Supplementary materials

The zinc-binding fragment of HypA from *Helicobacter pylori*: a tempting site also for nickel ions

Magdalena Rowinska-Zyrek,^a Slawomir Potocki,^a Danuta Witkowska,^a Daniela Valensin,^b and Henryk Kozlowski^{*a}

 ^a Department of Chemistry, University of Wroclaw, F. Joliot-Curie 14, 50-383 Wroclaw, Poland; henryk.kozlowski@chem.uni.wroc.pl
^b Department of Chemistry, University of Siena, via Aldo Moro, 53100 Siena, Italy

Ac-ELECKDCSHVFKPNALDYGVCEKCHS-NH₂ + 1eq. Zn^{2+}



A

Ac-ELECKDCSHVFKPNALDYGVCEKCHS-NH₂ + 1eq. Ni²⁺



B

Fig. 1S. ESI-MS spectra of a system containing the HypA protein fragment Ac-ELECKDCSHVFKPNALDYGVCEKCHS- NH_2 , with (A) Zn^{2+} and (B) Ni^{2+} ions in a 1 : 1 stoichiometry. Signals that correspond to the complexes from Fig. 1 in the main text are shown in the upper part of each figure; below, simulated spectra are shown. Initial pH was 7.4. M/z ratio of all the shown species = 4.



B

Fig. 2S. UV-Vis (A) and CD spectra (B) for Ni^{2+} complex of the HypA protein fragment (Ac-ELECKDCSHVFKPNALDYGVCEKCHS-NH₂). Spectra were recorded at 298K, at the given pH values. The ligand concentration was 1 x 10⁻³ M and metal to ligand molar ratios were 1:2 and 1:1.1.



ELECKDCSHVFKPNALDYGVCEKCHS

Fig. 3S. Aliphatic regions of ${}^{1}\text{H}{}^{-1}\text{H}$ TOCSY spectra of HypA 1x10 ${}^{-3}\text{M}$, pH 10.5, T 298K in absence (black contours) and in presence (green contours) of 0.9 Ni ${}^{2+}$ eqs. The new appearing correlations are shown in the frames and the corresponding residues are shown in red in the peptide sequences.



Fig. 4S. CD spectra of Ni^{2+} complexes of the HypA protein fragment (Ac-ELECKDCSHVFKPNALDYGVCEKCHS-NH₂) at pH 7.4, titrated with Zn^{2+} ions at a step of 0.2 molar equivalents. Final Zn^{2+} : Ni^{2+} : L ratio = 1 : 1 : 1, pH= 7.4.