

Occurrence and Removal of Benzotriazole Ultraviolet Stabilizers in a Wastewater Treatment Plant in China

Shanjun Song, Ting Ruan, Thanh Wang, Runzeng Liu, Guibin Jiang*

State Key Laboratory of Environmental Chemistry and Ecotoxicology, Research Center for Eco-Environmental Sciences, Chinese Academy of Sciences, Beijing 100085

*Corresponding author

Prof. Guibin Jiang

Research Center for Eco-Environmental Sciences,
Chinese Academy of Sciences

Tel: 8610-6284-9334

Fax: 8610-6284-9179

E-mail: gbjiang@rcees.ac.cn

Table S1. Technical parameters of the WWTP investigated in this study

Serving population	Loading (m ³ /day)	Hydraulic Retention Time (hour)	Sludge Retention Time (day)	BOD ₅ , in/out (mg/L)	COD _{cr} , in/out (mg/L)
WWTP	2,000,000	300,000	16	10	175/3

Table S2: Optimized parameters for BZT-UVs

Analyte	Parent ion (m/z)	Daughter ion (m/z)	Cone voltage (V)	Collision voltage (V)	Retention Time (min)	MQL (ng/g, ng/mL)
UV-P	226	120/107	35	21/19	6.46	0.45
UV-329	324	212/57	40	23/28	12.38	0.61
UV-234	448	370/119	40	40/40	15.36	0.15
UV-326	316	260/57	40	20/27	15.76	0.60
UV-327	358	302/57	40	24/32	17.14	0.75
UV-328	353	282/71	40	23/29	16.40	0.35
UV-320	324	268/212	40	21/28	14.90	0.75
IS	266	238/119	35	24/24	10.79	0.35

MQL, Method quantification limit, calculated as a signal-to-noise ratio of 10

Table S3: Mass flux (mean values, g/d) of dissolved and adsorbed BZT-UVs in water samples from each sampling sites

	UV-P		UV-234		UV-329		UV-326		UV-328		Total BZTs	
	Aqueous phase	TSS	Aqueous phase	TSS	Aqueous phase	TSS	Aqueous phase	TSS	Aqueous phase	TSS	Aqueous phase	TSS
Primary Influent	10.4	22.3	1.47	73.9	2.89	65.6	3.19	62.1	2.96	55.2	20.9	279
Primary Effluent	7.61	8.41	1.38	15.2	2.11	33.5	2.33	25.8	1.86	31.6	15.3	114
Anaerobic Effluent	6.94	12.3	0.92	21.1	1.16	38.9	0.98	34.6	1.51	23.5	11.5	130
Anoxic-Oxic Effluent	6.77	16.8	0.87	30.9	0.75	33.8	1.06	39.8	1.94	17.7	11.4	140
Secondary Effluent	3.93	0.25	0.70	0.23	0.75	0.45	0.75	0.45	1.02	0.31	7.15	1.69
Final Effluent	3.14	0.22	0.21	1.21 $\times 10^{-3}$	0.75	6.91 $\times 10^{-3}$	0.75	1.91 $\times 10^{-2}$	0.82	1.51 $\times 10^{-3}$	5.67	2.47 $\times 10^{-1}$
Primary sludge	17.2		32.9		55.2		33.2		24.3		163	
Secondary sludge	10.4		22.4		32.9		27.0		27.7		120	

Table S4: Concentrations of target BZT-UVs in primary and secondary sludge (ng/g d.w.)

	Primary sludge	Secondary sludge
UV-P	203	265
UV-329	388	448
UV-234	649	565
UV-326	391	542
UV-328	286	508

Table S5: Physical-chemical properties of BZT-UVs calculated by EPA suite 4.1

	Water solubility (mg/L)	Log K _{ow}
UV-P	25.59	4.31
UV-329	0.168	6.21
UV-234	1.65×10^{-3}	7.67
UV-326	0.684	5.55
UV-328	1.48×10^{-2}	7.25

Table S6: Removal percentages (%) of each treatment unit of five detected BZT-UVs

	Primary clarification	Anaerobic tank	Secondary treatment unit	Secondary clarification	Advanced treatment
UV-P	50.9	-19.9	-0.50	78.4	19.6
UV-329	48.0	-12.8	3.31	96.9	36.7
UV-234	78.0	-33.0	-8.71	96.1	77.3
UV-326	56.9	-26.3	13.3	96.1	36.1
UV-328	42.6	25.1	21.4	93.2	37.9

Table S7: Comparison between model calculation results and data from field samples

		UV-P	UV-329	UV-234	UV-326	UV-328
Sludge adsorption (%)	EPI suite calculation	45.4	92.1	93.2	88.1	93.2
	Results from samples	84.6	80.8	117	92.3	89.3
Total removal efficiency (%)	EPI suite calculation	45.8	92.9	94.0	88.9	93.9
	Results from samples	89.7	98.9	99.7	98.8	98.6
Sludge adsorption/ Total removal efficiency (%)	EPI suite calculation	99.1	99.1	99.1	99.1	99.3
	Results from samples	94.3	81.7	117	93.4	90.6

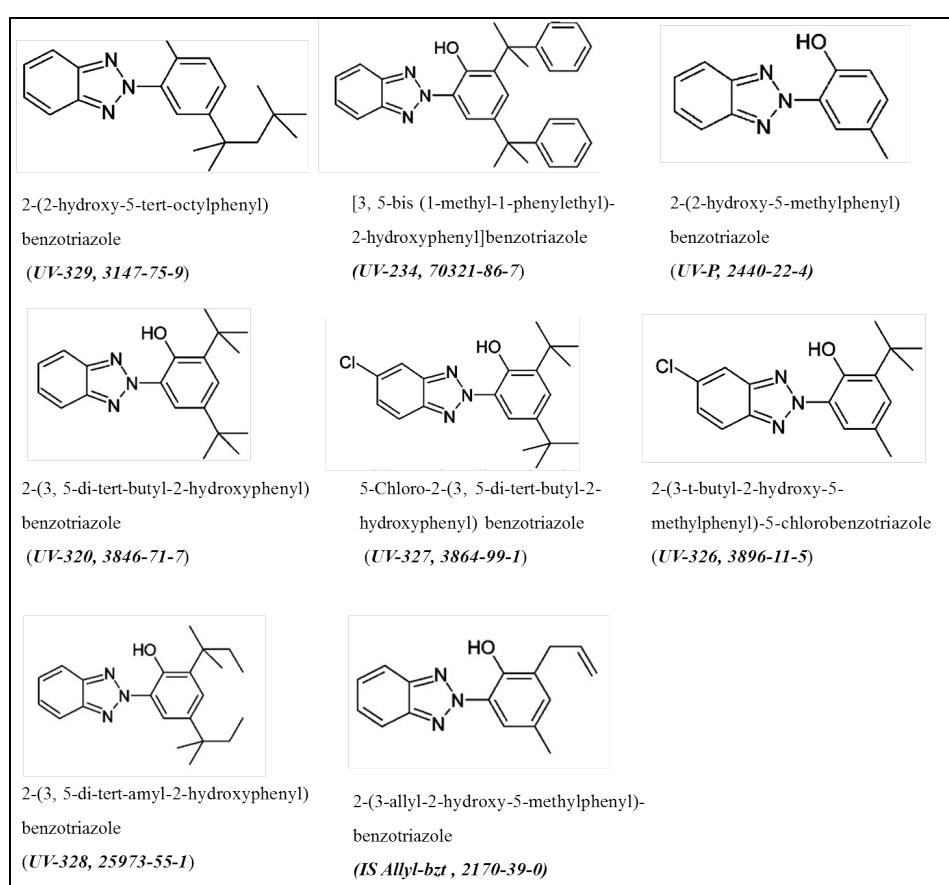


Figure S1 Chemical name, acronym, structure and other information of BZT-UV analogues.

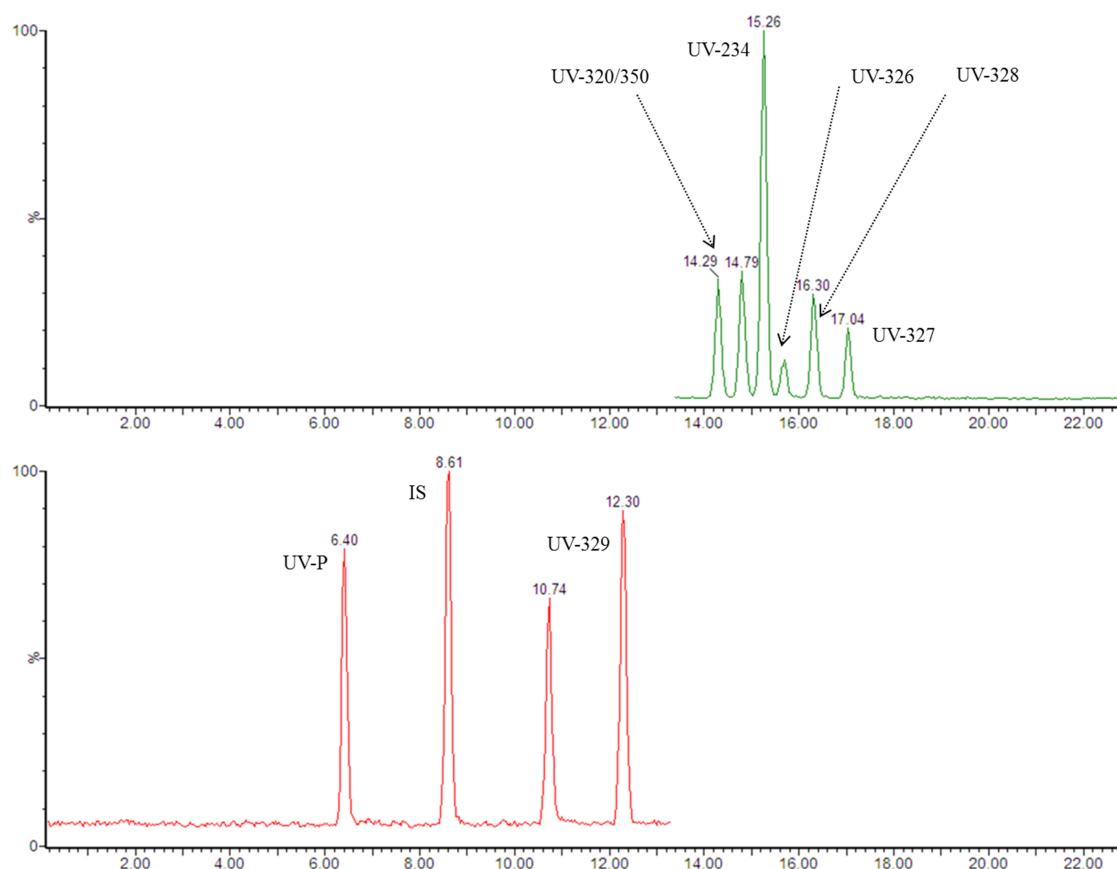


Figure S2 LC-MS/MS chromatograms of target BZT-UV analogues at concentration of 5 ng/g.