

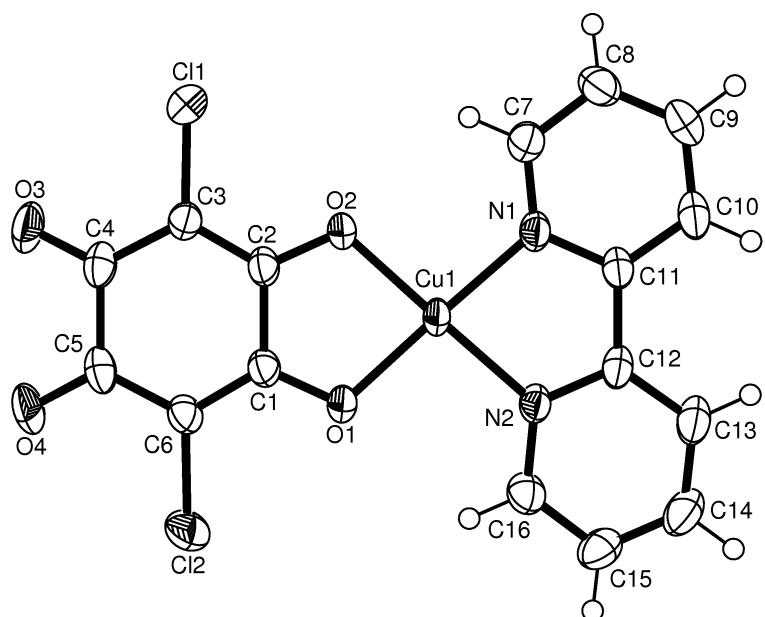
**Stacking of metal chelating rings with  $\pi$ -systems in mononuclear complexes of copper(II) with 3,6-dichloro-2,5-dihydroxy-1,4-benzoquinone (chloranilic acid) and 2,2'-bipyridine ligands**

**Supplement**

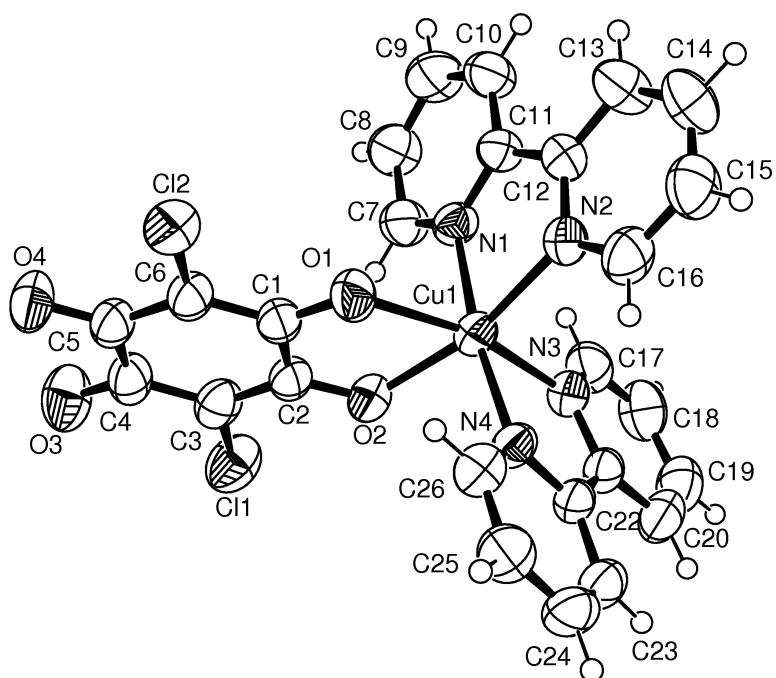
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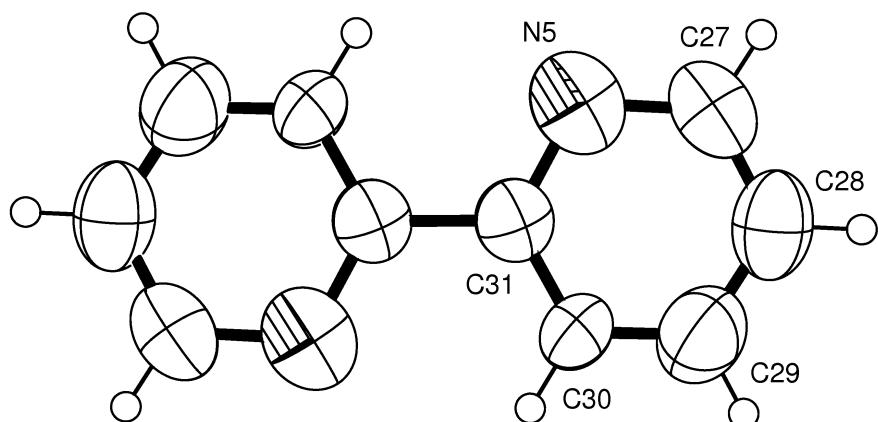
## S1 Crystallographic details



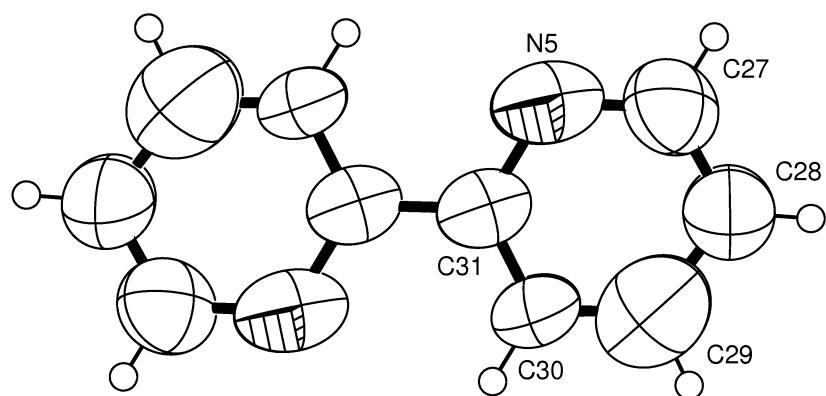
**Figure S1** ORTEP-3 drawing of the complex  $[\text{Cu}(\text{CA})(\text{bpy})]$  (**1b**). Displacement ellipsoids are drawn for the probability of 50 % and hydrogen atoms are shown as spheres of arbitrary radii.



**Figure S2** ORTEP-3 drawing of a complex  $[\text{Cu}(\text{CA})(\text{bpy})_2]$  from the dihydrate 4. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn for the probability of 50 % and hydrogen atoms are shown as spheres of arbitrary radii.



**Figure S3** ORTEP-3 drawing the uncoordinated bipy molecule from **3**. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn for the probability of 50 % and hydrogen atoms are shown as spheres of arbitrary radii. The crystallographic inversion centre is located at the midpoint of the C31-C31<sup>*i*</sup> bond.



**Figure S4** ORTEP-3 drawing the uncoordinated bipy molecule from **4**. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn for the probability of 50 % and hydrogen atoms are shown as spheres of arbitrary radii. The crystallographic inversion centre is located at the midpoint of the C31-C31<sup>*i*</sup> bond.

**Table S1** Geometric parameters of C-H···O hydrogen bonds in **1b**, **3** and **4**.

	D–H / Å	H···A / Å	D···A / Å	D–H···A / °	Symm. op. on A
<b>1b</b>					
C9–H9···O3	0.93	2.49	3.169(4)	130	-1/2+x, -1/2+y, z
C10–H10···O4	0.93	2.39	3.320(4)	176	-1/2+x, -1/2+y, z
C13–H13···O4	0.93	2.54	3.462(4)	173	-1/2+x, -1/2+y, z
C7–H7···O2	0.93	2.56	3.063(4)	115	x, y, z
C16–H16···O1	0.93	2.55	3.056(4)	114	x, y, z
<b>3</b>					
C7–H7···O1	0.93	2.52	3.031(6)	115	x, y, z
C8–H8···O4	0.93	2.48	3.093(8)	124	-x, 1-y, 1-z
C10–H10···O2	0.93	2.44	3.334(7)	161	-x, 1-y, -z
C23–H23···O5	0.93	2.38	3.205(9)	147	1+x, 1+y, -z
C26–H26···O2	0.93	2.46	3.123(8)	128	x, y, z
<b>4</b>					
C7–H7···O2	0.93	2.48	3.037(10)	118	x, y, z
C9–H9···O6	0.93	2.46	3.146(12)	131	1+x, y, z
C14–H14···O5	0.93	2.39	3.147(14)	142	-1+x, 1+y, z
C15–H15···O6	0.93	2.59	3.406(12)	147	x, y, z
C23–H23···O2	0.93	2.49	3.342(8)	153	1-x, -y, 1-z
C25–H25···O5	0.93	2.59	3.433(12)	150	2-x, -y, z
C26–H26···O6	0.93	2.58	3.401(10)	148	1-x, 1-y, -z

**Table S2** Crystallographic, data collection and refinement details of the structure **1b**.

Compound	<b>1b</b>
Empirical formula	C <sub>16</sub> H <sub>8</sub> Cl <sub>2</sub> CuN <sub>2</sub> O <sub>4</sub>
Formula wt. / g mol <sup>-1</sup>	426.68
Crystal dimensions / mm	0.22 x 0.15 x 0.11
Space group	C 2/c
a / Å	25.0006(6)
b / Å	7.4597(2)
c / Å	17.2095(4)
α / °	90
β / °	104.509(3)
γ / °	90
Z	8
V / Å <sup>3</sup>	3107.16(13)
D <sub>calc</sub> / g cm <sup>-3</sup>	1.824
μ / mm <sup>-1</sup>	5.395
Θ range / °	3.65 – 65.11
T / K	293(2)
Radiation wavelength	1.54179 (CuKα)
Diffractometer type	Xcalibur Nova
Range of h, k, l	-29 < h < 28; -7 < k < 8; -19 < l < 7
Reflections collected	4763
Independent reflections	2430
Observed reflections (I ≥ 2σ)	2129
Absorption correction	Multi-scan
R <sub>int</sub>	0.0215
R (F)	0.0360
R <sub>w</sub> (F <sup>2</sup> )	0.1057
Goodness of fit	1.067
H atom treatment	Constrained
No. of parameters	227
No. of restraints	0
Δρ <sub>max</sub> , Δρ <sub>min</sub> (eÅ <sup>-3</sup> )	0.811; -0.624

## S2 IR spectra

**IR data (KBr, cm<sup>-1</sup>):**

**1a**  $\tilde{\nu}$  = 1643 (m), 1629 (sh), 1605 (w), 1555 (s), 1538 (vs), 1521 (vs), 1474 (m), 1449 (m), 1366(s), 1318 (m), 1301 (sh), 1269 (w), 1256 (w), 1244 (w), 1174 (w), 1159 (m), 1124 (w), 1106 (w), 1073 (w), 1056 (w), 1037 (m), 1023 (w), 999 (m), 846 (s), 775 (m), 729 (m), 669 (w), 653 (w), 610 (w), 601 (sh), 569 (m), 445 (w), 417 (w).

**1b**  $\tilde{\nu}$  = 1647 (m), 1629 (w), 1605 (w), 1538 (s), 1523 (vs), 1514 (s), 1474 (m), 1448 (m), 1366 (s), 1317 (m), 1305 (m), 1268 (w), 1254 (w), 1167 (sh), 1123 (w), 1109 (w), 1074 (w), 1055 (w), 1036 (m), 1023 (w), 999 (m), 846 (s), 774 (m), 730 (m), 669 (w), 653 (w), 601 (m), 572 (m), 521 (w), 419 (w).

**2**  $\tilde{\nu}$  = 3423 (m, br), 1647 (m), 1626 (w), 1605 (m), 1538 (s), 1523 (vs), 1513 (s), 1474 (m), 1448 (m), 1372 (s), 1317 (m), 1306 (sh), 1268 (w), 1254 (w), 1226 (sh), 1167 (w), 1159 (w), 1123 (w), 1108 (w), 1074 (w), 1055 (w), 1036 (m), 1023 (w), 1012 (m), 999 (m), 846 (s), 775 (m), 730 (m), 668 (w), 653 (m), 600 (m), 572 (m), 520 (w), 419 (w).

**3 and 4**  $\tilde{\nu}$  = 3424 (m, br), 1648 (m), 1628 (w), 1605 (m), 1511 (vs), 1474 (m), 1448 (m), 1369 (s), 1317 (m), 1306 (sh), 1268 (w), 1253 (w), 1168 (w), 1158 (w), 1123 (w), 1108 (w), 1055 (w), 1036 (w), 1102 (w), 999 (w), 846 (s), 775 (m), 730 (m), 668 (w), 653 (w), 601 (m), 572 (m), 520 (w), 420 (w).

### S3 Additional data on the compound **1b**

**Preparation of [Cu(CA)(bpy)] (1b).** After mixing a methanol solution (4 mL) of CuCl<sub>2</sub>·2H<sub>2</sub>O (17.6 mg; 0.1 mmol) with a methanol solution (4 mL) of 2,2'-bipyridine (16.1 mg; 0.1 mmol), reaction mixture became cloudy and a green precipitate immediately formed. It was removed by filtration and the clear solution was carefully laid above an aqueous solution (5 mL) of H<sub>2</sub>CA (21.1 mg; 0.1 mmol) into a test tube. Deep dark violet, almost black, prismatic single crystals with well-developed {100} planes were formed after few weeks. The yield was ~96%. According to the results of X-ray structure analysis, **1b** is identical to the previously reported structure of (2,2'-bipyridyl- $\kappa^2$ N,N')(chloranilato- $\kappa^2$ O,O')-copper(II)<sup>48</sup>.

**Table S3** Geometry of the coordination sphere of Cu(II) in **1b** (Å, °).

1b*	
Cu1 - O1	1.921 (2)
Cu1 - O2	1.920 (2)
Cu1 - N1	1.950(2)
Cu1 - N2	1.956 (2)
O1 - Cu1 - O2	84.80 (9)
O1 - Cu1 - N2	96.13(9)
O1 - Cu1 - N1	177.4 7(10)
O2 - Cu1 - N2	178.98 (10)

**Table S4** Geometric parameters of the  $\pi \cdots \pi$  interactions involving five-membered metal chelating rings and aromatic rings of the ligands in **1b**.

$\pi \cdots \pi$	Cg <sup>a</sup> …Cg / Å	$\alpha^b$	$\beta^c$	Cg…plane(Cg2) / Å	Offset / Å	Symm. op. on Cg2
Cu1→O2…Cu1→O2	3.4925(15)	0	19.65	3.2891(10)	1.174	1-x, 1-y, 2-z
Cu1→O2…C1→C6	3.9698(16)	1.77(13)	34.57	3.2854(10)	1.86 <sup>d</sup>	1-x, 1-y, 2-z
Cu1→N2…C1→C6	3.9358(16)	2.31(13)	31.34	3.3316(10)	1.73 <sup>d</sup>	1-x, -y, 2-z
Cu1→N2…C1→C6	3.6087(16)	2.31(13)	25.63	3.2002(10)	1.38 <sup>d</sup>	1-x, 1-y, 2-z
N1→C11…C1→C6	3.4230(17)	3.57(14)	8.43	3.4106(12)	0.50 <sup>d</sup>	1-x, -y, 2-z

<sup>a</sup> Cg = centre of gravity of the interacting ring.

<sup>b</sup>  $\alpha$  = angle between planes of two interacting rings.

<sup>c</sup>  $\beta$  = angle between Cg…Cg line and normal to the plane of the first interacting ring.

<sup>d</sup> Offset can be calculated only for the strictly parallel rings ( $\alpha = 0.00^\circ$ ). For slightly inclined rings ( $\alpha \leq 3^\circ$ ) an approximate value is given.