Palladium Nanoparticle Catalysis: Borylation of Aryl and Benzyl Halides and One-Pot Biphenyl Synthesis *via* Sequential Borylation-Suzuki-Miyaura Coupling

Ansuman Bej, Dipankar Srimani, and Amitabha Sarkar*

Department of Organic Chemistry, Indian Association for the Cultivation of Science, Kolkata 700 032

ocas@iacs.res.in

Table of Contents

1.	1H and 13C NMR spectra of all the compounds mentioned in Table 1S	2 - S20
2.	1H and 13C NMR spectra of all the compounds mentioned in Table 2S	21 - S27
3.	1H and 13C NMR spectra of all the compounds mentioned in Table 3S	28 - S35
4.	1H and 13C NMR spectra of all the compounds mentioned in Table 4	S36 – S40
5.	TEM image of palladium nanoparticle	S41
6.	Recycling study	.S41

Figures reproducing ¹H and ¹³C NMR spectra

















































ppm

































S38





5. TEM image of nanoparticle:

The nanoparticle formed is characterized by Transmission electron microscopy (TEM). The average size of the nanoparticle formed was 6 nm. The selected area electron diffraction (SAED) pattern shows four diffused rings corresponds to (200), (220) and (311) reflections of *fcc* Pd (Figure-1)



Figure 1: (a) TEM image of palladium nanoparticle and (b) selected area electron diffraction (SAED) image.

6. Recycling study:

The organic product was extracted five times with ether after each run and the reaction was continued with a fresh batch of substrate (3-bromotoluene, 1 mmol scale) added to the separated nanoparticle suspension.

