

Magnetic properties of isostructural

$M(H_2O)_4[Au(CN)_4]_2$ -based coordination polymers (M = Mn, Co, Ni, Cu, Zn) by SQUID and μ SR studies

Andrew R. Geisheimer,^a Wen Huang,^b Vighen Pacradouni,^b Seyed Ahmad Sabok-Sayr,^b Jeff E.

Sonier,^{b,c,} and Daniel B. Leznoff^{a,*}*

^aDepartment of Chemistry, ^bDepartment of Physics, Simon Fraser University, 8888 University Drive,
Burnaby, British Columbia, Canada V5A 1S6; ^cCanadian Institute for Advanced Research Toronto,
Ontario, Canada M5G 1Z8

Electronic Supplementary Information

Table S1. Lengths of hydrogen bonds (Å) for $M(H_2O)_4[Au(CN)_4]_2 \cdot 4H_2O$ ($M = Mn, Co, Ni, Zn$) coordination polymers

Selected Atoms	Hydrogen Bond Lengths for $M(H_2O)_4[Au(CN)_4]_2 \cdot 4H_2O$ (Å)			
	Mn	Co	Ni	Zn
O(1) – H(11) ··· O(3) ["]	2.762(6)	2.752(8)	2.735(14)	2.751(10)
O(1) – H(12) ··· N(22)	2.763(6)	2.754(8)	2.749(14)	2.764(10)
O(2) – H(21) ··· N(21) [§]	2.890(6)	2.880(8)	2.901(14)	2.881(10)
O(2) – H(22) ··· O(4) [€]	2.769(6)	2.756(8)	2.762(14)	2.767(10)
O(3) – H(31) ··· O(4) [£]	2.793(6)	2.779(8)	2.765(14)	2.777(10)
O(3) – H(32) ··· N(12)	2.927(6)	2.903(8)	2.913(14)	2.925(10)
O(4) – H(41) ··· O(1)	2.922(6)	2.929(8)	2.933(14)	2.915(10)
O(4) – H(42) ··· O(3)	2.888(6)	2.891(8)	2.911(14)	2.892(10)

Symmetry transformations: ["] = 2-x, 1-y, 2-z; [§] = x, y, 1+z; [€] = 1-x, -y, 2-z; 1-x, [£] = 1-y, 2-z

Table S2. Selected bond lengths (Å) for $Cu(H_2O)_4[Au(CN)_4]_2 \cdot 4H_2O$

Selected Atoms	Bond Length	Selected Atoms	Bond Length
Au(1) – C(11)	1.997(3)	Au(1) – C(13)	1.994(3)
Au(1) – C(12)	1.998(3)	Au(1) – C(14)	1.989(3)
C(11) – N(11)	1.145(3)	C(13) – N(13)	1.146(3)
C(12) – N(12)	1.142(4)	C(14) – N(14)	1.142(4)
Au(2) – C(21)	1.994(4)	Au(2) – C(22)	1.988(3)
C(21) – N(21)	1.143(5)	C(22) – N(22)	1.139(4)
Au(3) – C(31)	1.995(3)	Au(3) – C(32)	1.987(3)
C(31) – N(31)	1.148(4)	C(32) – N(32)	1.144(4)
Cu(1) – O(11)	1.995(2)	Cu(1) – O(12)	1.986(2)
Cu(1) – N(11)	2.312(2)	Cu(2) – O(21)	2.280(2)
Cu(2) – O(22)	1.985(2)	Cu(2) – N(13)	2.010(2)

Selected Atoms	Bond Length	Selected Atoms	Bond Length
Au(1) – N(21)	3.159(3)	Au(1) – N(31)	3.158(3)
Au(2) – N(14)′	3.278(3)	Au(3) – N(12)†	3.156(3)
O(1) – H(11) – O(3)	2.848(5)	O(1) – H(12) – N(14)″	2.879(5)
O(2) – H(21) – O(1)‡	2.899(5)	O(2) – H(22) – O(1)	2.745(5)
O(3) – H(31) – O(21)″	2.800(5)	O(3) – H(32) – O(4)	2.757(5)
O(4) – H(41) – N(12)§	2.882(5)	O(4) – H(42) – O(2)	2.820(5)
O(11) – H(111) – O(1)	2.696(5)	O(11) – H(112) – N(32)¥	2.726(5)
O(12) – H(121) – O(2)	2.711(5)	O(12) – H(122) – N(21)§	2.857(5)
O(21) – H(211) – O(4)§	2.748(5)	O(21) – H(212) – N(22)§	2.785(5)
O(22) – H(221) – O(3)§	2.714(5)	O(12) – H(122) – N(31)‡	2.872(5)

Symmetry transformations: * $\equiv -x, 1-y, -z$; † $\equiv 1+x, y, z$; ‡ $\equiv -1+x, y, z$; ′ $\equiv -1+x, -1+y, z$; ″ $\equiv -x, 2-y, 1-z$; § $\equiv -1-x, 1-y, 1-z$; ¥ $\equiv -x, 1-y, 1-z$; § $\equiv -1-x, 2-y, 1-z$; £ $\equiv -1-x, 1-y, -z$

Table S3. Selected angles (deg) for $\text{Cu}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_4[\text{Au}(\text{CN})_4]_2 \cdot 4\text{H}_2\text{O}$

Selected Atoms	Angle	Selected Atoms	Angle
C(11) – Au(1) – C(12)	90.10(12)	C(12) – Au(1) – C(13)	89.63(12)
C(11) – Au(1) – C(13)	178.93(12)	C(12) – Au(1) – C(14)	179.35(11)
C(11) – Au(1) – C(14)	89.63(12)	C(13) – Au(1) – C(14)	90.94(12)
Au(1) – C(11) – N(11)	179.4(3)	Au(1) – C(13) – N(13)	178.9(3)
Au(1) – C(12) – N(12)	179.9(3)	Au(1) – C(14) – N(14)	179.3(3)
C(11) – N(11) – Cu(1)	169.9(3)	C(13) – N(13) – Cu(2)	175.6(3)
C(12) – N(12) – Au(3)‡	132.4(3)	C(14) – N(14) – Au(2)†	129.0(3)
C(11) – Au(1) – N(21)	74.51(11)	C(13) – Au(1) – N(21)	104.44(11)
C(12) – Au(1) – N(21)	87.98(11)	C(14) – Au(1) – N(21)	92.17(11)
C(11) – Au(1) – N(31)	105.32(11)	C(13) – Au(1) – N(31)	75.71(11)
C(12) – Au(1) – N(31)	88.14(11)	C(14) – Au(1) – N(31)	91.70(11)
N(21) – Au(1) – N(31)	176.12(8)		

Selected Atoms	Angle	Selected Atoms	Angle
C(21) – Au(2) – C(22)	88.38(14)	C(22) – Au(2) – C(21) [§]	91.62(14)
C(21) – Au(2) – C(21) [§]	180	C(22) – Au(2) – C(22) [§]	180
C(21) – Au(2) – C(22) [§]	91.62(14)	C(21) [§] – Au(2) – C(22) [§]	88.38(14)
Au(2) – C(21) – N(21)	178.2(3)	Au(2) – C(22) – N(22)	177.9(3)
C(21) – N(21) – Au(1)	98.5(2)	N(14) [‡] – Au(2) – N(14) [˘]	180
C(21) – Au(2) – N(14) [‡]	75.61(12)	C(21) [§] – Au(2) – N(14) [‡]	104.39(12)
C(22) – Au(2) – N(14) [‡]	107.38(12)	C(22) [§] – Au(2) – N(14) [‡]	72.62(12)
C(31) – Au(3) – C(32)	91.54(13)	C(32) – Au(3) – C(31) [*]	88.46(13)
C(31) – Au(3) – C(31) [*]	180	C(32) – Au(3) – C(32) [*]	180
C(31) – Au(3) – C(32) [*]	88.46(13)	C(31) [*] – Au(3) – C(32) [*]	91.54(13)
Au(3) – C(31) – N(31)	178.4(3)	Au(3) – C(32) – N(32)	178.0(3)
C(31) – N(31) – Au(1)	101.9(2)	N(12) [†] – Au(3) – N(12) [£]	180
C(31) – Au(3) – N(12) [†]	77.40(12)	C(31) [*] – Au(3) – N(12) [†]	102.60(12)
C(32) – Au(3) – N(12) [†]	75.11(12)	C(32) [*] – Au(3) – N(12) [†]	104.89(12)

Symmetry transformations: * $\equiv -x, 1-y, -z$; † $\equiv 1+x, y, z$; ‡ $\equiv -1+x, y, z$; ´ $\equiv -1+x, -1+y, z$; ˘ $\equiv -x, 2-y, 1-z$; § $\equiv -1-x, 1-y, 1-z$; ¶ $\equiv -x, 1-y, 1-z$; § $\equiv -1-x, 2-y, 1-z$; £ $\equiv -1-x, 1-y, -z$

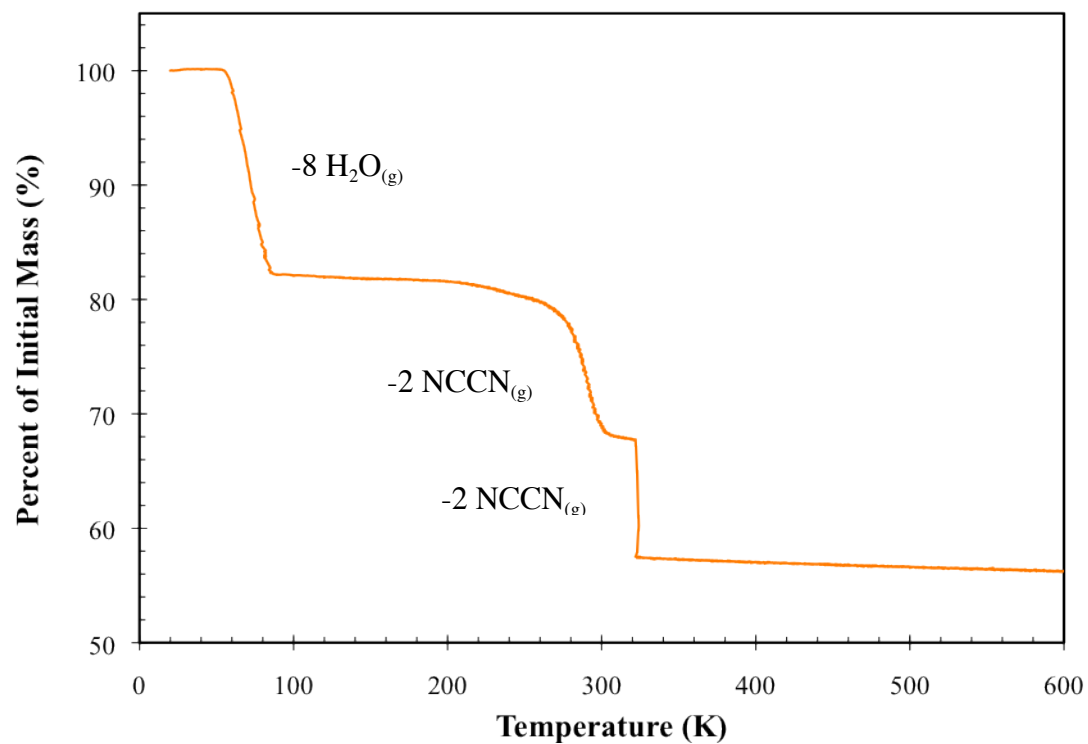


Figure S1. The thermal decomposition profile (TGA) for $\text{Co}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_4[\text{Au}(\text{CN})_4]_2 \cdot 4\text{H}_2\text{O}$, showing loss of eight water molecules and the subsequent, stepwise loss of four equivalents of cyanogen gas.

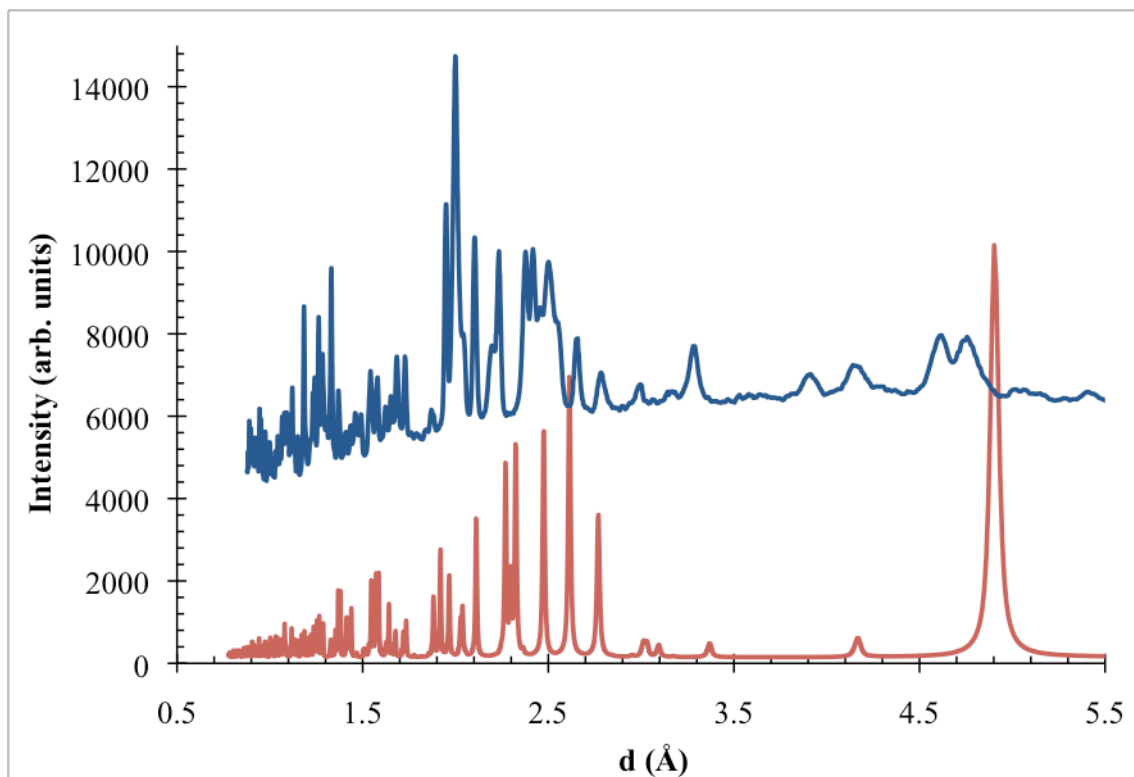


Figure S2 Comparison of the powder X-ray diffraction pattern (generated from the single-crystal data) for $\text{Cu}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_4[\text{Au}(\text{CN})_4]_2 \cdot 4\text{H}_2\text{O}$ (bottom) and experimentally collected (top) for partially-dehydrated $\text{Cu}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_4[\text{Au}(\text{CN})_4]_2$, indicating the lack of isostructurality.