Electronic supplementary information:

Title:

Exposure to inhalable dust and endotoxin among Danish livestock farmers: results from the SUS cohort study.

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Table A1. Distribution of full-time farmers per type of specialization and geographical area in the SUS12 cohort population (n=1239).

Farm type	**Geographical area, n (%)**			
	Denmark	**Jutland**	**Zealand**	**Funen**
Cattle, dairy	106 (25.1)	91 (28.0)	11 (16.9)	4 (12.1)
Cattle, beef	18 (4.3)	16 (4.9)	1 (1.5)	1 (3.0)
Pig	206 (48.7)	159 (48.9)	28 (43.1)	19 (57.6)
Mink	16 (3.8)	15 (4.6)	0 (0)	1 (3.0)
Field/crop	52 (12.3)	25 (7.7)	22 (33.8)	5 (15.2)
Poultry	2 (0.4)	2 (0.7)	0 (0)	0 (0)
Other, mixed	23 (5.4)	17 (5.2)	3 (4.6)	3 (9.1)
Total	**423**	**325**	**65**	**33**

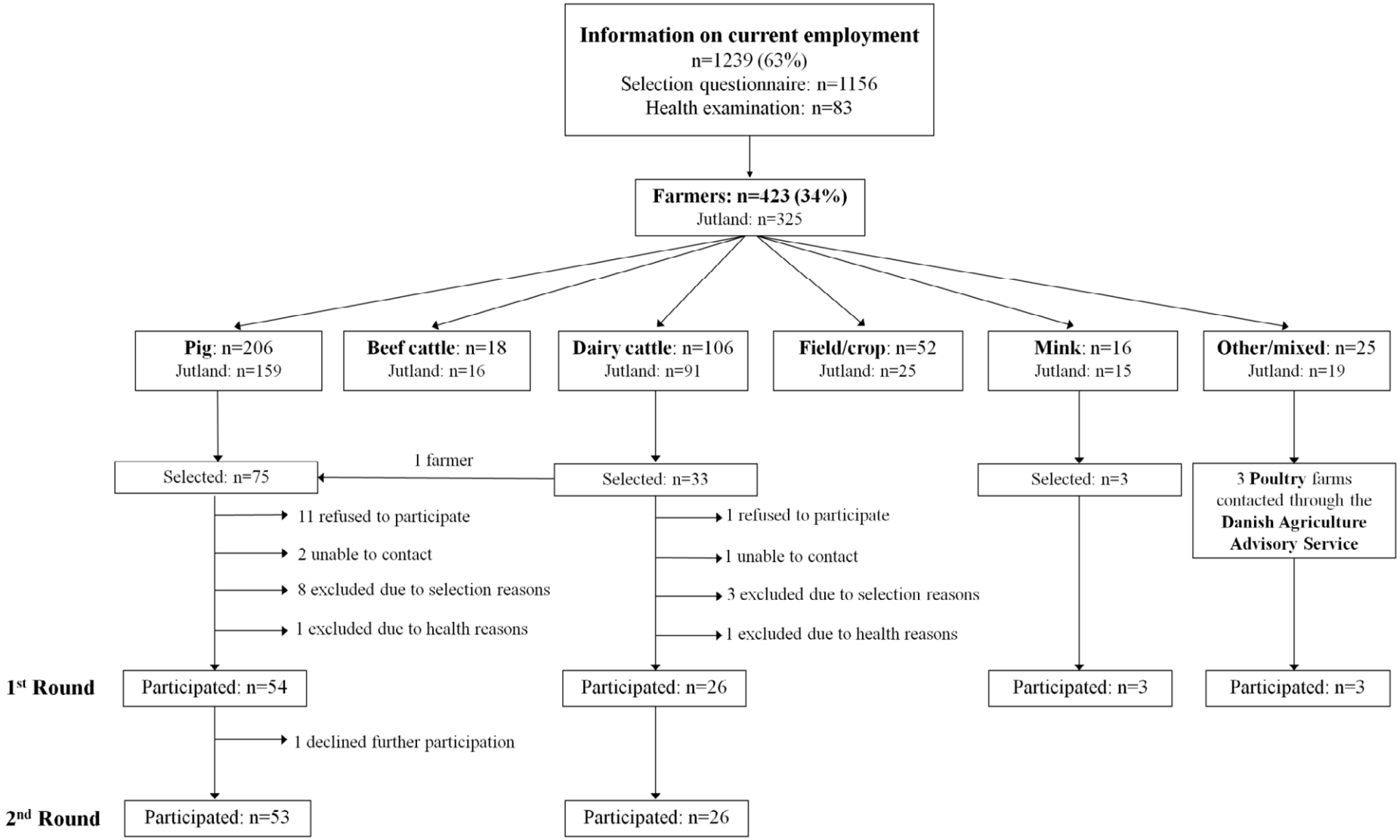

Figure A1. Flow chart describing the recruitment of farmers within the study.

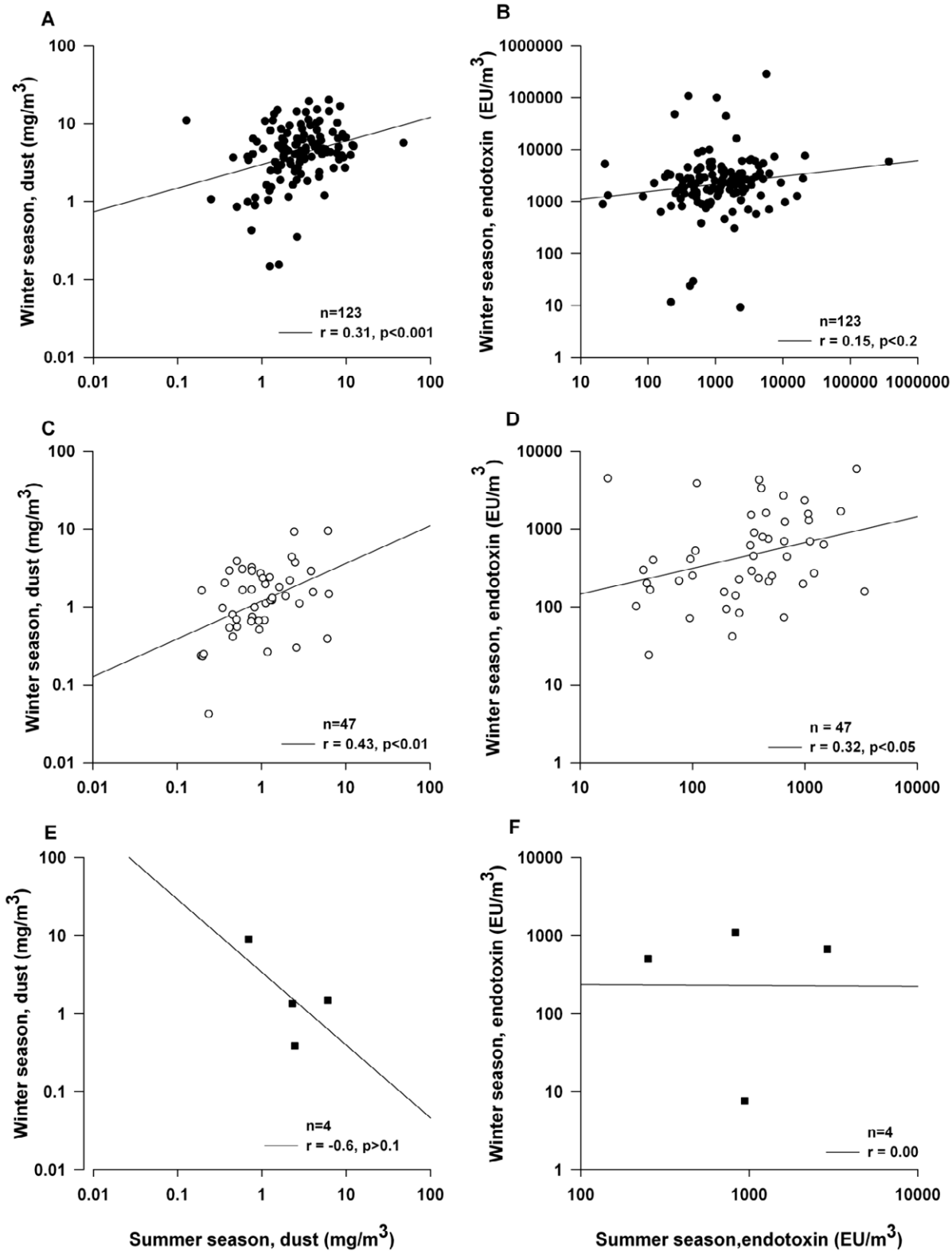

Figure A2. Correlations between repeated measurements for measured dust (A, C and E) and endotoxin (B, D and F) concentrations in pig (black dots, n=123), dairy cattle (white dots, n=47), and mixed farmers (black squares, n=4), respectively.