# Laccase-catalyzed synthesis of catechol thioethers by reaction of catechols with thiols using air as an oxidant

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#### 1. General remarks

All chemicals were purchased from commercial suppliers. Laccase from Agaricus bisporus (6 U / mg) was purchased from ASA Spezialenzyme. Solvents used in extraction and purification were distilled prior to use. The pH of the buffer was adjusted using a pH 330/SET-1 pH-meter. Analytical thin layer chromatography (TLC) was performed on precoated silica gel 60 F<sub>245</sub> aluminium plates (Merck) with visualization under UV light. Flash chromatography was carried out on silica gel MN 60, 0.04-0.053 mm (Macherev & Nagel). Melting points were determined on a Büchi melting point apparatus B-545 with open capillary tubes and are uncorrected. UV/VIS spectra were recorded with a Varian Cary 50. IR spectra were measured on a Perkin-Elmer Spectrum One (FT-IR-spectrometer). <sup>1</sup>H and <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra were recorded at 300 (75) MHz on a Varian <sup>Unity</sup>Inova using DMSO- $d_6$ . The chemical shifts were referenced to the solvent signals at  $\delta_{\text{H/C}}$  2.49 / 39.50 ppm (DMSO- $d_6$ ) relative to TMS as internal standards. gHSQC, gHMBC and gCOSY spectra were recorded on a Varian <sup>Unity</sup>Inova spectrometer (300 MHz). Coupling constants J [Hz] were directly taken from the spectra and are not averaged. Low resolution electron impact mass spectra (EI-LRMS) and exact electron impact mass spectra (HRMS) were recorded at 70 eV on a Finnigan MAT 95 instrument. Low resolution electron spray ionisation mass spectra (ESI-LRMS) and exact electron spray ionisation mass spectra (HRMS) were recorded on a Bruker Daltonics (micro TOFQ) instrument. The intensities are reported as percentages relative to the base peak (I = 100%).

# 2. General procedure for the laccase-catalyzed domino reaction between catechols and thiols

A 100 mL round bottomed flask with a magnetic stir bar was charged with a solution or suspension of the catechol **1** (0.63 mmol) and the thiol **2** (0.50 mmol) in methanol (3 mL). Phosphate buffer (0.2 M, pH 6, 27 mL) and laccase from *A. bisporus* (10 mg, 6 U/ mg) were added and the mixture was stirred under air at rt for the time given. The reaction mixture was acidified with 2M HCl to pH ~ 4 and saturated with solid NaCl. The precipitated product was filtered with suction using a Buchner funnel. The filter cake was washed with aq NaCl (15%, 25 mL) and water. The crude products obtained after drying exhibit a purity of 90-95% (NMR). Analytically pure products were obtained by column filtration (CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>/EtOAc 5:1 to 1:1) of the crude products.

#### 3. Synthesis and analytical data of catechol thioethers

#### 3.1. Synthesis and analytical data of 4-(benzo[d]oxazol-2´-ylthio)benzene-1,2-diol (3a)

According to the general procedure, catechol (1a) (69 mg, 0.63 mmol), 2mercaptobenzoxazole (2a) (76 mg, 0.50 mmol), methanol (3 mL), phosphate buffer (0.2 M, pH 6.0, 27 mL) and laccase (60 U, 10 mg, *A. bisporus*) were reacted for 16 h. Workup gave 4-(benzo[*d*]oxazol-2'-ylthio)benzene-1,2-diol (3a) as a pale brown solid (121 mg, 93%), mp 155–157 °C (lit.<sup>1</sup> 126–126 °C);  $R_{\rm f} = 0.54$  (CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>/EtOAc = 5:1);  $\lambda_{\rm max}$  (MeCN)/nm 286 (log  $\varepsilon$ , 4.20), 280 (4.16), 246 (3.17) and 202 (4.62);  $\tilde{\nu}_{\rm max}$  (atr)/cm<sup>-1</sup> 3560 – 3160 (OH), 1517, 1493, 1452, 1217 and 1137;  $\delta_{\rm H}$  (300 MHz; DMSO-*d*<sub>6</sub>) 6.85 (1H, d, <sup>3</sup>*J*<sub>5-H,6-H</sub> 8.1 Hz, 6-H), 7.00 (1H, dd, <sup>3</sup>*J*<sub>5-H,6-H</sub> 8.4 Hz, <sup>4</sup>*J*<sub>3-H,5-H</sub> 2.1 Hz, 5-H), 7.07 (1H, d, <sup>4</sup>*J*<sub>3-H,5-H</sub> 2.4 Hz, 3-H), 7.28 – 7.31 (2H, m, 5'-H and 6'-H), 7.57 – 7.62 (2H, m, 4'-H and 7'-H), 9.44 (1H, s, 1-OH or 2-OH), 9.59 (1H, s, 1-OH or 2-OH);  $\delta_{\rm C}$  (75 MHz; DMSO-*d*<sub>6</sub>) 110.26 (C-7'), 113.68 (C-4), 116.58 (C-6), 118.51 (C-4'), 122.05 (C-3), 124.42 (C-5' or C-6'), 124.63 (C-5' or C-6'), 126.83 (C-5), 141.40 (C-3a'), 146.20 (C-2), 147.99 (C-1), 151.23 (C-7a'), 163.74 (C-2'); *m/z* (EI, 70 eV) 259 (M<sup>+</sup>, 100%), 226 (M<sup>+</sup> – SH, 9), 151 (C<sub>7</sub>H<sub>5</sub>SNO<sup>+</sup>, 20), 119 (10) and 91 (12); HRMS (EI, M<sup>+</sup>) found: 259.0281; calcd for C<sub>13</sub>H<sub>9</sub>SNO<sub>3</sub>: 259.0303.





Fig. 1 <sup>1</sup>H (300 MHz) and <sup>13</sup>C (75 MHz) NMR spectra of 3a in DMSO- $d_6$ 

#### 3.2. Synthesis and analytical data of 4-(benzo[d]thiazol-2'-ylthio)benzene-1,2-diol (3b)

According to the general procedure, catechol (**1a**) (69 mg, 0.63 mmol), 2-mercaptobenzothiazole (**2b**) (84 mg, 0.50 mmol), methanol (3 mL), phosphate buffer (0.2 M, pH 6.0, 27 mL) and laccase (60 U, 10 mg, *A. bisporus*) were reacted for 17 h. Workup gave 4-(benzo[*d*]thiazol-2'-ylthio)benzene-1,2-diol (**3b**) as a pale yellow solid (120 mg, 87%); mp 198–200 °C;  $R_{\rm f} = 0.53$  (CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>/EtOAc = 5:1);  $\lambda_{\rm max}$ (MeCN)/nm 284 (log  $\varepsilon$ , 4.60) and 206 (4.20);  $\tilde{v}_{\rm max}$  (atr)/cm<sup>-1</sup> 3426 (OH), 3054 (C-H), 1593, 1415, 1270 and 1030;  $\delta_{\rm H}$  (300 MHz; DMSO-*d*<sub>6</sub>) 6.90 (1H, d, <sup>3</sup>*J*<sub>5-H,6-H</sub> 8.1 Hz, 6-H), 7.07 (1H, dd, <sup>3</sup>*J*<sub>5-H,6-H</sub> 8.4 Hz, <sup>4</sup>*J*<sub>3-H,5-H</sub> 2.1 Hz, 5-H), 7.13 (1H, d, <sup>4</sup>*J*<sub>3-H,5-H</sub> 2.1 Hz, 3-H), 7.29 (1H, ddd, <sup>3</sup>*J*<sub>5'-H,6'-H</sub> 7.2 or 7.9 Hz, <sup>3</sup>*J*<sub>6'-H,7'-H</sub> 7.2 or 7.9 Hz, <sup>4</sup>*J*<sub>4'-H,6'-H</sub> 1.1 Hz, 6'-H), 7.42 (1H, ddd, <sup>3</sup>*J*<sub>4'-H,5'-H</sub> 7.3 or 8.2 Hz, <sup>3</sup>*J*<sub>5'-H,6'-H</sub> 7.3 or 8.2 Hz, <sup>4</sup>*J*<sub>5'-H,7'-H</sub> 1.3 Hz, 5'-H), 7.79 (1H, ddd, <sup>3</sup>*J*<sub>6'-H,7'-H</sub> 1.3 or 0.7 Hz, <sup>5</sup>*J*<sub>4'-H,7'-H</sub> 1.3 or 0.7 Hz, <sup>7</sup>-H) and 9.63 (2H, br, 1-OH and 2-OH);  $\delta_{\rm C}$  (75 MHz; DMSO-*d*<sub>6</sub>) 116.66 (C-4), 117.01 (C-6), 121.12 (C-4'), 121.64 (C-7'), 122.45 (C-3), 124.13 (C-6'), 126.27 (C-5'), 127.66 (C-5), 134.75 (C-7a'), 146.61 (C-2), 148.66 (C-1), 153.71 (C-3a') and 171.99 (C-2'); *m/z* (EI, 70

eV) 275 (M<sup>+</sup>, 100%), 242 (M<sup>+</sup> – SH, 5), 167 ( $C_7H_5S_2N^+$ , 8) and 115 (15); HRMS (EI, M<sup>+</sup>) found: 275.0051; calcd for  $C_{13}H_9S_2NO_2$ : 275.0075.



**Fig. 2** <sup>1</sup>H (300 MHz) and <sup>13</sup>C (75 MHz) NMR spectra of **3b** in DMSO- $d_6$ 

## 3.3. Synthesis and analytical data of 4-(benzo[*d*]oxazol-2´-ylthio)-3-methylbenzene-1,2diol (3c) and 5-(benzo[*d*]oxazol-2´-ylthio)-3-methylbenzene-1,2-diol (5c)

According to the general procedure, 3-methylcatechol (1b) (78 mg, 0.63 mmol), 2mercaptobenzoxazole (2a) (76 mg, 0.50 mmol), methanol (3 mL), phosphate buffer (0.2 M, pH 6.0, 27 mL) and laccase (60 U, 10 mg, A. bisporus) were reacted for 24 h. Workup gave a mixture of 4-(benzo[d]oxazol-2´-ylthio)-3-methylbenzene-1,2-diol (**3c**) 5and (benzo[d]oxazol-2'-ylthio)-3-methylbenzene-1,2-diol (5c) as a brown solid (123 mg, 90%), mp 181–183 °C;  $R_f = 0.64$  (CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>/EtOAc = 5:1);  $\lambda_{max}$ (MeCN)/nm 286 (log  $\varepsilon$ , 4.25), 279 (4.23), 247 (4.24) and 206 (4.66);  $\tilde{v}_{max}$  (atr)/cm<sup>-1</sup> 3471 (OH), 1592, 1500, 1452, 1235 and 1138;  $\delta_{\rm H}$  (300 MHz; DMSO- $d_6$ ) of **3c** 2.21 (3H, s, CH<sub>3</sub>), 6.74 (1H, d,  ${}^{3}J_{5-{\rm H},6-{\rm H}}$  8.2 Hz, 6-H), 7.05 (1H, d, <sup>3</sup>J<sub>5-H 6-H</sub> 8.3 Hz, 5-H), 7.24 – 7.31 (2H, m, 5<sup>-</sup>-H and 6<sup>-</sup>-H), 7.55 – 7.58 (2H, m, 4<sup>-</sup>-H and 7'-H), 8.68 (1H, br, 1-OH or 2-OH) and 9.85 (1H, br, 1-OH or 2-OH);  $\delta_{\rm H}$  (300 MHz; DMSO- $d_6$ ) of 5c 2.13 (3H, s, CH<sub>3</sub>), 6.94 (1H, d,  ${}^{4}J_{4-H,6-H}$  3.0 Hz, 4-H), 6.96 (1H, d,  ${}^{4}J_{4-H,6-H}$ 3.0 Hz, 6-H), 7.24 – 7.31 (2H, m, 5'-H and 6'-H), 7.55 – 7.58 (2H, m, 4'-H and 7'-H), 8.80 (1H, br, 1-OH or 2-OH) and 9.71 (1H, br, 1-OH or 2-OH);  $\delta_{\rm C}$  (75 MHz; DMSO- $d_6$ ) of 3c 14.06 (CH<sub>3</sub>), 110.20 (C-7<sup>'</sup>), 113.29 (C-6), 114.35 (C-4), 118.40 (C-4<sup>'</sup>), 124.25 (C-5<sup>'</sup> or C-6<sup>'</sup>), 124.57 (C-5' or C-6'), 127.70 (C-5), 129.39 (C-3), 141.47 (C-3a'), 144.43 (C-2), 147.80 (C-1), 151.23 (C-7a<sup> $\prime$ </sup>) and 163.71 (C-2<sup> $\prime$ </sup>);  $\delta_{\rm C}$  (75 MHz; DMSO- $d_6$ ) of **5c** 15.79 (CH<sub>3</sub>), 110.26 (C-7'), 112.80 (C-5), 118.40 (C-4'), 119.45 (C-6), 124.41 (C-5' or C-6'), 124.62 (C-5' or C-6'), 125.92 (C-3), 128.20 (C-4), 141.47 (C-3a'), 145.54 (C-1), 145.99 (C-2), 151.23 (C-7a') and 163.82 (C-2<sup>'</sup>); m/z (EI, 70 eV) 273 (M<sup>+</sup>, 100%), 240 (M<sup>+</sup> – SH, 7), 166 (18) and 73 (13); HRMS (EI, M<sup>+</sup>) found: 273.0445; calcd for C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>11</sub>SNO<sub>3</sub>: 273.0460.



Fig. 3 <sup>1</sup>H (300 MHz) and <sup>13</sup>C (75 MHz) NMR spectra of 3c and 5c in DMSO- $d_6$ 

## 3.4. Synthesis and analytical data of 4-(benzo[*d*]thiazol-2´-ylthio)-3-methylbenzene-1,2diol (3d) and 5-(benzo[*d*]thiazol-2´-ylthio)-3-methylbenzene-1,2-diol (5d)

According to the general procedure, 3-methylcatechol (1b) (78 mg, 0.63 mmol), 2mercaptobenzothiazole (2b) (84 mg, 0.50 mmol), methanol (3 mL), phosphate buffer (0.2 M, pH 6.0, 27 mL) and laccase (60 U, 10 mg, A. bisporus) were reacted for 17 h. Workup gave a mixture of 4-(benzo[d]thiazol-2'-ylthio)-3-methylbenzene-1,2-diol (**3d**) and 5-(benzo[d]thiazol-2'-ylthio)-3-methylbenzene-1,2-diol (5d) as a pale brown solid (138 mg, 95%); mp 186–188 °C;  $R_f = 0.74$  (CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>/EtOAc = 5:1);  $\lambda_{max}$ (MeCN)/nm 289 (log  $\varepsilon$ , 4.20), 282 (4.21) and 211 (4.59);  $\tilde{v}_{max}$  (atr)/cm<sup>-1</sup> 3260 (OH), 1453, 1416, 1415, 1270 and 1010;  $\delta_{H}$ (300 MHz; DMSO-*d*<sub>6</sub>) of **3d** 2.26 (3H, s, CH<sub>3</sub>), 6.81 (1H, d, <sup>3</sup>*J*<sub>5-H.6-H</sub> 8.4 Hz, 6-H), 7.11 (1H, d,  ${}^{3}J_{5-H,6-H}$  8.3 Hz, 5-H), 7.27 – 7.31 (1H, m, 6<sup>-</sup>-H), 7.41 (1H, t like ov,  ${}^{3}J \sim 8.1$  Hz, 5<sup>-</sup>-H), 7.78 (1H, d like ov,  ${}^{3}J \sim 8.1$  Hz, 4'-H), 7.87 (1H, t like ov,  ${}^{3}J \sim 8.1$  Hz, 7'-H) and 8.78 (2H, br, 1-OH and 2-OH);  $\delta_{\rm H}$  (300 MHz; DMSO- $d_6$ ) of 5d 2.15 (3H, s, CH<sub>3</sub>), 7.02 (1H, d,  ${}^4J_{4-{\rm H},6-{\rm H}}$ 1.8 Hz, 6-H), 7.04 (1H, d,  ${}^{4}J_{4-H,6-H}$  1.8 Hz, 4-H), 7.27 – 7.31 (1H, m, 6'-H), 7.41 (1H, t like ov,  ${}^{3}J \sim 8.1$  Hz, 5'-H), 7.78 (1H, d like ov,  ${}^{3}J \sim 8.1$  Hz, 4'-H), 7.87 (1H, t like ov,  ${}^{3}J \sim 8.1$  Hz, 7'-H) and 9.02 (2H, br, 1-OH and 2-OH);  $\delta_{\rm C}$  (75 MHz; DMSO- $d_6$ ) of **3d** 13.94 (CH<sub>3</sub>), 113.80 (C-6), 117.45 (C-4), 121.07 (C-4'), 121.11 (C-7'), 123.98 (C-6'), 126.24 (C-5'), 128.34 (C-5), 129.48 (C-3), 134.79 (C-7a<sup>^</sup>), 144.74 (C-2), 148.30 (C-1), 153.88 (C-3a<sup>^</sup>) and 171.94 (C-2<sup>^</sup>);  $\delta_{\rm C}$  (75 MHz; DMSO- $d_6$ ) of **5d** 15.83 (CH<sub>3</sub>), 115.83 (C-5), 119.79 (C-6), 121.07 (C-4<sup>'</sup>), 121.11 (C-7'), 124.10 (C-6'), 126.46 (C-3), 126.21 (C-5'), 128.92 (C-4), 134.76 (C-7a'), 145.90 (C-1), 146.63 (C-2), 153.73 (C-3a') and 172.14 (C-2'); m/z (EI, 70 eV) 289 (M<sup>+</sup>, 100%), 256 ( $M^+$  – SH, 68), 210 (16) and 167 ( $C_7H_5NS_2^+$ , 18); HRMS (EI,  $M^+$ ) found: 289.0246; calcd for C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>11</sub>NO<sub>2</sub>S<sub>2</sub>: 289.0231.



**Fig. 4** <sup>1</sup>H (300 MHz) and <sup>13</sup>C (75 MHz) NMR spectra of **3d** and **5d** in DMSO- $d_6$ 

## 3.5. Synthesis and analytical data of 4-(benzo[*d*]oxazol-2´-ylthio)-3-methoxybenzene-1,2diol (3e) and 5-(benzo[*d*]oxazol-2´-ylthio)-3-methoxybenzene-1,2-diol (5e)

According to the general procedure, 3-methoxycatechol (1c) (88 mg, 0.63 mmol), 2mercaptobenzoxazole (2a) (76 mg, 0.50 mmol), methanol (3 mL), phosphate buffer (0.2 M, pH 6.0, 27 mL) and laccase (60 U, 10 mg, A. bisporus) were reacted for 17 h. Workup gave a mixture of 4-(benzo[d]oxazol-2'-ylthio)-3-methoxybenzene-1,2-diol (**3e**) 5and (benzo[d]oxazol-2'-ylthio)-3-methoxybenzene-1,2-diol (5e) as a pale brown solid (140 mg, 96%), mp 150–152 °C;  $R_{\rm f} = 0.43$  (CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>/EtOAc = 5:1);  $\lambda_{\rm max}$ (MeCN)/nm 286 (log  $\varepsilon$ , 4.18), 279 (4.19), 249 (4.19) and 208 (4.59);  $\tilde{v}_{max}$  (atr)/cm<sup>-1</sup> 3300 (OH), 2994 (C-H), 1499, 1450, 1200, 1131 and 1095;  $\delta_{\rm H}$  (300 MHz; DMSO- $d_6$ ) of **3e** 3.68 (3H, s, OCH<sub>3</sub>), 6.67 (1H, d,  ${}^{3}J_{5-{\rm H},6-}$ <sub>H</sub> 8.5 Hz, 6-H), 6.96 (1H, d,  ${}^{3}J_{5-H 6-H}$  8.4 Hz, 5-H), 7.23 – 7.31 (2H, m, 5'-H and 6'-H), 7.56 – 7.63 (2H, m, 4'-H and 7'-H) and 9.22 (2H, br, 1-OH and 2-OH);  $\delta_{\rm H}$  (300 MHz; DMSO- $d_6$ ) of **5e** 3.74 (3H, s, OCH<sub>3</sub>), 6.79 (1H, d,  ${}^{4}J_{4-H,6-H}$  3.0 Hz, 6-H), 6.82 (1H, d,  ${}^{4}J_{4-H,6-H}$  3.0 Hz, 4-H), 7.23 - 7.31 (2H, m, 5'-H and 6'-H), 7.56 - 7.63 (2H, m, 4'-H and 7'-H) and 9.22 (2H, br, 1-OH and 2-OH);  $\delta_{\rm C}$  (75 MHz; DMSO- $d_6$ ) of **3e** 60.16 (OCH<sub>3</sub>), 108.22 (C-4), 110.11 (C-7<sup>'</sup>), 111.71 (C-6), 118.41 (C-4'), 124.26 (C-5' or C-6'), 124.58 (C-5' or C-6'), 126.21 (C-5), 139.41 (C-2), 141.50 (C-3a'), 149.37 (C-1), 150.05 (C-3), 151.16 (C-7a') and 163.63 (C-2');  $\delta_{\rm C}$  (75 MHz; DMSO- $d_6$ ) of **5e** 56.05 (OCH<sub>3</sub>), 110.20 (C-7'), 110.29 (C-4), 113.11 (C-5), 116.11 (C-6), 118.54 (C-4'), 124.44 (C-5' or C-6'), 124.64 (C-5' or C-6'), 136.78 (C-2), 141.44 (C-3a<sup>°</sup>), 146.38 (C-1), 148.76 (C-3), 151.24 (C-7a<sup>°</sup>) and 163.59 (C-2<sup>°</sup>); m/z (EI, 70 eV) 289 ( $M^+$ , 17%), 287 ( $M^+$  – 2, 100), 274 ( $M^+$  – CH<sub>3</sub>, 15), 256 ( $M^+$  – SH, 20), 255 (50) and 240 (60); HRMS (EI,  $M^+$ ) found: 289.0413; calcd for  $C_{14}H_{11}SNO_4$ : 289.0409.



**Fig. 5** <sup>1</sup>H (300 MHz) and <sup>13</sup>C (75 MHz) NMR spectra of 3e and 5e in DMSO- $d_6$ 

#### 3.6. Synthesis and analytical data of 4-(benzo[*d*]thiazol-2´-ylthio)-3-methoxybenzene-1,2diol (3f) and 5-(benzo[*d*]thiazol-2´-ylthio)-3-methoxybenzene-1,2-diol (5f)

According to the general procedure, 3-methoxycatechol (1c) (88 mg, 0.63 mmol), 2mercaptobenzothiazole (2b) (84 mg, 0.50 mmol), methanol (3 mL), phosphate buffer (0.2 M, pH 6.0, 27 mL) and laccase (60 U, 10 mg, A. bisporus) were reacted for 17 h. Workup gave a 4-(benzo[d]thiazol-2´-ylthio)-3-methoxybenzene-1,2-diol mixture of (**3f**) and 5-(benzo[d]thiazol-2'-ylthio)-3-methoxybenzene-1,2-diol (5f) as a pale brown solid (145 mg, 95%); mp 108–110 °C;  $R_f = 0.55$  (CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>/EtOAc = 5:1);  $\lambda_{max}$ (MeCN)/nm 279 (log  $\varepsilon$ , 4.19) and 217 (4.55);  $\tilde{v}_{max}$  (atr)/cm<sup>-1</sup> 3400 (OH), 3058 (C-H), 1599, 1504, 1420, 1196 and 1084;  $\delta_{H}$ (300 MHz; DMSO-*d*<sub>6</sub>) of **3f** 3.72 (3H, s, OCH<sub>3</sub>), 6.72 (1H, d, <sup>3</sup>*J*<sub>5-H,6-H</sub> 8.3 Hz, 6-H), 7.07 (1H, d,  ${}^{3}J_{5-H,6-H}$  8.3 Hz, 5-H), 7.31 (1H, t like ov,  ${}^{3}J \sim 8.0$  Hz, 6'-H), 7.42 (1H, t like ov,  ${}^{3}J \sim 8.0$ Hz, 5'-H), 7.78 (1H, d like ov,  ${}^{3}J \sim 7.8$  Hz, 4'-H), 7.90 (1H, d like ov,  ${}^{3}J \sim 7.8$  Hz, 7'-H) and 9.27 (2H, br, 1-OH and 2-OH);  $\delta_{\rm H}$  (300 MHz; DMSO- $d_6$ ) of **5f** 3.78 (3H, s, OCH<sub>3</sub>), 6.84 (1H, d,  ${}^{4}J_{4-H.6-H}$  2.0 Hz, 6-H), 6.89 (1H, d,  ${}^{4}J_{4-H.6-H}$  2.0 Hz, 4-H), 7.31 (1H, t like ov,  ${}^{3}J \sim 8.0$  Hz, 6'-H), 7.42 (1H, t like ov,  ${}^{3}J \sim 8.0$  Hz, 5'-H), 7.78 (1H, d like ov,  ${}^{3}J \sim 7.8$  Hz, 4'-H), 7.90 (1H, d like ov,  ${}^{3}J \sim 7.8$  Hz, 7<sup>-</sup>-H) and 9.27 (2H, br, 1-OH and 2-OH);  $\delta_{C}$  (75 MHz; DMSO- $d_{6}$ ) of **3f** 56.18 (OCH<sub>3</sub>), 111.04 (C-4), 112.15 (C-6), 121.06 (C-4'), 121.56 (C-7'), 124.03 (C-6'), 126.20 (C-5'), 127.32 (C-5), 134.71 (C-7a'), 139.63 (C-2), 149.72 (C-1), 150.68 (C-3), 153.72 (C-3a<sup>'</sup>) and 169.92 (C-2<sup>'</sup>);  $\delta_{\rm C}$  (75 MHz; DMSO- $d_6$ ) of **5f** 56.92 (OCH<sub>3</sub>), 111.01 (C-4), 115.98 (C-5), 116.54 (C-6), 121.13 (C-4'), 121.65 (C-7'), 124.14 (C-6'), 126.26 (C-5'), 134.77 (C-7a<sup>°</sup>), 137.44 (C-2), 146.74 (C-1), 149.13 (C-3), 153.70 (C-3a<sup>°</sup>) and 171.88 (C-2<sup>°</sup>); m/z (EI, 70 eV) 307 (M<sup>+</sup> + 2, 45%), 305 (M<sup>+</sup>, 100), 290 (M<sup>+</sup> - CH<sub>3</sub>, 28) and 274 (M<sup>+</sup> - OCH<sub>3</sub>, 24); HRMS (EI, M<sup>+</sup>) found: 305.0122; calcd for C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>11</sub>NO<sub>3</sub>S<sub>2</sub>: 305.0180; *m/z* (ESI) 328 (M<sup>+</sup> + Na, 100%) and 306 ( $M^+$  + 1, 30); HRMS (ESI,  $M^+$  + Na) found: 328.0076; calcd for C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>11</sub>NO<sub>3</sub>S<sub>2</sub>Na: 328.0073.



Fig. 6  $^{1}$ H (300 MHz) and  $^{13}$ C (75 MHz) NMR spectra of 3f and 5f in DMSO- $d_6$ 

#### 3.7. Synthesis and analytical data of 4-(benzo[*d*]oxazol-2´-ylthio)-3-fluorobenzene-1,2diol (3g) and 5-(benzo[*d*]oxazol-2´-ylthio)-3-fluorobenzene-1,2-diol (5g)

According to the general procedure, 3-fluorocatechol (1d) (81 mg, 0.63 mmol), 2mercaptobenzoxazole (2a) (76 mg, 0.50 mmol), methanol (3 mL), phosphate buffer (0.2 M, pH 6.0, 27 mL) and laccase (60 U, 10 mg, A. bisporus) were reacted for 17 h. Workup gave a mixture of 4-(benzo[d]oxazol-2´-ylthio)-3-fluorobenzene-1,2-diol (3g)and 5-(benzo[d]oxazol-2'-ylthio)-3-fluorobenzene-1,2-diol (5g) as a pale yellow solid (125 mg, 90%); mp 183–185 °C;  $R_{\rm f} = 0.36$  (CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>/EtOAc = 5:1);  $\lambda_{\rm max}$ (MeCN)/nm 285 (log  $\varepsilon$ , 4.18), 278 (4.18) and 247 (4.21);  $\tilde{v}_{max}$  (atr)/cm<sup>-1</sup> 3470 (OH), 3064 (C-H), 1500, 1452 and 1138;  $\delta_{H}$ (300 MHz; DMSO-*d*<sub>6</sub>) of **3g** 6.73 (1H, dd, <sup>3</sup>*J*<sub>5-H,6-H</sub> 8.6 Hz, <sup>5</sup>*J*<sub>6-H,F</sub> 1.4 Hz, 6-H), 7.06 (1H, dd,  ${}^{3}J_{5-H\,6-H}$  8.6 Hz,  ${}^{4}J_{5-H\,F}$  7.6 Hz, 5-H), 7.27 – 7.34 (2H, m, 5'-H and 6'-H), 7.58 – 7.64 (2H, m, 4'-H and 7'-H) and 9.78 (2H, br, 1-OH and 2-OH);  $\delta_{\rm H}$  (300 MHz; DMSO- $d_6$ ) of 5g 7.00 (1H, dd,  ${}^{4}J_{4-H 6-H}$  1.6 or 2.1 Hz,  ${}^{5}J_{6-H F}$  1.6 or 2.1 Hz, 6-H), 7.08 (1H, dd,  ${}^{4}J_{4-H 6-H}$  2.2 Hz,  ${}^{3}J_{4-H F}$  10.1 Hz, 4-H), 7.27 – 7.34 (2H, m, 5'-H and 6'-H), 7.58 – 7.64 (2H, m, 4'-H and 7'-H) and 9.78 (2H, br, 1-OH and 2-OH);  $\delta_{\rm C}$  (75 MHz; DMSO- $d_6$ ) of **3g** 101.77 (d,  ${}^2J_{\rm C-4,F}$  16.9 Hz, C-4), 110.34 (C-7'), 111.88 (d, <sup>4</sup>J<sub>C-6,F</sub> 2.2 Hz, C-6), 118.56 (C-4'), 124.54 (C-5' or C-6'), 124.76 (C-5' or C-6'), 126.28 (br, C-5), 134.45 (d,  ${}^{2}J_{C-2,F}$  14.73 Hz, C-2), 141.32 (C-3a'), 151.24 (d,  ${}^{3}J_{C-1,F}$  6.1 Hz, C-1), 151.31 (C-7a'), 152.30 (d,  ${}^{1}J_{C-3,F}$  240.4 Hz, C-3) and 162.50 (C-2');  $\delta_{C}$  (75 MHz; DMSO- $d_6$ ) of **5g** 113.45 (br, C-5), 113.66 (d,  ${}^2J_{C-4,F}$  10.6 Hz, C-4), 110.34 (C-7'), 118.08 (d, <sup>4</sup>J<sub>C-6,F</sub> 2.2 Hz, C-6), 118.64 (C-4'), 124.54 (C-5' or C-6') 124.76 (C-5' or C-6'), 135.97 (d, <sup>2</sup>J<sub>C-2,F</sub> 13.7 Hz, C-2), 141.32 (C-3a'), 148.18 (d, <sup>3</sup>J<sub>C-1,F</sub> 6.5 Hz, C-1), 151.31 (C-7a'), 151.64 (d,  ${}^{1}J_{C-3,F}$  240.5 Hz, C-3) and 163.01 (C-2'); m/z (EI, 70 eV) 277 (M<sup>+</sup>, 85%), 257 (M<sup>+</sup>) – HF, 100), 226 (16), 171 (15), 151 (C<sub>7</sub>H<sub>5</sub>SNO<sup>+</sup>, 19) and 119 (18); HRMS (EI, M<sup>+</sup>) found: 277.0194; calcd for C<sub>13</sub>H<sub>8</sub>FSNO<sub>3</sub>: 277.0209.



**Fig. 7** <sup>1</sup>H (300 MHz) and <sup>13</sup>C (75 MHz) NMR spectra of 3g and 5g in DMSO- $d_6$ 

#### 3.8. Synthesis and analytical data of 4-(benzo[d]thiazol-2´-ylthio)-3-fluorobenzene-1,2diol (3h) and 4-(benzo[d]thiazol-2´-ylthio)-3-fluorobenzene-1,2-diol (5h)

According to the general procedure, 3-fluorocatechol (1d) (81 mg, 0.63 mmol), 2mercaptobenzothiazole (2b) (84 mg, 0.50 mmol), methanol (3 mL), phosphate buffer (0.2 M, pH 6.0, 27 mL) and laccase (60 U, 10 mg, A. bisporus) were reacted for 17 h. Workup gave a mixture of 4-(benzo[d]thiazol-2'-ylthio)-3-fluorobenzene-1,2-diol (**3h**) and 5-(benzo[d]thiazol-2'-ylthio)-3-fluorobenzene-1,2-diol (5h) as a pale yellow solid (127 mg, 86%); mp 177–179 °C;  $R_{\rm f} = 0.36$  (CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>/EtOAc = 5:1);  $\lambda_{\rm max}$ (MeCN)/nm 277 (log  $\varepsilon$ , 4.19) and 208 (4.53);  $\tilde{v}_{max}$  (atr)/cm<sup>-1</sup> 3263 (OH), 1578, 1414, 1276 and 1011;  $\delta_{\rm H}$  (300 MHz; DMSO $d_6$ ) of **3h** 6.78 (1H, dd,  ${}^{3}J_{5-H,6-H}$  8.4 Hz,  ${}^{5}J_{6-H,F}$  1.4 Hz, 6-H), 7.11 (1H, dd,  ${}^{3}J_{5-H,6-H}$  8.6 Hz,  ${}^{4}J_{5-H,6-H}$  8.6 Hz, {}^{4}J\_{5-H,6-H} 8.6 Hz,  ${}^{4}J_{5$ <sub>HF</sub> 7.7 Hz, 5-H), 7.31 (1H, t like ov,  ${}^{3}J \sim 7.7$  Hz, 6'-H), 7.43 (1H, ddd,  ${}^{3}J_{4'-H}$  5'-H 7.3 or 8.4 Hz,  ${}^{3}J_{5-H,6-H}$  7.3 or 8.4 Hz,  ${}^{4}J_{5-H,7-H}$  1.4 Hz, 5'-H), 7.81 (1H, d like ov,  ${}^{3}J_{4-H,5-H}$  8.1 Hz, 4'-H), 7.90 (1H, ddd,  ${}^{3}J_{6'-H,7'-H}$  7.8 Hz,  ${}^{4}J_{5'-H,7'-H}$  1.3 or 0.7 Hz,  ${}^{5}J_{4'-H,7'-H}$  1.3 or 0.7 Hz, 7'-H) and 9.78 (2H, br, 1-OH and 2-OH);  $\delta_{\rm H}$  (300 MHz; DMSO- $d_6$ ) of **5h** 7.00 (1H, dd,  ${}^4J_{4-{\rm H,6-H}}$  1.6 or 2.2 Hz, <sup>5</sup>*J*<sub>6-H,F</sub> 1.6 or 2.2 Hz, 6-H), 7.15 (1H, dd, <sup>3</sup>*J*<sub>4-H,F</sub> 10.0 Hz, <sup>4</sup>*J*<sub>4-H,6-H</sub> 2.1 Hz, 4-H), 7.31 (1H, t like ov,  ${}^{3}J \sim 7.7$  Hz, 6'-H), 7.43 (1H, ddd,  ${}^{3}J_{4'-H,5'-H}$  7.3 or 8.4 Hz,  ${}^{3}J_{5'-H,6'-H}$  7.3 or 8.4 Hz,  ${}^{4}J_{5'-H}$ <sub>H.7'-H</sub> 1.4 Hz, 5'-H), 7.81 (1H, d like ov,  ${}^{3}J_{4'-H.5'-H}$  8.1 Hz, 4'-H), 7.90 (1H, ddd,  ${}^{3}J_{6'-H.7'-H}$  7.8 Hz, <sup>4</sup>*J*<sub>5'-H,7'-H</sub> 0.7 or 1.3 Hz, <sup>5</sup>*J*<sub>4'-H,7'-H</sub> 0.7 or 1.3 Hz, 7'-H) and 9.78 (2H, br, 1-OH and 2-OH);  $\delta_{\rm C}$  (75 MHz; DMSO- $d_6$ ) of **3h** 104.66 (d,  ${}^2J_{\rm C-4,F}$  16.7 Hz, C-4), 112.31 (d,  ${}^4J_{\rm C-6,F}$  2.5 Hz, C-6), 121.27 (C-4<sup>°</sup>), 121.73 (C-7<sup>°</sup>), 124.33 (C-6<sup>°</sup>), 126.38 (C-5<sup>°</sup>), 126.99 (br, C-5), 134.65 (d, <sup>2</sup>J<sub>C-2,F</sub> 14.9 Hz, C-2), 134.77 (C-7a'), 151.76 (d,  ${}^{3}J_{C-1F}$  6.3 Hz, C-1), 152.32 (d,  ${}^{1}J_{C-3F}$  240.4 Hz, C-3), 153.65 (C-3a<sup>'</sup>) and 170.10 (C-2<sup>'</sup>);  $\delta_{\rm C}$  (75 MHz; DMSO- $d_6$ ) of **5h** 114.28 (d,  ${}^2J_{\rm C-4\,F}$  20.1 Hz, C-4), 116.16 (d,  ${}^{3}J_{C-5F}$  10.3 Hz, C-5), 118.69 (d,  ${}^{4}J_{C-6F}$  1.6 Hz, C-6), 121.27 (C-4'), 121.73 (C-7'), 124.33 (C-6'), 126.38 (C-5'), 134.77 (C-7a'), 136.68 (d, <sup>2</sup>J<sub>C-2,F</sub> 13.8 Hz, C-2), 148.59 (d,  ${}^{3}J_{C-1,F}$  6.7 Hz, C-1), 151.18 (d,  ${}^{1}J_{C-3,F}$  240.4 Hz, C-3), 153.59 (C-3a') and 170.62 (C-2'); m/z (EI, 70 eV) 293 (M<sup>+</sup>, 100%), 273 (M<sup>+</sup> – HF, 79), 260 (M<sup>+</sup> – SH, 4), 244 (8) and 167 ( $C_7H_5NS_2^+$ , 10); m/z (ESI) 316 ( $M^+$  + Na, 100%) and 294 ( $M^+$  + 1, 30); HRMS (ESI,  $M^+$ + Na) found: 315.9893; calcd for  $C_{13}H_8FNO_2S_2Na$ : 315.9873.



**Fig. 8**  $^{1}$ H (300 MHz) and  $^{13}$ C (75 MHz) NMR spectra of **3h** and **5h** in DMSO- $d_{6}$ 

# **3.9.** Synthesis and analytical data of 4-(benzo[*d*]oxazol-2´-ylthio)-5-methylbenzene-1,2diol (6a)

According to the general procedure, 4-methylcatechol (**1h**) (78 mg, 0.63 mmol), 2-mercaptobenzoxazole (**2a**) (76 mg, 0.50 mmol), methanol (3 mL), phosphate buffer (0.2 M, pH 6.0, 27 mL) and laccase (60 U, 10 mg, *A. bisporus*) were reacted for 17 h. Workup gave 4-(benzo[*d*]oxazol-2´-ylthio)-5-methylbenzene-1,2-diol (**6a**) as a pale yellow solid (117 mg, 85%); mp 198–200 °C (lit.<sup>1</sup> 198–200 °C);  $R_{\rm f} = 0.53$  (CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>/EtOAc = 5:1);  $\lambda_{\rm max}$ (MeCN)/nm 287 (log  $\varepsilon$ , 4.27), 280 (4.23), 246 (4.28) and 206 (4.71);  $\tilde{v}_{\rm max}$  (atr)/cm<sup>-1</sup> 3200 (OH), 3141, 1496 1453, 1235 and 1132;  $\delta_{\rm H}$  (300 MHz; DMSO-*d*<sub>6</sub>) 2.22 (3H, s, CH<sub>3</sub>), 6.80 (1H, s, 6-H), 7.04 (1H, s, 3-H), 7.25 – 7.32 (2H, m, 5´-H and 6´-H), 7.56 – 7.61 (2H, m, 4´-H and 7´-H), 9.20 (1H, s, 1-OH or 2-OH), 9.48 (1H, s, 1-OH or 2-OH);  $\delta_{\rm C}$  (75 MHz; DMSO-*d*<sub>6</sub>) 19.66 (CH<sub>3</sub>), 110.23 (C-7'), 112.76 (C-4), 118.07 (C-6), 118.44 (C-4'), 123.16 (C-3), 124.31 (C-5' or C-6') 124.59 (C-5' or C-6'), 133.58 (C-5), 141.45 (C-3a'), 143.99 (C-2), 148.17 (C-1), 151.25 (C-7a') and 163.51 (C-2'); *m/z* (EI, 70 eV) 273 (M<sup>+</sup>, 100%), 240 (M<sup>+</sup> – SH, 40), 151 (C<sub>7</sub>H<sub>5</sub>NSO<sup>+</sup>, 42) and 124 (C<sub>7</sub>H<sub>8</sub>O<sub>2</sub><sup>+</sup>, 32); HRMS (EI, M<sup>+</sup>) found: 273.0455; calcd for C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>11</sub>NSO<sub>3</sub>: 273.0460.





Fig. 9 <sup>1</sup>H (300 MHz) and <sup>13</sup>C (75 MHz) NMR spectra of 6a in DMSO- $d_6$ 

#### 3.10. Synthesis and analytical data of 4-(benzo[*d*]thiazol-2´-ylthio)-5-methylbenzene-1,2diol (6b)

According to the general procedure, 4-methylcatechol (**1h**) (78 mg, 0.63 mmol), 2-mercaptobenzothiazole (**2b**) (84 mg, 0.50 mmol), methanol (3 mL), phosphate buffer (0.2 M, pH 6.0, 27 mL) and laccase (60 U, 10 mg, *A. bisporus*) were reacted for 17 h. Workup gave 4-(benzo[*d*]thiazol-2′-ylthio)-5-methylbenzene-1,2-diol (**6b**) as a white solid (131 mg, 90%); mp 187–189 °C;  $R_{\rm f} = 0.50$  (CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>/EtOAc = 5:1);  $\lambda_{\rm max}$ (MeCN)/nm 299 (log  $\varepsilon$ , 4.15), 290 (4.21), 282 (3.19) and 210 (4.61);  $\tilde{v}_{\rm max}$  (atr)/cm<sup>-1</sup> 3248 (OH), 3054 (C-H), 1493, 1416, 1278 and 1029;  $\delta_{\rm H}$  (300 MHz; DMSO-*d*<sub>6</sub>) 2.25 (3H, s, CH<sub>3</sub>), 6.85 (1H, s, 6-H), 7.08 (1H, s, 3-H), 7.26 (1H, ddd, <sup>3</sup>*J*<sub>5′-H,6′-H</sub> 7.3 or 8.1 Hz, <sup>3</sup>*J*<sub>6′-H,7′-H</sub> 7.3 or 8.1 Hz, <sup>4</sup>*J*<sub>4′-H,6′-H</sub> 1.2 Hz, 6′-H), 7.42 (1H, ddd, <sup>3</sup>*J*<sub>4′-H,5′-H</sub> 8.1 Hz, <sup>4</sup>*J*<sub>4′-H,6′-H</sub> 1.1 or 0.6 Hz, <sup>5</sup>*J*<sub>4′-H,7′-H</sub> 1.1 or 0.6 Hz, 4′-H), 7.87 (1H, ddd, <sup>3</sup>*J*<sub>6′-H,7′-H</sub> 7.9 Hz, <sup>4</sup>*J*<sub>5′-H,7′-H</sub> 1.3 or 0.7 Hz, <sup>5</sup>*J*<sub>4′-H,7′-H</sub> 1.3 or 0.7 Hz, 7′-H) and 9.55 (2H, br, 1-OH and 2-OH);  $\delta_{\rm C}$  (75 MHz; DMSO-*d*<sub>6</sub>) 19.52 (CH<sub>3</sub>), 115.87 (C-4), 118.39 (C-6), 121.08 (C-4′), 121.64 (C-7′), 123.47 (C-3), 124.04 (C-6′) 126.24 (C-5′), 133.99 (C-5), 134.79 (C-7a′), 144.52 (C-2), 148.88 (C-1), 153.91 (C-3a′) and 171.75 (C-2′); *m/z* (EI, 70 eV) 289 (M<sup>+</sup>,

57%), 256 ( $M^+$  – SH, 100), 210 (34), 167 ( $C_7H_5NS_2^+$ , 34) and 123 (34); HRMS (EI,  $M^+$ ) found: 289.0237; calcd for  $C_{14}H_{11}NO_2S_2$ : 289.0231.



**Fig. 10**  $^{1}$ H (300 MHz) and  $^{13}$ C (75 MHz) NMR spectra of **6b** in DMSO- $d_6$ 

# 3.11. Synthesis and analytical data of 4-(benzo[*d*]oxazol-2'-ylthio)-5-ethylbenzene-1,2diol (6c)

According to the general procedure, 4-ethylcatechol (**1i**) (87 mg, 0.63 mmol), 2mercaptobenzoxazole (**2a**) (76 mg, 0.50 mmol), methanol (3 mL), phosphate buffer (0.2 M, pH 6.0, 27 mL) and laccase (60 U, 10 mg, *A. bisporus*) were reacted for 17 h. Workup gave 4-(benzo[*d*]oxazol-2´-ylthio)-5-ethylbenzene-1,2-diol (**6c**) as a pale yellow solid (120 mg, 83%); mp 141–143 °C;  $R_f = 0.50$  (CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>/EtOAc = 5:1);  $\lambda_{max}$ (MeCN)/nm 287 (log  $\varepsilon$ , 4.19), 248 (4.13) and 206 (4.55);  $\tilde{\nu}_{max}$  (atr)/cm<sup>-1</sup> 3233 (OH), 1502, 1453 and 1133;  $\delta_H$  (300 MHz; DMSO-*d*<sub>6</sub>) 1.04 (3H, t,  ${}^{3}J_{1~H,2~H}$  7.5 Hz, 2´´-H), 2.61 (2H, q,  ${}^{3}J_{1~H,2~H}$  7.5 Hz, 1´´-H), 6.80 (1H, s, 6-H), 7.04 (1H, s, 3-H), 7.24 – 7.30 (2H, m, 5´-H and 6´-H), 7.56 – 7.61 (2H, m, 4´-H and 7´-H), 9.44 (1H, s, 1-OH or 2-OH) and 9.59 (1H, s, 1-OH or 2-OH);  $\delta_C$  (75 MHz; DMSO*d*<sub>6</sub>) 15.44 (C-2´´), 26.27 (C-1´´), 110.23 (C-7´), 112.10 (C-4), 116.56 (C-6), 118.47 (C-4`), 123.47 (C-3), 124.34 (C-5´ or C-6´) 124.61 (C-5´ or C-6´), 139.50 (C-5), 141.47 (C-3a´), 144.09 (C-2), 148.43 (C-1), 151.24 (C-7a´) and 163.84 (C-2´); *m/z* (EI, 70 eV) 287 (M<sup>+</sup>, 100%), 254 (M<sup>+</sup> – SH, 30), 180 (58), 151 (C<sub>7</sub>H<sub>5</sub>NSO<sup>+</sup>, 80) and 123 (44); HRMS (EI, M<sup>+</sup>) found: 287.0618; calcd for C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>13</sub>NSO<sub>3</sub>: 287.0616.





**Fig. 11** <sup>1</sup>H (300 MHz) and <sup>13</sup>C (75 MHz) NMR spectra of **6c** in DMSO- $d_6$ 

### 3.12. Synthesis and analytical data of 4-(benzo[*d*]thiazol-2´-ylthio)-5-ethylbenzene-1,2diol (6d)

According to the general procedure, 4-ethylcatechol (**1i**) (87 mg, 0.63 mmol), 2-mercaptobenzothiazole (**2b**) (84 mg, 0.50 mmol), methanol (3 mL), phosphate buffer (0.2 M, pH 6.0, 27 mL) and laccase (60 U, 10 mg, *A. bisporus*) were reacted for 17 h. Workup gave 4-(benzo[*d*]thiazol-2′-ylthio)-5-ethylbenzene-1,2-diol (**6d**) as a pale yellow solid (126 mg, 83%); mp 152–154 °C;  $R_{\rm f} = 0.54$  (CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>/EtOAc = 5:1);  $\lambda_{\rm max}$ (MeCN)/nm 290 (log  $\varepsilon$ , 4.24), 282 (4.24) and 211 (4.63);  $\tilde{\nu}_{\rm max}$  (atr)/cm<sup>-1</sup> 3275 (OH), 3054 (C-H), 1498, 1416, 1266 and 1029;  $\delta_{\rm H}$  (300 MHz; DMSO-*d*<sub>6</sub>) 1.07 (3H, t, <sup>3</sup>*J*<sub>1</sub><sup>--</sup>H,2<sup>--</sup>H 7.2 Hz, 2<sup>--</sup>H), 2.63 (2H, q, <sup>3</sup>*J*<sub>1</sub><sup>--</sup>H,2<sup>--</sup>H 7.2 Hz, 1<sup>--</sup>-H), 6.85 (1H, s, 6-H), 7.07 (1H, s, 3-H), 7.28 (1H, ddd, <sup>3</sup>*J*<sub>5</sub><sup>--</sup>H,6<sup>--</sup>H 7.2 or 8.0 Hz, <sup>3</sup>*J*<sub>5</sub><sup>--</sup>H,6<sup>-</sup>-H 7.2 or 8.0 Hz, <sup>4</sup>*J*<sub>4</sub><sup>--</sup>H,6<sup>-</sup>-H 1.1 Hz, 6'-H), 7.41 (1H, ddd, <sup>3</sup>*J*<sub>4</sub><sup>--</sup>H,5<sup>--</sup>H 7.1 or 8.0 Hz, <sup>3</sup>*J*<sub>5</sub><sup>--</sup>H,6<sup>-</sup>-H 7.2 or 8.0 Hz, <sup>5</sup>*J*<sub>4</sub><sup>--</sup>H,7<sup>--</sup>H 1.2 or 0.5 Hz, 4'-H), 7.87 (1H, ddd, <sup>3</sup>*J*<sub>6</sub><sup>--</sup>H,7<sup>--</sup>H 1.3 or 0.6 Hz, <sup>5</sup>*J*<sub>4</sub><sup>--</sup>H,7<sup>--</sup>H 1.3 (C-4), 116.86 (C-6), 121.06 (C-4<sup>-</sup>), 121.63 (C-7<sup>-</sup>), 123.67 (C-3), 124.02 (C-6<sup>-</sup>), 126.23 (C-5<sup>-</sup>), 134.76 (C-7a<sup>-</sup>), 139.84 (C-5), 144.55 (C-2), 149.05 (C-1),

153.83 (C-3a<sup> $^{-}</sup>) and 172.15 (C-2<sup><math>^{-}</sup>);$ *m*/*z*(EI, 70 eV) 303 (M<sup>+</sup>, 60%), 270 (M<sup>+</sup> – SH, 100), 255 (25), 167 (C<sub>7</sub>H<sub>5</sub>NS<sub>2</sub><sup>+</sup>, 42) and 123 (36); HRMS (EI, M<sup>+</sup>) found: 303.0381; calcd for C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>13</sub>NO<sub>2</sub>S<sub>2</sub>: 303.0388.</sup></sup>



Fig. 12  $^{1}$ H (300 MHz) and  $^{13}$ C (75 MHz) NMR spectra of 6d in DMSO- $d_{6}$ 

# 3.13. Synthesis and analytical data of 3-(benzo[*d*]oxazol-2´-ylthio)-4-nitrobenzene-1,2diol (7a)

According to the general procedure, 4-nitrocatechol (**1j**) (78 mg, 0.50 mmol), 2-mercaptobenzoxazole (**2a**) (76 mg, 0.50 mmol), methanol (3 mL), phosphate buffer (0.2 M, pH 6.0, 27 mL) and laccase (60 U, 10 mg, *A. bisporus*) were reacted for 17 h. Column filtration (EtOAc/MeOH 1:2) gave 3-(benzo[*d*]oxazol-2´-ylthio)-4-nitrobenzene-1,2-diol (**7a**) as a yellow solid (130 mg, 85%); mp 223–225 °C;  $R_{\rm f} = 0.22$  (EtOAc/MeOH = 5:1);  $\lambda_{\rm max}$ (MeCN)/nm 314 (log  $\varepsilon$ , 4.18) and 202 (4.61);  $\tilde{\nu}_{\rm max}$  (atr)/cm<sup>-1</sup> 3327 (OH), 1587, 1303 and 1207;  $\delta_{\rm H}$  (300 MHz; DMSO-*d*<sub>6</sub>) 6.84 (1H, t like,  ${}^{3}J_{5'-{\rm H},6'-{\rm H}}$  7.1 Hz, 5´-H), 6.93 (2H, d like ov,  ${}^{3}J \sim 7.5$  Hz, 4´-H and 7´-H), 7.00 (1H, d,  ${}^{3}J_{5-{\rm H},6'-{\rm H}}$  7.1 Hz, 5´-H), 6.93 (2H, d like ov, (1H, d,  ${}^{3}J_{5-{\rm H},6'-{\rm H}}$  9.2 Hz, 6-H), 7.03 (1H, t like ov, 6´-H), 8.06 (1H, d,  ${}^{3}J_{5-{\rm H},6'-{\rm H}}$  9.3 Hz, 5-H) and 9.35 (2H, br, 1-OH and 2-OH);  $\delta_{\rm C}$  (75 MHz; DMSO-*d*<sub>6</sub>) 115.11 (C-6), 116.75 (C-7<sup>-</sup>), 119.84 (C-5<sup>-</sup>), 121.26 (C-4<sup>-</sup>), 122.28 (C-5), 123.17 (C-3), 126.11 (C-6<sup>-</sup>), 133.04 (C-4), 134.70 (C-3a<sup>-</sup>), 138.17 (C-2), 148.16 (C-7a<sup>-</sup>), 148.39 (C-1) and 159.83 (C-2<sup>-</sup>); *m*/z (EI, 70 eV) 304 (M<sup>+</sup>, 100%), 258 (M<sup>+</sup> – NO<sub>2</sub>, 5), 169 (78), 135 (38) and 80 (15); HRMS (EI, M<sup>+</sup>) found: 304.0154; calcd for C<sub>13</sub>H<sub>8</sub>N<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5</sub>S: 304.0154.





Fig. 13  $^{1}$ H (300 MHz) and  $^{13}$ C (75 MHz) NMR spectra of 7a in DMSO- $d_{6}$ 

# 3.14. Synthesis and analytical data of 4-(4´,5´-dihydrothiazol-2´-ylthio)benzene-1,2-diol (8a)

According to the general procedure, catechol (**1a**) (69 mg, 0.63 mmol), 2-mercaptothiazoline (**2c**) (60 mg, 0.50 mmol), methanol (3 mL), phosphate buffer (0.2 M, pH 6.0, 27 mL) and laccase (60 U, 10 mg, *A. bisporus*) were reacted for 20 h. Workup gave 4-(4',5'-dihydrothiazol-2'-ylthio)benzene-1,2-diol (**8a**) as a pale yellow solid (95 mg, 83%); mp 165–167 °C (lit.<sup>2</sup> > 250 °C);  $R_{\rm f} = 0.27$  (CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>/EtOAc = 5:1);  $\lambda_{\rm max}$ (MeCN)/nm 286 (log  $\varepsilon$ , 3.23) and 206 (4.14);  $\tilde{\nu}_{\rm max}$  (atr)/cm<sup>-1</sup> 3316 (OH), 1546, 1506, 1401, 1251 and 1029;  $\delta_{\rm H}$  (300 MHz; DMSO- $d_6$ ) 3.26 (2H, t,  ${}^{3}J_{4'-{\rm H},5'-{\rm H}}$  8.2 Hz, 5'-H), 4.16 (2H, t,  ${}^{3}J_{4'-{\rm H},5'-{\rm H}}$  8.2 Hz, 4'-H), 6.76 (1H, d,  ${}^{3}J_{5-{\rm H},6-{\rm H}}$  7.2 Hz, 6-H), 6.87 (1H, dd,  ${}^{3}J_{5-{\rm H},6-{\rm H}}$  8.0 Hz,  ${}^{4}J_{3-{\rm H},5-{\rm H}}$  8.1 Hz, 5-H), 6.90 (1H, d,  ${}^{4}J_{3-{\rm H},5-{\rm H}}$  2.1 Hz, 3-H) and 9.44 (2H, br, 1-OH and 2-OH);  $\delta_{\rm C}$  (75 MHz; DMSO- $d_6$ ) 34.00 (C-5'), 65.46 (C-4'), 116.08 (C-6), 117.07 (C-4), 122.61 (C-3) 127.37 (C-5), 145.61 (C-2), 147.87 (C-1) and 167.12 (C-2'); *m*/*z* (EI, 70 eV) 227 (M<sup>+</sup>, 74%), 226 (M<sup>+</sup> – 1, 100), 167 (M<sup>+</sup> – C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>4</sub>S, 47) and 141 (16); HRMS (EI, M<sup>+</sup>) found: 227.0090; calcd for C<sub>9</sub>H<sub>9</sub>NO<sub>2</sub>S<sub>2</sub>: 227.0075.



Fig. 14  $^{1}$ H (300 MHz) and  $^{13}$ C (75 MHz) NMR spectra of 8a in DMSO- $d_{6}$ 

# 3.15. Synthesis and analytical data of 4-(4´,5´-dihydrothiazol-2´-ylthio)-5methylbenzene-1,2-diol (8b)

According to the general procedure, 4-methylcatechol (**1h**) (78 mg, 0.63 mmol), 2-mercaptothiazoline (**2c**) (60 mg, 0.50 mmol), methanol (3 mL), phosphate buffer (0.2 M, pH 6.0, 27 mL) and laccase (60 U, 10 mg, *A. bisporus*) were reacted for 17 h. Workup gave 4-(4',5'-dihydrothiazol-2'-ylthio)-5-methylbenzene-1,2-diol (**8b**) as a white solid (90 mg, 74%); mp 192–194 °C (lit.<sup>2</sup> 179–180 °C);  $R_{\rm f} = 0.25$  (CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>/EtOAc = 5:1);  $\lambda_{\rm max}$ (MeCN)/nm 291 (log  $\varepsilon$ , 3.68) and 209 (4.59);  $\tilde{v}_{\rm max}$  (atr)/cm<sup>-1</sup> 3270 (OH), 1562, 1426, 1401, 1288 and 1002;  $\delta_{\rm H}$  (300 MHz; DMSO-*d*<sub>6</sub>) 2.21 (3H, s, CH<sub>3</sub>), 3.26 (2H, t,  ${}^{3}J_{4'-H,5'-H}$  8.1 Hz, 5'-H), 4.16 (2H, t,  ${}^{3}J_{4'-H,5'-H}$  8.2 Hz, 4'-H), 6.71 (1H, s, 6-H), 6.90 (1H, s, 3-H) and 9.24 (2H, br, 1-OH and 2-OH);  $\delta_{\rm C}$  (75 MHz; DMSO-*d*<sub>6</sub>) 19.88 (CH<sub>3</sub>), 33.95 (C-5'), 65.51 (C-4'), 116.37 (C-4), 117.63 (C-6), 123.49 (C-3) 133.84 (C-5), 143.45 (C-2), 148.01 (C-1) and 166.82 (C-2'); *m/z* (EI, 70 eV) 241 (M<sup>+</sup>, 100%), 226 (M<sup>+</sup> – CH<sub>3</sub>, 36), 208 (M<sup>+</sup> – SH, 22), 194 (50) and 154 (32); HRMS (EI, M<sup>+</sup>) found: 241.0204; calcd for C<sub>10</sub>H<sub>11</sub>NO<sub>2</sub>S<sub>2</sub>: 241.0231.





**Fig. 15** <sup>1</sup>H (300 MHz) and <sup>13</sup>C (75 MHz) NMR spectra of **8b** in DMSO- $d_6$ 

# 3.16. Synthesis and analytical data of 4-(4´,5´-dihydrothiazol-2´-ylthio)-5-ethylbenzene-1,2-diol (8c)

According to the general procedure, 4-ethylcatechol (**1i**) (87 mg, 0.63 mmol), 2mercaptothiazoline (**2c**) (60 mg, 0.50 mmol), methanol (3 mL), phosphate buffer (0.2 M, pH 6.0, 27 mL) and laccase (60 U, 10 mg, *A. bisporus*) were reacted for 17 h. Workup gave 4-(4',5'-dihydrothiazol-2'-ylthio)-5-ethylbenzene-1,2-diol (**8c**) as a pale yellow solid (105 mg, 82%); mp 169–171 °C;  $R_f = 0.24$  (CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>/EtOAc = 5:1);  $\lambda_{max}$ (MeCN)/nm 290 (log  $\varepsilon$ , 3.61) and 210 (4.53);  $\tilde{v}_{max}$  (atr)/cm<sup>-1</sup> 3252 (OH), 1567, 1435, 1290 and 1003;  $\delta_H$  (300 MHz; DMSO $d_6$ ) 1.08 (3H, t,  ${}^{3}J_{1''-H,2''-H}$  7.5 Hz, 2''-H), 2.60 (2H, q,  ${}^{3}J_{1''-H,2''-H}$  7.5 Hz, 1''-H), 3.25 (2H, t,  ${}^{3}J_{4'-H,5'-H}$  8.4 Hz, 5'-H), 4.15 (2H, t,  ${}^{3}J_{4'-H,5'-H}$  8.4 Hz, 4'-H), 6.71 (1H, s, 6-H), 6.91 (1H, s, 3-H) and 9.24 (2H, br, 1-OH and 2-OH);  $\delta_C$  (75 MHz; DMSO- $d_6$ ) 15.48 (C-2''), 26.31 (C-1''), 34.04 (C-5'), 65.51 (C-4'), 115.67 (C-4), 116.11 (C-6), 123.85 (C-3), 139.63 (C-5), 143.49 (C-2), 148.24 (C-1) and 167.29 (C-2'); *m*/z (EI, 70 eV) 255 (M<sup>+</sup>, 50%), 222 (M<sup>+</sup> – SH, 17), 208 (44) and 123 (100); HRMS (EI, M<sup>+</sup>) found: 255.0417; calcd for C<sub>11</sub>H<sub>13</sub>NO<sub>2</sub>S<sub>2</sub>: 255.0388.



**Fig. 16**  $^{1}$ H (300 MHz) and  $^{13}$ C (75 MHz) NMR spectra of **8c** in DMSO- $d_6$ 

#### 4. Computational studies of compounds 3a and 3b

Calculations reported in this paper were performed within Density Functional Theory, using the Gaussian 03 package.<sup>3</sup> <sup>13</sup>C NMR chemical shifts of selected compounds **3a** and **3b** were calculated as follows: the structures were optimized with the MM2 force field implemented in Chem3D Pro.<sup>4</sup> In the second step, the optimized structures were subsequently reoptimized at the AM1 level followed by the RHF/3-21G level and finally by B3LYP/6-31G(d) level of theory within the Gaussian 03 package. In the final step, the <sup>13</sup>C NMR chemical shielding of the reoptimized geometries were computed once at the mPW1PW91/6-311+G(2d,p)//mPW1PW91/6-31G(d) level of theory in the gas phase.<sup>3</sup> The references TMS and benzene for the MSTD approach according to Sarotti and Pellegrinet<sup>5</sup> were computed in the same manner as for **3a** and **3b**. For comparison with the experimental <sup>13</sup>C NMR chemical shifts the computationally derived <sup>13</sup>C NMR chemical shifts were calculated as follows:

 $\delta_a = \sigma_{ref gas pahse} - \sigma_{a gas phase} + \delta_{ref}$ 

where  $\sigma_{ref}$  and  $\sigma_a$  are the calculated NMR isotropic magnetic shielding tensors of the reference compound and carbon a of the compound of interest:  $\sigma_{TMS} = 185.81$  ppm and  $\sigma_{benzene} = 54.41$ ppm at the mPW1PW91/6-311+G(2d,p)// mPW1PW91/6-31G(d) level gas phase;  $\delta_{ref}$ represents the chemical shift of the reference compound in deuterated DMSO:  $\delta_{TMS} = 0$  ppm;  $\delta_{benzene} = 128.27$  ppm. An HP Compaq with a 2.39 GHz processor and 2 GB RAM was used for the calculations.



Fig. 17 3D structure of 3a

#### 4.1. Cartesian of 3a

| Symbol | Х          | Y          | Z          |
|--------|------------|------------|------------|
| С      | 3.1477780  | -0.4840430 | 0.8295260  |
| С      | 3.7115840  | -0.7013480 | -0.4388140 |
| С      | 3.1897990  | -0.0396640 | -1.5419860 |
| С      | 2.1125270  | 0.8291420  | -1.3922370 |
| С      | 1.5546830  | 1.0388110  | -0.1340220 |
| С      | 2.0830170  | 0.3849680  | 0.9855140  |
| 0      | 3.7429190  | -1.1818460 | 1.8430090  |
| 0      | 4.7555080  | -1.5451120 | -0.5803500 |
| S      | 0.2325240  | 2.2118320  | 0.0726940  |
| С      | -1.1829770 | 1.1810650  | 0.0722950  |
| 0      | -1.0498810 | -0.1314110 | -0.2668520 |
| С      | -2.3317350 | -0.6126240 | -0.1923470 |
| С      | -3.1565960 | 0.4496740  | 0.1852060  |

| Ν | -2.3753490 | 1.5881030  | 0.3514700  |
|---|------------|------------|------------|
| С | -2.7811200 | -1.8964340 | -0.4331550 |
| С | -4.1528990 | -2.0909980 | -0.2788750 |
| С | -5.0047980 | -1.0434210 | 0.0984610  |
| С | -4.5253010 | 0.2406870  | 0.3371720  |
| Н | 3.6378600  | -0.2170330 | -2.5129140 |
| Н | 1.7044430  | 1.3423680  | -2.2549740 |
| Н | 1.6560410  | 0.5595050  | 1.9687240  |
| Н | 3.2976850  | -0.9959560 | 2.6786990  |
| Н | 4.9673860  | -1.8999870 | 0.2965670  |
| Η | -2.1112100 | -2.6961140 | -0.7256430 |
| Н | -4.5695060 | -3.0767610 | -0.4563580 |
| Н | -6.0660090 | -1.2420720 | 0.2062490  |
| Н | -5.1817780 | 1.0520870  | 0.6293810  |



Fig. 18 3D structure of 3b

| Symbol | Х          | Y          | Z          |
|--------|------------|------------|------------|
| С      | -3.3044020 | 0.6986710  | 0.7179180  |
| С      | -3.9989020 | 0.6038130  | -0.4996440 |
| С      | -3.5753440 | -0.3043180 | -1.4598500 |
| С      | -2.4660530 | -1.1104230 | -1.2186480 |
| С      | -1.7847920 | -1.0143530 | -0.0085760 |
| С      | -2.2126120 | -0.1108720 | 0.9703280  |
| 0      | -3.8094270 | 1.6232650  | 1.5900760  |
| 0      | -5.0708460 | 1.3919960  | -0.7303230 |
| S      | -0.4262420 | -2.1097620 | 0.3206890  |
| С      | 0.9619470  | -1.0407230 | 0.1412380  |
| S      | 2.5669660  | -1.7853290 | 0.2125980  |
| С      | 3.2525780  | -0.1941630 | 0.0079470  |
| С      | 2.2090290  | 0.7492550  | -0.1030000 |
| Ν      | 0.9284430  | 0.2360160  | -0.0180700 |
| С      | 4.5901870  | 0.1859100  | -0.0532420 |
| С      | 4.8779310  | 1.5336260  | -0.2293890 |
| С      | 3.8523580  | 2.4806910  | -0.3422380 |
| С      | 2.5205900  | 2.1001980  | -0.2809250 |
| Н      | -4.1201130 | -0.3633400 | -2.3950630 |
| Н      | -2.1296160 | -1.8117070 | -1.9731540 |
| Н      | -1.6807220 | -0.0393470 | 1.9138900  |
| Н      | -3.2426750 | 1.6842680  | 2.3686100  |
| Н      | -5.1910660 | 1.9565140  | 0.0485330  |
| Н      | 5.3863190  | -0.5454140 | 0.0321680  |
| Н      | 5.9132820  | 1.8537990  | -0.2811200 |
| Н      | 4.1046820  | 3.5267900  | -0.4807770 |
| Н      | 1.7163040  | 2.8218210  | -0.3687010 |

5. Calculation of the E-factor, atom economy, TON and TOF of the laccase-catalyzed domino reaction between catechol (1a) and 2-mercaptobenzoxazole (2a)

Yield of 3a = 93%

**5.1. Calculation of the E-factor**<sup>6</sup>



Total amount of the reactants (taking into account a loss of 10% of the solvent used) = 69 mg + 76 mg + 10 mg + 237.54 mg + 125 mg + 542.3 mg + 14.4 mg = 1074.24 mg. Amount of the final product = 121 mg. Amount of waste = 1074.24 - 121 = 953.24 mg E-factor = Amount of waste [kg]/Amount of product [kg] = 953.24/121 = 7.88 kg kg<sup>-1</sup>.

#### **5.2.** Calculation of the atom economy<sup>7</sup>

The atom economy of the reaction was calculated according to the following equation:



Atom economy =  $100 \times 259/277 = 94\%$ 

#### **5.3.** Calculation of TON

Molecular weight of laccase from A.  $bisporus = 96\ 000\ g/mol.^8$ 

Specific activity of the laccase = 6 U/mg.

60 U Laccase corresponds to 10 mg, ie  $1.0417 \times 10^{-7}$  mol =  $1.0417 \times 10^{-4}$  mmol.

TON = Amount of the substrate consumed [mmol] / Amount of catalyst [mmol].

TON = 0.47 [mmol] /  $1.0417 \times 10^{-4}$  [mmol] = **4512**.

#### **5.4.** Calculation of TOF

 $TOF = \frac{TON}{Time}$ . TOF = 4512 / 16 h = **282 h<sup>-1</sup>.** 

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