

# Conformational control of the self-assembly of triple helicates and [2 x 2]-grids from Zinc(II) and 3,6-di(2-pyridyl)pyridazine based ligands

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Table of hydrogen bonds for **6**

	H3	H4	H5	H6	H9
<b>L<sub>1</sub></b>	8.71	8.00	7.52	8.77	8.67
<b>1</b>	8.61	8.45	7.91	8.02	9.05
CIS <sup>b</sup>	-0.1	+0.45	+0.39	-0.75	+0.38

<sup>a</sup> For deuterated acetonitrile solutions. <sup>b</sup> CIS=  $\delta$ complex- $\delta$ ligand.

**Table S1:**  $^1\text{H}$ -NMR Chemical shifts<sup>a</sup> and Coordination Induced Shifts<sup>b</sup> of complex **1**

	H3	H4	H5	H6	H10	H11
<b>L<sub>2</sub></b>	8.51	7.98	7.47	8.76	3.49	2.14 <sup>c</sup>
<b>3</b>	8.46	8.39	7.83	7.96	3.60	2.87 <sup>c</sup>
CIS <sup>b</sup>	-0.05	+0.41	+0.36	-0.80	+0.11	+0.73

<sup>a</sup> For deuterated acetonitrile solutions. <sup>b</sup> CIS=  $\delta$ complex- $\delta$ ligand. <sup>c</sup> Solvent overlap.

**Table S2:**  $^1\text{H}$ -NMR Chemical shifts<sup>a</sup> and Coordination Induced Shifts<sup>b</sup> of complex **3**

	H3	H4	H5	H6	H10	H11
<b>L<sub>4</sub></b>	7.88	7.98	7.48	8.72	2.94	1.80
<b>4</b>	8.43	8.31	7.81	8.47	3.18/3.32	1.62/2.13
CIS <sup>b</sup>	+0.55	+0.33	+0.33	-0.25	+0.25/+0.38	-0.18/+0.33

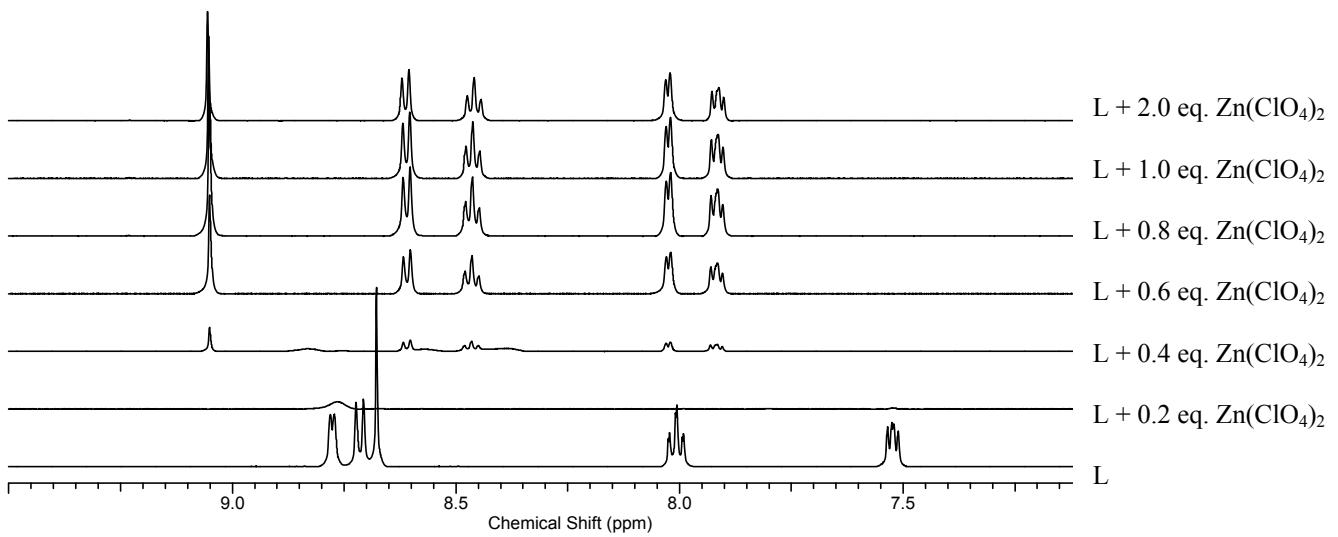
<sup>a</sup> For deuterated acetonitrile solutions. <sup>b</sup> CIS=  $\delta$ complex- $\delta$ ligand.

**Table S3:**  $^1\text{H}$ -NMR Chemical shifts<sup>a</sup> and Coordination Induced Shifts<sup>b</sup> of complex **4**

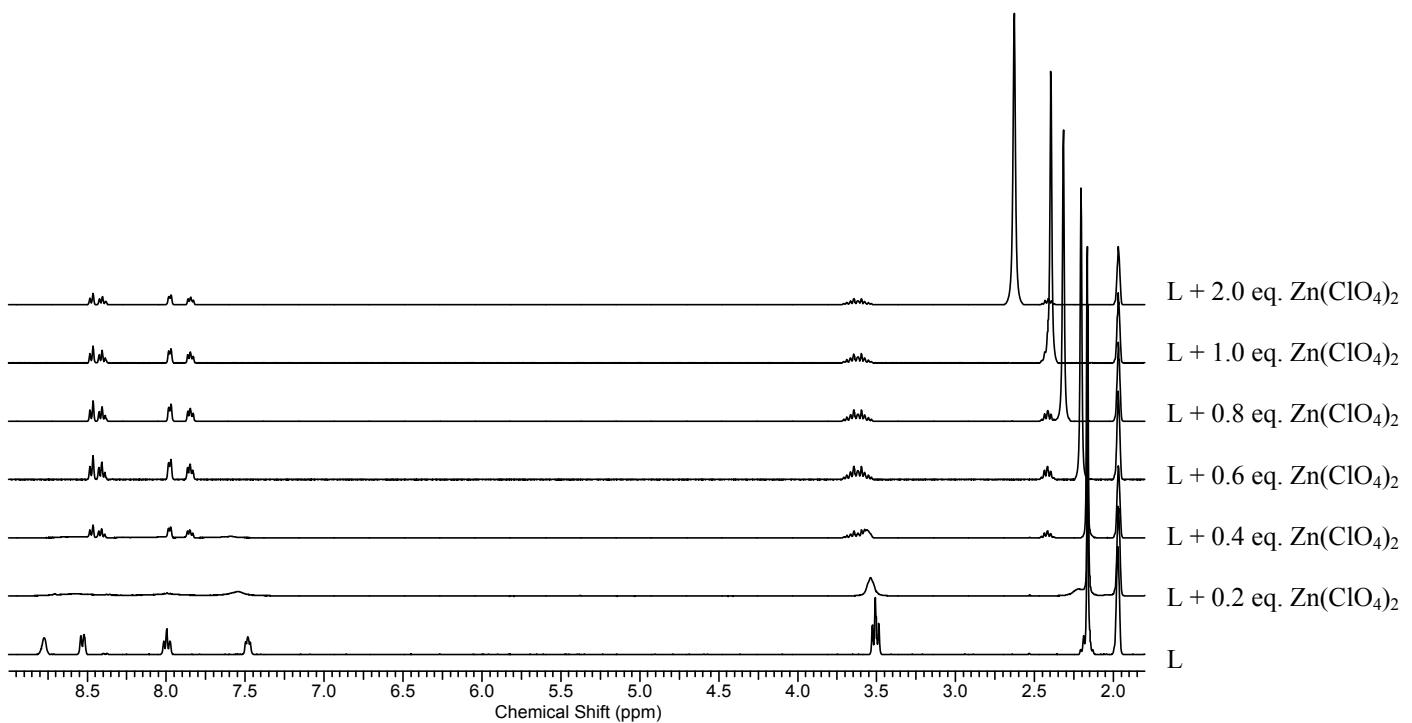
	H3	H4	H5	H6	H10	H11	H12 <sup>c</sup>
<b>L<sub>5</sub></b>	7.86	7.98	7.49	8.73	3.00	1.71	1.89 <sup>c</sup>
<b>5</b>	8.12	8.32	7.82	8.42	3.32	1.87/1.76	2.00 <sup>c</sup>
CIS <sup>b</sup>	+0.26	+0.34	+0.33	-0.31	+0.32	+0.16/+0.05	+0.11 <sup>c</sup>

<sup>a</sup> For deuterated acetonitrile solutions. <sup>b</sup> CIS=  $\delta$ complex- $\delta$ ligand. <sup>c</sup> Solvent overlap.

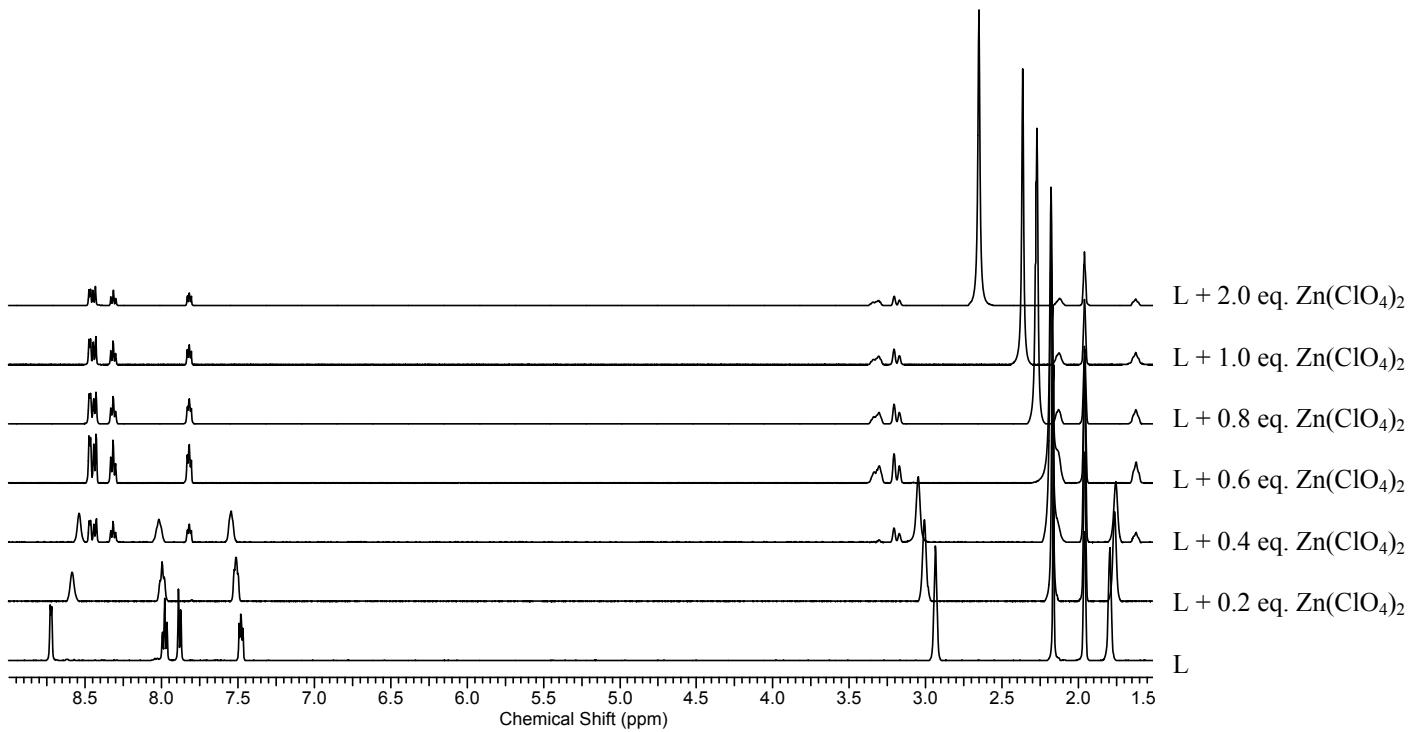
**Table S4:**  $^1\text{H}$ -NMR Chemical shifts<sup>a</sup> and Coordination Induced Shifts<sup>b</sup> of complex **5**



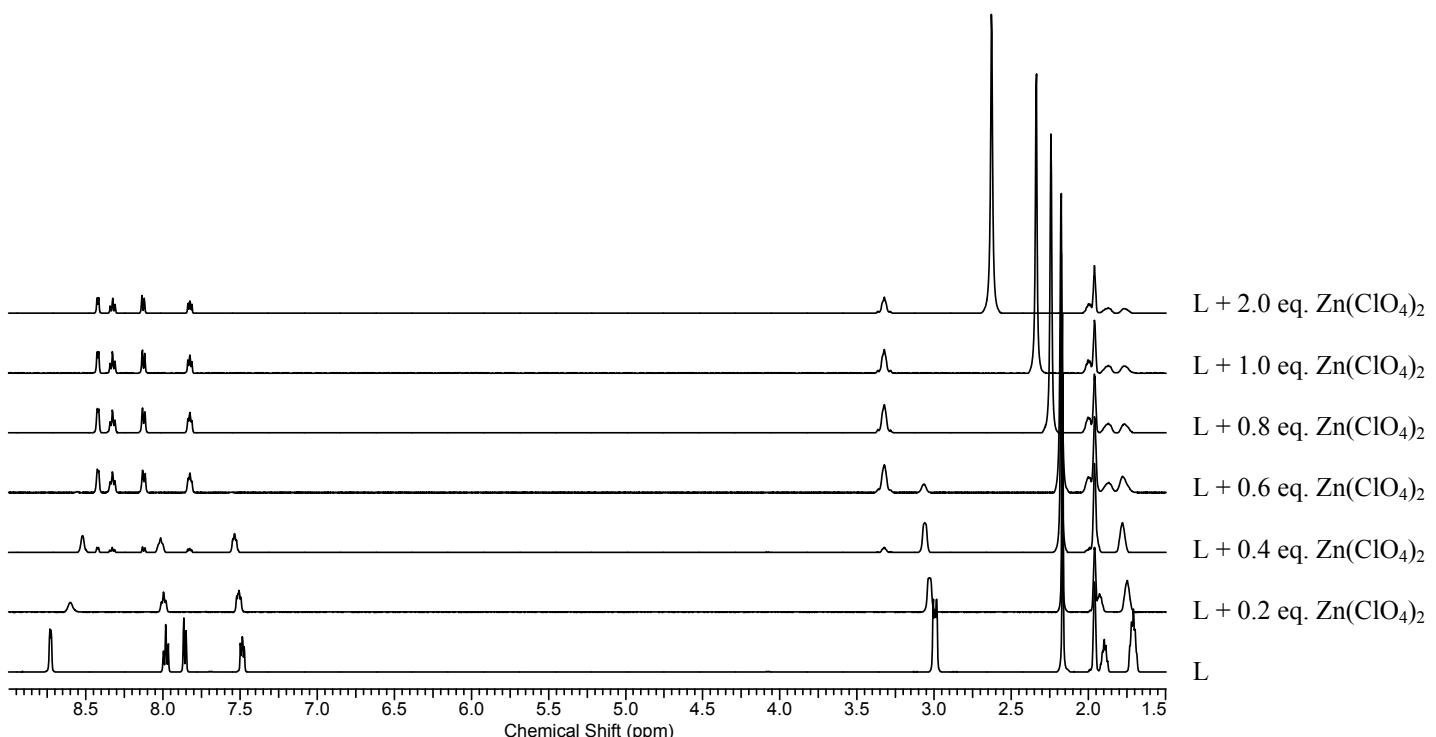
**Figure S1:**  $^1\text{H}$ -NMR titration to form complex **1**, aromatic region shown.



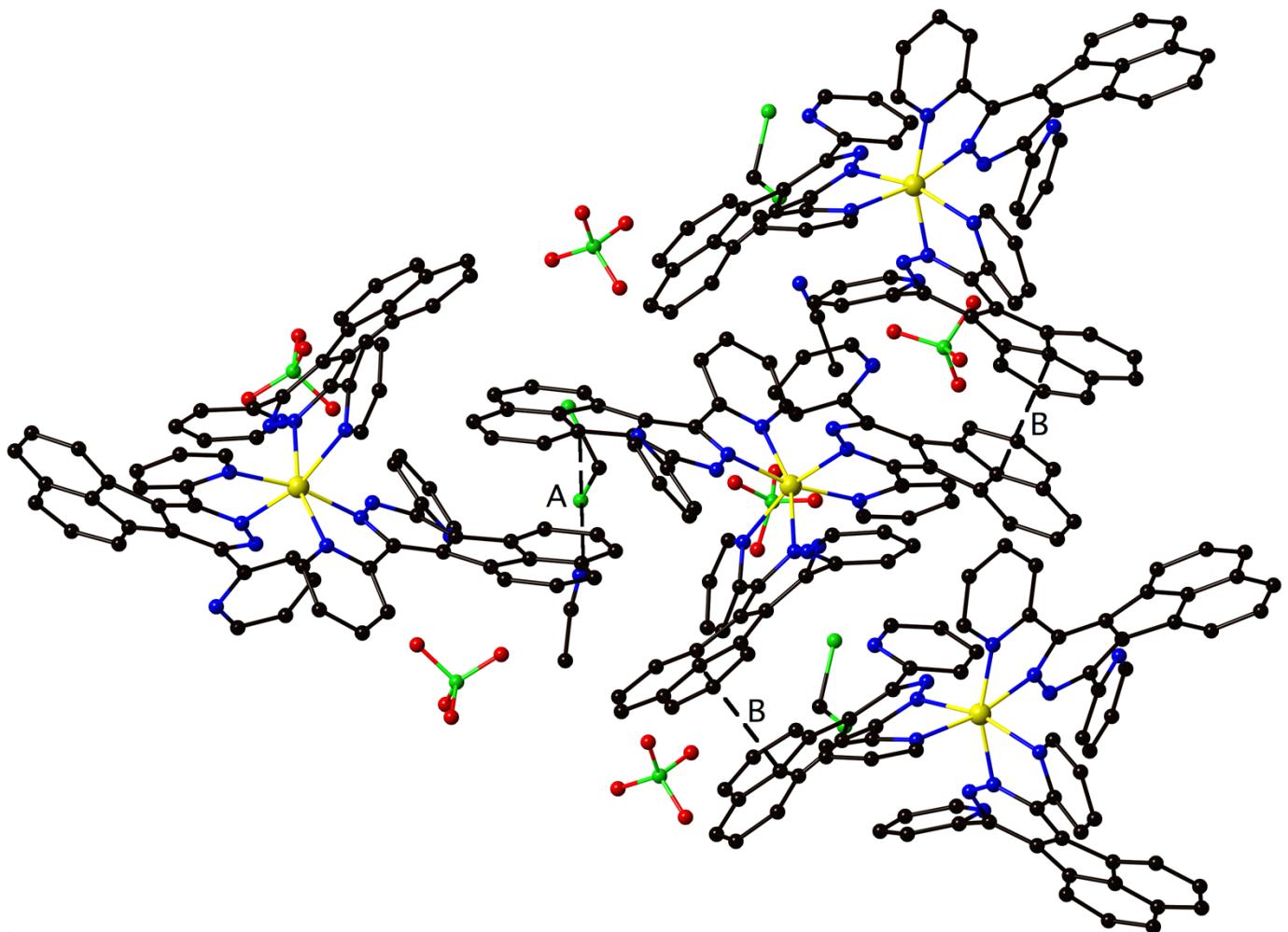
**Figure S2:**  $^1\text{H}$ -NMR titration to form complex **3**.



**Figure S3:**  $^1\text{H}$ -NMR titration to form complex 4.



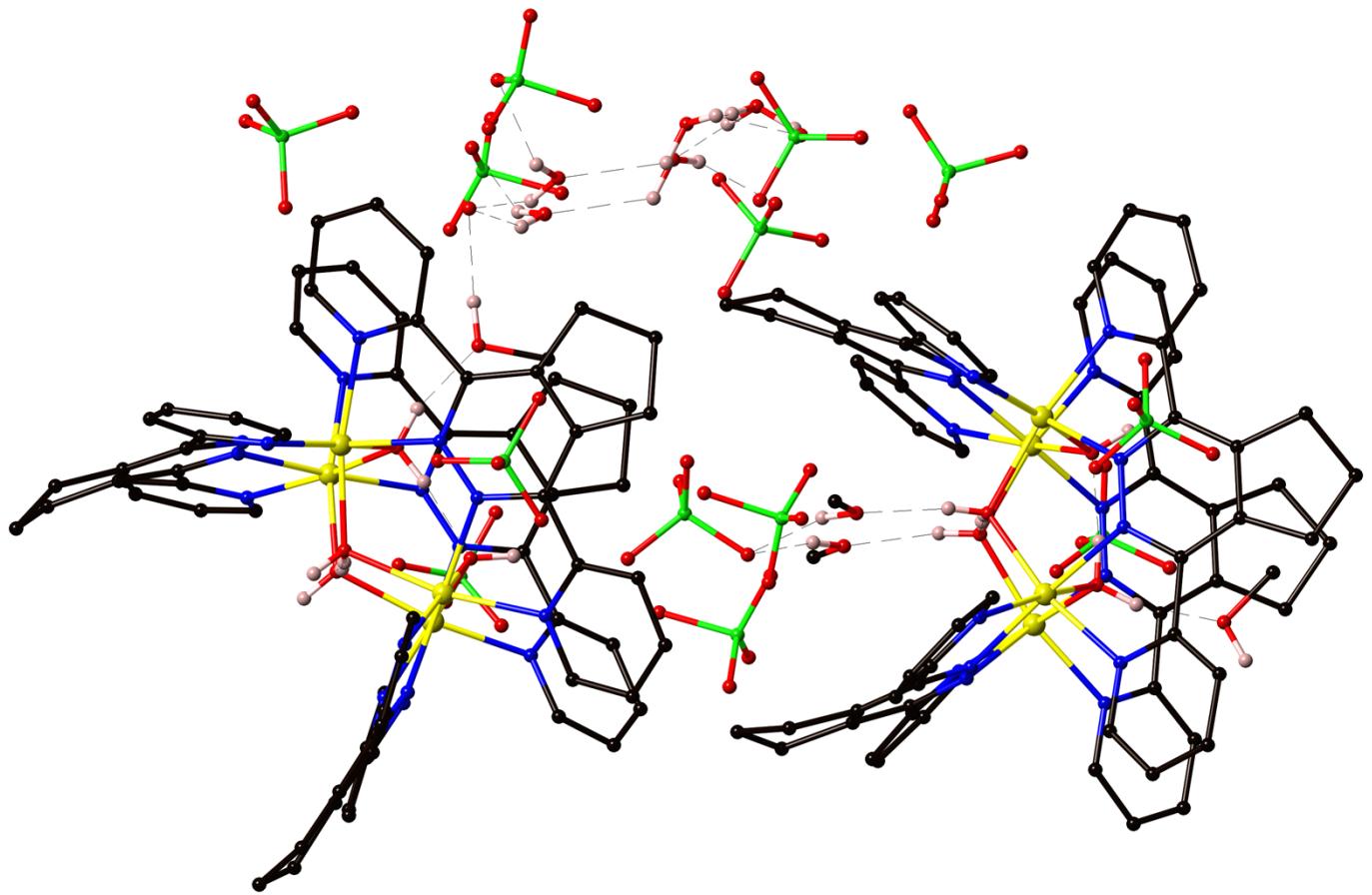
**Figure S4:** NMR titration to form complex 5.



**Figure S5:** Perspective view of the packing of **2** showing the two independent intramolecular  $\pi$ - $\pi$  stacks between the coordinated molecules of **L<sub>2</sub>**. The hydrogen atoms have been omitted for clarity, and a layer of solvate molecules and perchlorate counterions is shown. There are two distinct  $\pi$ - $\pi$  stacking interactions, which can be defined by the stacking of the fluoranthrene sections of the molecules (see Table S5 below).

Stack	interplanare angle ( $^{\circ}$ )	centroid-to-centroid ( $\text{\AA}$ )	centroid-to-plane ( $\text{\AA}$ )	planar offset ( $\text{\AA}$ )
<b>A</b>	0.0(4)	3.815(2)	3.313(2)	1.891(3)
<b>B</b>	6.53(5)	3.607(2)	3.553(2)	0.765(2)

**Table S5:**  $\pi$ - $\pi$  stacking interactions in structure of **2**.



**Figure S6:** Perspective view of the packing of **6** showing the hydrogen bonding interactions of the solvate molecules and anions. The hydrogen atoms not involved in hydrogen bonds have been omitted for clarity. There are two distinct  $\pi$ - $\pi$  stacking interactions, which can be defined by the stacking of the fluoranthrene sections of the molecules (see Table S5 below).

Hydrogen Bond	D	H	A	d(D-H)/ $\text{\AA}$	d(H-A)/ $\text{\AA}$	d(D-A)/ $\text{\AA}$	D-H-A/ $^{\circ}$
Zn-OH <sub>2</sub> ...CH <sub>3</sub> OH	O54	H54	O50	0.828(18)	1.888(19)	2.707(3)	170(4)
Zn-OH <sub>2</sub> ... Zn-OH	O54	H54A	O54 <sup>1</sup>	0.85(2)	1.65(2)	2.487(4)	170(6)
Zn-OH <sub>2</sub> ...CH <sub>3</sub> OH	O55	H55A	O52	0.849(19)	1.72(2)	2.550(5)	164(5)
Zn-OH <sub>2</sub> ... Zn-OH	O55	H55B	O56	0.851(19)	1.74(2)	2.583(4)	173(5)
Zn-OH <sub>2</sub> ...ClO <sub>4</sub>	O56	H56	O13	0.830(19)	2.21(2)	3.036(5)	175(5)
H <sub>2</sub> O...ClO <sub>4</sub>	O60	H60A	O2 <sup>2</sup>	0.85	2.13	2.931(6)	157.2
H <sub>2</sub> O...H <sub>2</sub> O	O60	H60B	O57 <sup>3</sup>	0.85	2.12	2.707(8)	125.6
H <sub>2</sub> O...ClO <sub>4</sub>	O59	H59A	O9 <sup>4</sup>	0.85	2.26	2.965(7)	140.2
H <sub>2</sub> O...H <sub>2</sub> O	O59	H59B	O60	0.85	1.84	2.686(5)	172.6
CH <sub>3</sub> OH...H <sub>2</sub> O	O52	H52	O58	0.85(2)	1.84(2)	2.686(7)	176(9)
H <sub>2</sub> O...H <sub>2</sub> O	O57	H57A	O58	0.85	1.91	2.694(6)	152.6
H <sub>2</sub> O...ClO <sub>4</sub>	O57	H57B	O15 <sup>2</sup>	0.85	2.07	2.812(6)	145.9
CH <sub>3</sub> OH...ClO <sub>4</sub>	O50	H50	O12 <sup>5</sup>	0.82	2.07	2.871(4)	165.5

<sup>1</sup>+X,1/2-Y,+Z; <sup>2</sup>1/2-X,-Y,-1/2+Z; <sup>3</sup>-1/2+X,+Y,1/2-Z; <sup>4</sup>+X,+Y,-1+Z; <sup>5</sup>-1/2+X,1/2-Y,3/2-Z

**Table S6:** Table of hydrogen bonds for **6**, showing the donor and receptor atoms in bold.