

Supplementary Materials

Modeling of Internal Conversion in Photoexcited Conjugated Molecular Donor used in Organic Photovoltaics

N. Oldani*, S. Tretiak[¶], G. Bazan[†], and S. Fernandez-Alberti*

*Universidad Nacional de Quilmes, Roque Saenz Peña 352, B1876BXD Bernal, Argentina, [¶]Theoretical Division, Center for Nonlinear Studies (CNLS), and Center for Integrated Nanotechnologies (CINT), Los Alamos National Laboratory, Los Alamos, NM 87545, USA, [†]Center for Polymers and Organic Solids, Departments of Chemistry & Biochemistry and Materials, University of California, Santa Barbara, California 93106, USA.

Figure S1. (a) Simulated absorption and emission spectra of the *p*-DTS(PTTh₂)₂ molecule. The peak corresponding to the S₁ state contribution to the absorption spectra is particularly delimited; Panels (b)-(e) provide contributions of the different excited states to the absorption spectrum.

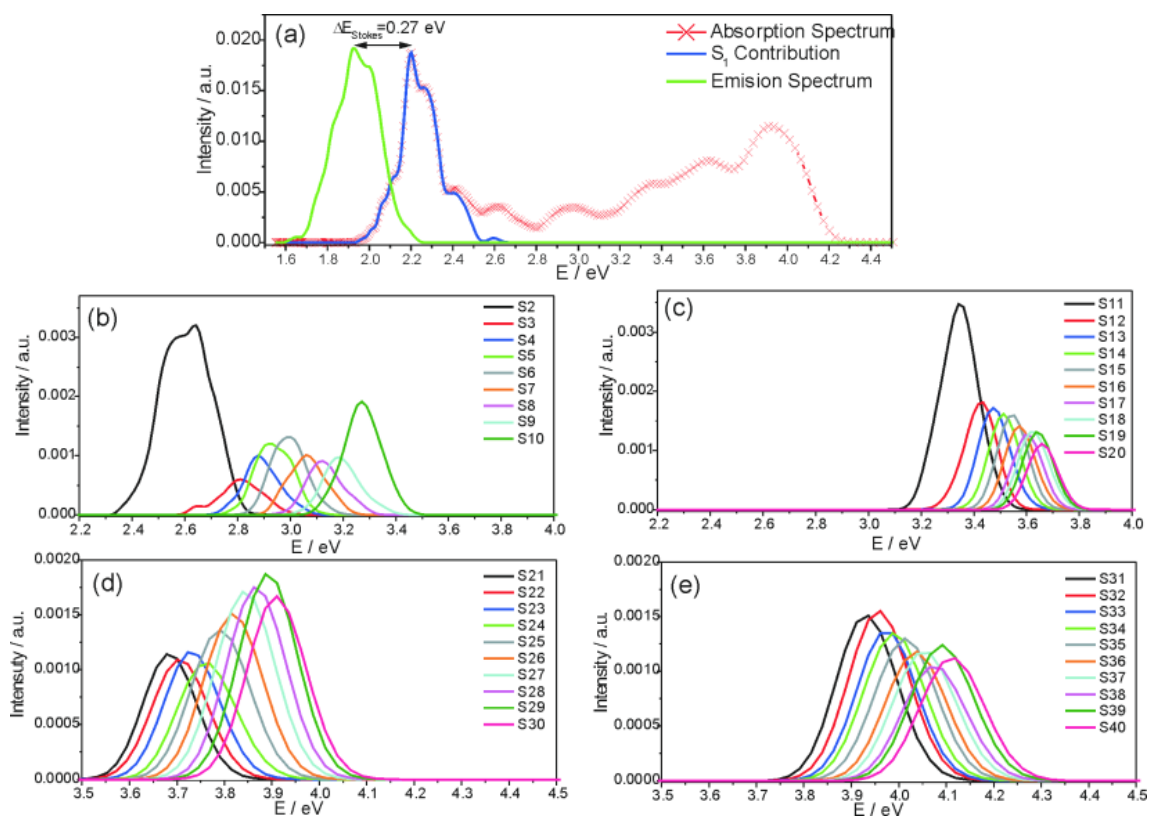


Figure S2. Distribution of initial excited states according to an excitation with a Gaussian laser shape centered at 3.65 eV (340 nm) and FWHM of 100fs.

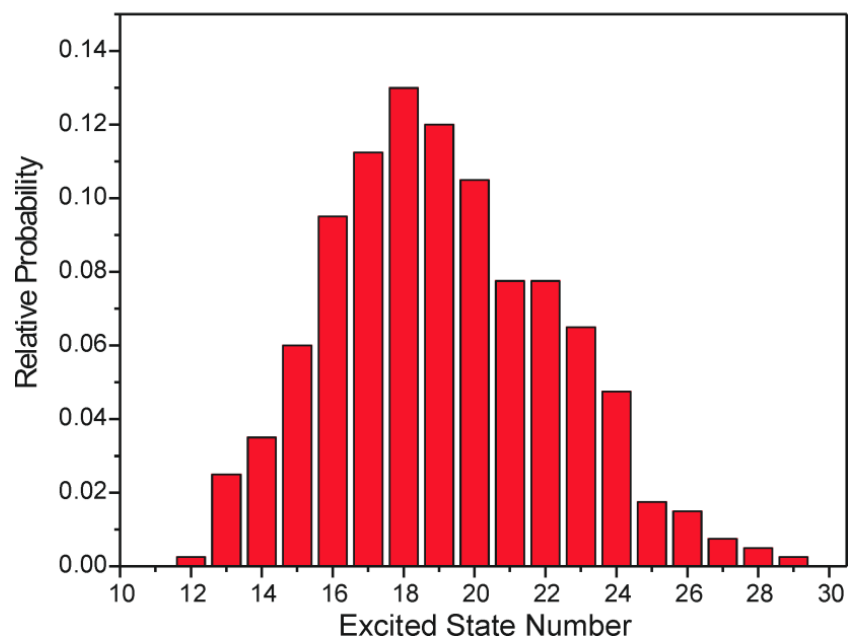


Figure S3. Localization of the electronic transition density of the S_1 state at different times along the representative trajectory in the NA-ESMD simulations.

