

# An efficient and recyclable dendritic catalyst able to dramatically reduce palladium leaching in Suzuki couplings

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## Supporting Information

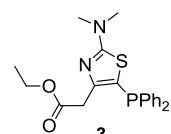
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### 1. Complete characterisation of the ligands with attribution of NMR signals

The preparation and characterization of compounds **1**, **2**, **3**, **4** have been previously described. The latter were identified in each case by  $^1\text{H}$  NMR and  $^{31}\text{P}$  NMR (if applicable) spectroscopies and the data obtained matched literature values. Remarkably, in the case of **3**, a slightly modified procedure was used and crystals were grown from this compound thus allowing to obtain its structure by X-ray crystallography. For the preparation of compounds **3**, **4**, **5-OH**, **5-OMe**, **5-G<sub>1</sub>**, **5-G<sub>3</sub>**, **6-G<sub>1</sub>**, **6-G<sub>3</sub>**, all solvents were degassed before using.

#### Compound 3:<sup>1</sup>



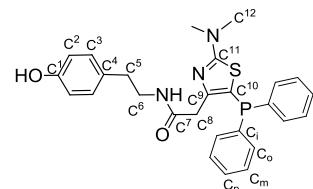
Triethylamine (3.3 mL, 23.6 mmol) was added to a solution of compound **2**<sup>1</sup> (2.81 g, 13.11 mmol) in anhydrous pyridine (12 mL). The mixture was cooled to -25°C and chlorodiphenylphosphine was added dropwise (15 min). The mixture was warmed up to room temperature overnight and heated to 40°C for 13 days (monitoring by  $^{31}\text{P}$  NMR). At the end of the reaction, 70 mL of toluene were added to the mixture. The salts were eliminated by filtration under argon and the brownish solution was evaporated to dryness. Column chromatography ( $\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2/\text{AcOEt}$  (90:10) as eluent) of the crude oil gave 2.45 g of the expected compound as a yellow oil (47% yield).

$^{31}\text{P}\{\text{H}\}$  NMR ( $\text{CDCl}_3$ , 121.50 MHz):  $\delta = -28.89$  ppm.

$^1\text{H}$  NMR ( $\text{CDCl}_3$ , 300.13 MHz):  $\delta = 1.18$  (t,  $^3J_{\text{H-H}} = 7.2$  Hz, 3H,  $\text{CH}_3$ ), 3.07 (s, 6H,  $(\text{CH}_3)_2\text{N}$ ), 3.98 (s, 2H,  $\text{CH}_2$ -thiazolyl), 4.11 (q,  $^3J_{\text{H-H}} = 7.2$  Hz, 2H,  $\text{CH}_2\text{O}$ ), 7.30-7.65 (m, 10H,  $\text{H}_{\text{arom}}$ ).

This compound was crystallized from  $\text{CHCl}_3$  by slow evaporation and the structure determined by X-ray crystallography (see section 3).

#### Compound 5-OH:



To a solution of **4** (315 mg,  $8.05 \cdot 10^{-1}$  mmol) in *N,N*-dimethylformamide [DMF] (6.5 mL) were added at 0°C hydroxybenzotriazole [HoBt] (0.156 g, 1.02 mmol) and *N,N'*-dicyclohexylcarbodiimide [DCC] (0.211 g, 1.02 mmol). After one hour at 0°C, a solution of tyramine (0.233 g, 1.7 mmol) in DMF (3 mL) was added over 5 minutes. After 2 hours at 0°C, the mixture was warmed up to room temperature and stirred for 7 days (monitoring by  $^{31}\text{P}$  NMR). The mixture was filtered and the filtrate was freeze-dried. A first column chromatography ( $\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2/\text{EtOH} = 93/7$  as eluent) of the crude product permitted to eliminate the excess of tyramine, DCU and a large part of the oxidized compound. A second column chromatography ( $\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2/\text{AcOEt}$  (80:20) as eluent) gave 196 mg of the expected product as a white powder (47% yield).

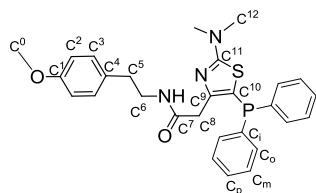
$^{31}\text{P}\{\text{H}\}$  NMR ( $\text{CD}_2\text{Cl}_2$ , 121.50 MHz):  $\delta = -29.79$  ppm. (impurity : minus 2%;  $\delta = 21.9$  ppm : oxide).

$^1\text{H}$  NMR ( $\text{CD}_2\text{Cl}_2$ , 300.13 MHz):  $\delta = 2.62$  (t,  $^3J_{\text{H-H}} = 6.8$  Hz, 2H,  $\text{C}^5\text{-H}$ ), 2.98 (s, 6H,  $\text{C}^{12}\text{-H}$ ), 3.42 (m, 2H,  $\text{C}^6\text{-H}$ ), 3.84 (d,  $^4J_{\text{H-P}} = 1.2$  Hz, 2H,  $\text{C}^8\text{-H}$ ), 4.47 (s, 1H, OH), 6.70 (m, 2H,  $\text{C}^2\text{-H}$ ), 6.90 (m, 2H,  $\text{C}^3\text{-H}$ ), 7.06 (br t,  $^3J_{\text{H-H}} = 5.7$  Hz, 1H, NH), 7.25-7.50 (m, 10H,  $\text{H}_{\text{Ph}}$ ).

$^{13}\text{C}\{\text{H}\}$  NMR ( $\text{CD}_2\text{Cl}_2$ , 75.47 MHz):  $\delta = 34.56$  ( $\text{C}^5$ ), 38.27 (d,  $^3J_{\text{C-P}} = 16.2$  Hz,  $\text{C}^8$ ), 39.93 ( $\text{C}^{12}$ ), 40.79 ( $\text{C}^6$ ), 113.64 (d,  $\text{C}^{10}$ ),  $^1J_{\text{C-P}} = 33.2$  Hz), 115.36 ( $\text{C}^2$ ), 128.45 (d,  $^3J_{\text{C-P}} = 6.8$  Hz,  $\text{C}_m$ ), 128.64 ( $\text{C}_p$ ), 129.63 ( $\text{C}^3$ ) 130.06 ( $\text{C}^4$ ), 132.68 (d,  $^2J_{\text{C-P}} = 19.6$  Hz,  $\text{C}_o$ ), 138.04 (d,  $^1J_{\text{C-P}} = 6.8$  Hz,  $\text{C}_i$ ), 155.19 ( $\text{C}^1$ ), 156.09 (d,  $^2J_{\text{C-P}} = 31.7$  Hz,  $\text{C}^9$ ), 169, 56 ( $\text{C}^7$ ), 174.47 ( $\text{C}^{11}$ ).

DCI-MS ( $\text{NH}_3$ ) m/z: 490.2 [ $\text{M}+\text{H}$ ]<sup>+</sup>. This compound was crystallized from  $\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2$  by slow evaporation and the structure determined by X-ray crystallography (see section 3).

**Compound 5-OMe :**



To a solution of **4**<sup>1</sup> (200 mg,  $5.39 \cdot 10^{-1}$  mmol) in DMF (5 mL) was added at 0°C 1-ethyl-3-(3-dimethylaminopropyl) carbodiimide hydrochloride [EDC] (0.127 g,  $6.28 \cdot 10^{-1}$  mmol) and HoBt (0.088 g,  $6.28 \cdot 10^{-1}$  mmol). After two hours at 0°C, 2-p-methoxy-ethylamine (160 μL, 1.07 mmol) was added dropwise and after 1.5 hours at 0°C, the mixture was warmed up to room temperature and stirred during 3 days (monitoring by <sup>31</sup>P NMR). The mixture was filtered and the filtrate was freeze-dried. The crude oil was dissolved in dichloromethane (25 mL) and washed twice with 15 mL of water. The organic phase was dried over  $\text{MgSO}_4$ , filtered, and evaporated to dryness. Column chromatography ( $\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2/\text{Acetone}$  (80:20) as eluent,  $R_f = 0.6$ ) of the crude product gave 225 mg of the expected compound as a white powder (83% yield).

M. p. = 113.6 °C.

<sup>31</sup>P{<sup>1</sup>H} NMR ( $\text{CD}_2\text{Cl}_2$ , 121.50 MHz):  $\delta = -29.65$  ppm.

<sup>1</sup>H NMR ( $\text{CD}_2\text{Cl}_2$ , 300.13 MHz):  $\delta = 2.65$  (t,  $^3J_{H-H} = 6.9$  Hz, 2H, C<sup>5</sup>-H), 2.98 (s, 6H, C<sup>12</sup>-H), 3.41 (m, 2H, C<sup>6</sup>-H), 3.77 (s, 3H, C<sup>0</sup>-H), 3.79 (d,  $^4J_{H-P} = 1.2$  Hz, 2H, C<sup>8</sup>-H), 6.75 (m, 2H, C<sup>2</sup>-H), 6.86 (br s, 1H, NH), 7.00 (m, 2H, C<sup>3</sup>-H), 7.30-7.50 (m, 10H, H<sub>PPh2</sub>).

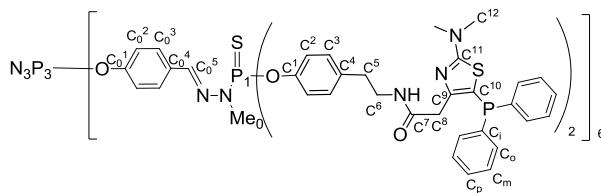
<sup>13</sup>C{<sup>1</sup>H} NMR ( $\text{CD}_2\text{Cl}_2$ , 75.47 MHz):  $\delta = 34.58$  (C<sup>5</sup>), 38.52 (d,  $^3J_{C-P} = 15.9$  Hz, C<sup>8</sup>), 39.86 (C<sup>12</sup>), 40.52 (C<sup>6</sup>), 55.08 (C<sup>0</sup>), 113.17 (d, C<sup>10</sup>,  $^1J_{C-P} = 35.2$  Hz), 113.68 (C<sup>2</sup>), 128.41 (d,  $^3J_{C-P} = 6.8$  Hz, C<sub>m</sub>), 128.60 (C<sub>p</sub>), 129.59 (C<sup>3</sup>), 131.24 (C<sup>4</sup>), 132.67 (d,  $^2J_{C-P} = 19.4$  Hz, C<sub>o</sub>), 138.14 (d,  $^1J_{C-P} = 6.6$  Hz, C<sub>i</sub>), 156.60 (d,  $^2J_{C-P} = 31.0$  Hz, C<sup>9</sup>), 158.06 (C<sup>1</sup>), 168.63 (C<sup>7</sup>), 174.32 (C<sup>11</sup>).

DCI-MS ( $\text{CH}_4$ ) m/z: 504.2 [ $\text{M}+\text{H}$ ]<sup>+</sup>.

113.6 °C.

This compound was crystallized from  $\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2$  by slow evaporation and the structure determined by X-ray crystallography (see section 3).

**Compound 5-G<sub>1</sub> :**



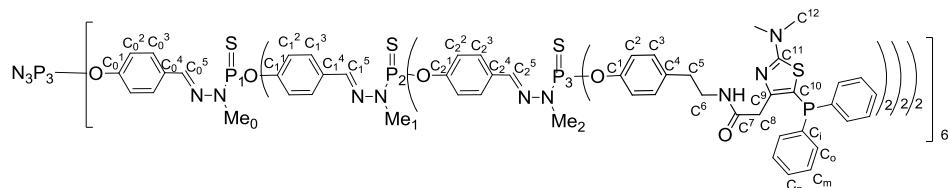
Cesium carbonate (349 mg,  $1.07 \cdot 10^{-3}$  mol) was added at 0°C to a solution of **G<sub>1</sub>** (89 mg,  $4.87 \cdot 10^{-2}$  mmol) and **5-OH** (310 mg,  $6.33 \cdot 10^{-1}$  mmol) in THF (10 mL). The mixture was stirred two hours at 0°C and warmed up to room temperature. The progress of the reaction was monitored by <sup>31</sup>P NMR. After complete conversion (36 hrs) the crude mixture was centrifuged and the supernatant collected. The solvent was removed in *vacuum* and the crude product purified by column chromatography (first with dichloromethane/acetone (70:30) as eluent to eliminate the excess of free phenol,  $R_f = 0.6$  and then with dichloromethane/ethanol (93:7) as eluent,  $R_f = 0.2$ ) to give 278 mg of the desired compound as a white powder (80% yield).

<sup>31</sup>P{<sup>1</sup>H} NMR ( $\text{CD}_2\text{Cl}_2$ , 121.50 MHz):  $\delta = -29.68$  (PPh<sub>2</sub>), 8.12 (N<sub>3</sub>P<sub>3</sub>), 62.78 (P<sub>1</sub>) (impurity : minus 3%;  $\delta = 21.2$  ppm: oxide).

<sup>1</sup>H NMR ( $\text{CD}_2\text{Cl}_2$ , 300.13 MHz):  $\delta = 2.62$  (t,  $^3J_{H-H} = 6.6$  Hz, 24H, C<sup>5</sup>-H), 2.92 (s, 72H, C<sup>12</sup>-H), 3.23 (d,  $^2J_{H-P} = 10.2$  Hz, 18H, Me<sub>0</sub>), 3.34 (m, 24H, C<sup>6</sup>-H), 3.77 (br s, 24H, C<sup>8</sup>-H), 6.82 (br t, 12NH), 6.90-7.12 (m, 60H, 12 C<sub>0</sub><sup>2</sup>-H, 24 C<sup>2</sup>-H, 24 C<sup>3</sup>-H), 7.19-7.49 (m, 120H, H<sub>PPh2</sub>), 7.58-7.70 (m, 18H, 6 C<sup>5</sup>-H, 12 C<sub>0</sub><sup>3</sup>-H).

<sup>13</sup>C{<sup>1</sup>H} NMR ( $\text{CD}_2\text{Cl}_2$ , 75.47 MHz):  $\delta = 33.07$  (d,  $^2J_{C-P} = 11.9$  Hz, Me<sub>0</sub>), 34.98 (C<sup>5</sup>), 38.48 (d,  $^3J_{C-P} = 15.8$  Hz, C<sup>8</sup>), 40.12 (C<sup>12</sup>), 40.49 (C<sup>6</sup>), 114.00 (d, C<sup>10</sup>,  $^1J_{C-P} = 33.2$  Hz), 121.12 (d,  $^3J_{C-P} = 4.5$  Hz, C<sup>2</sup>), 121.33 (C<sub>0</sub><sup>2</sup>), 128.28 (C<sub>0</sub><sup>3</sup>), 128.48 (d,  $^3J_{C-P} = 6.8$  Hz, C<sub>m</sub>), 128.84 (C<sub>p</sub>), 129.80 (C<sup>3</sup>), 132.26 (C<sub>0</sub><sup>4</sup>), 132.72 (d,  $^2J_{C-P} = 18.9$  Hz, C<sub>o</sub>), 136.45 (C<sup>4</sup>), 137.96 (d,  $^1J_{C-P} = 6.6$  Hz, C<sub>i</sub>), 138.69 (d,  $^3J_{C-P} = 14.3$  Hz, C<sub>0</sub><sup>5</sup>), 148.99 (d,  $^2J_{C-P} = 7.5$  Hz, C<sup>1</sup>), 151.23 (m, C<sub>0</sub><sup>1</sup>), 156.08 (d,  $^2J_{C-P} = 31.7$  Hz, C<sup>9</sup>), 169.22 (C<sup>7</sup>), 174.32 (C<sup>11</sup>).

### Compound 5-G<sub>3</sub>:



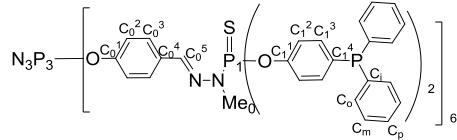
Cesium carbonate (348 mg, 1.07 mmol) was added at 0°C to a solution of **G**<sub>3</sub> (130 mg, 1.21.10<sup>-2</sup> mmol) and **5-OH** (310 mg, 6.33.10<sup>-1</sup> mmol) in THF (10 mL). The mixture was stirred two hours at 0°C and warmed up to room temperature. The progress of the reaction was monitored by <sup>31</sup>P NMR. After complete conversion (72 hrs), the mixture was centrifuged and the supernatant collected. The solvent was removed in *vacuum* and the crude product purified by size exclusion chromatography (THF as eluent) to eliminate the excess of phenol and to give 420 mg of the desired compound as white powder (75% yield).

<sup>31</sup>P{<sup>1</sup>H} NMR (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, 121.50 MHz): δ = -29.67 (PPh<sub>2</sub>), 7.65 (N<sub>3</sub>P<sub>3</sub>), 62.77 (P<sub>2</sub>+ P<sub>3</sub>), 62.90 (P<sub>1</sub>) (impurity : minus 5%; δ = 19.9 ppm: oxide).

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, 300.13 MHz): δ = 2.61 (m, 96H, C<sup>5</sup>-H), 2.88 (s, 288H, C<sup>12</sup>-H), 3.10-3.50 (m, 222H: 126 [Me<sub>0</sub> + Me<sub>1</sub> + Me<sub>2</sub>] + 96 C<sup>6</sup>-H), 3.62-4.02 (br s, 96H, C<sup>8</sup>-H), 6.75-7.12 (m, 252H: 48NH + 12 C<sup>2</sup>-H + 96 C<sup>2</sup>-H + 96 C<sup>3</sup>-H), 7.13-7.52 (m, 552H : 24 C<sup>1</sup>-H + 48 C<sup>2</sup>-H + 480 H *PPh*<sub>2</sub>), 7.53-7.90 (m, 126H : 12 C<sup>0</sup>-H + 24 C<sup>1</sup>-H + 48 C<sup>2</sup>-H + 6 C<sup>5</sup>-H + 12 C<sup>1</sup>-H + 24 C<sup>5</sup>-H).

<sup>13</sup>C{<sup>1</sup>H} NMR (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, 75.47 MHz): δ = 32.53 (m, Me<sub>0</sub>, Me<sub>1</sub>), 32.99 (d, <sup>2</sup>J<sub>C-P</sub> = 12.5 Hz, Me<sub>1</sub>), 34.90 (C<sup>5</sup>), 38.57 (d, <sup>3</sup>J<sub>C-P</sub> = 15.8 Hz, C<sup>8</sup>), 39.91 (C<sup>12</sup>), 40.40 (C<sup>6</sup>), 113.35 (d, C<sup>10</sup>, <sup>1</sup>J<sub>C-P</sub> = 32.5 Hz), 121.18 (d, <sup>3</sup>J<sub>C-P</sub> = 4.4 Hz, C<sup>2</sup>), 121.83 (m, C<sup>0</sup>, C<sup>1</sup>C<sup>2</sup>), 128.33 (m, C<sup>0</sup>, C<sup>1</sup>C<sup>2</sup>), 128.47 (d, <sup>3</sup>J<sub>C-P</sub> = 6.8 Hz, C<sub>m</sub>), 128.65 (C<sub>p</sub>), 129.81 (C<sup>3</sup>), 132.44 (C<sup>0</sup>, C<sup>1</sup>C<sup>2</sup>), 132.65 (d, <sup>2</sup>J<sub>C-P</sub> = 19.3 Hz, C<sub>o</sub>), 136.63 (C<sup>4</sup>), 138.07 (d, <sup>1</sup>J<sub>C-P</sub> = 6.5 Hz, C<sub>i</sub>), 138.95 (d, <sup>3</sup>J<sub>C-P</sub> = 14.4 Hz, C<sup>2</sup>), 139.54 (m, C<sup>0</sup>, C<sup>1</sup>), 149.02 (d, <sup>2</sup>J<sub>C-P</sub> = 7.1 Hz, C<sup>1</sup>), 151.38 (m, C<sup>0</sup>, C<sup>1</sup>, C<sup>2</sup>), 156.60 (d, <sup>2</sup>J<sub>C-P</sub> = 31.5 Hz, C<sup>9</sup>), 168.73 (C<sup>7</sup>), 174.28 (C<sup>11</sup>).

### Compound 6-G<sub>1</sub>:



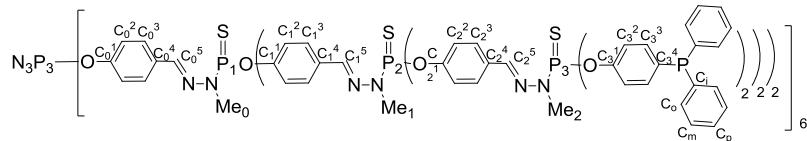
Cesium carbonate (356.5 mg, 1.09 mmol) was added to a solution of 4-(diphenylphosphino)phenol **6**<sup>2</sup> (198 mg, 0.71 mmol) and **G**<sub>1</sub> (100 mg, 0.053 mmol) in THF (10 mL). The mixture was stirred overnight at room temperature, then filtered under argon and the filtrate was evaporated to dryness. The resulting oil was dissolved in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (1 mL) and this solution was added to a mixture of 50 mL *n*-pentane/Et<sub>2</sub>O (10:1) to allow dendrimer **6-G**<sub>1</sub> to precipitate. **6-G**<sub>1</sub> was obtained as a white powder in 71 % yield (186 mg, 0.039 mmol).

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, 25°C) δ (ppm): 3.27 (d, <sup>3</sup>J<sub>H-P</sub> = 10.5 Hz, 18H, Me<sub>0</sub>), 6.96-6.98 (m, 12H, C<sup>0</sup>-H), 7.14-7.30 (m, 168H, C<sup>1</sup>-H, C<sup>3</sup>-H, PPh<sub>2</sub>), 7.49-7.52 (m, 18H, C<sup>0</sup>-H, C<sup>5</sup>-H);

<sup>31</sup>P-{<sup>1</sup>H} NMR (121.5 MHz, CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, 25°C) δ (ppm): -6.67 (s, PPh<sub>2</sub>), 8.12 (s, N<sub>3</sub>P<sub>3</sub>), 61.67 (s, P<sub>1</sub>);

<sup>13</sup>C-{<sup>1</sup>H} NMR (75 MHz, CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, 25°C) δ (ppm): 32.83 (d, <sup>2</sup>J<sub>C-P</sub> = 12.5 Hz, Me<sub>0</sub>), 121.12 (s, C<sup>0</sup>), 121.35 (dd, <sup>3</sup>J<sub>C-P</sub> = 7.1 Hz, <sup>3</sup>J<sub>C-P</sub> = 5.0 Hz, C<sup>1</sup>), 128.15 (s, C<sup>0</sup>), 128.54 (d, <sup>3</sup>J<sub>C-P</sub> = 7.1 Hz, C<sub>m</sub>), 128.82 (s, C<sub>p</sub>), 132.01 (s, C<sup>0</sup>), 133.56 (d, <sup>2</sup>J<sub>C-P</sub> = 19.7 Hz, C<sub>o</sub>), 134.46 (dd, <sup>1</sup>J<sub>C-P</sub> = 12.3 Hz, <sup>5</sup>J<sub>C-P</sub> = 1.7 Hz, C<sup>1</sup>), 135.49 (d, <sup>2</sup>J<sub>C-P</sub> = 20.8 Hz, C<sup>1</sup>), 136.99 (d, <sup>1</sup>J<sub>C-P</sub> = 11.3 Hz, C<sub>i</sub>), 138.94 (d, <sup>3</sup>J<sub>C-P</sub> = 15.0 Hz, C<sup>0</sup>), 151.11-151.21 (m, C<sup>0</sup>, C<sup>1</sup>).

### Compound 6-G<sub>3</sub>:



Cesium carbonate (365 mg, 1.12 mmol) was added to a solution of 4-(diphenylphosphino)phenol **6**<sup>2</sup> (203 mg, 0.73 mmol) and **G**<sub>3</sub> (150 mg, 0.014 mmol) in THF (10 mL). The mixture was stirred overnight at room temperature, then filtered under argon and the filtrate was evaporated to dryness. The resulting oil was dissolved in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (2 mL) and this solution was added to a mixture of 50 mL *n*-pentane /Et<sub>2</sub>O (10:1 then 5:5 then 5:15) to allow dendrimer **6-G**<sub>3</sub> to precipitate. **6-G**<sub>3</sub> was obtained as a white powder in 65 % yield (184 mg, 0.005 mmol).

<sup>31</sup>P-{<sup>1</sup>H} NMR (121.5 MHz, CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, 25°C) δ (ppm): -6.73 (s, PPh<sub>2</sub>), 7.92 (s, N<sub>3</sub>P<sub>3</sub>), 61.59 (s, P<sub>3</sub>), 62.36 (s, P<sub>2</sub>), 62.65(s, P<sub>1</sub>);

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, 25°C) δ (ppm): 3.23-3.26 (m, 126H, Me<sub>0</sub>, Me<sub>1</sub>, Me<sub>2</sub>), 7.02-7.05 (m, 12H, C<sup>0</sup>-H), 7.12-7.23 (m, 744H, C<sup>1</sup>-H, C<sup>2</sup>-H, C<sup>3</sup>-H, C<sup>3</sup>-H, PPh<sub>2</sub>), 7.53-7.62 (m, 126H, C<sup>0</sup>-H, C<sup>1</sup>-H, C<sup>2</sup>-H, C<sup>0</sup>H, C<sup>1</sup>H, C<sup>2</sup>H);

<sup>13</sup>C-{<sup>1</sup>H} NMR (75 MHz, CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, 25°C) δ (ppm): 32.85 (d, <sup>2</sup>J<sub>C-P</sub> = 13 Hz, Me<sub>0</sub>, Me<sub>1</sub>, Me<sub>2</sub>), 121.39-121.73 (m, C<sup>0</sup>, C<sup>1</sup>, C<sup>2</sup>, C<sup>3</sup>), 128.18 (s, C<sup>2</sup>), 128.28 (s, C<sup>0</sup>, C<sup>1</sup>), 128.54 (d, <sup>3</sup>J<sub>C-P</sub> = 7.1 Hz, C<sub>m</sub>), 128.81 (s, C<sub>p</sub>), 132.14-132.37 (m, C<sup>0</sup>, C<sup>1</sup>, C<sup>2</sup>),

133.54 (d,  $^2J_{C-P} = 19.9$  Hz, C<sub>0</sub>), 134.33 (d,  $^1J_{C-P} = 12$  Hz, C<sub>3</sub><sup>4</sup>), 134.98 (d,  $^2J_{C-P} = 21.3$  Hz, C<sub>3</sub><sup>3</sup>), 137.02 (d,  $^1J_{C-P} = 11.6$  Hz, C<sub>i</sub>), 139.02 (s br, C<sub>0</sub><sup>5</sup>, C<sub>1</sub><sup>5</sup>, C<sub>2</sub><sup>5</sup>), 151.18-151.29 (m, C<sub>0</sub><sup>1</sup>, C<sub>1</sub><sup>1</sup>, C<sub>2</sub><sup>1</sup>, C<sub>3</sub><sup>1</sup>).

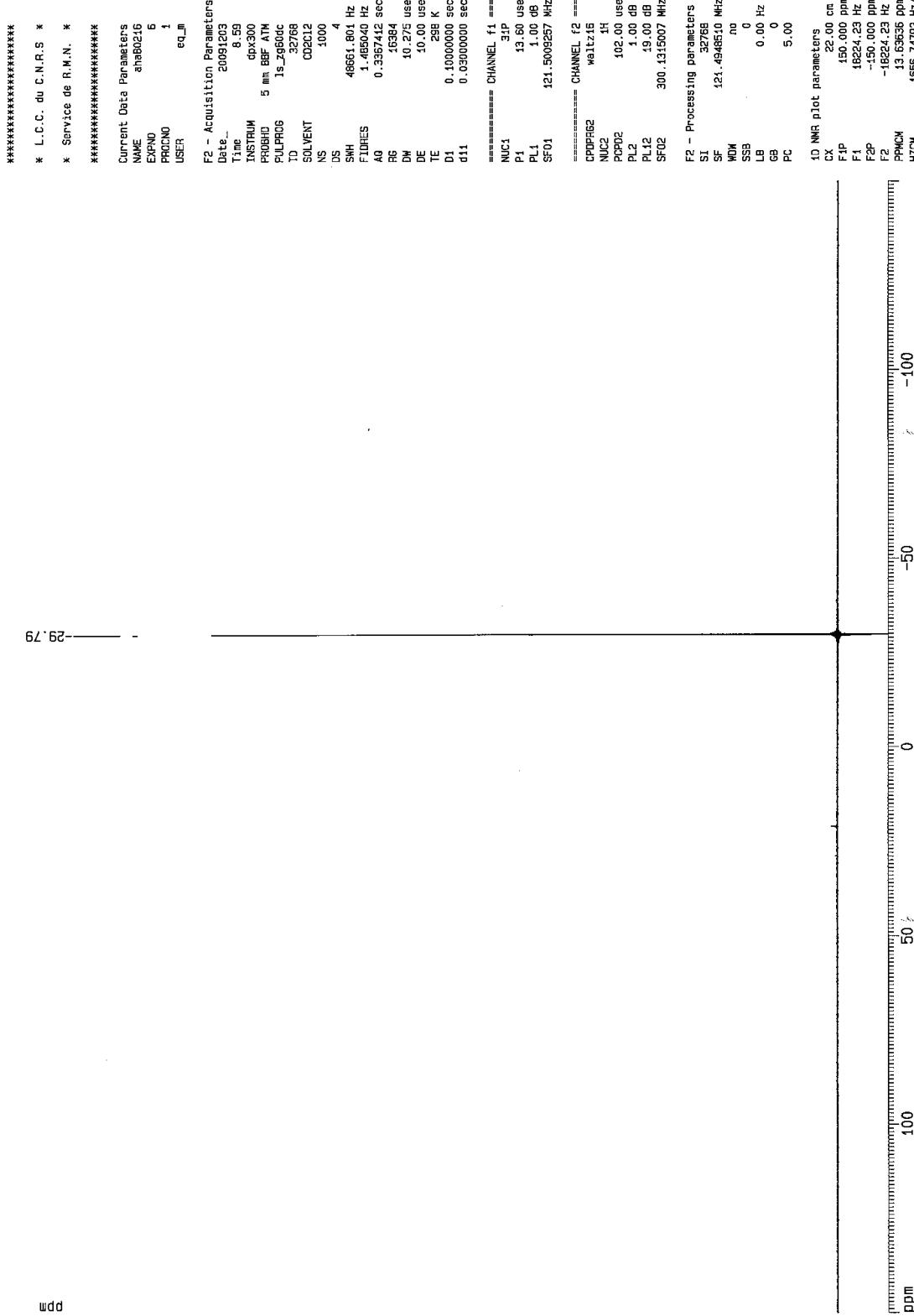
Note: Coupling constants  $J_{C-P}$  were calculated according to the  $^{13}\text{C}$  Jmod spectrum (see section 2).

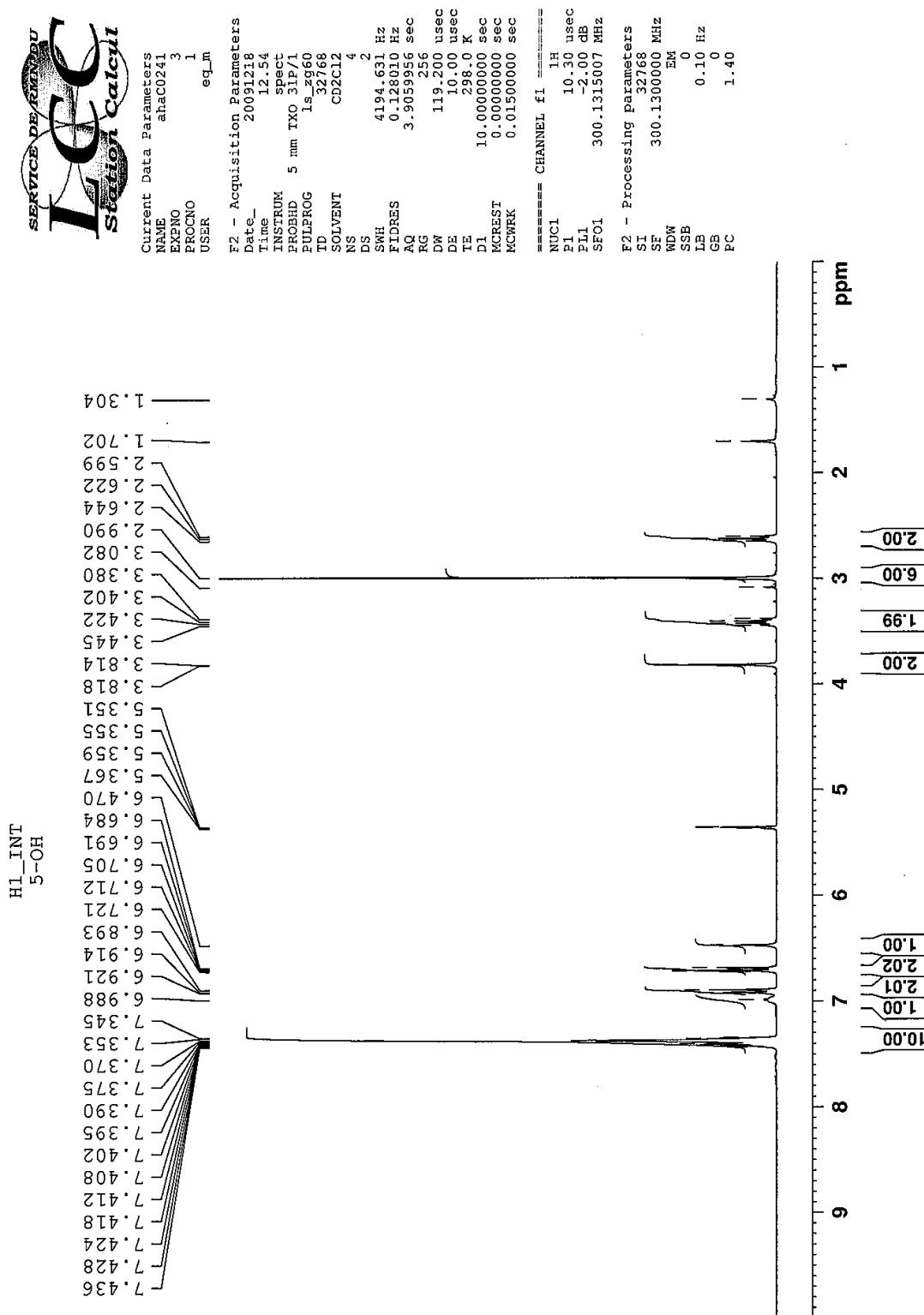
**2.  $^1\text{H}$ ,  $^{13}\text{C}$  and  $^{31}\text{P}$  NMR spectra of ligands 5-OH, 5-OMe, 5-G<sub>1</sub>, 5-G<sub>3</sub>, 6-G<sub>1</sub> and 6-G<sub>3</sub> and of isolated coupling products (some selected examples).**

**Compound 5-OH**

P31\_DECOPLE\_H1  
5-OH

29.79





C13 DECOUPLE\_H1  
5-0H



\*\*\*\*\*

\* L.C.C. du C.N.R.S. \*

\* Service de R.M.N. \*

\*\*\*\*\*

Current Data Parameters

NAME	ahab0216
EXPN0	3
PROCN0	1
USER	eq_III

F2 - Acquisition Parameters

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Time	0.38
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ETDRES	0.759144 Hz
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RG	13004
TM	20.100 us
DE	10.00 us
TE	298 K
D1	1.0000000 sec
d11	0.0300000 sec

\*\*\*\*\* CHANNEL F1 \*\*\*\*\*

NUC1	13C
P1	12.00 us
PL1	0.00 dB
SFO1	75.4725450 MHz

\*\*\*\*\* CHANNEL F2 \*\*\*\*\*

CPDP42	W112.16
NUC2	1H
PCPD2	102.00 us
PL2	1.00 dB
PL12	19.00 dB
SFO2	300.1312005 MHz

F2 - Processing parameters

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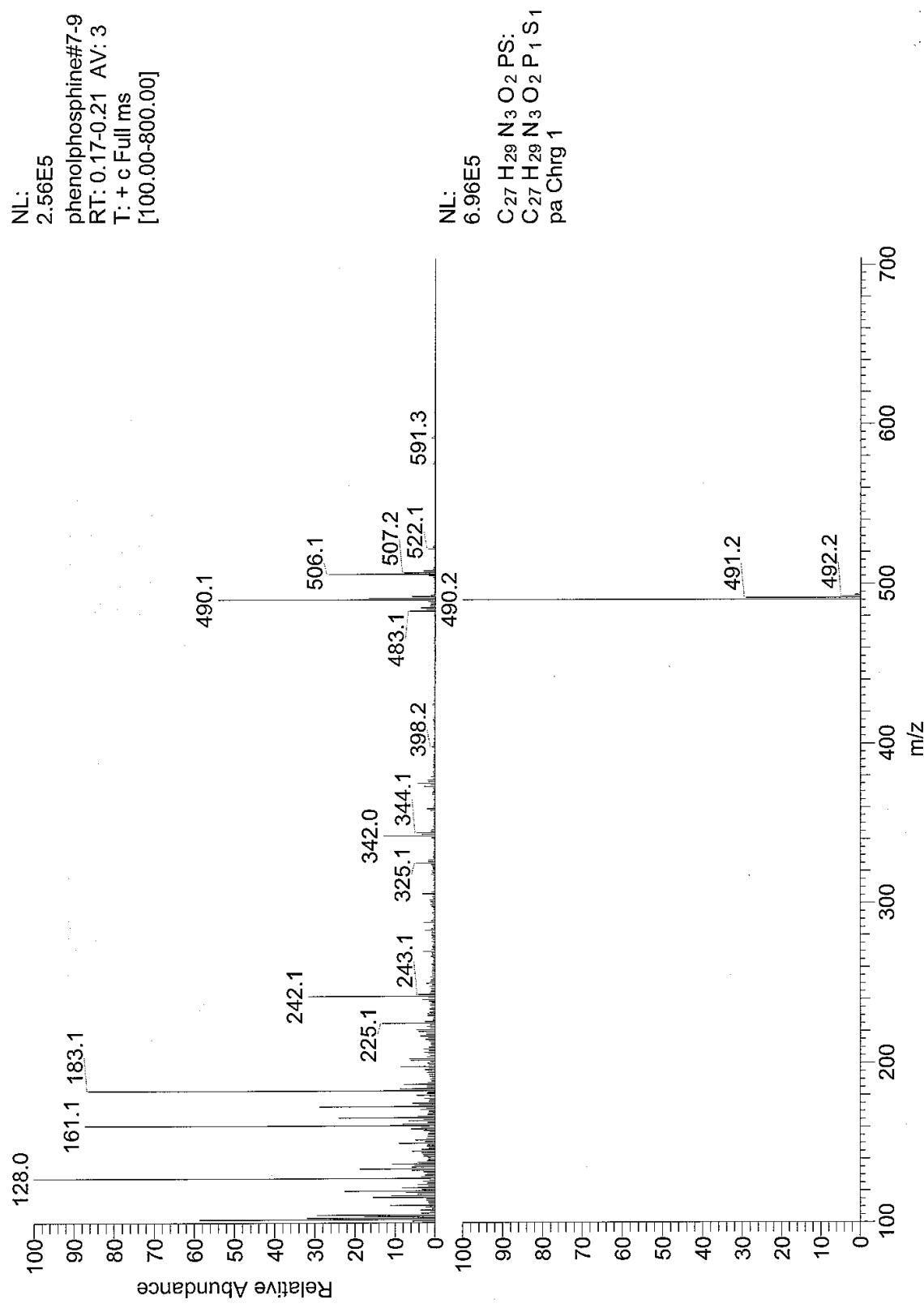
1D NMR plot parameters

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F1	15993.55 Hz
F2P	0.00 ppm
F2	9.05091 ppm/cm
PPM	666.07043 Hz/cm



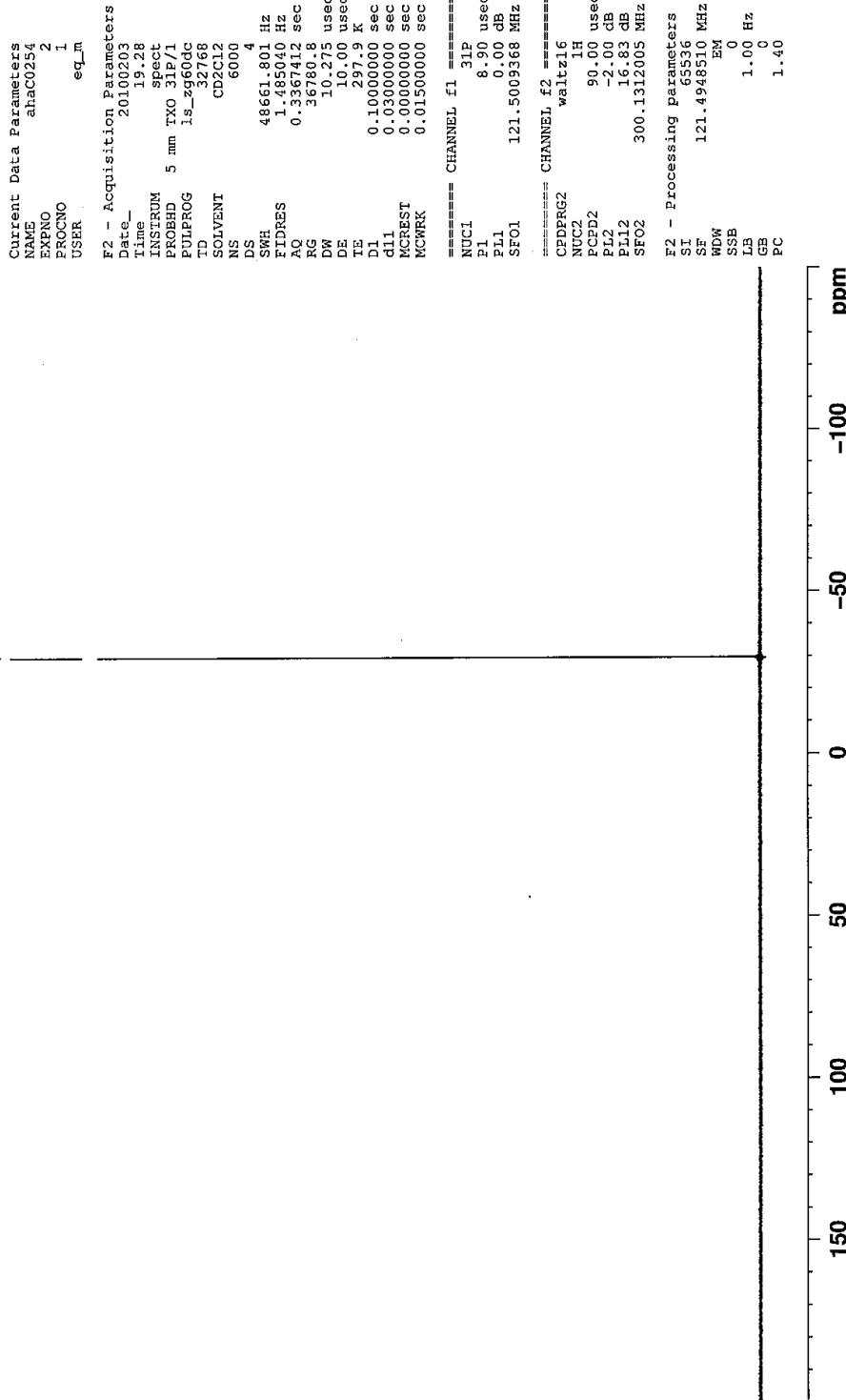
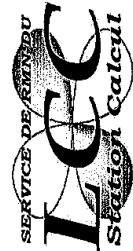
C:\Xcalibur\...\Juin\phenol\phosphine  
DCI/NH3

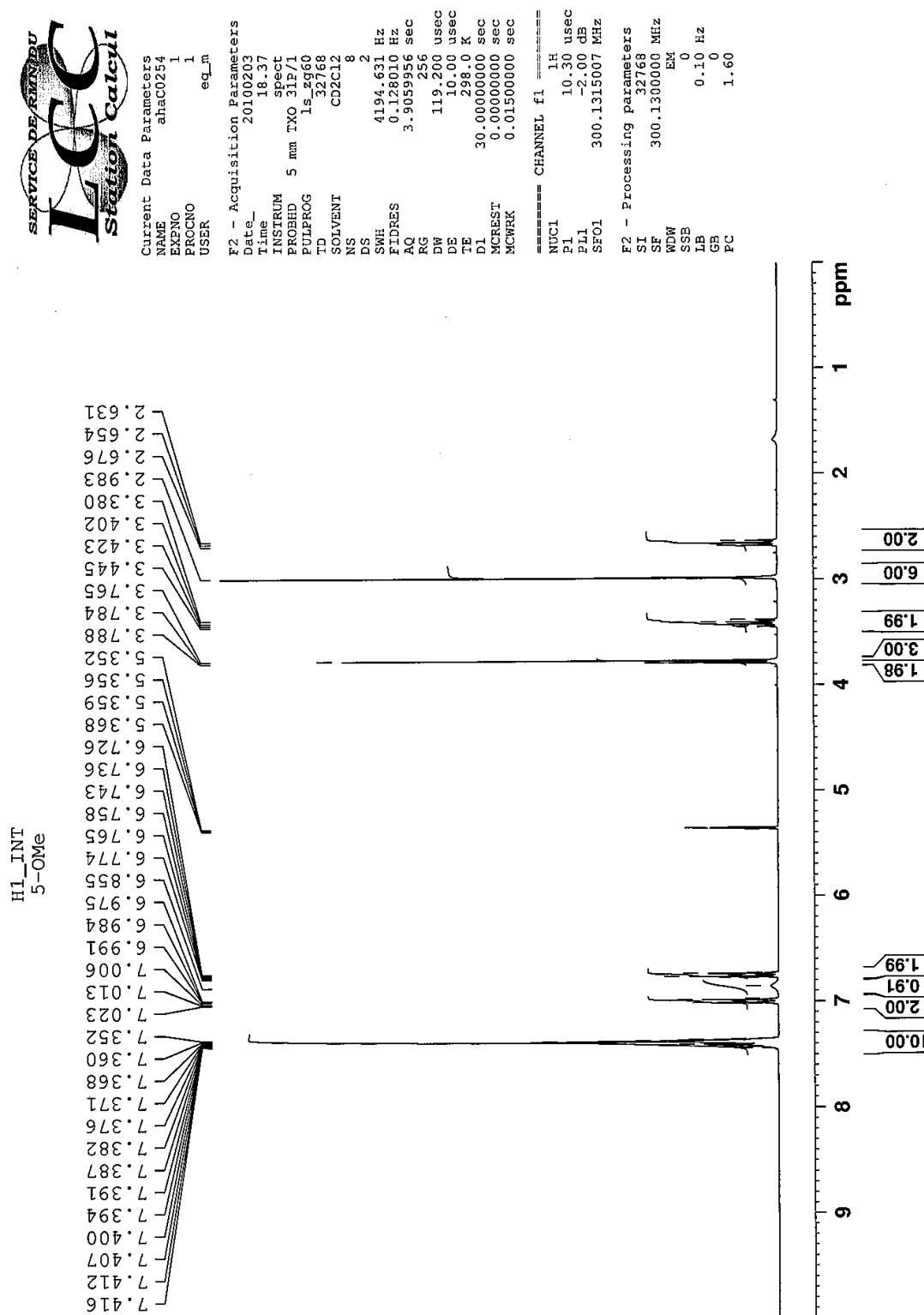
6/5/2009 9:31:32 AM

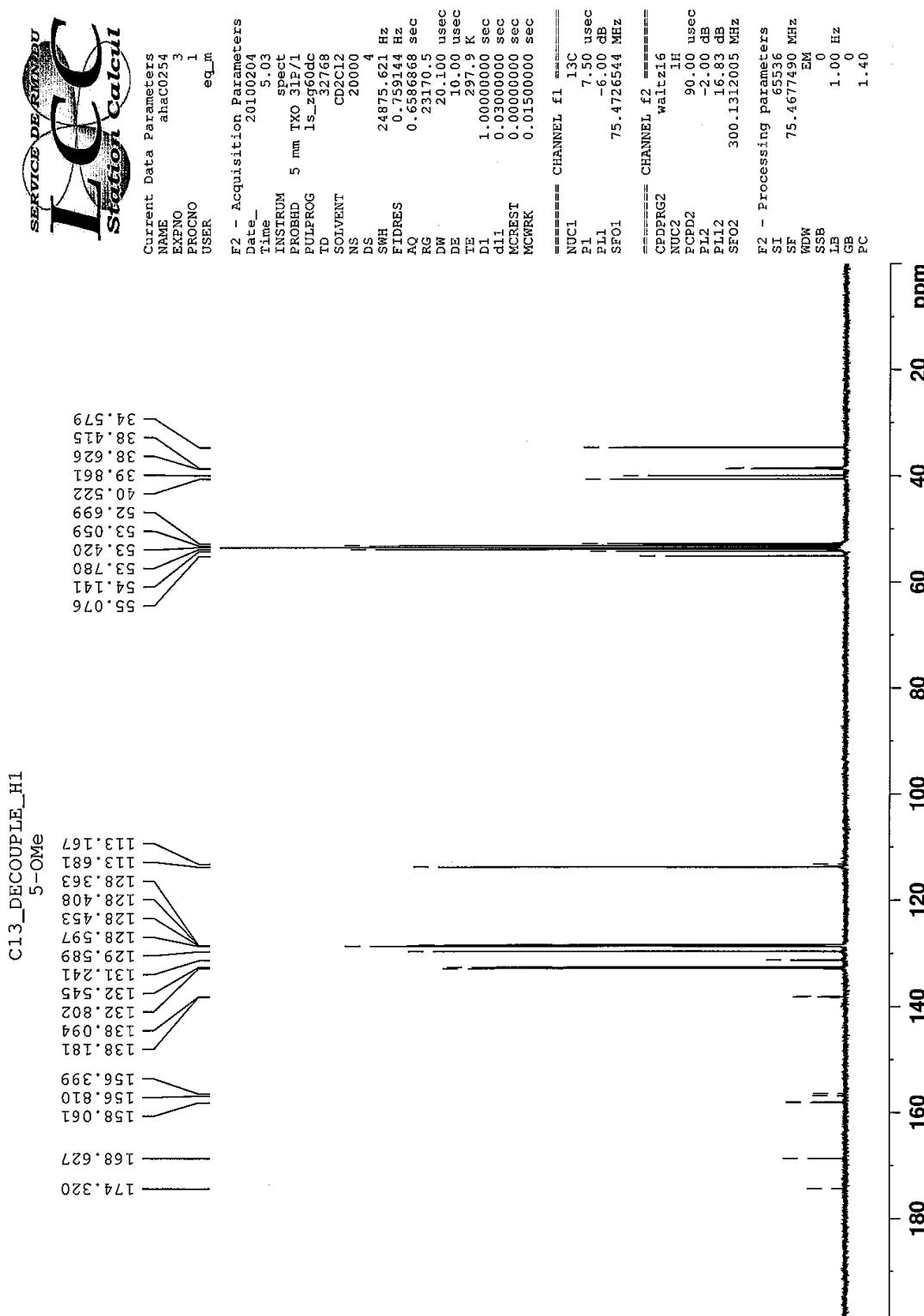


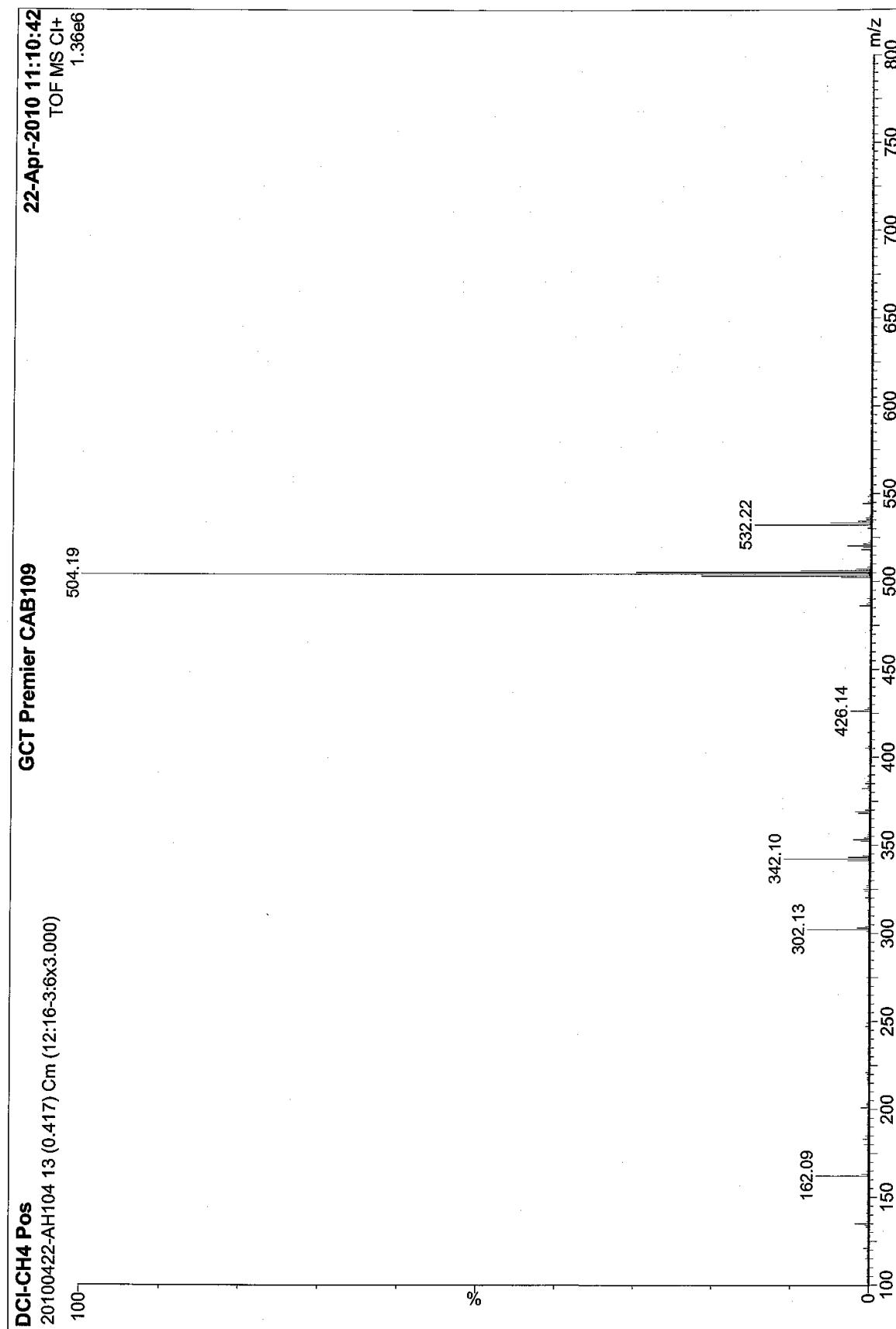
Compound 5-OMe

P31\_DECOPPLE\_H1  
5-OMe

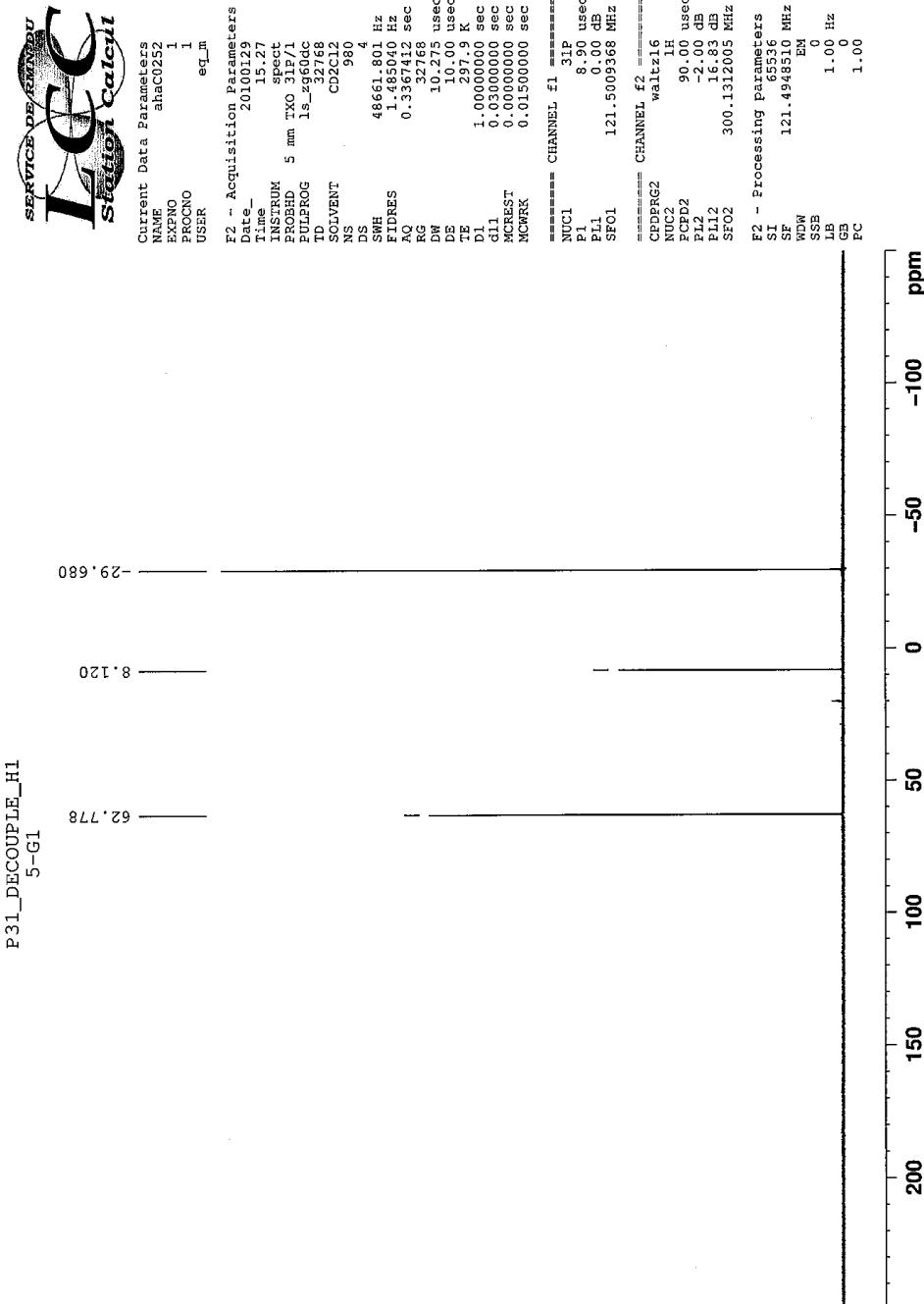
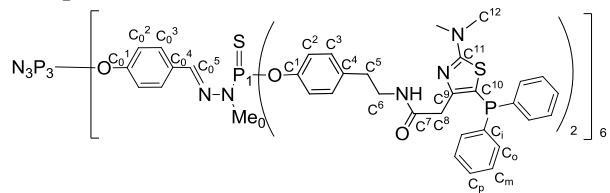


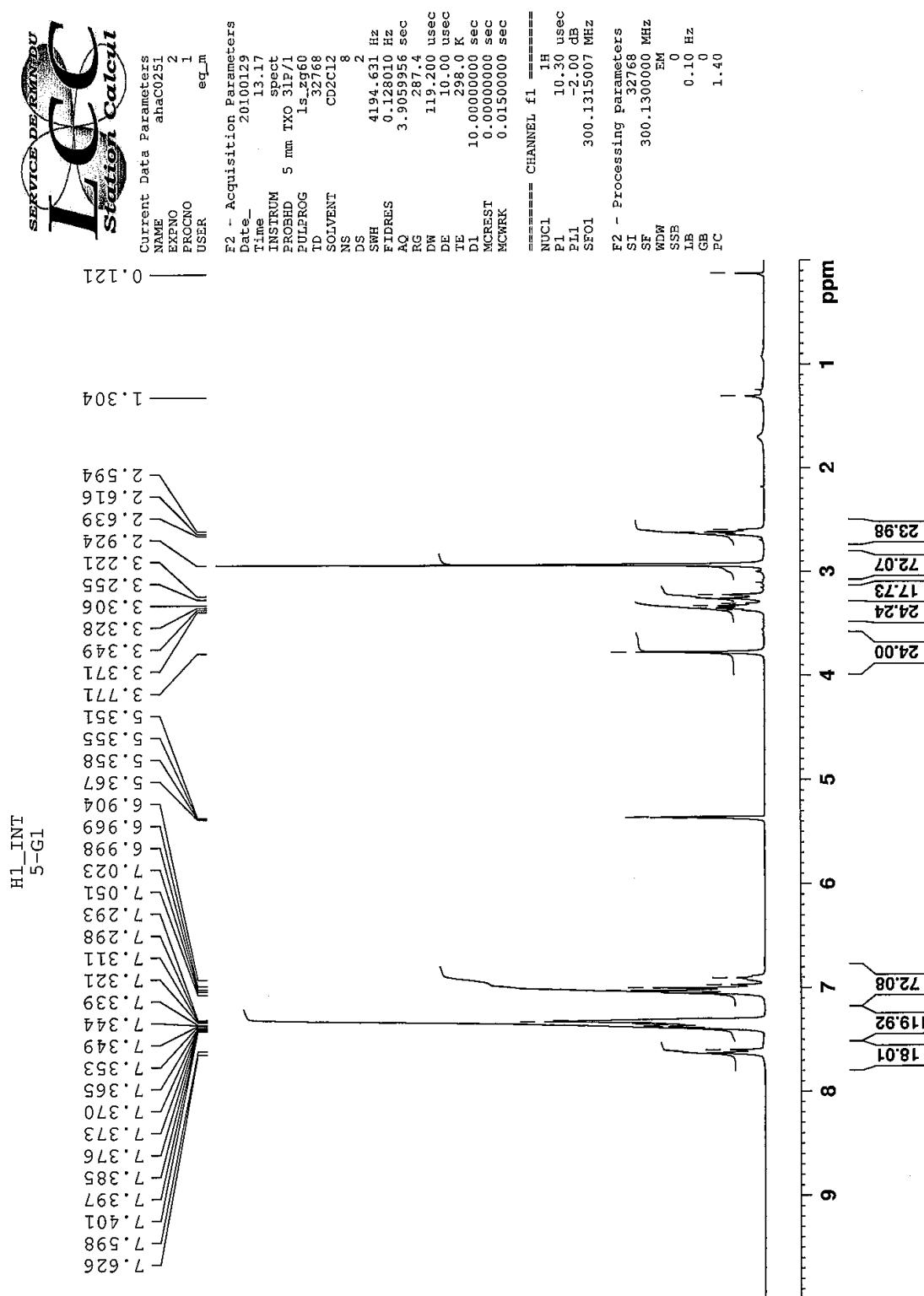




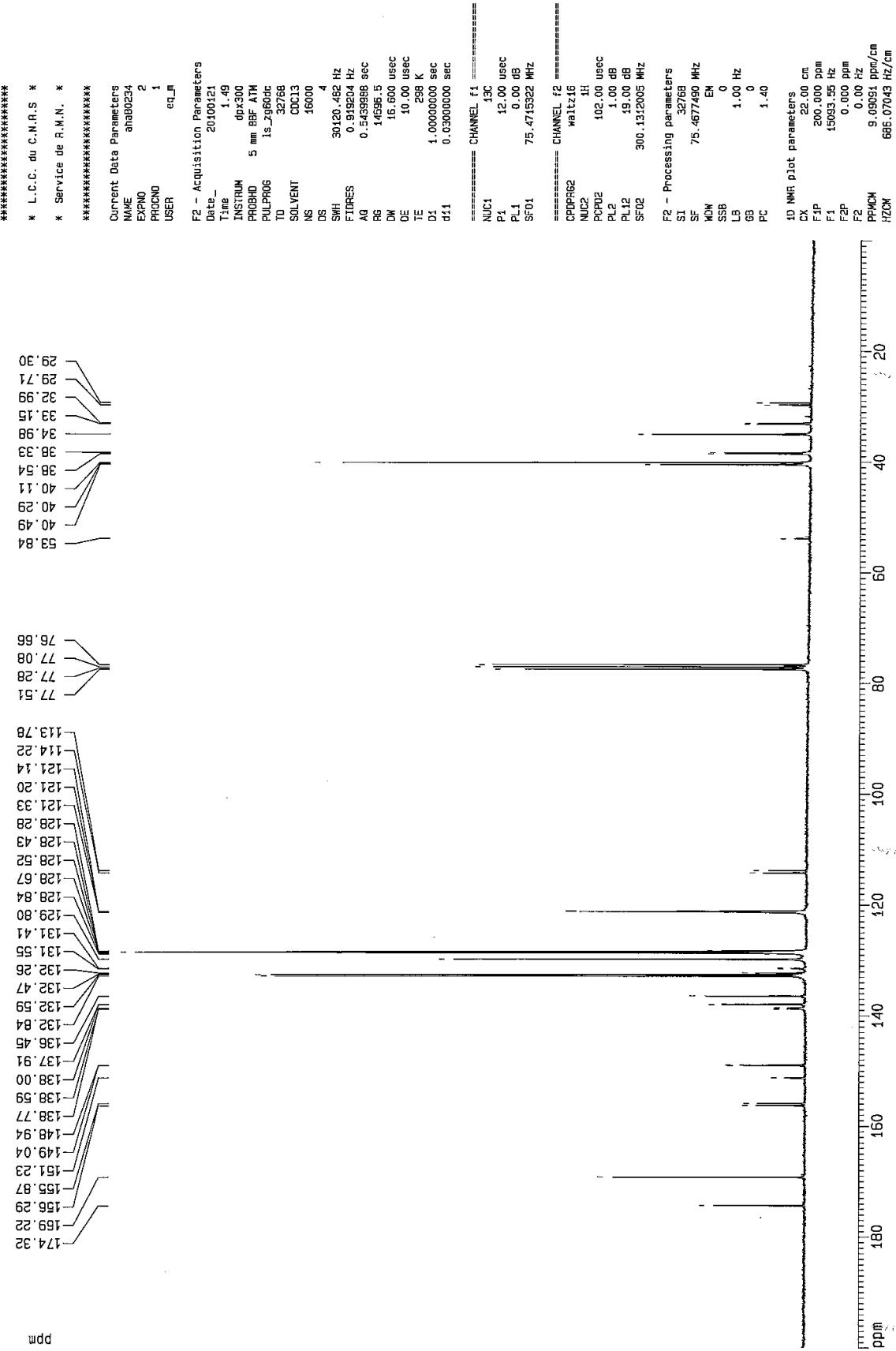


**Compound 5-G<sub>1</sub> :**

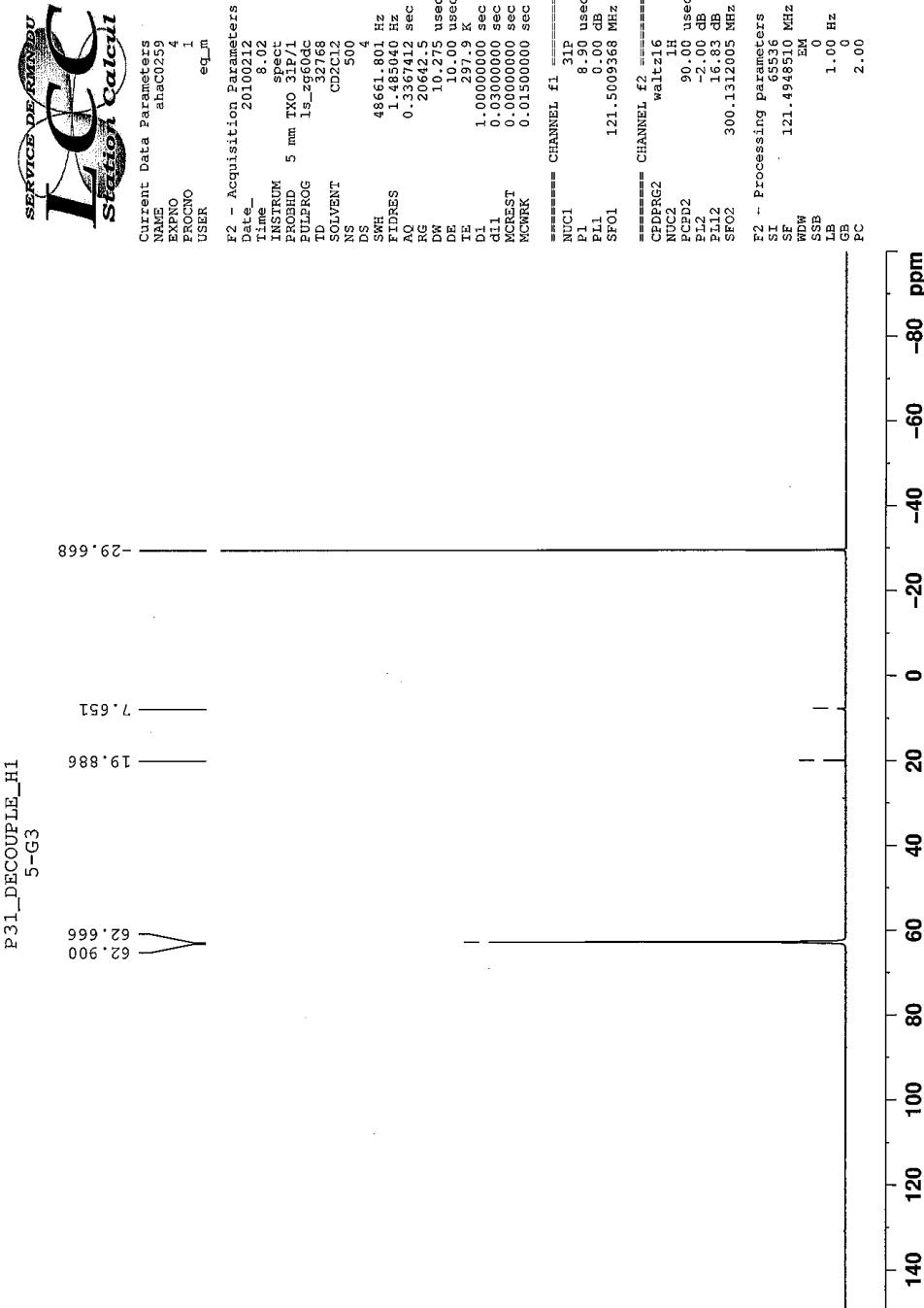
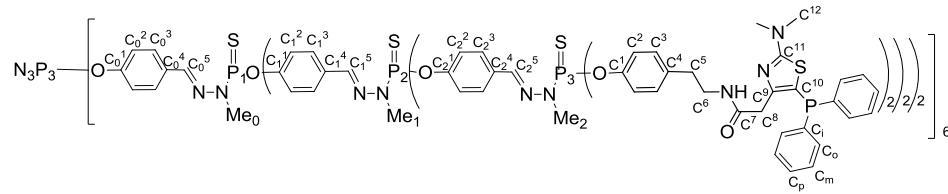


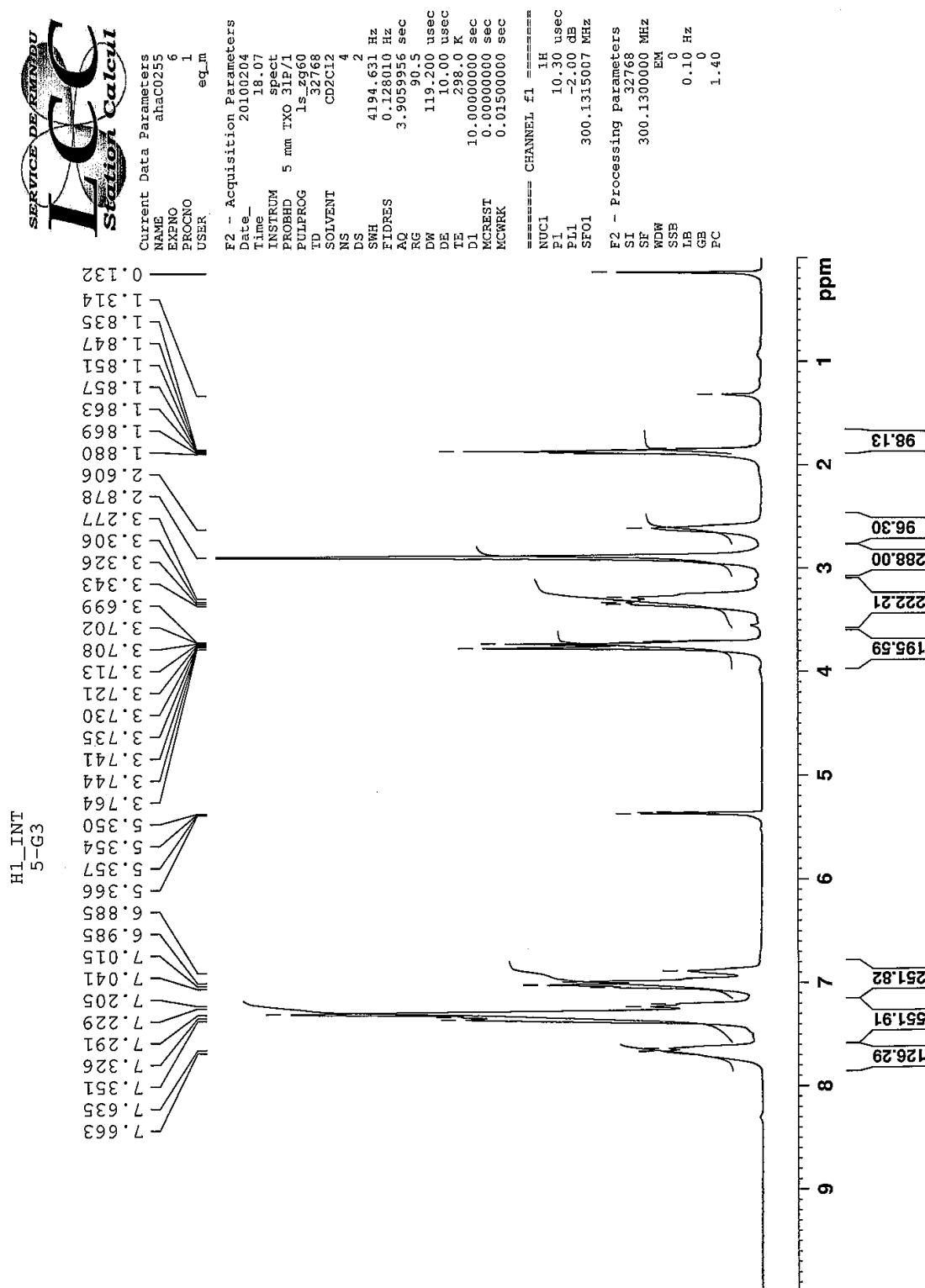


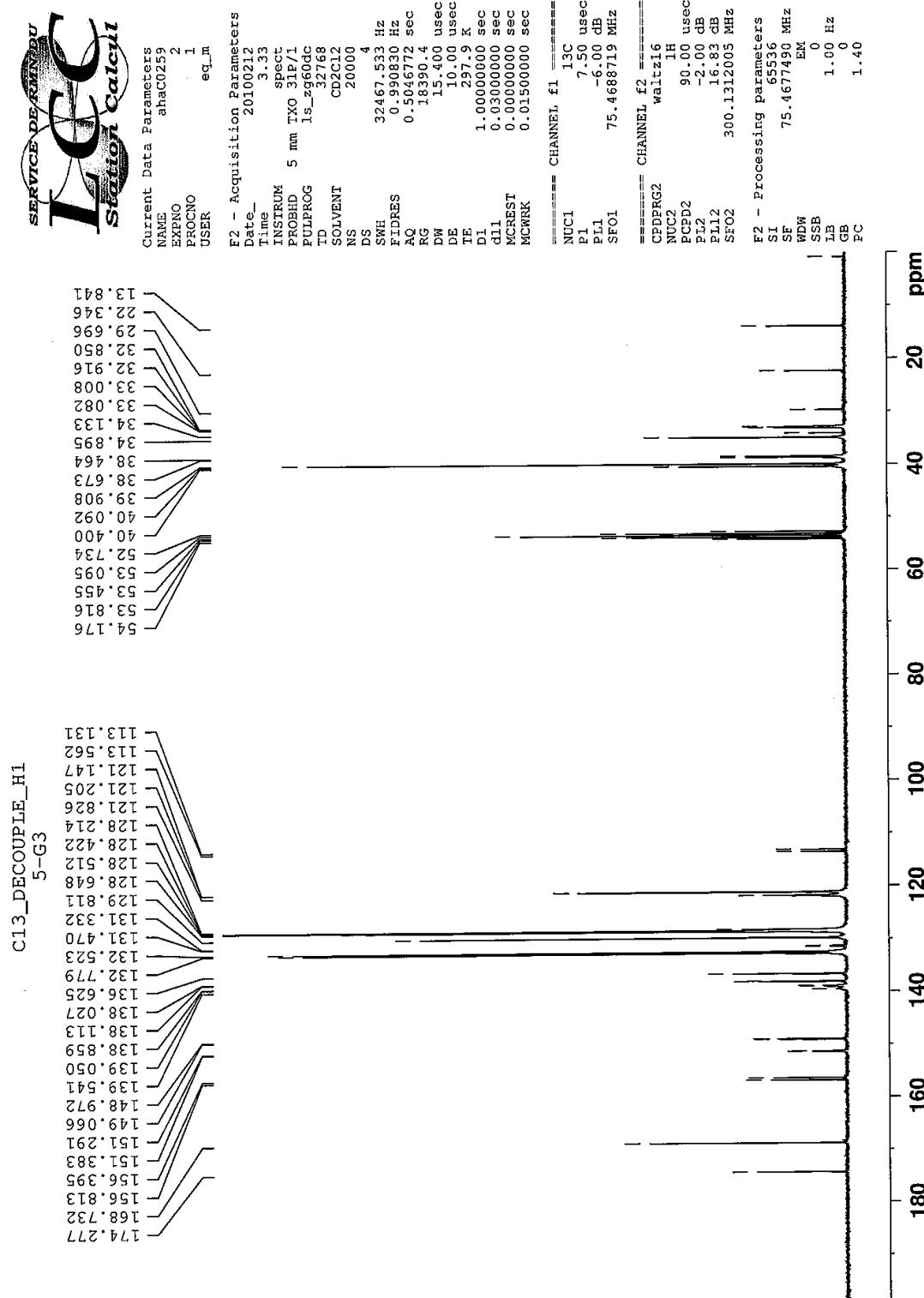
C13 DECOUPLE H1  
5-61

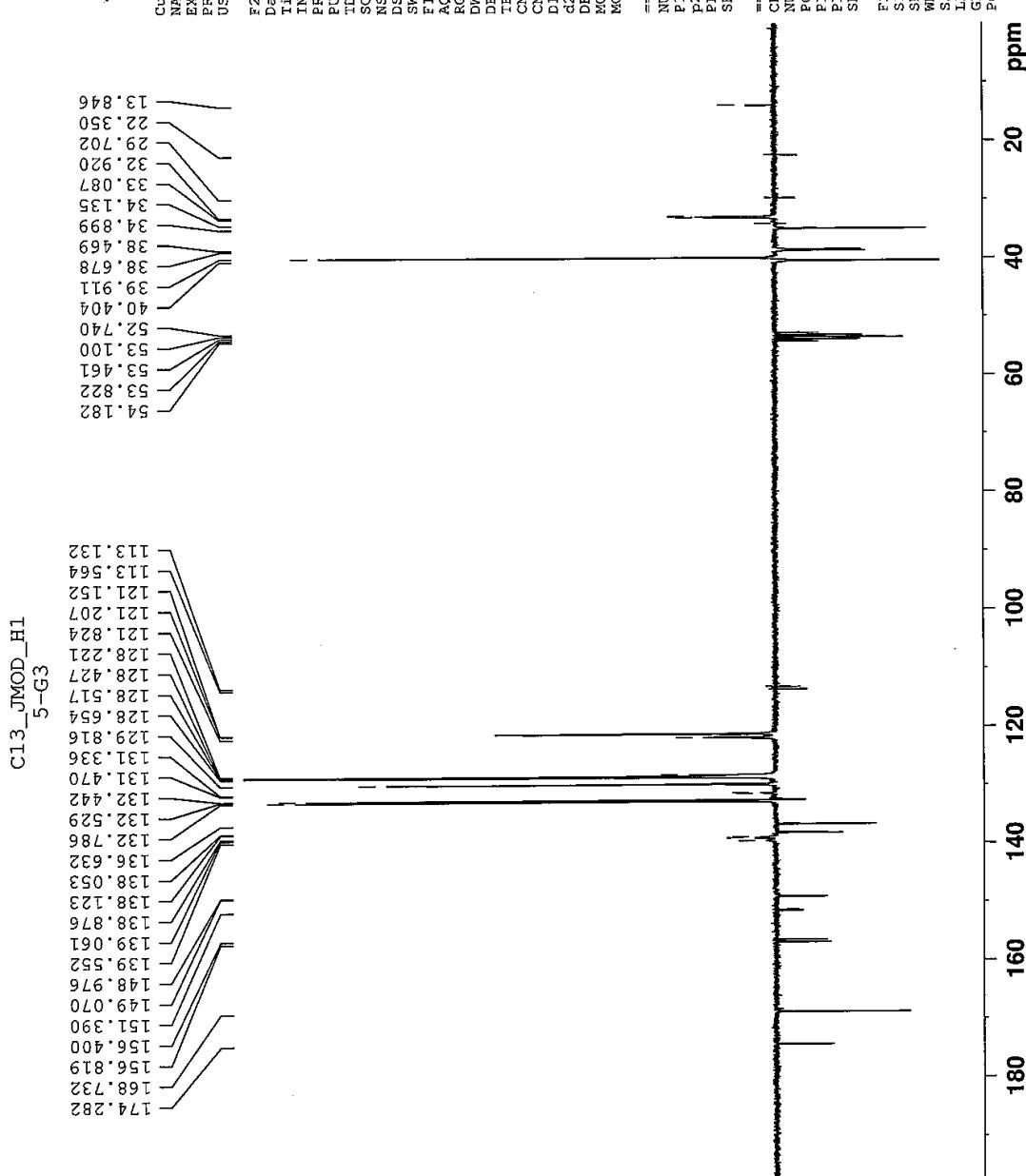


**Compound 5-G<sub>3</sub> :**

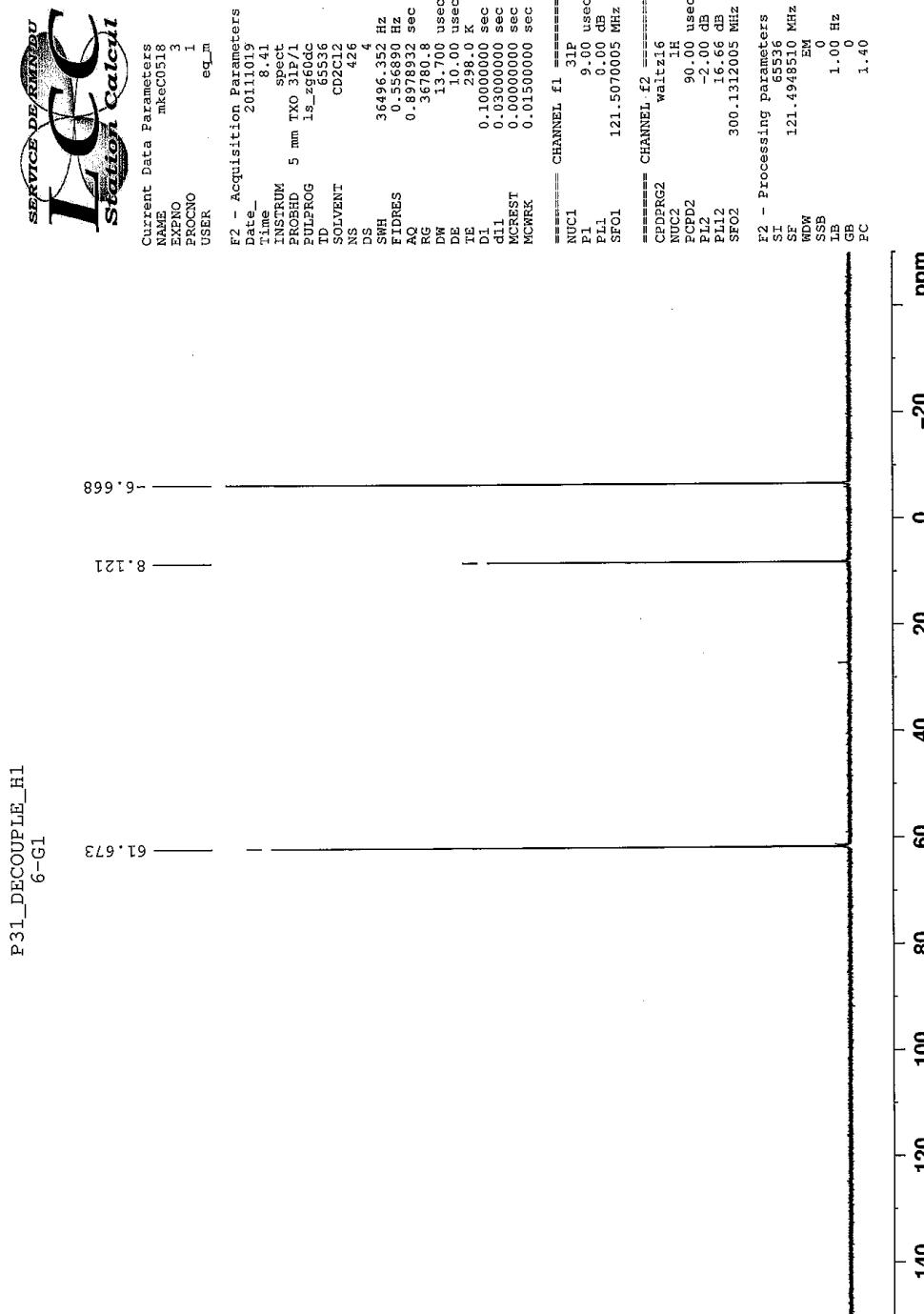
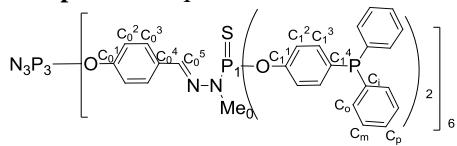


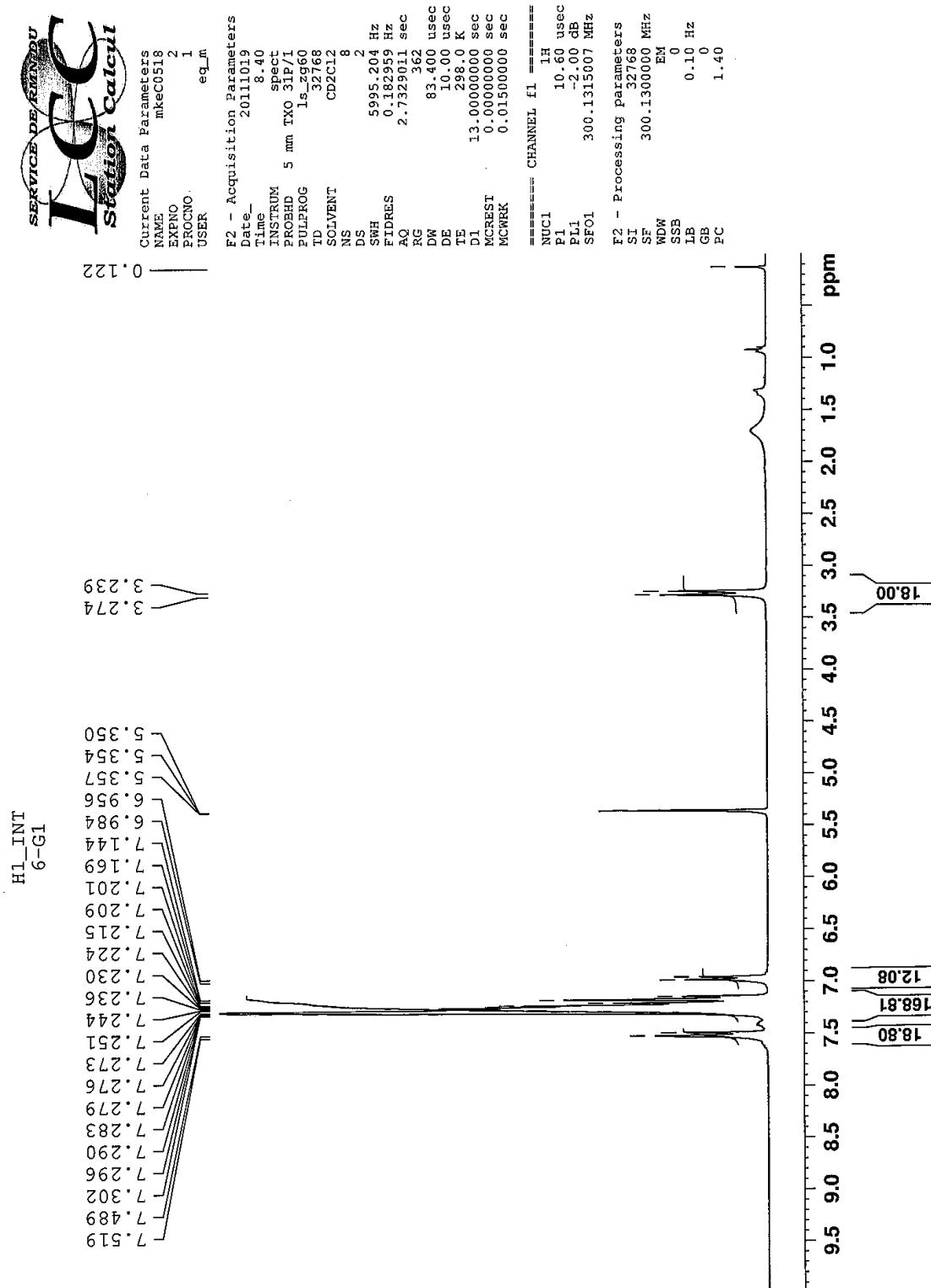


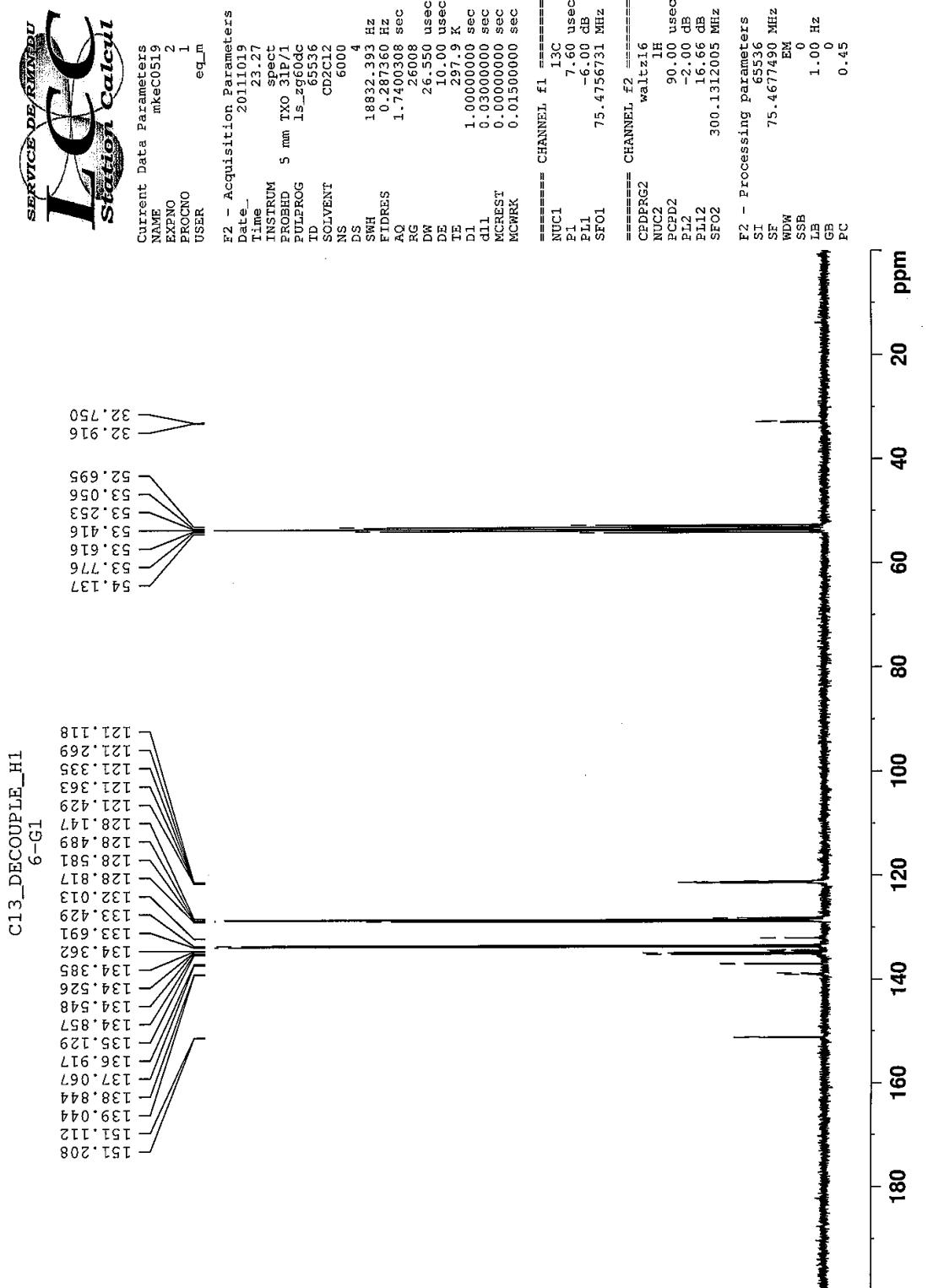


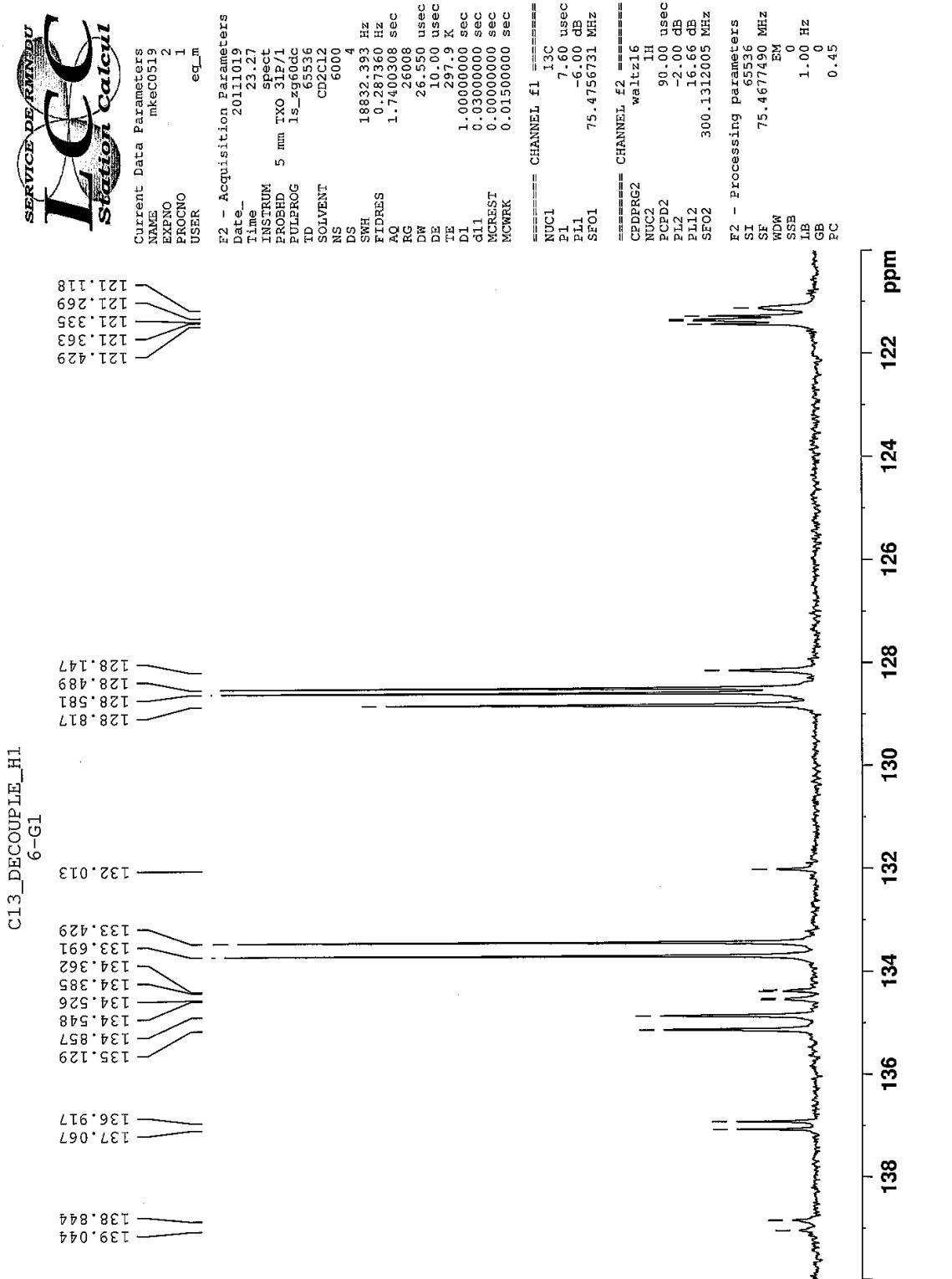


**Compound 6-G<sub>1</sub>:**

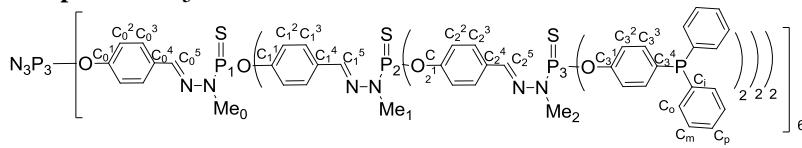








**Compound 6-G<sub>3</sub> :**



Current Data Parameters  
 NAME mkeC0535  
 EXPNO 2  
 PROCNO 1  
 USER eq\_m

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 Time\_ 19.08  
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 PULPROG ls\_zgfidc  
 TD 65536  
 SOLVENT CDCl<sub>3</sub>  
 NS 32  
 DS 4  
 SWF 36496.352 Hz  
 FIDRES 0.55890 Hz  
 AQ 0.3978932 sec  
 RG 36780.8  
 DW 13.700 usec  
 DE 10.00 usec  
 TE 297.9 K  
 D1 1.0000000 sec  
 d1 0.0300000 sec  
 MCREST 0.0000000 sec  
 MCWORK 0.0150000 sec

===== CHANNEL f1 =====

NUC1 31P  
 P1 9.00 usec  
 PL1 121.5070005 MHz  
 SF01 121.5070005 MHz

===== CHANNEL f2 =====

CPDPRG2 waltz16  
 NUC2 1H  
 PCPD2 90.00 usec  
 PL2 -2.00 dB  
 PL12 16.66 dB  
 SF02 300.1312005 MHz

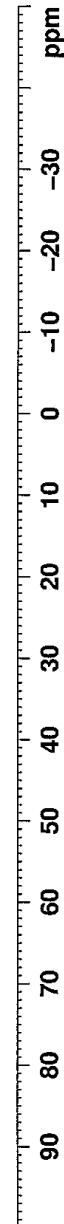
F2 - Processing parameters

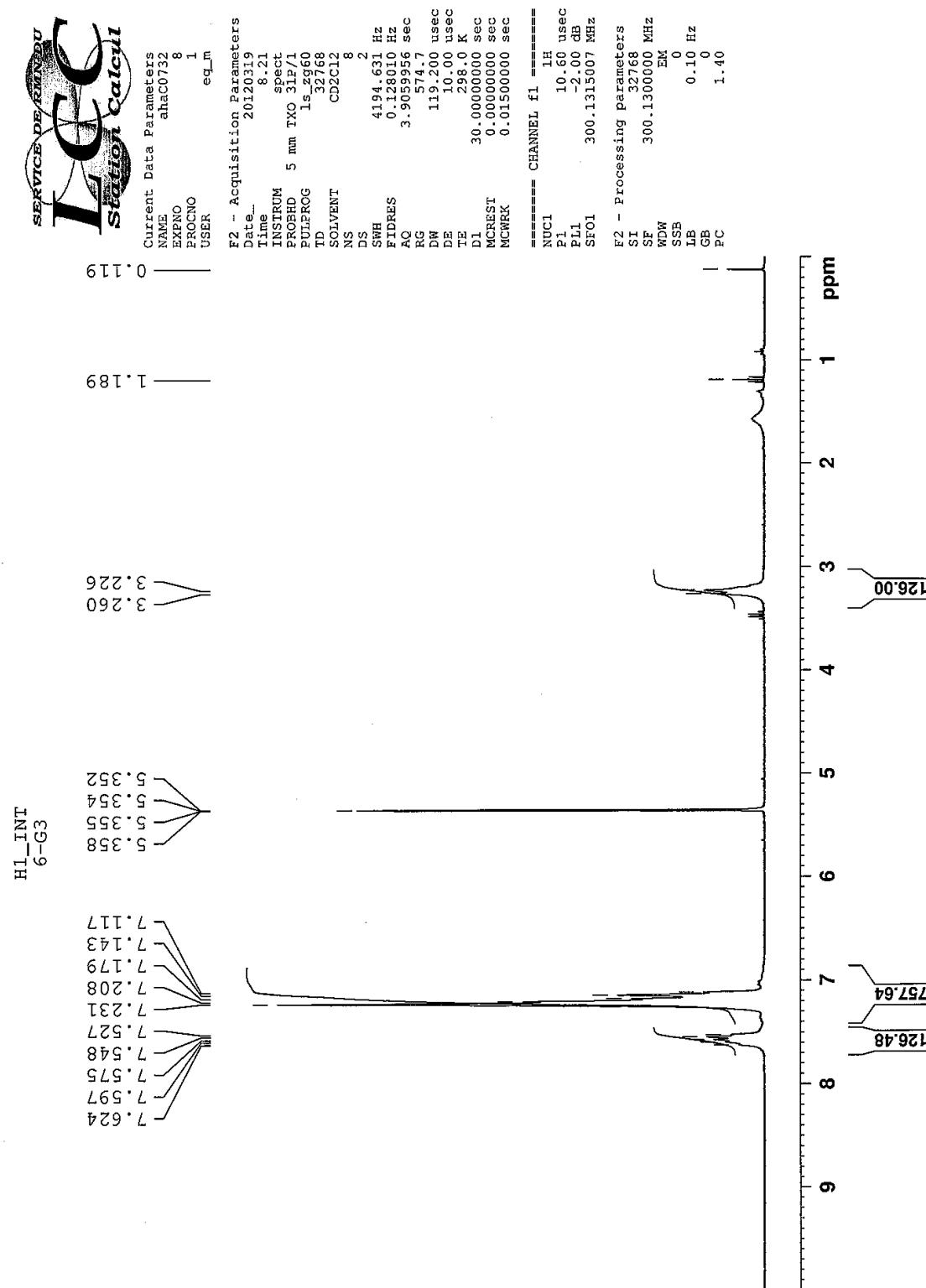
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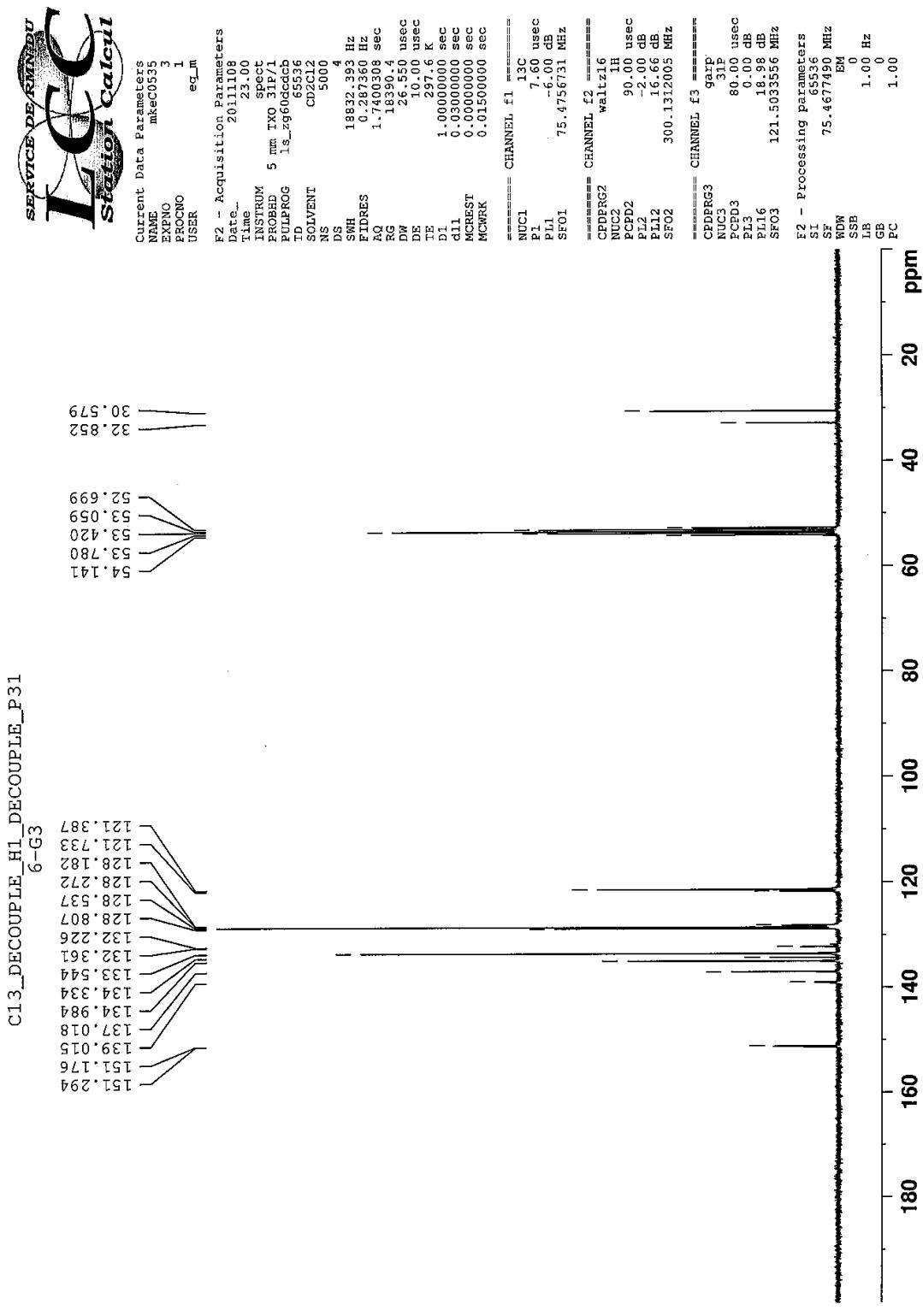
P31\_DECCOUPLE\_H1  
 6-G3

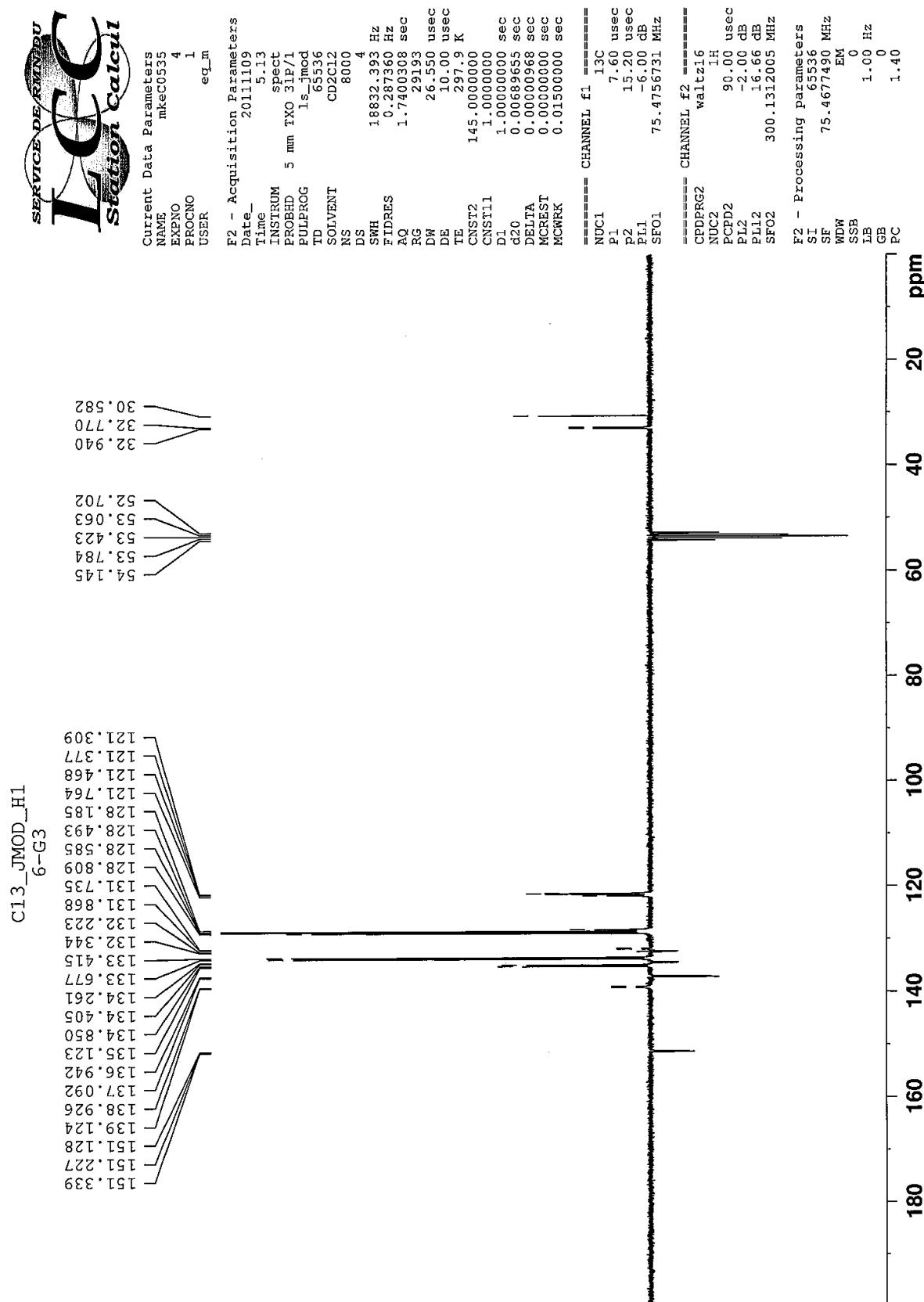
62.654  
 61.364  
 61.587

-6.734  
 7.919

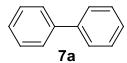






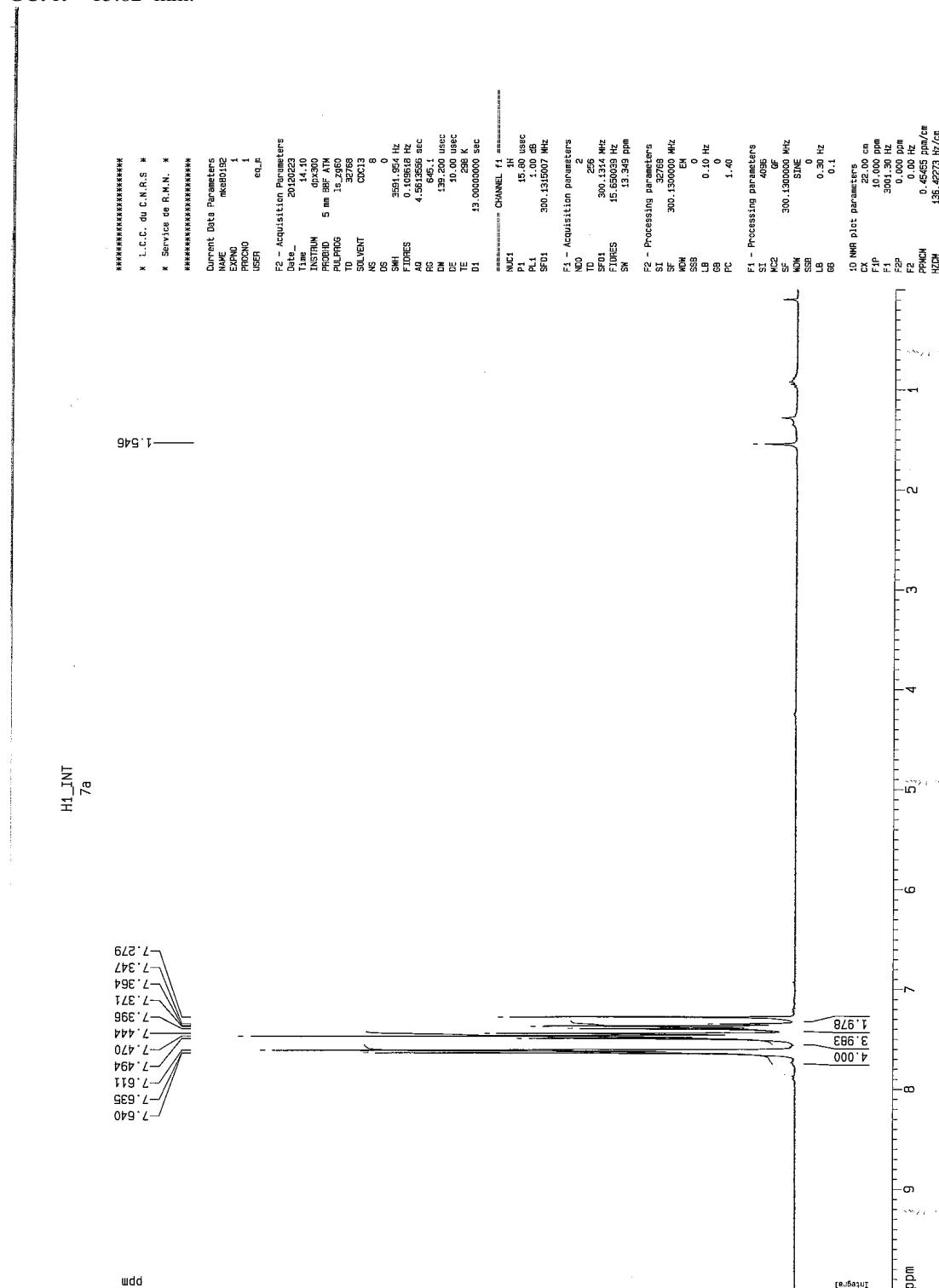


**Compound 7a** prepared by using **6-G<sub>1</sub>** as the ligand:

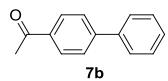


The standard procedure described above was applied by using Pd(OAc) (1.12 mg, 0.005 mmol), **6-G<sub>1</sub>** (2.0 mg, 0.00042 mmol), THF (5 mL), water (2 mL), bromobenzene (105  $\mu$ L, 1 mmol), phenyl boronic acid (139 mg, 1.14 mmol) and Na<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> (318 mg, 3 mmol). The filtrate obtained was purified by silica flash chromatography (Pentane) and biphenyl **7a** was obtained as a white powder in 82 % yield (127 mg). For purity: see spectra above.

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 25°C)  $\delta$  (ppm): 7.35-7.40 (m, 2H), 7.44-7.49 (m, 4H), 7.61-7.64 (m, 4H).  
 GC: rt = 15.82 min.

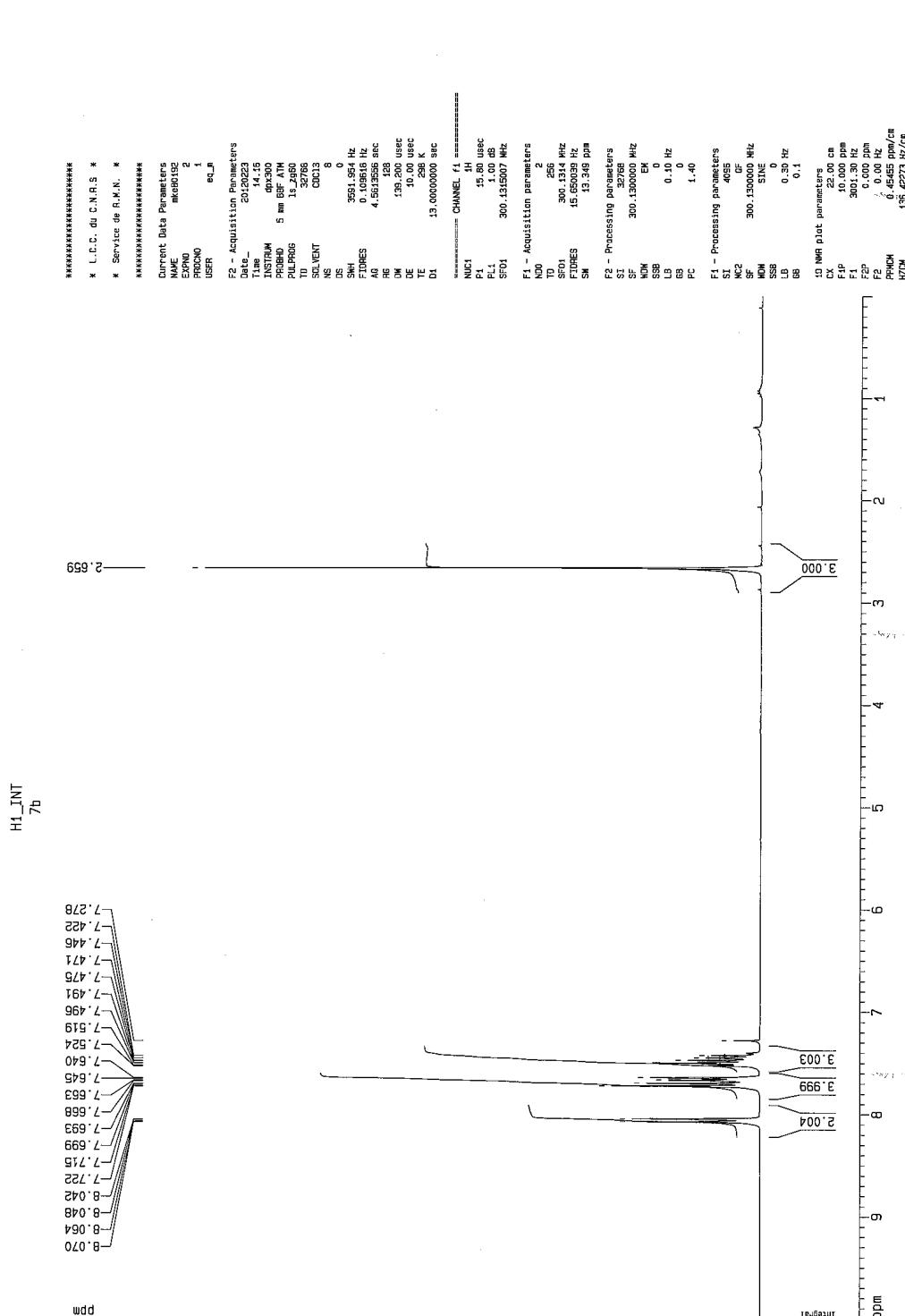


**Compound 7b** prepared by using **5-OMe** as the ligand:

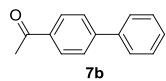


The standard procedure described above was applied by using Pd(OAc) (1,12 mg, 0.005 mmol), **5-OMe** (2.5 mg, 0.005 mmol), THF (5 mL), water (2 mL), 4-bromoacetophenone (199 mg, 1 mmol), phenyl boronic acid (139 mg, 1.14 mmol) and Na<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> (318 mg, 3 mmol). The filtrate obtained was purified by silica flash chromatography (Pentane/AcOEt) and **7b** was obtained as a white powder in 92 % yield (181 mg). For purity: see spectra above.

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 25°C) δ (ppm): 2.66 (s, 3H, Me), 7.42-7.52 (m, 3H), 7.64-7.72 (m, 4H), 8.04-8.07 (m, 2H).  
GC: rt = 21.50 min.



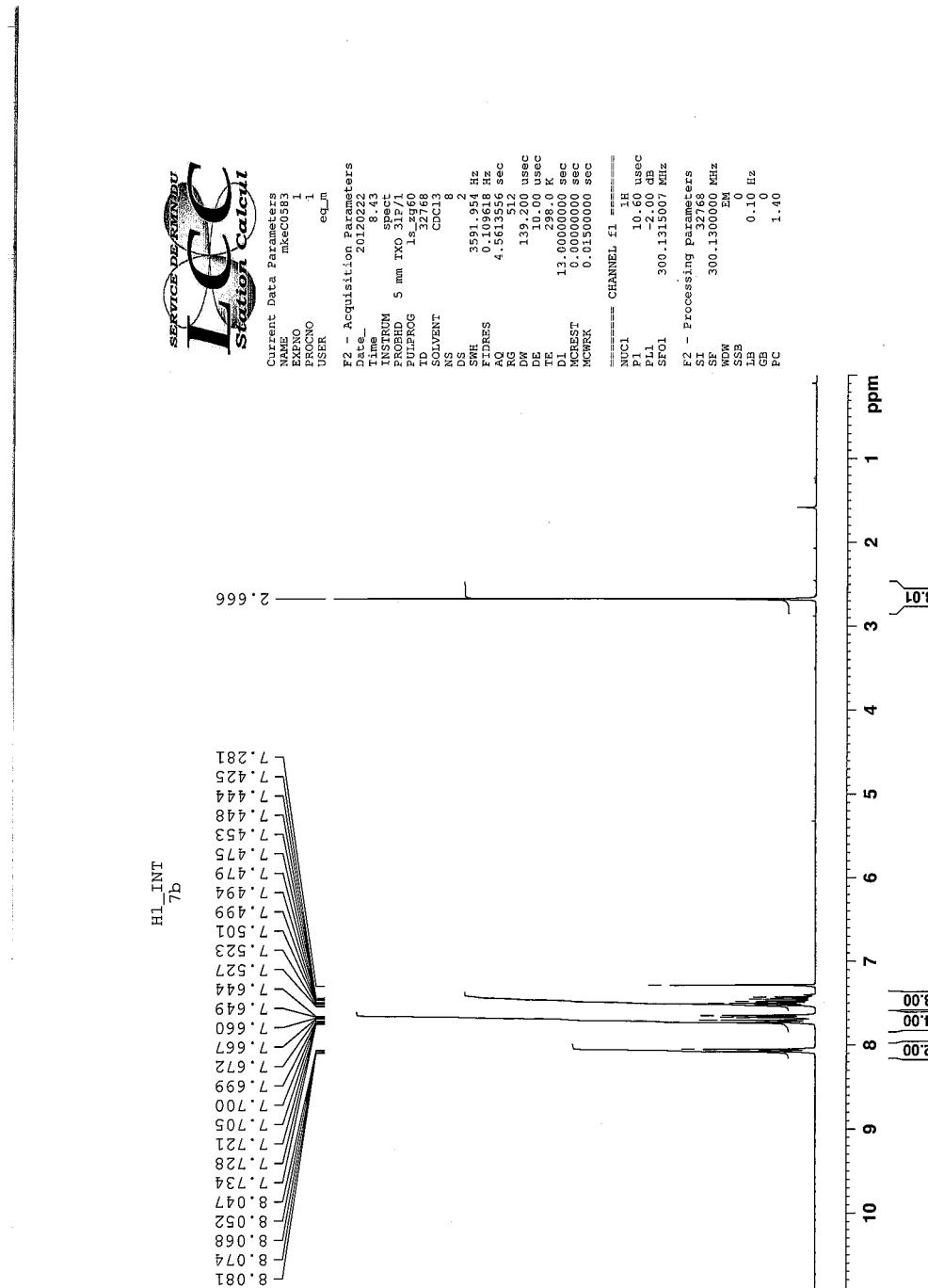
**Compound 7b** prepared by using **5-G<sub>1</sub>** as the ligand:



**7b**

The standard procedure described above was applied by using Pd(OAc) (1.12 mg, 0.005 mmol), **5-G<sub>1</sub>** (3.0 mg, 0.00042 mmol), THF (5 mL), water (2 mL), 4-bromoacetophenone (199 mg, 1 mmol), phenyl boronic acid (139 mg, 1.14 mmol) and Na<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> (318 mg, 3 mmol). The filtrate obtained was purified by silica flash chromatography (Pentane/AcOEt) and **7b** was obtained as a white powder in 93 % yield (183 mg). For purity: see spectra above.

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, 25°C) δ (ppm): 2.67 (s, 3H, Me), 7.43-7.53 (m, 3H), 7.64-7.73 (m, 4H), 8.05-8.08 (m, 2H).  
GC: rt = 21.50 min.



### 3. RX data

**Crystallographic data** Diffraction data were collected at low temperature (180 K) on an Gemini Oxford Diffraction diffractometer for **5-OMe** and on a Bruker Kappa Apex II for **5-OH** and **3**, using a graphite-monochromated Mo K $\alpha$  radiation ( $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ \AA}$ ). Both diffractometers are equipped with an Oxford Cryosystems Cryostream cooler device. The structures were solved by direct methods with SIR92<sup>3</sup> and all non-hydrogen atoms were refined anisotropically by means of least-squares procedures on F<sup>2</sup> with the aid of the program SHELXL-97.<sup>4</sup>

#### Compound 3

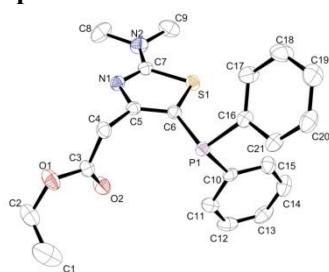


Table 1. Crystal data and structure refinement for **3**.

Identification code	<b>3</b>
Empirical formula	C <sub>21</sub> H <sub>23</sub> N <sub>2</sub> O <sub>2</sub> P S
Formula weight	398.44
Temperature	180 K
Wavelength	0.71073 Å
Crystal system, space group	triclinic, P -1
Unit cell dimensions	a = 8.7642(9) Å alpha = 94.396(5) deg. b = 10.8437(11) Å beta = 106.808(5) deg. c = 12.1558(12) Å gamma = 109.396(5) deg.
Volume	1023.87(19) Å <sup>3</sup>
Z, Calculated density	2, 1.292 Mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Absorption coefficient	0.254 mm <sup>-1</sup>
F(000)	420
Crystal size	0.45 x 0.3 x 0.125 mm
Theta range for data collection	2.03 to 25.35 deg.
Limiting indices	-10<=h<=10, -13<=k<=13, -14<=l<=14
Reflections collected / unique	20382 / 3739 [R(int) = 0.0186]
Completeness to theta = 25.35	99.9 %
Refinement method	Full-matrix least-squares on F <sup>2</sup>
Data / restraints / parameters	3739 / 0 / 247
Goodness-of-fit on F <sup>2</sup>	1.047
Final R indices [I>2sigma(I)]	R1 = 0.0324, wR2 = 0.0815
R indices (all data)	R1 = 0.0346, wR2 = 0.0834
Largest diff. peak and hole	0.714 and -0.305 e.Å <sup>-3</sup>

Table 2. Atomic coordinates (x 10<sup>4</sup>) and equivalent isotropic

displacement parameters (Å<sup>2</sup> x 10<sup>3</sup>) for **3**.

U(eq) is defined as one third of the trace of the orthogonalized U<sub>ij</sub> tensor.

	x	y	z	U(eq)
S(1)	4481(1)	463(1)	1953(1)	26(1)
P(1)	5221(1)	3227(1)	3499(1)	23(1)
O(2)	8684(2)	4544(1)	2010(1)	38(1)
O(1)	11211(2)	5231(1)	3487(1)	41(1)
N(1)	7743(2)	1206(1)	2322(1)	26(1)
N(2)	6109(2)	-857(1)	1046(1)	35(1)
C(10)	3564(2)	3335(2)	2221(1)	24(1)
C(5)	7482(2)	2187(2)	2939(1)	23(1)
C(4)	9030(2)	3385(2)	3634(1)	27(1)

C(16)	3983(2)	2404(2)	4396(1)	26(1)
C(11)	4133(2)	4201(2)	1506(2)	31(1)
C(7)	6272(2)	233(2)	1751(1)	25(1)
C(15)	1815(2)	2638(2)	1936(1)	32(1)
C(6)	5841(2)	1993(1)	2877(1)	22(1)
C(3)	9566(2)	4430(2)	2928(1)	28(1)
C(21)	3366(2)	3181(2)	4986(1)	31(1)
C(9)	4479(3)	-1957(2)	548(2)	46(1)
C(20)	2517(2)	2680(2)	5749(2)	38(1)
C(12)	2975(3)	4350(2)	522(2)	38(1)
C(13)	1247(3)	3661(2)	256(2)	41(1)
C(19)	2266(3)	1398(2)	5939(2)	43(1)
C(18)	2901(3)	633(2)	5378(2)	45(1)
C(17)	3755(2)	1129(2)	4613(2)	36(1)
C(14)	665(2)	2805(2)	960(2)	41(1)
C(8)	7637(3)	-1063(2)	972(2)	47(1)
C(2)	11970(2)	6288(2)	2907(2)	45(1)
C(1)	11502(4)	7428(2)	3142(2)	74(1)

Table 3. Bond lengths [Å] and angles [deg] for **3**.

S(1)-C(7)	1.7488(16)
S(1)-C(6)	1.7503(15)
P(1)-C(6)	1.7943(15)
P(1)-C(16)	1.8308(16)
P(1)-C(10)	1.8362(16)
O(2)-C(3)	1.201(2)
O(1)-C(3)	1.3441(19)
O(1)-C(2)	1.464(2)
N(1)-C(7)	1.313(2)
N(1)-C(5)	1.3738(19)
N(2)-C(7)	1.347(2)
N(2)-C(9)	1.445(2)
N(2)-C(8)	1.455(2)
C(10)-C(15)	1.387(2)
C(10)-C(11)	1.396(2)
C(5)-C(6)	1.361(2)
C(5)-C(4)	1.497(2)
C(4)-C(3)	1.507(2)
C(4)-H(4A)	0.9700
C(4)-H(4B)	0.9700
C(16)-C(17)	1.387(2)
C(16)-C(21)	1.397(2)
C(11)-C(12)	1.387(3)
C(11)-H(11)	0.9300
C(15)-C(14)	1.385(2)
C(15)-H(15)	0.9300
C(21)-C(20)	1.384(2)
C(21)-H(21)	0.9300
C(9)-H(9A)	0.9600
C(9)-H(9B)	0.9600
C(9)-H(9C)	0.9600
C(20)-C(19)	1.382(3)
C(20)-H(20)	0.9300
C(12)-C(13)	1.373(3)
C(12)-H(12)	0.9300
C(13)-C(14)	1.383(3)
C(13)-H(13)	0.9300
C(19)-C(18)	1.378(3)
C(19)-H(19)	0.9300
C(18)-C(17)	1.388(3)
C(18)-H(18)	0.9300
C(17)-H(17)	0.9300
C(14)-H(14)	0.9300
C(8)-H(8A)	0.9600
C(8)-H(8B)	0.9600
C(8)-H(8C)	0.9600

C(2)-C(1)	1.460(3)
C(2)-H(2A)	0.9700
C(2)-H(2B)	0.9700
C(1)-H(1A)	0.9600
C(1)-H(1B)	0.9600
C(1)-H(1C)	0.9600
C(7)-S(1)-C(6)	89.19(7)
C(6)-P(1)-C(16)	105.74(7)
C(6)-P(1)-C(10)	101.62(7)
C(16)-P(1)-C(10)	103.00(7)
C(3)-O(1)-C(2)	116.76(13)
C(7)-N(1)-C(5)	110.12(13)
C(7)-N(2)-C(9)	121.04(15)
C(7)-N(2)-C(8)	119.69(15)
C(9)-N(2)-C(8)	118.06(15)
C(15)-C(10)-C(11)	118.70(15)
C(15)-C(10)-P(1)	124.68(12)
C(11)-C(10)-P(1)	116.62(12)
C(6)-C(5)-N(1)	117.63(13)
C(6)-C(5)-C(4)	125.08(14)
N(1)-C(5)-C(4)	117.29(13)
C(5)-C(4)-C(3)	113.67(13)
C(5)-C(4)-H(4A)	108.8
C(3)-C(4)-H(4A)	108.8
C(5)-C(4)-H(4B)	108.8
C(3)-C(4)-H(4B)	108.8
H(4A)-C(4)-H(4B)	107.7
C(17)-C(16)-C(21)	118.26(15)
C(17)-C(16)-P(1)	125.08(12)
C(21)-C(16)-P(1)	116.37(12)
C(12)-C(11)-C(10)	120.74(16)
C(12)-C(11)-H(11)	119.6
C(10)-C(11)-H(11)	119.6
N(1)-C(7)-N(2)	123.99(15)
N(1)-C(7)-S(1)	114.68(11)
N(2)-C(7)-S(1)	121.33(13)
C(14)-C(15)-C(10)	120.24(16)
C(14)-C(15)-H(15)	119.9
C(10)-C(15)-H(15)	119.9
C(5)-C(6)-S(1)	108.38(11)
C(5)-C(6)-P(1)	124.03(11)
S(1)-C(6)-P(1)	127.13(9)
O(2)-C(3)-O(1)	124.54(15)
O(2)-C(3)-C(4)	126.29(14)
O(1)-C(3)-C(4)	109.16(13)
C(20)-C(21)-C(16)	120.83(16)
C(20)-C(21)-H(21)	119.6
C(16)-C(21)-H(21)	119.6
N(2)-C(9)-H(9A)	109.5
N(2)-C(9)-H(9B)	109.5
H(9A)-C(9)-H(9B)	109.5
N(2)-C(9)-H(9C)	109.5
H(9A)-C(9)-H(9C)	109.5
H(9B)-C(9)-H(9C)	109.5
C(19)-C(20)-C(21)	120.33(16)
C(19)-C(20)-H(20)	119.8
C(21)-C(20)-H(20)	119.8
C(13)-C(12)-C(11)	119.87(16)
C(13)-C(12)-H(12)	120.1
C(11)-C(12)-H(12)	120.1
C(12)-C(13)-C(14)	120.01(16)
C(12)-C(13)-H(13)	120.0
C(14)-C(13)-H(13)	120.0
C(18)-C(19)-C(20)	119.28(17)
C(18)-C(19)-H(19)	120.4
C(20)-C(19)-H(19)	120.4
C(19)-C(18)-C(17)	120.70(18)
C(19)-C(18)-H(18)	119.6

C(17)-C(18)-H(18)	119.6
C(16)-C(17)-C(18)	120.58(16)
C(16)-C(17)-H(17)	119.7
C(18)-C(17)-H(17)	119.7
C(13)-C(14)-C(15)	120.44(17)
C(13)-C(14)-H(14)	119.8
C(15)-C(14)-H(14)	119.8
N(2)-C(8)-H(8A)	109.5
N(2)-C(8)-H(8B)	109.5
H(8A)-C(8)-H(8B)	109.5
N(2)-C(8)-H(8C)	109.5
H(8A)-C(8)-H(8C)	109.5
H(8B)-C(8)-H(8C)	109.5
C(1)-C(2)-O(1)	109.92(18)
C(1)-C(2)-H(2A)	109.7
O(1)-C(2)-H(2A)	109.7
C(1)-C(2)-H(2B)	109.7
O(1)-C(2)-H(2B)	109.7
H(2A)-C(2)-H(2B)	108.2
C(2)-C(1)-H(1A)	109.5
C(2)-C(1)-H(1B)	109.5
H(1A)-C(1)-H(1B)	109.5
C(2)-C(1)-H(1C)	109.5
H(1A)-C(1)-H(1C)	109.5
H(1B)-C(1)-H(1C)	109.5

Symmetry transformations used to generate equivalent atoms:

Table 4. Anisotropic displacement parameters ( $\text{Å}^2 \times 10^3$ ) for **3**.

The anisotropic displacement factor exponent takes the form:

$$-2 \pi^2 [ h^2 a^* a^* U_{11} + \dots + 2 h k a^* b^* U_{12} ]$$

	U11	U22	U33	U23	U13	U12
S(1)	25(1)	22(1)	28(1)	1(1)	11(1)	5(1)
P(1)	25(1)	22(1)	24(1)	2(1)	8(1)	10(1)
O(2)	30(1)	39(1)	34(1)	15(1)	3(1)	6(1)
O(1)	29(1)	40(1)	34(1)	9(1)	2(1)	-3(1)
N(1)	28(1)	29(1)	26(1)	7(1)	12(1)	14(1)
N(2)	45(1)	30(1)	34(1)	-1(1)	16(1)	18(1)
C(10)	30(1)	23(1)	24(1)	4(1)	12(1)	14(1)
C(5)	26(1)	23(1)	21(1)	7(1)	9(1)	10(1)
C(4)	23(1)	30(1)	25(1)	5(1)	5(1)	7(1)
C(16)	27(1)	32(1)	19(1)	4(1)	6(1)	14(1)
C(11)	40(1)	25(1)	31(1)	7(1)	15(1)	11(1)
C(7)	33(1)	26(1)	23(1)	8(1)	14(1)	14(1)
C(15)	31(1)	40(1)	28(1)	10(1)	14(1)	14(1)
C(6)	24(1)	21(1)	22(1)	4(1)	8(1)	8(1)
C(3)	24(1)	28(1)	27(1)	2(1)	7(1)	6(1)
C(21)	33(1)	37(1)	28(1)	5(1)	10(1)	19(1)
C(9)	62(1)	28(1)	43(1)	-2(1)	21(1)	10(1)
C(20)	41(1)	56(1)	29(1)	9(1)	16(1)	29(1)
C(12)	62(1)	31(1)	31(1)	12(1)	21(1)	23(1)
C(13)	53(1)	55(1)	26(1)	10(1)	10(1)	38(1)
C(19)	51(1)	62(1)	31(1)	20(1)	24(1)	28(1)
C(18)	67(1)	44(1)	40(1)	22(1)	30(1)	27(1)
C(17)	54(1)	37(1)	31(1)	12(1)	22(1)	25(1)
C(14)	31(1)	63(1)	33(1)	8(1)	10(1)	22(1)
C(8)	62(1)	58(1)	38(1)	2(1)	19(1)	41(1)
C(2)	36(1)	46(1)	40(1)	7(1)	10(1)	0(1)
C(1)	100(2)	47(1)	74(2)	7(1)	48(2)	9(1)

## Compound 5-OH

Table 1. Crystal data and structure refinement for **5-OH**.

Identification code	<b>5-OH</b>
Empirical formula	C27 H28 N3 O2 P S
Formula weight	489.55
Temperature	180 K
Wavelength	0.71073 Å
Crystal system, space group	monoclinic, P 21/c
Unit cell dimensions	a = 9.7499(4) Å alpha = 90 deg. b = 30.5632(13) Å beta = 101.967(2) deg. c = 8.5329(3) Å gamma = 90 deg.
Volume	2487.44(17) Å <sup>3</sup>
Z, Calculated density	4, 1.307 Mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Absorption coefficient	0.224 mm <sup>-1</sup>
F(000)	1032
Crystal size	0.375 x 0.05 x 0.05 mm
Theta range for data collection	1.33 to 28.80 deg.
Limiting indices	-12<=h<=13, -41<=k<=38, -11<=l<=11
Reflections collected / unique	33236 / 6476 [R(int) = 0.0421]
Completeness to theta = 28.80	99.7 %
Refinement method	Full-matrix least-squares on F <sup>2</sup>
Data / restraints / parameters	6476 / 0 / 313
Goodness-of-fit on F <sup>2</sup>	1.019
Final R indices [I>2sigma(I)]	R1 = 0.0413, wR2 = 0.0927
R indices (all data)	R1 = 0.0649, wR2 = 0.1032
Largest diff. peak and hole	0.341 and -0.231 e.Å <sup>-3</sup>

Table 2. Atomic coordinates (x 10<sup>4</sup>) and equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (Å<sup>2</sup> x 10<sup>3</sup>) for **5-OH**.

U(eq) is defined as one third of the trace of the orthogonalized Uij tensor.

	x	y	z	U(eq)
S(1)	10709(1)	822(1)	6131(1)	26(1)
P(1)	7587(1)	741(1)	6532(1)	21(1)
O(1)	15915(1)	2888(1)	8562(2)	44(1)
O(2)	7371(1)	2127(1)	9066(2)	37(1)
N(2)	11121(1)	1442(1)	8259(2)	23(1)
N(3)	13095(2)	1271(1)	7178(2)	31(1)
N(1)	9481(2)	2245(1)	8416(2)	25(1)
C(12)	9320(2)	970(1)	7034(2)	22(1)
C(9)	8506(2)	1992(1)	8845(2)	23(1)
C(22)	7347(2)	697(1)	4351(2)	23(1)
C(8)	9310(2)	2712(1)	8095(2)	29(1)
C(11)	9757(2)	1301(1)	8098(2)	21(1)
C(13)	11755(2)	1216(1)	7293(2)	23(1)
C(7)	10277(2)	2992(1)	9337(2)	32(1)
C(3)	12311(2)	3240(1)	8169(2)	32(1)
C(2)	13682(2)	3213(1)	7975(2)	35(1)
C(16)	7764(2)	173(1)	7223(2)	23(1)
C(5)	12719(2)	2661(1)	10061(2)	33(1)
C(1)	14579(2)	2903(1)	8822(2)	31(1)
C(23)	7055(2)	1087(1)	3491(2)	27(1)
C(10)	8859(2)	1510(1)	9124(2)	25(1)
C(27)	7415(2)	309(1)	3516(2)	29(1)

C(19)	7790(2)	-663(1)	8558(2)	33(1)
C(14)	13984(2)	1575(1)	8240(3)	42(1)
C(25)	6903(2)	700(1)	1017(2)	35(1)
C(4)	11796(2)	2963(1)	9208(2)	26(1)
C(6)	14098(2)	2630(1)	9885(2)	34(1)
C(17)	9011(2)	-31(1)	7891(3)	43(1)
C(18)	9018(2)	-448(1)	8551(3)	49(1)
C(26)	7189(2)	312(1)	1855(2)	35(1)
C(24)	6849(2)	1088(1)	1837(2)	32(1)
C(21)	6526(2)	-53(1)	7213(2)	33(1)
C(15)	13721(2)	986(1)	6165(3)	42(1)
C(20)	6538(2)	-469(1)	7866(2)	37(1)

Table 3. Bond lengths [Å] and angles [deg] for **5-OH**.

S(1)-C(13)	1.7470(16)
S(1)-C(12)	1.7497(16)
P(1)-C(12)	1.7962(16)
P(1)-C(16)	1.8308(16)
P(1)-C(22)	1.8326(16)
O(1)-C(1)	1.368(2)
O(1)-H(1)	0.8400
O(2)-C(9)	1.231(2)
N(2)-C(13)	1.324(2)
N(2)-C(11)	1.378(2)
N(3)-C(13)	1.341(2)
N(3)-C(15)	1.447(2)
N(3)-C(14)	1.452(2)
N(1)-C(9)	1.334(2)
N(1)-C(8)	1.457(2)
N(1)-H(100)	0.82(2)
C(12)-C(11)	1.367(2)
C(9)-C(10)	1.522(2)
C(22)-C(27)	1.391(2)
C(22)-C(23)	1.398(2)
C(8)-C(7)	1.527(2)
C(8)-H(8A)	0.9900
C(8)-H(8B)	0.9900
C(11)-C(10)	1.503(2)
C(7)-C(4)	1.509(2)
C(7)-H(7A)	0.9900
C(7)-H(7B)	0.9900
C(3)-C(2)	1.383(3)
C(3)-C(4)	1.393(2)
C(3)-H(3)	0.9500
C(2)-C(1)	1.387(3)
C(2)-H(2)	0.9500
C(16)-C(17)	1.380(2)
C(16)-C(21)	1.390(2)
C(5)-C(4)	1.386(2)
C(5)-C(6)	1.387(3)
C(5)-H(5)	0.9500
C(1)-C(6)	1.384(3)
C(23)-C(24)	1.384(2)
C(23)-H(23)	0.9500
C(10)-H(10A)	0.9900
C(10)-H(10B)	0.9900
C(27)-C(26)	1.389(2)
C(27)-H(27)	0.9500
C(19)-C(18)	1.367(3)

C(19)-C(20)	1.376(3)
C(19)-H(19)	0.9500
C(14)-H(14A)	0.9800
C(14)-H(14B)	0.9800
C(14)-H(14C)	0.9800
C(25)-C(24)	1.383(3)
C(25)-C(26)	1.384(3)
C(25)-H(25)	0.9500
C(6)-H(6)	0.9500
C(17)-C(18)	1.393(3)
C(17)-H(17)	0.9500
C(18)-H(18)	0.9500
C(26)-H(26)	0.9500
C(24)-H(24)	0.9500
C(21)-C(20)	1.387(2)
C(21)-H(21)	0.9500
C(15)-H(15A)	0.9800
C(15)-H(15B)	0.9800
C(15)-H(15C)	0.9800
C(20)-H(20)	0.9500
C(13)-S(1)-C(12)	89.29(8)
C(12)-P(1)-C(16)	105.69(7)
C(12)-P(1)-C(22)	100.74(7)
C(16)-P(1)-C(22)	103.91(7)
C(1)-O(1)-H(1)	109.5
C(13)-N(2)-C(11)	109.84(13)
C(13)-N(3)-C(15)	120.45(15)
C(13)-N(3)-C(14)	119.93(15)
C(15)-N(3)-C(14)	119.05(15)
C(9)-N(1)-C(8)	124.02(15)
C(9)-N(1)-H(100)	115.7(13)
C(8)-N(1)-H(100)	120.2(13)
C(11)-C(12)-S(1)	108.60(12)
C(11)-C(12)-P(1)	126.49(12)
S(1)-C(12)-P(1)	124.81(9)
O(2)-C(9)-N(1)	124.22(15)
O(2)-C(9)-C(10)	118.82(14)
N(1)-C(9)-C(10)	116.93(14)
C(27)-C(22)-C(23)	118.96(15)
C(27)-C(22)-P(1)	125.01(12)
C(23)-C(22)-P(1)	116.02(12)
N(1)-C(8)-C(7)	112.85(14)
N(1)-C(8)-H(8A)	109.0
C(7)-C(8)-H(8A)	109.0
N(1)-C(8)-H(8B)	109.0
C(7)-C(8)-H(8B)	109.0
H(8A)-C(8)-H(8B)	107.8
C(12)-C(11)-N(2)	117.46(14)
C(12)-C(11)-C(10)	124.20(14)
N(2)-C(11)-C(10)	118.32(14)
N(2)-C(13)-N(3)	124.67(15)
N(2)-C(13)-S(1)	114.80(12)
N(3)-C(13)-S(1)	120.53(12)
C(4)-C(7)-C(8)	113.00(14)
C(4)-C(7)-H(7A)	109.0
C(8)-C(7)-H(7A)	109.0
C(4)-C(7)-H(7B)	109.0
C(8)-C(7)-H(7B)	109.0
H(7A)-C(7)-H(7B)	107.8
C(2)-C(3)-C(4)	121.70(17)
C(2)-C(3)-H(3)	119.1

C(4)-C(3)-H(3)	119.1
C(3)-C(2)-C(1)	119.90(16)
C(3)-C(2)-H(2)	120.0
C(1)-C(2)-H(2)	120.0
C(17)-C(16)-C(21)	117.89(15)
C(17)-C(16)-P(1)	125.31(13)
C(21)-C(16)-P(1)	116.48(12)
C(4)-C(5)-C(6)	121.81(16)
C(4)-C(5)-H(5)	119.1
C(6)-C(5)-H(5)	119.1
O(1)-C(1)-C(6)	123.29(16)
O(1)-C(1)-C(2)	117.26(16)
C(6)-C(1)-C(2)	119.44(17)
C(24)-C(23)-C(22)	120.55(16)
C(24)-C(23)-H(23)	119.7
C(22)-C(23)-H(23)	119.7
C(11)-C(10)-C(9)	117.49(13)
C(11)-C(10)-H(10A)	107.9
C(9)-C(10)-H(10A)	107.9
C(11)-C(10)-H(10B)	107.9
C(9)-C(10)-H(10B)	107.9
H(10A)-C(10)-H(10B)	107.2
C(26)-C(27)-C(22)	120.20(16)
C(26)-C(27)-H(27)	119.9
C(22)-C(27)-H(27)	119.9
C(18)-C(19)-C(20)	119.43(16)
C(18)-C(19)-H(19)	120.3
C(20)-C(19)-H(19)	120.3
N(3)-C(14)-H(14A)	109.5
N(3)-C(14)-H(14B)	109.5
H(14A)-C(14)-H(14B)	109.5
N(3)-C(14)-H(14C)	109.5
H(14A)-C(14)-H(14C)	109.5
H(14B)-C(14)-H(14C)	109.5
C(24)-C(25)-C(26)	119.87(17)
C(24)-C(25)-H(25)	120.1
C(26)-C(25)-H(25)	120.1
C(5)-C(4)-C(3)	117.29(16)
C(5)-C(4)-C(7)	122.75(16)
C(3)-C(4)-C(7)	119.94(16)
C(1)-C(6)-C(5)	119.82(17)
C(1)-C(6)-H(6)	120.1
C(5)-C(6)-H(6)	120.1
C(16)-C(17)-C(18)	120.72(18)
C(16)-C(17)-H(17)	119.6
C(18)-C(17)-H(17)	119.6
C(19)-C(18)-C(17)	120.68(18)
C(19)-C(18)-H(18)	119.7
C(17)-C(18)-H(18)	119.7
C(25)-C(26)-C(27)	120.35(17)
C(25)-C(26)-H(26)	119.8
C(27)-C(26)-H(26)	119.8
C(25)-C(24)-C(23)	120.05(16)
C(25)-C(24)-H(24)	120.0
C(23)-C(24)-H(24)	120.0
C(20)-C(21)-C(16)	121.22(17)
C(20)-C(21)-H(21)	119.4
C(16)-C(21)-H(21)	119.4
N(3)-C(15)-H(15A)	109.5
N(3)-C(15)-H(15B)	109.5
H(15A)-C(15)-H(15B)	109.5
N(3)-C(15)-H(15C)	109.5

H(15A)-C(15)-H(15C)	109.5
H(15B)-C(15)-H(15C)	109.5
C(19)-C(20)-C(21)	120.03(17)
C(19)-C(20)-H(20)	120.0
C(21)-C(20)-H(20)	120.0

Symmetry transformations used to generate equivalent atoms:

Table 4. Anisotropic displacement parameters ( $\text{Å}^2 \times 10^3$ ) for **5-OH**

The anisotropic displacement factor exponent takes the form:

$$-2 \pi^2 [ h^2 a^{*2} U_{11} + \dots + 2 h k a^* b^* U_{12} ]$$

	U11	U22	U33	U23	U13	U12
S(1)	21(1)	20(1)	38(1)	-6(1)	9(1)	0(1)
P(1)	19(1)	17(1)	29(1)	0(1)	5(1)	0(1)
O(1)	29(1)	26(1)	80(1)	2(1)	18(1)	0(1)
O(2)	28(1)	28(1)	60(1)	-2(1)	21(1)	1(1)
N(2)	21(1)	20(1)	28(1)	1(1)	4(1)	-2(1)
N(3)	18(1)	26(1)	47(1)	-2(1)	6(1)	-2(1)
N(1)	20(1)	19(1)	39(1)	2(1)	10(1)	1(1)
C(12)	19(1)	18(1)	29(1)	0(1)	7(1)	1(1)
C(9)	23(1)	22(1)	24(1)	-4(1)	6(1)	-2(1)
C(22)	16(1)	22(1)	29(1)	1(1)	5(1)	0(1)
C(8)	25(1)	20(1)	43(1)	5(1)	11(1)	2(1)
C(11)	23(1)	16(1)	25(1)	3(1)	6(1)	0(1)
C(13)	20(1)	18(1)	32(1)	4(1)	3(1)	1(1)
C(7)	36(1)	20(1)	44(1)	-5(1)	19(1)	-1(1)
C(3)	30(1)	22(1)	44(1)	6(1)	9(1)	1(1)
C(2)	34(1)	24(1)	49(1)	7(1)	16(1)	-3(1)
C(16)	24(1)	19(1)	25(1)	-1(1)	5(1)	-2(1)
C(5)	39(1)	26(1)	35(1)	3(1)	9(1)	-3(1)
C(1)	24(1)	19(1)	49(1)	-5(1)	10(1)	-2(1)
C(23)	23(1)	21(1)	36(1)	2(1)	6(1)	0(1)
C(10)	30(1)	19(1)	29(1)	-2(1)	11(1)	-4(1)
C(27)	29(1)	23(1)	35(1)	0(1)	8(1)	3(1)
C(19)	45(1)	20(1)	32(1)	3(1)	9(1)	-3(1)
C(14)	26(1)	46(1)	52(1)	0(1)	1(1)	-12(1)
C(25)	34(1)	45(1)	29(1)	3(1)	12(1)	-2(1)
C(4)	30(1)	17(1)	33(1)	-6(1)	9(1)	-4(1)
C(6)	33(1)	23(1)	43(1)	2(1)	3(1)	1(1)
C(17)	26(1)	30(1)	69(1)	17(1)	1(1)	-3(1)
C(18)	36(1)	32(1)	72(2)	20(1)	-5(1)	3(1)
C(26)	38(1)	32(1)	38(1)	-9(1)	14(1)	0(1)
C(24)	27(1)	32(1)	37(1)	10(1)	9(1)	-1(1)
C(21)	23(1)	24(1)	53(1)	5(1)	8(1)	0(1)
C(15)	26(1)	37(1)	68(1)	-1(1)	20(1)	5(1)
C(20)	32(1)	25(1)	56(1)	2(1)	16(1)	-6(1)

## Compound 5-OMe

Table 1. Crystal data and structure refinement for **5-OMe**.

Identification code	<b>5-OMe</b>
Empirical formula	C28 H30 N3 O2 P S
Formula weight	503.59
Temperature	180(2) K
Wavelength	0.71073 Å
Crystal system, space group	monoclinic, P 21/c
Unit cell dimensions	a = 16.0609(10) Å alpha = 90 deg. b = 18.7305(13) Å beta = 98.481(6) deg. c = 8.9676(6) Å gamma = 90 deg.
Volume	2668.2(3) Å <sup>3</sup>
Z, Calculated density	4, 1.254 Mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Absorption coefficient	0.211 mm <sup>-1</sup>
F(000)	1064
Crystal size	0.18 x 0.12 x 0.04 mm
Theta range for data collection	3.36 to 25.35 deg.
Limiting indices	-19<=h<=19, -22<=k<=22, -10<=l<=10
Reflections collected / unique	26130 / 4883 [R(int) = 0.1133]
Completeness to theta = 25.35	99.8 %
Refinement method	Full-matrix least-squares on F <sup>2</sup>
Data / restraints / parameters	4883 / 1 / 322
Goodness-of-fit on F <sup>2</sup>	0.664
Final R indices [I>2sigma(I)]	R1 = 0.0393, wR2 = 0.0432
R indices (all data)	R1 = 0.1210, wR2 = 0.0497
Largest diff. peak and hole	0.220 and -0.199 e.Å <sup>-3</sup>

Table 2. Atomic coordinates (x 10<sup>4</sup>) and equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (Å<sup>2</sup> x 10<sup>3</sup>) for **5-OMe**.

U(eq) is defined as one third of the trace of the orthogonalized Uij tensor.

	x	y	z	U(eq)
C(1)	-5795(2)	2206(2)	6983(3)	61(1)
C(2)	-4401(2)	1753(2)	7673(3)	36(1)
C(3)	-3796(2)	1262(1)	7415(2)	40(1)
C(4)	-2982(2)	1327(1)	8103(3)	39(1)
C(5)	-2729(2)	1877(2)	9109(3)	38(1)
C(6)	-3345(2)	2348(2)	9393(3)	50(1)
C(7)	-4173(2)	2301(2)	8682(3)	49(1)
C(8)	-1833(2)	1945(2)	9847(3)	46(1)
C(9)	-1398(2)	2594(2)	9363(3)	57(1)
C(10)	95(2)	2357(1)	9307(3)	37(1)
C(11)	966(2)	2315(1)	10244(3)	36(1)
C(12)	1101(2)	1550(1)	10717(2)	29(1)
C(13)	644(1)	600(1)	11800(2)	28(1)
C(14)	259(2)	-581(1)	12579(2)	39(1)
C(15)	-549(2)	507(1)	13111(2)	40(1)
C(16)	1678(2)	1087(1)	10309(2)	29(1)
C(17)	3458(2)	1050(1)	10766(3)	31(1)
C(18)	3421(2)	1061(1)	12314(3)	42(1)
C(19)	4132(2)	908(2)	13355(3)	54(1)
C(20)	4885(2)	753(1)	12860(3)	58(1)
C(21)	4937(2)	754(1)	11345(3)	51(1)

C(22)	4234(2)	901(1)	10318(3)	39(1)
C(23)	2569(2)	586(2)	7990(3)	32(1)
C(24)	2806(1)	-113(2)	8371(3)	34(1)
C(25)	2808(1)	-640(2)	7283(3)	44(1)
C(26)	2585(2)	-464(2)	5787(4)	57(1)
C(27)	2342(2)	219(2)	5375(3)	56(1)
C(28)	2336(2)	753(2)	6470(3)	47(1)
N(1)	-513(1)	2640(1)	9994(2)	35(1)
N(2)	518(1)	1280(1)	11554(2)	30(1)
N(3)	194(1)	190(1)	12622(2)	32(1)
O(1)	-5191(1)	1648(1)	6911(2)	50(1)
O(2)	-34(1)	2114(1)	8026(2)	62(1)
P(1)	2562(1)	1310(1)	9364(1)	35(1)
S(1)	1485(1)	239(1)	10992(1)	31(1)

Table 3. Bond lengths [Å] and angles [deg] for **5-OMe**.

C(1)-O(1)	1.434(3)
C(1)-H(1A)	0.9800
C(1)-H(1B)	0.9800
C(1)-H(1C)	0.9800
C(2)-O(1)	1.364(3)
C(2)-C(3)	1.381(3)
C(2)-C(7)	1.382(3)
C(3)-C(4)	1.367(3)
C(3)-H(3)	0.9500
C(4)-C(5)	1.390(3)
C(4)-H(4)	0.9500
C(5)-C(6)	1.376(3)
C(5)-C(8)	1.498(3)
C(6)-C(7)	1.391(3)
C(6)-H(6)	0.9500
C(7)-H(7)	0.9500
C(8)-C(9)	1.499(3)
C(8)-H(8A)	0.9900
C(8)-H(8B)	0.9900
C(9)-N(1)	1.452(3)
C(9)-H(9A)	0.9900
C(9)-H(9B)	0.9900
C(10)-O(2)	1.224(2)
C(10)-N(1)	1.340(3)
C(10)-C(11)	1.524(3)
C(11)-C(12)	1.502(3)
C(11)-H(11A)	0.9900
C(11)-H(11B)	0.9900
C(12)-C(16)	1.358(3)
C(12)-N(2)	1.379(3)
C(13)-N(2)	1.304(3)
C(13)-N(3)	1.346(3)
C(13)-S(1)	1.759(2)
C(14)-N(3)	1.450(2)
C(14)-H(14A)	0.9800
C(14)-H(14B)	0.9800
C(14)-H(14C)	0.9800
C(15)-N(3)	1.457(3)
C(15)-H(15A)	0.9800
C(15)-H(15B)	0.9800
C(15)-H(15C)	0.9800
C(16)-S(1)	1.748(2)
C(16)-P(1)	1.806(2)
C(17)-C(22)	1.392(3)
C(17)-C(18)	1.398(3)

C(17)-P(1)	1.833(2)
C(18)-C(19)	1.394(3)
C(18)-H(18)	0.9500
C(19)-C(20)	1.378(3)
C(19)-H(19)	0.9500
C(20)-C(21)	1.373(3)
C(20)-H(20)	0.9500
C(21)-C(22)	1.375(3)
C(21)-H(21)	0.9500
C(22)-H(22)	0.9500
C(23)-C(24)	1.391(3)
C(23)-C(28)	1.396(3)
C(23)-P(1)	1.834(3)
C(24)-C(25)	1.390(3)
C(24)-H(24)	0.9500
C(25)-C(26)	1.377(3)
C(25)-H(25)	0.9500
C(26)-C(27)	1.372(3)
C(26)-H(26)	0.9500
C(27)-C(28)	1.403(3)
C(27)-H(27)	0.9500
C(28)-H(28)	0.9500
N(1)-H(101)	0.863(9)
O(1)-C(1)-H(1A)	109.5
O(1)-C(1)-H(1B)	109.5
H(1A)-C(1)-H(1B)	109.5
O(1)-C(1)-H(1C)	109.5
H(1A)-C(1)-H(1C)	109.5
H(1B)-C(1)-H(1C)	109.5
O(1)-C(2)-C(3)	116.5(2)
O(1)-C(2)-C(7)	124.9(3)
C(3)-C(2)-C(7)	118.7(2)
C(4)-C(3)-C(2)	121.0(2)
C(4)-C(3)-H(3)	119.5
C(2)-C(3)-H(3)	119.5
C(3)-C(4)-C(5)	121.8(2)
C(3)-C(4)-H(4)	119.1
C(5)-C(4)-H(4)	119.1
C(6)-C(5)-C(4)	116.5(2)
C(6)-C(5)-C(8)	122.3(3)
C(4)-C(5)-C(8)	121.2(3)
C(5)-C(6)-C(7)	122.6(2)
C(5)-C(6)-H(6)	118.7
C(7)-C(6)-H(6)	118.7
C(2)-C(7)-C(6)	119.3(2)
C(2)-C(7)-H(7)	120.3
C(6)-C(7)-H(7)	120.3
C(5)-C(8)-C(9)	113.5(2)
C(5)-C(8)-H(8A)	108.9
C(9)-C(8)-H(8A)	108.9
C(5)-C(8)-H(8B)	108.9
C(9)-C(8)-H(8B)	108.9
H(8A)-C(8)-H(8B)	107.7
N(1)-C(9)-C(8)	114.0(2)
N(1)-C(9)-H(9A)	108.7
C(8)-C(9)-H(9A)	108.7
N(1)-C(9)-H(9B)	108.7
C(8)-C(9)-H(9B)	108.7
H(9A)-C(9)-H(9B)	107.6
O(2)-C(10)-N(1)	123.0(3)
O(2)-C(10)-C(11)	120.9(3)

N(1)-C(10)-C(11)	116.0(2)
C(12)-C(11)-C(10)	106.7(2)
C(12)-C(11)-H(11A)	110.4
C(10)-C(11)-H(11A)	110.4
C(12)-C(11)-H(11B)	110.4
C(10)-C(11)-H(11B)	110.4
H(11A)-C(11)-H(11B)	108.6
C(16)-C(12)-N(2)	117.3(2)
C(16)-C(12)-C(11)	127.5(2)
N(2)-C(12)-C(11)	114.9(2)
N(2)-C(13)-N(3)	124.5(2)
N(2)-C(13)-S(1)	114.60(18)
N(3)-C(13)-S(1)	120.86(19)
N(3)-C(14)-H(14A)	109.5
N(3)-C(14)-H(14B)	109.5
H(14A)-C(14)-H(14B)	109.5
N(3)-C(14)-H(14C)	109.5
H(14A)-C(14)-H(14C)	109.5
H(14B)-C(14)-H(14C)	109.5
N(3)-C(15)-H(15A)	109.5
N(3)-C(15)-H(15B)	109.5
H(15A)-C(15)-H(15B)	109.5
N(3)-C(15)-H(15C)	109.5
H(15A)-C(15)-H(15C)	109.5
H(15B)-C(15)-H(15C)	109.5
C(12)-C(16)-S(1)	108.81(17)
C(12)-C(16)-P(1)	126.45(18)
S(1)-C(16)-P(1)	124.54(14)
C(22)-C(17)-C(18)	117.4(2)
C(22)-C(17)-P(1)	120.09(19)
C(18)-C(17)-P(1)	122.16(19)
C(19)-C(18)-C(17)	120.7(2)
C(19)-C(18)-H(18)	119.6
C(17)-C(18)-H(18)	119.6
C(20)-C(19)-C(18)	119.9(3)
C(20)-C(19)-H(19)	120.1
C(18)-C(19)-H(19)	120.1
C(21)-C(20)-C(19)	120.2(3)
C(21)-C(20)-H(20)	119.9
C(19)-C(20)-H(20)	119.9
C(20)-C(21)-C(22)	120.0(3)
C(20)-C(21)-H(21)	120.0
C(22)-C(21)-H(21)	120.0
C(21)-C(22)-C(17)	121.8(2)
C(21)-C(22)-H(22)	119.1
C(17)-C(22)-H(22)	119.1
C(24)-C(23)-C(28)	118.4(2)
C(24)-C(23)-P(1)	124.04(19)
C(28)-C(23)-P(1)	117.6(2)
C(25)-C(24)-C(23)	121.7(2)
C(25)-C(24)-H(24)	119.1
C(23)-C(24)-H(24)	119.1
C(26)-C(25)-C(24)	119.1(3)
C(26)-C(25)-H(25)	120.5
C(24)-C(25)-H(25)	120.5
C(27)-C(26)-C(25)	120.6(3)
C(27)-C(26)-H(26)	119.7
C(25)-C(26)-H(26)	119.7
C(26)-C(27)-C(28)	120.5(3)
C(26)-C(27)-H(27)	119.7
C(28)-C(27)-H(27)	119.7
C(23)-C(28)-C(27)	119.7(3)

C(23)-C(28)-H(28)	120.2
C(27)-C(28)-H(28)	120.2
C(10)-N(1)-C(9)	122.3(2)
C(10)-N(1)-H(101)	117.2(15)
C(9)-N(1)-H(101)	117.3(15)
C(13)-N(2)-C(12)	110.4(2)
C(13)-N(3)-C(14)	120.5(2)
C(13)-N(3)-C(15)	117.5(2)
C(14)-N(3)-C(15)	118.6(2)
C(2)-O(1)-C(1)	117.2(2)
C(16)-P(1)-C(17)	102.08(11)
C(16)-P(1)-C(23)	103.14(11)
C(17)-P(1)-C(23)	100.44(12)
C(16)-S(1)-C(13)	88.90(12)

Symmetry transformations used to generate equivalent atoms:

Table 4. Anisotropic displacement parameters ( $\text{Å}^2 \times 10^3$ ) for **5-OMe**.

The anisotropic displacement factor exponent takes the form:

$$-2 \pi^2 [ h^2 a^{*2} U_{11} + \dots + 2 h k a^{*} b^{*} U_{12} ]$$

	U11	U22	U33	U23	U13	U12
C(1)	35(2)	59(2)	88(2)	12(2)	1(2)	3(2)
C(2)	35(2)	40(2)	32(2)	6(2)	2(2)	1(2)
C(3)	50(2)	30(2)	37(2)	-4(1)	-1(2)	7(2)
C(4)	42(2)	39(2)	37(2)	1(2)	4(1)	16(2)
C(5)	40(2)	46(2)	26(2)	5(1)	2(1)	5(2)
C(6)	49(2)	55(2)	45(2)	-22(2)	5(2)	-2(2)
C(7)	39(2)	52(2)	57(2)	-15(2)	14(2)	9(2)
C(8)	44(2)	53(2)	36(2)	6(1)	-5(1)	4(2)
C(9)	45(2)	56(2)	60(2)	8(2)	-23(2)	-1(2)
C(10)	68(2)	13(2)	30(2)	7(1)	10(2)	0(2)
C(11)	42(2)	27(2)	44(2)	-2(1)	23(2)	-6(2)
C(12)	26(2)	25(2)	36(2)	2(1)	7(1)	-6(1)
C(13)	26(2)	26(2)	32(2)	4(1)	6(1)	-3(1)
C(14)	49(2)	30(2)	39(2)	6(1)	10(1)	-4(2)
C(15)	43(2)	37(2)	45(2)	4(1)	20(1)	2(2)
C(16)	29(2)	25(2)	36(2)	-1(1)	12(1)	-4(1)
C(17)	27(2)	30(2)	37(2)	-7(1)	6(1)	-7(1)
C(18)	32(2)	54(2)	42(2)	-8(1)	9(2)	-9(2)
C(19)	55(2)	69(2)	37(2)	-8(2)	3(2)	-19(2)
C(20)	42(2)	62(2)	62(2)	-7(2)	-17(2)	-4(2)
C(21)	27(2)	64(2)	59(2)	-19(2)	0(2)	-2(2)
C(22)	34(2)	44(2)	39(2)	-12(1)	5(2)	-4(2)
C(23)	26(2)	44(2)	27(2)	2(1)	9(1)	-6(2)
C(24)	24(2)	48(2)	31(2)	-6(2)	6(1)	1(2)
C(25)	32(2)	52(2)	49(2)	-13(2)	8(2)	-1(2)
C(26)	43(2)	82(3)	51(2)	-29(2)	23(2)	-23(2)
C(27)	49(2)	94(3)	25(2)	0(2)	5(1)	-32(2)
C(28)	36(2)	62(2)	41(2)	9(2)	5(2)	-13(2)
N(1)	41(2)	36(2)	26(1)	-2(1)	-7(1)	5(1)
N(2)	29(1)	23(1)	41(1)	6(1)	14(1)	0(1)
N(3)	32(1)	25(1)	43(1)	3(1)	15(1)	0(1)
O(1)	35(1)	52(1)	59(1)	1(1)	-1(1)	3(1)
O(2)	134(2)	31(1)	20(1)	-6(1)	11(1)	1(1)
P(1)	31(1)	35(1)	42(1)	2(1)	14(1)	-2(1)
S(1)	28(1)	27(1)	40(1)	3(1)	10(1)	5(1)

#### 4. ICP-MS measurements

##### 4.1 - Preparations of the samples:

A mixture of 1.5 mL HNO<sub>3</sub> (67-69%) and 0.5 mL of HCl (36%-37%) was added to the sample and the mixture was stirred at 90°C for 24 h then diluted.

##### 4.2 - Conditions of ICP-MS:

Instrument:	Serie X 2 from Thermo Electron.
Nebuliser type:	Meinhard nebuliser.
Plasma power:	1400 W
Coolant gaz flow:	13 l/min
Auxiliary gaz flow:	0.7 l/min
Nebuliser flow:	0.88 l/min

##### Data acquisition:

Detector:	ETP simulscan
Scan mode:	Peak hopping
Points per peak:	1
Dwell time per peak:	10 ms
Sweeps:	50
Isotopes used for metal determination:	105Pd, 106Pd, 108Pd
Isotopes used for internal standardisation:	115In, 185Re.

Please find above the corresponding reports.

##### Report R1204-271-V2

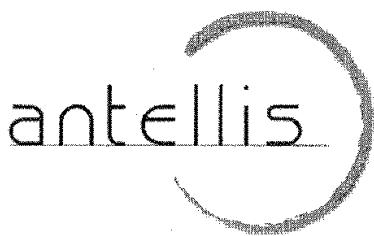
- Sample 893av corresponds to the crude product **7b** when using dendrimer **5-G<sub>1</sub>** as the ligand (< 0.55 ppm Pd).
- Sample 915av corresponds to the crude product **7b** when using monomer **5-OMe** as the ligand (~ 1400 ppm Pd).
- Sample 915ap corresponds to the product **7b** after two purifications by column chromatography when using **5-OMe** as the ligand. Noteworthy, even after these two purifications, the coupling product does not meet the requirements of pharmaceutical industry in terms of Pd contaminants (~ 16 ppm Pd on **7b**).

##### Report R1204-271-V3

- Sample 915B corresponds to the crude product **7b** when using PPh<sub>3</sub> as the ligand (~ 2200 ppm Pd).

##### Report R1205-293-V2

- Sample 952 corresponds to the crude product **7b** when using dendrimer **6-G<sub>1</sub>** as the ligand (~ 173 ppm Pd).



Toulouse, le 22 Mai 2012

Rapport d'essai

Mme OUALI

LCC  
205, route de Narbonne  
31077 Toulouse Cedex 04

**Rapport n° : R1204-271-V2**

Madame,

Nous avons le plaisir de vous communiquer les résultats des analyses réalisées dans le cadre de la prestation décrite ci-dessous.

Afin d'améliorer continuellement nos services, nous vous invitons à nous communiquer toute remarque relative à la prestation réalisée : satisfactions, insatisfactions, services supplémentaires souhaités. Veuillez donc adresser vos commentaires par fax, courriel ou directement par téléphone. L'équipe d'Antellis est à votre écoute de 9h à 18h, du lundi au vendredi.

**1. Description de la prestation :**

nom du projet : Polymères  
devis / bon de commande : /  
date de réception des échantillons : 07/03/2012

<i>Méthode(s) d'analyse</i>	<i>préparation</i>	<i>traitement</i>	<i>technique d'analyse</i>
A	aucune	Digestion HNO <sub>3</sub>	ICP-MS basé sur ISO 17294
B	aucune	Digestion HNO <sub>3</sub> , HCl	ICP-MS basé sur ISO 17294

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**2. Résultats d'analyse :**

id. échantillon : 893av; 267 mg  
id. Antellis : 12C016-6

Elément	Méthode d'analyse	conc. (mg.kg <sup>-1</sup> )	incertitude (2s)
Pd	B	< 0,55	-

id. échantillon : 915ap; 100 mg  
id. Antellis : 12C016-8

Elément	Méthode d'analyse	conc. (mg.kg <sup>-1</sup> )	incertitude (2s)
Pd	B	16,09	1,02

id. échantillon : 915av; 80 mg  
id. Antellis : 12C016-10

Elément	Méthode d'analyse	conc. (mg.kg <sup>-1</sup> )	incertitude (2s)
Pd	B	1 432,71	46,08

*Sébastien Aries*



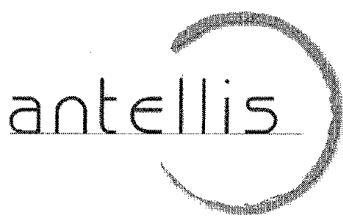
Dr. Sébastien Aries  
Responsable Scientifique

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Toulouse, le 16 Juillet 2012

Rapport d'essai

Mme OUALI

LCC  
205, route de Narbonne  
31077 Toulouse Cedex 04

**Rapport n° : R1204-271-v3**

Madame,

Nous avons le plaisir de vous communiquer les résultats des analyses réalisées dans le cadre de la prestation décrite ci-dessous.

Afin d'améliorer continuellement nos services, nous vous invitons à nous communiquer toute remarque relative à la prestation réalisée : satisfactions, insatisfactions, services supplémentaires souhaités. Veuillez donc adresser vos commentaires par fax, courriel ou directement par téléphone. L'équipe d'Antellis est à votre écoute de 9h à 18h, du lundi au vendredi.

**1. Description de la prestation :**

nom du projet : Polymères  
devis / bon de commande : /  
date de réception des échantillons : 07/03/2012

<i>Méthode(s) d'analyse</i>	<i>préparation</i>	<i>traitement</i>	<i>technique d'analyse</i>
A	aucune	Digestion HNO <sub>3</sub>	ICP-MS basé sur ISO 17294
B	aucune	Digestion HNO <sub>3</sub> , HCl	ICP-MS basé sur ISO 17294

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Rapport n°R1204-271-v3

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**2. Résultats d'analyse :**

id. échantillon : 915B; 100 mg  
id. Antellis : 12C016-9

Elément	Méthode d'analyse	conc. (mg.kg <sup>-1</sup> )	incertitude (2s)
Pd	B	2 227,82	62,73

Sébastien Aries



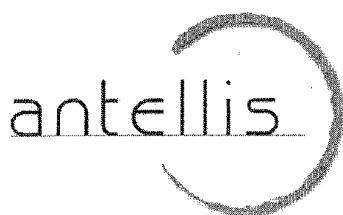
Dr. Sébastien Aries  
Responsable Scientifique

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Toulouse, le 12 Juillet 2012

Rapport d'essai

Mme OUALI

LCC  
205, route de Narbonne  
31077 Toulouse Cedex 04

**Rapport n° : R1205-293-v2**

Madame,

Nous avons le plaisir de vous communiquer les résultats des analyses réalisées dans le cadre de la prestation décrite ci-dessous.

Afin d'améliorer continuellement nos services, nous vous invitons à nous communiquer toute remarque relative à la prestation réalisée : satisfactions, insatisfactions, services supplémentaires souhaités. Veuillez donc adresser vos commentaires par fax, courriel ou directement par téléphone. L'équipe d'Antellis est à votre écoute de 9h à 18h, du lundi au vendredi.

**1. Description de la prestation :**

nom du projet : Polymères  
devis / bon de commande : /  
date de réception des échantillons : 24/04/2012

<i>Méthode(s) d'analyse</i>	<i>préparation</i>	<i>traitement</i>	<i>technique d'analyse</i>
A	aucune	Digestion HNO <sub>3</sub> , HCl	ICP-MS basé sur ISO 17294

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Rapport n°R1205-293-v2

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**2. Résultats d'analyse :**

id. échantillon : MK952, 300 mg  
id. Antellis : 12D039-4

Elément	Méthode d'analyse	conc. (mg.kg <sup>-1</sup> )	incertitude (2s)
Pd	A	173,21	3,09

Sébastien Aries



Dr. Sébastien Aries  
Responsable Scientifique

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Rapport n°R1205-293-v2

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**References**

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- 2 O. Herd, A. Hessler, M. Hingst, M. Tepper, O. Stelzer, *J. Organomet. Chem.* **1996**, 522, 69-76.
- <sup>3</sup> A. Altomare, G. Cascarano, C. Giacovazzo and A. Guagliardi, *J. Appl. Crystallogr.* **1993**, 26, 343-350
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