Metal Organic Framework Assembled from Y(III), Li(I), and Terephthalate: Hydrothermal Synthesis, Crystal Structure, Thermal Decomposition and Topological Studies

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Electronic Supporting Information

H ₂ BDC (mmol)	YCl ₃ ·6H ₂ O (mmol)	LiOH·H ₂ O (mmol)	H ₂ Tart (mmol)	H ₂ O:Et [*] (mL)	Observation
0.5	1	3.5	-	10:0	Single crystals of BDC ligand and/or microcrystalline powder of YBDC [¥] phase
0.5	1	3.5	-	5:5	Microcrystalline powder of YBDC phase
0.5	1	3.5	0.5	5:5	Microcrystalline powder of YBDC phase
0.5	1	3.5	1	5:5	Single phase (microcrystalline powder + single crystals) of compound 1
0.5	1	3.5	1.5	5:5	Microcrystalline powder of YBDC phase

Table S1. Summary of trials carried out for the optimization of hydrothermal synthesis of **1**

*Et = Ethanol *YBDC: Weng. D.; Zheng, X.; Jin, L . *Eur. J. Inorg. Chem.* **2006**, 20, 4184.



Figure S1. Optical microscopic images of single crystals (a) and SEM images of microcrystalline powder (b,c,d)



Figure S2. TEM image (a), SAED pattern (b), and BF-STEM image (c). BF-STEM EDX line scans (yellow line) along one particle (d).



Figure S3. Asymmetric unit



Figure S4. View of hydrogen bonds along [101]



Figure S5. Projection of the structure along the *a*-axis and the *c*-axis (a,b) with the corresponding topological representations (c,d)



Figure S6.Comparison of Li^+ and Na^+ coordination environment in compound $[\text{LiY}(\text{BDC})_2(\text{H}_2\text{O})\cdot 2(\text{H}_2\text{O})]$ (1) and the previously reported $[\text{NaY}(\text{Tart})(\text{BDC})(\text{H}_2\text{O})_2]^{50}$.



Figure S7. Infrared spectra



Figure S8. DSC curve



Figure S9. A typical PXRD pattern of thermal decomposition residue compared with the theoretical ones.