

Electronic Supporting Information for

Zinc and Magnesium Complexes Supported by Bulky Multidentate Amino-Ether Phenolate Ligands: Potent Pre-Catalysts for the Immortal Ring-Opening Polymerisation of Cyclic Esters

Valentin Poirier, Thierry Roisnel, Jean-François Carpentier* and Yann Sarazin*

Catalysis and Organometallics, UMR CNRS 6226 – Université de Rennes 1, 35042 Rennes Cedex France.

E-mail: jean-francois.carpentier@univ-rennes1.fr, yann.sarazin@univ-rennes1.fr.

Fax : +33 2 232 369 39 ; Tel : + 33 2 232 359 50 ; +33 2 232 330 19

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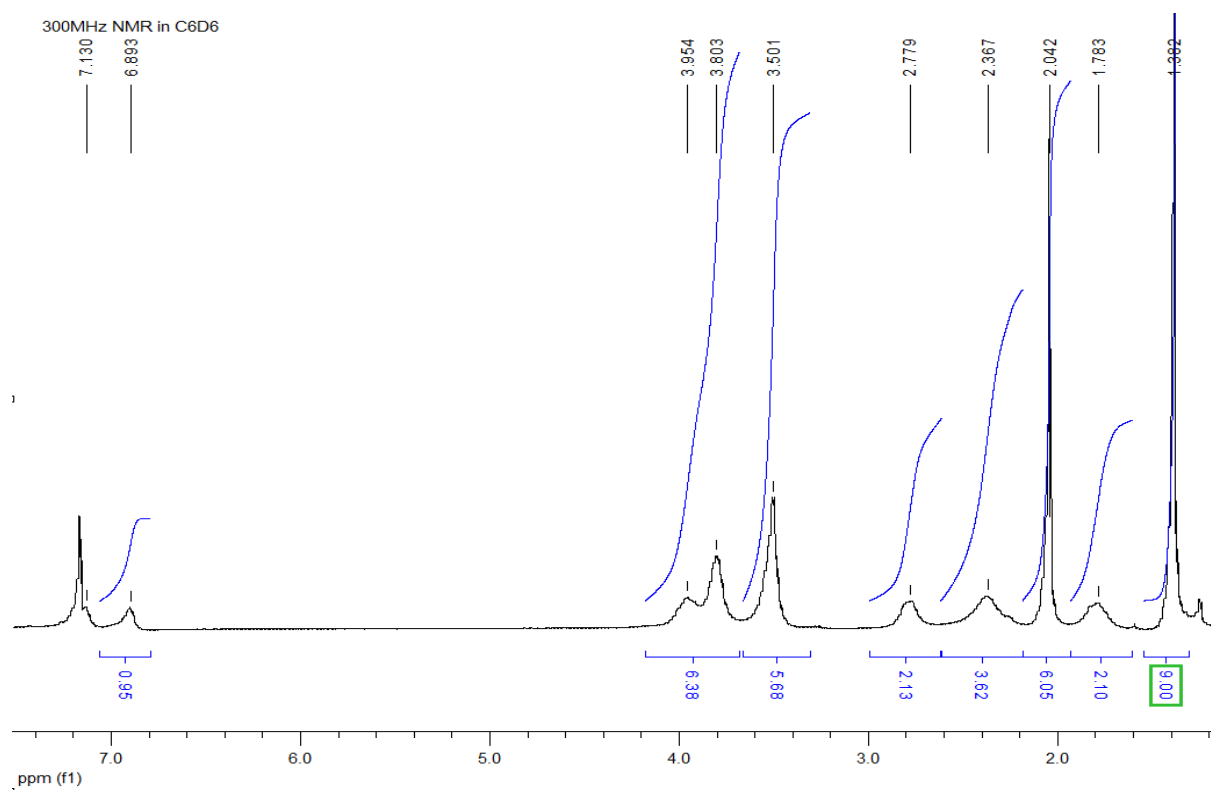


Figure S1: ^1H NMR spectrum of the product resulting from the reaction of $\{\text{LO}^1\}\text{Li}$ and $\text{Zn}(\text{OAc})_2$ (300.13 MHz, C_6D_6 , 25 $^\circ\text{C}$).

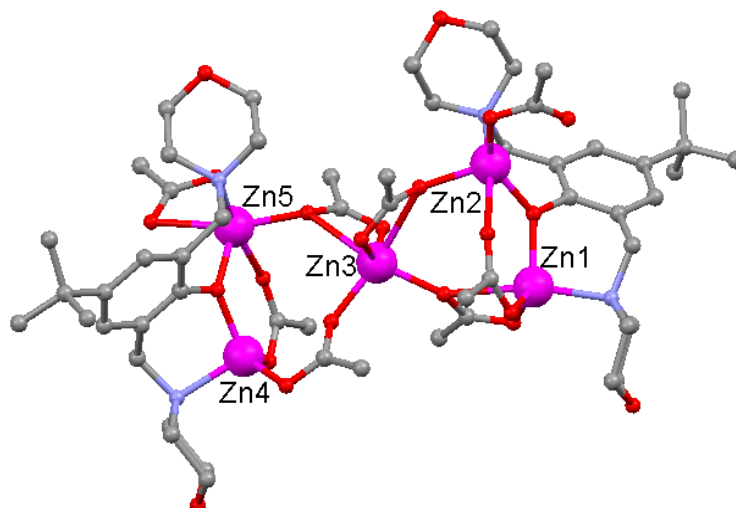


Figure S2: X-ray structure of $\{\text{LO}^1\}_2\text{Zn}_5(\text{OAc})_8$ with atom labelling scheme. Hydrogen atoms and non-coordinated molecule of THF have been removed for the sake of clarity.

Table S1. Summary of crystal and refinement data for $\{\text{LO}^1\}_2\text{Zn}_5(\text{OAc})_8 \cdot \text{C}_4\text{H}_8\text{O}$

Empirical formula	$\text{C}_{56}\text{H}_{88}\text{N}_4\text{O}_{22}\text{Zn}_5, \text{C}_4\text{H}_8\text{O}$
Formula weight	1568.26
Crystal system	triclinic
Space group	$P-1$
a , Å	13.7988(4)
b , Å	14.6192(4)
c , Å	18.6856(5)
α , deg	73.213(2)
β , deg	80.247(2)
γ , deg	85.375(2)
Volume, Å ³	3554.60(17)
Z	2
Density, g.cm ⁻³	1.465
Abs. coeff., mm ⁻¹	1.737
$F(000)$	1636
Crystal size, mm	0.25 x 0.11 x 0.08
θ range, deg	2.94 to 27.71
Limiting indices	$-18 \leq h \leq 17$ $-19 \leq k \leq 19$ $-24 \leq l \leq 24$
R_{int}	0
Reflec. collected	28712
Reflec. Unique [$I > 2\sigma(I)$]	28712
Data/restraints/param.	28712 / 0 / 816
Goodness-of-fit on F^2	1.021
R_1 [$I > 2\sigma(I)$] (all data)	0.0732 (0.1263)
wR_2 [$I > 2\sigma(I)$] (all data)	0.186 (0.2211)
Largest diff. e Å ⁻³	1.298 and -0.865

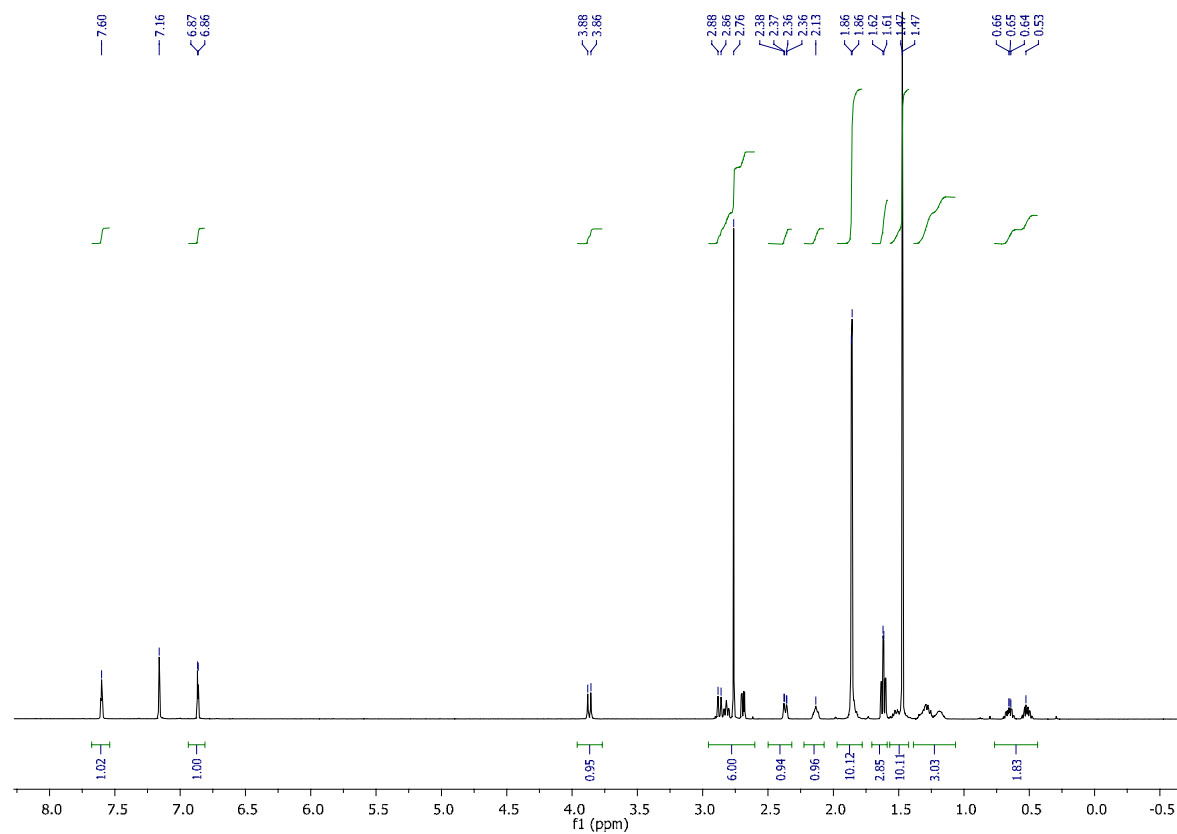


Figure S3: ^1H NMR spectrum of $\{\text{LO}^4\}\text{ZnEt}$ (**6**) (500.13 MHz, C_6D_6 , 25 $^\circ\text{C}$).

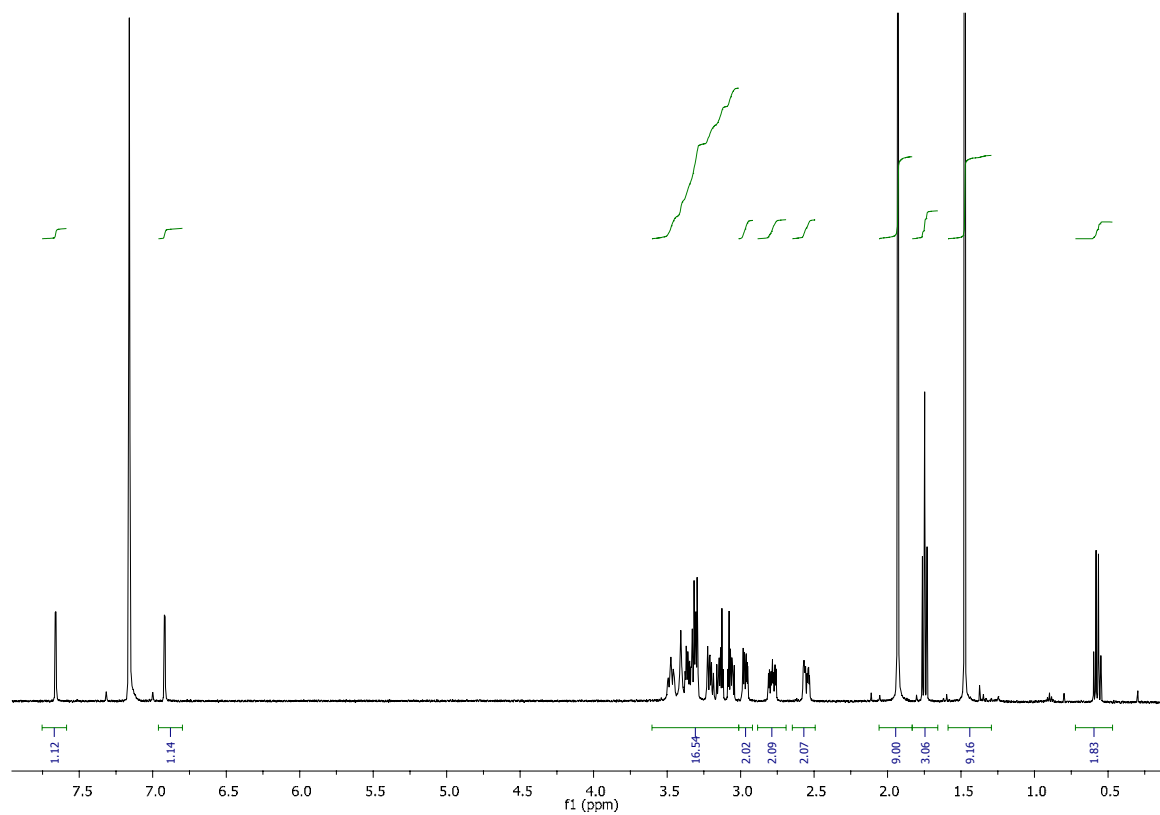


Figure S4: ^1H NMR spectrum of $\{\text{LO}^3\}\text{ZnEt}$ (7) (500.13 MHz, C_6D_6 , 25°C).

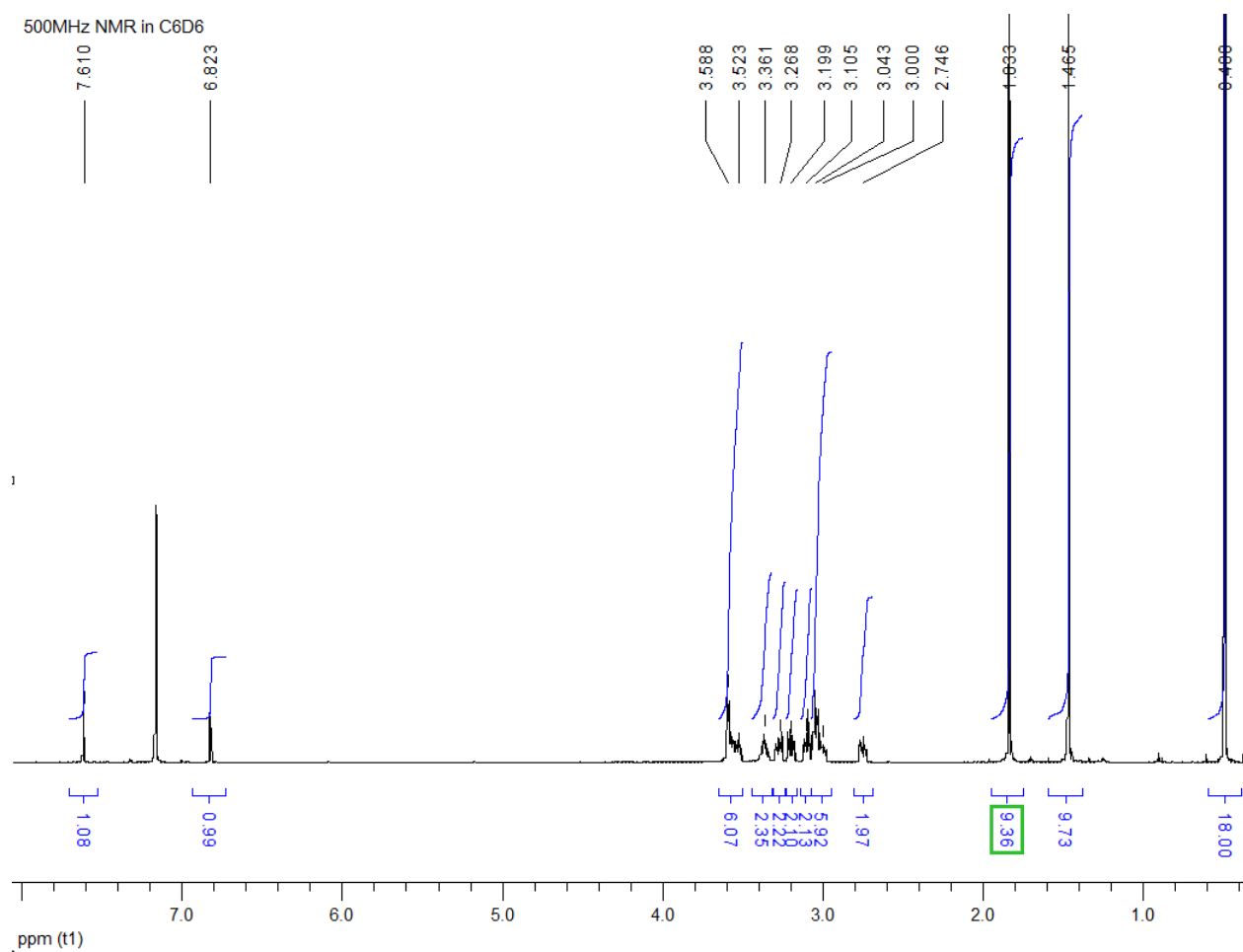


Figure S5: ^1H NMR spectrum of $\{\text{LO}^3\}\text{ZnN}(\text{SiMe}_3)_2$ (**8**) (500.13 MHz, C_6D_6 , 25 °C).

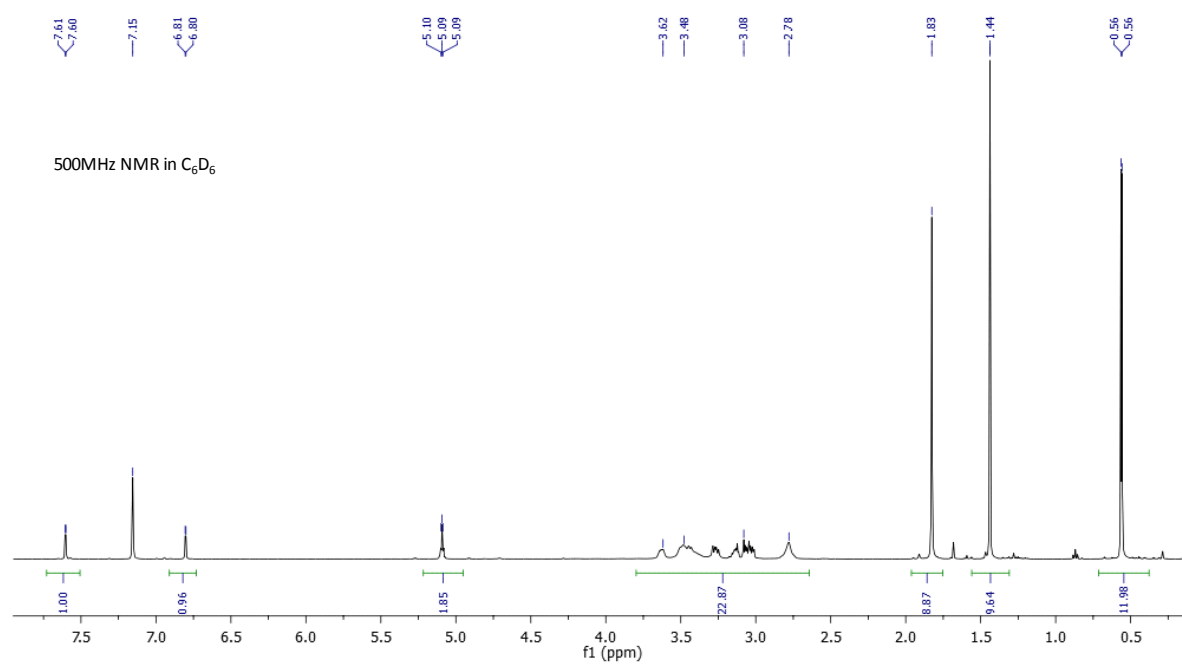


Figure S6: ¹H NMR spectrum of {LO³}ZnN(SiHMe₂)₂ (**9**) (500.13 MHz, C₆D₆, 25 °C).

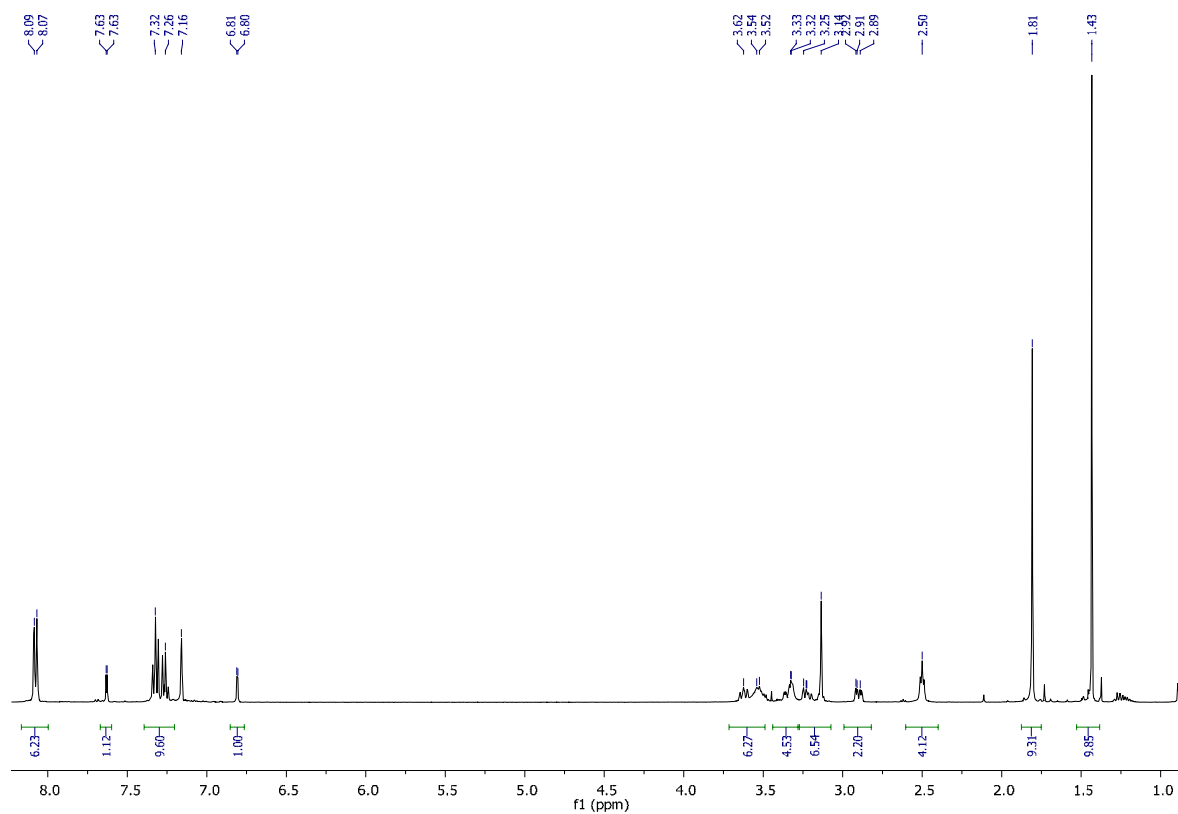


Figure S7: ^1H NMR spectrum of $\{\text{LO}^3\}\text{ZnOSiPh}_3$ (**10**) (400.13 MHz, C_6D_6 , 25°C).

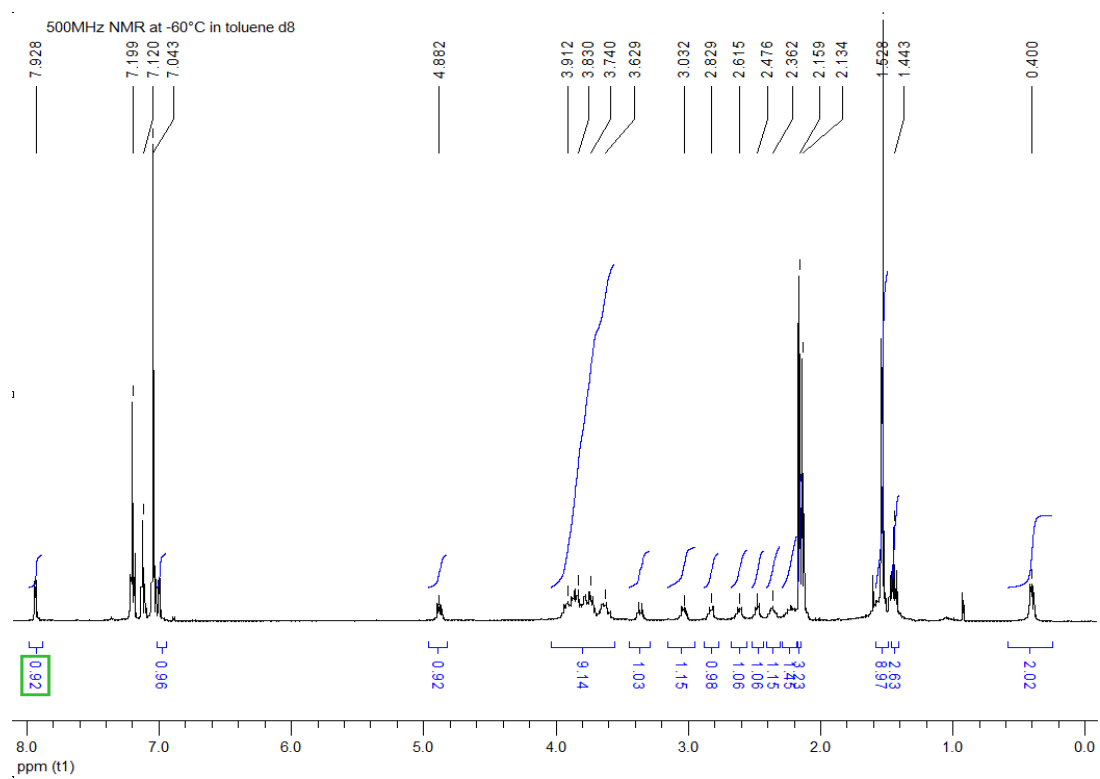


Figure S8: Low temperature ^1H NMR spectrum of $\{\text{LO}^1\}\text{ZnEt}$ (**2**) (500.13 MHz, toluene- d_8 , -60°C).

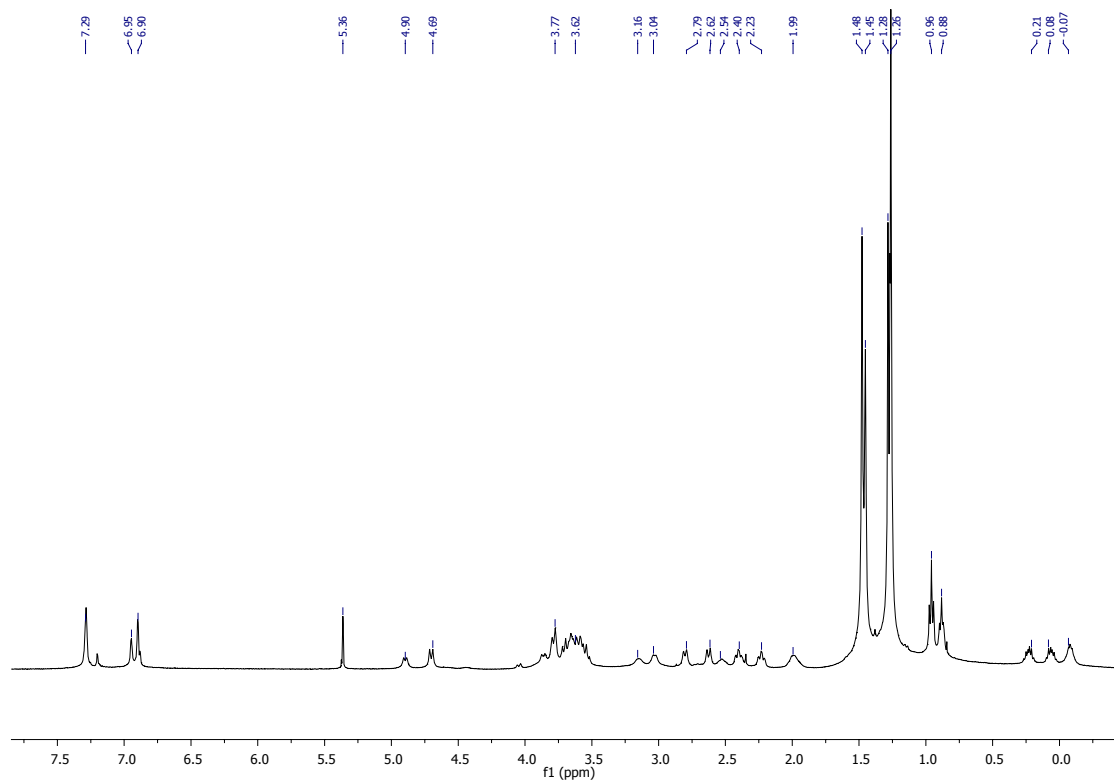


Figure S9: Low temperature ^1H NMR spectrum of $\{\text{LO}^2\}\text{ZnEt}$ (**5**) (500.13 MHz, $\text{toluene-}d_8$, -60°C).

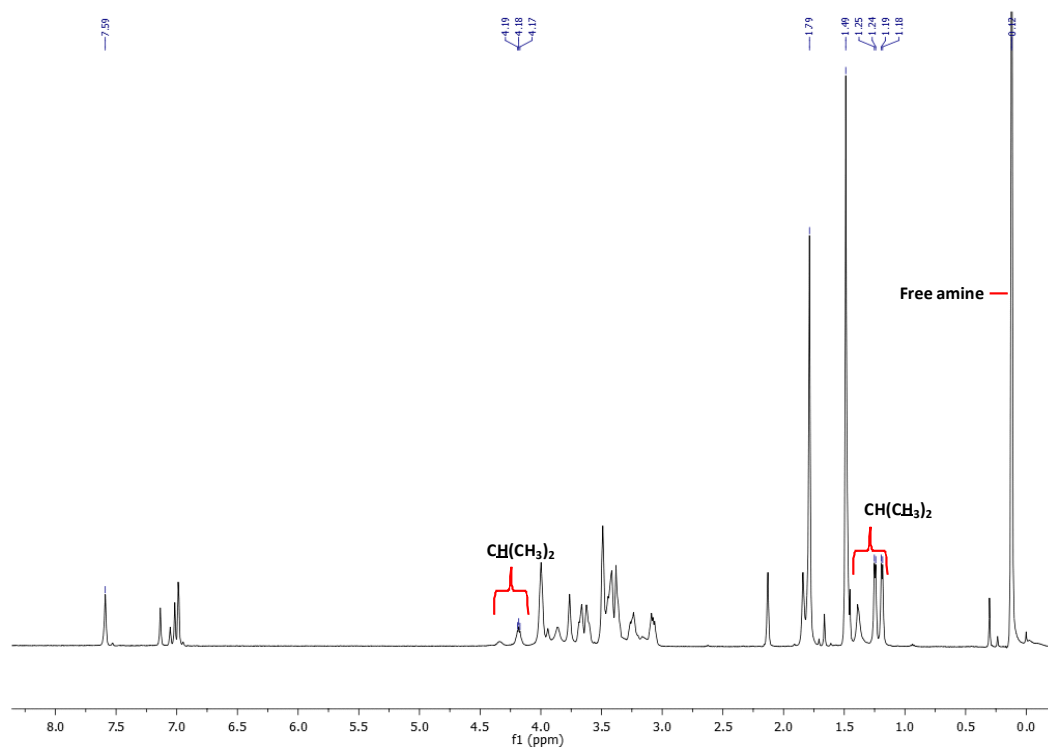


Figure S10: ^1H NMR spectrum of “ $\{\text{LO}^3\}\text{ZnO}^i\text{Pr}$ ” generated *in-situ* by reaction of **8** and 1 equiv. of $^i\text{PrOH}$

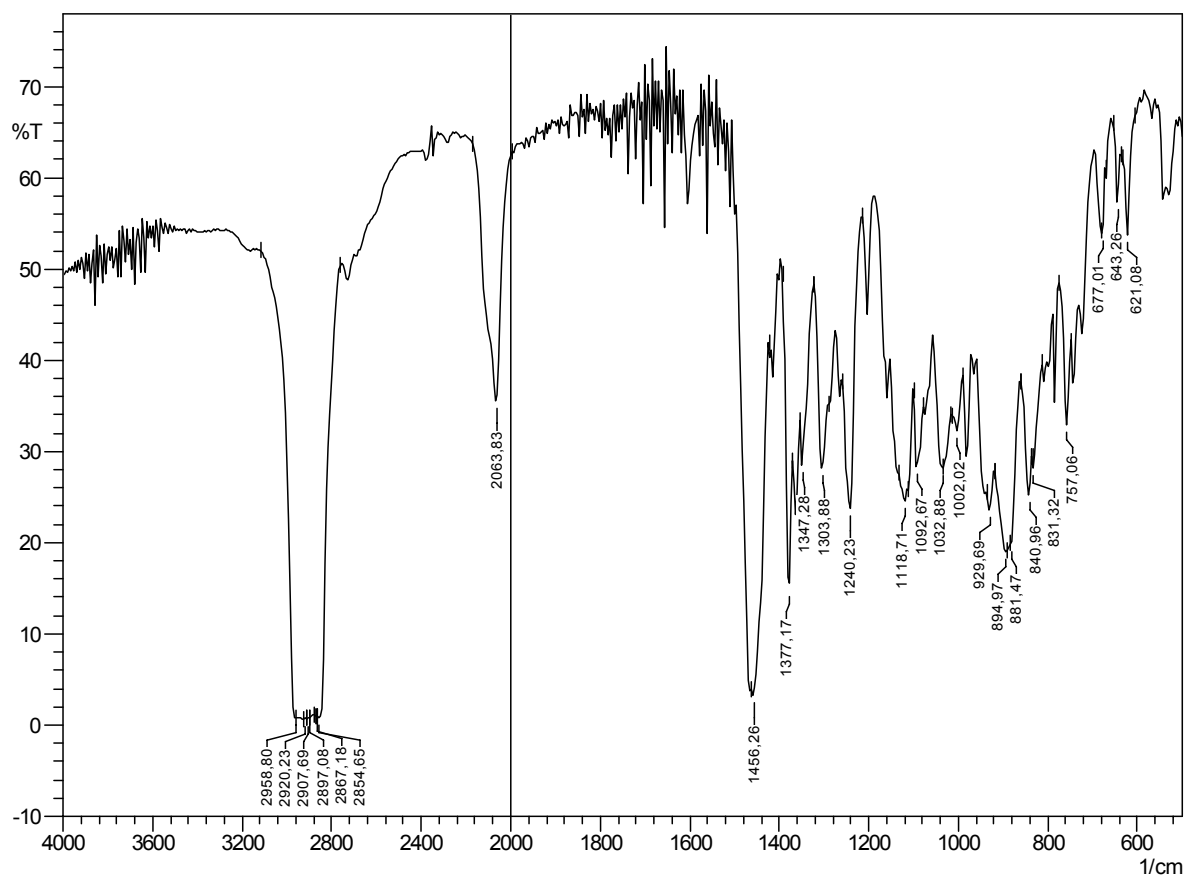


Figure S11: FT-IR spectrum of $\{LO^3\}ZnN(SiHMe_2)_2$ **9** (recorded in KBr plates as a nujol mull).

Table S2. L-LA polymerisation data using **2-10** / ⁱPrOH binary catalytic systems.^a

Entry	Initiator	[L-LA] ₀ /[Met] ₀ /[ⁱ PrOH] ₀	[L-LA] ₀ (mol·L ⁻¹)	Time (min)	Yield ^b (%)	TOF ^c (h ⁻¹)	<i>M</i> _{n,calc} ^d (g·mol ⁻¹)	<i>M</i> _{n,SEC} ^e (g·mol ⁻¹)	<i>M</i> _w / <i>M</i> _n ^e
1	2	1 000/1/-	2.0	60	18	180	26 000	10 300	2.24
2	2	1000/1/10	2.0	15	20	800	2900	4700	1.09
3	2	1 000/1/10	2.0	60	97	970	14 000	15 100	1.10
4	2	5 000/1/25	4.0	60	71	3550	20 500	20 600	1.09
5	2	5 000/1/25	4.0	90	94	3130	27 100	26 200	1.16
6	2	20 000/1/500	6.0	180	97	6470	5700	5400	1.32
7	2	50 000/1/500	6.0	16×60	100	3125	14 500	13 500	1.60
8	3	200/1/-	2.0	10	92	1100	26 600	14 000	1.63
9	3	1000/1/10	2.0	3	83	16 600	12 000	11 500	1.11
10	3	1 000/1/10	2.0	6	96	9600	13 900	13 100	1.14
11	3	5000/1/10	4.0	90	82	2730	59 100	31 200	1.32
12	3	5000/1/25	4.0	90	97	3230	28 000	24 000	1.27
13	3	5000/1/50	4.0	90	96	3200	13 900	12 900	1.26
14	3	5 000/1/100	4.0	90	91	3030	6600	5500	1.18
15	4	1000/1/10	2.0	15	98	3920	14 200	12 900	1.12
16	5	1000/1/10	2.0	15	0				
17	5	1000/1/10	2.0	60	98	980	14 200	15 100	1.09
18	5	5000/1/25	2.0	60	45	2250	13 000	13 000	1.09
19	5	5000/1/25	2.0	90	92	3070	26 600	26 300	1.12
20	6	1000/1/10	2.0	60	97	970	14 000	15 300	1.09
21	6	5000/1/25	4.0	90	98	3270	28 300	26 100	1.14
22	6	5000/1/100	4.0	90	97	3230	7100	8400	1.12
23	7	1000/1/10	2.0	15	0				
24	7	1000/1/10	2.0	60	96	960	13 900	15 500	1.07
25	7	5000/1/25	4.0	60	43	2150	12 400	13 000	1.06
26	8	200/1/0	0.5	15	49	390	14 200	67 400	1.39
27	8	1000/1/-	2.0	15	43	1720	62 000	244 000	1.59
28	8	1000/1/10	2.0	5	87	10 440	12 600	15 100	1.07
29	8	1000/1/10	2.0	10	94	5640	13 600	16 600	1.07
30	8	5000/1/25	4.0	60	95	4750	27 400	24 700	1.18
31	8	5000/1/50	4.0	60	99	4950	14 300	14 100	1.16
32	8	5000/1/100	4.0	60	98	4900	7100	8200	1.12
33	8	5000/1/175	4.0	60	99	4950	4100	4700	1.11
34	8	5000/1/250	4.0	60	96	4800	2800	2900	1.16
35	9	200/1/0	0.5	15	56	450	16 200	69 300	1.73
36	9	1000/1/10	2.0	10	96	5760	13 900	13 800	1.08
37	10	200/1/0	0.5	60	37	74	10 700	47 400	1.28
38	10	1000/1/10	2.0	60	52	520	7550	8700	1.07

^a Polymerisations performed in toluene at 60 °C. ^b Isolated yield of PLLA. ^c Non-optimized turnover frequency (mol(L-LA)·mol(Met)⁻¹·h⁻¹) calculated over the whole reaction time. ^d Calculated from [L-LA]₀/[ⁱPrOH]₀ × monomer conversion × *M*_{L-LA} + *M*_{ⁱPrOH}, with *M*_{L-LA} = 144 g·mol⁻¹ and *M*_{ⁱPrOH} = 60 g·mol⁻¹. ^e Determined by size exclusion chromatography vs. polystyrene standards and corrected by a factor of 0.58.

Table S3. *rac*-LA polymerisation data using **2,3,5,6** and **8** / ⁱPrOH binary catalytic systems.^a

Entry	Initiator	solvent	Time (min)	Yield ^b (%)	TOF ^c (h ⁻¹)	$M_{n,calc}^d$ (g·mol ⁻¹)	$M_{n,SEC}^e$ (g·mol ⁻¹)	M_w/M_n^e	Pr^f
1	2	Toluene	60	99	990	14 300	12 200	1.20	0.50
2	2	THF	60	68	680	9 900	9600	1.12	0.55
3	3	Toluene	15	99	3960	14 300	15 200	1.21	0.46
4	3	THF	15	90	3600	13 000	12 700	1.19	0.59
5	5	Toluene	60	99	990	14 300	12 200	1.20	0.55
6	5	THF	60	92	920	13 300	9100	1.32	0.60
7	6	Toluene	60	99	990	14 300	13 700	1.23	0.61
8	6	THF	60	95	950	13 800	11 100	1.20	0.61
9	8	Toluene	15	97	3880	14 000	13 000	1.08	0.51
10	8	THF	15	88	3520	12 700	9900	1.09	0.63

^a Polymerisations performed in at 60 °C with a $[rac-LA]_0/[Met]_0/[PrOH]_0$ ratio of 1000:1:10 and $[rac-LA]_0 = 2.0 \text{ mol}\cdot\text{L}^{-1}$. ^b Isolated yield of PLA. ^c Non-optimized turnover frequency ($\text{mol}(rac-LA)\cdot\text{mol}(\text{Met})^{-1}\cdot\text{h}^{-1}$) calculated over the whole reaction time. ^d Calculated from $[rac-LA]_0/[PrOH]_0 \times$ monomer conversion $\times M_{rac-LA} + M_{iPrOH}$, with $M_{rac-LA} = 144 \text{ g}\cdot\text{mol}^{-1}$ and $M_{iPrOH} = 60 \text{ g}\cdot\text{mol}^{-1}$. ^e Determined by size exclusion chromatography vs. polystyrene standards and corrected by a factor of 0.58. ^f Probability of a *racemic* linkage between two repetitive units as determined by examination of the methine region of the ¹H homonuclear decoupled NMR spectrum of the polymers

Table S4. TMC and BBL polymerisation data using **2** and **8** / ROH binary catalytic systems.

Entry	Monomer	Initiator	$[M]_0/[Met]_0/[ROH]_0$	Time (min)	Temperature (°C)	Yield ^d (%)	TOF ^c (h ⁻¹)	$M_{n,calc}^f$ (g·mol ⁻¹)	$M_{n,SEC}^g$ (g·mol ⁻¹)	M_w/M_n^e
1 ^a	TMC	2	100 000/1/100	48*60	60	93	1940	95 100	88 700	1.61
2 ^a	TMC	2	100 000/1/100	8*60	110	96	12 000	98 100	94 400	1.51
3 ^b	TMC	8	1000/1/10	5	60	94	11 280	9 700	13 800	1.49
4 ^c	BBL	2	500/1/10	3*60	60	95	160	4100	4300	1.07
5 ^c	BBL	8	500/1/10	3*60	60	63	105	2800	2 920	1.26

^a Polymerisation performed in bulk with benzyl alcohol. ^b Polymerisation performed in toluene with $[TMC]_0 = 2 \text{ M}$ and using isopropanol. ^c Polymerisation performed **in** bulk with isopropanol. ^d Isolated yield. ^e Non-optimized turnover frequency ($\text{mol}(\text{Monomer})\cdot\text{mol}(\text{Met})^{-1}\cdot\text{h}^{-1}$) calculated over the whole reaction time. ^f Calculated from $[M]_0/[ROH]_0 \times$ monomer conversion $\times M_{monomer} + M_{ROH}$. ^g Determined by size exclusion chromatography vs. polystyrene standards, corrected by a factor of 0.88 for PTMC and not corrected for PHB.

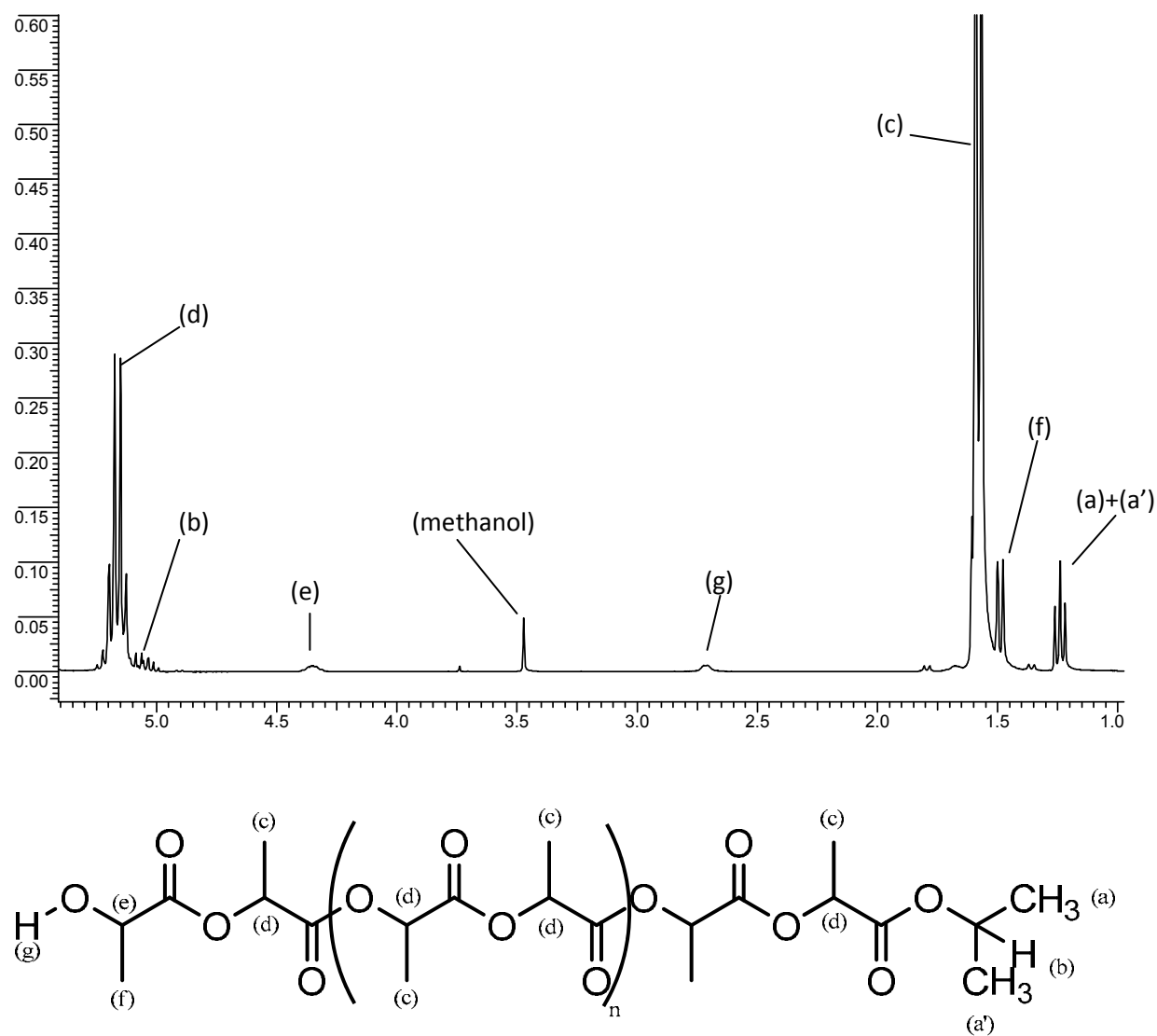


Figure S12: ^1H NMR spectrum of a low molecular weight PLLA prepared with L-LA/2/ $^i\text{PrOH}$ in relative amounts of 100/1/10 (500.13 MHz, CDCl_3 , 25 $^\circ\text{C}$, 16 scans, $D1 = 0.50$ sec).

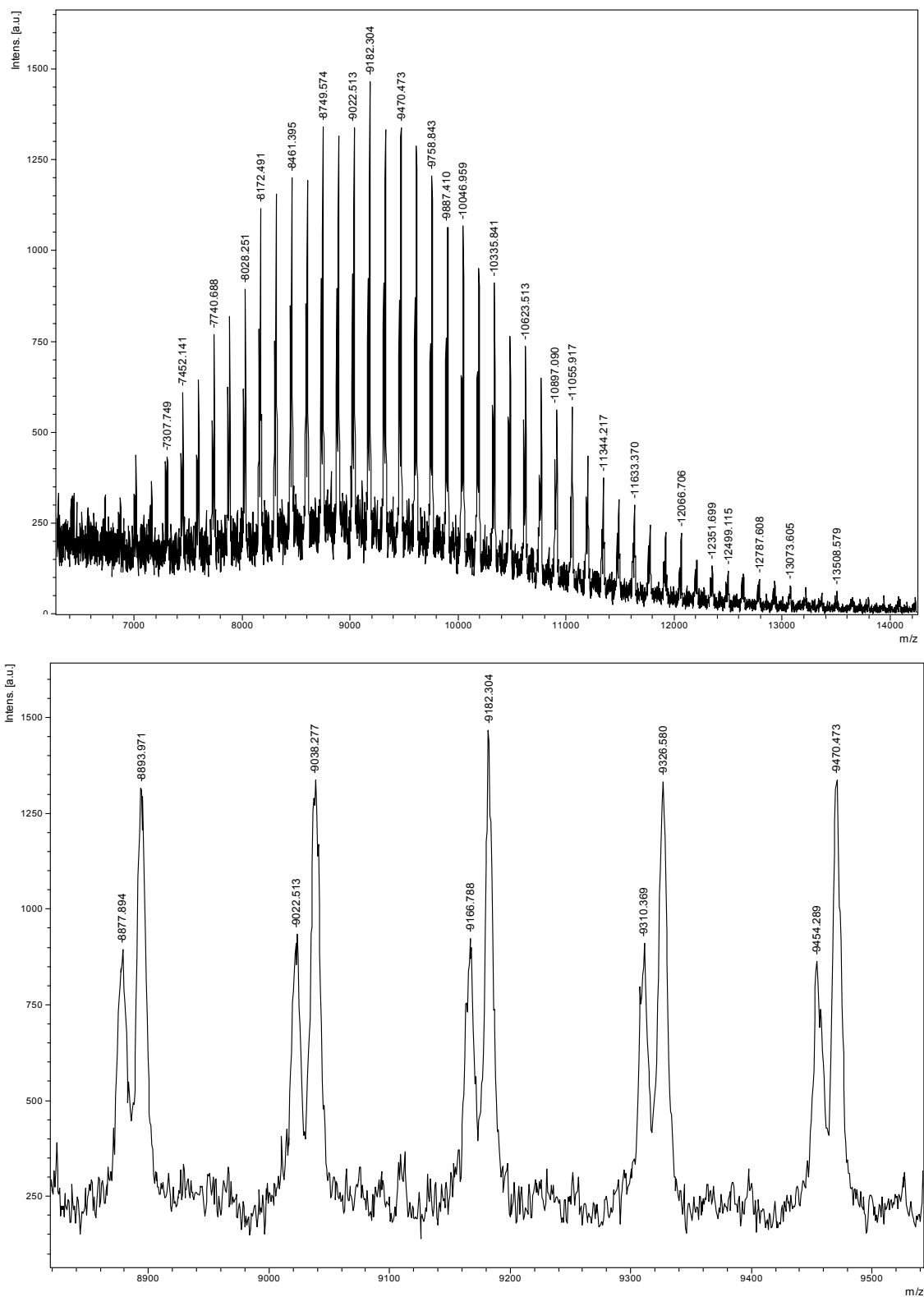


Figure S13: MALDI-TOF mass spectrum (main population: K^+ ; minor population: Na^+) of a PLLA having a number average molecular weight $\overline{Mn}_{SEC}$ of 13 500 $g \cdot mol^{-1}$, prepared with L-LA/2 i PrOH in relative amounts of 50 000/1/1000 (100 % conversion).

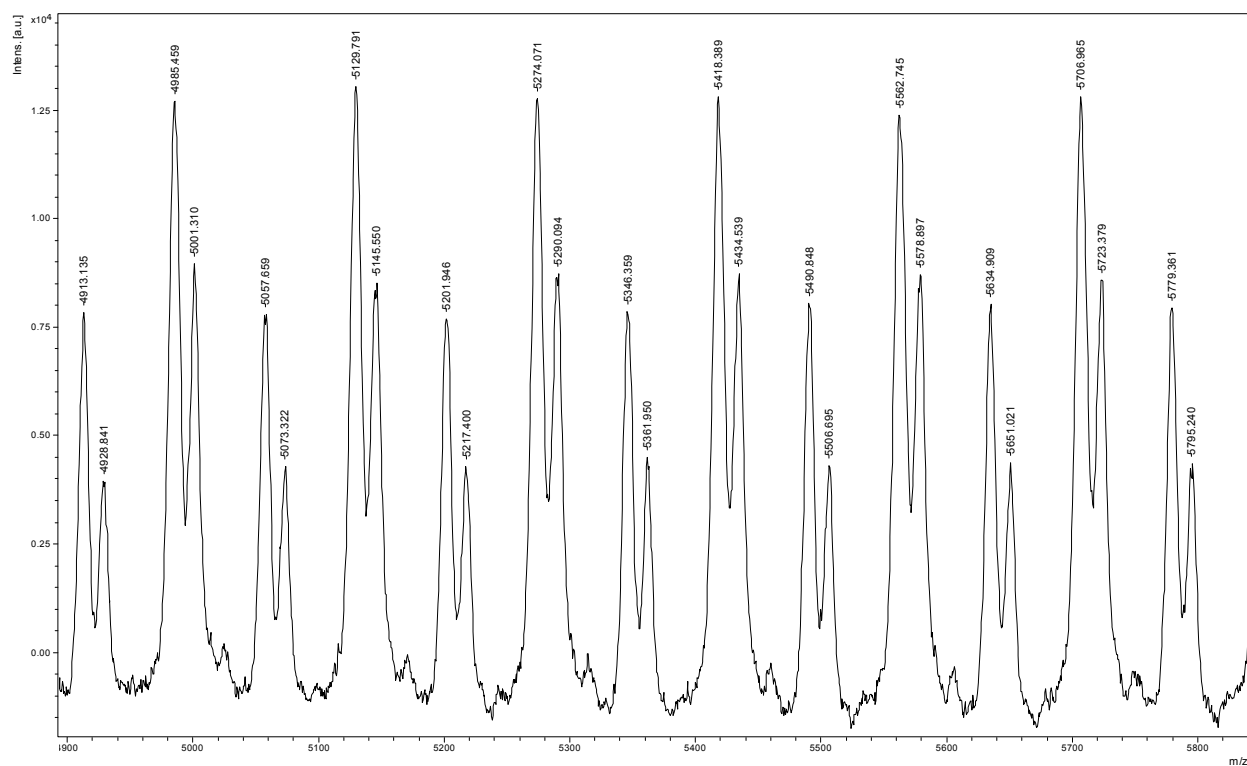
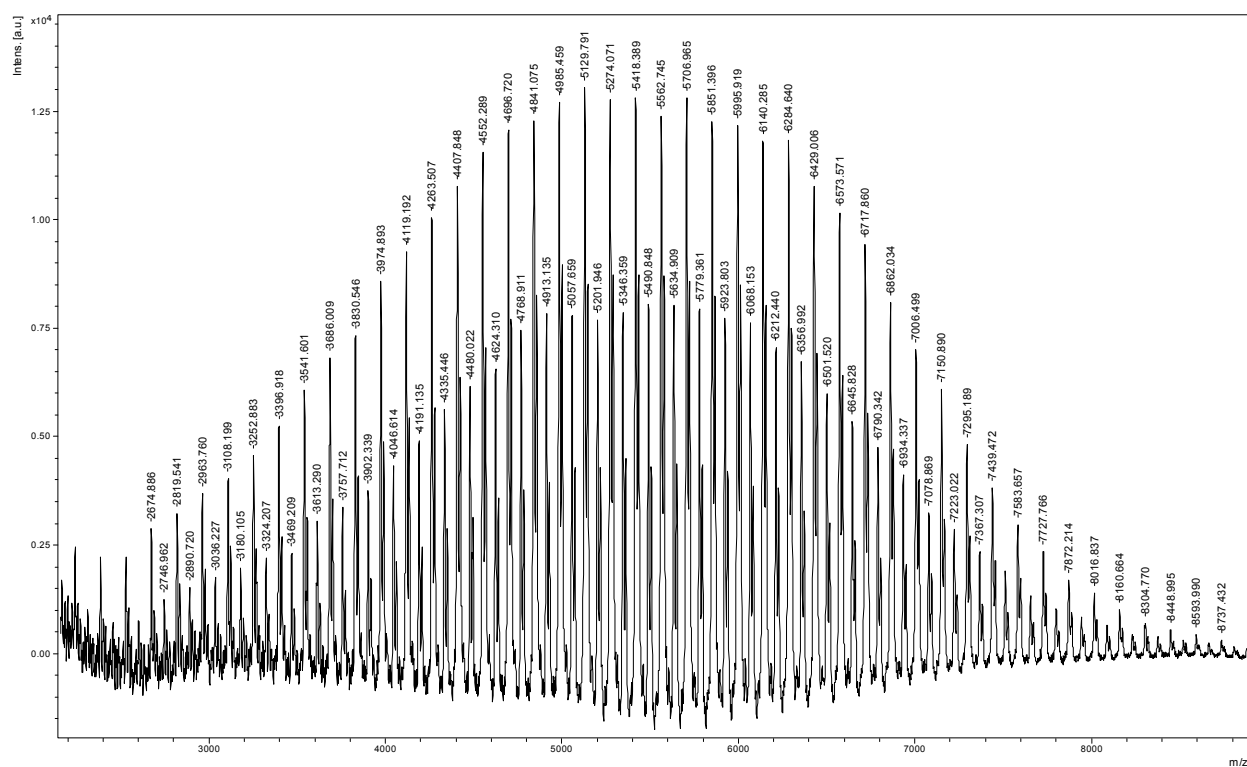


Figure S14: MALDI-TOF mass spectrum (main population: Na^+ ; minor population: K^+) of a low molecular weight PLLA having a number average molecular weight $\overline{Mn}_{\text{SEC}}$ of $4600 \text{ g}\cdot\text{mol}^{-1}$, prepared with L-LA/3 iPrOH in relative amounts of 5000/1/100 (71% conversion).

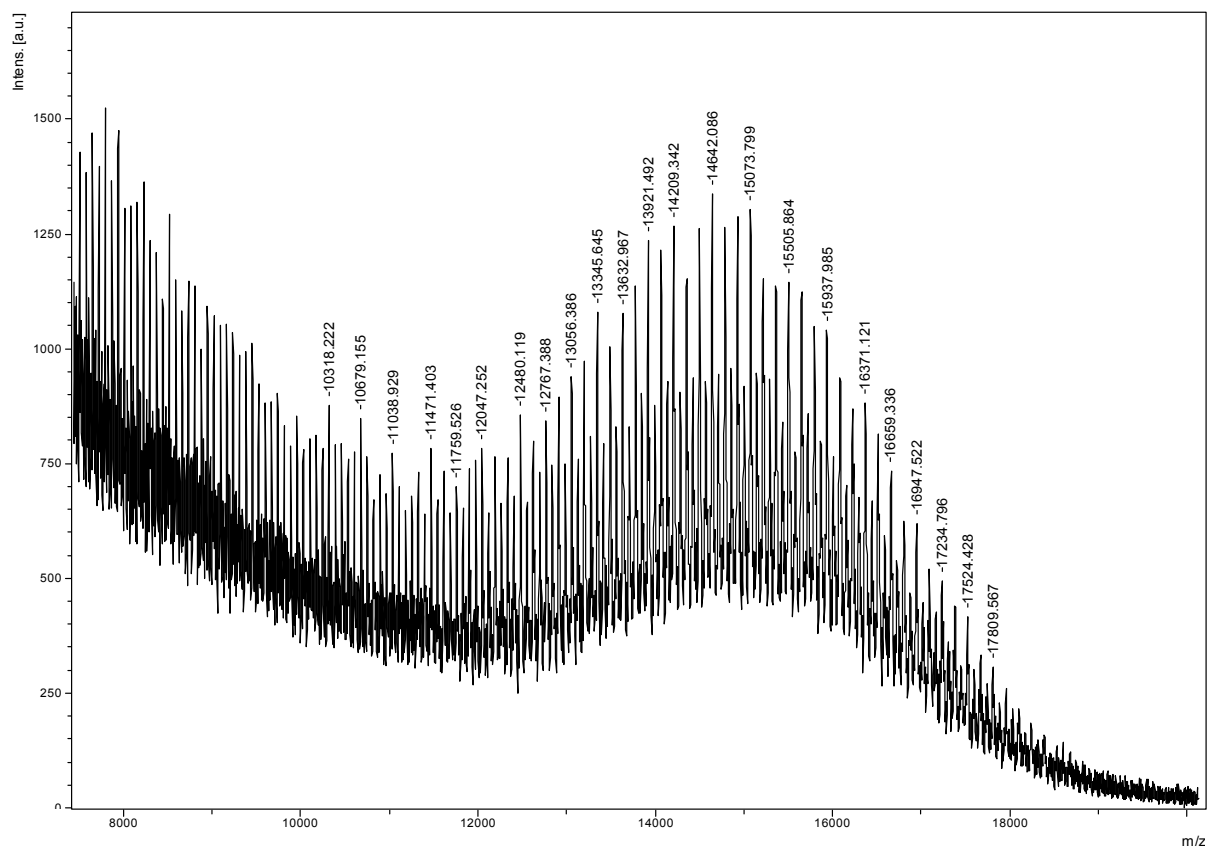


Figure S15: MALDI-TOF mass spectrum (main population: Na^+) of a PLA having a number average molecular weight $\overline{Mn}_{\text{SEC}}$ of 12 200 $\text{g}\cdot\text{mol}^{-1}$, prepared with *rac*-LA/5ⁱPrOH in relative amounts of 1000/1/10 (100% conversion).

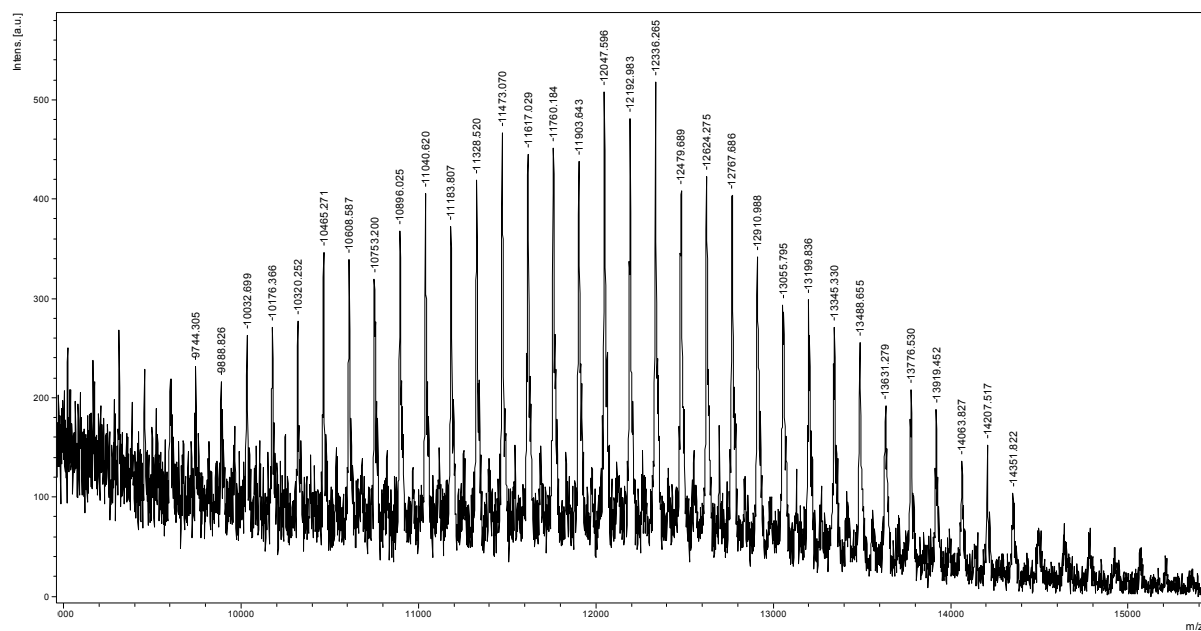


Figure S16: MALDI-TOF mass spectrum (main population: Na^+) of a PLLA having a number average molecular weight $\overline{Mn}_{\text{SEC}}$ of 14 100 $\text{g}\cdot\text{mol}^{-1}$, prepared with L-LA/8/ i PrOH in relative amounts of 5000/1/50 (99% conversion).

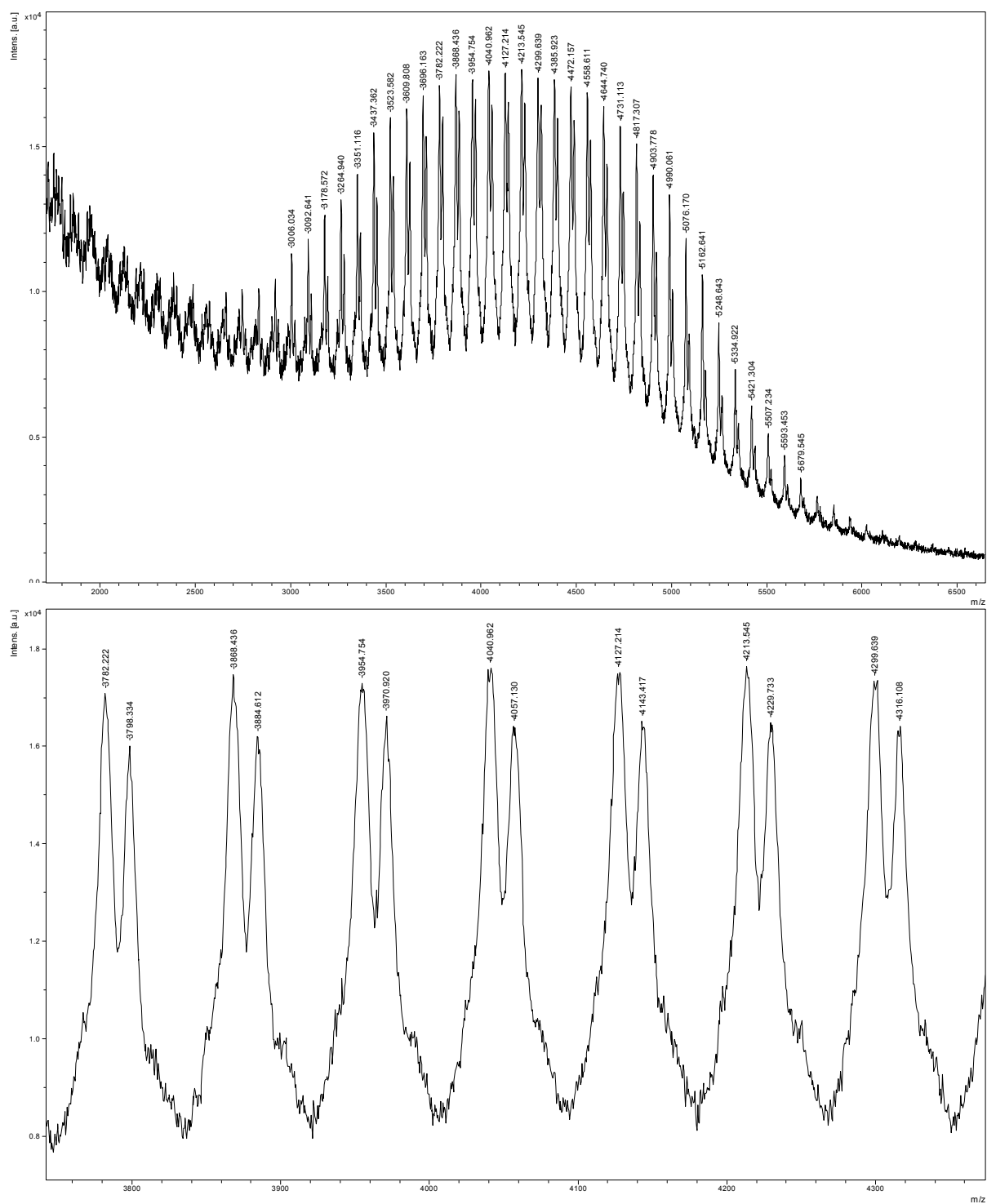


Figure S17: MALDI-TOF mass spectrum (main populations: Na⁺ and K⁺) of a PHB having a number average molecular weight $\overline{Mn}_{SEC}$ of 4300 g·mol⁻¹, prepared with *rac*-BBL/2/ⁱPrOH in relative amounts of 200/1/10 (95 % conversion).