Synthesis of Substituted Amines and Isoindolinones: Catalytic Reductive Amination using Abundantly Available AlCl₃/PMHS

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Supporting information

Table of Contents	Page
General Experimental	S2
Procedure for reductive amination of carbonyl compounds	S2
Procedure for the synthesis of N-substituted isoindolinones	S2-S3
Recyclability of the catalyst	S3
NMR data of isolated compounds	S3-S8
¹ H and ¹³ C NMR spectra of isolated compounds	S9-S 24
Mechanistic study	S25-S30

Experimental

General

AlCl₃ was purchased from Fisher Scientific India Pvt. Ltd. (Acros Organics). Silica gel (60-120 mesh) used for column chromatography was purchased from Sisco Research Laboratories Pvt. Ltd. India and all other chemicals were purchased from Spectrochem, India, Merck, Germany, and Sigma-Aldrich, USA and were used without further purification. NMR spectra were recorded on a Bruker Avance-300 and 600 spectrometers. Mass spectra were recorded on QTOF-Micro of Waters Micromass and Maxis-Bruker. The GC-MS analysis was carried out on a Shimadzu (QP 2010) series Gas Chromatogram-Mass Spectrometer (Tokyo, Japan), AOC-20i auto-sampler coupled, and a DB-5MS capillary column, (30 m x 0.25 mm i.d., 0.25µm). The initial temperature of column was 70 °C held for 4 min. and was programmed to 230 °C at 4°C/min., then held for 15 min. at 230 °C; the sample injection volume was 2 µl in GC grade dichloromethane. Helium was used as carrier gas at a flow rate of 1.1 ml min⁻¹ on split mode (1:50). UV-Vis spectra were recorded on UV-Vis 2450 spectrophotometer from Shimadzu.

General experimental procedure for reductive amination of carbonyl compounds catalyzed by AlCl₃/PMHS system: To a stirred suspension of AlCl₃ (0.02 mmol) in ethanol (4 mL) were added carbonyl compound (1.0 mmol), amine (1.0 mmol) and PMHS (2.0 H equiv.) at room temperature and then the temperature was raised to 70 °C. On completion of the reaction (as monitored by TLC), reaction mixture was dried under vacuum and crude product was analyzed directly by GC-MS. For the purification of desired product column chromatography was carried out (*n*-hexane: ethyl acetate). General experimental procedure for synthesis of N-substituted isoindolinones catalyzed by AlCl₃/PMHS system: To a stirred suspension of AlCl₃ (0.02 mmol) in ethanol (4 mL) were added 2-carboxybenzaldehyde (1.0 mmol), amine (1.0 mmol) and PMHS (2.0 H equiv.) at room temperature and then the temperature was raised to 70 °C. On completion of the reaction (as monitored by TLC), reaction mixture was dried under vacuum and product was purified by crystallization with absolute ethanol.

Experimental procedure for recyclability of the catalyst: The recyclability of the catalyst was evaluated by carrying out the reductive amination of benzaldehyde with aniline as test reaction. On completion of the reaction (as monitored by TLC), reaction mixture was dried under vacuum and the crude product was extracted with ethyl acetate (2 x 5mL). The residue left was dried under vacuum for 15 minutes. Successive reactions were carried out by sequential addition of fresh substrates, PMHS and ethanol to the crude remains after extracting the product.

NMR data of isolated compounds

1. *N*-Benzylaniline (Table 2, entry 1)



¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) δ 4.06 (brs, 1H), 4.37 (s, 2H), 6.68 (d, 2H, *J* = 7.7 Hz), 6.76 (t, 1H, *J* = 7.3 Hz), 7.19-7.24 (m, 2H), 7.31-7.43 (m, 5H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 75 MHz) δ 48.7, 113.2, 117.9, 127.6, 127.9, 129.0, 129.6, 139.8, 148.5.

2. *N*-(2'-Nitrobenzyl)aniline (Table 2, entry 2)

н NO_2

¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) δ 4.38 (brs, 1H), 4.75 (s, 2H), 6.59 (d, 2H, J = 7.7 Hz), 6.75 (t, 1H, J = 7.3 Hz), 7.15-7.21 (m, 2H), 7.41-7.47 (m, 1H), 7.56-7.61 (m, 1H), 7.70 (d, 1H, J = 7.6 Hz), 8.10 (d, 1H, J = 8.0 Hz); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 75 MHz) δ 46.1, 113.3, 118.4, 125.5, 128.3, 129.7, 130.1, 134.0, 136.0, 147.7, 148.6.

3. 4-(*N*-Benzylamino)benzoic acid (Table 2, entry 10)



¹H NMR (CD₃OD, 300 MHz) δ 4.24 (s, 2H), 6.46 (d, 2H, *J* = 8.7 Hz), 7.07-7.21 (m, 5H), 7.63 (d, 2H, *J* = 8.7 Hz); ¹³C NMR (CD₃OD, 75 MHz) δ 48.2, 112.9, 119.0, 128.4, 128.6, 129.9, 133.1, 141.1, 154.7, 171.3; HRESIMS calcd for C₁₄H₁₃NNaO₂ [M+Na]⁺ 250.0844, found 250.0842.

4. 4-(*N*-Benzylamino)acetophenone (Table 2, entry 11)



¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) δ 2.49 (s, 3H), 4.40 (s, 2H), 5.22 (brs, 1H), 6.62 (d, 2H, J = 8.5 Hz), 7.28-7.31 (m, 5H), 7.84 (d, 2H, J = 8.5 Hz); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 75 MHz) δ 26.4, 47.8, 112.0, 127.1, 127.7, 127.9, 129.2, 131.2, 138.8, 152.6, 197.0.

5. *N*-Cinnamylaniline (Table 2, entry 13)



¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) δ 3.90 (brs, 1H), 4.00 (d, 2H, J = 5.6 Hz), 6.36-6.45 (m, 1H), 6.67-6.76 (m, 3H), 6.82 (t, 1H, J = 7.3 Hz), 7.26-7.33 (m, 2H), 7.37-7.47 (m, 5H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 75 MHz) δ 46.6, 113.5, 118.1, 126.8, 127.5, 128.0, 129.0, 129.7, 131.9, 137.3, 148.5; HRESIMS calcd for C₁₅H₁₆N [M+H]⁺ 210.1283, found 210.1247.

6. *N*-Furfurylaniline (Table 2, entry 15)



¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) δ 4.07 (brs, 1H), 4.37 (s, 2H), 6.29-6.39 (m, 2H), 6.72-6.75 (m, 2H), 6.78-6.83 (m, 1H), 7.23-7.28 (m, 2H), 7.43-7.46 (m, 1H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 75 MHz) δ 41.8, 107.4, 110.7, 113.6, 118.4, 129.6, 142.3, 148.1, 153.2.

7. *N*-(2',3',4'-trimethoxybenzyl)aniline (Table 2, entry 16)



¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) δ 3.89 (s, 1H), 3.97 (s, 3H), 4.00 (s, 3H), 4.34 (s, 2H), 6.66-6.80 (m, 4H), 7.06-7.08 (m, 1H), 7.22-7.27 (m, 2H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 75 MHz) δ 43.6, 56.4, 61.2, 61.5, 107.6, 113.4, 117.8, 123.8, 125.6, 129.6, 142.7, 148.8, 152.3, 153.6. 8. 1-(4-Methoxyphenylamino)-1-(4-nitrophenyl)ethane (Table 3, entry 3)

¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) δ 1.53-1.55 (m, 3H), 3.71 (s, 3H), 4.48-4.54 (m, 3H), 6.42 (d, 2H, J = 8.6 Hz), 6.71 (d, 2H, J = 8.6 Hz), 7.56 (d, 2H, J = 7.3 Hz), 8.20 (d, 2H, J = 7.3 Hz); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 75 MHz) δ 25.3, 54.4, 56.1, 114.9, 115.2, 124.4, 127.1, 141.0, 147.4, 152.7, 153.8; HRESIMS calcd for C₁₅H₁₆N₂NaO₃ [M+Na]⁺ 295.1059, found 295.1053.

9. 1-(4-Bromophenylamino)-1-(4-nitrophenyl)ethane (Table 3, entry 4)



¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) δ 1.49 (d, 3H, J = 6.7 Hz), 3.72 (s, 3H), 4.36-4.42 (m, 1H), 6.45-6.48 (m, 2H), 6.69-6.76 (m, 2H), 7.25-7.28 (m, 2H), 7.44-7.47 (m, 2H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 75 MHz) δ 25.4, 54.2, 56.1, 115.0, 115.2, 120.8, 128.1, 132.1, 141.6, 145.0, 152.5.

10. *N*-Phenylisoindolone (Table 4, entry 1)



¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) δ 4.76-4.88 (m, 2H), 7.17-7.22 (m, 1H), 7.42-7.50 (m, 3H), 7.52-7.55 (m, 1H), 7.59-7.61 (m, 1H), 7.78 (m, 1H), 7.88-7.96 (m, 2H); ¹³C NMR

(CDCl₃, 75 MHz) δ 51.1, 119.8, 123.0, 124.5, 124.8, 128.7, 129.5, 132.4, 133.6, 139.9, 140.5, 168.0; HRESIMS calcd for C₁₄H₁₁NNaO [M+Na]⁺ 232.0738, found 232.0739.

11. *N*-(4'-methoxyphenyl)isoindolinone (Table 4, entry 2)



¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) δ 3.82 (s, 3H), 4.79 (s, 2H), 6.97 (d, 2H, J = 8.8 Hz), 7.48-7.60 (m, 3H), 7.75 (d, 2H, J = 8.8 Hz), 7.92 (d, 1H, J = 7.9 Hz); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 75 MHz) δ 51.5, 55.8, 114.7, 121.8, 122.9, 124.3, 128.0, 128.8, 132.2, 133.6, 140.5, 157.0, 167.6.

12. *N*-(4'-methylphenyl)isoindolinone (Table 4, entry 3)



¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) δ 2.36 (s, 3H), 4.82 (s, 2H), 7.24 (d, 2H, *J* = 8.0 Hz), 7.50-7.52 (m, 2H), 7.57-7.62 (m, 1H), 7.75 (d, 2H, *J* = 8.0 Hz), 7.93 (d, 1H, *J* = 7.6 Hz); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 75 MHz) δ 21.2, 51.2, 119.9, 122.9, 124.4, 128.7, 130.0, 132.3, 133.7, 134.5, 137.3, 140.5, 167.7.

13. *N*-(4-Iodophenyl)isoindolinone (Table 4, entry 4)



¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) δ 4.80 (s, 2H), 7.50-7.52 (m, 2H), 7.59-7.61 (m, 1H), 7.64-7.72 (m, 4H), 7.90 (d, 1H, *J* = 7.5 Hz); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 75 MHz) δ 50.8, 88.2, 121.3, 123.0, 124.5, 128.9, 132.7, 133.2, 138.4, 139.6, 140.2, 167.9. 14. *N*-(2,6-dimethylphenyl)isoindolinone (Table 4, entry 8)



¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) δ 2.20 (s, 6H), 4.62 (s, 2H), 7.16-7.21 (m, 3H), 7.52-7.56 (m, 2H), 7.61-7.63 (m, 1H), 7.99 (d, 1H, J = 7.8 Hz); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 75 MHz) δ 18.3, 51.6, 123.3, 124.7, 128.6, 128.91, 128.98, 132.1, 132.7, 134.8, 137.2, 142.1, 168.3.

15. *N*-Phenethylisoindolinone (Table 4, entry 9)



¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) δ 3.01 (t, 2H, J = 7.3 Hz), 3.89 (t, 2H, J = 7.3 Hz), 4.22 (s, 2H), 7.21-7.33 (m, 5H), 7.39 (d, 1H, J = 7.2 Hz), 7.43-7.54 (m, 2H), 7.86 (d, 1H, J = 7.2 Hz); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 75 MHz) δ 35.3, 44.5, 51.0, 123.0, 124.0, 126.9, 128.3, 129.0, 129.1, 131.5, 133.2, 139.2, 141.5, 168.8; HRESIMS calcd for C₁₆H₁₅NNaO [M+Na]⁺ 260.1051, found 260.1042.

16. *N*-(4'-Methoxyphenethyl)isoindolinone (Table 4, entry 10)



¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) δ 2.92-2.97 (m, 2H), 3.78 (s, 3H), 3.81-3.86 (m, 2H), 4.20 (s, 2H), 6.83 (d, 2H, *J* = 8.3 Hz), 7.16 (d, 2H, *J* = 8.3 Hz), 7.38 (d, 1H, *J* = 7.3 Hz), 7.42-7.53 (m, 2H), 7.85 (d, 1H, *J* = 7.3 Hz); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 75 MHz) δ 34.3, 44.6, 51.0, 55.6, 114.4, 123.0, 123.9, 128.3, 130.0, 131.2, 131.5, 133.2, 141.5, 158.6, 168.8; HRESIMS calcd for C₁₇H₁₇NNaO₂ [M+Na]⁺ 290.1157, found 290.1162.

¹H and ¹³C NMR spectra of isolated compounds

N-Benzylaniline (Table 2, entry 1)



N-(2'-Nitrobenzyl)aniline (Table 2, entry 2)



4-(N-Benzylamino)benzoic acid (Table 2, entry 10)



4-(N-Benzylamino)acetophenone (Table 2, entry 11)



N-Cinnamylaniline (Table 2, entry 13)



 N-Furfurylaniline (Table 2, entry 15)







ı 220 ا 200 । 160 । 140 ' I 120 ' | 100 ا 80 і 60 I. I. Т 180 40 20 ppm

1-(4-Methoxyphenylamino)-1-(4-nitrophenyl)ethane (Table 3, entry 3)



1-(4-Bromophenylamino)-1-(4-nitrophenyl)ethane (Table 3, entry 4)



N-Phenylisoindolone (Table 2, entry 1)







220 200 180 160 140 120 100 80 60 40 20 ppm













N-Phenethylisoindolinone (Table 3, entry 2)





N-(4'-Methoxyphenethyl)isoindolinone (Table 3, entry 4)

Mechanistic investigation

Study of imine activation by AlCl₃ using UV-Vis spectroscopy

UV-Vis spectrum of AlCl₃ in Ethanol





UV-Vis spectra of imine, 4-(methoxybenzylidene)-4-methoxyaniline in Ethanol



UV-Vis spectra of imine, 4-(methoxybenzylidene)-4-methoxyaniline + AlCl₃ in Ethanol

UV-Vis spectra of Et₃N + AlCl₃ in Ethanol







Study of PMHS activation by AlCl₃ using ¹HNMR

Experimental procedure

To a stirred suspension of AlCl₃ (0.02 mmol) in ethanol (4 mL) was added PMHS (1.0 mmol) at room temperature and then the temperature was raised to 70 $^{\circ}$ C. The reaction was kept at 70 $^{\circ}$ C for 12 h. The solvent was evaporated under reduced pressure and resultant product was dissolved in CDCl₃ for NMR analysis.

¹HNMR spectrum of PMHS in CDCl₃



¹HNMR of PMHS + AlCl₃ in CDCl₃

