## Supplementary Information

## Homodinuclear Lanthanide {Ln<sub>2</sub>} (Ln = Gd, Tb, Dy, Eu) Complexes Prepared from *o*-Vanillin based Ligand: Luminescence and Single-Molecule Magnetism

## Behavior

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Fig. S1 Molecular structure of 3 (hydrogen atoms and solvent molecules are omitted for clarity).

Table S1. Selected Bond distances and bond angles for compound 3

Bond le	ngths (Å)	Bond angles (°)					
Bond Len	gths around						
Dyspro	osium(1)	O(2)-Dy(1)-O(3)	96.43(9)				
Dy(1)-O(2)*	2.305(3)	O(2)*-Dy(1)-O(4)	133.63(9)				
Dy(1)-O(2)	2.337(3)	Dy(1)*-O(2)-Dy(1)	103.02(10)				
Dy(1)-O(7)	2.338(3)	O(2)-Dy(1)-O(1)*	126.01(9)				
Dy(1)-O(5)	2.344(3)						
Dy(1)-O(4)	2.361(3)						
Dy(1)-O(6)*	2.472(3)						
Dy(1)-O(3)	2.524(3)						
Dy(1)-O(1)*	2.675(3)						
Dy(1)-N(1)	2.679(3)						
Dy(1)-Dy(1)*	3.6331(13)						



Fig. S2 Molecular structure of 2 (hydrogen atoms and solvent molecules are omitted for clarity).

Table S2. Selec	cted Bond distar	nces and bond ang	gles for compound 2
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Bond lengths (	Å)	Bond angles (°)				
Bond Lengths	around					
Terbium(1)		Tb(1)-O(1)-Tb(1)*	103.19(10)			
Tb(1)-O(5)	2.365(3)	O(1)-Tb(1)-O(1)*	76.81(10)			
Tb(1)-O(6)	2.351(3)	O(1)-Tb(1)-O(3)	132.90(10)			
Tb(1)-O(8)*	2.677(3)	O(1)*-Tb(1)-O(2)	134.08(10)			
Tb(1)-O(1)*	2.348(3)	O(1)-Tb(1)*-O(8)	63.11(9)			
Tb(1)-O(2)	2.378(3)					
Tb(1)-O(4)*	2.474(3)					
Tb(1)-O(3)	2.538(3)					
Tb(1)-N(1)	2.682(3)					
Tb(1)-Tb(1)*	3.6532(14)					



Fig. S3 Molecular structure of 4 (hydrogen atoms and solvent molecules are omitted for clarity).

Bond lengths (Å)		Bond angles (°)	
Bond Lengths	around		
Europium(1)		Eu(1)*-O(1)-Eu(1)	102.76(12)
Eu(1)-O(1)	2.340(3)	O(1)*-Eu(1)-O(6)	85.00(11)
Eu(1)-O(1)	2.372(3)	O(1)-Eu(1)-N(1)	75.20(11)
Eu(1)-O(6)	2.378(3)	$O(1) = E_{1}(1) O(6)$	142 62(11)
Eu(1)-O(5)	2.394(3)	0(1)-Eu(1)-0(0)	145.05(11)
Eu(1)-O(2)	2.401(3)	O(6)-Eu(1)-O(5)	135.56(11)
Eu(1)-O(8)*	2.493(3)		
Eu(1)-O(3)	2.561(3)		
Eu(1)-O(4)*	2.674(3)		
Eu(1)-N(1)	2.704(4)		
Eu(1)-Eu(1)*	3.6816(6)		



**Fig. S4** 1D polymeric supramolecular association through C-H...Cl and C-H...O hydrogen bonding of compound **1**.

 Table S4. Hydrogen bond parameters for compound 1

	D-HA	d(D-H) Å	d(HA)	d(DA)	<(DHA)°	Symmetry of A
			Å	Å		
	C22-H22ACl2	0.958(5)	2.885(2)	3.556(5)	128.99(28)	1-x, 0.5+y, 1.5-z
1	С24-Н24О8	0.979(4)	2.026(4)	2.975(5)	158.02(25)	1-x, 3-y, 1-z



Fig. S5 Packing diagram compound 1.



Fig. S6 ESI-MS of 1 (picture shows isotopic distribution pattern of one fragment).



Fig. S7 ESI-MS of 3 (picture shows isotopic distribution pattern of the two fragments)



Fig. S8 ESI-MS of 2 (picture shows isotopic distribution pattern of the two fragments)



Fig. S9 ESI-MS of 4 (picture shows isotopic distribution pattern of one fragment).



Fig. S10 Emission spectra of 4 (Eu<sub>2</sub>) upon excitation at 300 nm.

Table S5. Life time of the complex 4

Complex	Room Temperature Life time $(\tau_a)$					
	( $\mu$ s), $\lambda_{ex} = 300$ (nm), $\lambda_{em} = 450$ (nm)					
4	1.38					



Fig. S11 Emission spectra of 4 (Eu<sub>2</sub>) upon excitation directly through the *f*-*f* transitions at (a) 464 nm and (b) 395 nm.



**Fig. S12** Emission spectra of **2** (Tb<sub>2</sub>) upon excitation directly through the *f*-*f* transitions at (a) 488 nm and (b) 355 nm.



Fig. S13 Room temperature (298 K) (a) phosphorescence spectra and (b) life time decay profile of Gd<sub>2</sub> (1) compound ( $\lambda_{ex} = 300$  nm). The emission was monitored at 410 nm (The solid red line represent monoexponential fit to the decay curve with a  $\tau$  value 250 µs.

Table	<b>S6</b> .	Life	time	of the	ligand	in	presence and	l a	bsence	of	accep	tor.
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perature Life time $(\tau_a)$	Room Temperature Life time $(\tau_0)$
$\lambda_{\rm ex} = 300 \ (\rm nm)$	$(\mu s), \lambda_{ex} = 300 \text{ (nm)}$
-	250.33
1.66,	-
1.51	-
	perature Life time ( $\tau_a$ ) $\lambda_{ex} = 300 \text{ (nm)}$ - 1.66, 1.51



Fig. S14 Phosphorescence decay profile (blue curve) of compounds 2 (a) and 3 (b) ( $\lambda_{ex} = 300$  nm and emission monitored at 410 nm (ligand emission). The solid red line represents biexponential fit to the decay curve



Fig. S15 Solid state absorption spectra of 2 (Tb<sub>2</sub>, red line), 3 (Dy<sub>2</sub>, black line).



Fig. S16 M versus H plot at 2, 3 and 5 K for compound 1 (a), 3 (b)



Fig. S17 M versus H plot at 2, 3 and 5 K for compound 2



Fig. S18 Frequency dependent of the out-of-phase ac signals ( $\chi''_{M}$ ) under zero applied dc field for 3 at low temperature (a) and at high temperature (b) region. Solid lines are a guide to the eye.



Fig. S19 Cole-Cole plot using the ac susceptibility data shown in Fig. S18 for 3. The solid lines are the best fit obtained with a generalized Debye model (with  $\alpha$  always smaller than 0.15).



Fig. S20 IR spectra of compound 3 (Dy<sub>2</sub>)



Fig. S21 IR spectra of compound 1 (Gd<sub>2</sub>)



Fig. S22 IR spectra of compound 2 (Tb<sub>2</sub>).





Fig. S24 Room temperature PXRD of compound 1 (Gd<sub>2</sub>).



Fig. S25 Room temperature PXRD of compound 2 (Tb<sub>2</sub>).



Temperature (°C)

Fig. S27 Thermo gravimetric analysis curve of 1-4 (Heating rate: 10 °C per min) under argon atmosphere.