Two novel octamolybdate nanoclusters as catalysts for dye degradation by air under room conditions

Mahnaz Najafi^a, Alireza Abbasi ^{a, *} Majid Masteri-Farahani ^b and Jan Janczak ^c

^a) School of Chemistry, College of Science, University of Tehran, Tehran, Iran

^b) Faculty of Chemistry, Kharazmi University, Tehran, Iran

c) Institute of Low Temperature and Structure Research, Polish Academy of Sciences, PO Box 1410,

50-950 Wrocław, Poland.



Fig. S1. Structure of the investigated dyes.



Fig. S2. (a) UV-Vis spectra for the standard solutions of Bismarck brown (BB), (b) calibration curve (c) decomposition of BB ($C_0 = 0.3 \text{ g/L}$, 100 ml) in the presence of the catalysts (1.33 g) after 2 h.



Fig. S3. (a) UV-Vis spectra for the standard solutions of Azure II, (b) calibration curve (c) decomposition of the dye ($C_0 = 0.3 \text{ g/L}$, 100 ml) in the presence of the catalysts (1.33 g) after 2 h.



Fig. S4. (a) UV-Vis spectra for the standard solutions of Direct blue 71 (DB 71), (b) calibration curve (c) decomposition of DB 71 ($C_0 = 0.3$ g/L, 100 ml) in the presence of the catalysts (1.33 g) after 2 h.



Fig. S5. (a) UV-Vis spectra for the standard solutions of Methyl violet (MV), (b) calibration curve (c) decomposition of MV ($C_0 = 0.3 \text{ g/L}$, 100 ml) in the presence of the catalysts (1.33 g) after 2 h.



Fig. S6. (a) UV-Vis spectra for the standard solutions of Methylene blue (MB), (b) calibration curve (c) decomposition of MB ($C_0 = 0.3 \text{ g/L}$, 100 ml) in the presence of the catalysts (1.33 g) after 2 h.



Fig. S7. FT-IR spectrum of tetrabutylammonium octamolybdate.



Fig. S8. The UV-Vis spectrum of BB solution in the presence of tetrabutylammonium octamolybdate after 2 h.



b.

a.



Fig. S9. The ion chromatograms for BB solution for detected a. anions and b. cation in the treated sample after 2h.