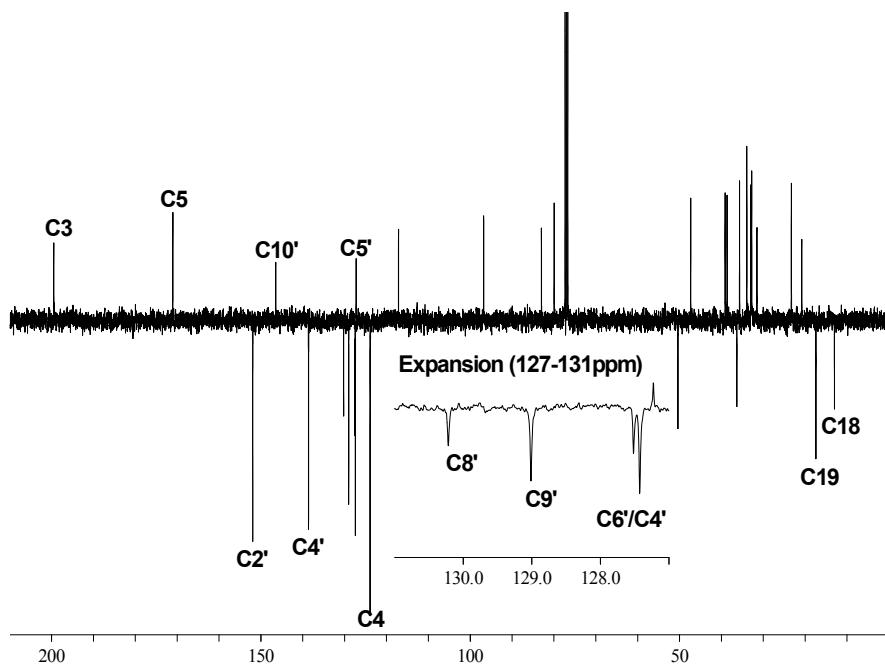


Figure 2.3.4 The ^{13}C DEPT NMR spectrum of 3 in CDCl_3 .

2.4. ET-4-IQ (4)

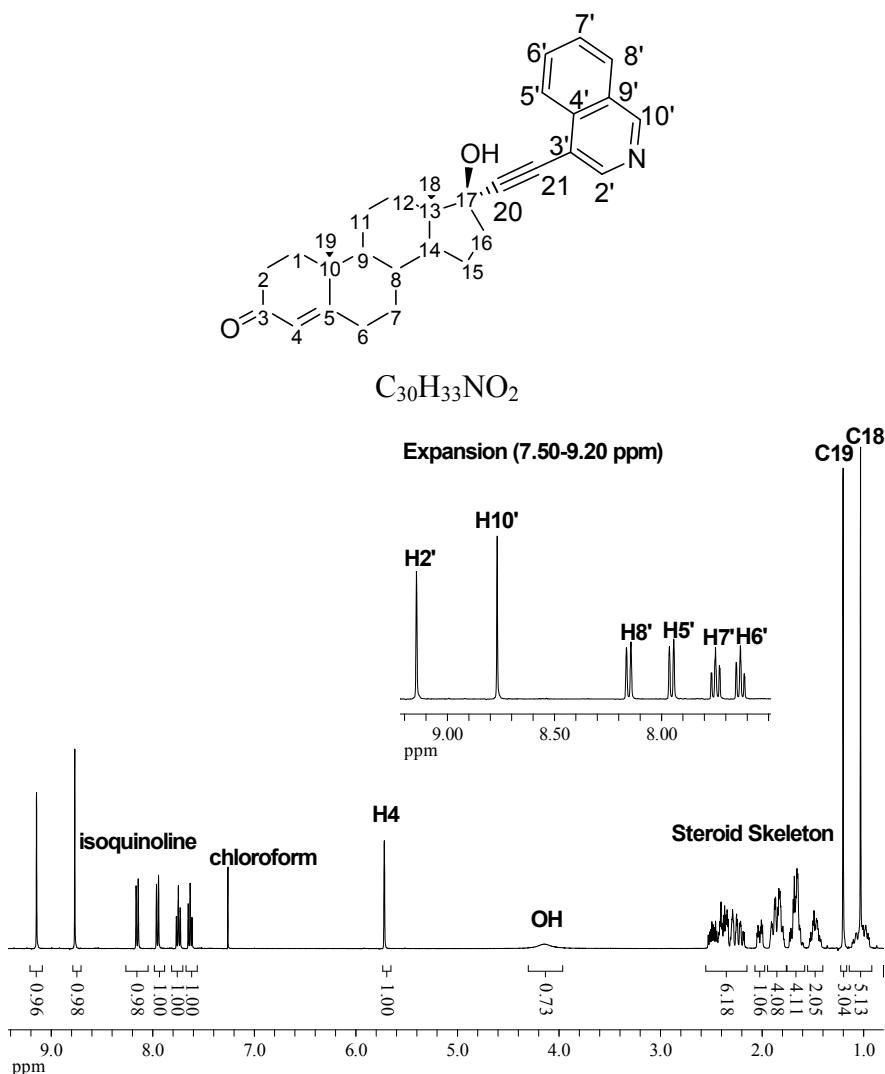


Figure 2.4.1 The ^1H NMR spectrum of 4 in CDCl_3 .

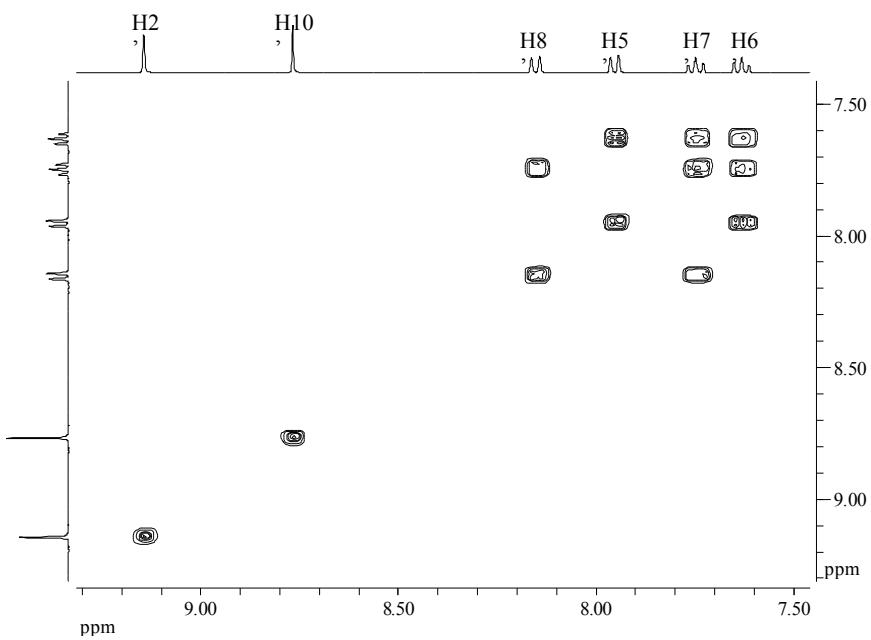


Figure 2.4.2 The aromatic region in the COSY spectrum for 4 in CDCl_3

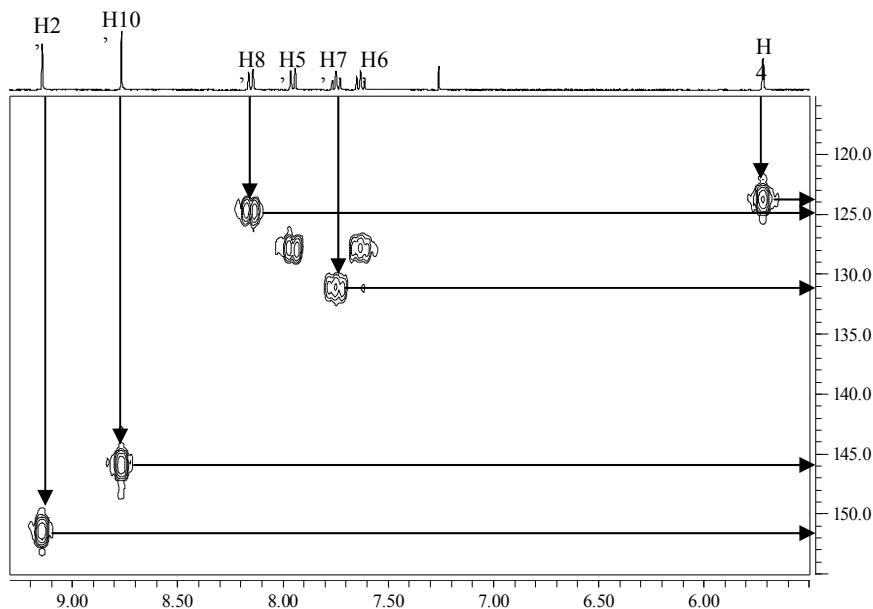


Figure 2.4.3 The low field ^1H - ^{13}C HMQC spectrum of 4 in CDCl_3

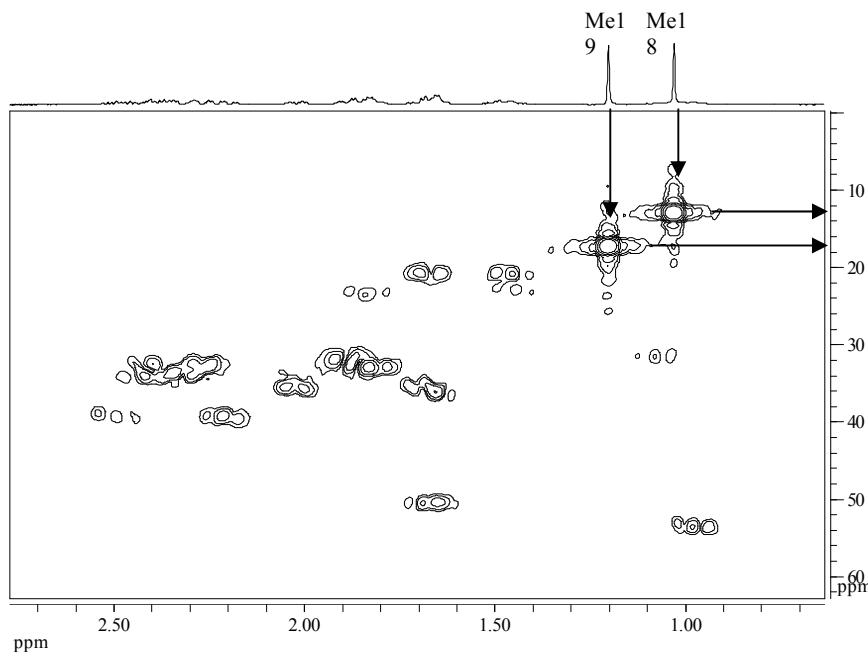


Figure 2.4.4 The aliphatic region in the ^1H - ^{13}C HMQC spectrum of 4 in CDCl_3

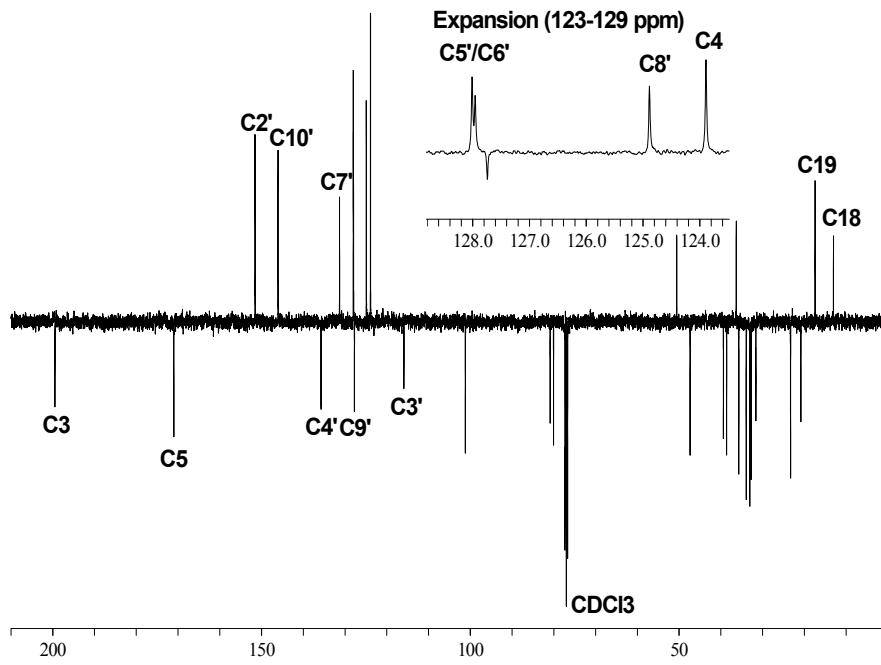


Figure 2.4.5 The ^{13}C NMR spectrum of 4 in CDCl_3 .

2.5. ET-6-Q (5)

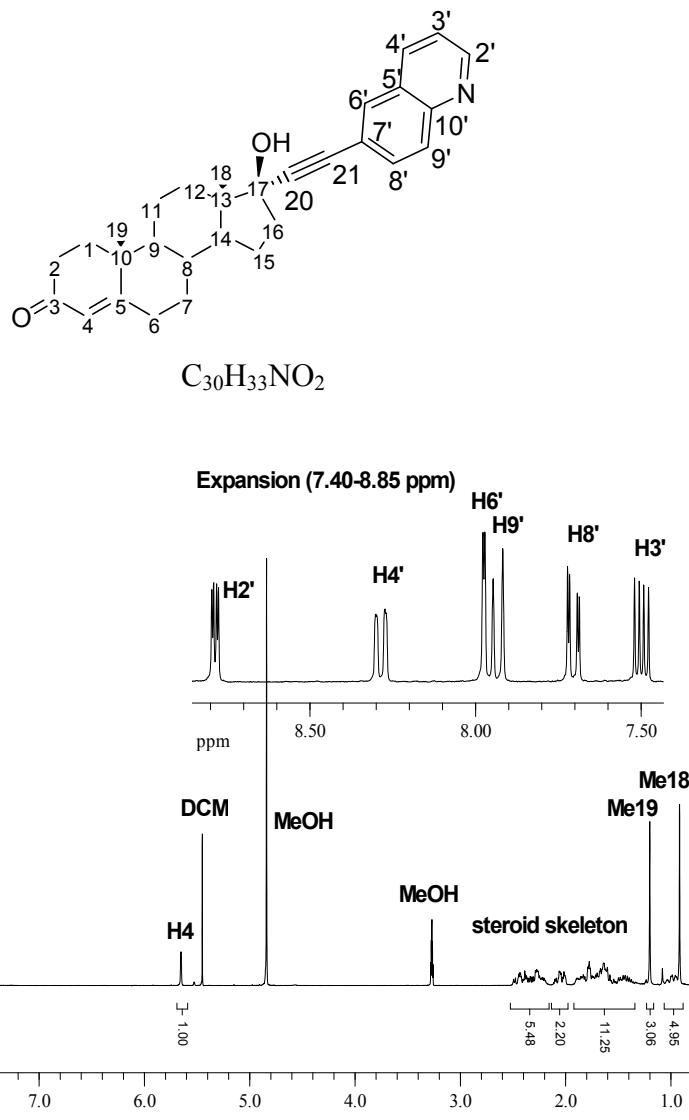


Figure 2.5.1 The ¹H NMR spectrum of 5 in CD₃OD

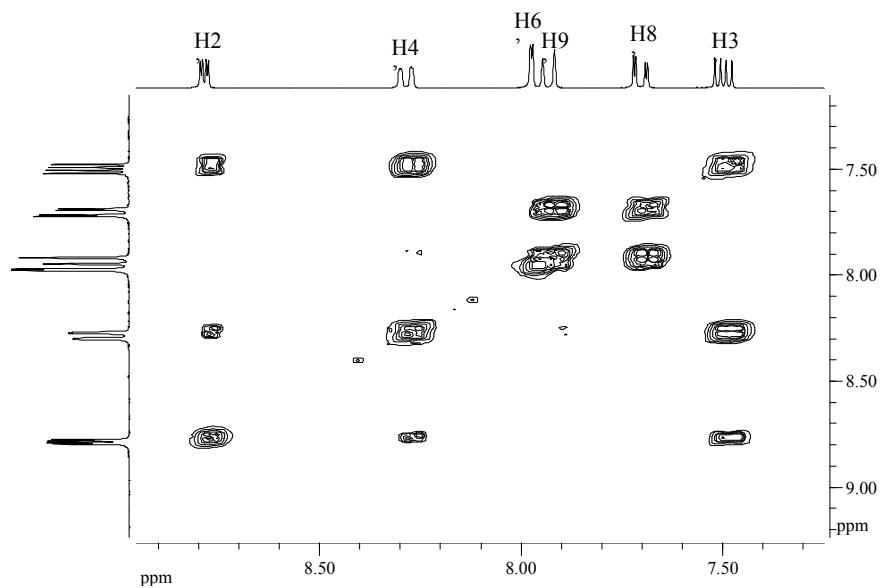
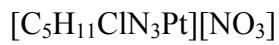
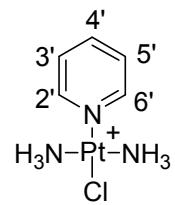


Figure 2.5.2 The aromatic region in the COSY spectrum of 5.

3. Additional spectroscopy of trans complexes:

3.1. Py.Pt-trans



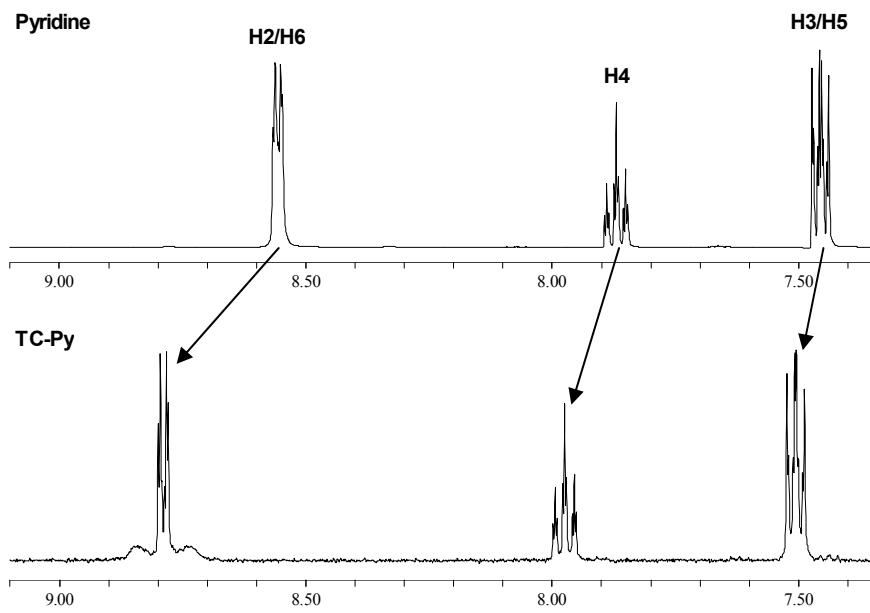


Figure 3.1.1 Comparison of the chemical shifts of free pyridine and Py.Pt-trans

3.2. Qui.Pt-trans

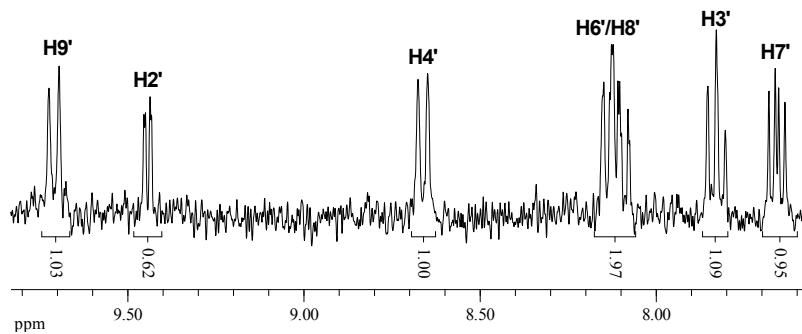
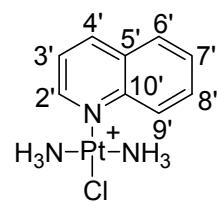


Figure 3.2.1 The ^1H NMR spectrum of qui.Pt-trans in CD_3OD .

3.3. 1.Pt-trans

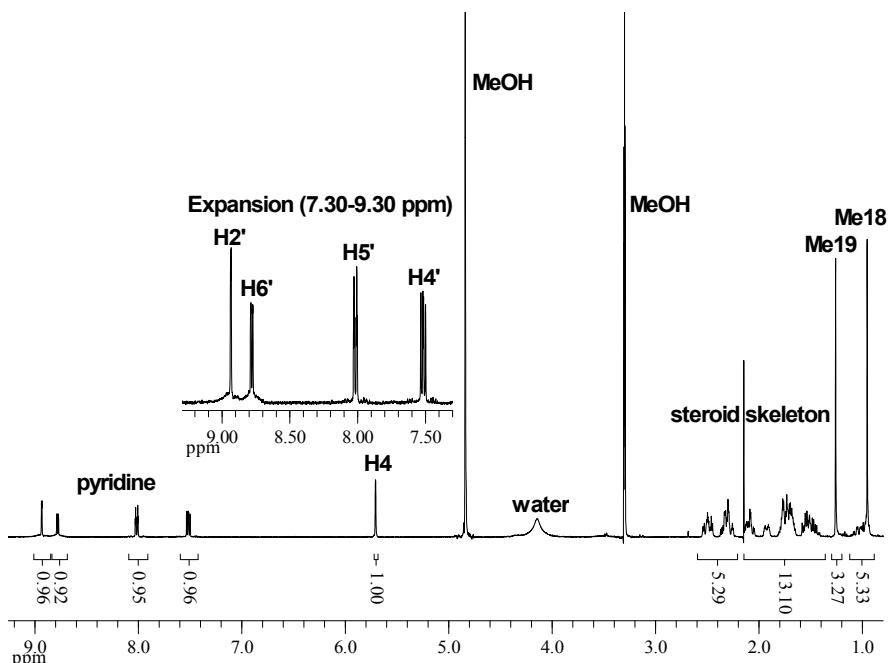
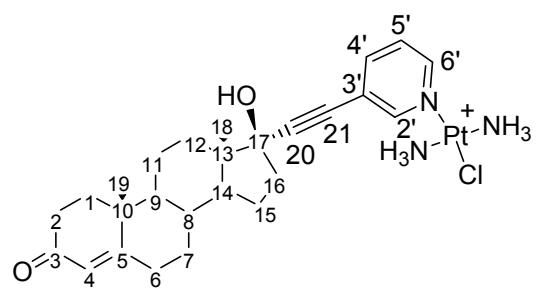


Figure 3.3.1 The ¹H NMR spectrum of 1.Pt-trans in CD₃OD.

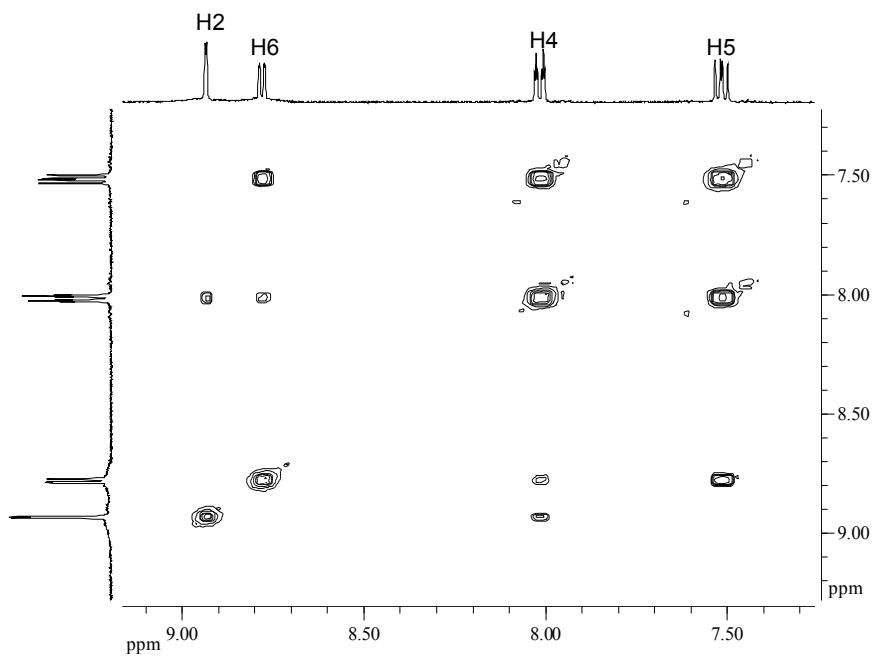


Figure 3.3.2 The COSY spectrum for 1.Pt-trans in CD_3OD

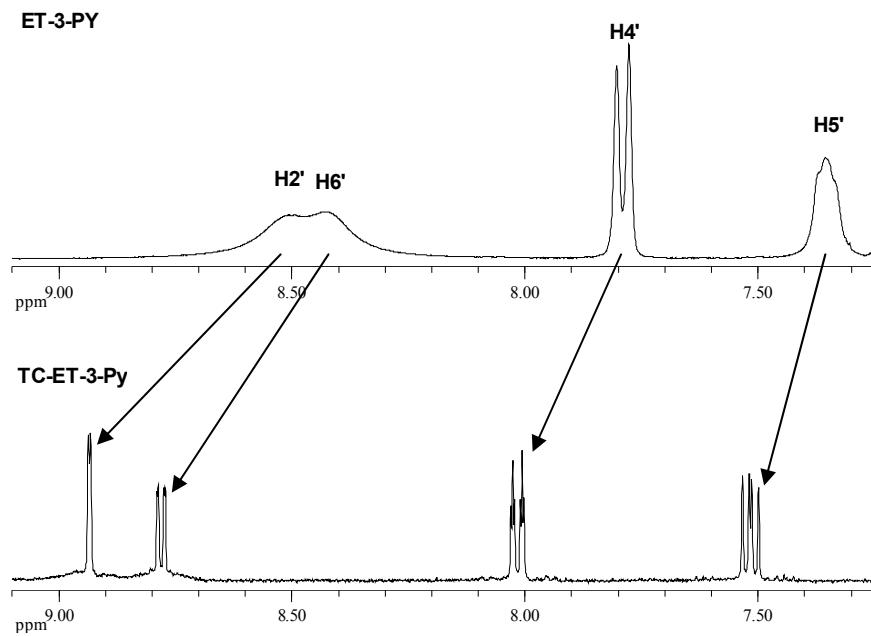
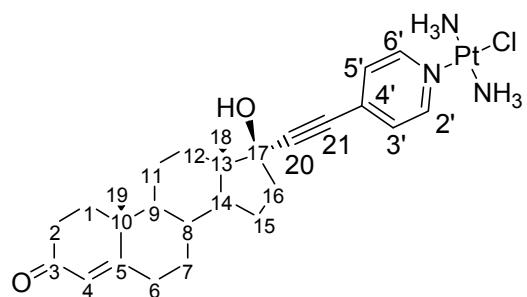


Figure 3.3.3 The aromatic region in ^1H NMR spectra of 1 (top) and 1.Pt-trans(bottom) in CD_3OD

3.4. 2.Pt-trans



[C₂₆H₃₇ClN₃O₂Pt][NO₃]

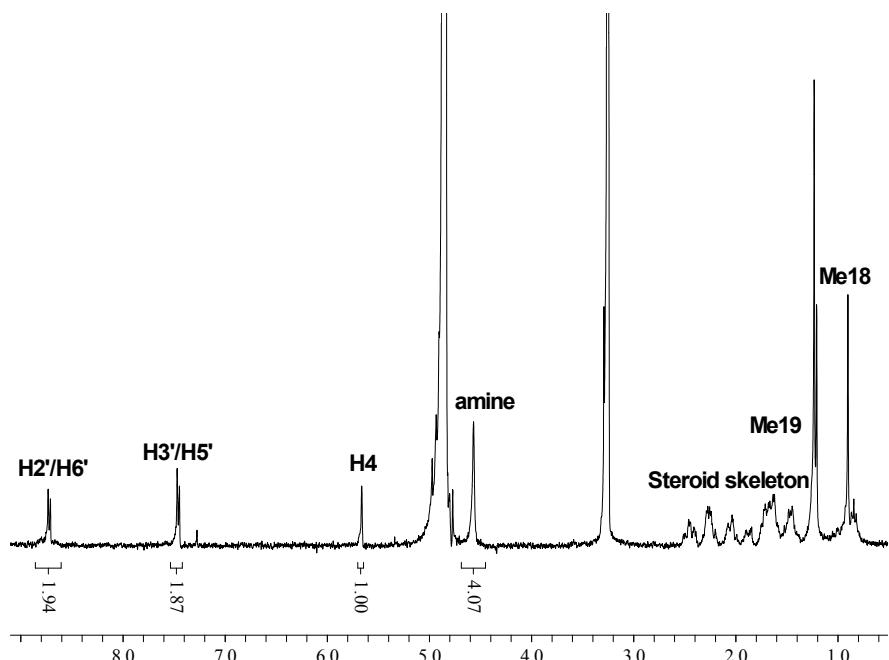


Figure 3.4.1 The ¹H NMR spectrum of 2.Pt-trans in CD₃OD.

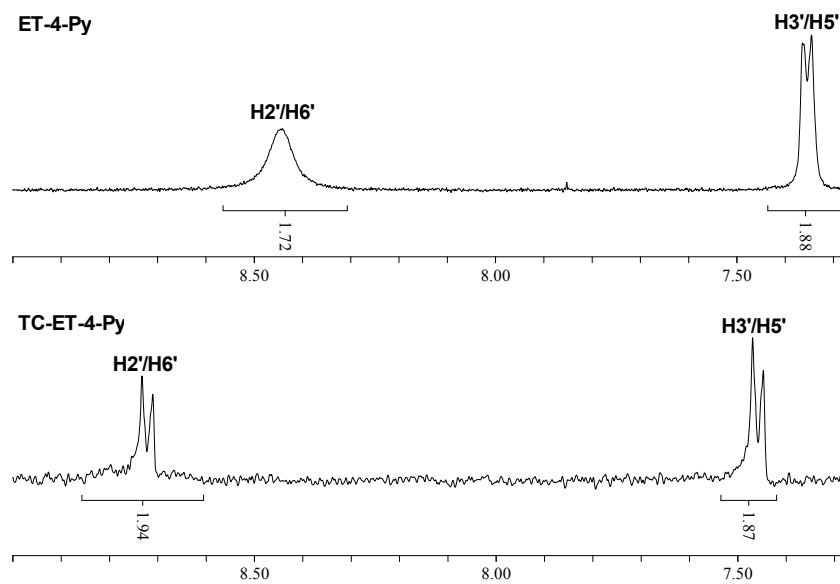
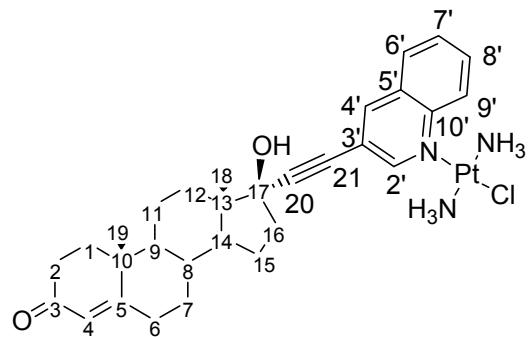


Figure 3.4.2 The aromatic region of the ^1H NMR spectrum of 2 and 2.Pt-trans in CD_3OD

3.5. 3.Pt-trans



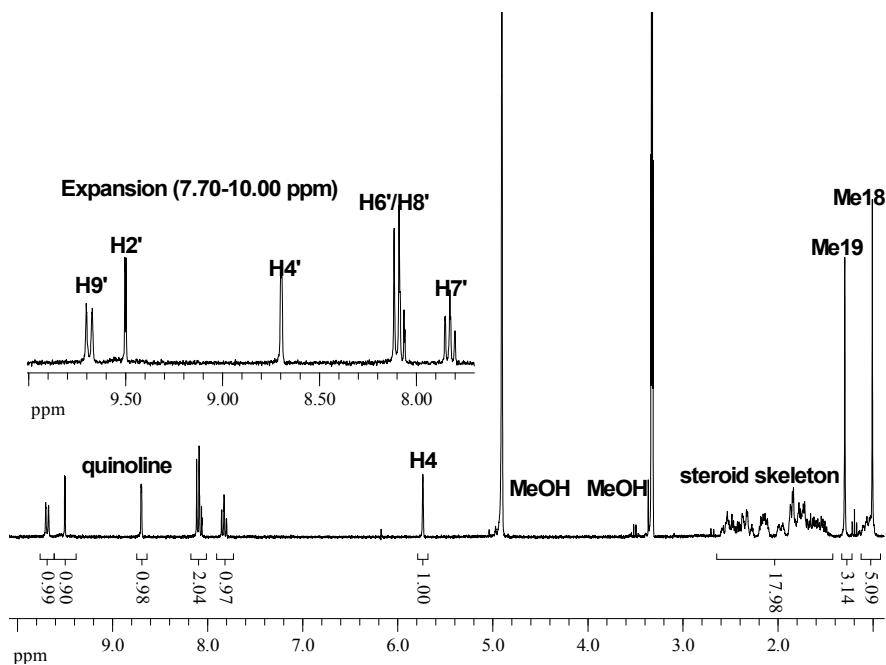


Figure 3.5.1 The ^1H NMR spectrum of 3.Pt-trans in CD_3OD .

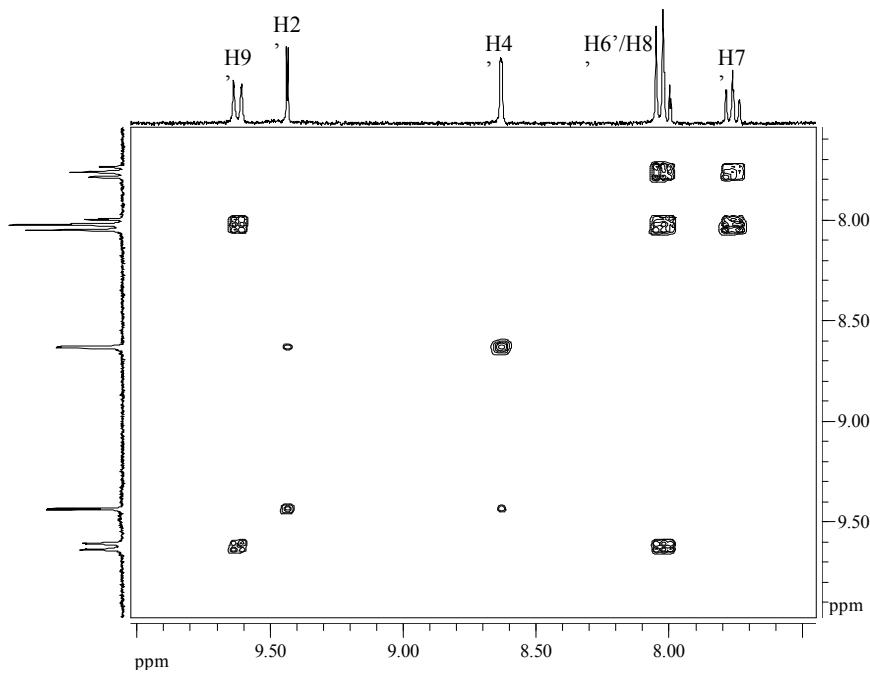


Figure 3.5.2 The ^1H NMR COSY spectrum of 3.Pt-trans

ET-3-Q

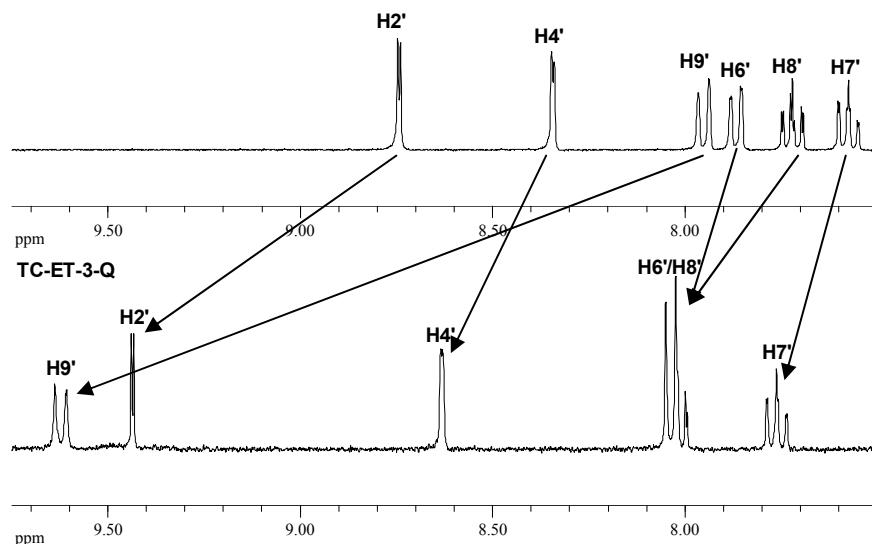
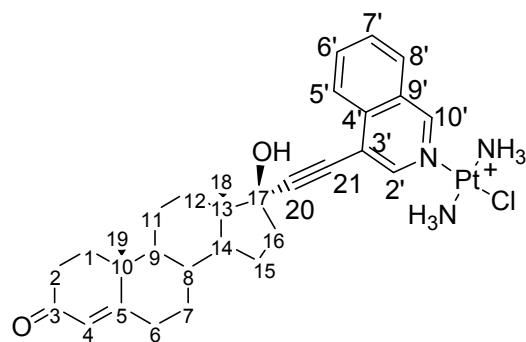


Figure 3.5.3 The ¹H NMR spectrum of 3 (top) and 3.Pt-trans (bottom) in CD₃OD

3.6. 4.Pt-trans



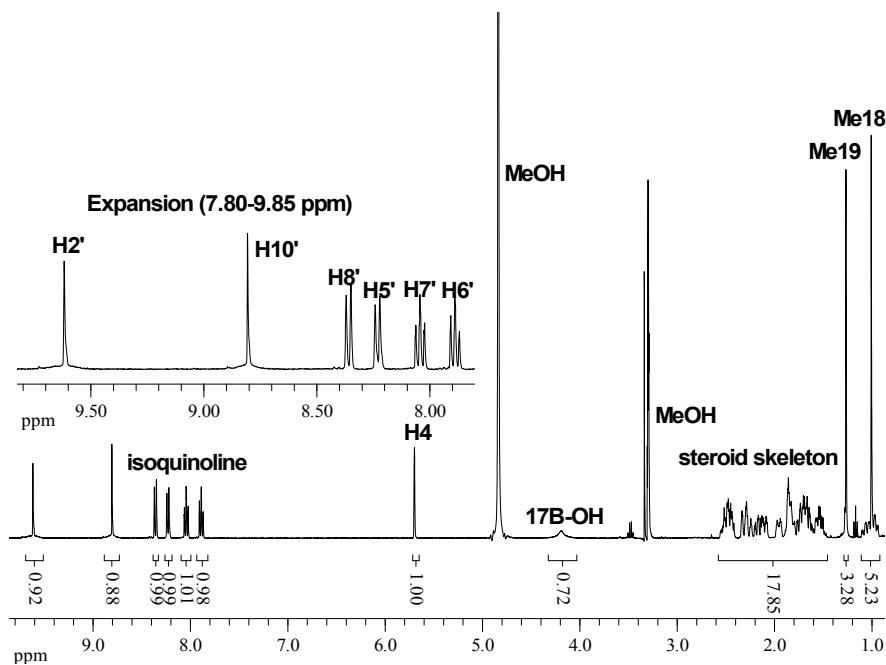


Figure 3.6.1 The ^1H NMR spectrum of 4.Pt-trans in CD_3OD .

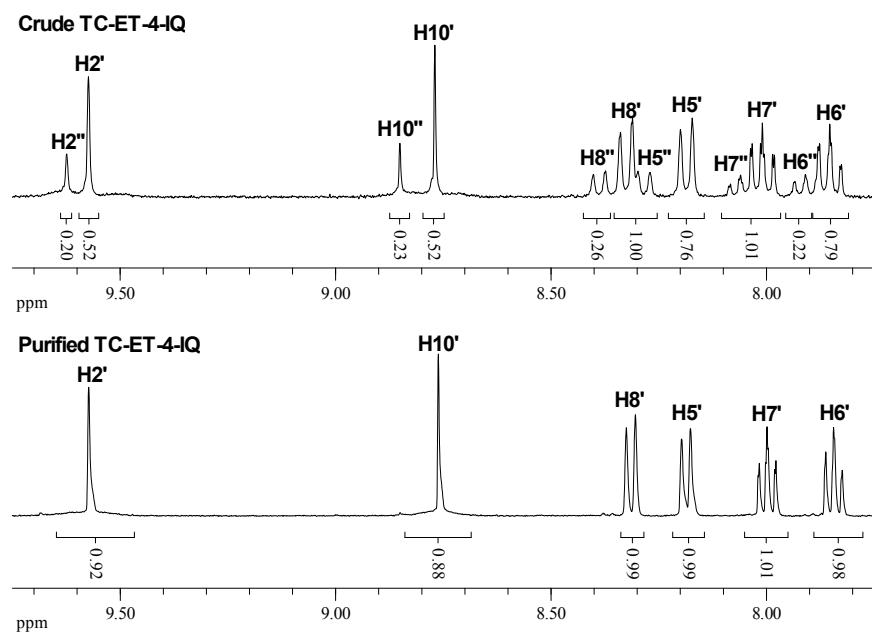


Figure 3.6.2 Comparison of the aromatic region of the ^1H NMR spectrum of crude (upper) and pure (lower) 4.Pt-trans.

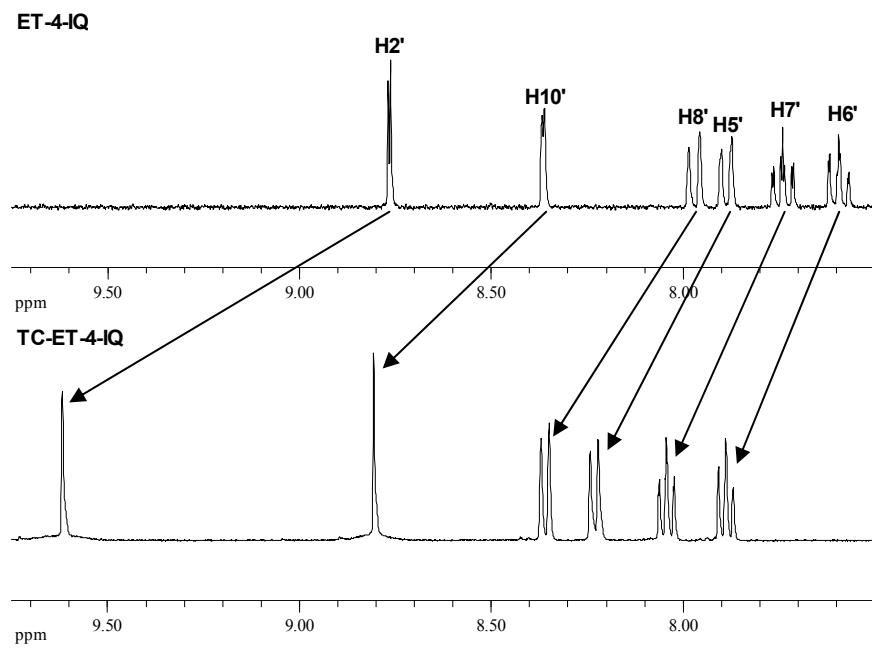
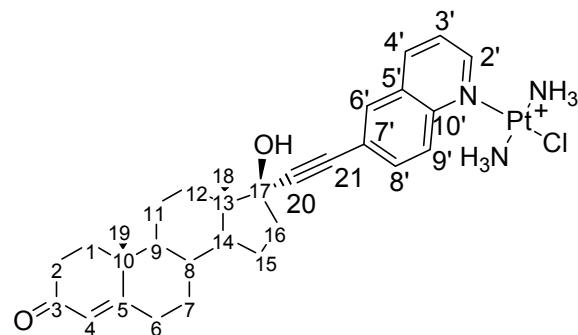


Figure 3.6.3 The aromatic region of the ^1H NMR spectrum of 4 (top) and 4.Pt-cis (bottom) in CD_3OD

3.7. 5.Pt-trans



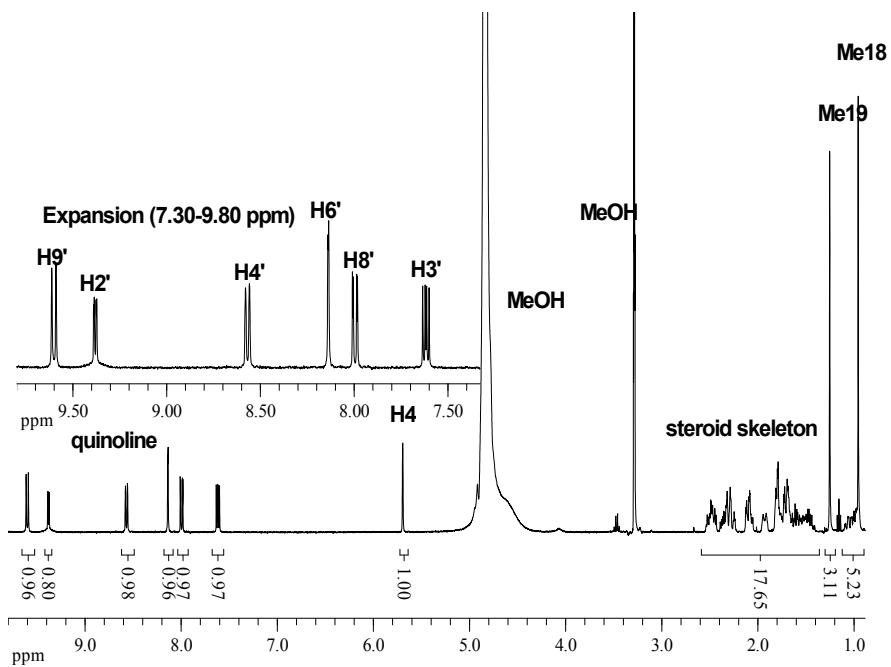


Figure 3.7.1 The ^1H NMR spectrum of 5.Pt-trans in CD_3OD .

ET-6-Q

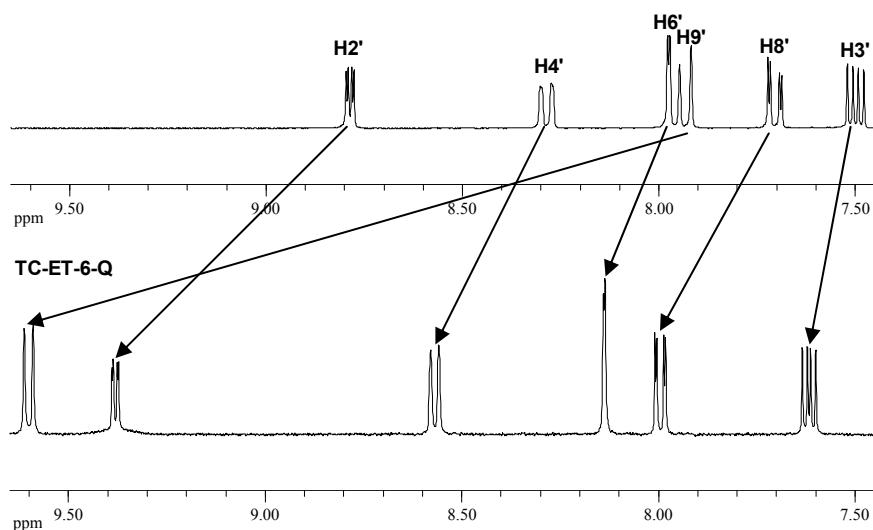
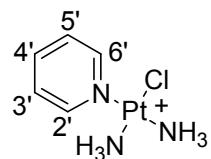


Figure 3.7.2 The comparison of the ^1H NMR spectra of 5 and 5.Pt-trans

4. Additional spectroscopy of *cis* complexes:

4.1. Py.Pt-cis



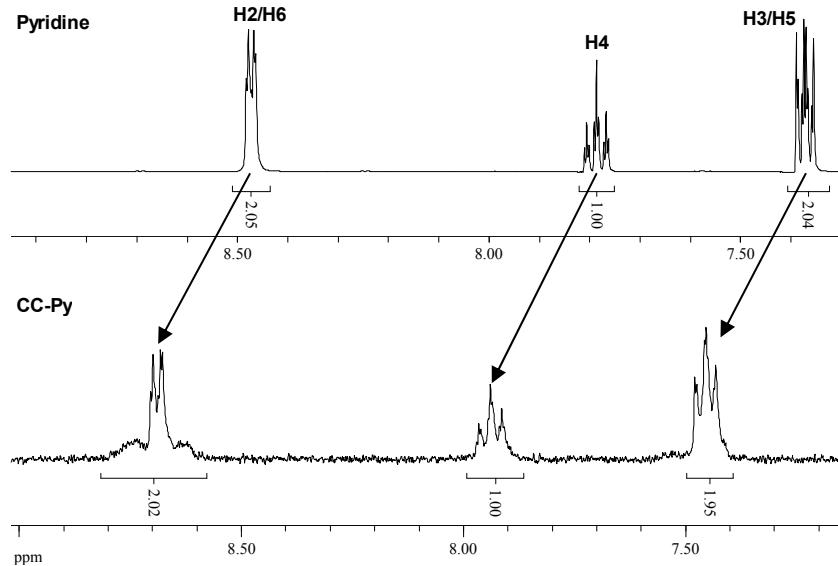
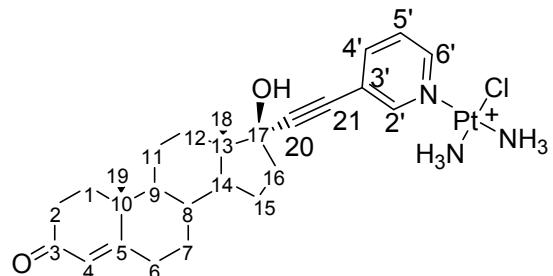


Figure 4.1.1 The ^1H NMR spectra of pyridine (upper) and Py.Pt-cis (lower) in CD_3OD

4.2. 1.Pt-cis



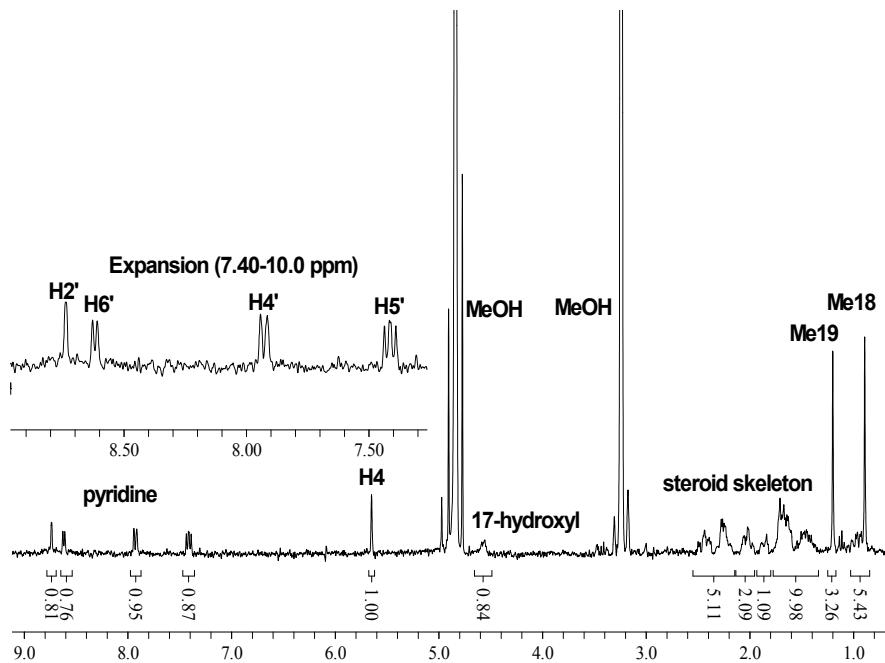


Figure 4.2.1 The ^1H NMR spectrum of 1.Pt-cis in CD_3OD .

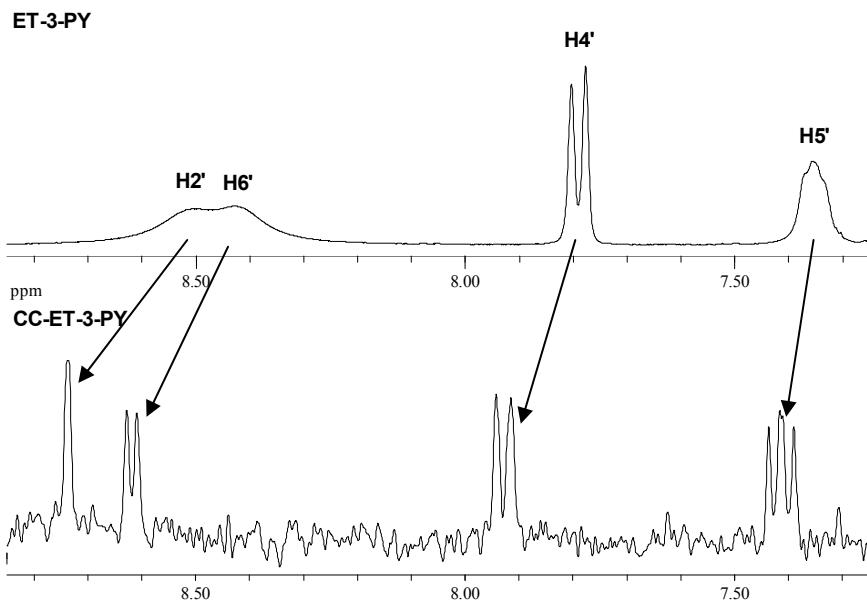


Figure 4.2.2 The ^1H NMR spectra of 1 (upper) and 1.Pt-cis (lower) in CD_3OD

4.3. 4.Pt-cis

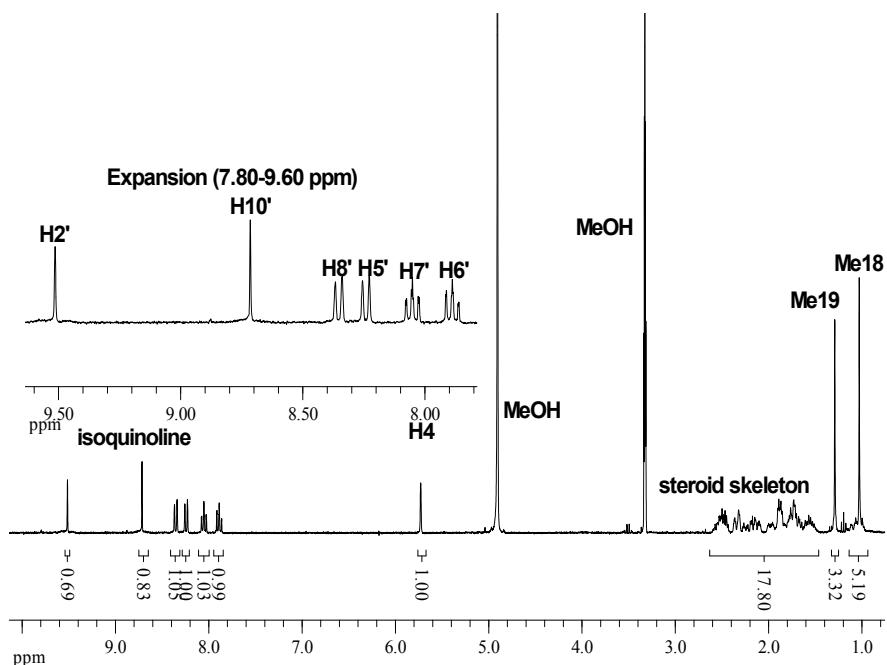
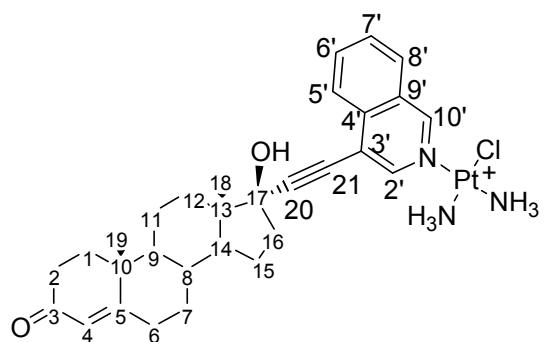


Figure 4.3.1 The ^1H NMR spectrum of 4.Pt.cis in CD_3OD

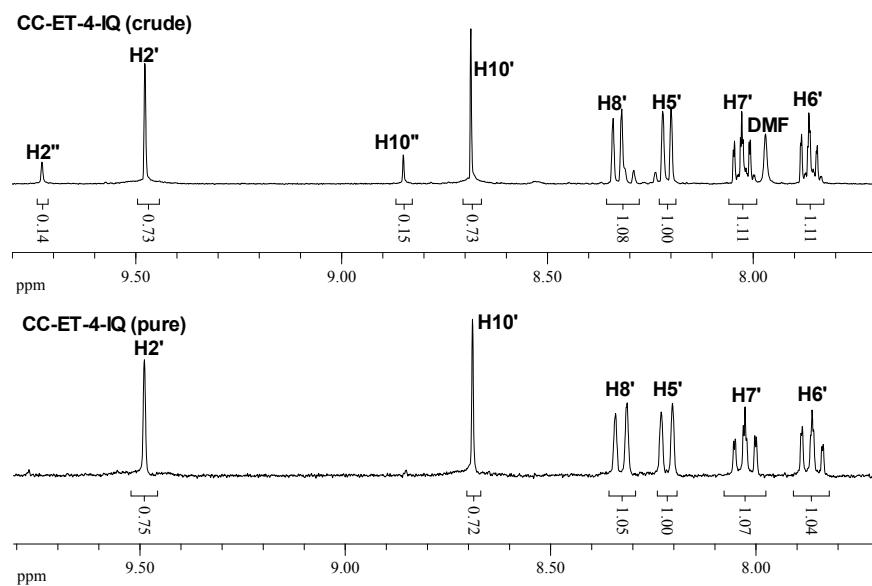


Figure 4.3.2 The ^1H NMR spectra of 4.Pt-cis showing the crude (top) spectrum and purified (bottom) spectrum. Those signals marked double prime represent the disubstituted complex in CD_3OD .

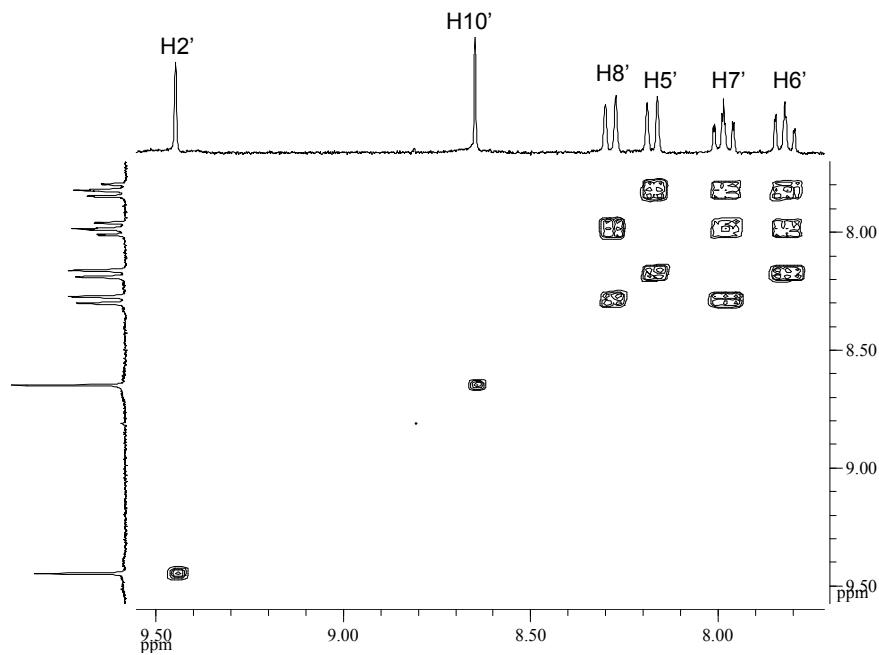


Figure 4.3.3 The aromatic region in the COSY spectrum of 4.Pt-cis in CD_3OD

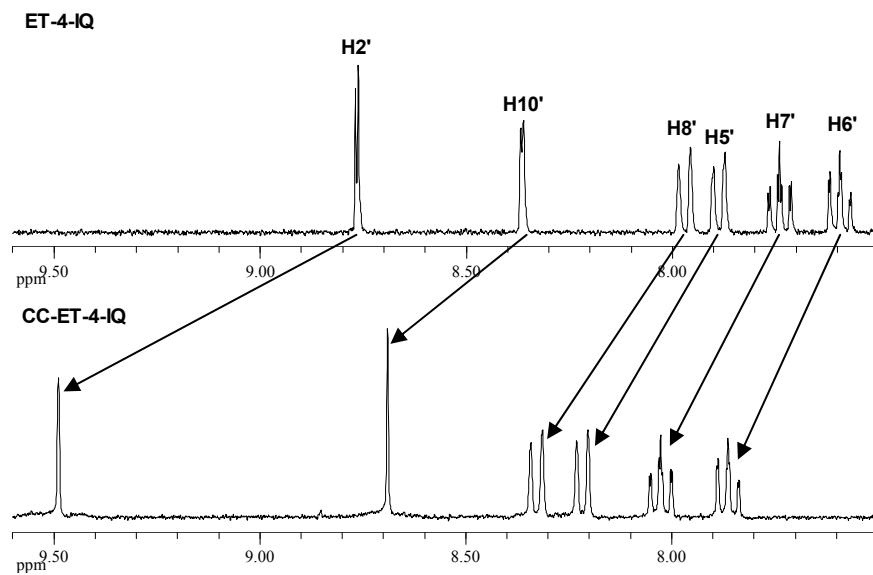
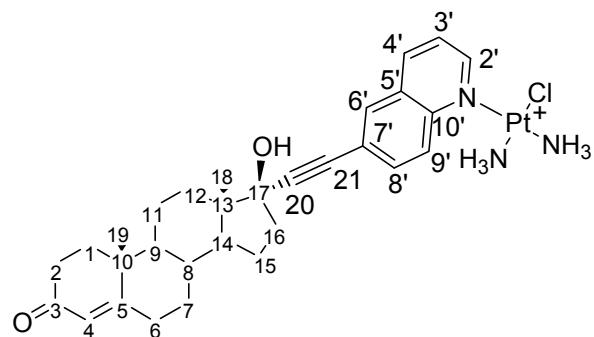


Figure 4.3.4 The ^1H NMR spectra of 4 and 4.Pt-cis in CD_3OD

4.4. 5.Pt-cis



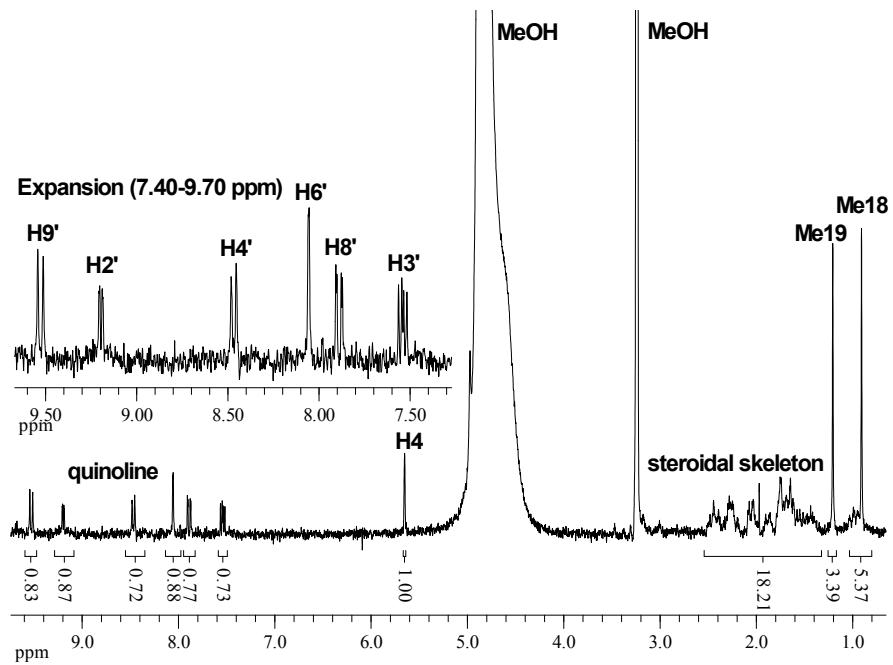


Figure 4.4.1 The ^1H NMR spectrum of 5.Pt-cis in CD_3OD .

ET-6-Q

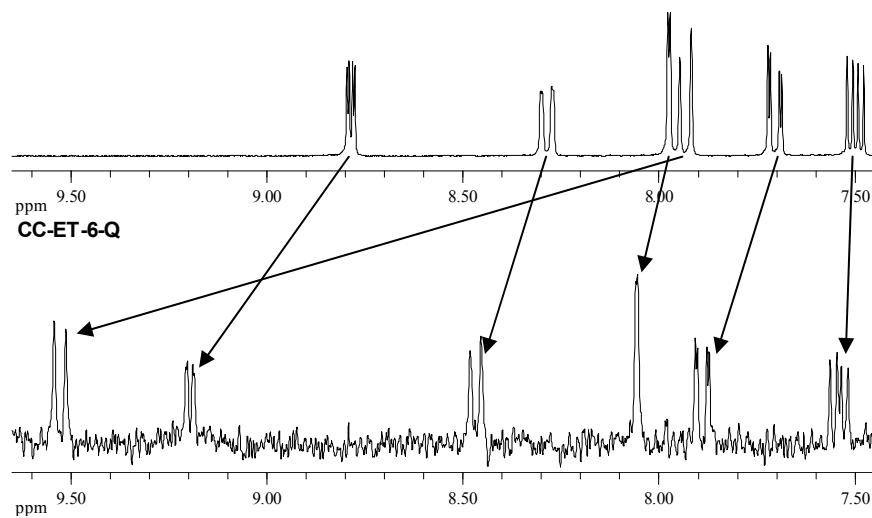


Figure 4.4.2 The ^1H NMR spectra of 5 (upper) and 5.Pt.cis (bottom) in CD_3OD

5. Geometry of *trans* and *cis* complexes:

5.1. Py.Pt-*trans* and Py.Pt-*cis*

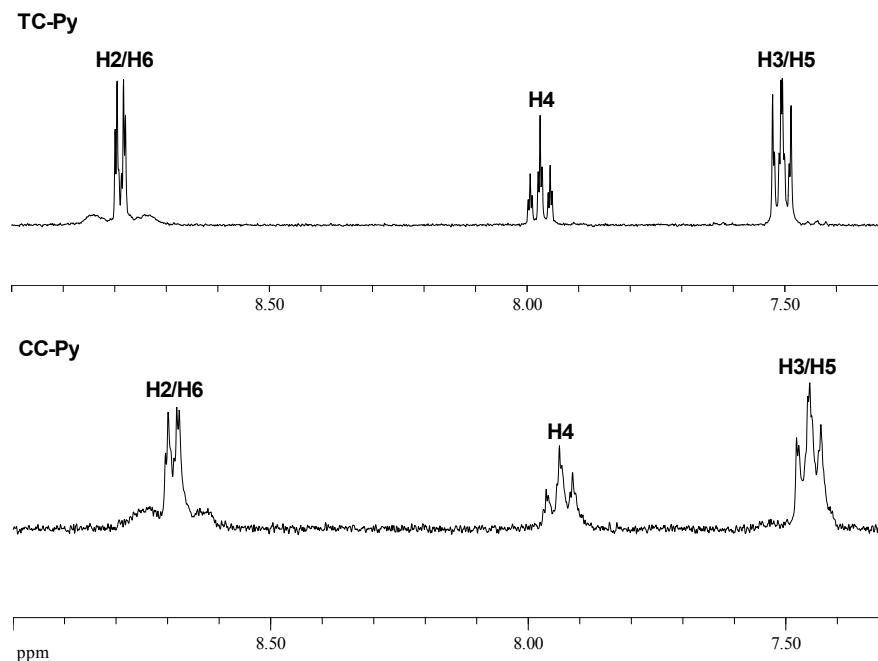


Figure 5.1.1 Comparison of the ¹H NMR spectra of Py.Pt-*trans* (upper) and Py.Pt-*cis* (lower) in CD₃OD.

5.2. 1.Pt-*trans* and 1.Pt-*cis*

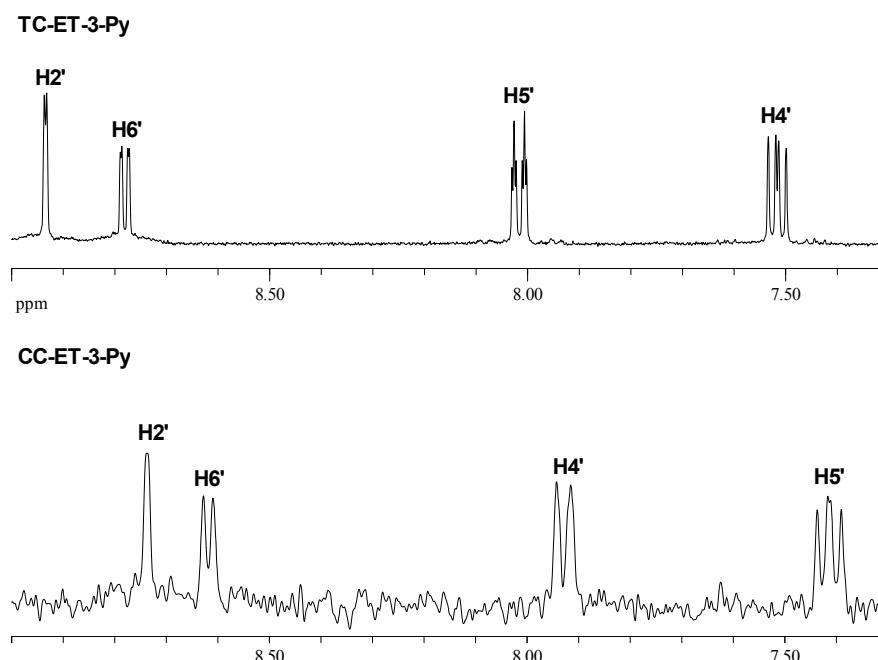
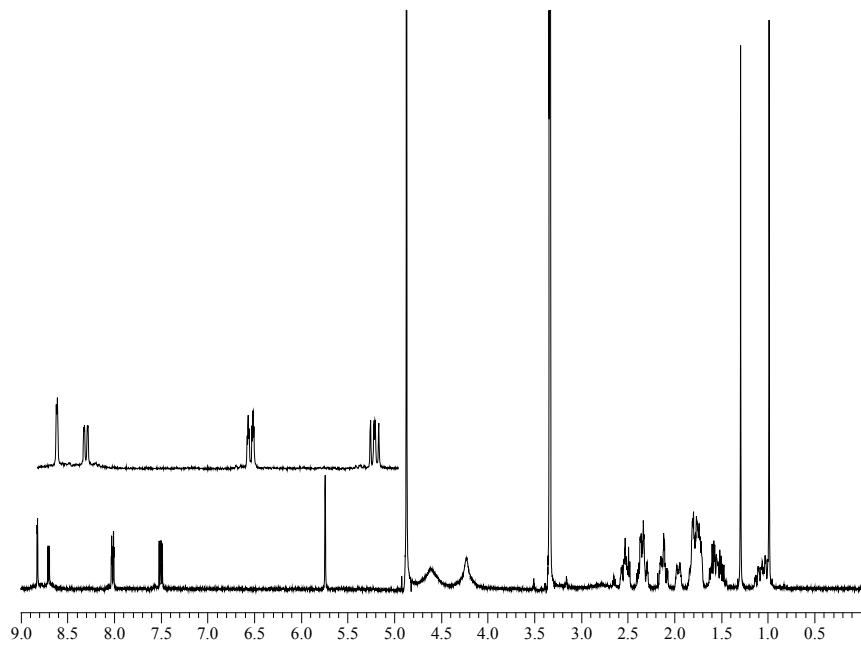


Figure 5.2.1 Comparison of the aromatic fraction of the ¹H NMR spectra of 1.Pt-*trans* (upper) and 1.Pt-*cis* (lower) in CD₃OD.

1.Pt-cis:



1.Pt-trans:

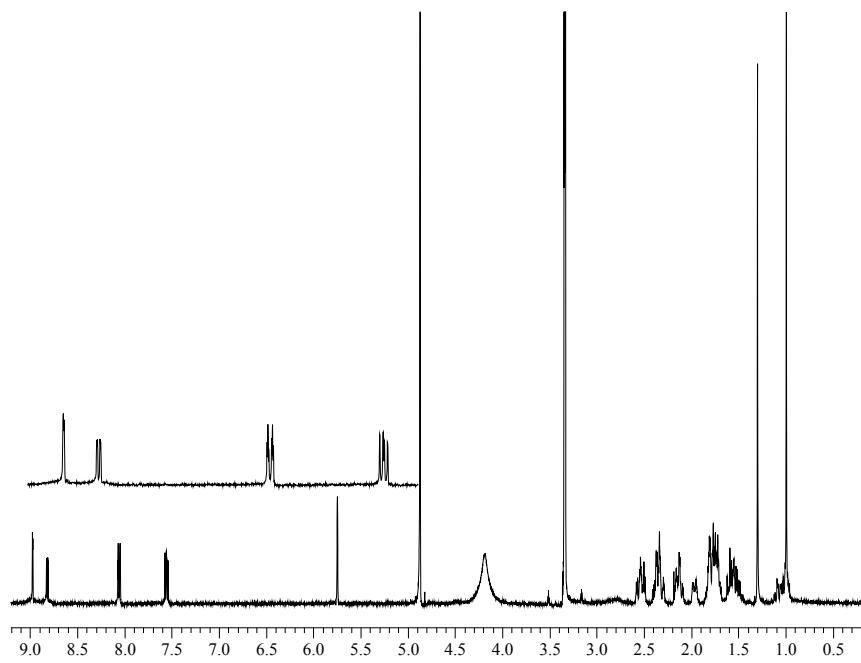


Figure 5.2.2 Comparison of the full ¹H NMR spectra of 1.Pt-trans and 1.Pt-cis in CD₃OD, showing the difference between the ammine groups (around 4ppm).

5.3. 4.Pt-trans and 4.Pt-cis

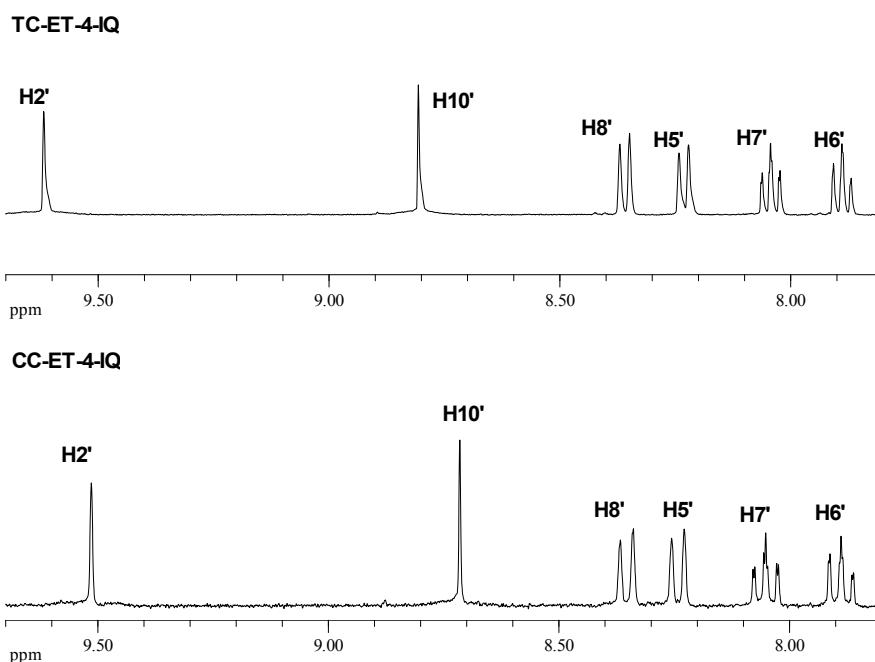


Figure 5.3.1 Comparison of the ¹H NMR spectra of 4.Pt-trans (upper) and 4.Pt-cis (lower) in CD₃OD.

5.4. 5.Pt-trans and 5.Pt-cis

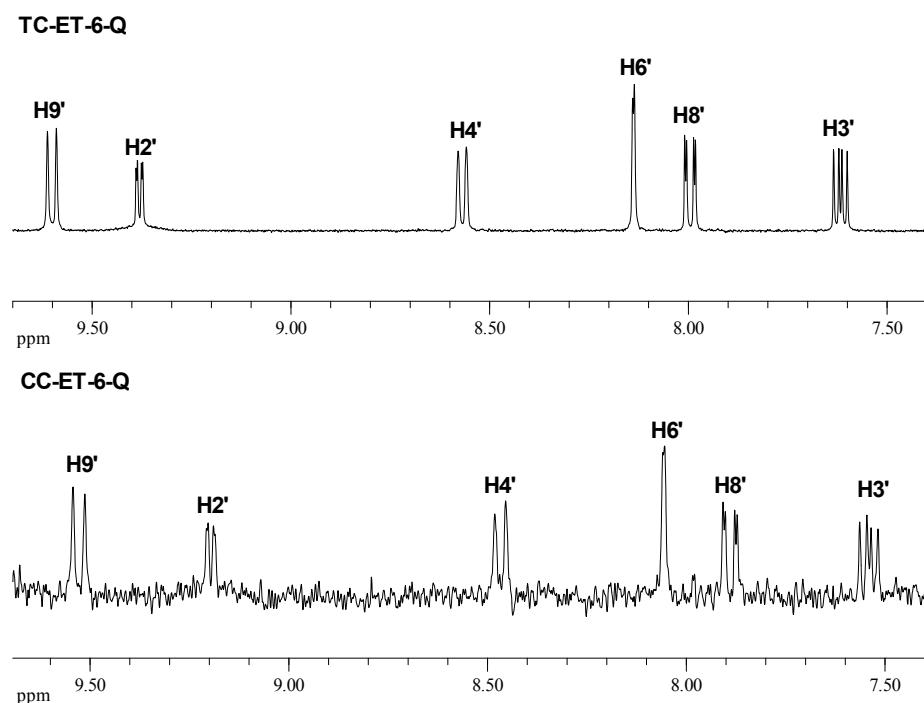


Figure 5.4.1 Comparison of the ¹H NMR spectra of 5.Pt-trans (upper) and 5.Pt-cis (lower) in CD₃OD.

6. Cytotoxicity

Molecule	T47D	MDA-MB-231	SKOV-3	HBL-100	A2780	A2780cisR	Rx ^[a]
1.Pt-cis	15.9 ± 0.5	29.2 ± 8.1	15.7 ± 0.5	7.4 ± 1	17.4 ± 3.1	33.3 ± 4.3	1.9
1.Pt-trans	63 ± 8	27.3 ± 4.7	39.1 ± 2	27.3 ± 1.9	35.3 ± 4.2	88 ± 2	2.5
2.Pt-trans	19.2 ± 0.1		26.8 ± 1.8	12.1 ± 0.8			
3.Pt-trans	51.4 ± 1.9		49.9 ± 4.5	24 ± 1.2			
4.Pt-cis	32.8 ± 0.7		26.3 ± 0.3	27.7 ± 1			
4.Pt-trans	51.4 ± 3.6		70.7 ± 2.7	28 ± 1.8			
5.Pt-cis	14.4 ± 1		16.4 ± 0.7	12.4 ± 1.4			
5.Pt-trans	38.6 ± 2.4		45.4 ± 3.5	26.3 ± 2.8			
py.Pt-cis	197 ± 17	186 ± 14	115 ± 5	210 ± 15	25.0 ± 1.2	105 ± 3	4.2
py.Pt-trans	181 ± 11	334 ± 54	98 ± 6	198 ± 10	72 ± 7	157 ± 2	2.2
quin.Pt-trans	75 ± 4.6		243.3 ± 7.1	98 ± 9.7			
1	>200		>200	>170			
4EE*	40		35	9			
3	48.6	20.3	21.1				
5	38.7	23.2	30.6				
Cisplatin	32.0 ± 4.8	31.3 ± 4.7	6.0 ± 1.3	7.7 ± 0.5	3.0 ± 0.5	12.8 ± 1.4	4.3

[a] Rx is ratio of IC50 for a compound in A2780cisR compared to A2780. * indicate a oestradiol derivative.

7. Cellular uptake

	SKOV-3			T47D			MDA-MB-231		
	whole cell	cytoplasm	nuclei	whole cell	cytoplasm	nuclei	whole cell	cytoplasm	nuclei
1.Pt-cis	4.96	4.08	0.09	12.63	4.46	0.26	12.75	9.57	2.21
1.Pt-trans	8.09	8.36	0.51	23.38	8.87	0.21	8.34	8.9	0.89
py.Pt-cis	114.04	9.1	15.89	69.39	3.74	5.64	92.99	6.04	6.59
py.Pt-trans	57.49	37.02	5.93	3.79	2.35	0.74	11.95	5.27	0.48
cisplatin	36.09	16.78	4.29	15.51	6.68	0.21	13.18	10.8	1.88

Table 7.1 pmoles of Pt in T47D, SKOV-3 and MDA-MB-231 per million cells after 3 hours of treatment with 30 µM of complexes.

	SKOV-3					T47D			HBL-100			
	Pt added (μmol)	nmol Pt/μmol DNA (bp)	% Pt delivered	Pt in cells (nmol)		Pt added (μmol)	nmol Pt/μmol DNA (bp)	% Pt delivered	Pt in cells (nmol)		Pt added (μmol)	nmol Pt/μmol DNA (bp)
1.Pt-cis	0.08	0.05	0.06	0.49	0.08	0.10	0.13	0.20	0.04	0.03	0.08	-
1.Pt-trans	0.2	0.14	0.07	-	0.31	0.80	0.25	0.56	0.14	0.14	0.10	0.20
4.Pt-cis	0.13	0.12	0.09	-	0.14	0.30	0.18	-	0.14	0.22	0.16	-
py.Pt-cis	0.57	0.05	0.01	0.73	0.98	0.18	0.02	0.51	1.05	0.11	0.01	-
py.Pt-trans	0.49	0.05	0.01	6.39	0.91	0.12	0.01	0.44	0.99	0.16	0.02	0.59
cisplatin	0.03	0.03	0.1	0.93	0.16	0.03	0.02	0.30	0.04	0.03	0.08	0.25

Table 7.2 nmoles of Pt in T47D, SKOV3 and HBL-100 per million cells after 72 hours of treatment with IC₅₀ μM of complexes.