

Supporting Information of

“Mn(C₂O₄)(H₂O)_{0.25}: An Antiferromagnetic Oxalate-based Cage Compound”

By Zhang et al.,

Synthesis:

All reagents are commercially available and used as received without further purification unless otherwise stated. MnCl₂·4H₂O 1.0mmol, H₂C₂O₄·2H₂O 1.0mmol and 8.0ml 1,3-CH₂OHCH₂CHOHCH₃ were sealed in a Teflon-lined stainless steel vessel, heated to 120°C for 72 hours under autogenous pressure, and then cooled to room-temperature. The resulting pink crystals were collected and washed with methanol and then dried in the air at ambient temperature.

Physical Characterizations:

Element analysis of carbon and hydrogen were performed on an Elementar Vario EL analyzer. IR spectra were recorded on a Bio-rad FTS6000 spectrometer for KBr pellet. X-ray diffraction data was collected at 173K on Rigaku diffractometer with confused monochromated Mo K α ($\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ \AA}$) radiation. The structure was solved by direct method and refined by full-matrix least-squares on F^2 using SHELX program, with anisotropic thermal parameters for all non-hydrogen atoms. Hydrogen atoms of H₂O were located by different Fourier map and refined with constrains for the ideal geometry. Powder X-ray diffraction pattern was obtained on a Rigaku RINT2000 diffractometer at room temperature with Cu K α ($\lambda = 1.54056 \text{ \AA}$) radiation in a flat-plate geometry. Magnetization measurements were performed against tightly packed polycrystalline sample in capsule on a Quantum Design MPMS 7XL SQUID system. Susceptibility data were corrected for diamagnetism of sample by Pascal constants ($-42.25 \times 10^{-6} \text{ cm}^3 \text{ mol}^{-1}$) and background by experimental measurement on the sample holder. The ac susceptibility measurement was carried out on a Quantum Design MPMS 5XL SQUID system for polycrystalline sample. Specific heat measurement was carried out on a Quantum Design PPMS 9XL system for polycrystalline sample fixed on sample holder by N-grease. The data was corrected for the contribution of N-grease and sample holder.

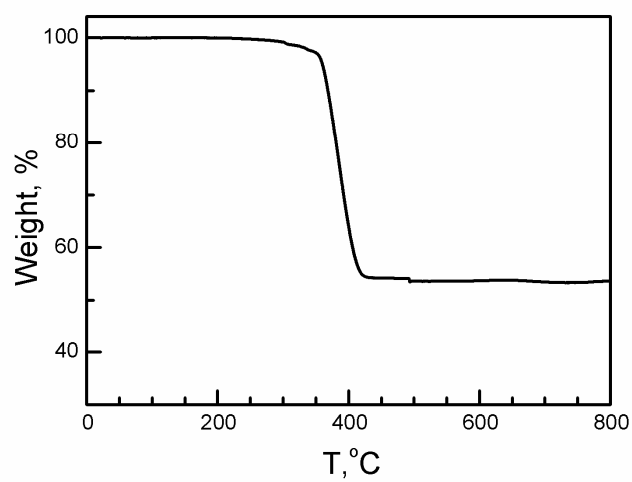


Figure S1. Thermogravimetric analysis plot of $\text{Mn}(\text{C}_2\text{O}_4)(\text{H}_2\text{O})_{0.25}$ (black) measured at a heating rate of $10\text{ }^\circ\text{C}/\text{min}$.

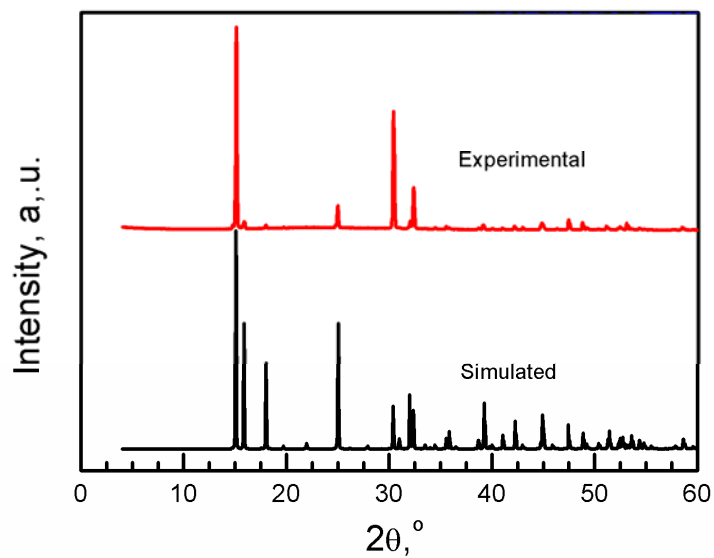


Figure S2. X-ray powder diffraction pattern. Black line: the simulated one based on the single crystal structure of $\text{Mn}(\text{C}_2\text{O}_4)(\text{H}_2\text{O})_{0.25}$; red line: the experiment data from polycrystals.

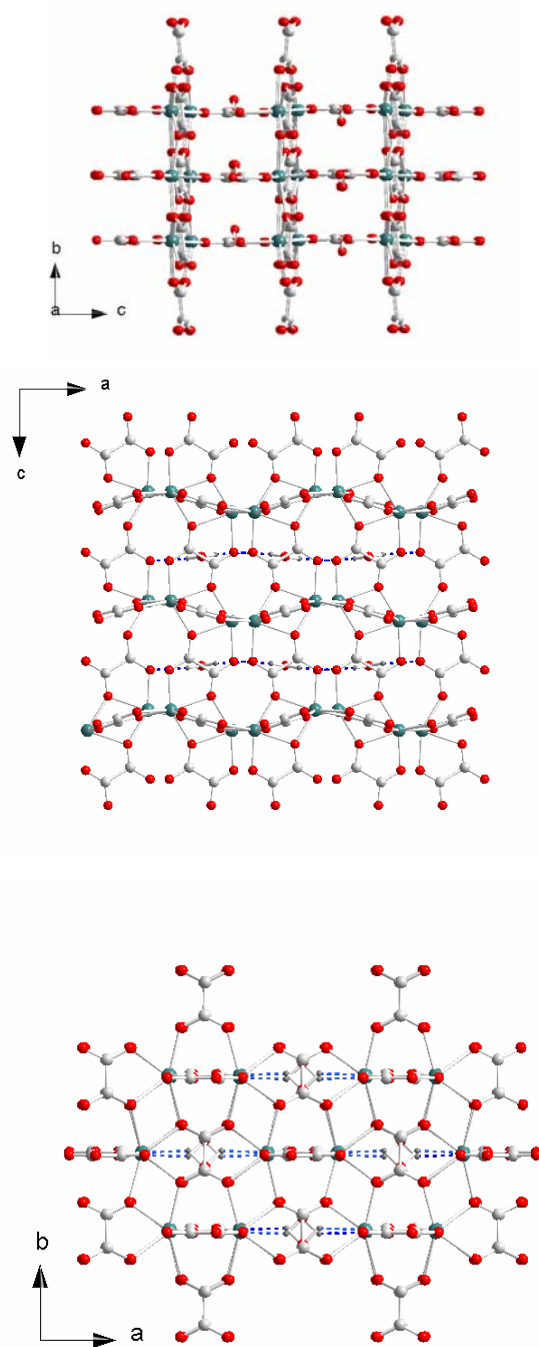


Figure S3. Crystal structure viewed along the *a*, *b*, and *c* axis. Color Code: Mn, green; C, grey; O, red; H, light grey. Dashed blue sticks are hydrogen bonds.

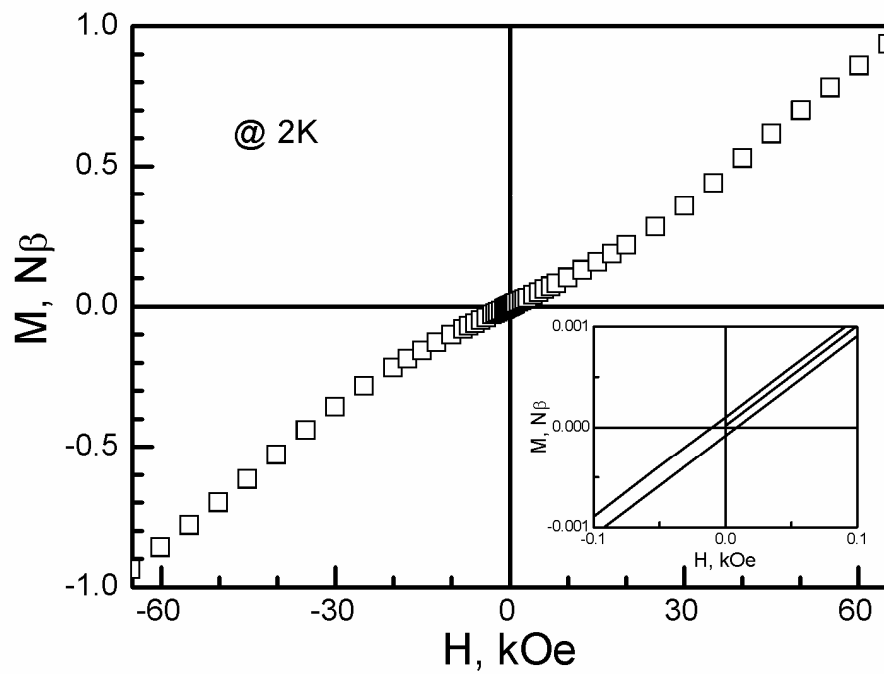


Figure S4. Isothermal magnetization of $\text{Mn}(\text{C}_2\text{O}_4)(\text{H}_2\text{O})_{0.25}$ at 2 K. Inset: low-field of 100 Oe.