Supplementary Information

Anti-Leishmanial Activity of Heteroleptic Organometallic Sb(V) Compounds

Muhammad Irshad Ali, Muhammad Khawar Rauf, Amin Badshah, Ish Kumar, Craig M. Forsyth, Peter C. Junk, Lukasz Kedzierski, Philip C. Andrews*

Contents:

- 1. Experimental data for compounds 12 26
- Figure S1: Comparison of ¹H NMR spectra for compound 2 in DMSO/D₂O taken at T = 0
- 3. Figure S2 ¹H NMR spectra for compound 2 in DMSO/D₂O taken at T = 3 days.
- 4. Figure S3: ¹H NMR spectrum of Sb(*p*-Tolyl)₃Br₂ in D₆-DMSO
- 5. Figure S4: ¹H NMR spectrum of *m*-methoxybenzoic acid in D₆-DMSO
- 6. Figure S5: Cyclic voltammetry study on compound 2.
- 7. Table S1: Calculated CLogP values for compounds 1 26.
- 8. Figure S6: Molecular diagram of [SbPh₃(*m*-CH₃C₆H₄CH₂CO₂)₂], 13.
- 9. Figure S7: Effects of compounds 1-26 on *L. major* promastigotes (closed circles) and human fibroblasts (open circles).

General Synthetic Procedure (GP)

All reactions were conducted using 5.0 mmol of antimony(V) dibromide precursor and 10.0 mmol of potassium or sodium salt of carboxylic acid. Aryl substituted antimony(V) dibromide was ground together with the chosen carboxylic acid salt and dried in vacuo prior to use. The mixture of reagents were placed in a Schlenk flask with dried toluene (ca 100 mL) and stirred for 12 hours. The salt(s) formed were filtered off and the resulting clear solution was removed under reduced pressure to yield a solid residue.

Synthesis of bis-(2-thiophenecarboxylato)triphenylantimony(V), [SbPh₃(C₄H₃SCO₂)₂], 12

Reaction of triphenylantimony(V) dibromide (2.56 g, 5 mmol) with the potassium salt of 2-thiophenecarboxylic acid (1.66 g, 10 mmol) was performed and purified according to **GP**, producing a colourless solid. This was identified as **12**. Yield: 84 %. Melting point: 130-131 °C. FT-IR (KBr, cm⁻¹) 3127 (m), 3055 (m), 1616 (s), 1524 (s), 1478 (m), 1417 (s), 1361 (m), 1300 (s, br), 1170 (w), 1130 (w), 1103 (m), 1020 (w), 854 (m), 807 (s), 763 (m), 688 (m, br), 511 (m, br), 457 (m, br), 419 (s). Elemental Analysis; (C₂₈H₂₁S₂O₄Sb), Calc (Found): C 55.37 (55.22), H 3.49 (3.48), S 10.56 (10.55)%. ¹H-NMR (300MHz, CDCl₃, 30 °C) δ = 8.18 (dd, 6H, ³*J* = 7.5 Hz, ⁴*J* = 4.2 Hz, Ar*H*), 7.64 (dd, 2H, ³*J* = 3.6 Hz, ⁴*J* = 1.2 Hz, thiophene-*H*), 7.52-7.57 (m, 9H, Ar*H*), 7.44 (dd, 2H, ³*J* = 5.1 Hz, ⁴*J* = 3.6 Hz, thiophene-*H*), 7.03 (t, 2H, ³*J* = 4.8 Hz, thiophene-*H*). ¹³C-NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃, 30 °C) δ = 166.7 (*C*=O), 137.9 (Sb-*C*), 136.9 (Ar-*C*), 134.0 (thiopene-*C*), 132.5 (thiopene-*C*), 131.8 (Ar-*C*), 131.1 (thiopene-C), 129.6 (Ar-*C*), 127.5 (Ar-*C*).

Synthesis of bis-(2-(m-tolyl)acetate)triphenylantimony(V), [SbPh₃(*m*-CH₃C₆H₄CH₂CO₂)₂], 13

Reaction of triphenylantimony(V) dibromide (2.56 g, 5 mmol) with potassium salt of 2-(*m*-tolyl)acetic acid (1.88 g, 10 mmol) was performed and purified according to **GP**, producing a white crystalline solid. This was identified as **13**. Yield: 87%. Melting point: 76-77 °C. FT-IR (KBr, cm⁻¹): 3058 (m), 3010 (w), 2950 (w), 1640 (s), 1502 (m), 1434 (m), 1336 (s, br), 1183 (w), 1133 (m), 1066 (m), 994 (m), 801 (w), 730 (s), 690 (s), 656 (m), 547 (m), 455 (s, br), 323 (m), 282 (m). Elemental Analysis;

(C₃₆H₃₃O₄Sb), Calc (Found): C 66.35 (66.38), H 5.12 (5.11)%. ¹H-NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃, 30 °C): δ = 8.18 (dd, ³*J* = 7.5 Hz, ⁴*J* = 2.4 Hz, 6H, Ar*H*), 7.83-7.85 (m, 4H, Ar*H*), 7.52-7.58 (m, 7H, Ar*H*), 7.26-7.31 (m, 6H, Ar*H*), 3.77 (s, 4H, C*H*₂), 2.39 (s, 6H, C*H*₃). ¹³C-NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃, 30 °C): δ = 170.3 (*C*=O), 138.4 (Sb-C), 137.7 (Ar-C), 133.8 (Ar-C), 132.9 (Ar-C), 132.4 (Ar-C), 131.2 (Ar-C), 130.5 (Ar-C), 129.3 (Ar-C), 127.8 (Ar-C), 127.0 (Ar-C), 43.2 (-CH₂), 21.32 (-CH₃).

Synthesis of bis-(2-methoxybenzoato)triphenylantimony(V),

[SbPh₃(o-OCH₃C₆H₄CO₂)₂], 14

Reaction of triphenylantimony(V) dibromide (2.56 g, 5 mmol) with potassium salt of 2-methoxybenzoic acid (1.90 g, 10 mmol) was performed and purified according to **GP**, producing a white crystalline solid. This was identified as **14**. Yield: 85%. Melting point: 90-93°C. FT-IR (KBr, cm⁻¹): 3054 (m), 2987 (m), 2832 (m), 1595 (s), 1576 (sh), 1462 (m), 1346 (s, br), 1256 (s, br), 1143 (w), 1018 (w), 858 (m), 742 (m), 692 (m), 615 (w), 557 (w), 452 (s, br), 268 (m). Elemental Analysis; (C₃₄H₂₉O₆Sb), Calc (Found): C 62.31 (62.27), H 4.46 (4.45)%. ¹H-NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃, 30 °C) δ = 8.26 (dd, 6H, ³*J* = 7.2 Hz, ⁴*J* = 3.3 Hz, Ar*H*), 7.66 (dd, 2H, ³*J* = 7.5 Hz, ⁴*J* = 1.5 Hz, Ar*H*), 7.46-7.52 (m, 9H, Ar*H*), 7.34-7.37 (m, 4H, Ar*H*), 6.90 (d, 2H, ³*J* = 7.5 Hz, Ar*H*), 3.85 (s, 6H, OC*H*₃). ¹³C-NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃, 30 °C) δ = 170.1 (*C*=O), 158.7 (COCH₃), 138.0 (Sb-C), 136.2 (Ar-C), 134.2 (Ar-C), 132.2 (Ar-C), 131.8 (Ar-C), 130.9 (Ar-C), 129.2 (Ar-C), 120.0 (Ar-*C*), 112.0 (Ar-*C*), 55.3 (OCH₃).

Synthesis of bis-(phenoxyacetato)triphenylantimony(V),

[SbPh₃(C₆H₅OCH₂CO₂)₂], 15

Reaction of triphenylantimony(V)dibromide (2.56 g, 5 mmol) with potassium salt of phenoxyacetic acid (1.90 g, 10 mmol) was performed and purified according to **GP**, producing a colorless solid. This was identified as **15**. Yield: 86%. Melting point: 70-71 °C. FT-IR (KBr, cm⁻¹): 3053 (m), 2915 (m), 2675 (m), 1668 (s), 1596 (s), 1490 (s), 1431 (s), 1316 (s, br), 1255 (w), 1216 (m), 1068 (m, br), 895 (m, br), 748 (m), 689 (m), 595 (w), 453 (m), 412 (m), 292 (m), 260 (m). Elemental Analysis; (C₃₄H₂₉O₆Sb), Calc (Found): C 62.31 (62.27), H 4.46 (4.45)%. ¹H-NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃, 30 °C) δ = 7.94 (dd, 6H, ³J = 7.5 Hz, ⁴J = 1.2 Hz, ArH), 7.48-7.57 (m, 10H, ArH), 7.35-7.40

(m, 7H, Ar*H*), 7.20 (t, 2H, ${}^{3}J$ = 7.5 Hz, Ar*H*), 4.14 (s, 4H, C*H*₂). 13 C-NMR (75MHz, CDCl₃, 30 °C) δ =172.3 (*C*=O), 157.9 (COCH₂), 136.2 (Ar-*C*), 134.1 (Ar-*C*), 131.6 (Ar-*C*), 129.4 (Ar-*C*), 128.8 (Ar-*C*), 128.5 (Ar-*C*), 114.4 (Ar-*C*), 65.8 (*C*H₂).

Synthesis of bis-(furan-2-carboxylato)triphenylantimony(V),

[SbPh₃(C₄ H₃OCO₂)₂], 16

Reaction of triphenylantimony(V) dibromide (2.56 g, 5 mmol) with potassium salt of furan-2-carboxylic acid (1.50 g, 10 mmol) was performed and purified according to **GP**, producing a white crystalline solid. This was identified as **16**. Yield: 91%. Melting point: 189-190 °C. FT-IR (KBr, cm⁻¹): 3125 (m), 3057 (m), 1639 (s), 1578 (w, sh), 1479 (s), 1433 (m), 1341 (s, br), 1182 (s), 1132 (m), 1068 (m), 1014 (m, br), 929 (m), 812 (s), 769 (m), 735 (m), 685 (m, br), 609 (w), 550 (m), 453 (s, br), 331 (w), 302 (w), 269 (m). Elemental Analysis; (C₂₈H₂₁O₆Sb), Calc (Found): C 58.44 (58.46), H 3.67 (3.68)%. ¹H-NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃, 30 °C): $\delta = 8.17$ (dd, ³*J* = 7.5 Hz, ⁴*J* = 4.2 Hz, 6H, Ar*H*), 7.50-7.55 (m, 9H, Ar*H*), 7.45 (d, ³*J* = 3.4 Hz, 2H, furyl-*H*), 7.02 (d, ³*J* = 3.3 Hz, ⁴*J* = 1.8 Hz, 2H, furyl-*H*), 6.39 (dd, ³*J* = 3.3 Hz, ⁴*J* = 1.8 Hz, 2H, furyl-*H*), 6.39 (dd, ³*J* = 3.3 Hz, ⁴*J* = 1.8 Hz, 2H, furyl-*H*), 1³C-NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃, 30 °C): $\delta = 161.8$ (*C*=O), 146.9 (furyl-*C*), 145.3 (*C*-COO), 136.9 (Ar-*C*), 134.1 (Ar-*C*), 131.4 (Ar-*C*), 129.5 (Ar-*C*), 116.6 (furyl-*C*), 114.4 (furyl-*C*).

Reaction of bis-(3-phenyl-2-propenato)triphenylantimony(V), [SbPh₃(C₆ H₅CH=CHCO₂)₂], 17

Reaction of triphenylantimony(V) dibromide (2.56 g, 5 mmol) with potassium salt of cinnamic acid (1.86 g, 10 mmol) was performed and purified according to GP, producing a colourless solid. This was identified as **17**. Yield: 73%. Melting point: 160-163 °C. FT-IR (KBr, cm⁻¹): 3050 (m), 1641 (s), 1566 (s), 1482 (m), 1437 (m), 1363 (s, br), 1196 (m), 1068 (m), 969 (m), 869 (m), 744 (s), 686 (s), 587 (m), 540 (w), 458 (s, br), 362 (m), 318 (m). Elemental Analysis; (C₃₆H₂₉O₄Sb), Calc (Found): C 66.79 (66.71), H 4.52 (4.50)%. ¹H-NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃, 30 °C) δ = 8.16 (dd, 6H, ³*J* = 7.5 Hz, ⁴*J* = 3.2 Hz, Ar*H*), 7.54-7.58 (m, 10H, Ar*H*), 7.45-7.50 (m, 6H, Ar*H*, -C*H*=CH-), 7.34-7.37 (m, 5H, Ar*H*), 6.39 (d, 2H, ³*J* = 7.5 Hz, -CH=C*H*). ¹³C-NMR (75MHz, CDCl₃, 30 °C) δ = 170.9 (*C*=O), 143.5 (-*C*H=C*H*),

138.7 (Ar-*C*), 134.9 (Ar-*C*), 133.9 (Ar-*C*), 131.1 (Ar-*C*), 129.8 (Ar-*C*), 129.4 (Ar-*C*), 128.7 (Ar-*C*), 127.9 (Ar-*C*), 120.9 (-CH=*C*H).

Synthesis of bis-(2-methylbenzoato)triphenylantimony(V),

[SbPh₃(o-C H₃C₆H₄CO₂)₂], 18

Reaction of triphenylantimony(V) dibromide (2.56 g, 5 mmol) with potassium salt of 2-methylbenzoic acid (1.74 g, 10 mmol) was performed and purified according to **GP**, producing a colourless solid. This was identified as **18**. Yield: 89%. Melting point: 71-72 °C. FT-IR (KBr, cm⁻¹): 3057 (m), 2966 (m), 1637 (s, br), 1478 (m), 1433 (s), 1317 (s, br), 1275 (w), 1145 (m), 1084 (w), 994 (w), 858 (m), 788 (m), 736 (s), 690 (m), 567 (s), 451 (m), 301 (m). Elemental Analysis; (C₃₆H₂₉O₄Sb), Calc (Found): C 65.61 (65.51), H 4.69 (4.67)%. ¹H-NMR (300MHz, CDCl₃, 30 °C) δ = 8.20 (dd, 6H, ³*J* = 6.9 Hz, ⁴*J* = 3.4 Hz, Ar*H*), 7.80 (d, 2H, ³*J* = 7.2 Hz, Ar*H*), 7.51-7.53 (m, 9H, Ar*H*), 7.32 (t, 2H, ³*J* = 7.5 Hz, Ar*H*), 7.15-7.22 (m, 4H, Ar*H*), 2.42 (s, 6H, -C*H*₃). ¹³C-NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃, 30 °C) δ = 172.6 (*C*=O), 139.5 (*C*-CH₃), 134.0 (Ar-*C*), 132.4 (Ar-*C*), 131.2 (Ar-*C*), 131.0 (Ar-*C*), 130.6 (Ar-*C*), 130.2 (Ar-*C*), 129.3 (Ar-*C*), 128.3 (Ar-*C*), 125.4 (Ar-*C*), 21.62 (-CH₃).

Synthesis of bis-(4-methoxybenzoato)tribenzylantimony(V),

[Sb(C₆H₅CH₂)₃(*p*-OCH₃C₆H₄CO₂)₂], 19

Reaction of tribenzylantimony(V)dibromide (2.78 g, 5 mmol) with potassium salt of 4-methoxybenzoic acid (1.90 g, 10 mmol) was performed and purified according to **GP**, producing a white solid. This was identified as **19**. Yield: 89%. Melting point: 126-129 °C. FT-IR (KBr, cm⁻¹): 3046 (m), 2991 (m), 2832 (m), 1637 (s), 1591 (s), 1569 (w), 1467 (m), 1353 (s, br), 1241 (s, br), 1141 (w), 1013 (w), 852 (m), 741 (m), 689 (m), 615 (w), 565 (w), 452 (s, br), 262 (m). Elemental Analysis; (C₃₇H₃₅O₆Sb), Calc (Found): C 63.72 (63.58), H 5.06 (5.05)%. ¹H-NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃, 30 °C) δ = 8.10 (d, 4H, ³*J* = 6.9 Hz, Ar*H*), 7.29-7.34 (m, 6H, Ar*H*) 7.20-7.24 (m, 9H, Ar*H*), 6.97 (d, 4H, ³*J* = 6.9 Hz, Ar*H*), 3.90 (s, 6H, -OC*H*₃), 2.95 (s, 6H, -C*H*₂-). ¹³C-NMR (75MHz, CDCl₃, 30 °C) δ = 163.4 (*C*=O), 141.8 (COCH₃), 132.3 (Ar-*C*), 129.1 (Ar-*C*), 128.4 (Ar-*C*), 128.3 (Ar-*C*), 128.1 (Ar-*C*), 125.9 (Ar-*C*), 121.7 (Ar-*C*), 55.5 (-OCH₃), 37.9 (-CH₂).

Synthesis of bis-(2-methoxybenzoato)tris-(o-tolyl)antimony(V), [Sb(*o*-CH₃C₆H₄)₃(*o*-OCH₃C₆H₄CO₂)₂], 20

Reaction of *tris*-(*o*-tolyl)antimony(V)dibromide (2.78 g, 5 mmol) with potassium salt of 2-methoxybenzoic acid (1.90 g, 10 mmol) was performed and purified according to **GP**, producing a white crystalline solid. This was identified as **20**. Yield: 84%. Melting point: 174-175 °C. FT-IR (KBr, cm⁻¹) 3054 (m), 2934 (m), 2892 (m), 1639 (s), 1595 (m), 1462 (s, br), 1321 (s), 1248 (m), 1165 (m), 1134 (m), 1095 (w), 1019 (m), 845 (m), 750 (s), 704 (w), 657 (m), 568 (m), 436 (s), 280 (m). Elemental Analysis; (C₃₇H₃₅O₆Sb), Calc (Found): C 63.72 (63.61), H 5.06 (5.06)%. ¹H-NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃, 30 °C) δ = 8.47 (dd, 3H, ³*J* = 7.2 Hz, ⁴*J* =1.2 Hz, Ar*H*), 7.26-7.47 (m, 13H, Ar*H*), 6.78-6.83 (m, 4H, Ar*H*), 3.61 (s, 6H, -OC*H*₃), 2.60 (s, 9H, -C*H*₃). ¹³C-NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃, 30 °C) δ 169.3 (*C*=O), 158.4 (2C), 142.1 (3C), 138.8 (3C), 135.1 (2C), 134.9 (3C), 131.8 (3C), 131.3 (3C), 131.1 (2C), 128.9 (2C), 126.8 (3C), 122.3 (2C), 119.7 (2C), 55.4 (-OCH₃), 23.5 (-CH₃).

$\label{eq:synthesis} Synthesis of bis-(4-methoxybenzoato)tris-(o-tolyl)antimony(V), \\ [Sb(\textit{o-CH}_3C_6H_4)_3(\textit{p-OCH}_3C_6H_4CO_2)_2], 21$

Reaction of *tris*-(*o*-tolyl)antimony(V)dibromide (2.78 g, 5 mmol) with potassium salt of 4-methoxybenzoic acid (1.90 g, 10 mmol) was performed and purified according to **GP**, producing a white crystalline solid. This was identified as **21**. Yield: 84%. Melting point: 190-193 °C. FT-IR (KBr, cm⁻¹): 3048 (m), 2931 (m), 2889 (m), 1647 (s), 1901 (s), 1507 (m), 1461 (m), 1314 (s), 1255 (s), 1161(s), 1121 (m), 1027 (s), 850 (m), 751(s), 696 (m), 616 (m), 558 (m), 441 (m), 376 (w), 292 (w), 266 (m). Elemental Analysis; (C₃₇H₃₅O₆Sb), Calc (Found): C 63.72 (63.67), H 5.06 (5.03)%. ¹H-NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃, 30 °C) δ = 8.46 (d, 3H, ³*J* = 7.5 Hz, Ar*H*), 7.74 (d, 4H, ³*J* = 6.9 Hz, Ar*H*), 7.34-7.46 (m, 9H, Ar*H*), 6.79 (d, 4H, ³*J* = 7.5 Hz, Ar*H*), 3.80 (s, 6H, -OC*H*₃), 2.60 (s, 9H, -C*H*₃). ¹³C-NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃, 30 °C) δ = 168.2 (*C*=O), 162.2 (*C*OCH₃), 141.9 (Sb-*C*), 139.4 (*C*-CH₃), 134.9 (Ar-*C*), 131.6 (Ar-*C*), 131.4 (Ar-*C*), 131.0 (Ar-*C*), 126.7 (Ar-*C*), 126.2 (Ar-*C*), 113.0 (Ar-*C*), 55.3 (-OCH₃), 23.5 (-CH₃).

Synthesis of bis-(2-phenylacetato)tris-(o-tolyl)antimony(V),

[Sb(o-CH₃C₆H₄)₃(C₆H₅CH₂CO₂)₂], 22

Reaction of *tris*-(*o*-tolyl)antimony(V)dibromide (2.78 g, 5 mmol) with potassium salt of phenylacetic acid (1.74 g, 10 mmol) was performed and purified according to **GP**, producing a colourless solid. This was identified as **22**. Yield: 86%. Melting point: 158-160 °C. FT-IR (KBr, cm⁻¹): 3050 (m), 2934 (m), 2897 (m), 1656 (s), 1448 (s, br), 1307 (s, br), 1130 (s), 934 (m), 751 (s), 728 (s), 697 (m), 650 (s), 516 (m), 439 (w), 341 (m), 317 (m), 262 (m). Elemental Analysis; (C₃₇H₃₅O₄Sb), Calc (Found): C 66.78 (66.61), H 5.30 (5.29)%. ¹H-NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃, 30 °C) δ = 7.98 (d, 3H, ³J = 7.5 Hz, Ar*H*), 7.41 (t, 2H, ³J = 7.5 Hz, Ar*H*), 7.24-7.29 (m, 6H, Ar*H*), 7.10-7.19 (m, 7H, Ar*H*), 6.92 (d, 4H, ³J = 6.9 Hz, Ar*H*), 3.31 (s, 4H, -CH₂-), 2.34 (s, 9H, -CH₃). ¹³C-NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃, 30 °C) δ = 173.4 (C=O), 142.0 (Sb-C), 138.9 (C-CH₃), 135.8 (Ar-C), 134.6 (Ar-C), 131.5 (Ar-C), 130.9 (Ar-C), 129.3 (Ar-C), 128.0 (Ar-C), 126.4 (Ar-C), 126.2 (Ar-C), 44.0 (-CH₂), 23.3 (-CH₃).

Synthesis of bis-[2-(2,3-dimethylphenyl)aminobenzoato)tris-(o-tolyl)antimony(V),

$[Sb(\textit{o-CH}_{3}C_{6}H_{4})_{3}\{C_{6}H_{3}(CH_{3})_{2}NHC_{6}H_{4}CO_{2}\}_{2}],\,23$

Reaction of tris-(o-tolyl)antimony(V)dibromide (2.78 g, 5 mmol) with potassium salt of 2-(2,3-dimethylphenyl)aminobenzoic acid (2.80 g, 10 mmol) was performed and purified according to GP, producing a white crystalline solid. This was identifies as 23. Yield: 84%. Melting point: 172-174 °C. FT-IR (KBr, cm⁻¹): 3420 (m, br), 3271 (m), 3090 (m), 2932 (m), 1630 (s), 1577 (s), 1505 (s), 1450 (m), 1334 (m), 1255 (s, br), 1154 (m), 1081 (w), 847 (w), 746 (s), 568 (m), 448 (s), 345 (m), 323 (m), 264 (m). Elemental Analysis; $(C_{51}H_{49}N_2O_4Sb)$, Calc (Found): C 69.95 (69.87), H 5.60 (5.59), N 3.20 (3.11)%. ¹H-NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃ 30 °C) δ = 9.34 (s, 2H, -NH). 8.58 (d, 3H, ${}^{3}J$ = 7.5 Hz, ArH), 7.83 (d, 2H, ${}^{3}J$ = 7.5 Hz, ArH), 7.38-7.48 (m, 9H, ArH), 7.01-7.21 (m, 8H, ArH), 6.73 (d, 2H, ${}^{3}J = 7.4$ Hz, ArH), 6.62 (t, 2H, ${}^{3}J = 7.2$ Hz, ArH), 2.71 (s, 9H, -CH₃), 2.36 (s, 6H, -CH₃), 2.01 (s, 6H, -CH₃). ¹³C-NMR (75MHz, CDCl₃ 30 °C) δ = 170.8 (C=O), 149.1 (C-COO), 142.1 (Sb-C), 139.6 (C-NH), 139.4 (C-NH), 137.9 (C-CH₃), 134.9 (C-CH₃), 132.9 (C-CH₃), 132.4 (Ar-C), 132.2 (Ar-C), 131.8 (Ar-C), 131.1 (Ar-C), 126.7 (Ar-C), 126.3 (Ar-C), 125.7 (Ar-C), 123.2 (Ar-C), 115.6 (Ar-C), 114.5 (Ar-*C*), 113.1 (Ar-*C*), 23.7 (-*C*H₃), 20.7 (-*C*H₃), 13.9 (-*C*H₃)

Synthesis of bis-(4-bromobenzoato)tris-(o-tolyl)antimony(V),

[Sb(o-CH₃C₆H₄)₃(p-BrC₆H₄CO₂)₂], 24

Reaction of *tris*-(*o*-tolyl)antimony(V)dibromide (2.78 g, 5 mmol) with sodium salt of 3-bromophenylacetic acid (2.37 g, 10 mmol) was performed and purified according to **GP**, producing a brownish solid. This was identified as **25**. Yield: 79%. Melting point: 236-237 °C. FT-IR (KBr, cm⁻¹): 3048 (m), 2930 (m), 2899 (m), 1633 (s), 1581 (m), 1444 (s, br), 1349 (w), 1271 (m), 1199 (m), 1117 (m), 1027 (m), 743 (s), 634 (s, br), 561 (m), 468 (m), 453 (s), 394 (m), 293 (m). Elemental Analysis; (C₃₇H₃₃Br₂O₄Sb), Calc (Found): C 53.98 (53.81), H 4.04 (4.04) %. ¹H-NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃, 30 °C) δ = 8.39 (d, 3H, ³*J* = 7.5 Hz, Ar*H*), 7.31-7.59 (m, 13H, Ar*H*), 6.83 (d, 4H, ³*J* = 7.5 Hz, Ar*H*), 3.28 (s, 4H, -C*H*₂-), 2.60 (s, 9H, -C*H*₃). ¹³C-NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃, 30 °C) δ = 164.7 (*C*=O), 146.4 (*C*-Br), 139.4 (Sb-C), 137.4 (Ar-C), 134.1 (Ar-C), 131.9 (*C*-CH₂), 131.4 (Ar-C), 130.2 (Ar-*C*), 128.4 (Ar-*C*), 124.1 (Ar-*C*), 112.7 (Ar-*C*), 45.7 (-CH₂), 21.7 (-CH₃).

Synthesis of triphenylantimony(V) dibromide,

[SbPh₃Br₂], 25

Compound **26** was prepared according to a literature procedure.¹ Yield: 85%. Melting point: 218-219 °C; **FT-IR** (KBr, cm⁻¹): 3066 (m), 1471 (m), 1430 (s, br), 1325 (m), 1150 (w), 1020 (m), 725 (s), 676 (s, br), 447 (s), 352 (m), 328 (m), 299 (m). Elemental Analysis; (C₁₈H₁₅Br₂Sb), Calc (Found): C 42.15 (42.11), H 2.95 (2.94)%. ¹H-NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃, 30 °C) δ = 8.21 (dd, 6H, ³*J* = 7.2 Hz, ⁴*J* = 3.3 Hz, Ar*H*), 7.53-7.64 (m, 9H, Ar*H*). ¹³C-NMR (75MHz, CDCl₃, 30 °C) δ = 141.0 (Sb-C), 133.7 (Ar-C), 131.7 (Ar-C), 129.0 (Ar-C).

Synthesis of tris-(o-tolyl)antimony(V) dibromide,

[Sb(o-CH₃C₆H₄)₃Br₂], 26

Compound **27** was prepared according to a literature procedure.¹ Yield: 85%; Melting point: 229-230 °C. FT-IR (KBr, cm⁻¹): 3029 (m), 2926 (m), 1585 (m), 1445 (s, br), 1381 (m), 1303 (w), 1276 (m), 1201 (m), 1021 (m), 748 (s), 555 (m),

435 (s), 365 (w), 344 (m), 293 (m). Elemental Analysis; (C₂₁H₂₁Br₂Sb), Calc (Found): C 45.45 (45.44), H 3.81 (3.80)%. ¹H-NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃, 30 °C) δ = 8.02 (d, 3H, ³*J* = 7.5 Hz, Ar*H*), 7.39-7.51 (m, 9H, Ar*H*), 2.77 (s, 9H, -C*H*₃). ¹³C-NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃, 30 °C) δ = 143.4 (Sb-*C*), 140.7 (*C*-CH₃), 134.7 (Ar-*C*) 132.4 (Ar-*C*), 131.6 (Ar-*C*), 126.7 (Ar-*C*), 24.5 (-CH₃).

Reference

1. P. L. Millington and D. B. Sowerby, J. Organomet. Chem., 1994, 48, 227-234.







Figure S2 ¹H NMR spectra for compound **2** in DMSO/D₂O taken at T = 3 days.







Figure S4 ¹H NMR spectrum of *m*-methoxybenzoic acid in D₆-DMSO

Figure S5 Cyclic voltammetry study on compound 2.



Cyclic voltammograms of SbCl₃ (black), compound 2 in DMSO fresh (red) and compound 2 in DMSO+H₂O after 24 hours (blue). Concentration of each sample is 5 mM in solvent + 0.1 M TBAP. GC is used as working electrode against SCE as reference.

Cyclic voltammetric measurements were performed using Biolog SP 300 Potentiostat. Tetrabutylammoniumperchlorate (TBAP) having 99% purity, supplied by Fluka was used as an electrolyte. Measurements were carried out in a single compartment cell with a three electrode configuration, consisting of Ag/AgCl as a reference electrode, a thin Pt wire of thickness 0.5 mm with an exposed end of 10 mm as the counter electrode and a platinum disc as working electrode. All the measurements were carried out in DMSO (99.5%, Riedel-de Haen) and distilled water using 0.1 M Tetrabutylammonium perchlorate (TBAP \geq 98%, Fluka) at 25 \pm 1 °C. Samples concentration was kept 5 mM in each case.

Figure S2 presents the cyclic voltammograms of SbCl₃ (black), compound **2** in DMSO fresh (red) and compound 2 in DMSO + H₂O (75:25) after 24 hours (blue). Here SbCl₃ is taken as a reference to investigate the possible state of Sb(III) in the synthesized complexes in solution phase over time. The voltammograms show quasireversible to irreversible electrochemical behavior for the system studied, in the potential range of -2.300 to 0.022 V. The overlay of the cyclic voltammograms ruled out the presence of Sb(III) state, and consequently the synthesized antimonials are in pentavalent form.

Compound		Calculated CLogP
		Value ^a
1	$[Sb(p-CH_3C_6H_4)_3(C_6H_5CH_2CO_2)_2],$	11.5
2	$[Sb(p-CH_3C_6H_4)_3)(m-OCH_3C_6H_4CO_2)_2],$	10.7
3	$[Sb(p-CH_{3}C_{6}H_{4})_{3}(3,4,5-(OCH_{3})_{3}C_{6}H_{2}CO_{2})_{2}]$	9.5
4	$[Sb(p-CH_3C_6H_4)_3(o-BrC_6H_4CO_2)_2],$	12.6
5	$[SbPh_3(4-NH_2C_3H_6CO_2)_2],$	6.9
6	$[Sb(m-CH_3C_6H_4)_3(o-OCH_3C_6H_4CO_2)_2],$	10.7
7	$[Sb(m-CH_{3}C_{6}H_{4})_{3}(3,4,5-(OCH_{3})_{3}C_{6}H_{2}CO_{2})_{2}],$	9.5
8	$[Sb(m-CH_3C_6H_4)_3(m-CH_3C_6H_4CO_2)_2],$	11.9
9	$[Sb(m-CH_3C_6H_4)_3(C_6H_5CH=CHCO_2)_2], 9$	13.8
10	$[Sb(p-CH_3C_6H_4)_3Br_2], 10$	6.5
11	$[Sb(m-CH_3C_6H_4)_3Br_2], 11$	6.5
12	$[SbPh_3(C_4H_3SCO_2)_2]$	8.7
13	$[SbPh_3(m-CH_3C_6H_4CH_2CO_2)_2]$	11.0
14	$[SbPh_3(o-OCH_3C_6H_4CO_2)_2]$	9.2
15	$[SbPh_3(C_6H_5OCH_2CO_2)_2]$	9.4
16	$[SbPh_3(C_4 H_3 OCO_2)_2]$	7.7
17	[SbPh ₃ (C ₆ H ₅ CH=CHCO ₂) ₂]	11.3
18	$[SbPh_3(o-C H_3C_6H_4CO_2)_2]$	10.4
19	$[Sb(C_6H_5CH_2)_3(p-OCH_3C_6H_4CO_2)_2]$	10.6
20	$[Sb(o-CH_3C_6H_4)_3(o-OCH_3C_6H_4CO_2)_2]$	10.7
21	$[Sb(o-CH_3C_6H_4)_3(p-OCH_3C_6H_4CO_2)_2]$	10.7
22	$[Sb(o-CH_3C_6H_4)_3(C_6H_5CH_2CO_2)_2]$	12.4
23	$[Sb(o-CH_{3}C_{6}H_{4})_{3}\{C_{6}H_{3}(CH_{3})_{2}NHC_{6}H_{4}CO_{2}\}_{2}]$	15.6
24	$[Sb(o-CH_3C_6H_4)_3(p-BrC_6H_4CO_2)_2]$	13.3
25	[SbPh ₃ Br ₂]	5.0
26	$[Sb(o-CH_3C_6H_4)_3Br_2]$	6.5

Table S1 Calculated CLogP values for compounds 1 - 26.

^a CLogP values calculated using the function in ChemBioDraw 13.0, CambridgeSoft, Perkin Elmer Informatics.

Figure S6. Molecular diagram of $[SbPh_3(m-CH_3C_6H_4CH_2CO_2)_2]$, **13**. Non-hydrogen atoms represented by 50% thermal ellipsoids and hydrogen atoms as spheres of arbitrary size. Selected bond lengths (Å) and angles (o) : Sb(1)-O(1) 2.0880(9); Sb(1)-C(1) 2.0949(14); Sb(1)-C(13) 2.0974(14); Sb(1)-C(7) 2.1105(13); Sb(1)-O(3) 2.1108(10); O(1)-C(19) 1.3170(16); O(2)-C(19) 1.2191(17); O(1)-Sb(1)-C(1) 95.36(5); O(1)-Sb(1)-C(13) 90.81(4); C(1)-Sb(1)-C(13) 130.18(5); O(1)-Sb(1)-C(7) 87.14(4); C(1)-Sb(1)-C(7) 114.55(5); C(13)-Sb(1)-C(7) 115.11(5); O(1)-Sb(1)-O(3) 174.48(4); C(1)-Sb(1)-O(3) 87.92(5).



Summary of crystallographic data for compound 13

 $C_{36}H_{33}O_4Sb, M = 651.37, 0.25 \ge 0.20 \ge 0.13 \text{ mm}, \text{triclinic, space group } P-1, 10.4324(7), b = 11.6012(7), c = 13.6076(8) Å, <math>\alpha = 68.481(2)^{\circ}, \beta = 72.324(3)^{\circ}, \gamma = 82.668(3)^{\circ}, V = 1459.53(16) Å^3, Z = 2, \rho_{calc} = 1.482 \text{ g cm}^{-3}, \mu = 0.985 \text{ mm}^{-1}, F_{000} = 664, T = 123(2) \text{ K}, 2\theta_{max} = 59.80^{\circ}, 26389 \text{ reflections collected}, 8253 \text{ unique } (R_{int} = 0.0240).$ Final GooF = 1.054, $R_1 = 0.021$ for observed data, w $R_2 = 0.049$ for all data.

Figure S7. Effects of compounds **1** - **26** on *L. major* promastigotes (closed circles) and human fibroblasts (open circles). Dose response curves were generated over a range of concentrations from 48 nM to 1 00 μ M in culture media from 10 mM DMSO stock. All readings were compared to non-treated control and percent growth inhibition calculated. A range of DMSO concentrations (0.0048 - 1.0 %) was also included (data not shown). Data shown are mean from duplicate values.

