

Table S1. Summary of target PCB congeners. Numbers are BZ numbers (Ballschmitter and Zell, 1980) listed in order of elution from an HT8-PCB column.

Homologue	BZ#	Homologue	BZ#	Homologue	BZ#
Mono-CBs	#1	Penta-CBs	#104	Hepta-CBs	#188
	#2		#96		#184
	#3		#103		#179
Di-CBs	#10		#100		#176
	#4		#94		#186
	#9		#102/#93		#178
	#7		#98/#95		#175
	#6		#88		#182/#187
	#8/#5		#91		#183
	#14		#121		#185
	#11		#92		#174
	#13/#12		#84		#181
	#15		#89		#177
Tri-CBs	#19		#90		#171
	#30		#101		#173
	#18		#113		#172
	#17		#99		#192
	#24		#112/#119		#180
	#27		#83		#193
	#32		#108		#191
	#16		#86		#170
	#23		#117/#97		#190
	#34		#125/#116		#189
	#29		#87/#115	Octa-CBs	#202
	#26		#111		#200
	#25		#85		#204
	#31		#120/#110		#197
	#28		#82		#199
	#21		#124		#198
	#20/#33		#109/#107		#201
	#22		#123		#196
	#36		#106		#203
	#39		#118		#195
	#38		#114		#194
	#35		#122		#205
	#37		#105	Nona-CBs	#208
Tetra-CBs	#54		#127		#207
	#50		#126	Deca-CBs	#206
	#53	Hexa-CBs	#155		#209
	#51		#150		
	#45		#152		
	#46		#145		
	#52/#69		#136		
	#73		#148		
	#43		#154		
	#49		#151		
	#65/#75		#135		
	#48/#47		#144		
	#62		#147		
	#44		#149/#139		
	#59		#140		
	#42		#143		
	#64		#134		
	#72		#142		
	#71		#131		
	#41		#133		
	#68		#165		
	#40		#146		
	#57		#132		
	#67		#161		
	#63		#153		
	#58		#168		
	#61		#141		
	#74		#137		
	#70		#130		
	#76		#164/#163		
	#80		#138		
	#66		#160		
	#55		#158		
	#60		#129		
	#56		#166		
	#79		#159		
	#78		#128		
	#81		#162		
	#77		#167		
			#156		
			#157		
			#169		

K. Ballschmitter and M. Zell, Analysis of polychlorinated biphenyls (PCB) by glass capillary gas chromatography, Fresenius' Journal of Analytical Chemistry, 1980, 302, 20-31.

Table S2. List of rate constants that were used for mass-balance analysis

	log $K_{OW}$ <sup>a</sup>	Rate constant for chemical uptake via the respiratory surface ( $k_1$ ) <sup>b</sup>	Rate constant for overall chemical elimination ( $k_2$ ) <sup>c</sup>	Rate constant for chemical uptake via ingestion of suspended and bottom sediment ( $k_{sed}$ ) <sup>d</sup>		
		L kg <sup>-1</sup> d <sup>-1</sup>	d <sup>-1</sup>	d <sup>-1</sup>		
				Average	day 14	day 28
#101	6.38	652	0.007	0.0061	0.0061	0.0062
#99	6.39	648	0.007	0.0025	0.0038	0.0013
#118	6.46	619	0.006	0.0035	0.0038	0.0032
#87/#115	6.47	615	0.006	0.0010	0.0012	0.0007
#132	6.58	569	0.004	0.0038	0.0040	0.0037
#151	6.64	543	0.004	0.0036	0.0016	0.0055
#135	6.64	543	0.004	0.0021	– <sup>e</sup>	0.0021
#105	6.65	539	0.004	0.0019	0.0018	0.0019
#149/#139	6.67	531	0.004	0.0017	– <sup>e</sup>	0.0017
#120/#110	6.69	523	0.003	0.0038	0.0047	0.0030
#128	6.74	502	0.003	0.0009	– <sup>e</sup>	0.0009
#138	6.83	464	0.002	– <sup>e</sup>	– <sup>e</sup>	– <sup>e</sup>
#164/#163	7.01	391	0.002	0.0026	– <sup>e</sup>	0.0026

<sup>a</sup>Hawker and Connell (1988)

<sup>b</sup> The rate constant  $k_1$  was estimated using data from a bioconcentration study of the dioxin-like PCBs (tetra- to hepta-chlorinated, non-*ortho*-, and mono-*ortho*-substituted PCB congeners; the congeners had log  $K_{OW}$  values of 6.36–7.71 [Hawker and Connell, 1988]) in marbled sole (Fishery Agency, 2003). We analyzed the data by using our own analysis of the reported data based on first-order kinetics. We used reliable  $k_1$  values for congeners with  $K_{OW}$  values ranging from 6.36 to 7.71; a good linear relationship was observed between  $k_1$  and log  $K_{OW}$  (see Fig. S1).

<sup>c</sup>The rate constant  $k_2$  was estimated using the empirical equation based on  $K_{OW}$  (Equation 7) proposed by Hawker and Connell (1988).

<sup>d</sup>For each congeners, we used the average, minimum, and maximum  $k_{sed}$  values that were obtained at days 14 and 28.

<sup>e</sup>The rate constant  $k_2$  could not be calculated for #135, #149/#139, #128, #138, and #164/#163 because their  $C'_{F-W}$  values were greater than their  $C'_F$  values.

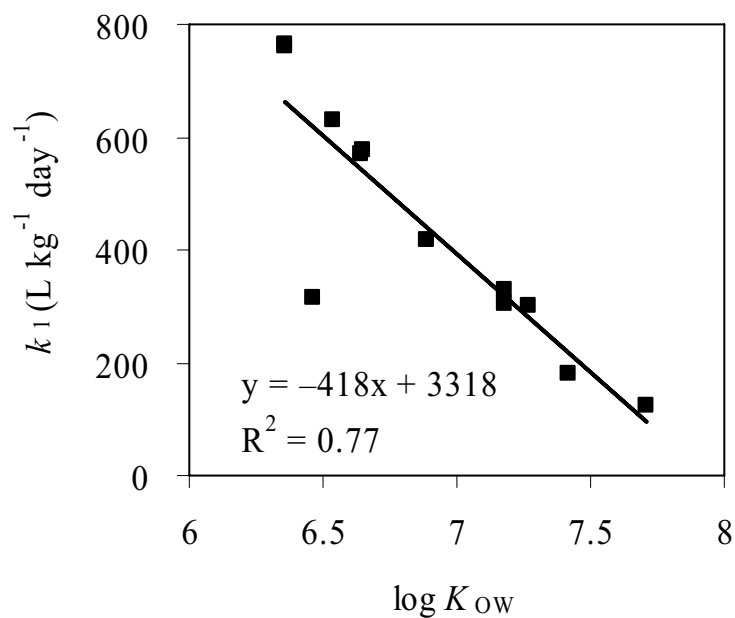


Fig. S1. Relationship between  $k_1$  and  $\log K_{OW}$ . The reference rate constant  $k_1$  was obtained by our own analysis of the data from a bioconcentration study of the dioxin-like PCBs (tetra- to hepta-chlorinated, non-*ortho*- and mono-*ortho*-substituted PCB congeners; the congeners had  $\log K_{OW}$  values of 6.36–7.71 [Hawker and Connell, 1988]) in marbled sole (Fishery Agency, 2003). Based on these reference  $k_1$ , we established a regression equation between  $k_1$  and  $\log K_{OW}$  ( $k_1 = -418 \log K_{OW} + 3318$ ). We calculated the  $k_1$  values that were used in the mass-balance analysis by using this regression equation.

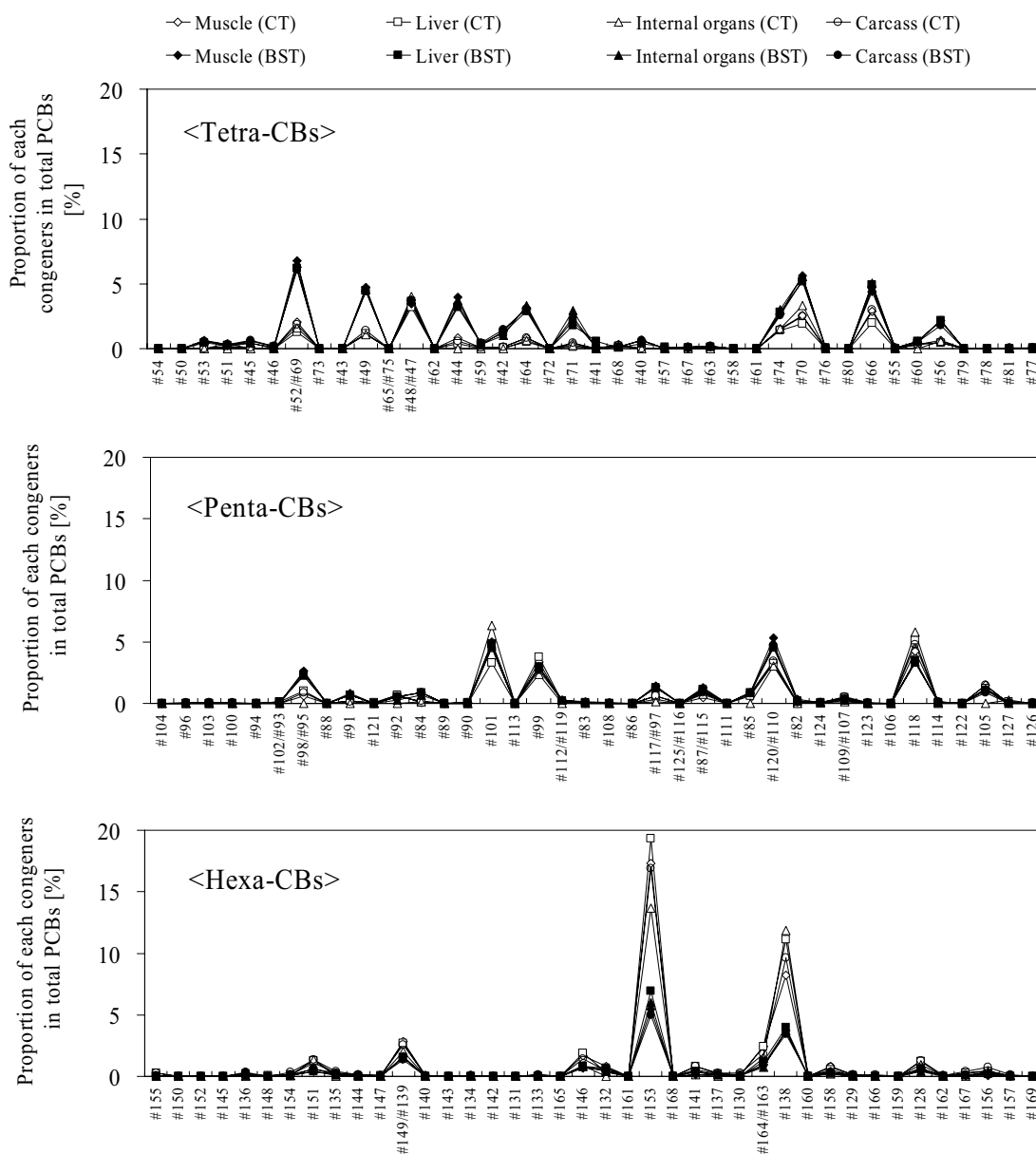


Fig. S2a. Comparison of the proportions of each congener in the total accumulated PCBs among the different fish tissues

CT: Control Tank

BST: Bottom Sediment Tank

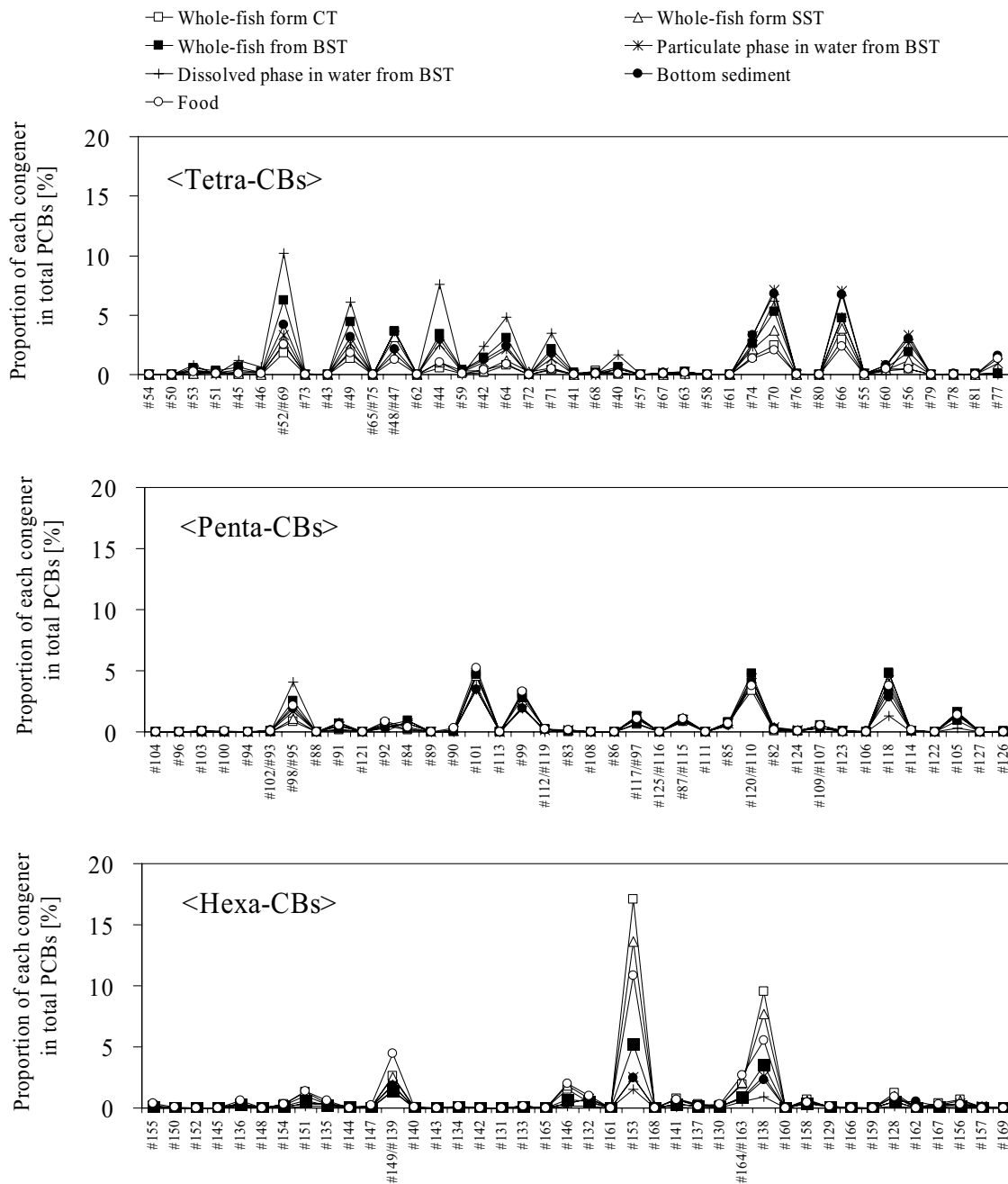


Fig. S2b. Comparison of the proportions of each congener in the total PCBs between the fish samples and other media (food, water, and sediment)

CT: Control Tank

BST: Bottom Sediment Tank