

Supporting Information

Octametallic 4f-phosphonate horseshoes

Karzan H. Zangana,^a Eufemio Moreno Pineda,^a Jürgen Schnack^b and Richard E. P. Winpenny^{a*}

- a. School of Chemistry and Photon Science Institute, The University of Manchester, Oxford Road, Manchester M13 9PL, UK.
- b. Faculty of Physics, University of Bielefeld, Universitätsstr. 25, D-33615 Bielefeld, Germany

Experimental Details

All reagents, metal salts and ligands were used as obtained from Aldrich. Analytical data were obtained by the microanalytical service of the University of Manchester.

Preparation of compounds 1 to 3

Compound **1** was synthesised by refluxing a mixture of pivalic acid (HO₂C^tBu) (0.8 g, 7.83 mmol), Gd(NO₃)₃•6H₂O (0.25 g, 0.55 mmol), *tert*-butyl phosphonic acid (H₂O₃P^tBu) (0.07 g, 0.51 mmol) and isopropylamine (ⁱPrNH₂) (0.1 mL, 1.16 mmol) in *iso*-butyl alcohol (ⁱBuOH) (15 ml) for 3 hrs to form a clear solution. The solution was filtered and then allowed to stand undisturbed at room temperature for four days. Colourless crystals of **1** suitable for X-ray were collected. Yield 150 mg (50 %), based on Gd(NO₃)₃•6H₂O. Elemental analysis for C₉₄H₁₉₇Gd₈N₂O₄₇P₆, found (calc); C 31.68 (31.79); H 5.41 (5.59); N 0.81 (0.79); Gd 35.38 (35.42); P 5.21 (5.23).

A similar procedure was used to synthesise **2** except that Tb(NO₃)₃•6H₂O was used in place of Gd(NO₃)₃•6H₂O. Yield 165 mg (55%), based on H₂O₃P^tBu. Elemental analysis for C₉₄H₁₉₇Tb₈N₂O₄₇P₆, found (calc); C 31.77 (31.67); H 5.48 (5.57); N 0.83 (0.79); Gd 35.59 (35.67); P 4.16 (5.21).

A similar procedure was used to synthesise **3** except that Dy(NO₃)₃•5H₂O was used instead of Gd(NO₃)₃•6H₂O. Yield 180 mg (59 %), based on H₂O₃P^tBu. Elemental analysis for, C₉₄H₁₉₇Dy₈N₂O₄₇P₆, found (calc); C 31.47 (31.41); H 5.49 (5.52); N 0.80 (0.78); Dy 36.25 (36.17); P 5.21 (5.17).



Crystallography

The data of **1** to **3** were collected on Agilent SuperNova CCD diffractometer with MoK α radiation ($\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ \AA}$). The structures were solved by direct methods and refined on *F2* using SHELXTL. CCDC 953479-953481 contain the supplementary crystallographic data for this paper. These data can be obtained free of charge via www.ccdc.cam.ac.uk/conts/retrieving.html (or from Cambridge Crystallographic Data Centre, 12 Union Road, Cambridge CB21EZ, UK; fax: (+44)1223-336-033; or deposit@ccdc.cam.ac.uk).

Crystal data for **1** [$\text{C}_{94}\text{H}_{195}\text{Gd}_8\text{N}_2\text{O}_{47}\text{P}_6$]: $M_r = 3549.33$, triclinic, space group *P-1*, $T = 150.01 \text{ K}$, $a = 14.0956(4)$, $b = 24.0968(7)$, $c = 26.5567(8) \text{ \AA}$, $\alpha = 76.758(2)$, $\beta = 74.883(2)$, $\gamma = 82.741(2)^\circ$, $V = 8455.2(4) \text{ \AA}^3$, $Z = 2$, $\rho = 1.393 \text{ g cm}^{-3}$, total data = 47337, independent reflections 34034 [$R_{\text{int}} = 0.0380$], $\mu = 3.208 \text{ mm}^{-1}$, 1284 parameters, $R_1 = 0.0640$ for $I \geq 2\sigma(I)$ and $wR_2 = 0.1717$.

Crystal data for **2** [$\text{C}_{94}\text{H}_{195}\text{Tb}_8\text{N}_2\text{O}_{47}\text{P}_6$]: $M_r = 3562.79$, triclinic, space group *P-1*, $T = 150.05 \text{ K}$, $a = 14.0342(7)$, $b = 24.0928(11)$, $c = 26.4594(12) \text{ \AA}$, $\alpha = 76.727(4)$, $\beta = 75.084(4)$, $\gamma = 82.955(4)^\circ$, $V = 8394.9(7) \text{ \AA}^3$, $Z = 2$, $\rho = 1.409 \text{ g cm}^{-3}$, total data = 46176, independent reflections 33802 [$R_{\text{int}} = 0.0899$], $\mu = 3.441 \text{ mm}^{-1}$, 1206 parameters, $R_1 = 0.0782$ for $I \geq 2\sigma(I)$ and $wR_2 = 0.2034$.

Crystal data for **3** [$\text{C}_{94}\text{H}_{196}\text{Dy}_8\text{N}_2\text{O}_{47}\text{P}_6$]: $M_r = 3592.34$, triclinic, space group *P-1*, $T = 128.35 \text{ K}$, $a = 14.0658(3)$, $b = 24.0994(6)$, $c = 26.4957(6) \text{ \AA}$, $\alpha = 76.637(2)$, $\beta = 75.300(2)$, $\gamma = 83.1827(19)^\circ$, $V = 8435.1(4) \text{ \AA}^3$, $Z = 2$, $\rho = 1.414 \text{ g cm}^{-3}$, total data = 67875, independent reflections 34418 [$R_{\text{int}} = 0.0407$], $\mu = 3.614 \text{ mm}^{-1}$, 1253 parameters, $R_1 = 0.0499$ for $I \geq 2\sigma(I)$ and $wR_2 = 0.1293$. All three compounds crystallise with large solvent voids and the electron density in these voids has been handled using SQUEEZE.

Magnetic measurements

The magnetic properties in the temperature range 1.8K-300K were performed on polycrystalline samples either constrained in eicosane or lastly powdered, using a Quantum Design MPMS-XL7 SQUID magnetometer armed with a 7 T magnet. Data were corrected for the diamagnetism of the compounds (Pascal constants) and for diamagnetic contribution of eicosane and the sample holder by measurement.

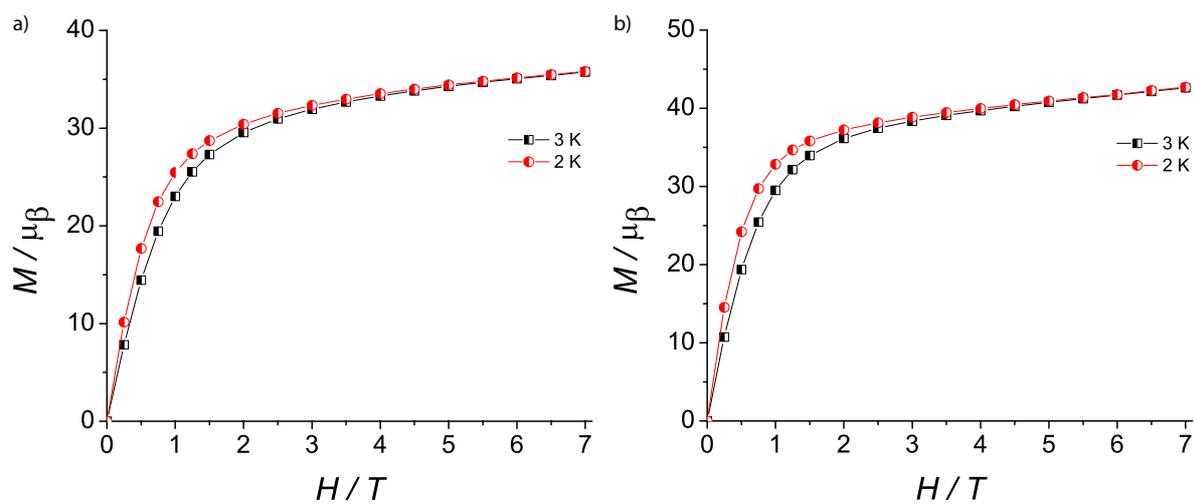


Figure S1. a) M/N_{μ_B} magnetization of **2** at different temperatures; b) M/N_{μ_B} magnetization of **3** at different temperatures.

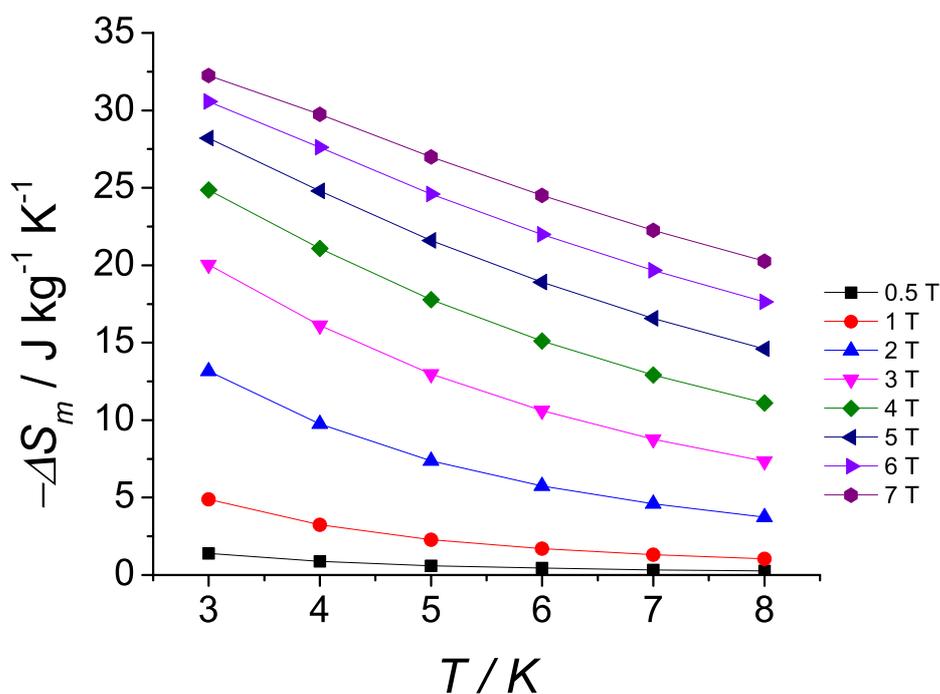


Figure S2. Magnetic entropy change of **1**.