

Electronic Supplementary Information

Correlation of six anthropogenic markers in waste water, surface water, bank filtrate, and soil aquifer treatment

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Table S1 Gradient program for the analysis of DTA.

step	time in min	flow rate in μL/min	eluent A ^a in %	eluent B ^b in %	eluent C ^c in %
1	0.0	200	80	10	10
2	1.0	200	80	10	10
3	13.0	200	0	90	10
4	17.0	200	0	90	10
5	17.1	200	80	10	10
6	21.0	200	80	10	10

^a water with 0.1% formic acid, ^b methanol with 0.1% formic acid, ^c 50 mM ammonium acetate

Table S2 Gradient program for the analysis of CBZ.

step	time in min	flow rate in μL/min	eluent A ^a in %	eluent B ^b in %
1	0.0	200	80	20
2	20.0	200	0	100
3	28.0	200	0	100
4	29.0	200	80	20

^a water with 20 mM ammonium formate, ^b 2/3 acetonitrile 1/3 methanol with 20 mM ammonium acetate

Table S3 Gradient program for the analysis of BTZ and 4-Ttri.

step	time in min	flow rate in μL/min	eluent A ^a in %	eluent B ^b in %
1	0.0	100	70	30
2	2.0	100	70	30
3	4.0	100	20	80
4	10.0	100	20	80
5	11.0	100	70	30

^a water with 2 mM ammonium carbonate, ^b methanol with 2 mM ammonium carbonate

Table S4 Effluent concentrations of the secondary sedimentation basin in WWTP 5.

WWTP (population served)	throughput	effluent concentration secondary sedimentation basin
	$\text{m}^3 \text{d}^{-1}$	$\mu\text{g L}^{-1}$
WWTP 5 (220,000)		
acesulfame		9.0
sucralose		0.51
carbamazepine	151,200	0.38
diatrizoic acid		2.4
benzotriazole		3.2
4-methylbenzotriazole		2.4

Table S5 Daily loads of acesulfame in kg/d at the sampling point Basel/Switzerland based on the measured stream flow and detected concentrations at different sampling dates.

sampling date	stream flow (Q) in m^3/s	acesulfame in $\mu\text{g/L}$	load in kg/d
12.01.2010	781	0.80	54
11.02.2010	643	0.91	51
08.03.2010	701	0.93	56
07.05.2010	1074	0.71	66
07.04.2010	814	0.74	52
01.06.2010	1688	0.48	70
01.07.2010	1282	0.64	71



Fig. S1 Sampling points at the rivers Rhine and Main.

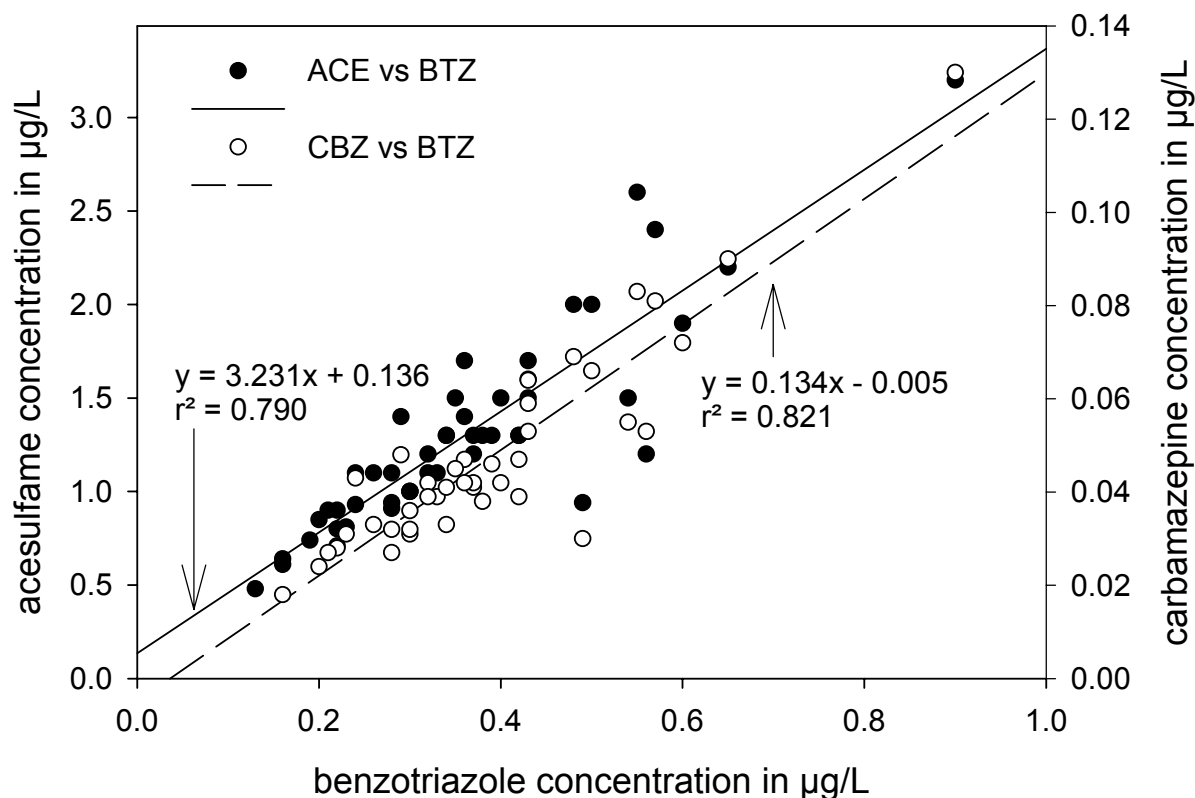


Fig. S2 Linear regression of ACE vs BTZ and CBZ vs BTZ for all sampling points (except sampling point Basel for CBZ vs BTZ) at the rivers Rhine and Main.

ratio ACE / CBZ								ratio ACE / SUC							
	Basel	Karlsruhe	Mainz	Cologne	Düsseldorf	Lobith	Frankfurt		Basel	Karlsruhe	Mainz	Cologne	Düsseldorf	Lobith	Frankfurt
Basel		X	X	X	X	X	X	Basel		O	O	X	X	X	X
Karlsruhe	X		O	O	O	O	O	Karlsruhe	O		O	O	X	X	X
Mainz	X	O		O	O	O	X	Mainz	O	O		O	O	O	X
Cologne	X	O	O		O	O	O	Cologne	X	O	O		O	O	X
Düsseldorf	X	O	O	O		O	O	Düsseldorf	X	X	O	O		O	X
Lobith	X	O	O	O	O		X	Lobith	X	X	O	O	O		O
Frankfurt	X	O	X	O	O	X		Frankfurt	X	X	X	X	X	O	

ratio ACE / BTZ								ratio BTZ / CBZ							
	Basel	Karlsruhe	Mainz	Cologne	Düsseldorf	Lobith	Frankfurt		Basel	Karlsruhe	Mainz	Cologne	Düsseldorf	Lobith	Frankfurt
Basel		O	O	O	O	O	O	Basel		X	X	X	X	X	O
Karlsruhe	O		O	O	O	O	O	Karlsruhe	X		O	O	O	O	O
Mainz	O	O		O	O	O	O	Mainz	X	O		O	O	O	O
Cologne	O	O	O		O	O	O	Cologne	X	O	O		O	O	O
Düsseldorf	O	O	O	O		O	O	Düsseldorf	X	O	O	O		O	O
Lobith	O	O	O	O	O		X	Lobith	X	O	O	O	O		O
Frankfurt	O	O	O	O	O	X		Frankfurt	O	O	O	O	O	O	

Fig. S3 Statistical analysis of the calculated ratios by one-factor variance analyses and Tukey-Test with $p < 0.05$. X = significantly different, O = not significantly different.

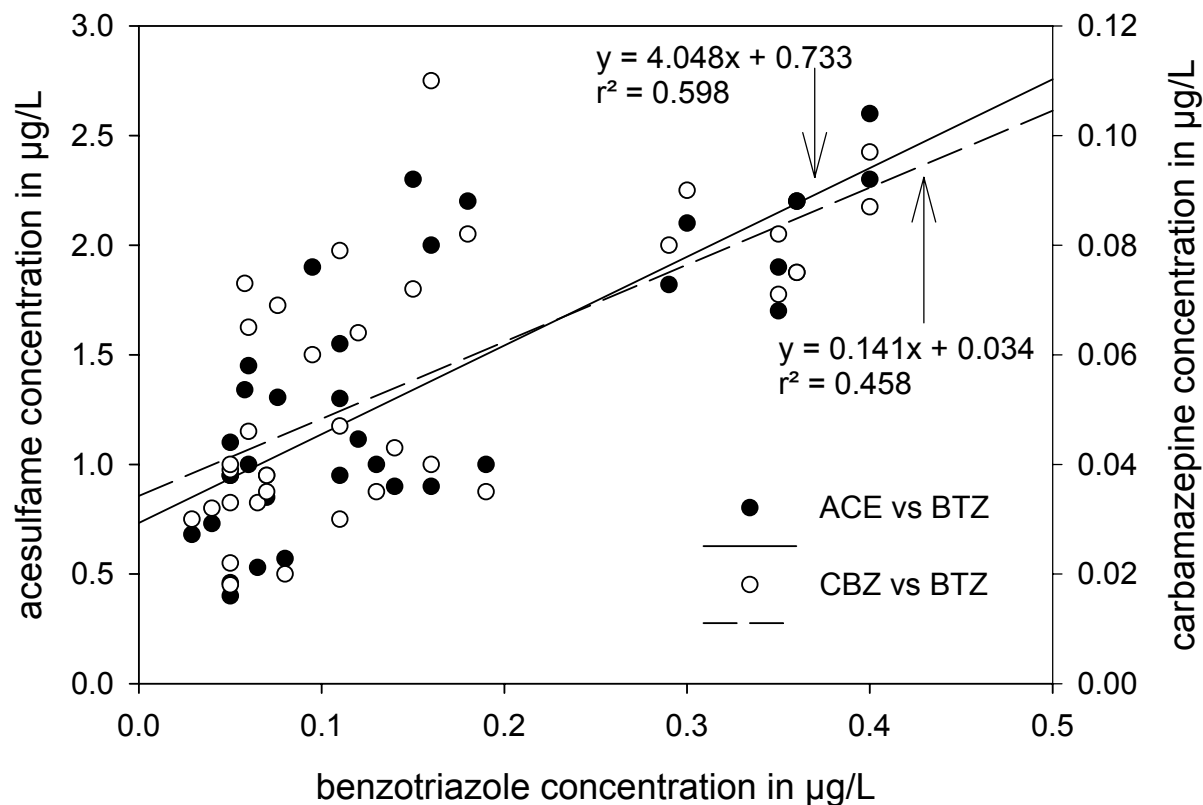


Fig. S4 Linear regression of ACE vs BTZ and CBZ vs BTZ for RBF sampling points along the Rhine river and wells in Bavaria taken from Bayerisches Landesamt für Umwelt.²⁹

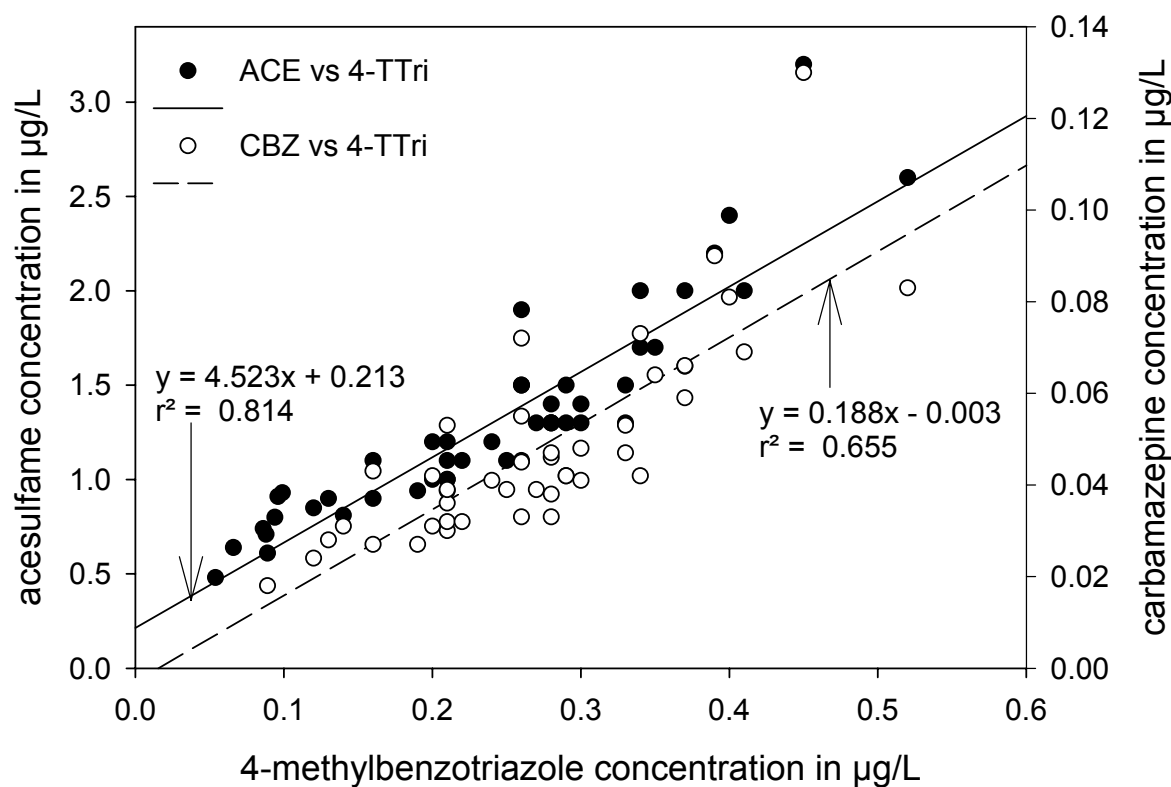


Fig. S5 Linear regression of ACE vs 4-TTri and CBZ vs 4-TTri for all sampling points (except sampling point Basel for CBZ vs 4-TTri) at the rivers Rhine and Main.

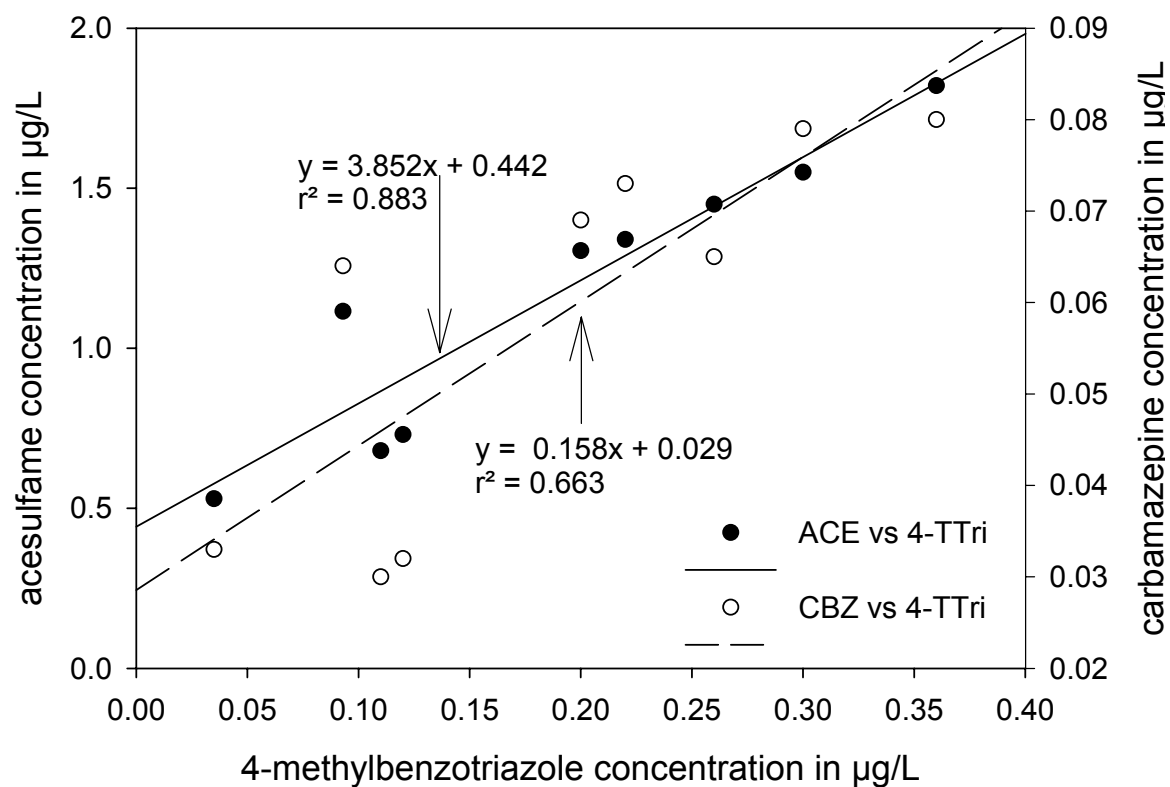


Fig. S6 Linear regression of ACE vs 4-TTri and CBZ vs 4-TTri for all RBF sampling points at the Rhine river.