Green Chemistry

Electronic Supporting Information

Thiazolyl-phosphine hydrochloride salts: Effective auxiliary ligands for ruthenium-catalyzed nitrile hydration reactions and related amide bond forming processes in water

Rocío García-Álvarez,^a Maria Zablocka,^{*b,c} Pascale Crochet,^a Carine Duhayon,^b Jean-Pierre Majoral,^{*b} and Victorio Cadierno^{*a}

 ^a Laboratorio de Compuestos Organometálicos y Catálisis (Unidad Asociada al CSIC), Departamento de Química Orgánica e Inorgánica, IUQOEM, Universidad de Oviedo, Julián Clavería 8, 33006 Oviedo, Spain. Phone: (+34)985-103-453. Fax: (+34)985-103-446. E-mail: <u>vcm@uniovi.es</u>
^b Laboratoire de Chimie de Coordination UPR 8241 CNRS, 205 route de Narbonne, 31077 Toulouse Cedex 04, France. Phone: (+33)561-333-123. Fax: (+33)561-553-003. E-mail: jean-pierre.majoral@lcc-toulouse.fr
^c Centre of Molecular and Macromolecular Studies, The Polish Academy of Sciences,

Sienkiewicza 112, 90363 Lodz, Poland. Fax: (+48)-426-847-126. E-mail: <u>zabloc@cbmm.lodz.pl</u>

An ORTEP plot of the structure of tris(5-(2-aminothiazolyl))phosphine trihydrochloride (6), with selected bonding parameters listed in the caption, and copies of the NMR spectra of selected amides synthesized in this work.



Fig. S1 ORTEP-type view of the structure of tris(5-(2-aminothiazolyl))phosphine trihydrochloride (6) showing the crystallographic labeling scheme. Thermal ellipsoids are drawn at 20% probability level. Selected bond lengths (Å): P(1)-C(3) = 1.825(7); P(1)-C(6) = 1.805(7); P(1)-C(9) = 1.793(7); C(1)-N(1) = 1.350(9); C(1)-N(2) = 1.307(9); N(1)-C(2) = 1.315(9); C(2)-C(3) = 1.345(9); C(3)-S(1) = 1.753(6); S(1)-C(1) = 1.709(7); Selected bond angles (°): C(3)-P(1)-C(6) = 95.2(3); C(3)-P(1)-C(9) = 102.3(3); C(6)-P(1)-C(9) = 105.9(3); N(1)-C(1)-N(2) = 121.9(7); C(1)-N(1)-C(2) = 114.3(6); N(1)-C(2)-C(3) = 116.8(7); C(2)-C(3)-S(1) = 107.5(5); C(3)-S(1)-C(1) = 91.3(3); S(1)-C(1)-N(2) = 127.9(6).



















220 200 180 160 140 120 100 80 60 40 20 0 (ppm)













