Electronic Supplementary Material (ESI) for Dalton Transactions. This journal is © The Royal Society of Chemistry 2014

**Supplementary file for Manuscript :** 

## Designed synthesis of CO<sub>2</sub> promoted copper(II) coordination polymers: synthesis, structural, spectroscopic characterization and versatile functional property studies<sup>†</sup>

Pritam Ghosh,<sup>a</sup> Additi Roychowdhury,<sup>ab</sup> Montserrat Corbella,<sup>c</sup> Asim Bhaumik,<sup>d</sup> Partha Mitra,<sup>d</sup> Shaikh M. Mobin,<sup>e</sup>Ayan Mukherjee,<sup>f</sup> Soumen Basu,<sup>f</sup> and Priyabrata Banerjee\*<sup>ab</sup>

Content	Page
Table (S1-S7)	2-5, 17
Fig S1-S12	6-15
UV-Vis spectroscopic studies	16-17

Selected bor	nd distance(Å)	Selected bo	ond angles (°)
Cu(1)-N(1)	1.994(3)	O(1)-Cu(1)-O(2)	90.31(10)
Cu(1)-N(2)	2.005(3)	O(1)-Cu(1)-O(3)	90.13(10)
Cu(1)-O(1)	1.980(3)	O(1)-Cu(1)-O(4)	77.79(10)
Cu(1)-O(2)	1.987(2)	O(1)-Cu(1)-N(1)	173.65(11)
Cu(1)-O(3)	2.309(3)	O(2)-Cu(1)-N(2)	175.78(11)
Cu(1)-O(4)	2.313(3)	O(1)-Cu(1)-N(2)	93.86(10)
C(12)-O(1)	1.265(4)	O(4)-Cu(1)-N(2)	94.42(10)
C(12_a)-O(4)	1.228(4)	N(1)-Cu(1)-N(2)	80.93(11)
C(12)-C(12_a)	1.569(5)	O(3)-Cu(1)-N(2)	103.16(10)
C(5)-C(6)	1.484(5)		
C(6)-C(7)	1.382(5)		
C(7)-C(8)	1.374(6)		
C(8)-C(9)	1.372(5)		
C(9)-C(10)	1.366(5)		
C(10)-N(2)	1.346(5)		
N(2)-C(6)	1.345(4)		
N(1)-C(5)	1.347(4)		

Table S1 Selected bond distances (Å) and angles (°) for  $[Cu(bpy)(C_2O_4)]_n$  (1)

Table S2 Selected bond distances (Å) and angles (°) for ligand  $(L^1)$ 

Selected bond distance(Å)			
C(6)-C(7)	1.527(3)	C(2)-C(3)	1.369(3)
C(7)-C(12)	1.380(3)	C(3)-C(4)	1.367(4)
C(12)-C(11)	1.387(3)	C(4)-C(5)	1.358(3)
C(11)-C(10)	1.368(3)	C(5)-N(1)	1.338(3)
C(10)-C(9)	1.385(3)	N(1)-C(1)	1.333(2)
C(9)-C(8)	1.379(3)	C(6)-N(3)	1.452(3)
C(8)-C(7)	1.385(3)	N(3)-C(13)	1.367(3)
C(6)-N(2)	1.440(3)	C(13)-C(14)	1.394(3)
N(2)-C(1)	1.375(2)	C(17)-N(4)	1.336(3)
C(1)-C(2)	1.391(3)	N(4)-C(13)	1.345(2)
Selected bond angles (°)			
N(2) -C(6)-C(7)	109.24(13)	N(2)-C(6)-N(3)	110.68(14)
N(3) -C(6)-C(7)	114.06(13)	C(1) - N(1) - C(5)	117.58(15)
C(1) - N(2) - C(6)	123.55(14)	C(13)-N(4)-C(17)	117.36(16)
C(6)-N(3)-C(13)	123.97(15)		

Selected bond	distances (Å)	Selected bo	ond angles (°)
Cu(1)-N(1)	2.0323(19)	O(1) -Cu(1) -O(2)	76.08(5)
$Cu(1)-N(1_a)$	2.0323(19)	O(1) - Cu(1) - N(1)	89.44(7)
Cu(1)-O(2)	2.3805(15)	$O(1) - Cu(1) - O(1_a)$	87.01(6)
$Cu(1)-O(2_a)$	2.3805(15)	$O(1) - Cu(1) - O(2_a)$	85.79(5)
$Cu(1)-O(1_a)$	1.9930(15)	$O(1) - Cu(1) - N(1_a)$	176.30(7)
Cu(1)-O(1)	1.9930(15)	O(2) - Cu(1) - N(1)	92.37(6)
N(1)-C(1)	1.348(4)	$O(1_a) - Cu(1) - O(2)$	85.79(5)
C(1)-C(2)	1.355(4)	$O(2) - Cu(1) - O(2_a)$	155.00(6)
C(2)-C(3)	1.388(4)	$O(2) - Cu(1) - N(1_a)$	104.68(6)
C(3)-C(4)	1.347(4)	$O(1_a) - Cu(1) - N(1)$	176.30(7)
C(4)-C(5)	1.405(3)	$O(2_a) - Cu(1) - N(1)$	104.68(6)
C(5)-N(1)	1.345(3)	$N(1) - Cu(1) - N(1_a)$	94.14(7)
C(5)-N(2)	1.339(3)	O(1_a)-Cu(1)-	76.08(5)
		O(2_a)	
O(1) -C(6)	1.254(2)	O(1_a) -Cu(1)-	89.44(7)
		N(1_a)	
O(2) -C(6_b)	1.241(3)	$O(2_a) - Cu(1) -$	92.37(6)
		N(1_a)	
C(6) -C(6_b)	1.568(3)		

## **Table S3** Selected bond distances (Å) and angles (°) for $[Cu(2-AMP)_2(C_2O_4)]_n$ (**2**)

**Table S4** Selected bond distances (Å) and angles (°) for  $[Cu(L^2)(Cl)]$  (3)

Selected bond distances (Å)			
Cu(1)-N(3)	2.007(7)	N(1)-C(5)	1.309(10)
Cu(1)-N(1)	2.005(6)	C(2)-C(3)	1.373(15)
Cu(1)-N(2)	2.075(6)	C(15)-C(20)	1.394(11)
Cu(1)-O(1)	2.344(5)	N(2)-C(7)	1.468(10)
Cu(1)-Cl(1)	2.255(2)	C(3)-C(4)	1.368(14)
O(1)-C(20)	1.377(10)	N(2)-C(14)	1.497(9)
N(1)-C(1)	1.348(11)	C(16)-C(17)	1.381(14)
C(1)-C(2)	1.373 (12)	C(17)-C(18)	1.348(16)
N(2)-C(6)	1.512(10)	C(18)-C(19)	1.403(15)
N(3)-C(13)	1.340(12)	C(19)-C(20)	1.350(13)
N(3)-C(9)	1.335(11)		
Selected bond angles (°)			
Cl(1)-Cu(1)-O(1)	95.43(15)	N(3)-Cu(1)-O(1)	92.1(3)
Cl(1)-Cu(1)-N(1)	93.18(19)	N(1)-Cu(1)-N(3)	170.1(3)
Cl(1)-Cu(1)-N(2)	174.37(18)	Cl(1)-Cu(1)-N(3)	92.0(2)
N(1)-Cu(1)-N(2)	82.0(2)	N(3)-Cu(1)-N(2)	92.3(3)
N(2)-Cu(1)-O(1)	88.0(2)	N(1)-Cu(1)-O(1)	95.8(2)

	1	1'	2	3	L1
Empirical	$C_{12}H_8CuN_2O_{4,}$	$C_{46}H_{38}CuN_2$	$C_{12}H_{12}CuN_4$	C <sub>20</sub> H <sub>20</sub> ClCuN <sub>3</sub> O	$C_{17}H_{16}N_4$
Formula	2(H <sub>2</sub> O)	$P_2,ClO_4$	O <sub>4</sub>		
Μ	343.79	843.72	339.81	417.39	276.34
Crystal	Triclinic	Monoclinic	Monoclinic	Monoclinic	Monoclinic
system					
Space	P-1(No. 2)	P 21/n(No.	C2/c (No.	C2/c (No. 15)	C2/c (No. 15)
group		14)	15)		
a( Å )	8.9254(18)	10.1166(10)	13.4876(14)	22.477(4)	8.887(8)
b( Å )	9.0881(18)	14.9515(14)	11.2653(12)	12.052(2)	17.728(15)
c( Å )	9.652(2)	26.557(3)	8.7010(9)	20.103(4)	18.635(16)
$\alpha$ (deg)	110.363(4)	90	90	90	90
β (deg)	97.535(4)	91.743(2)	93.755(2)	102.013(5)	90.707(12)
γ (deg)	105.761(4)	90	90	90	90
V( Å <sup>3</sup> )	684.0(2)	4015.1(7)	1319.2(2)	5326.5(17)	2936(4)
Ζ	2	4	4	8	8
T(K)	293	150	293	293	293
λ (Μο Κα)	0.71073	0.71073	0.71073	0.71073	0.71073
$Dc (g cm^{-3})$	1.669	1.396	1.711	1.041	1.250
$\mu$ (mm <sup>-1</sup> )	1.626	0.737	1.678	0.930	0.077
Total data	6459	29280	6866	15481	10933
Unique	2417	6423	1171	4042	2813
Reflection					
Rint	0.028	0.056	0.024	0.064	0.032

## Table S5 Crystallographic details of 1, 1', 2, 3 and $L^1$

Compound	C,H,N Analysis
1	Anal. Calcd for $C_{12}H_{12}N_2O_6Cu$ : C, 41.88%
	; H, 3.49%; N, 8.14%. Found: C, 42. 05%;
	H, 3.36%; N,8.04%.
1'	Anal. Calcd for $C_{46}H_{38}CuN_2P_2$ , $ClO_4$ : C,
	65.42%; H, 4.50%; N, 3.31%. Found: C,
	65.37%; H, 4.43%; N,3.41%.
2	Anal. Calcd for $C_{12}H_{12}N_4O_4Cu$ :
	C, 42.38%; H, 3.53%, N, 16.48 %. Found:
	C, 42.28% ; H, 3.48%, N, 16.42% .
3	Anal. Calcd. for
	C <sub>20</sub> H <sub>20</sub> N <sub>3</sub> OCuCl.(7H <sub>2</sub> O):C, 44.16% ; H,
	6.25%; N, 7.73%. Found: C, 43.97%; H,
	5.97%; N, 7.62%.
4	Anal. Calcd for $C_{34}H_{34}N_7O_4Cu_2Cl_2$ :
	C, 51.06% ; H, 4.25% ; N, 12.26%. Found:
	C, 50.95%; H, 4.30%; N, 12.39%.
$L^1$	Anal. Calcd for $C_{17}H_{16}N_4$ :
	C, 73.82% ; H, 5.78% ; N, 20.26 %. Found:
	C, 73.91%; H, 5.9%; N, 20.17%.
$L^2$	Anal. Calcd for $C_{20}H_{21}N_3O$ :
	C, 75.23%; H, 6.58%; N, 13.16%. Found:
	C, 75.25%; H, 6.59%; N, 13.17%.

## Table S6 CHN analysis of 1, 1', 2, 3, 4, $L^1$ and $L^2$



Fig. S1 ORTEP of complex 1.



Fig. S2 ESI-MS spectrum of 1' in acetonitrile.



Fig. S3 ORTEP diagram of 1'.



Fig. S4 ORTEP of ligand  $L^1$ .



Fig. S5 ORTEP of complex 2.



Fig. S6a ORTEP of complex 3.

 $[C_{20}H_{20}N_{3}OCuCl].(7H_{2}O)$ Mol. Wt.= 543.39 g/m ol



Fig. S6b TGA profile of complex  $[Cu(L^2)(Cl)]$ ·7H<sub>2</sub>O.



Fig. S7 FAB-MS spectrum of 4 (Inset: proposed molecular view of 4).



Fig. S8 ESI-MS spectrum of 4 (Inset: fragmented part at  $m/z \sim 274$ ).

IR frequencies of  $[Cu(bpy)(C_2O_4)]_n$  (1).

Characteristic IR Peaks (KBr disk, v, cm<sup>-1</sup>): 1652(s), 1089(br), 1447(s), 773(s), 730(s), 626(s).

**Fig. S9** IR spectrum of  $[Cu(2-AMP)_2(C_2O_4)]_n$  (2).

Characteristic IR Peaks (KBr disk, v, cm<sup>-1</sup>): 1664 (s), 1632 (s), 1594 (s), 1566 (s), 1497 (s), 1452 (s), 1311 (s), 1263 (s), 1167 (s), 796 (s), 763 (s).



Fig. S10 IR spectrum of  $[Cu(L^2)(Cl)]$  (3). Characteristic IR Peaks (KBr disk, v, cm<sup>-1</sup>) : 1609 (s), 1484 (s), 1450 (s), 1110 (s), 1031 (s), 767 (s).



IR frequencies of 4.

Characteristic IR Peaks (KBr disk, v, cm<sup>-1</sup>): 1633 (s), 1609 (s), 1451 (s), 1157 (s), 1021 (s), 763 (s).

Fig. S11 IR spectrum of 1'.

Characteristic IR Peaks (KBr disk, v, cm<sup>-1</sup>) : 488 (s), 514 (s), 622 (s), 695 (s), 747 (s), 1092 (s), 1437 (s), 1480 (s), 1593 (s); of which the peaks 1437, 1028 and 695 are bands coming due to PPh<sub>3</sub>.



spectroscopic studies temperature UV-Visible

spectral studies of ultrasonicated complex **1** in DMF-MeOH (1:9) have shown that there are peaks at about 215, 245(sh) and 300 nm respectively (Fig. S12a, Table S7). Inset shows the absorption peak at about 700nm [assigned as d-d transition]<sup>ref1</sup>.UV-Vis spectral studies of complex **2** in DMF solvent (after 10 minutes of ultrasonication) shows the characteristic peaks at 280,310 nm (Fig. S12b). We are unable to perform higher concentration UV-Visible study with this sample due to its low solubility and rapid degradation. The peaks (<300 nm) are assigned mostly as  $\pi \rightarrow \pi^*$  electron transitions of pyridine N atoms and aromatic rings. The absorption peaks at 300 nm may be treated as  $n \rightarrow \pi^*$  electronic transition of pyridine N atoms to C<sub>2</sub>O<sub>4</sub>oxygen atoms. Complex **3** is showing absorption peaks at 215, 260 and 600 nm (Fig. S12c). A structured absorption band (Fig. S12c inset) at 600 nm may be best described as laportte forbidden d<sub>xz</sub>, d<sub>xy</sub>  $\rightarrow$ d<sub>z</sub><sup>2</sup> transitions (very weak transition). Complex **4** shows charecteristic absorption peaks at 205,260 nm and 600 nm(inset) (Fig. S12d). The similar broad absorption band like **3** of very very low intensity is appeared at ~ 600 nm for complex **4**, can be attributed as laportte forbidden d<sub>xz</sub>, d<sub>xy</sub>  $\rightarrow$ d<sub>z</sub><sup>2</sup> transitions (Table S7).<sup>ref2</sup>



UV-Vis spectrum, Fig. S12a Complex 1 in DMF-MeOH and Fig. S12b Complex 2 in DMF (after sonication for 10 mins) Fig. S12c Complex 3 in MeOH solvent and Fig. S12d Complex 4 in DMF-MeOH solvent.

Ref 1: K. D. Karlin, B. I. Cohen, J. C. Hayes, A. Farooq and J. Zubieta, Inorg. Chem. 1987, 26, 147.

Ref 2a: A.A. Holder, P. Taylor, A.R. Magnusen, E.T. Moffett, K. Meyer, Y. Hong, S.E. Ramsdale, M. Gordon, J.Stubbs, L.A. Seymour, D. Acharya, R.T. Weber, P.F. Smith, G. C. Dismukes, P. Ji, L. Menocal, F. Bai, J.L. Williams, D.M. Cropek and W.L. Jarrett, *Dalton Trans.*, 2013, **42**, 11881. Ref 2b: M-L Fu, D. Fenske, B. Weinert and O. Fuhr, *Eur. J. Inorg. Chem.*, 2010, 1098-1102.

Table S7 UV-Vis data analysis of Complex 1, 1', 2, 3, 4, L<sup>1</sup> and L<sup>2</sup>

Compound	UV-Visible data ( $\lambda_{max}/cm^{-1}$ )
1	215, 245(sh), 300, 700
1'	240, 400
2	280, 310
3	215, 260, 600
4	205, 260, 600
L <sup>1</sup>	220(sh), 250, 290
$L^2$	210, 260, 320