Supporting Information

Magnetic Properties of 1:4 Complexes of $CoCl_2$ and Pyridines Carrying Carbenes ($S_0 = 4/2$, 6/2, and 8/2) in Diluted Frozen Solution; Influence of Carbene Multiplicity on Heterospin Single-molecule Magnets.

Satoru Karasawa, Kimihiro Nakano, Jun-ichi Tanokashira, Noriko Yamamoto, Takahito Yoshizaki, and Noboru Koga^{*}

Graduate School of Pharmaceutical Sciences, Kyushu University, 3-1-1 Maidashi, Higashi-ku, Fukuoka, 812-8582 Japan.

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Table S1. List of τ values (sec) estimated by stretch exponential at given temperature.

S7. Figure S7.τ vs T¹ pots of the data collected by ac magnetic susceptibility technique and dc magnetization decay after irradiation of a 1:4 mixture of CoCl₂ and CYpy; Y = 31 (a), 3b (b), and 4 (c) in MTHF frozen solution.



Figure S1. UV-vis spectra changes of **D2bpy** in 2 mM MTHF solution on photolysis at 10 K. Arrows indicate the increasing of the carbene and decreasing of the diazo group by photolysis.



Figure S2-1. Mvs irradiation time plot upon photolysis for D2py at 5 K.



Figure S2-2. *Mvs irradiation time* plot upon photolysis for CoCl₂(**D2py**)₄ at 5 K.



Figure S3. (a) τ vs T^1 plot of the data collected by ac magnetic susceptibility. (b) $\chi'_{mol} T$ vs. T with a 5 Oe ac field oscillating at 1000 (red), 750 (blue), 500 (black), 400 (green), 250 (purple) and 100 (brown) Hz in the presence of 3 kOe dc field for a microcrystalline sample of $[CoCl_2(\mathbf{py})_4]$. The solid line indicates least squares fitting data for (a) and visual guides for (b).





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H/Oe

Figure S4. Plots of hysteresis loops at given temperature after irradiation of 1:4 mixtures of $CoCl_2$ and **CYpy**; **Y** = **2** (a), **31** (b), **3b** (b), and **4** (d) in frozen MTHF solution with a sweeping rate of 0.36 kOe/sec. Individual inset indicate *H*c vs *T* (left axis) and *M*r vs *T*(right axis) plots, respectively.

S5



Figure S5. Plots of $\chi'_{mol} T$ vs. Tobtained after irradiation of a 1:4 mixture (5.0 –1.5 mM) of CoCl₂ (CYpy)₄; **Y** = (a) **2**, (b) **31**, (c) **3b**, and (d) **4**, in frozen MTHF solution with a 5 Oe ac field oscillating at 1000 (red), 500 (blue), 100 (black), 10 (green), 5 (deep red) and 1(brown) Hz. The solid lines are visual guides.









Figure S6. Dc magnetization decays at the indicated temperatures after irradiation of 1:4 mixtures of CoCl₂ and **CYpy**; $\mathbf{Y} = 3\mathbf{l}(\mathbf{a})$, $3\mathbf{b}(\mathbf{b})$, and $4(\mathbf{c})$ in frozen solution. Solid lines show fittings by the

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stretched exponential equation.

Table S1.

List of τ values (sec) estimated by stretch exponential at given temperature.

	$CoCl_2(C2py)_4$	$CoCl_2(C3lpy)_4$	$CoCl_2(C3bpy)_4$	$CoCl_2(C4py)_4$
1.9 K	$> 5 \times 10^{5}$	$> 5 \times 10^{5}$	_	$> 5 \times 10^{5}$
2.0 K	$> 5 \times 10^{5}$			
2.1 K	3.9×10^5	$> 5 \times 10^5$	_	$> 5 \times 10^{5}$
2.2 K	1.9×10^5	3.8×10^5	$> 5 \times 10^{5}$	$> 5 \times 10^{5}$
2.4 K	$8.0 imes 10^4$	$8.9 imes 10^4$	$> 5 \times 10^{5}$	4.7×10^{5}
2.6 K	$5.7 imes 10^4$	$2.5 imes 10^4$	1.2×10^{5}	6.0×10^{4}
2.8 K	1.2×10^4	6.0×10^{3}	1.4×10^4	8.9×10^{3}
3.0 K	2.7×10^3	1.6×10^{3}	2.3×10^3	1.6×10^{3}
3.25 K	-	4.6×10^2	3.3×10^2	-

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Figure S7. τ vs T^1 pots of the data collected by ac magnetic susceptibility technique (red circle) and dc magnetization decay (blue square) after irradiation of 1:4 mixture of CoCl₂ and **CYpy**; **Y** = **31** (a), **3b** (b), and **4** (c) in MTHF frozen solution. The solid lines are the least-squares fits of the ac data according to the Arrhenius equation.