Supporting Figures



Figure S1: EDX pattern of (a) $ZnSb_2O_6$, (b) $CdSb_2O_6$ (c) $BaSb_2O_6$ and (d) $CdSb_2O_6$: $Tb^{3+}(1.5\%)$: $Eu^{3+}(0.5\%)$.



Figure S2: Emission spectra of (a) CdSb₂O₆ and (b) BaSb₂O₆ nanoparticles.



Figure S3: Emission spectra of (a) $CdSb_2O_6:Eu^{3+}(2\%)$ and $CdSb_2O_6:Eu^{3+}(5\%)$ and (b) $BaSb_2O_6:Eu^{3+}(2\%)$ nanoparticles.



Figure S4: CdSb₂O₆:Eu³⁺(0.5%):Tb³⁺(1.5%) nanoparticles (a) excitation spectra at λ_{em} 590 and 611nm and (b) excitation spectrum at λ_{em} 543 nm.



Figure S5: BaSb₂O₆:Eu³⁺(0.5%):Tb³⁺(1.5%) nanoparticles (a) excitation spectra at λ_{em} 590 and 611nm and (b) excitation spectrum at λ_{em} 543 nm.



Figure S6: (a) Temporal changes of RhB concentration as monitored by the UV–vis absorption spectra at $\lambda \ge 400$ nm on the as-prepared CdSb₂O₆ and CdSb₂O₆:Tb³⁺(1.5%):Eu³⁺(0.5%), (b) Photodegradation of RhB with CdSb₂O₆:Tb³⁺(1.5%):Eu³⁺(0.5%).