## **Supporting Information**

# Aerobic oxidative iodination of ketones catalysed by sodium nitrite "on water" or in a micelle-based aqueous system

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### 1. General Remarks

All chemicals were purchased from commercial sources and were used without further purification. Preparative column or thin layer chromatography were carried out using silica gel 60 (0.063-0.200 mm) or PLC Silica gel 60  $F_{254}$ , 2mm plates, respectively. NMR spectra of CDCl<sub>3</sub> solutions of samples were recorded on a Varian INOVA 300 spectrometer at 300 MHz for <sup>1</sup>H and 76 MHz for the <sup>13</sup>C. Chemical shifts are reported in ppm units relative to TMS as internal standard. Standard KBr pellet procedures were used to obtain IR spectra of solid products, while a film of neat material on a NaCl window was used for liquid products. Melting points of solid products were measured on a Büchi 535 apparatus. Mass spectra were obtained on an Autoscope Q instrument with EI ionization at 70eV.

# 2. 10 mmol Scale Synthetic Protocols and Isolation of Products without Using Organic Solvents

#### **2.2.** Aerobic Oxidative Iodination of 3,4-dihydro-2*H*-naphthalen-1-one (3)

3,4-Dihydro-2*H*-naphthalen-1-one (**3**) (10 mmol, 1.46 g) was placed in a two necked glass flask equipped with a magnetic stirrer bar (50 mL) and one neck was closed with a rubber septum). 8 mL of 0.1 M aqueous solution of SDS and 96% H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> (5 mmol, 0.47 g) were added and the dispersion was stirred (500-700 rpm) for a few minutes at 60 °C. Afterwards finely powdered molecular iodine (1.27 g, 5 mmol) was added to the reaction mixture and the open neck then closed with a rubber balloon (3 L) filled with air. After 20 min of stirring 2 mL of aqueous solution of sodium nitrite (NaNO<sub>2</sub>) catalyst (96.6 mg, 1.4 mmol dissolved in 2 mL of water) was introduced during continuing stirring through the septum into the reaction mixture in 4 portions at 1 hour intervals and the reaction system stirred (500-700 rpm) at 60 °C until it lost the iodine colour (overall reaction time was 5 hours). The reaction mixture was then cooled in an ice bath, discolored by adding a a few drops of 40% aqueous solution of Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>3</sub>, neutralized with few drops of saturated aqueous NaHCO<sub>3</sub> and the precipitated product filtered off under reduced pressure. The crude solid product was washed several times with water and after drying at reduced pressure 2.65 g (97%) of

2-iodo-3,4-dihydro-2*H*-naphthalen-1-one<sup>2</sup> (4) was obtained:

white crystals (from EtOH/*n*-hexane = 3 : 1); mp = 78-80 °C (mp<sup>2</sup> = 78.5-79.6 °C); <sup>1</sup>H NMR:  $\delta$  = 2.15(m, 2H), 2.31(m, 1H), 2.85(dt, J = 17.0, 3.5 Hz, 1H), 3.16(ddd, J = 17.0, 11.0, 4.1 Hz, 1H), 5.01(t, J = 3.5 Hz, 1H), 7.27-7.38(m, 3H), 8.08(dd, J = 8.0, 1.8 Hz, 1H); MS: m/z: 272(M<sup>+</sup>, 55%), 145(100), 117(53), 90(25), 77(6).

### 2.1. Aerobic Oxidative Iodination of 1-(4-methoxy-phenyl)-ethanone (9a)

1-(4-methoxy-phenyl)-ethanone (1) (10 mmol, 1.5 g) was placed in a two necked glass flask equipped with a magnetic stirrer bar (50 mL) and one neck was closed with a rubber septum). 8 mL of 0.1 M aqueous solution of SDS and 96% H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> (5 mmol, 0.47 g) were added and the dispersion was stirred (500-700 rpm) for a few minutes at 60 °C. Afterwards finely powdered molecular iodine (1.27 g, 5 mmol) was added to the reaction mixture and the open neck was then closed with a rubber balloon (3 L) filled with air. After 20 min stirring, 2 mL of aqueous solution of sodium nitrite (NaNO<sub>2</sub>) catalyst (96.6 mg, 1.4 mmol dissolved in 2 mL of water) was introduced with continuous stirring the reaction mixture in 4 portions at 1 hour intervals. The reaction system was stirred (500-700 rpm) at 60 °C until it lost the iodine colour (overall reaction time was 5 hours). The reaction mixture was then cooled in an ice bath, discolored by adding a few drops of 40% aqueous solution of Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>3</sub>, neutralized with a few drops of saturated aqueous NaHCO<sub>3</sub> and the precipitated product filtered off under reduced pressure. The crude solid product was washed several times with water and after drying at reduced pressure 2.52 g (91%) of **2-iodo-1-(4-methoxy-phenyl)-ethanone**<sup>1</sup> (**10a**) was obtained:

white crystals (from EtOH/*n*-hexane = 3 : 1); mp = 58-59.5 °C (mp<sup>1</sup> = 59-61 °C); <sup>1</sup>H NMR:  $\delta$  = 3.88(s, 3H), 4.31(s, 2H), 6.95(d, J = 9 Hz, 2H), 7.97(d, J = 9 Hz, 2H); MS: m/z: 276(M<sup>+</sup>, 26%), 135(100).

### 3. Characterization of Known Iodinated Products Obtained

- 3.1. **2-Iodo-1-phenylethanone**<sup>4</sup> (**2**): 224 mg (91%, flash column chromatography, SiO<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>); mp = 33.0-35.5 °C (mp<sup>4</sup> = 35-36 °C); <sup>1</sup>H NMR:  $\delta$  = 4.36(s, 2H), 7.45(dd, J = 9.0, 6.2 Hz, 2H), 7.58(dd, J = 9.0, 6.2 Hz, 1H), 8.00(dd, J = 9.0, 6.2 Hz, 2H); MS: m/z: 246(M<sup>+</sup>, 30%), 105(100), 91(22), 77(30).
- 3.2. **4-Iodo-nonan-5-on**<sup>3</sup> (**8**): 225 mg (84%, flash column chromatography, SiO<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>); yellow liquid; <sup>1</sup>H NMR:  $\delta = 0.98(t, J = 7.5 \text{ Hz}, 6\text{H})$ , 1.33-1.64(m, 6H), 1.93(m, 2H), 2.40-2.85(m, 2H), 4.50(t, J= 6.5 Hz, 1H); MS: m/z: 268(M<sup>+</sup>, 3%), 226(5), 211(1), 183(2), 141(17), 85(100), 57(85).
- 3.3. **4-tert-Butyl-2-iodo-cyclohexanone**<sup>4</sup> (6): 238 mg (80%); mixture of *trans* and *cis* isomers in 2 : 1 relative ratio; <sup>1</sup>H NMR: *trans* isomer:  $\delta = 0.93$ (broad s, 9H), 1.43-1.71(m), 1.90-2.33(m), 2.71(m, 1H, H3<sub>e</sub>), 3.29(dt, J = 14.9, 6.0 Hz, 1H, H3<sub>a</sub>), 4.68(m, 1H, H2); *cis* isomer:  $\delta = 0.92$ (broad s, 9H), 1.43-1.71(m), 1.90-2.33(m), 4.89(dd, J = 13.9, 6.0 Hz, 1H, H2); MS: m/z: 280(M<sup>+</sup>, 1%), 153(4), 128(5), 97(18), 84(15), 57(100).
- 3.3. **1-(2,4-dimethoxy-phenyl)2-iodo-ethanone**<sup>6</sup> (**10b**): 275.4 mg (90%, flash column chromatography, SiO<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>); mp = 55.0-57.0 °C (mp<sup>6</sup> = 56-57.4 °C); <sup>1</sup>H NMR:  $\delta$  = 3.88(s, 3H), 3.95(s, 3H), 4.46(s, 2H), 6.48(d, J = 2.5 Hz, 1H), 6.60(d, J = 9.0, 2.5 Hz, 1H), 7.93(d, J = 9.0 Hz, 1H); MS: m/z: 306(M<sup>+</sup>, 22%), 165(100), 121(14), 91(5), 77(12).

- 3.4. **2-Iodo-6-methoxy-3,4-dihydro-2***H***-naphthalen-1-one<sup>7</sup> (12)**: 281 mg (93%, flash column chromatography, SiO<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>); mp = 103.5-106.0 °C (mp<sup>7</sup> = 104-105 °C); <sup>1</sup>H NMR:  $\delta$  = 2.11-2.16(m, 1H), 2.24-2.29(m, 1H), 2.80-2.86(m, 1H), 3.08-3.13(m, 1H), 3.87(s, 3H), 4.98(t, J = 3.5 Hz, 1H), 6.93(d, J = 2.9 Hz, 1H), 6.87(dd, J = 8.9, 2.9 Hz, 1H), 8.06(d, J = 8.9 Hz, 1H); MS: m/z: 302(M<sup>+</sup>, 100%), 175(47), 147(58), 115(15), 91(17), 7716).
- 3.5. **Ethyl-2-iodo-2-oxo-3-phenylpropanoate**<sup>5</sup> (**20**): 258 mg (81%, column chromatography, *n*-hexane/EtOH 9.5:0.5); oily product; <sup>1</sup>H NMR:  $\delta$  = 1.23(t, J = 7.4 Hz, 3H), 4.25(q, J = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 5.95(s, 1H), 7.46(m, 2H), 7.50(m, 1H), 7.99(m, 2H).
- 3.6. **1-(2,6-Dimethoxy-phenyl)-2-iodo-ethanone**<sup>6</sup> (**10c**): 275.4 mg (90%, column chromatography, *n*-hexane/EtOH = 9.5:0.5); mp 58.0-60.5  $^{0}$ C (mp<sup>6</sup> = 58.3-59.5  $^{\circ}$ C); <sup>1</sup>H NMR:  $\delta$  = 3.81(s, 6H), 4.30(s, 2H), 6.57(d, J= 8.7 Hz, 2H), 7.30(m, 1H); MS: *m/z*: 306(M<sup>+</sup>, 10%), 165(100), 150(12), 91(28), 77(15).
- 3.7. **1-(3-Iodo-2,6-dimethoxy-phenyl)-ethanone**<sup>6</sup> (**21**): 248 mg (81%, column chromatography,  $CH_2Cl_2 / n$ -hexane = 9.5:0.5); mp 65-68  ${}^{0}C$  (mp<sup>6</sup> = 66-69  ${}^{o}C$ ); <sup>1</sup>H NMR:  $\delta$  = 2.50(s, 3H), 3.80(s, 3H), 3.83(s, 3H), 6.55(d, J= 8.7 Hz, 1H), 7.70(d, J= 8.7 Hz, 1H); MS: *m/z*: 306(M<sup>+</sup>, 30%), 291(68), 276(20), 233(11), 165(100), 150(20), 107(13), 91(3), 77(14).

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5. <sup>1</sup>H and <sup>13</sup>C NMR Spectra of New Compounds 22, 10d, 10e, 23, 14, 16, and 19











