

Electronic Supplementary Information

**Efficient and selective nitrile hydration reaction in water
catalyzed by unexpected dimethylsulfinyl anion generated *in
situ* from CsOH and DMSO**

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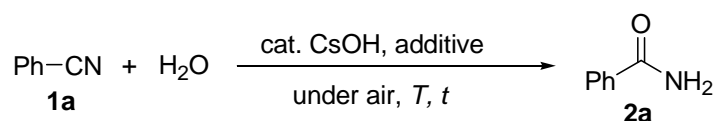
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Contents

Detailed Condition Screening Tables.....	S2
Experimental, Synthetic Procedures, and Comments.....	S4
Characterization of the Products and References.....	S5
Mechanistic studies and Secondary Mass Analysis.....	S14
Copies of ¹ H and ¹³ C NMR Spectra of All Products.....	S22

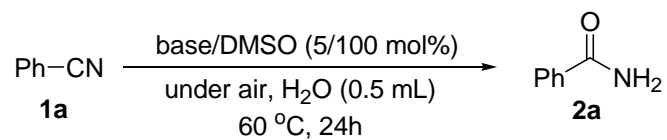
Table S1. Detailed Condition Screening for Dimethylsulfinyl Anion-Catalyzed Hydration of Benzonitrile in Water.^[a]



run	CsOH (mol%)	additive	H ₂ O	T	t	2a % ^[b]
1	10	-	H ₂ O (0.5 mL)	100 °C	24 h	(65 ^[c,d])
2	10	DMF (0.5 mL)	H ₂ O (0.02 mL, 1.1 equiv.)	100 °C	24 h	10 ^[d]
3	10	dioxane (0.5 mL)	H ₂ O (0.02 mL, 1.1 equiv.)	100 °C	24 h	72 ^[d]
4	10	THF (0.5 mL)	H ₂ O (0.02 mL, 1.1 equiv.)	100 °C	24 h	54 ^[d]
5	10	DMSO (0.5 mL)	H ₂ O (0.02 mL, 1.1 equiv.)	100 °C	24 h	>99 (85 ^[c])
6	10	DMSO (0.5 mL)	H ₂ O (0.04 mL, 2.2 equiv.)	100 °C	24 h	>99
7	10	DMSO (0.5 mL)	H ₂ O (0.06 mL, 3.3 equiv.)	100 °C	24 h	>99
8	10	DMSO (0.5 mL)	H ₂ O (0.24 mL, 13.2 equiv.)	100 °C	24 h	>99
9	10	DMSO (0.5 mL)	H ₂ O (0.02 mL, 1.1 equiv.)	100 °C	12 h	>99
10	10	DMSO (0.5 mL)	H ₂ O (0.02 mL, 1.1 equiv.)	100 °C	3 h	>99
11	10	DMSO (0.5 mL)	H ₂ O (0.02 mL, 1.1 equiv.)	100 °C	1 h	>99 (88)
12	10	DMSO (10 mol%)	H ₂ O (0.5 mL)	100 °C	1.5 h	(55 ^[c,d])
13	10	DMSO (20 mol%)	H ₂ O (0.5 mL)	100 °C	1.5 h	(72 ^[c])
14	10	DMSO (30 mol%)	H ₂ O (0.5 mL)	100 °C	1.5 h	(78 ^[c])
15	10	DMSO (40 mol%)	H ₂ O (0.5 mL)	100 °C	1.5 h	(85 ^[c])
16	10	DMSO (50 mol%)	H ₂ O (0.5 mL)	100 °C	1.5 h	(92)
17	5	DMSO (25 mol%)	H ₂ O (0.5 mL)	100 °C	1.5 h	(60 ^[c,d])
18	5	DMSO (50 mol%)	H ₂ O (0.5 mL)	100 °C	1.5 h	(89)
19	5	DMSO (100 mol%)	H ₂ O (0.5 mL)	100 °C	1.5 h	(94)
20	10	DMSO (50 mol%)	H ₂ O (0.5 mL)	60 °C	24 h	(62 ^[c,d])
21	5	DMSO (50 mol%)	H ₂ O (0.5 mL)	60 °C	24 h	(60 ^[c,d])
22	5	DMSO (100 mol%)	H ₂ O (0.5 mL)	60 °C	24 h	(94)
23	5	DMSO (100 mol%)	H ₂ O (0.5 mL)	rt ^[e]	132 h	(85 ^[c])
24	5	DMSO (0.25 mL)	H ₂ O (0.25 mL)	rt ^[e]	84 h	(90)
25	5	-	H ₂ O (0.5 mL)	rt ^[e]	84 h	trace

[a] The mixture of benzonitrile **1a** (2.0 mmol), CsOH·H₂O (5-10 mmol%), additive (solvent), and water in a Schlenk tube was sealed under air and then stirred at the indicated temperature. The reaction was then monitored by GC-MS and/or TLC. [b] GC yields (outside the parenthesis) and isolated yields (inside the parenthesis) of **2a** were based on **1a**. [c] Over hydrolysis of **1a** occurred in variant degrees to give byproduct PhCOOH. [d] The reactions were incomplete for **1a** was detected. [e] Room temperature: ca. 30 °C.

Table S2. Catalytic Activities of Different Bases under the Optimal Conditions.^[a]



run	base (purity)	2a % ^[b]
1	LiOH (98%)	50
2	NaOH (99.99%)	46
3	KOH (AR)	30
4	CsOH·H₂O (99%)	94
5	Na ₂ CO ₃ (AR)	7
6	K ₂ CO ₃ (AR)	4
7	Cs ₂ CO ₃ (99.9%)	7

[a] The mixture of **1a** (2 mmol) and base/DMSO (5/100mol%) in H₂O (0.5 mL) in a Schlenk tube was sealed under air and then heated at 60 °C for 24 h. [b] Isolated yields based on **1a**.

Experimental

General. Substrates, catalysts, solvents, and ^{18}O - H_2O (98% purity) were all purchased and used as received. ^{18}O -DMSO was prepared according to the reported literature procedure (Fenselau, A. H.; Moffatt, J. G. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **1966**, *88*, 1762) and determined to be containing 86% ^{18}O -DMSO by Secondary Mass analysis. Unless otherwise noted, all reactions were carried out in sealed Schlenk tubes under air and then monitored by TLC. Products of small scale reactions were all purified by column chromatography on silica gel using petroleum ether and ethyl acetate as the eluent. Products of large scale reactions were obtained by simple filtration of the reaction mixtures that include solid amides and liquid reaction media. Absolutely dry DMSO was prepared by distillation from CaH_2 -predried DMSO and stored under nitrogen in a sealed Schenk flask. ^1H and ^{13}C NMR spectra were recorded on a Bruker Avance-III 500 instrument (500 MHz for ^1H and 125.4 MHz for ^{13}C NMR spectroscopy) by using d_6 -DMSO or CDCl_3 as the solvent. Chemical shifts for ^1H and ^{13}C NMR were referred to internal Me_4Si (0 ppm). Mass spectra were measured on a Shimadzu GCMS-QP2010 Plus spectrometer (EI). Secondary Mass analysis was conducted at the Analysis Center of Department of Chemistry of Zhejiang University.

Typical Procedure for Dimethylsulfinyl Anion-Catalyzed Hydration of Organonitriles to Amides in Water. Benzonitrile **1a** (2.0 mmol) and CsOH (0.0169 g, 0.1 mmol, 5 mol%) were mixed in H_2O (0.5 mL) under air in a Schlenk tube. No any obvious phenomenon of the reaction mixture could be observed at this stage at room temperature. DMSO (0.142 mL, 1.0 equiv.) was then added to the above mixture *via* a syringe. In great difference, upon addition of DMSO, a slight but obvious exothermic phenomenon was observed if touching outward surface of the tube. The reaction mixture was then directly sealed under air and stirred at $60\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ for 24 h. After completion of the reaction as monitored by TLC (also: forming beautiful crystalline solids in the tube), the mixture was then directly purified, without any workup, through a silica gel column by using ethyl acetate and petroleum ether as the eluent, affording benzamide **2a** in 94% isolated yield.

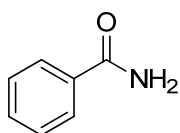
Additional Comments:

It should be noted that, no exothermic phenomenon could be observed when mixing **1a**, CsOH , and water at room temperature before addition of DMSO. In great contrast, slight but obvious exothermic phenomenon was observed upon addition of DMSO to the above mixture. Accordingly, no obvious formation of the product could be detected by TLC in the reaction at room temperature without DMSO (Table S1, run 25). On the contrary, slight but obvious exothermic phenomenon was

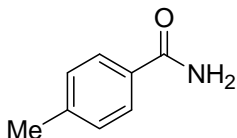
observed in reactions under the same condition upon addition of DMSO (Table S1, runs 23-24). Accordingly, hydration reactions occurred smoothly to give high yields of **2a**. Similarly, exothermic phenomena in varied degrees (from slight/weak to obvious/strong) were also observed in the reactions of other nitriles upon addition of DMSO.

All the above contrastive phenomena and results support that, the true catalyst of the reaction should not be the simple hydroxide anion OH^- derived from CsOH, but a more active new species generated *in situ* from CsOH and DMSO. Since DMSO can be easily deprotonated by bases to form equilibrational ambident dimethylsulfinyl anion (**I**) even at room temperature (ref 16 of the text), we deduce it might be the active catalyst for the reaction.

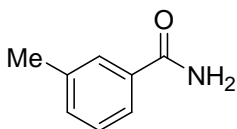
Characterization of the Products and References.



Benzamide. ^1H NMR (500 MHz, d_6 -DMSO): δ 8.01 (b, 1H), 7.88-7.86 (m, 2H), 7.54-7.51 (m, 1H), 7.47-7.44 (m, 2H), 7.39 (b, 1H). ^{13}C NMR (125.4 MHz, d_6 -DMSO): δ 168.0, 134.1, 131.2, 128.2, 127.4. MS (EI): m/z (%) 122 (6, M+1), 121 (86, M^+), 106 (8), 105 (100), 78 (12), 77 (83), 76 (6), 75 (4), 74 (6), 65 (2), 52 (6), 51 (35), 50 (20), 44 (8), 39 (6), 38 (4), 37 (3), 27 (4). This compound was known: Li, Z.; Wang, L.; Zhou, X. *Adv. Synth. Catal.* **2012**, 354, 584-588.

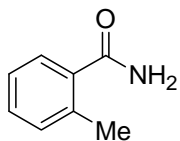


4-Methylbenzamide. ^1H NMR (500 MHz, d_6 -DMSO): δ 7.91 (b, 1H), 7.78 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 2H), 7.29 (b, 1H), 7.25 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 2H), 2.35 (s, 3H). ^{13}C NMR (125.4 MHz, d_6 -DMSO): δ 167.7, 141.0, 131.4, 128.7, 127.5, 20.9. MS (EI): m/z (%) 136 (5, M+1), 135 (60, M^+), 120 (8), 119 (100), 117 (3), 92 (5), 91 (74), 90 (8), 89 (10), 65 (33), 64 (4), 63 (13), 51 (9), 50 (6), 44 (12), 41 (5), 40 (9), 39 (20), 38 (4). This product was known: Li, Z.; Wang, L.; Zhou, X. *Adv. Synth. Catal.* **2012**, 354, 584-588.

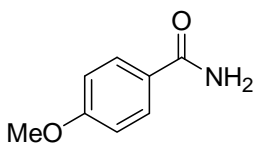


3-Methylbenzamide. ^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 7.65 (s, 1H), 7.59-7.57 (m, 1H), 7.34-7.30 (m, 2H), 6.19 (b, 2H), 2.39 (s, 3H). ^{13}C NMR (125.4 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 169.8, 138.5, 133.4, 132.7, 128.5, 128.1, 124.3, 21.3. MS (EI): m/z (%) 136 (6, M+1), 135 (63, M^+), 120 (9), 119 (100), 117 (4), 116 (2), 92 (6), 91 (77), 90 (5), 89 (7), 65 (18), 63 (6), 62 (2), 51(4), 44 (3), 39 (6). This product was

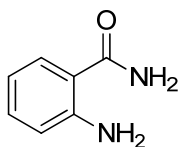
known: Li, Z.; Wang, L.; Zhou, X. *Adv. Synth. Catal.* **2012**, *354*, 584-588.



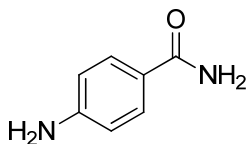
2-Methylbenzamide. ^1H NMR (500 MHz, d_6 -DMSO): δ 7.71 (b, 1H), 7.36-7.30 (m, 3H), 7.24-7.20 (m, 2H), 2.37 (s, 3H). ^{13}C NMR (125.4 MHz, d_6 -DMSO): δ 176.3, 142.3, 140.3, 135.7, 134.4, 132.2, 130.6, 24.8. MS (EI): m/z (%) 136 (6, M+1), 135 (66, M^+), 120 (9), 119 (99), 92 (8), 91 (100), 89 (14), 77 (4), 66 (3), 65 (42), 64 (6), 63 (21), 62 (10), 51 (12), 44 (18), 41 (5), 39 (28), 38 (6), 27 (4), 16 (3). This compound was known: Liu, Y. M.; Lin, H.; Fan, K. N. *ChemSusChem.* **2012**, *5*, 1392-1396.



4-Methoxybenzamide. ^1H NMR (500 MHz, d_6 -DMSO): δ 7.78 (d, $J = 8.5$ Hz, 2H), 7.74 (b, 1H), 7.08 (b, 1H), 6.91 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 2H), 3.74 (s, 3H). ^{13}C NMR (125.4 MHz, d_6 -DMSO): δ 167.9, 162.1, 129.8, 127.0, 113.9, 55.8. MS (EI): m/z (%) 152 (5, M+1), 151 (54, M^+), 136 (9), 135 (100), 108 (3), 107 (14), 92 (13), 77 (18), 65 (3), 64 (8), 63 (8), 50 (4), 44 (4), 39 (3), 38 (3), 15 (3). This product was known: Tu, T.; Wang, Z.; Liu, Z.; Feng, X.; Wang, Q. *Green. Chem.* **2012**, *14*, 921-924.

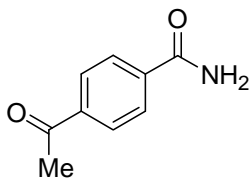


2-Aminobenzamide. ^1H NMR (500 MHz, d_6 -DMSO): δ 7.73 (b, 1H), 7.52 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 1H), 7.13 (t, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 1H), 7.07 (b, 1H), 6.67 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 1H), 6.57 (b, 2H), 6.48 (t, $J = 7.5$ Hz, 1H). ^{13}C NMR (125.4 MHz, d_6 -DMSO): δ 171.2, 150.2, 131.8, 128.7, 116.3, 114.3, 113.6. MS (EI): m/z (%) 137 (6, M+1), 136 (74, M^+), 120 (15), 119 (100), 118 (6), 93 (4), 92 (52), 91 (15), 66 (4), 65 (24), 64 (9), 63 (6), 52 (5), 39 (9). This product was known: Tu, T.; Wang, Z.; Liu, Z.; Feng, X.; Wang, Q. *Green. Chem.* **2012**, *14*, 921-924.

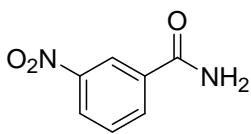


4-Aminobenzamide. ^1H NMR (500 MHz, d_6 -DMSO): δ 7.59 (d, $J = 8.5$ Hz, 2H), 7.53 (b, 1H), 6.84 (b, 1H), 6.53 (d, $J = 8.5$ Hz, 2H), 5.60 (b, 2H). ^{13}C NMR (125.4 MHz, d_6 -DMSO): δ 173.3, 156.9, 134.3, 126.2, 117.7. MS (EI): m/z (%) 137(6, M+1), 136 (75, M^+), 121 (8), 120 (100), 118 (3), 107

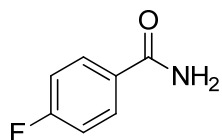
(4), 93 (4), 92 (40), 91 (5), 66 (6), 65 (37), 63 (6), 54 (6), 52 (4), 44 (4), 41 (4), 39 (13), 38 (4), 28 (4). This compound was known: Liu, Y. M.; Lin, H.; Fan, K. N. *ChemSusChem*. **2012**, *5*, 1392-1396.



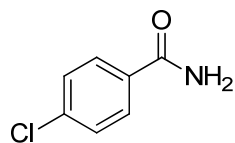
4-Acetylbenzamide. ^1H NMR (500 MHz, d_6 -DMSO): δ 8.15 (b, 1H), 8.02 (d, $J = 8.5$ Hz, 2H), 7.98 (d, $J = 8.5$ Hz, 2H), 7.56 (b, 1H), 2.62 (s, 3H). ^{13}C NMR (125.4 MHz, d_6 -DMSO): δ 203.0, 172.4, 143.9, 143.3, 133.3, 133.0, 32.1. MS (EI): m/z (%) 164 (7, $M+1$), 163 (66, M^+), 149 (10), 148 (100), 120 (28), 117 (4), 92 (4), 89 (5), 79 (11), 77 (7), 76 (4), 66 (6), 65 (13), 63 (6), 62 (7), 54 (4), 53 (4), 51 (6), 50 (4), 39 (3), 38 (3). This compound was known: Liu, Y. M.; Lin, H.; Fan, K. N. *ChemSusChem*. **2012**, *5*, 1392-1396.



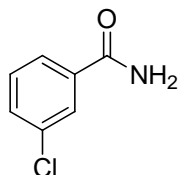
3-Nitrobenzamide. ^1H NMR (500 MHz, d_6 -DMSO): δ 8.69 (s, 1H), 8.39 (b, 1H), 8.36 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 2H), 8.31 (d, $J = 7.5$ Hz, 1H), 7.77 (m, 1H), 7.73 (b, 1H). ^{13}C NMR (125.4 MHz, d_6 -DMSO): δ 165.8, 147.8, 135.7, 133.8, 130.1, 125.9, 122.2. MS (EI): m/z (%) 167 (6, $M+1$), 166 (67, M^+), 151 (8), 150 (100), 105 (3), 104 (33), 92 (17), 77 (14), 76 (54), 75 (30), 74 (30), 73 (6), 65 (26), 64 (6), 63 (9), 62 (5), 53 (4), 51 (20), 50 (52), 46 (20), 44 (50), 39 (9), 38 (7), 37 (5), 30 (31). This product was known: Li, Z.; Wang, L.; Zhou, X. *Adv. Synth. Catal.* **2012**, *354*, 584-588.



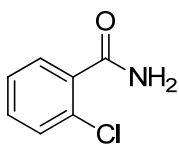
4-Fluorobenzamide. ^1H NMR (500 MHz, d_6 -DMSO): δ 8.02 (b, 1H), 7.96-7.93 (m, 2H), 7.41 (b, 1H), 7.28 (m, 2H). ^{13}C NMR (125.4 MHz, d_6 -DMSO): δ 166.9, 163.9 (d, $J_{\text{C-F}} = 248$ Hz), 130.6 (d, $J_{\text{C-F}} = 2.9$ Hz), 130.1 (d, $J_{\text{C-F}} = 9.0$ Hz), 115.1 (d, $J_{\text{C-F}} = 21.6$ Hz). MS (EI): m/z (%) 140 (6, $M+1$), 139 (62, M^+), 124 (8), 123 (100), 122 (2), 121 (5), 96 (10), 95 (80), 94 (8), 93 (3), 83 (3), 76 (4), 75 (35), 74 (10), 70 (4), 69 (8), 68 (6), 63 (4), 62 (3), 61 (3), 57 (4), 51 (7), 50 (14), 44 (11), 39 (3), 38 (3), 37 (4), 31 (3). This product was known: Tu, T.; Wang, Z.; Liu, Z.; Feng, X.; Wang, Q. *Green Chem.* **2012**, *14*, 921-924.



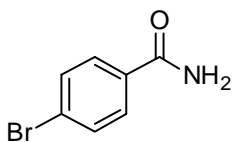
4-Chlorobenzamide. ^1H NMR (500 MHz, d_6 -DMSO): δ 8.07 (b, 1H), 7.91-7.88 (m, 2H), 7.53 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 2H), 7.49 (b, 1H). ^{13}C NMR (125.4 MHz, d_6 -DMSO): δ 166.8, 136.0, 133.0, 129.4, 128.3. MS (EI): m/z (%) 157 (16, M+2), 155 (50, M^+), 141 (29), 140 (8), 139 (100), 137 (8), 113 (16), 112 (5), 111 (51), 85 (4), 77 (5), 76 (8), 75 (35), 74 (15), 73 (5), 51 (10), 50 (21), 44 (10), 38 (5), 28 (4). This product was known: Li, Z.; Wang, L.; Zhou, X. *Adv. Synth. Catal.* **2012**, 354, 584-588.



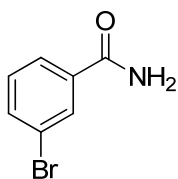
3-Chlorobenzamide. ^1H NMR (500 MHz, d_6 -DMSO): δ 8.10 (b, 1H), 7.92 (s, 1H), 7.84 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.60 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.54 (b, 1H), 7.50 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H). ^{13}C NMR (125.4 MHz, d_6 -DMSO): δ 166.4, 136.3, 133.1, 131.0, 130.2, 127.3, 126.1. MS (EI): m/z (%) 157 (19, M+2), 155 (53, M^+), 141 (27), 140 (11), 139 (100), 137 (9), 113 (16), 112 (5), 111 (51), 85 (5), 77 (7), 76 (9), 75 (35), 74 (15), 73 (5), 51 (10), 50 (23), 44 (9), 38 (4), 28 (3). This compound was known: Liu, Y. M.; Lin, H.; Fan, K. N. *ChemSusChem.* **2012**, 5, 1392-1396.



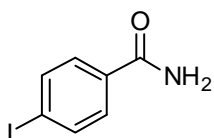
2-Chlorobenzamide. ^1H NMR (500 MHz, d_6 -DMSO): δ 7.94 (b, 1H), 7.66 (b, 1H), 7.55-7.53 (m, 1H), 7.51-7.46 (m, 2H), 7.45-7.42 (m, 1H). ^{13}C NMR (125.4 MHz, d_6 -DMSO): δ 168.1, 137.1, 130.5, 129.58, 129.56, 128.6, 127.0. MS (EI): m/z (%) 157 (18, M+2), 156 (4, M+1), 155 (58, M^+), 142 (2), 141 (32), 140 (8), 139 (100), 113 (12), 112 (6), 111 (38), 85 (3), 77 (9), 76 (8), 75 (26), 74 (8), 51 (9), 50 (16), 44 (11), 38 (4), 37 (3). This product was known: Li, Z.; Wang, L.; Zhou, X. *Adv. Synth. Catal.* **2012**, 354, 584-588.



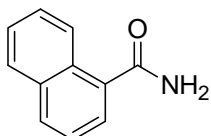
4-Bromobenzamide. ^1H NMR (500 MHz, d_6 -DMSO): δ 8.07 (d, 1H), 7.82 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 7.67 (d, J = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 7.49 (b, 1H). ^{13}C NMR (125.4 MHz, d_6 -DMSO): δ 166.9, 133.3, 131.2, 129.5, 125.0. MS (EI): m/z (%) 201 (51, M+2), 199 (53, M^+), 185 (94), 184 (7), 183 (100), 157 (37), 155 (38), 77 (20), 76 (46), 75 (45), 74 (26), 73 (6), 65 (6), 51 (22), 50 (67), 49 (6), 44 (25). This product was known: Tu, T.; Wang, Z.; Liu, Z.; Feng, X.; Wang, Q. *Green. Chem.* **2012**, 14, 921-924.



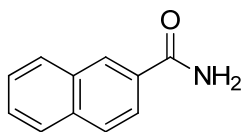
3-Bromobenzamide. ^1H NMR (500 MHz, d_6 -DMSO): δ 8.11 (b, 1H), 8.06-8.05 (m, 1H), 7.89-7.87 (m, 1H), 7.73-7.71 (m, 1H), 7.53 (b, 1H), 7.43 (t, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 1H). ^{13}C NMR (125.4 MHz, d_6 -DMSO): δ 171.6, 141.7, 139.2, 135.7, 135.4, 131.8, 126.8. MS (EI): m/z (%) 202 (5), 201 (58, $M+2$), 200 (5, $M+1$), 199 (59, M^+), 186 (8), 185 (96), 184 (8), 183 (100), 157 (31), 156 (4), 155 (32), 139 (6), 102 (3), 77 (17), 76 (26), 75 (25), 74 (11), 65 (4), 51 (11), 50 (26), 44 (12), 38 (6), 37 (4). This compound was known: Liu, Y. M.; Lin, H.; Fan, K. N. *ChemSusChem*. **2012**, *5*, 1392-1396.



4-Iodobenzamide. ^1H NMR (500 MHz, d_6 -DMSO): δ 8.03 (b, 1H), 7.84 (d, $J = 8.5$ Hz, 2H), 7.66 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 2H), 7.44 (b, 1H). ^{13}C NMR (125.4 MHz, d_6 -DMSO): δ 167.2, 137.1, 133.7, 129.4, 98.8. MS (EI): m/z (%) 248 (8, $M+1$), 247 (100, M^+), 232 (4), 231 (72), 203 (29), 127 (5), 104 (5), 103 (4), 92 (3), 77 (8), 76 (38), 75 (12), 74 (13), 73 (3), 65 (7), 56 (4), 51 (9), 50 (28), 44 (13). This compound was known: Sahnoun, S.; Messaoudi, S.; Peyrat, J.-F.; Brion, J.-D. *Tetrahedron Lett.* **2012**, *53*, 2860-2863.

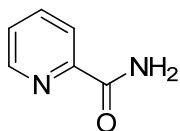


1-Naphthamide. ^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 8.43 (d, $J = 8.5$ Hz, 1H), 7.95 (d, $J = 8.5$ Hz, 1H), 7.88 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 1H), 7.71 (d, $J = 7.0$ Hz, 1H), 7.60-7.53 (m, 2H), 7.49-7.46 (m, 1H), 5.96 (b, 1H). ^{13}C NMR (125.4 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 171.3, 133.7, 133.1, 131.2, 130.0, 128.3, 127.3, 126.5, 125.4, 125.3, 124.6. MS (EI): m/z (%) 172 (9, $M+1$), 171 (72, M^+), 170 (26), 156 (9), 155 (75), 154 (7), 153 (4), 128 (15), 127 (100), 126 (28), 125.4 (3), 115 (9), 101 (9), 85 (4), 77 (12), 76 (5), 75 (10), 63 (12), 51 (8), 50 (6), 44 (4). This product was known: Tu, T.; Wang, Z.; Liu, Z.; Feng, X.; Wang, Q. *Green. Chem.* **2012**, *14*, 921-924.

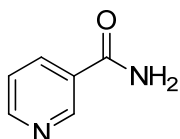


2-Naphthamide. ^1H NMR (500 MHz, d_6 -DMSO): δ 8.49 (s, 1H), 8.15 (b, 1H), 8.01 (d, $J = 7.5$ Hz,

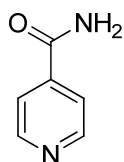
1H), 7.99-7.95 (m, 3H), 7.64-7.58 (m, 2H), 7.47 (b, 1H). ¹³C NMR (125.4 MHz, *d*₆-DMSO): δ 168.0, 134.1, 132.1, 131.7, 128.8, 127.8, 127.7, 127.6, 127.5, 126.6, 124.4. MS (EI): m/z (%) 172 (9, M+1), 171 (71, M⁺), 170 (23), 156 (10), 155 (73), 154 (8), 153 (7), 128 (15), 127 (100), 126 (28), 125.4 (3), 115 (11), 101 (8), 85 (5), 77 (14), 76 (5), 75 (13), 63 (12), 51 (8), 50 (6), 44 (3). This compound was known: Wu, X.-F.; Sharif, M.; Feng, J.-B.; Neumann, H.; Langerb, P.; Beller, M. *Green. Chem.* **2013**, *15*, 1956-1961.



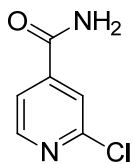
Picolinamide. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, *d*₆-DMSO): δ 8.64-8.62 (m, 1H), 8.16 (b, 1H), 8.06-8.04 (m, 1H), 8.00-7.97 (m, 1H), 7.67 (b, 1H), 7.60-7.57(m, 1H). ¹³C NMR (125.4 MHz, *d*₆-DMSO): δ 166.0, 150.3, 148.4, 137.6, 126.4, 121.9. MS (EI): m/z (%) 123 (2, M+1), 122 (29, M⁺), 80 (6), 79 (100), 78 (34), 76 (5), 53 (7), 52 (50), 51 (39), 50 (20), 49 (5), 44 (19), 39 (8), 38 (6), 37 (4), 28 (7), 27 (8), 26 (7), 16 (5). This product was known: Tamura, M.; Wakasugi, H.; Shimizu, K.; Satsuma, A. *Chem. Eur. J.* **2011**, *17*, 11428-11431.



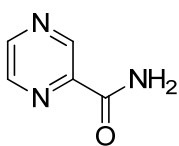
Nicotinamide. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, *d*₆-DMSO): δ 9.04-9.03 (m, 1H), 8.71 (dd, *J* = 1.5, *J* = 5.0 Hz, 1H), 8.22-8.20 (m, 1H), 8.18 (b, 1H), 7.63 (b, 1H), 7.52-7.49 (m, 1H). ¹³C NMR (125.4 MHz, *d*₆-DMSO): δ 166.4, 151.9, 148.6, 135.1, 129.6, 123.4. MS (EI): m/z (%) 123 (8, M+1), 122 (100, M⁺), 106 (60), 105 (6), 104 (3), 94 (3), 79 (8), 78 (69), 77 (7), 76 (3), 75 (2), 53 (3), 52 (12), 51 (30), 50 (13), 49 (2), 44 (8), 39 (3), 38 (2). This product was known: Li, Z.; Wang, L.; Zhou, X. *Adv. Synth. Catal.* **2012**, *354*, 584-588.



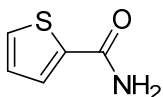
Isonicotinamide. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, *d*₆-DMSO): δ 8.72 (d, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 2H), 8.27 (b, 1H), 7.77 (d, *J* = 4.5 Hz, 2H), 7.76 (b, 1H). ¹³C NMR (125.4 MHz, *d*₆-DMSO): δ 166.3, 150.2, 141.2, 121.4. MS (EI): m/z (%) 123 (8, M+1), 122 (100, M⁺), 107 (2), 106 (40), 79 (12), 78 (56), 77 (2), 53 (2), 52 (15), 51 (36), 50 (14), 49 (2), 44 (13), 39 (3), 28 (3), 26 (2). This product was known: Tu, T.; Wang, Z.; Liu, Z.; Feng, X.; Wang, Q. *Green. Chem.* **2012**, *14*, 921-924.



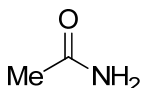
2-Chloroisonicotinamide. ^1H NMR (500 MHz, d_6 -DMSO): δ 8.56 (d, $J = 5.0$ Hz, 1H), 8.33 (b, 1H), 7.88 (b, 2H), 7.78 (dd, $J = 5.5$, $J = 1.5$ Hz, 1H). ^{13}C NMR (125.4 MHz, d_6 -DMSO): δ 164.8, 150.9, 150.6, 144.9, 122.1, 121.0. MS (EI): m/z (%) 158 (20, $M+2$), 157 (9, $M+1$), 156 (75, M^+), 142 (30), 141 (7), 140 (100), 114 (16), 112 (48), 85 (14), 78 (9), 76 (19), 75 (4), 51 (15), 50 (19), 44(18), 28 (6). This product was known: Sahnoun, S.; Messaoudi, S.; Peyrat, J.; Brion, J.; Alami, M. *Tetrahedron Lett.* **2012**, 53, 2860-2863



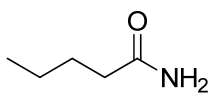
Pyrazine-2-Carboxamide. ^1H NMR (500 MHz, d_6 -DMSO): δ 9.20 (d, $J = 1.5$ Hz, 1H), 8.86 (d, $J = 2.5$ Hz, 1H), 8.72 (dd, $J = 2.5$, $J = 1.5$ Hz, 1H), 8.29 (b, 1H), 7.89 (b, 1H). ^{13}C NMR (125.4 MHz, d_6 -DMSO): δ 165.0, 147.4, 145.1, 143.6, 143.4. MS (EI): m/z (%) 124 (7, $M+1$), 123 (100, M^+), 81 (4), 80 (80), 79 (18), 54 (2), 53 (51), 52 (32), 51 (9), 44 (18), 40 (2), 28 (12), 26 (15). This product was known: Tamura, M.; Wakasugi, H.; Shimizu, K.; Satsuma, A. *Chem. Eur. J.* **2011**, 17, 11428-11431.



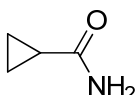
Thiophene-2-Carboxamide. ^1H NMR (500 MHz, d_6 -DMSO): δ 8.03 (b, 1H), 7.80 (d, $J = 4.5$ Hz, 2H), 7.45 (b, 1H), 7.19 (t, $J = 7.5$ Hz, 1H). ^{13}C NMR (125.4 MHz, d_6 -DMSO): δ 162.8, 140.3, 130.9, 128.6, 127.9. MS (EI): m/z (%) 129 (4, $M+2$), 128 (5, $M+1$), 127(75, M^+), 113 (6), 112 (7), 111 (100), 83 (13), 82 (8), 81 (7), 58 (13), 57 (18), 54 (4), 53 (4), 50 (5), 45 (19), 44 (18), 39 (60), 38 (10). This product was known: Rocío, G.-Á.; Josefina, D.; Pascale, C.; Victorio, C. *Organometallics.* **2011**, 30, 5442-5451.



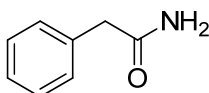
Acetamide. ^1H NMR (500 MHz, d_6 -DMSO): δ 7.30 (b, 1H), 6.70 (b, 1H), 1.76 (s, 3H). ^{13}C NMR (125.4 MHz, d_6 -DMSO): δ 176.9, 27.7. MS (EI): m/z (%) 59 (M^+). This product was known: Li, Z.; Wang, L.; Zhou, X. *Adv. Synth. Catal.* **2012**, 354, 584-588.



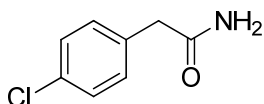
Pentanamide. ^1H NMR (500 MHz, d_6 -DMSO): δ 7.24 (b, 1H), 6.70 (b, 1H), 2.03 (t, $J = 7.5$ Hz, 2H), 1.49-1.43 (m, 2H), 1.30-1.22 (m, 2H), 0.87 (t, $J = 7.5$ Hz, 3H). ^{13}C NMR (125.4 MHz, d_6 -DMSO): δ 174.3, 34.8, 27.2, 21.8, 13.7. MS (EI): m/z (%) 86 (7), 85 (5), 73 (4), 72 (18), 60 (8), 59 (100), 57 (16), 55 (9), 44 (30), 43 (7), 42 (6), 41 (10), 39 (5), 29 (19), 28 (9). This product was known: Das, R.; Chakraborty, D. *Catal. Commun.* **2012**, *26*, 48-53.



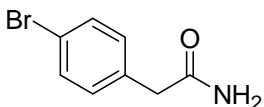
Cyclopropanecarboxamide. ^1H NMR (500 MHz, d_6 -DMSO): δ 7.53 (b, 1H), 6.78 (b, 1H), 1.53-1.48 (m, 1H), 0.64-0.61 (m, 4H). ^{13}C NMR (125.4 MHz, d_6 -DMSO): δ 174.6, 13.2, 6.2. MS (EI): m/z (%) 85 (8, M^+), 84 (61), 69 (25), 68 (8), 54 (5), 44 (100), 43 (8), 42 (41), 41 (70), 40 (14), 39 (90), 38 (27), 37 (15), 28 (26), 27 (26), 26 (12), 16 (17), 15 (9), 14 (8). This product was known: Jiang, D.; Yuan, F.; Jiang, B.; Li, C. *Faming Zhuanli Shenqing.* **2011**, CN, 102249949 A 20111123.



2-Phenylacetamide. ^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 7.48 (b, 1H), 7.32-7.26 (m, 4H), 7.24-7.21 (m, 1H), 6.89 (b, 1H), 3.38 (s, 2H). ^{13}C NMR (125.4 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 172.2, 136.5, 129.0, 128.1, 126.2, 42.2. MS (EI): m/z (%) 135 (18, M^+), 93 (7), 92 (92), 91 (100), 90 (5), 89 (8), 65 (27), 64 (9), 63 (11), 51 (5), 50 (6), 44 (11), 41 (3), 39 (14), 38 (5). This product was known: Li, Z.; Wang, L.; Zhou, X. *Adv. Synth. Catal.* **2012**, *354*, 584-588.

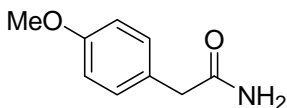


2-(4-Chlorophenyl)acetamide. ^1H NMR (500 MHz, d_6 -DMSO): δ 7.50 (b, 1H), 7.36-7.35 (m, 2H), 7.28 (d, $J = 8.5$ Hz, 2H), 6.93 (b, 1H), 3.37 (s, 2H). ^{13}C NMR (125.4 MHz, d_6 -DMSO): δ 171.8, 135.5, 131.0, 130.90, 128.0, 41.3. MS (EI): m/z (%) 158 (14), 156 (41), 128 (15), 127 (24), 126 (46), 125 (63), 112 (4), 99 (6), 92 (8), 91 (100), 90 (9), 89 (6), 77 (16), 65 (15), 63 (9), 51 (6), 39 (7), 31 (17). This product was known: Khodaei, M. M.; Nazari, E. *Tetrahedron Lett.* **2012**, *53*, 2881-2884.

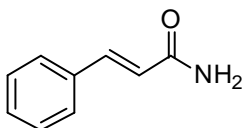


2-(4-Bromophenyl)acetamide. ^1H NMR (500 MHz, d_6 -DMSO): δ 7.50-7.48 (m, 3H), 7.22 (d, $J = 8.5$ Hz, 2H), 6.93 (b, 1H), 3.36 (s, 2H). ^{13}C NMR (125.4 MHz, d_6 -DMSO): δ 171.7, 135.9, 131.3,

130.9, 119.4, 41.4. MS (EI): m/z (%) 215 (27, M+2), 213 (28, M⁺), 174 (7), 173 (96), 172 (11), 171 (100), 145 (8), 143 (8), 119 (5), 92 (44), 91 (22), 90 (9), 75 (6), 65 (31), 64 (20), 63 (35), 62 (12), 61 (5), 52 (6), 50 (10), 43 (70), 39 (14), 38 (12), 28 (3). This product was known: Yoshimura, A.; Middleton, K. R.; Luedtke, M. W.; Zhu, C. J.; Zhdankin, V. *J. Org. Chem.* **2012**, *77*, 11399-11404.



2-(4-Methoxyphenyl)acetamide. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, *d*₆-DMSO): δ 7.39 (b, 1H), 7.17 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 6.86 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 6.82 (b, 1H), 3.73 (s, 3H), 3.29 (s, 2H). ¹³C NMR (125.4 MHz, *d*₆-DMSO): δ 172.6, 157.8, 130.0, 128.4, 113.6, 55.0, 41.3. MS (EI): m/z (%) 166 (2, M+1), 165 (20, M⁺), 122 (12), 121 (100), 107 (4), 91 (8), 89 (4), 78 (12), 77 (16), 65 (4), 63 (4), 52 (6), 51 (8), 50 (4), 44 (8), 39 (4). This product was known: Yoshimura, A.; Middleton, K. R.; Luedtke, M. W.; Zhu, C. J.; Zhdankin, V. *J. Org. Chem.* **2012**, *77*, 11399-11404.



Cinnamamide. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, *d*₆-DMSO): δ 7.58-7.56 (m, 3H), 7.45-7.38 (m, 4H), 7.14 (b, 1H), 6.62 (d, *J* = 16.0 Hz, 1H). ¹³C NMR (125.4 MHz, *d*₆-DMSO): δ 166.7, 139.1, 134.9, 129.4, 128.9, 127.5, 122.3. MS (EI): m/z (%) 148 (6, M+1), 147 (59, M⁺), 146 (100), 131 (60), 130 (22), 129 (65), 128 (19), 104 (12), 103 (80), 102 (35), 78 (12), 77 (49), 76 (10), 63 (11), 51 (32), 50 (13), 44 (11), 39 (7). This product was known: Li, Z.; Wang, L.; Zhou, X. *Adv. Synth. Catal.* **2012**, *354*, 584-588.

Mechanistic studies and Secondary Mass Analysis of ¹⁶O- and ¹⁸O-Isotopic Products:

1. Quality report of commercial ¹⁸O-H₂O (¹⁸O: 98%):



Huayi Isotopes Co.

The leading manufacturer of Oxygen 18 Water & PET Precursors

Certificate of Analysis

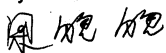
Product Name: Oxygen-18 Water 98 %
CAS No.: [14314-42-2]
Lot No.: WT-121201
Manufacturing Date: Dec 2012
Expiry Date: Dec 2014

Test	Method	Specifications	Results	Units
Isotopic composition				
O ₁₈	MS	>98.00	98.03	Atom %
O ₁₇	MS	<1.00	0.52	Atom %
O ₁₆	MS	<2.00	1.45	Atom %
Deuterium(D)		Normalized	Normalized	
Chemical composition				
Chemical Purity		>99.9	99.99	%
Sodium (Na ⁺)	ICP-MS	<0.1	0.014	mg/L
Potassium (K ⁺)	ICP-MS	<0.1	0.004	mg/L
Calcium (Ca ²⁺)	ICP-MS	<0.05	0.01	mg/L
Magnesium (Mg ²⁺)	ICP-MS	<0.05	0.0002	mg/L
Iron (Fe ²⁺)	ICP-MS	<0.05	0.005	mg/L
Copper (Cu ²⁺)	ICP-MS	<0.05	0.0009	mg/L
Zinc (Zn ²⁺)	ICP-MS	<0.05	0.0012	mg/L
Fluoride (F ⁻)	IC	<0.1	<0.01	mg/L
Chloride (Cl ⁻)	IC	<0.5	<0.02	mg/L
Bromide (Br ⁻)	IC	<0.5	<0.04	mg/L
Iodide (I ⁻)	IC	<0.5	<0.03	mg/L
Nitrate (NO ₃ ⁻)	IC	<0.5	<0.05	mg/L
Sulfur (SO ₄ ²⁻)	IC	<0.5	<0.1	mg/L
Phosphate (PO ₄ ³⁻)	IC	<0.5	<0.1	mg/L
Ammonium (NH ₄ ⁺)	IC	<0.5	<0.1	mg/L
Total Organic Carbon (TOC)	TOC	<1.0	0.97	mg/L
Appearance				
Appearance	Organoleptic	Clear and colorless liquid	Clear and colorless liquid	
PH	PH meter	6.0 -8.0	7.65	
Conductivity	Cond. meter	<1.00	0.95	µS/cm
Pyrogen	LAL	<0.25	<0.03	I.U./ml
Sterility	USP	Sterile	Sterile	

Note

- > Manufactured according to requirements of cGMP, ISO 9001:2008 and ISO 14001:2004.
- > Store the product at room temperature.
- > For use by qualified personnel only.

Quality Control

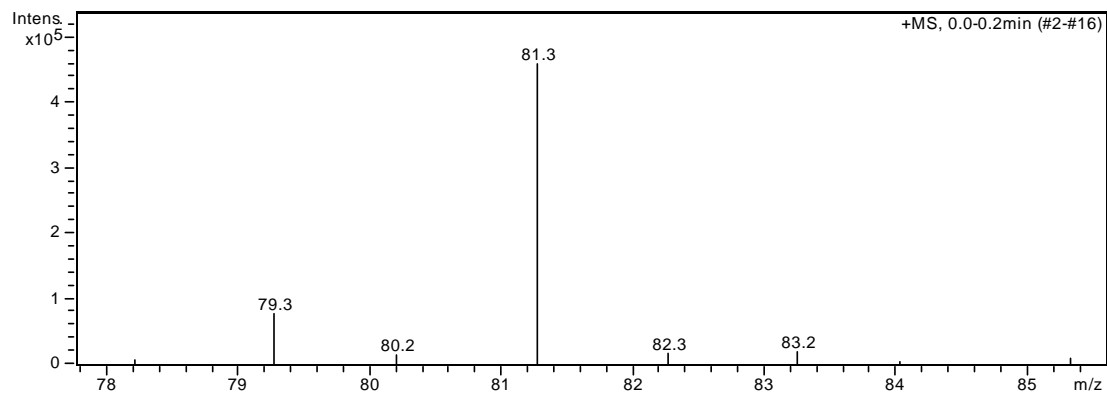

Wanwan Liang Date: 2012.12.18

Quality Assurance


Dr. Zhihong Xu Date: 2012.12.18

2. Preparation of ^{18}O -DMSO and Purity Determination of by Secondary Mass Analysis:

^{18}O -DMSO was prepared according to the literature method (Fenselau, A. H.; Moffatt, J. G. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **1966**, *88*, 1762) by using above commercial ^{18}O - H_2O (98%) and then its purity determined by secondary mass.

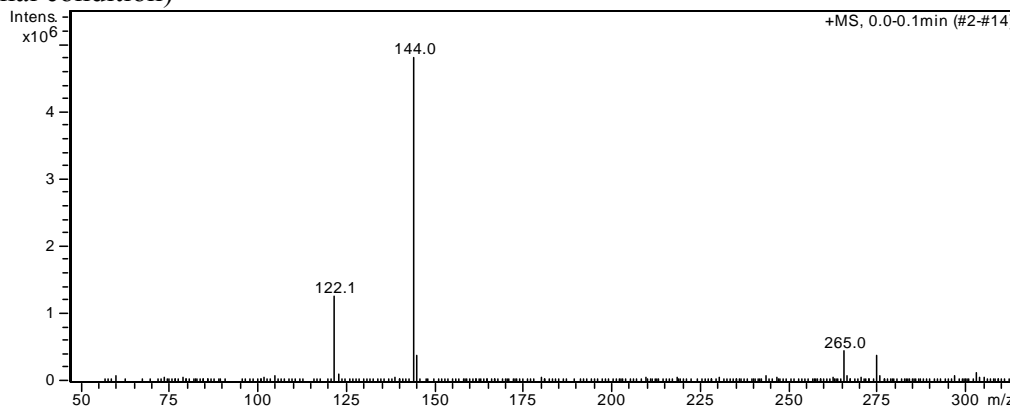


m/z	Intensity	Ratio%	O%	DMSO	DMSO%
79.3	74910	0.76	14.02	^{16}O -DMSO	14
81.3	456707	4.66	85.98	^{18}O -DMSO	86

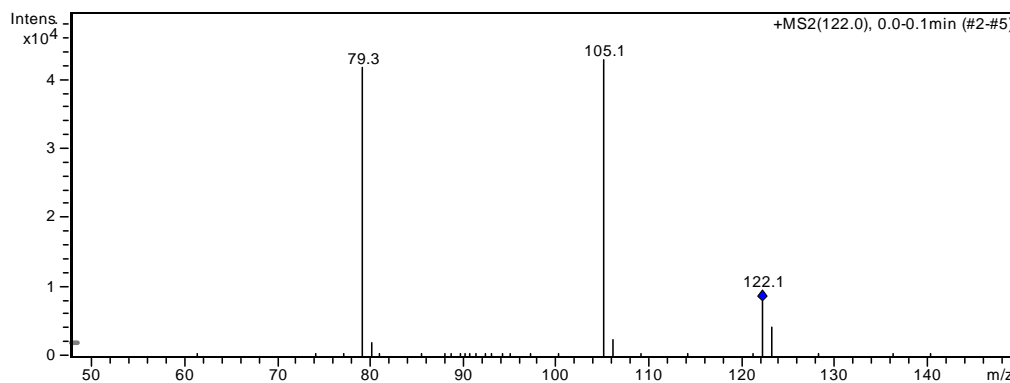
3. Comparison of PhCONH₂ (2a) obtained from hydration reactions of PhCN (1a) using ¹⁶O- or ¹⁸O-DMSO and ¹⁶O-H₂O.

3.1 ¹⁶O-PhCONH₂ (2a) obtained under standard conditions using normal ¹⁶O-DMSO and normal ¹⁶O-H₂O.

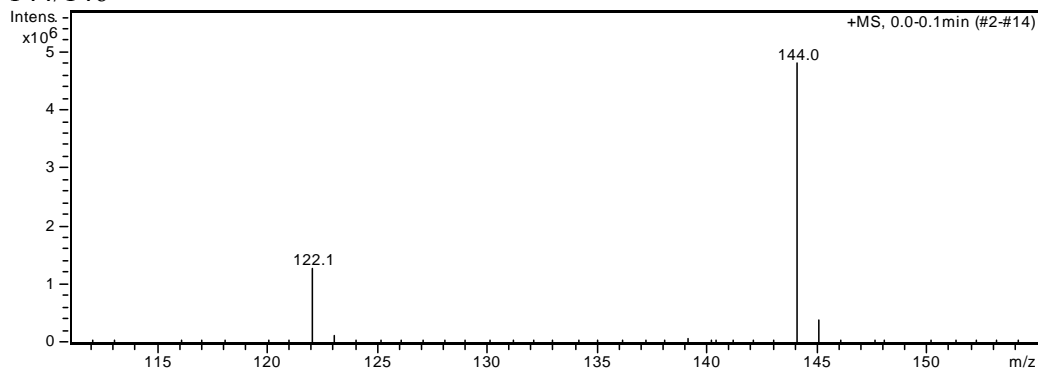
MS (original condition)



2+MS

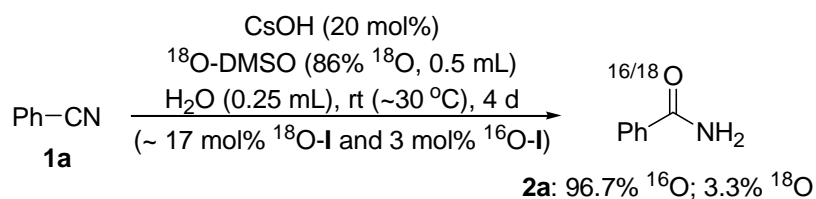


122/124, 144/146

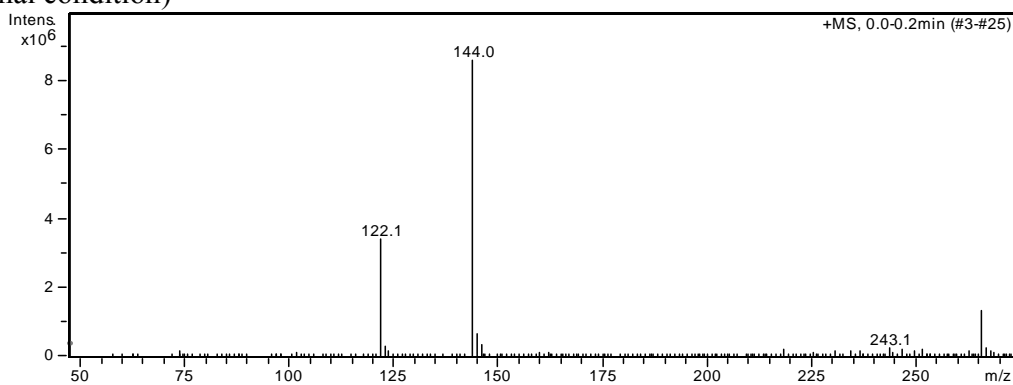


m/z	Intensity	Ratio	O%	PhCONH ₂	PhCONH ₂ %
122.1	1231244	25.83	¹⁶ O: 100	¹⁶ O-PhCONH ₂ + H	100
124.1	0		¹⁸ O: 0	¹⁸ O-PhCONH ₂ + H	0
144.0	4765954	100	¹⁶ O: 100	¹⁶ O-PhCONH ₂ + Na	100
146.0	0		¹⁸ O: 0	¹⁸ O-PhCONH ₂ + Na	0

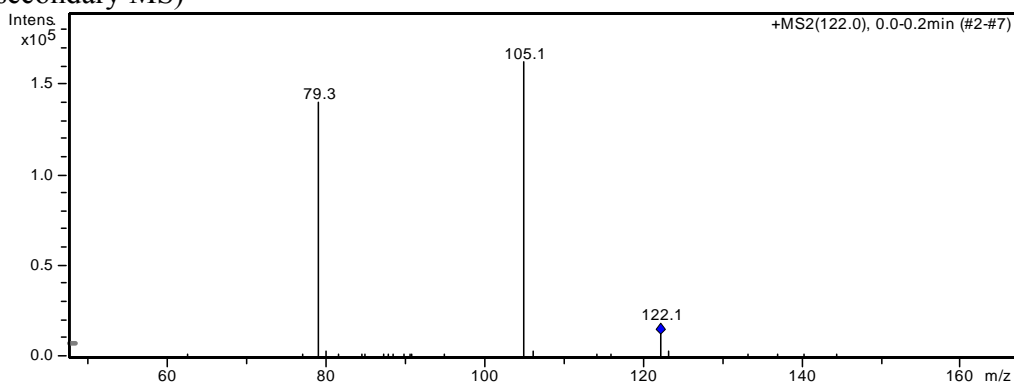
3.2 $^{16/18}\text{O}$ -PhCONH₂ (**2a**) obtained from hydration reaction using ^{18}O -DMSO (86% ^{18}O) and normal ^{16}O -H₂O at room temperature.



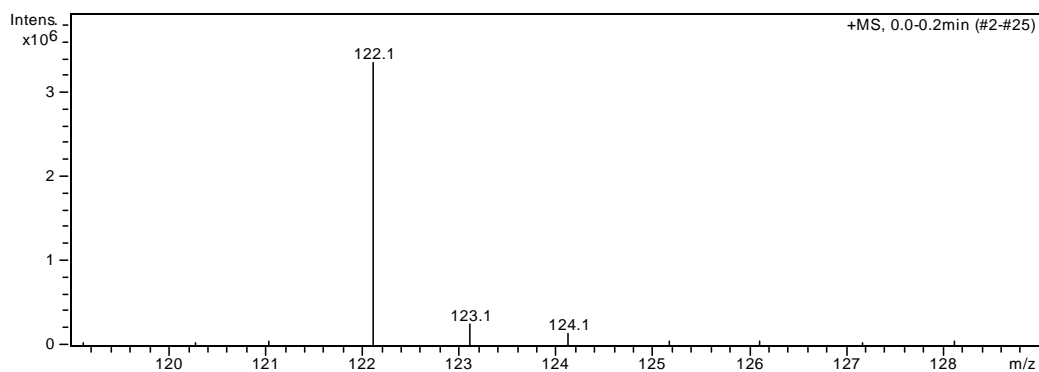
MS (original condition)



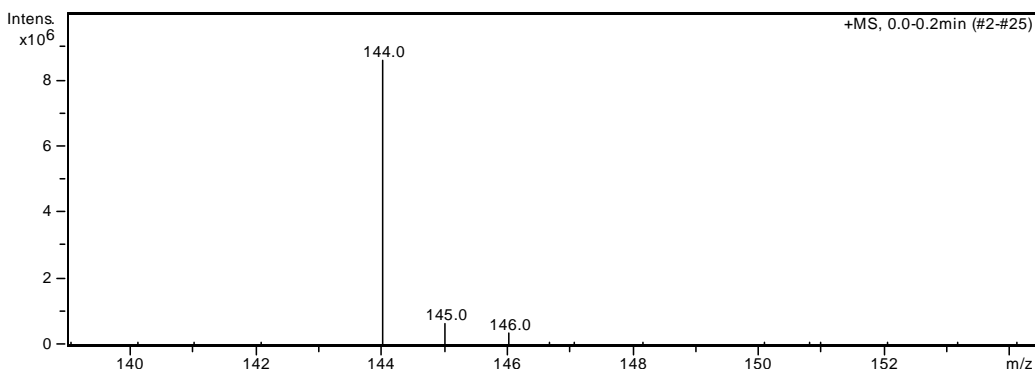
2+MS (secondary MS)



122/124



144/146



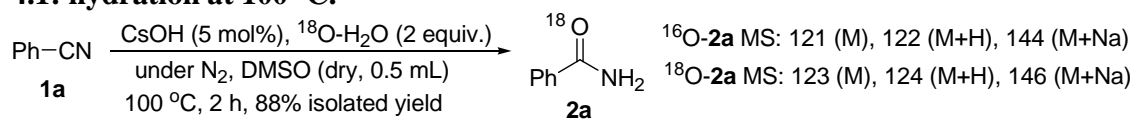
m/z	Intensity	Ratio %	O%	PhCONH ₂	PhCONH ₂ %
122.1	3336790	39.22	¹⁶ O: 96.67	¹⁶ O-PhCONH ₂ + H	96.7
124.1	115190	1.35	¹⁸ O: 3.33	¹⁸ O-PhCONH ₂ + H	3.3
144.0	8508856	100	¹⁶ O: 96.61	¹⁶ O-PhCONH ₂ + Na	96.6
146.0	298392	3.51	¹⁸ O: 3.39	¹⁸ O-PhCONH ₂ + Na	3.4

3.3 Comparison and Tentative Conclusion:

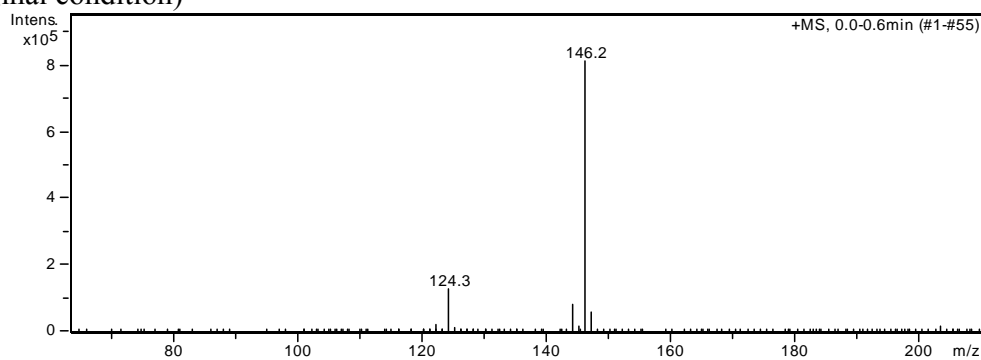
In the case of a normal sample of **2a** (results in section 3.1), since no any ¹⁸O sources were available in the reaction, secondary mass analysis showed that it contains no ¹⁸O-**2a** at all. In contrast, by using prepared ¹⁸O-DMSO (containing 86% ¹⁸O), the product obtained was determined to contain 3.3% ¹⁸O-**2a** as analyzed by secondary mass (results in section 3.2). Addition of 20 mol% CsOH equals to generation of at best ~17 mol% ¹⁸O-dimethylsulfinyl anion (**I**) and ~3 mol% ¹⁶O-**I** as catalysts, which may suggested that a considerable extent of ¹⁸O-DMSO-participated reaction have occurred. Since ¹⁸O-DMSO is the only ¹⁸O source in the reaction, this amount of ¹⁸O-**2a** must have been generated from the reaction of ¹⁸O-DMSO. Since O-attack reactions of DMSO and other sulfoxides toward various electrophiles and O-transfer reactions have been the common reactions among DMSO and other sulfoxides (ref. 18 of the text), *the only explanation for the formation of ¹⁸O-2a is that an O-transfer reaction from DMSO to 1a have occurred to give ¹⁸O-2a (path a in Scheme 1 of the text) in the present nitrile hydration reaction.*

4. Direct hydration reactions of PhCN (1a) with ^{18}O -H $_2\text{O}$ and secondary mass analysis of product benzamide (2a).

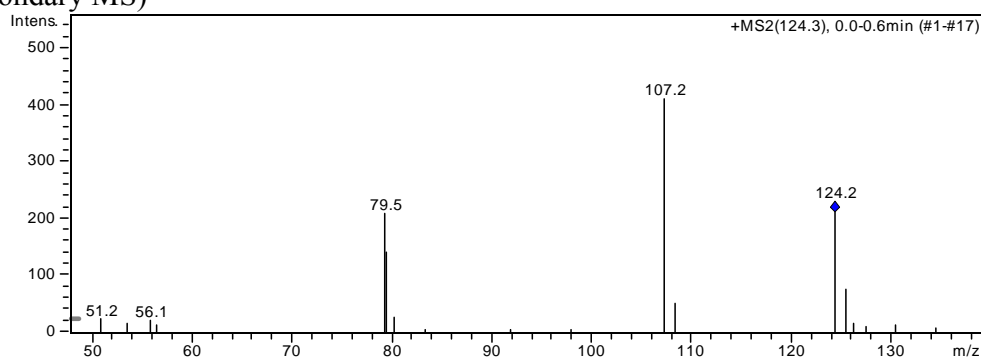
4.1: hydration at 100 °C.



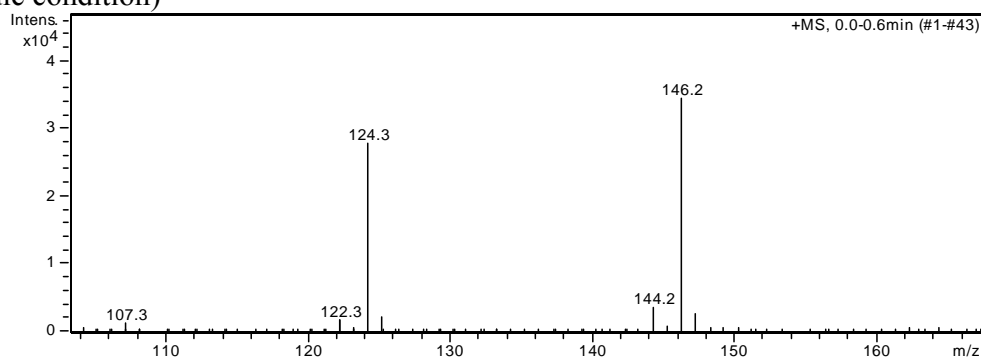
MS-1 (original condition)



2+MS (secondary MS)

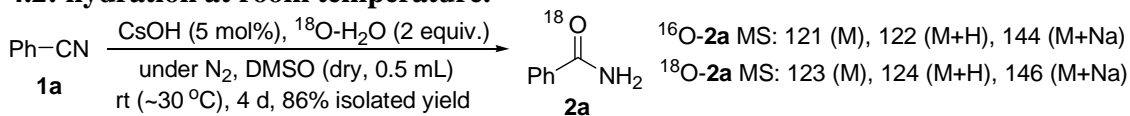


MS-2 (acidic condition)

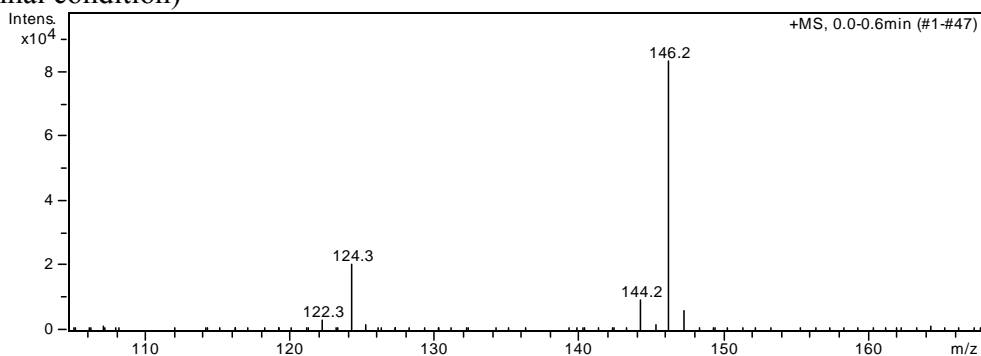


m/z	Intensity	Ratio (%)	O%
122.3 (^{16}O : M+H)	1587	4.67	^{16}O : 5.5
124.3 (^{18}O : M+H)	27359	80.43	^{18}O : 94.5
144.2 (^{16}O : M+Na)	3251	9.56	^{16}O : 8.7
146.2 (^{18}O : M+Na)	34017	100	^{18}O : 91.3

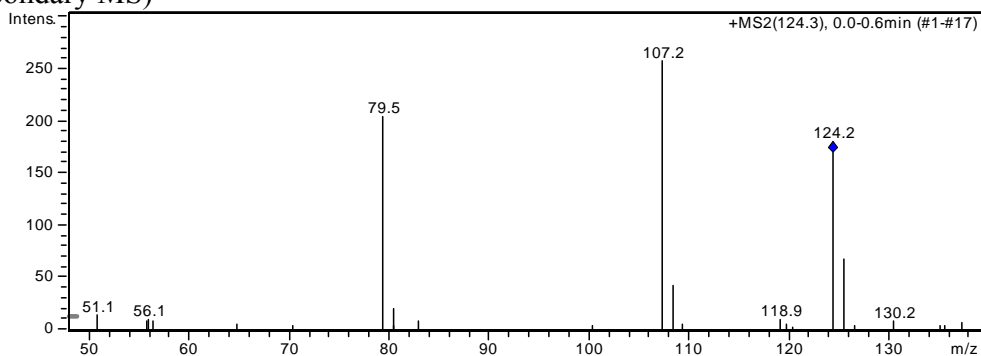
4.2: hydration at room temperature.



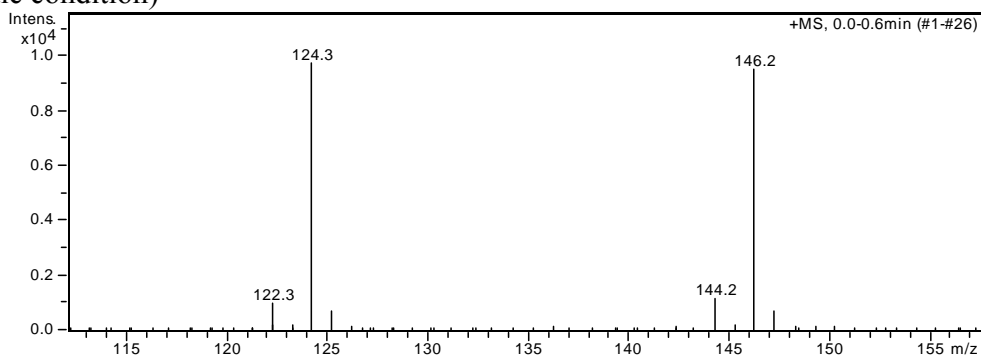
MS-1 (original condition)



2+ MS (secondary MS)



MS-2 (acidic condition)

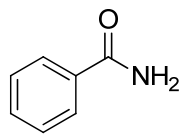


m/z	Intensity	Ratio (%)	O%	VS reaction at 100 °C
122.3 (^{16}O : M+H)	922	9.64	^{16}O : 8.8	60% increase
124.3 (^{18}O : M+H)	9560	100	^{18}O : 91.2	
144.2 (^{16}O : M+Na)	1056	11.05	^{16}O : 10.2	17% increase
146.2 (^{18}O : M+Na)	9289	97.17	^{18}O : 89.8	

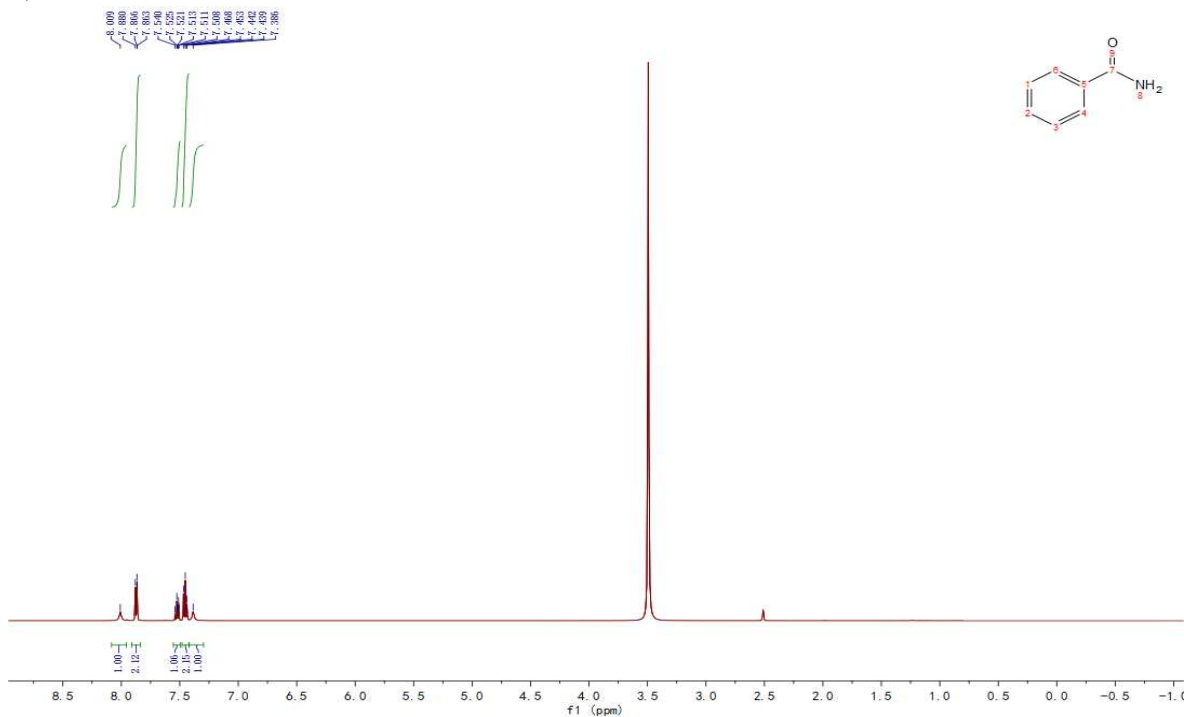
4.3 Comparison and Tentative Conclusion:

In the above two parallel reactions, ^{16}O -DMSO-participated indirect hydration of **1a** involving ^{16}O -transfer from ^{16}O -DMSO to **1a** to give ^{16}O -**2a** increased by 17~60% from the reaction at 100 °C (reaction 4.1) to the reaction at room temperature (reaction 4.2). This is most possibly due to the lower reactivity of ^{18}O - H_2O toward **1a** at room temperature than the one at higher temperature, and stronger interaction between ^{16}O -dimethylsulfinyl anion (**I**) and **1a**, which consequently led to more effective O-attack of ^{16}O -**I** at **1a** to give enhanced yields of ^{16}O -**2a** at room temperature. *These results also support that DMSO-participated indirect hydration process involving O-transfer from DMSO to nitriles to give amides (path a in Scheme 1 of the text) is a possible process in the present nitrile hydration reaction.*

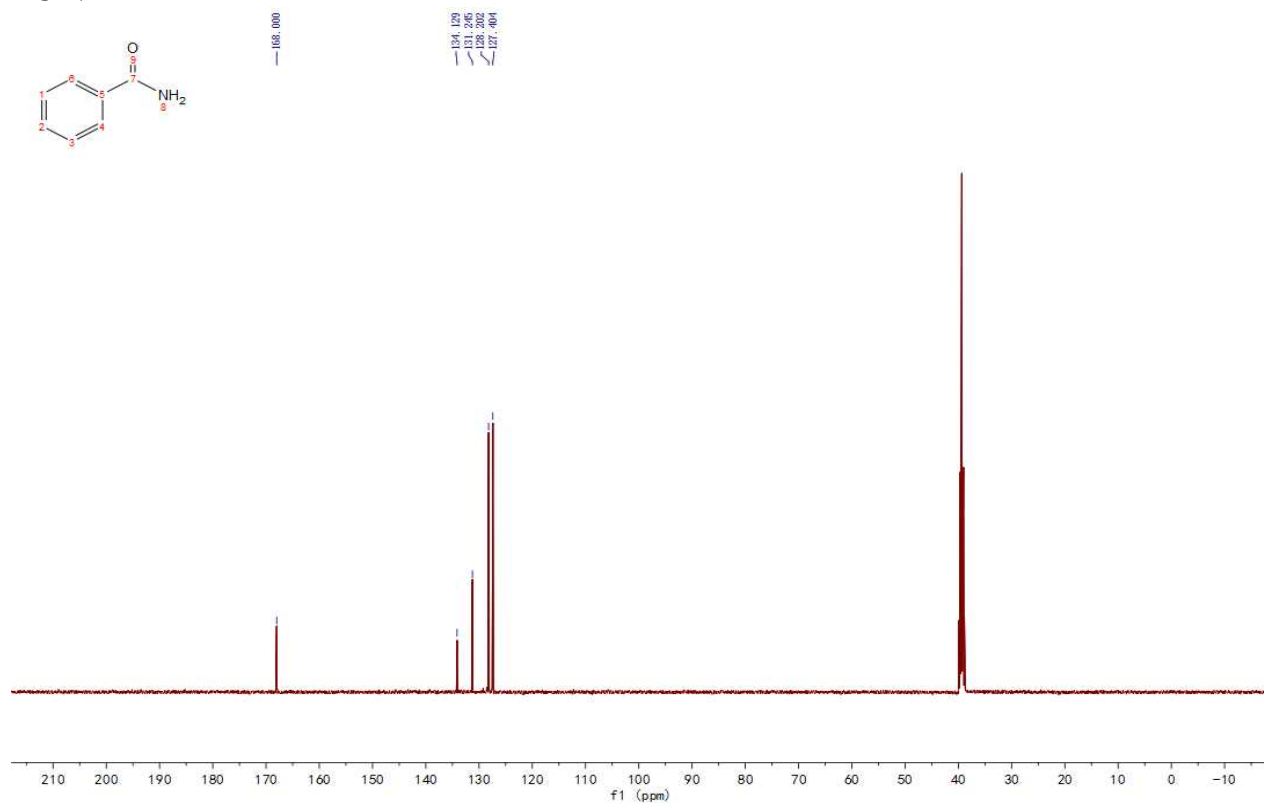
^1H NMR and ^{13}C NMR Spectra of All Products

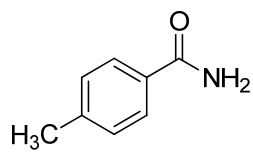


^1H NMR

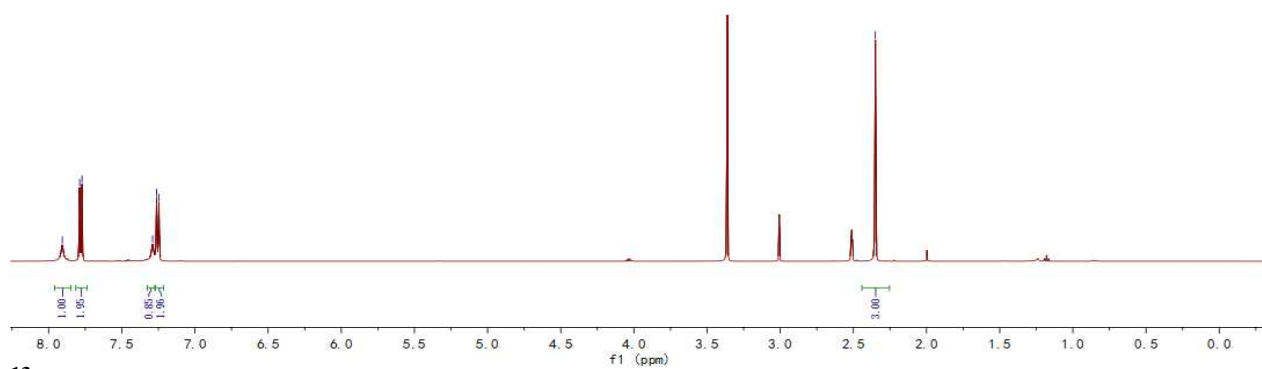
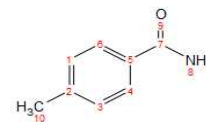
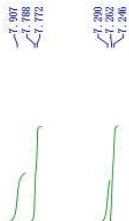


^{13}C NMR

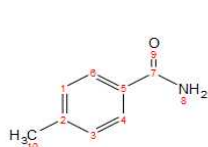




$^1\text{H NMR}$



$^{13}\text{C NMR}$



—167.741

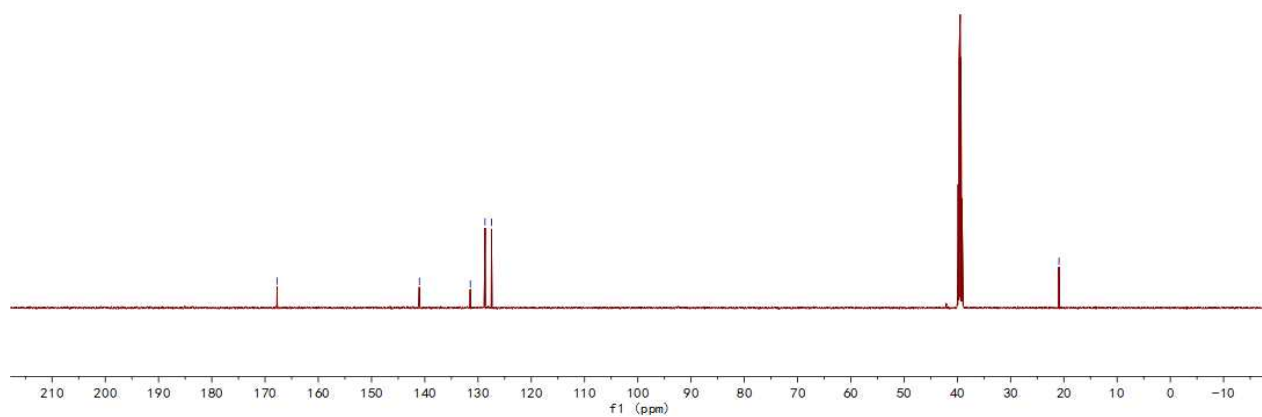
—141.009

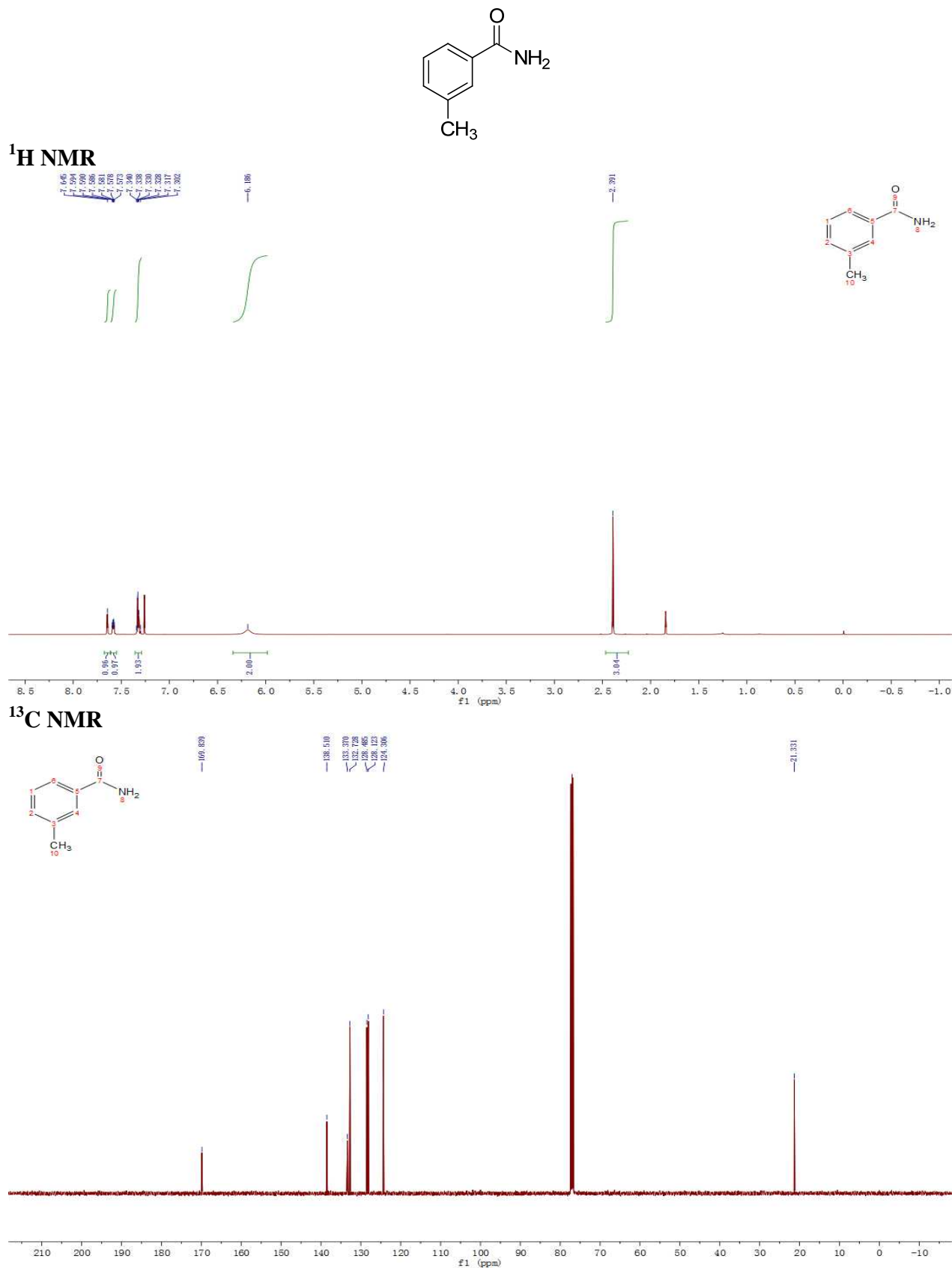
—131.446

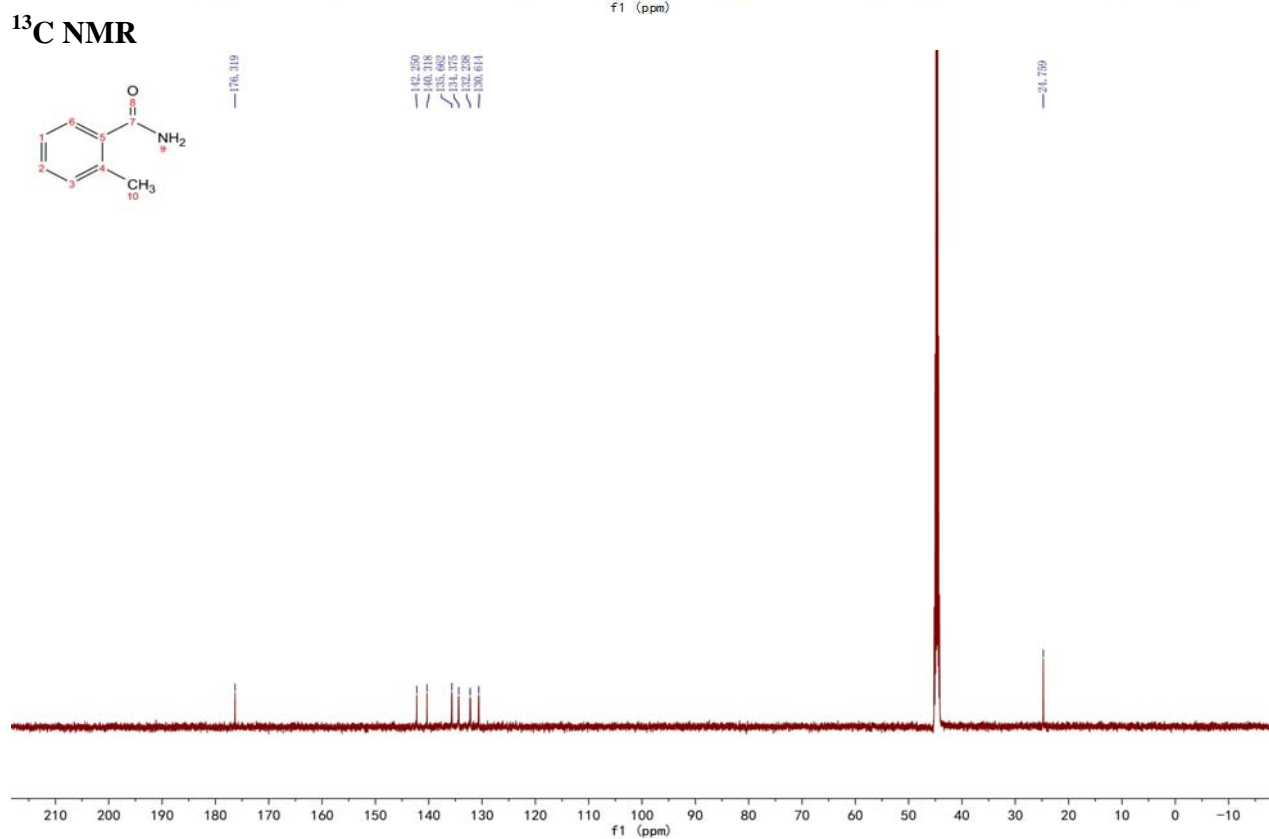
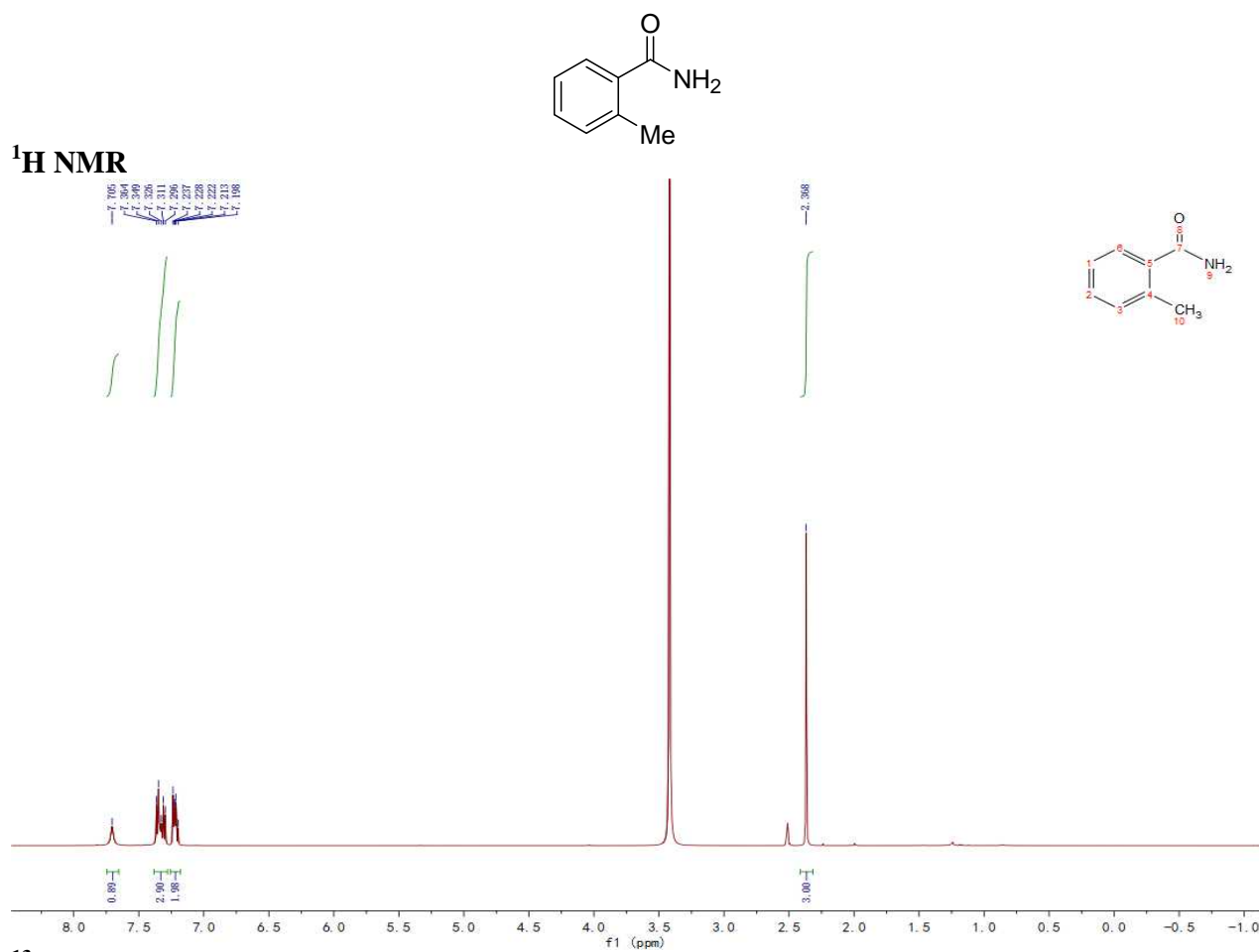
—128.693

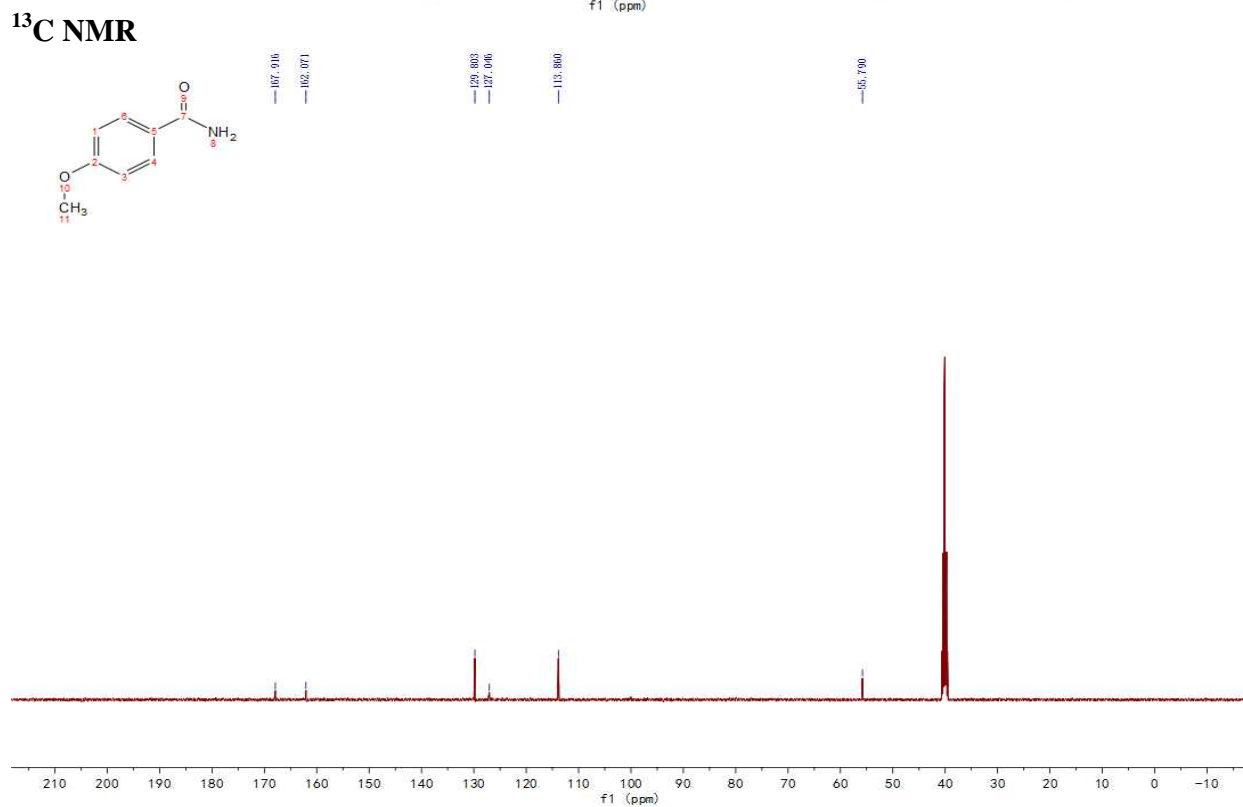
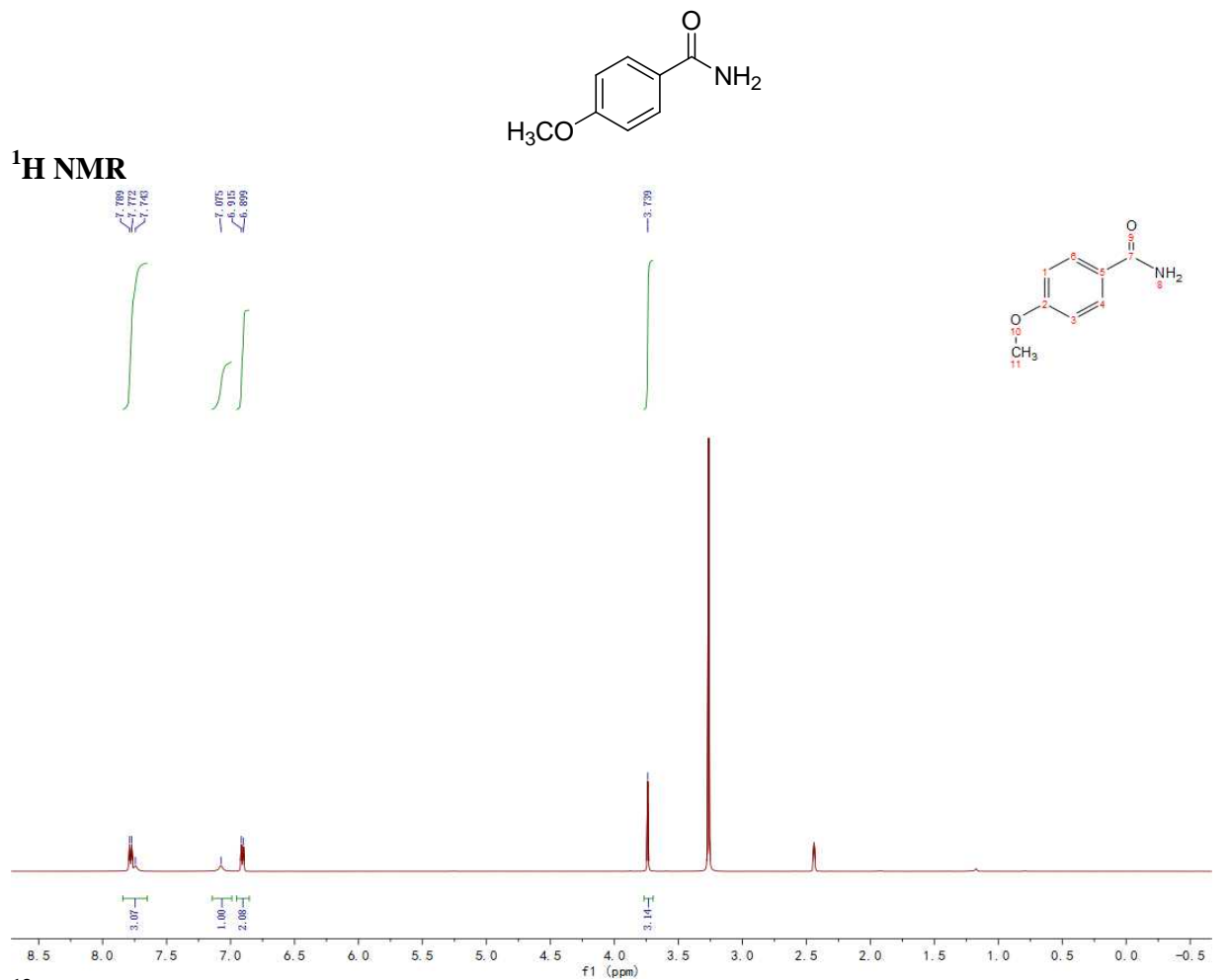
—127.467

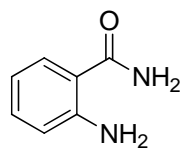
—20.911



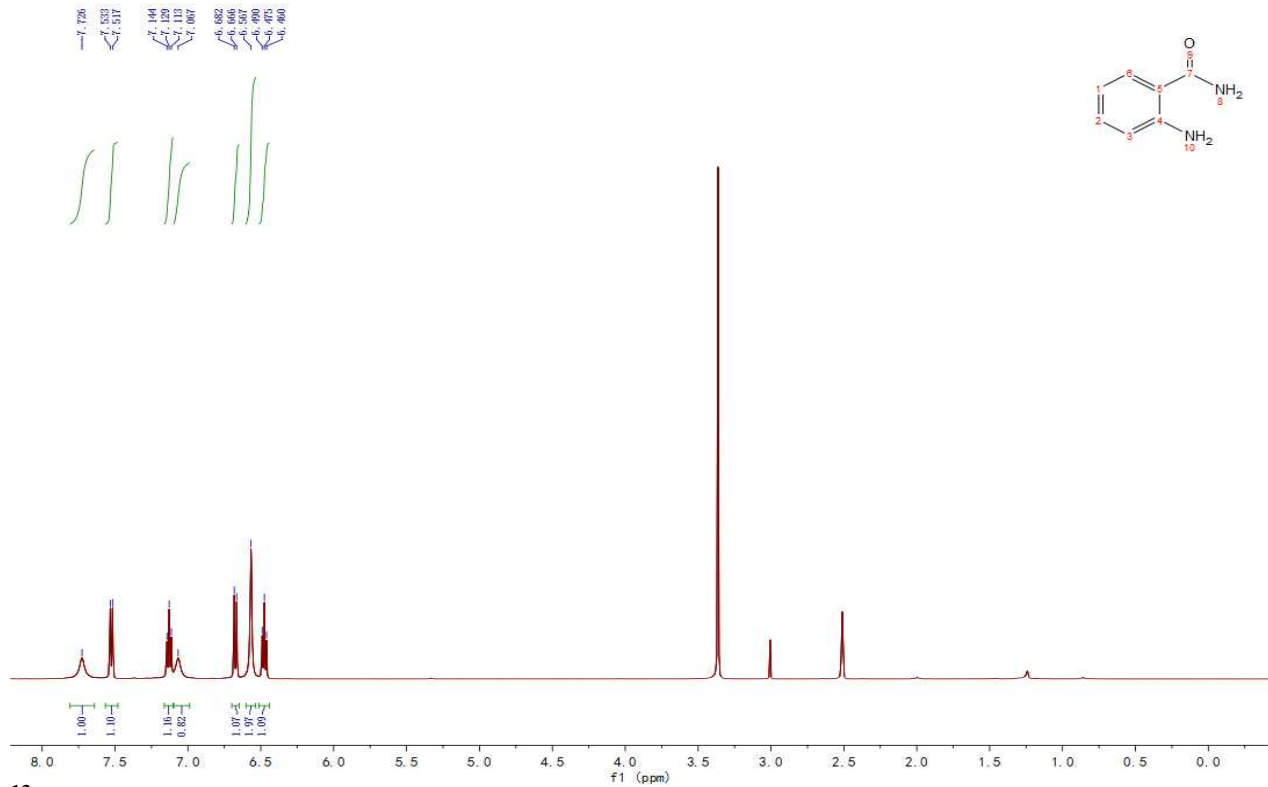




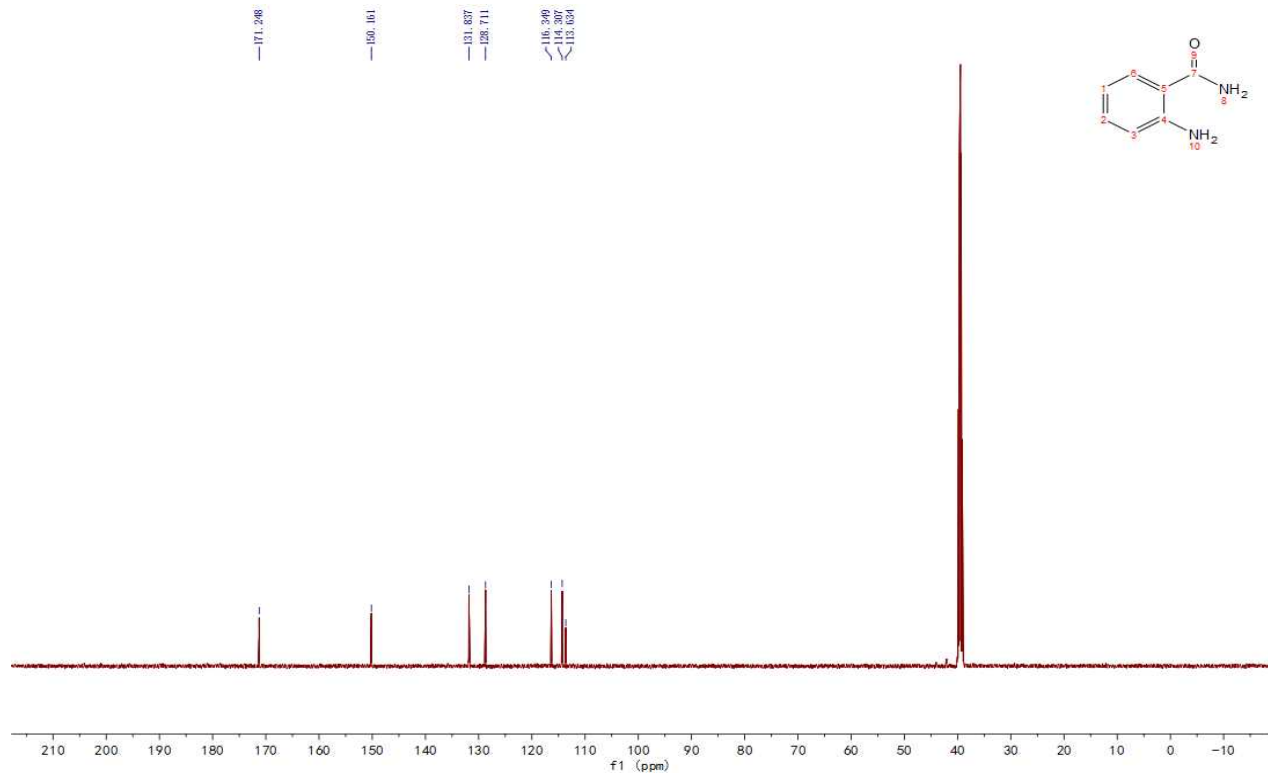


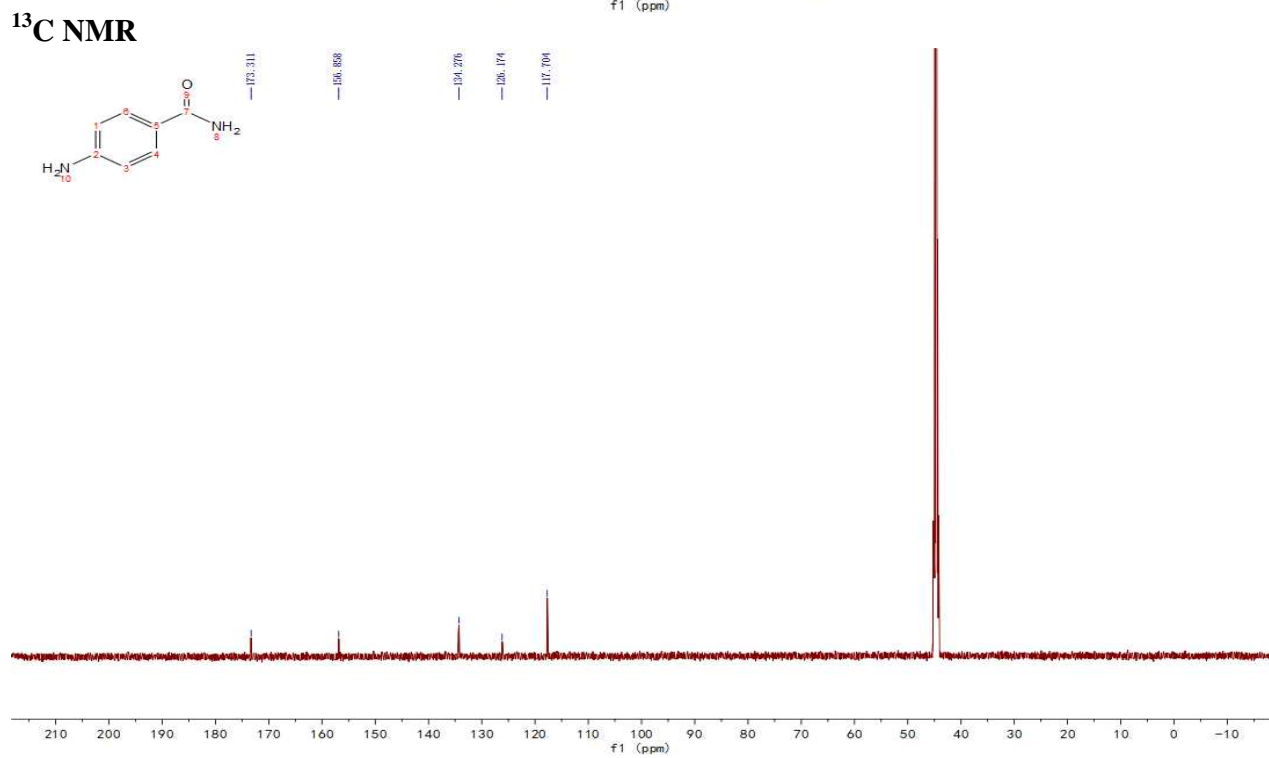
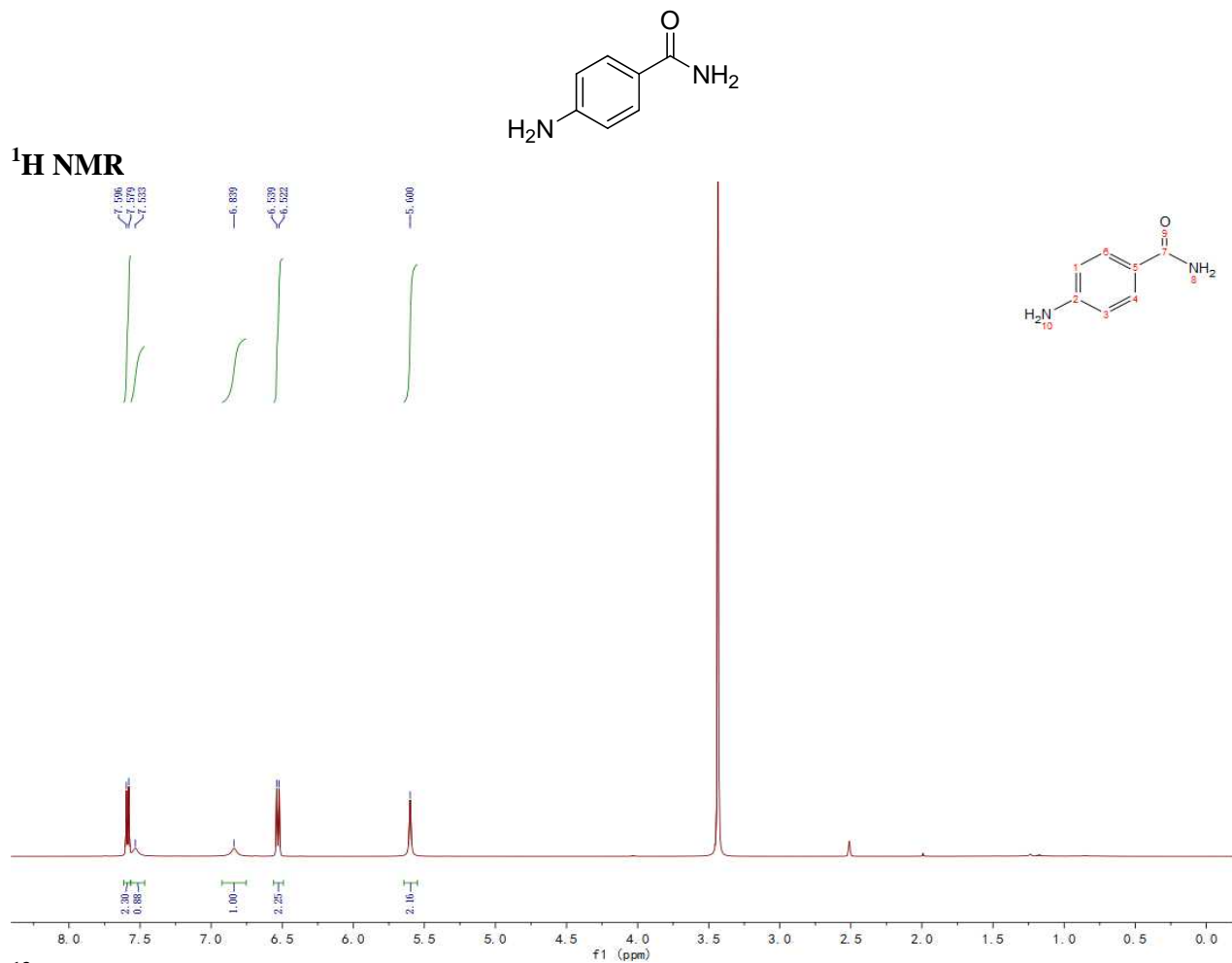


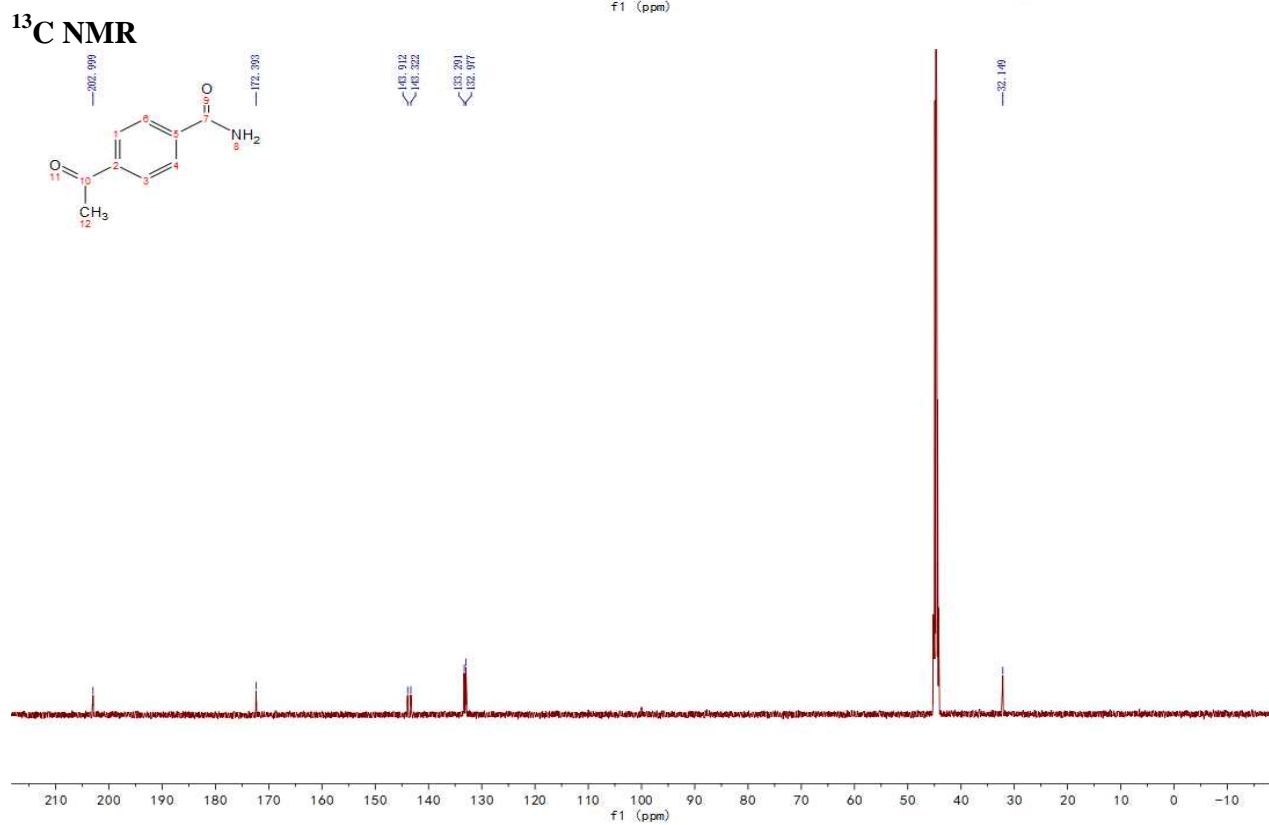
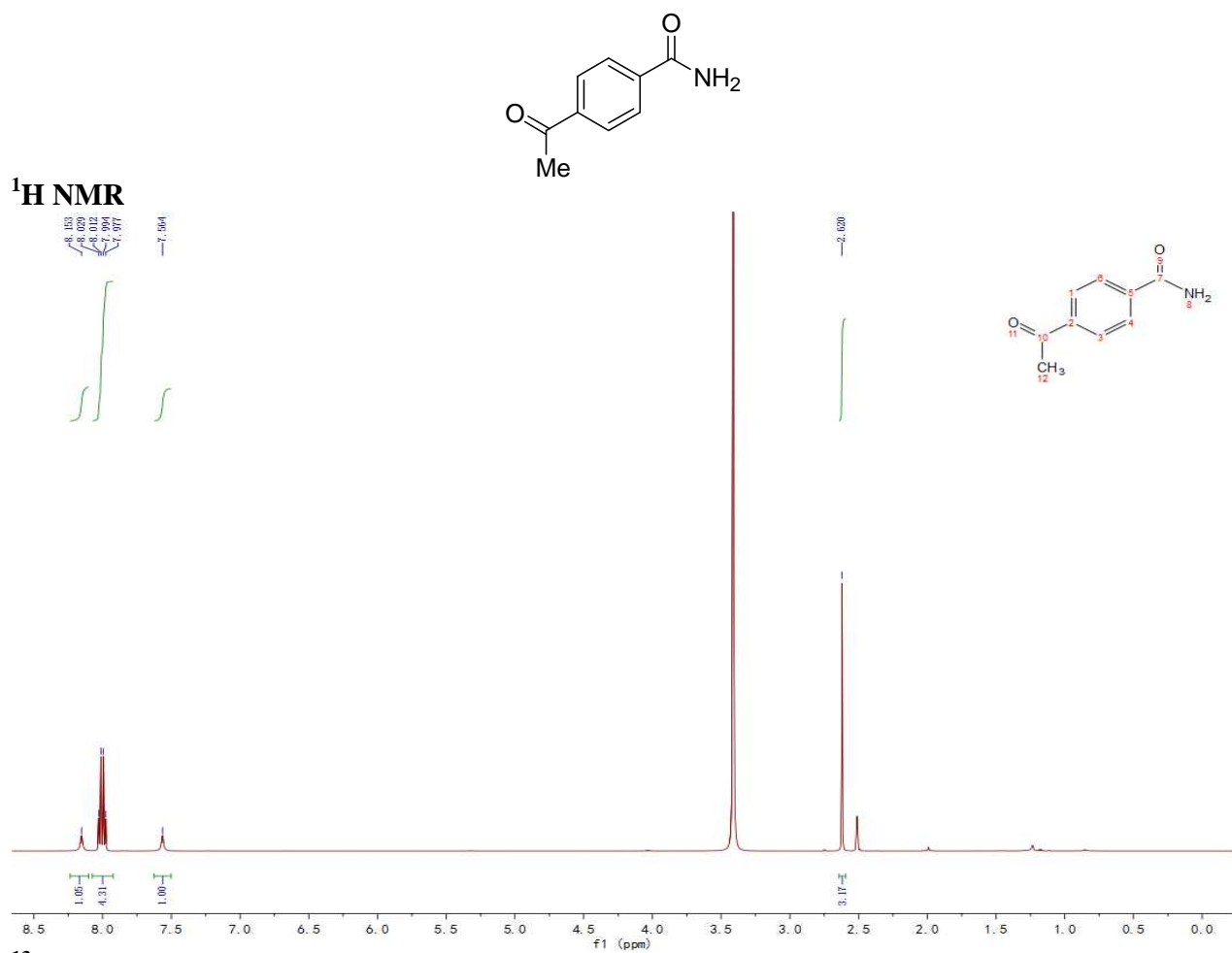
¹H NMR

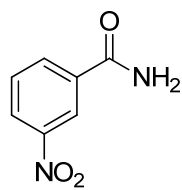


¹³C NMR

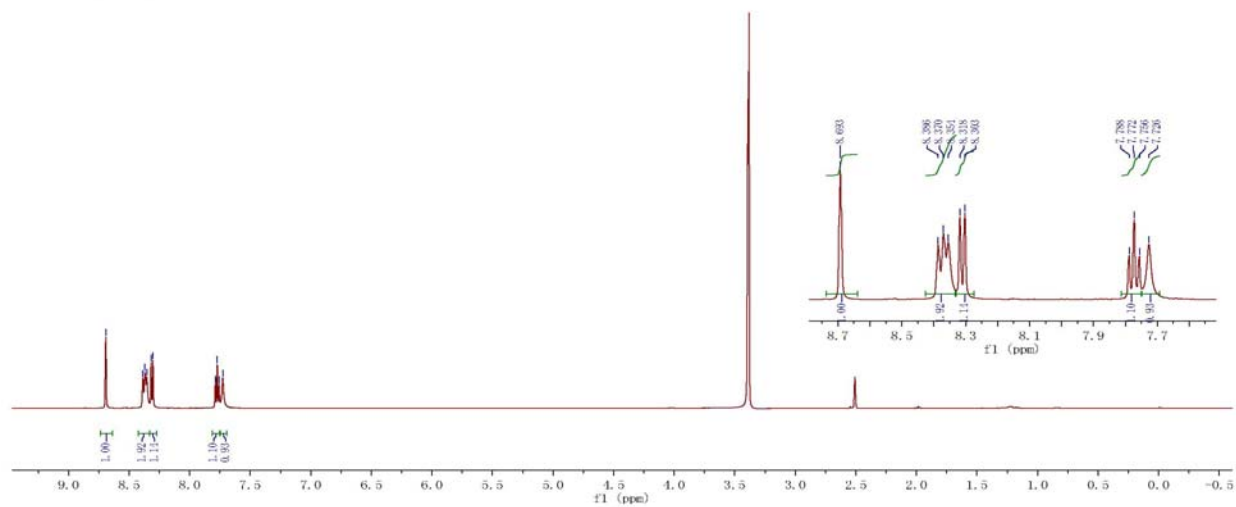
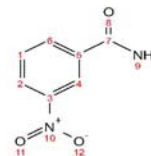
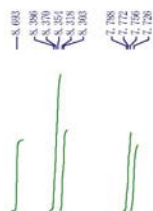




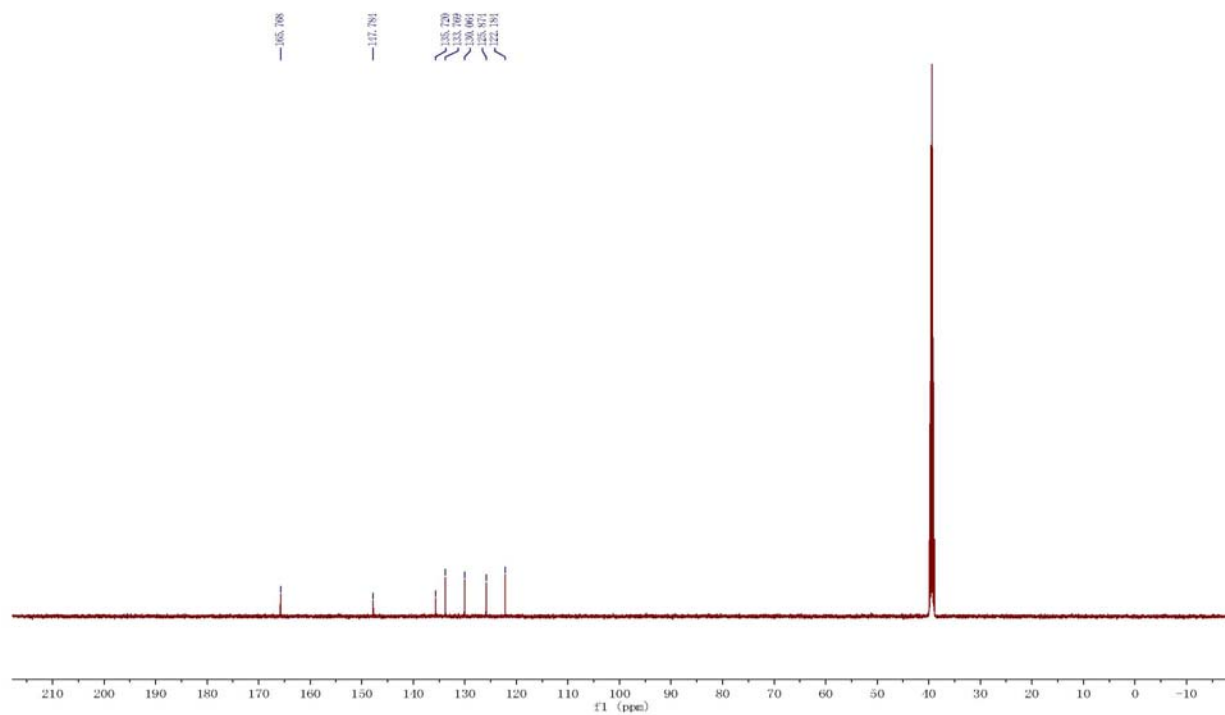


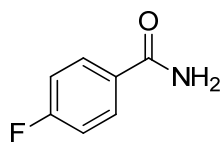


¹H NMR

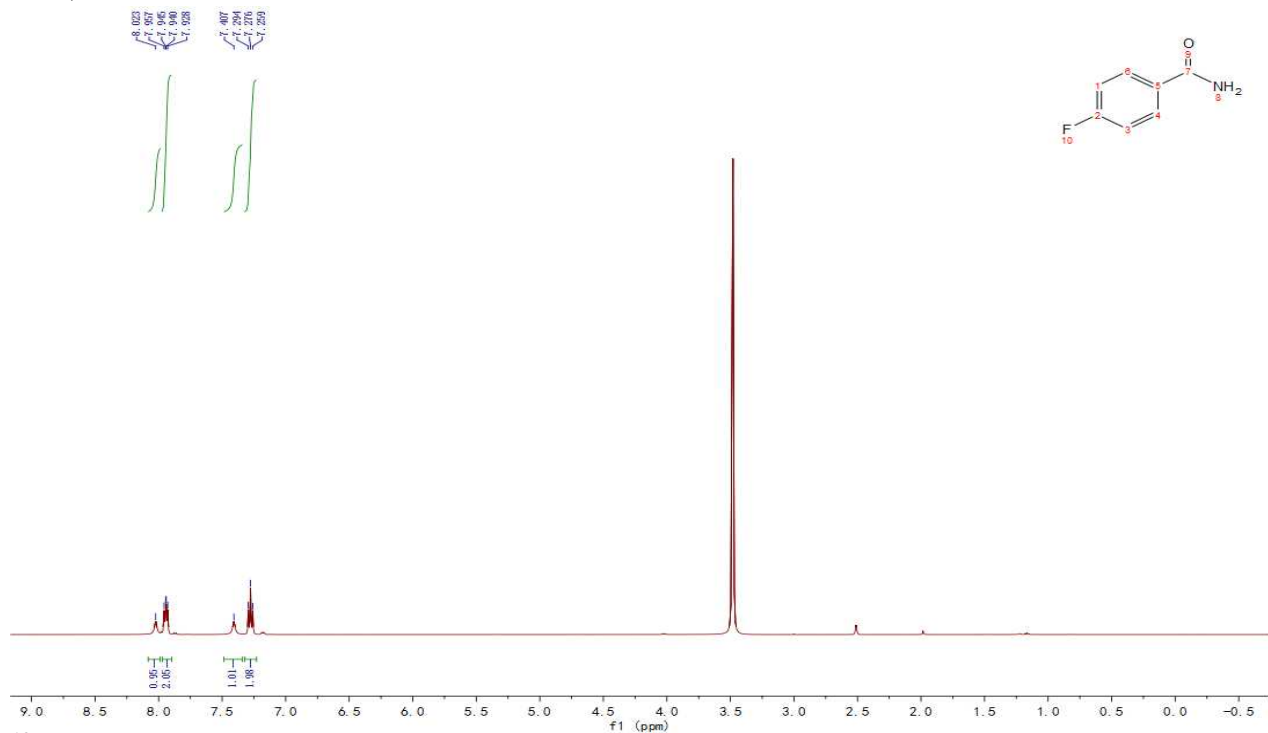


¹³C NMR

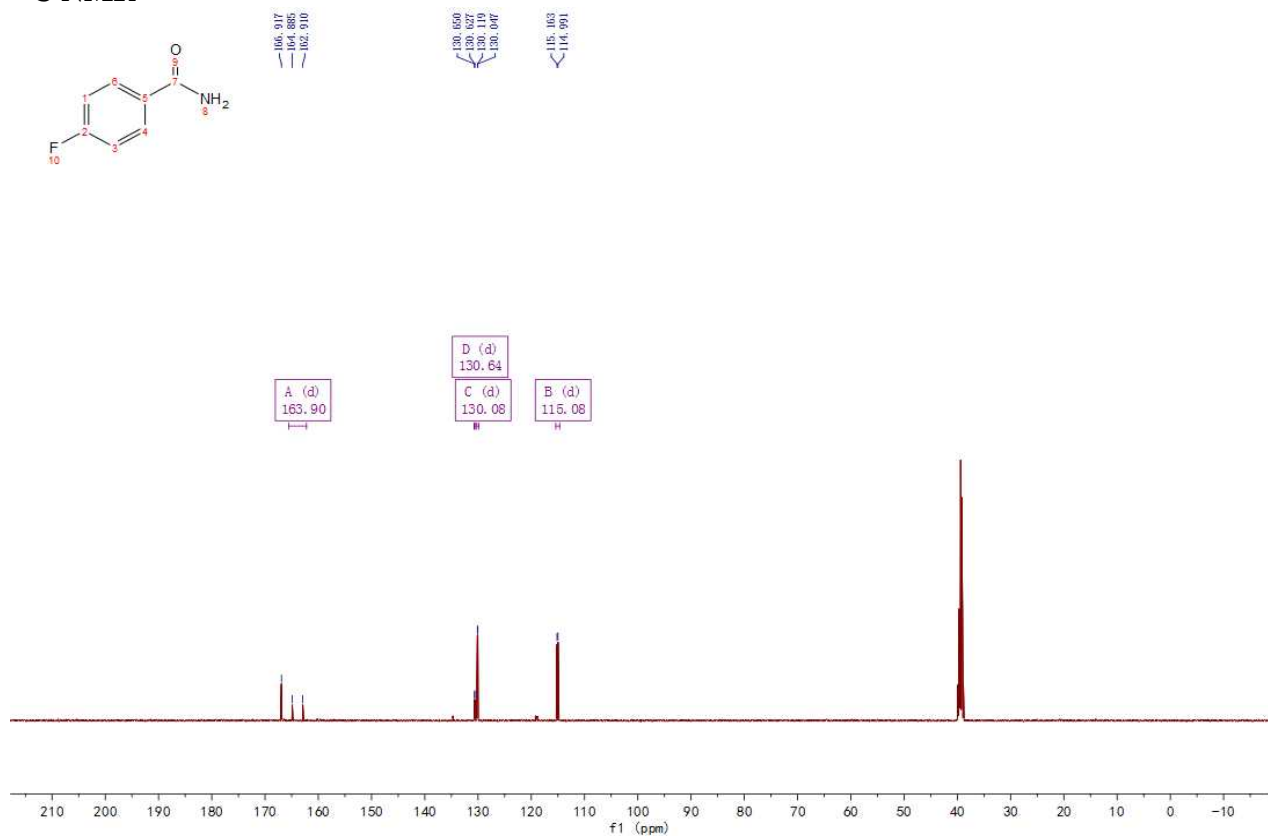


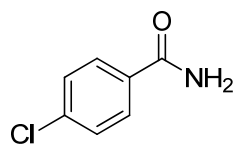


¹H NMR

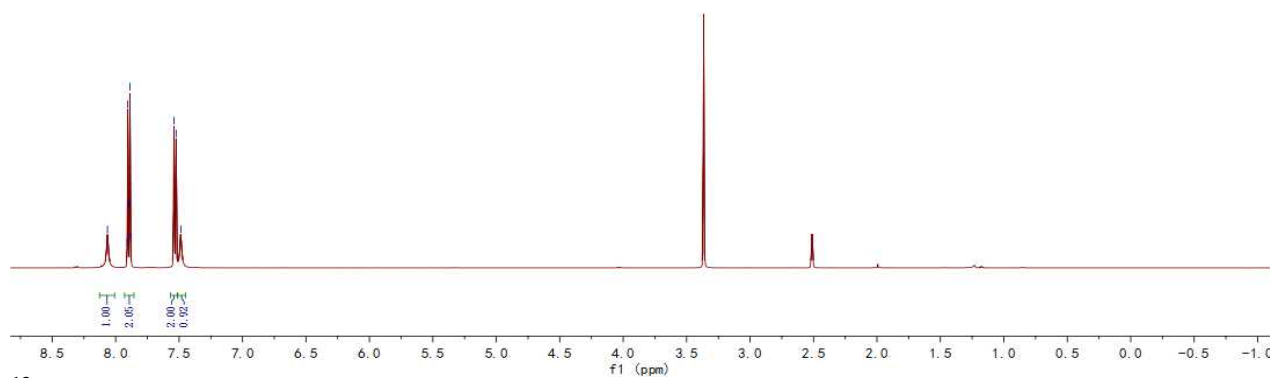
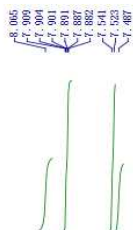


¹³C NMR

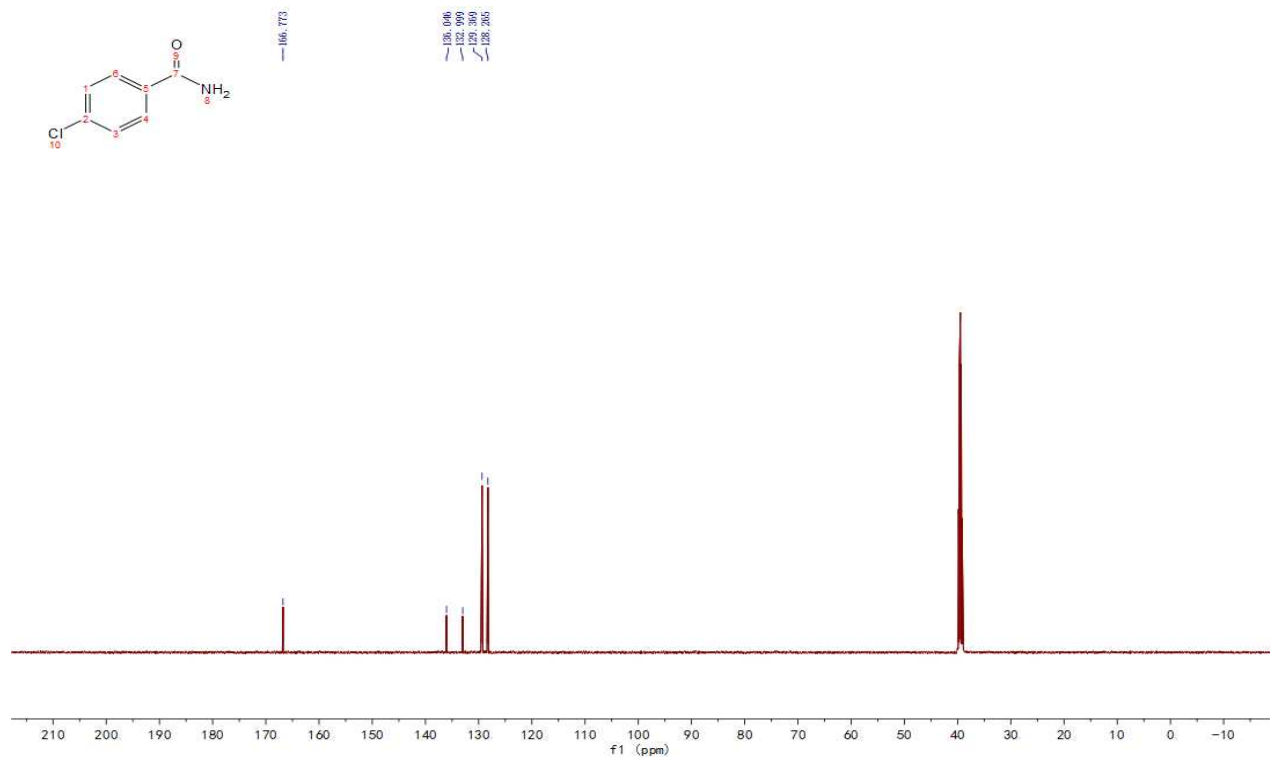
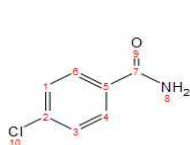


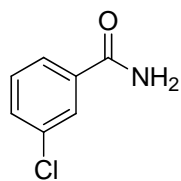


¹H NMR

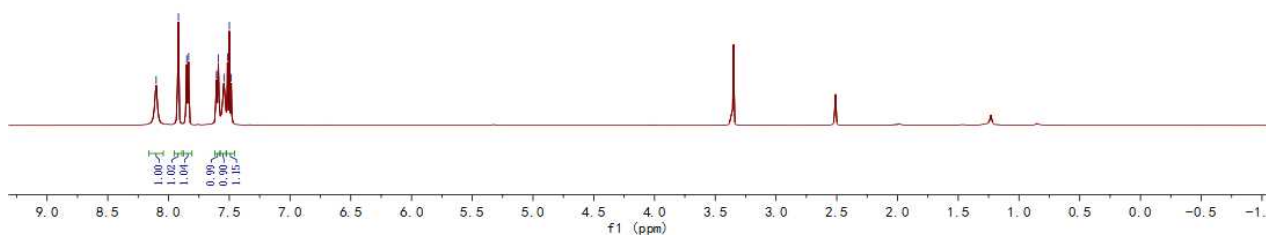
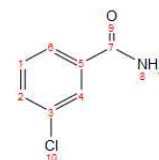
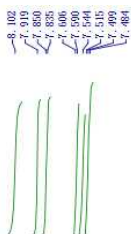


¹³C NMR

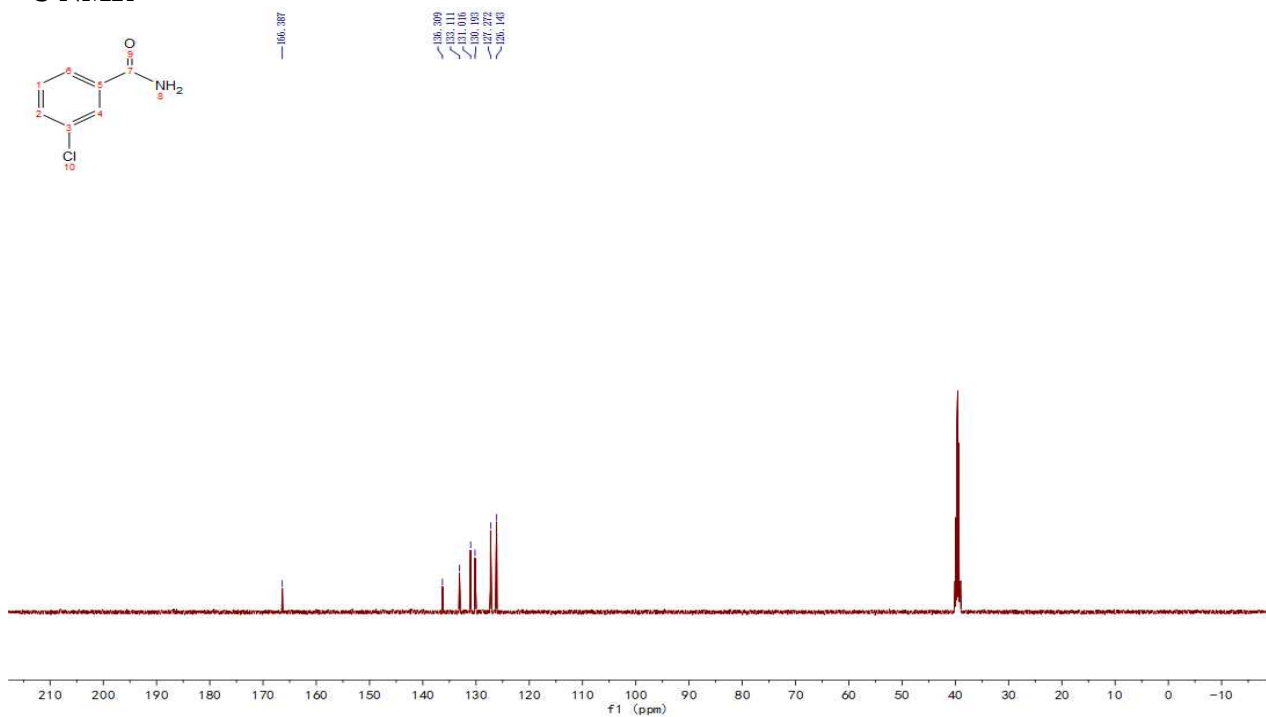
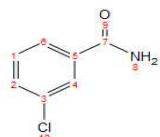


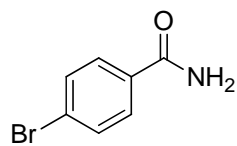


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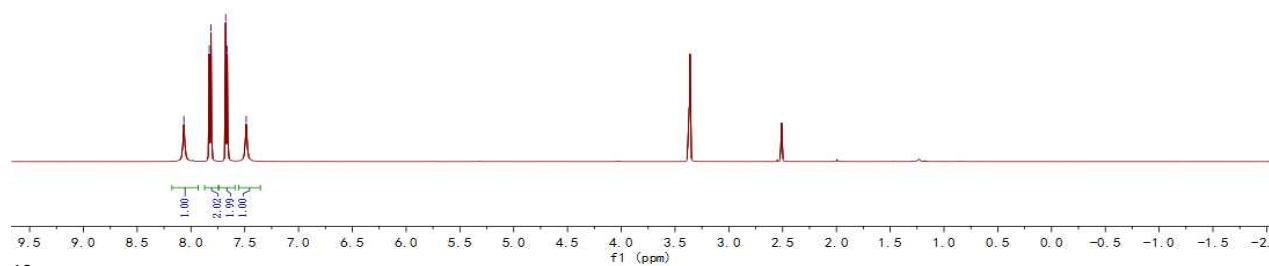
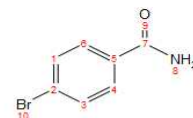


¹³C NMR

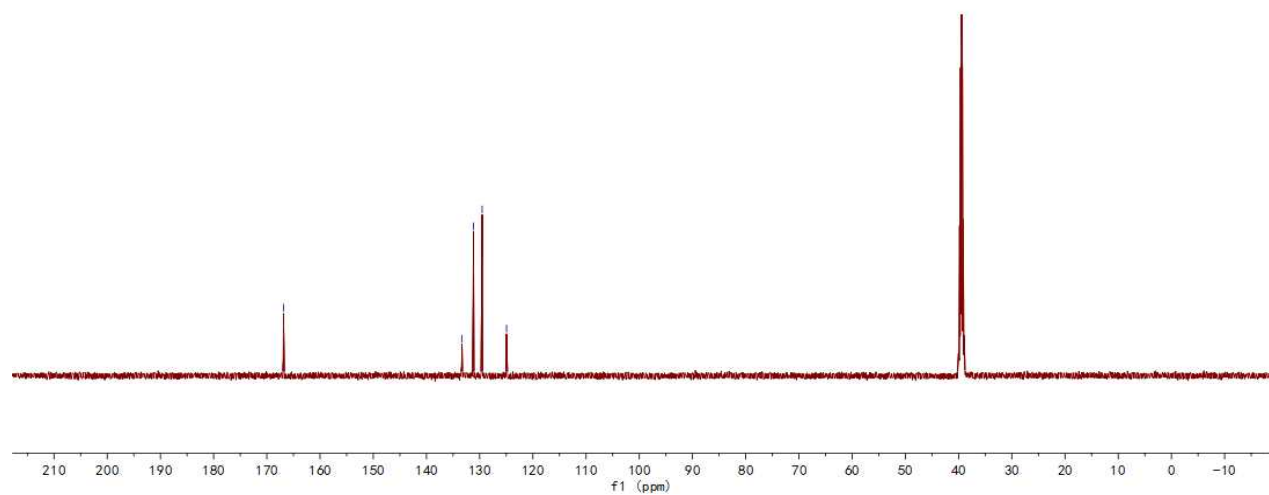
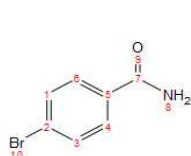


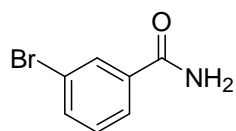


¹H NMR

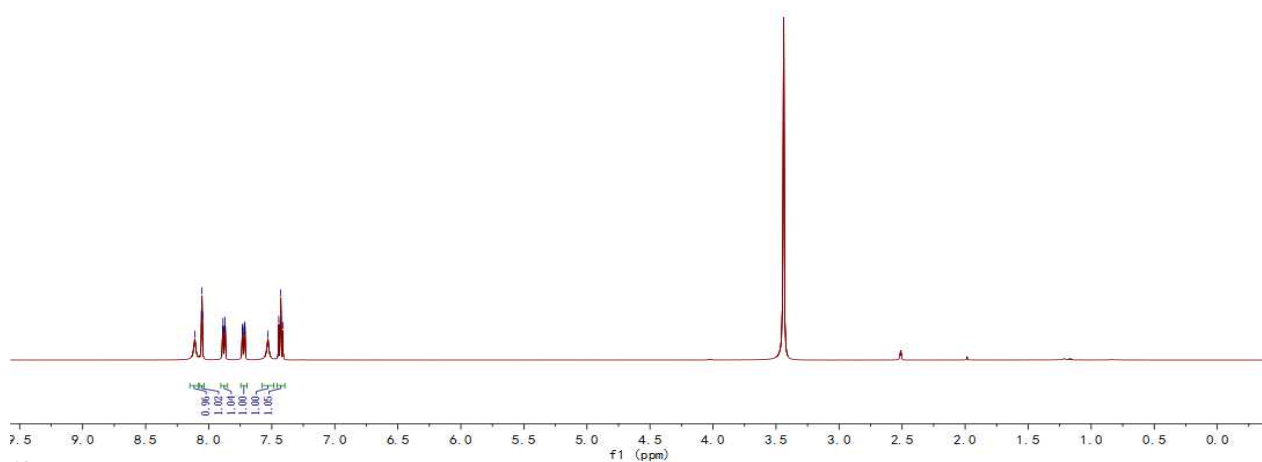
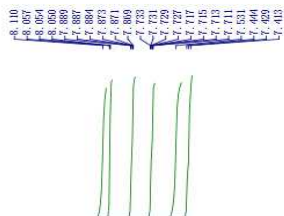


¹³C NMR





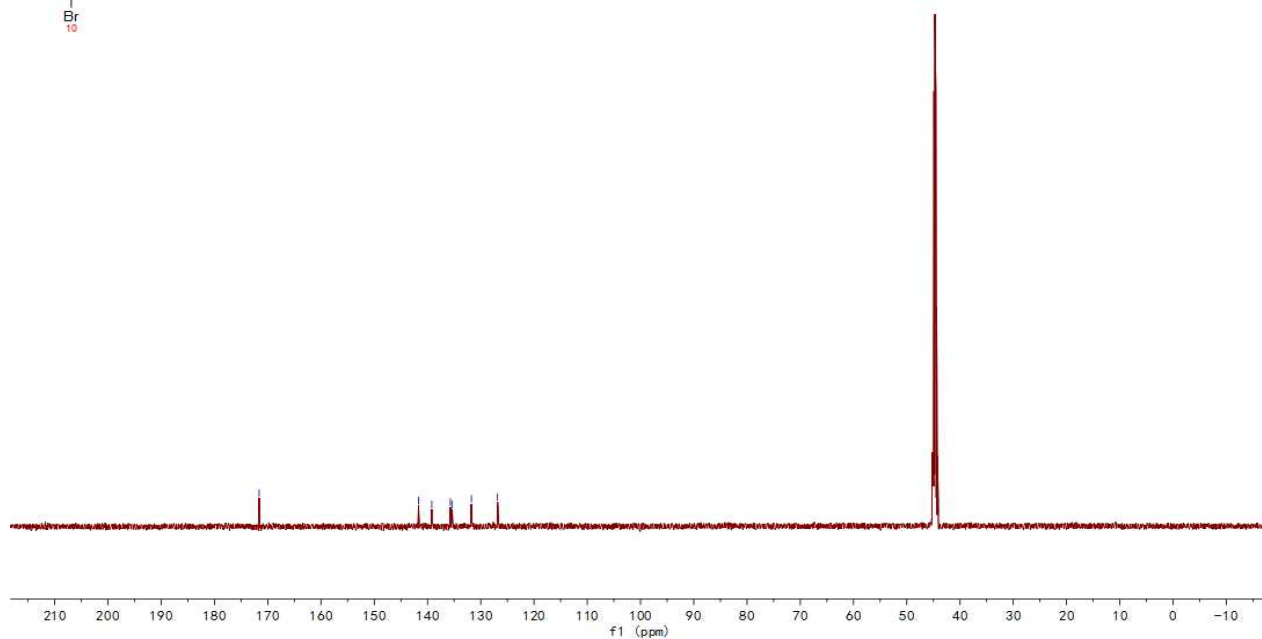
^1H NMR

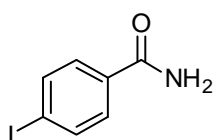


^{13}C NMR



171.622
141.600
139.200
135.700
135.416
131.763
126.806

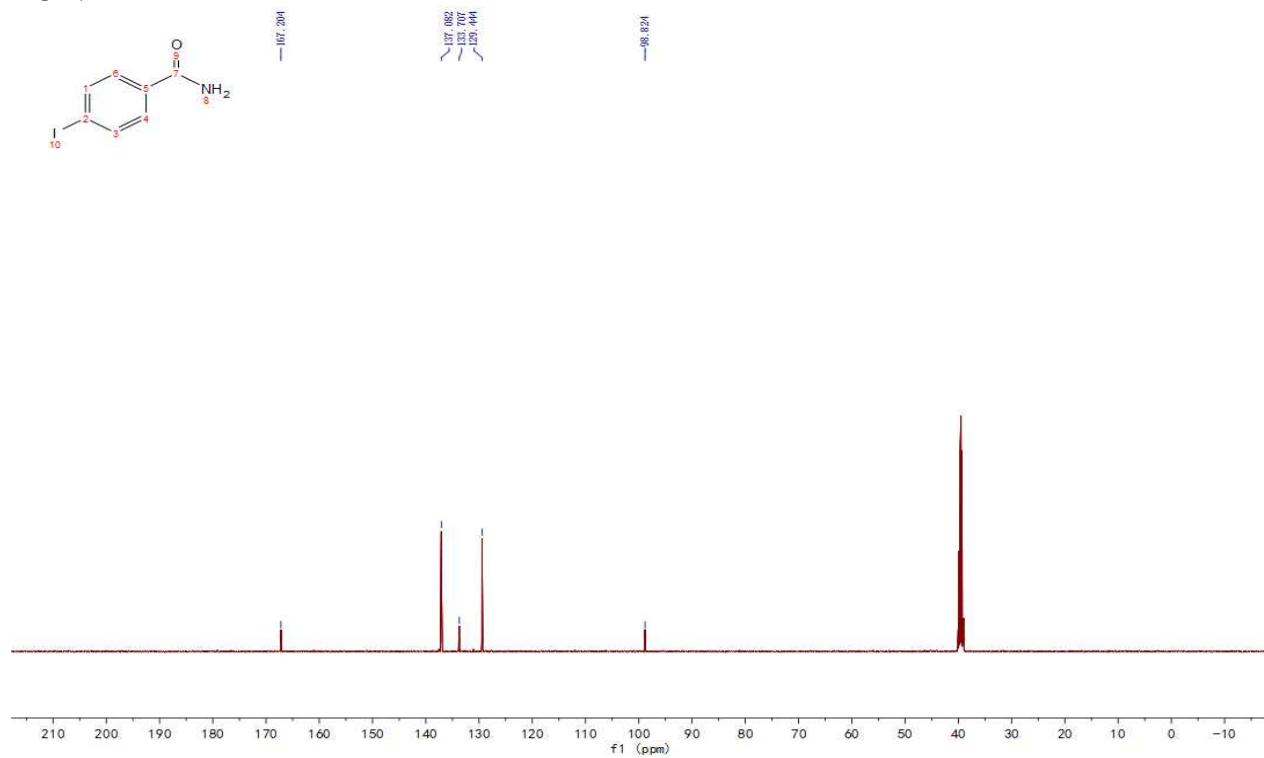


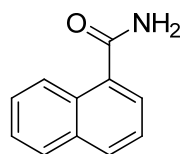


¹H NMR

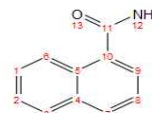
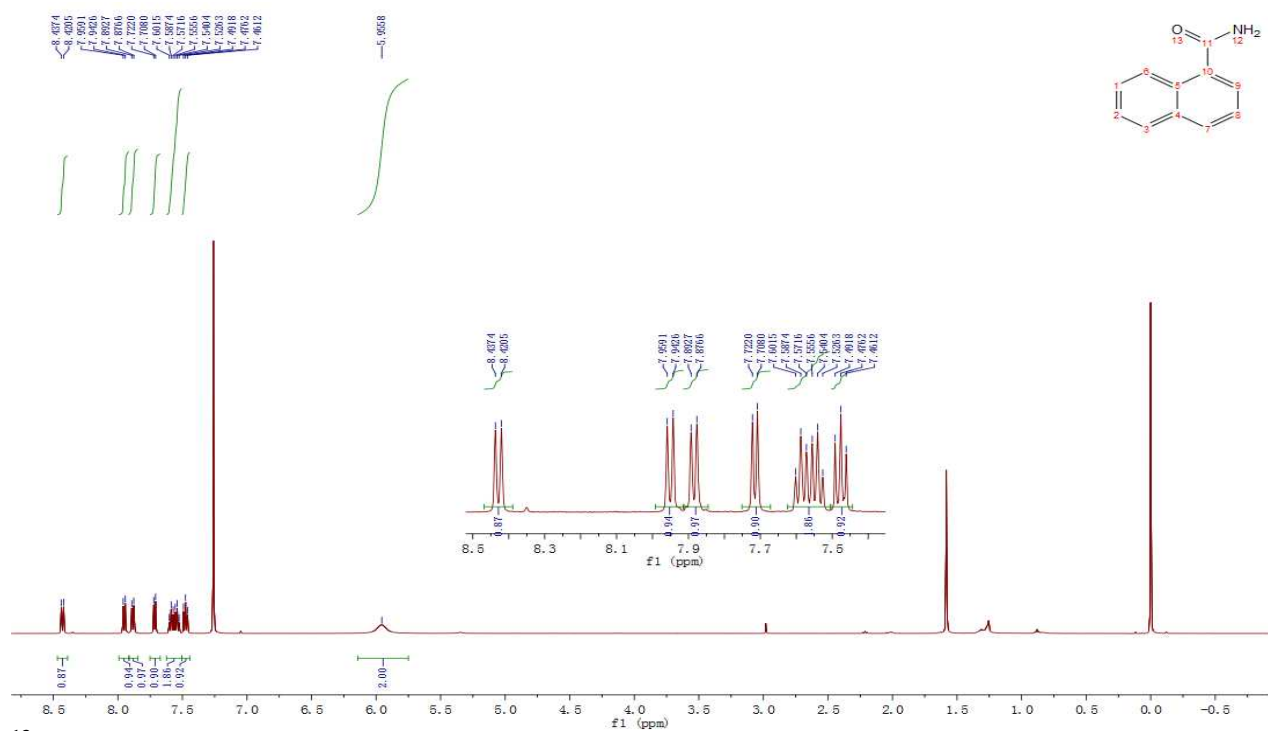


¹³C NMR

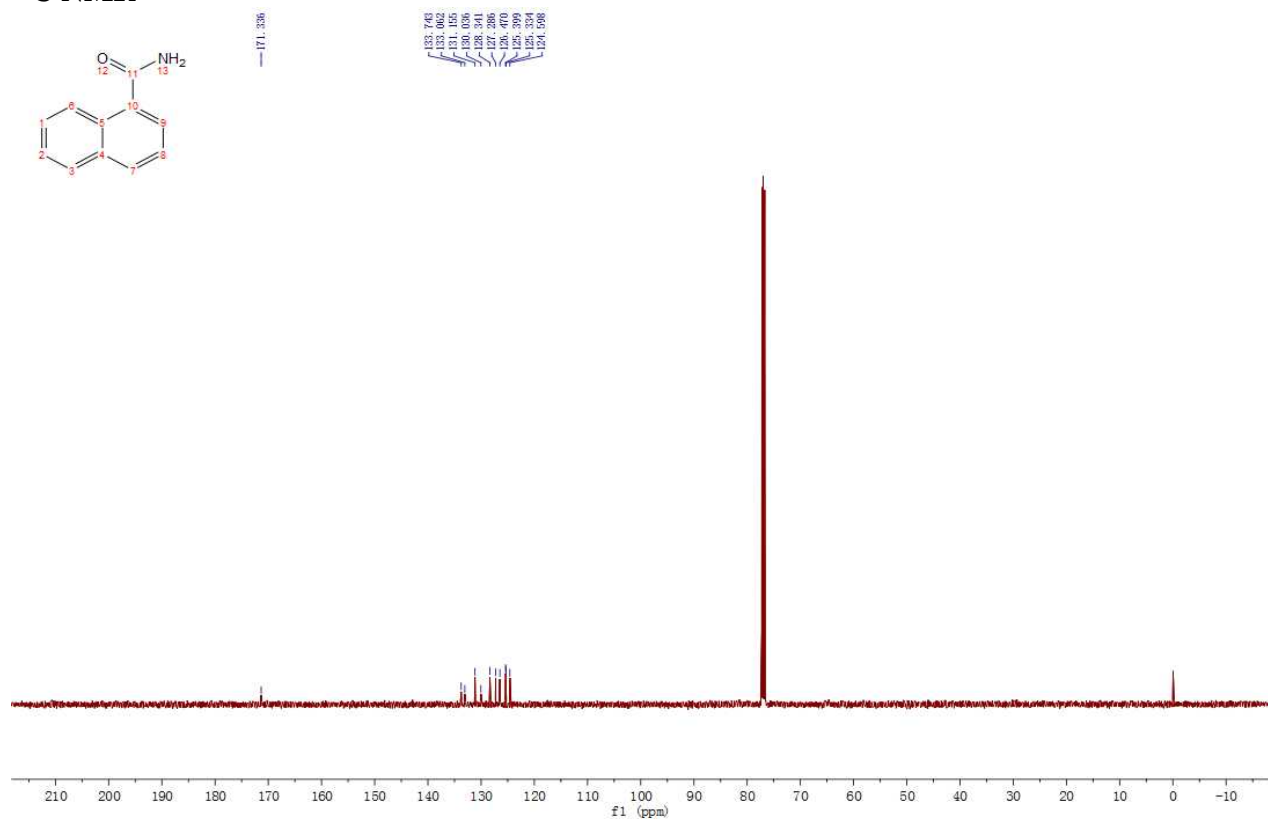


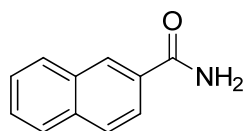


¹H NMR

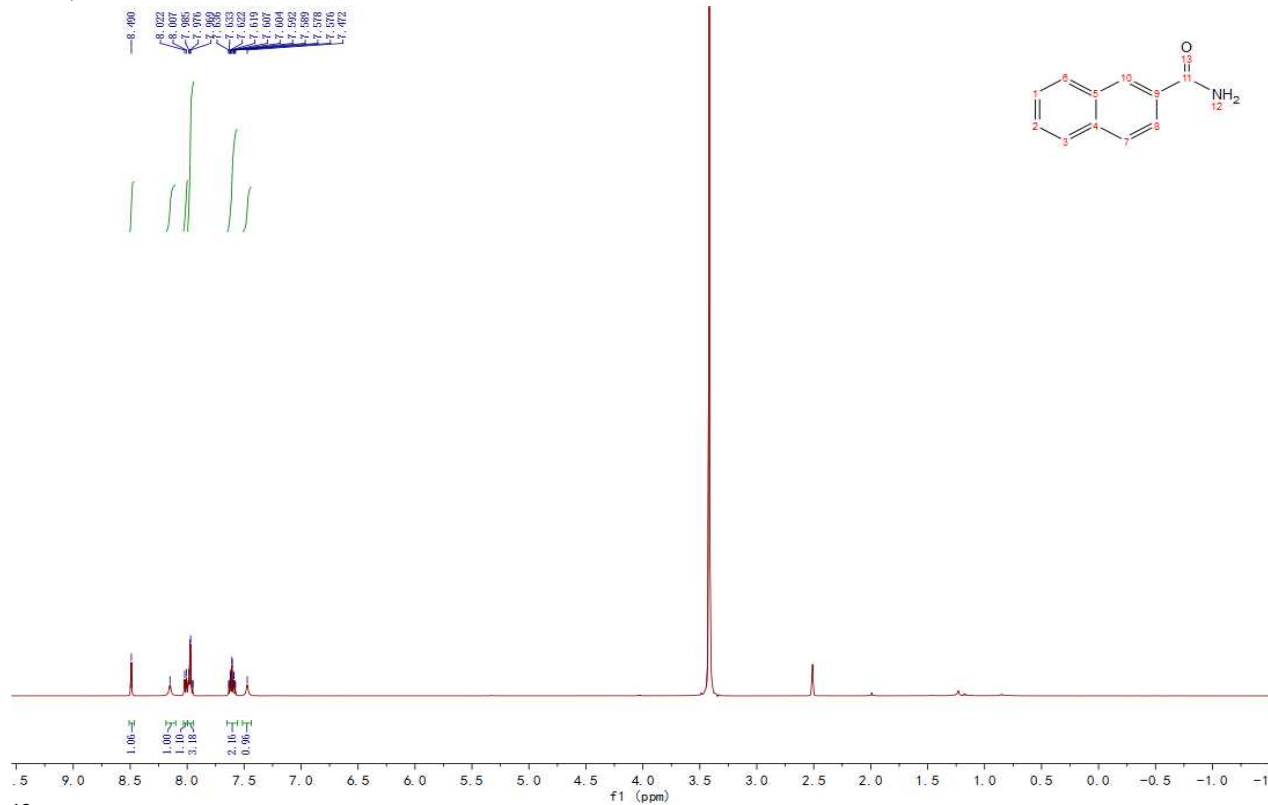


¹³C NMR

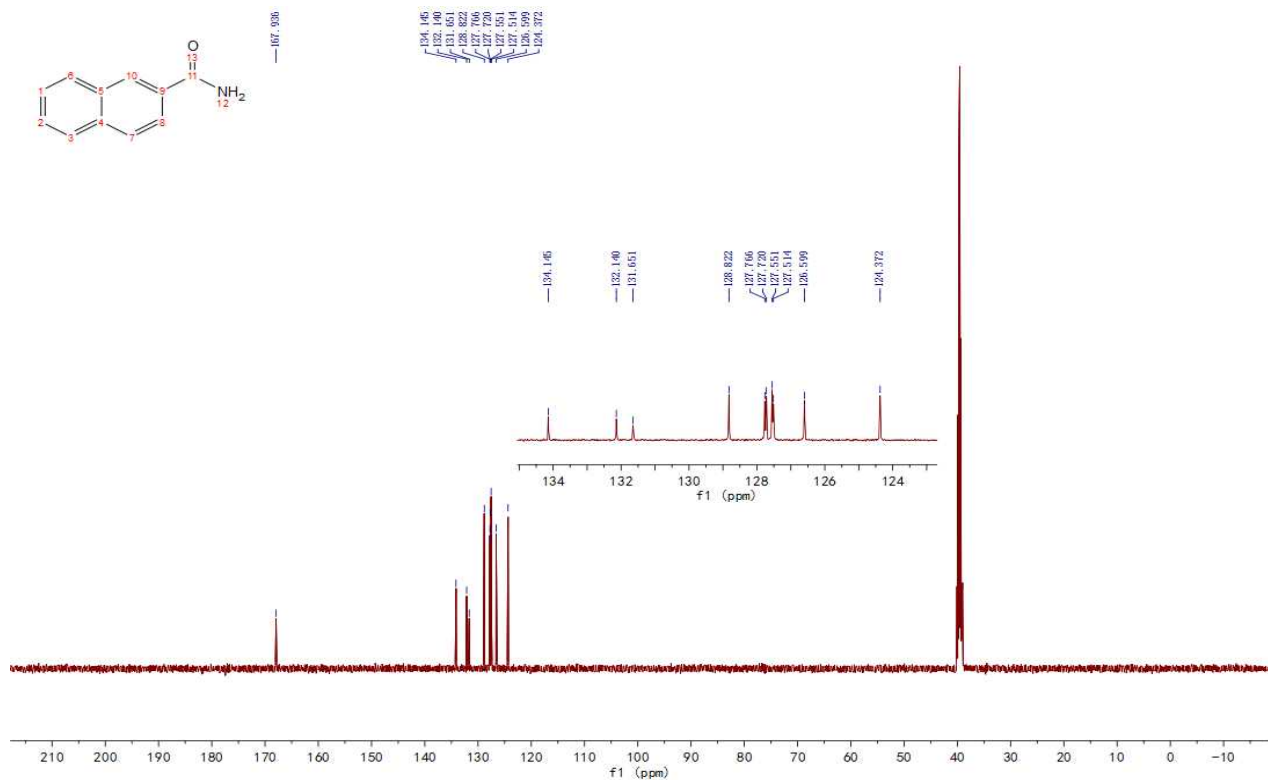


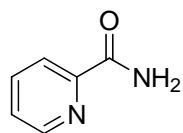


¹H NMR

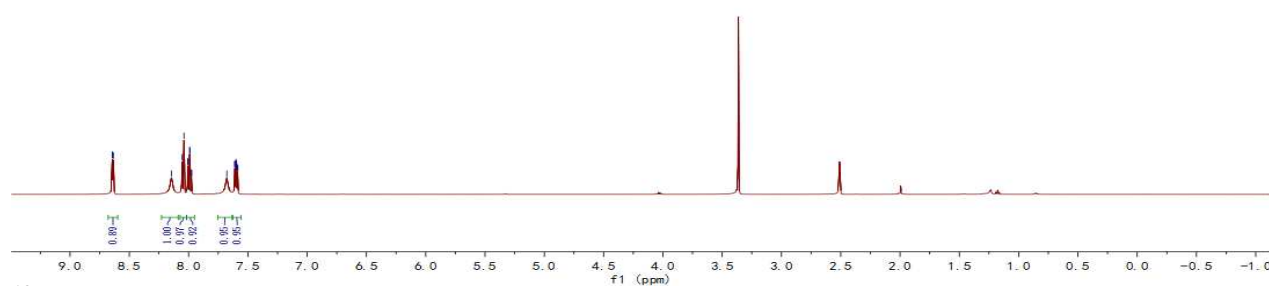
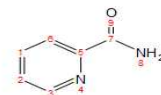
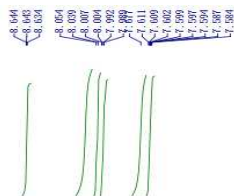


¹³C NMR

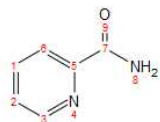




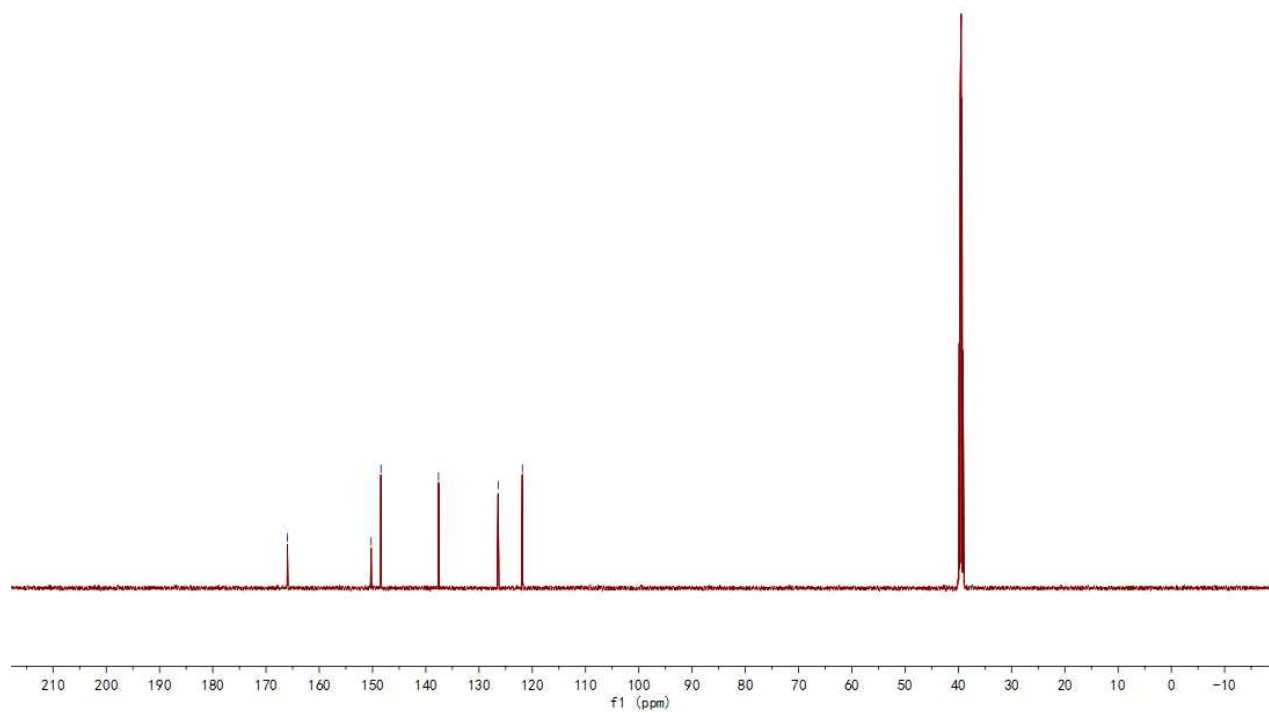
¹H NMR

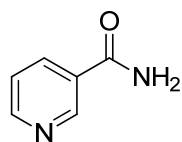


¹³C NMR



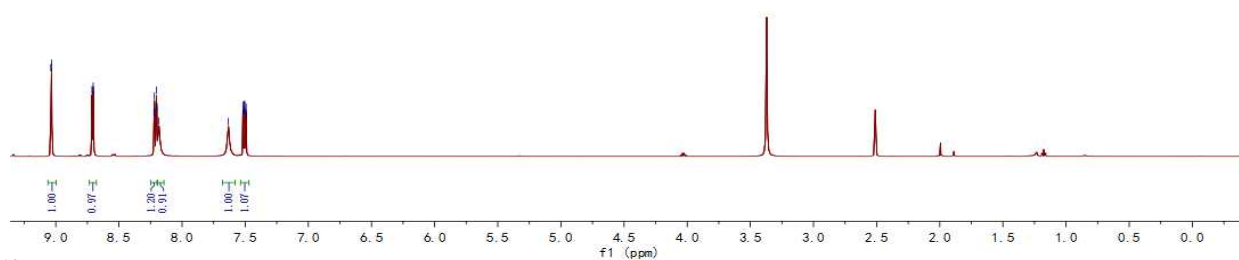
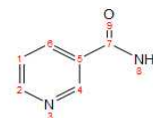
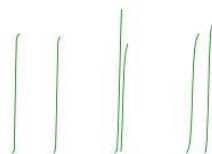
165.087
150.207
148.420
137.612
126.416
121.880



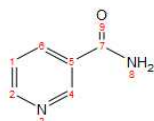


¹H NMR

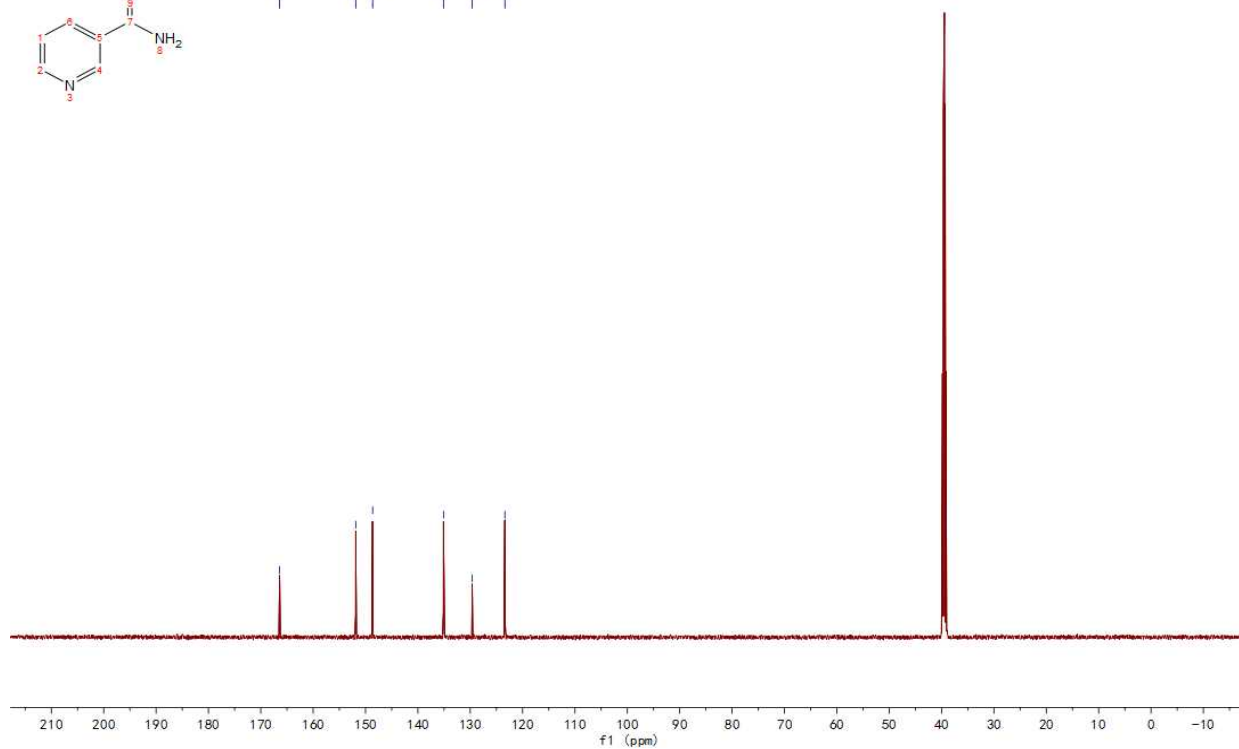
9.038
9.037
8.710
8.704
8.700
8.222
8.207
8.204
7.999
7.998
7.518
7.517
7.509
7.508
7.501
7.493

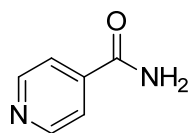


¹³C NMR

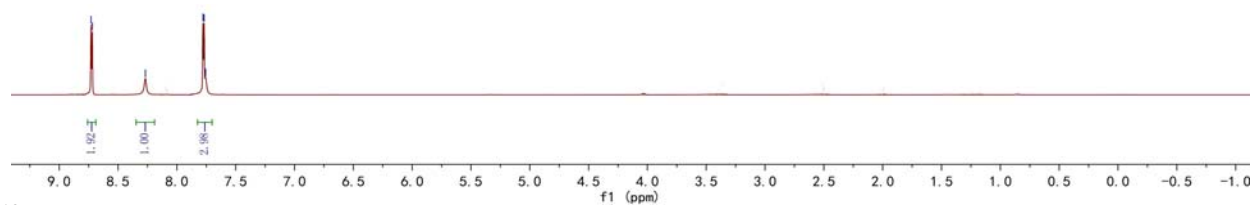
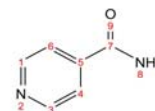
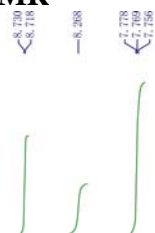


166.404
151.870
148.642
135.112
129.625
123.381

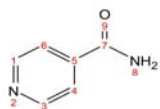




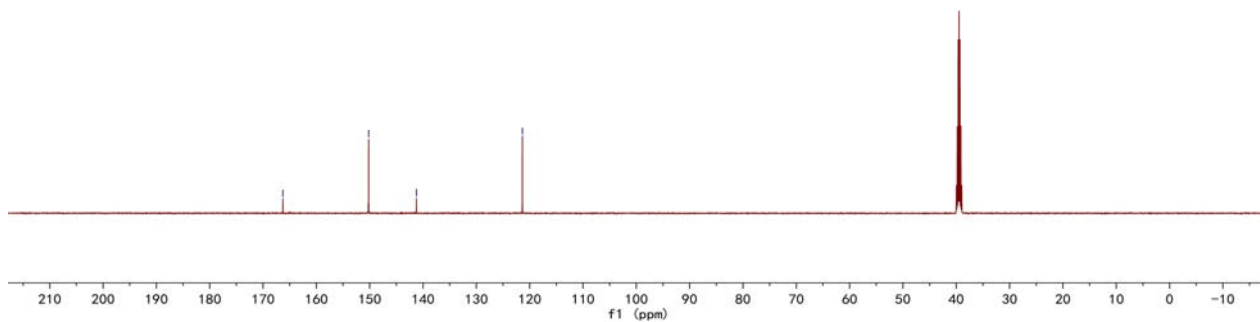
¹H NMR

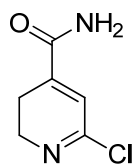


¹³C NMR

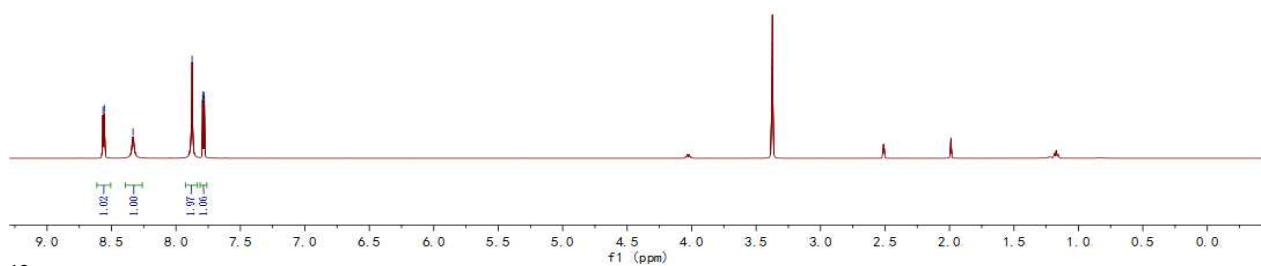
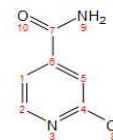
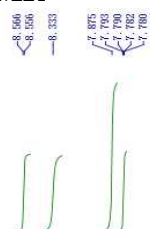


166.272
150.189
141.235
121.366

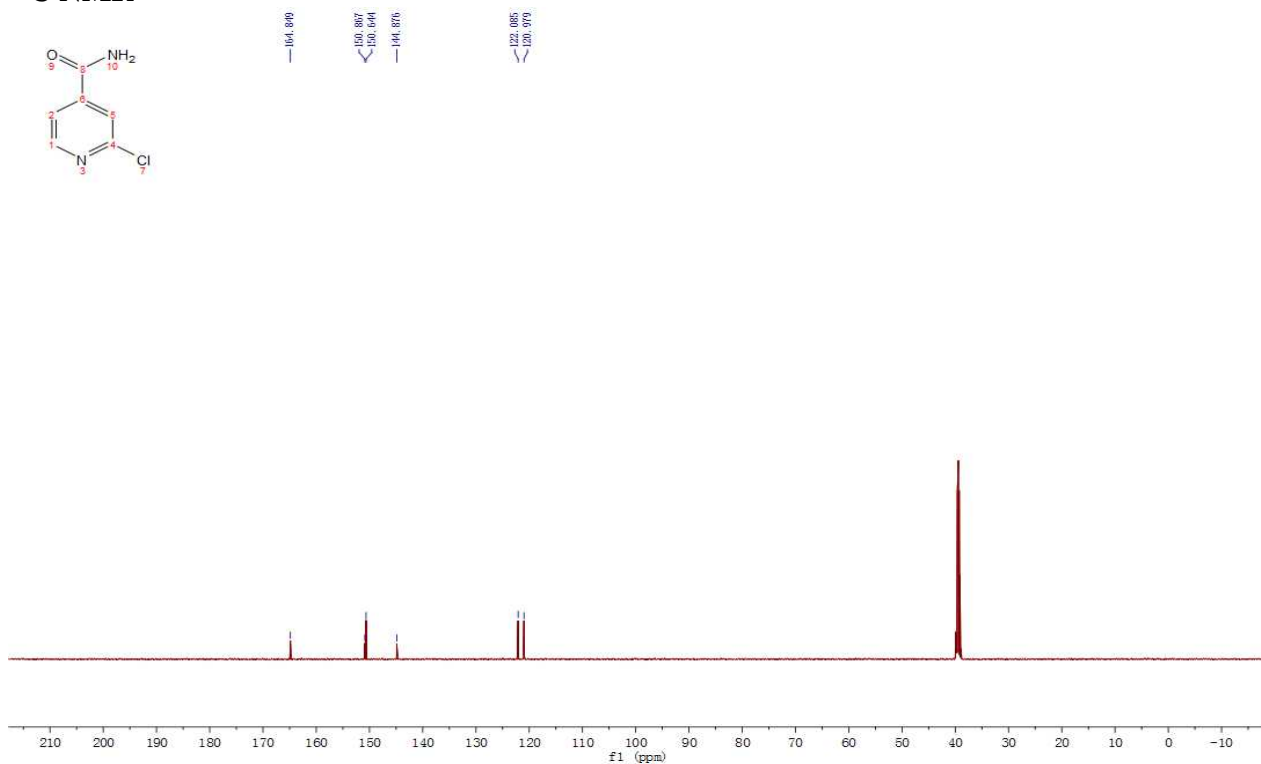


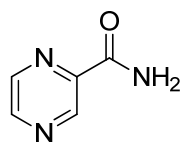


^1H NMR

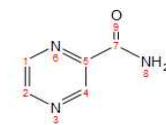
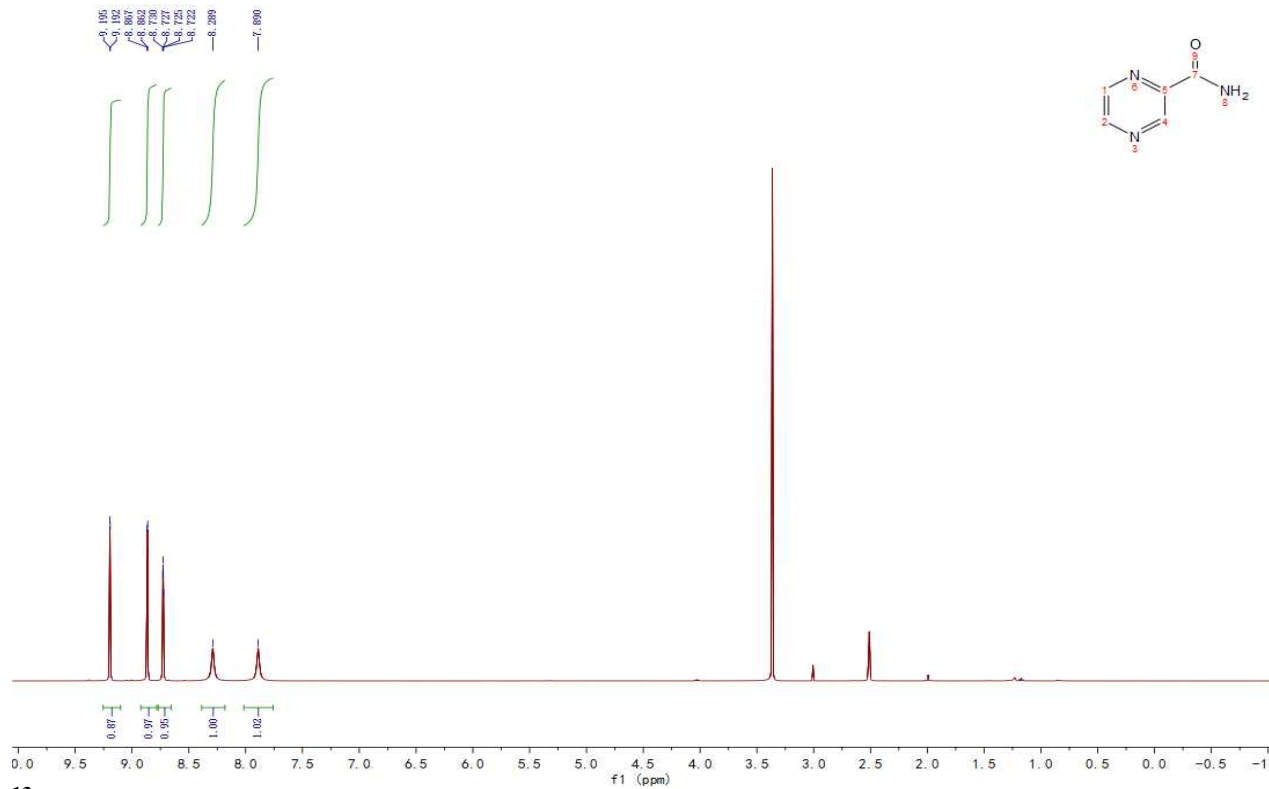


^{13}C NMR

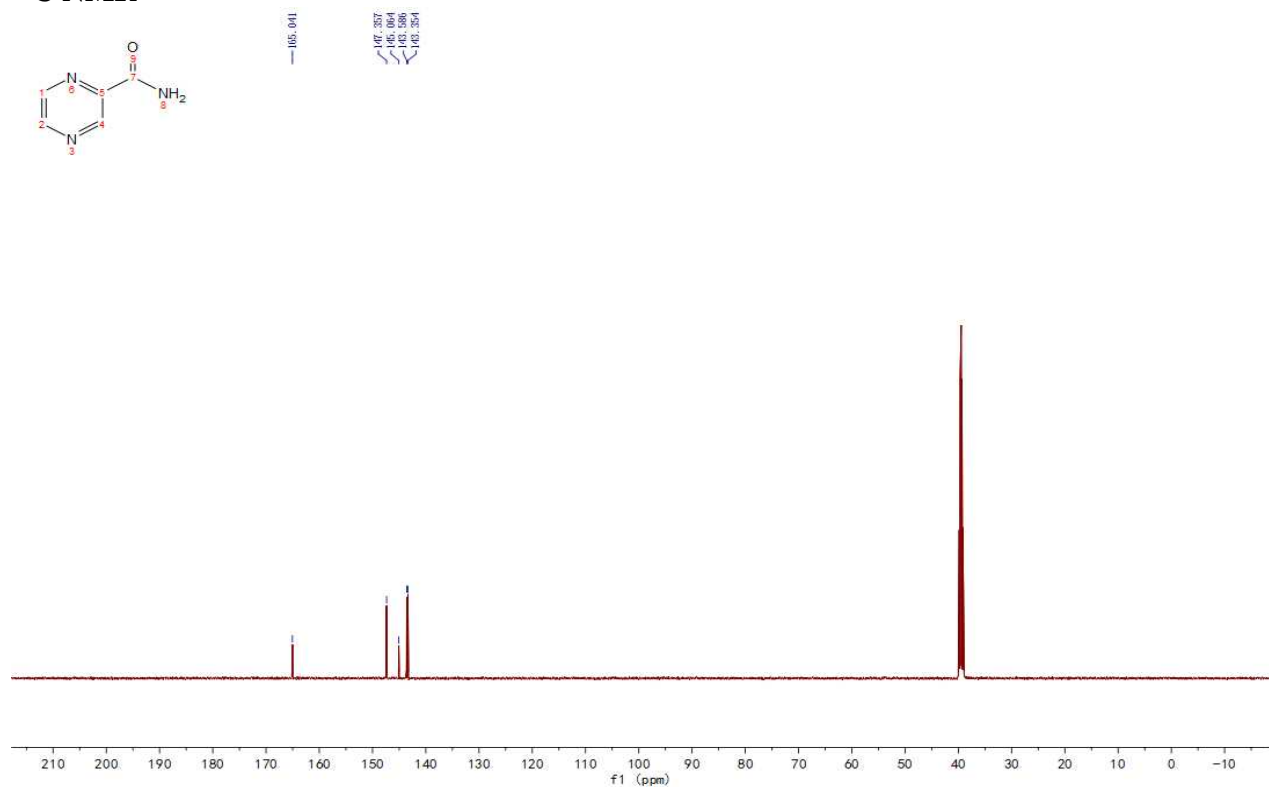


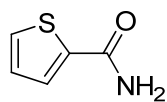


¹H NMR

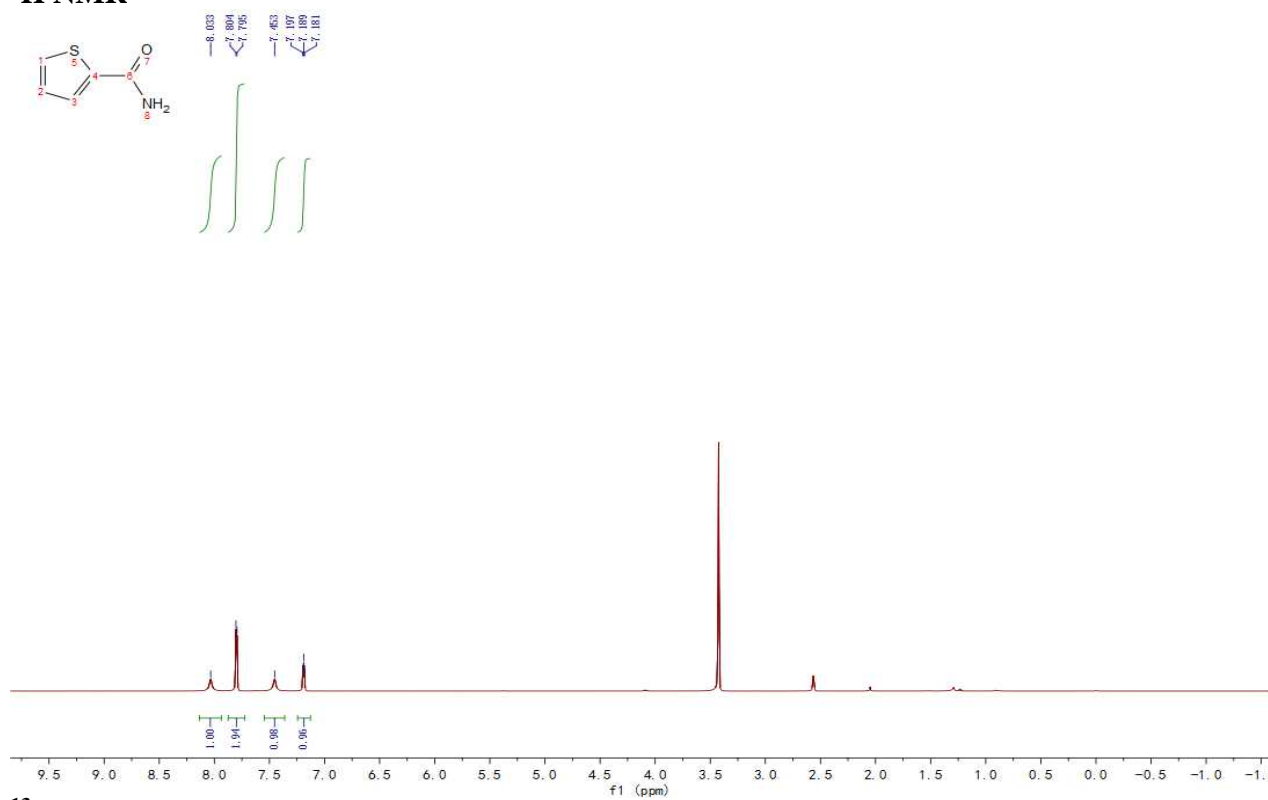


¹³C NMR

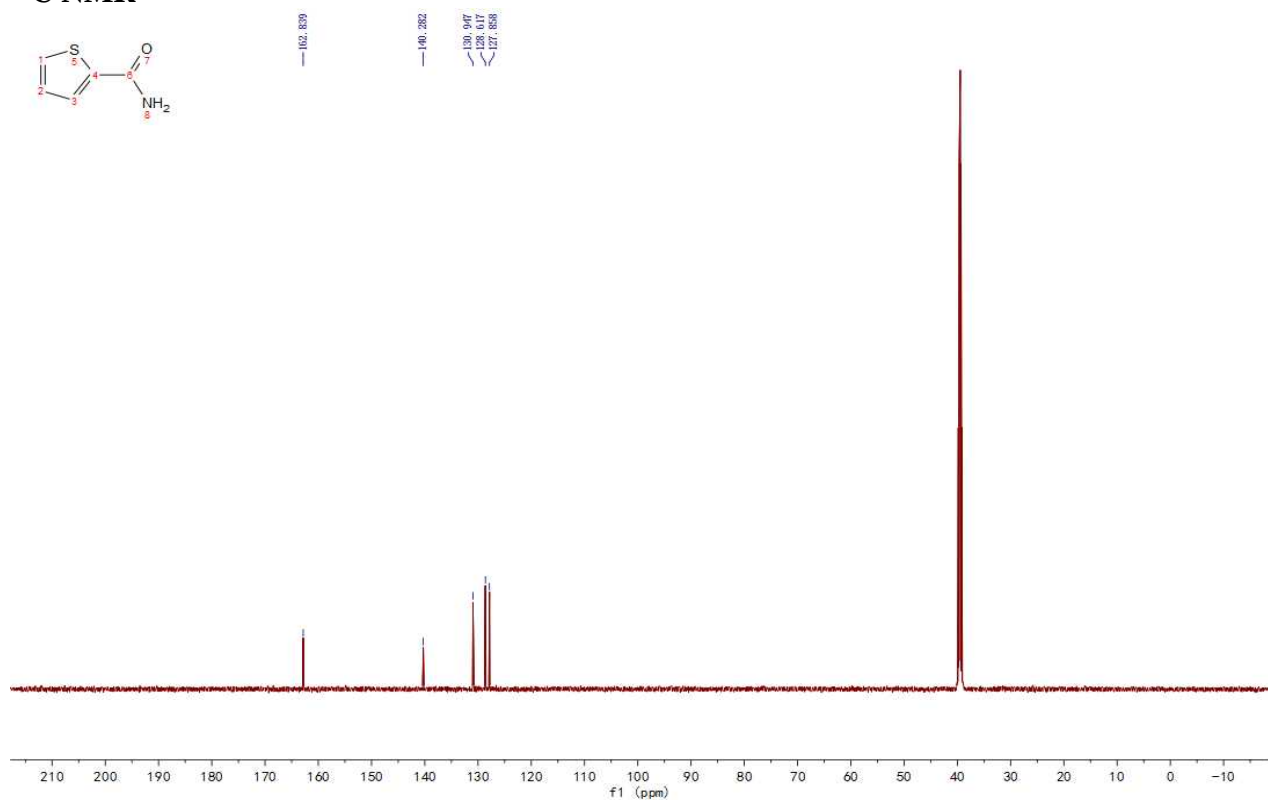


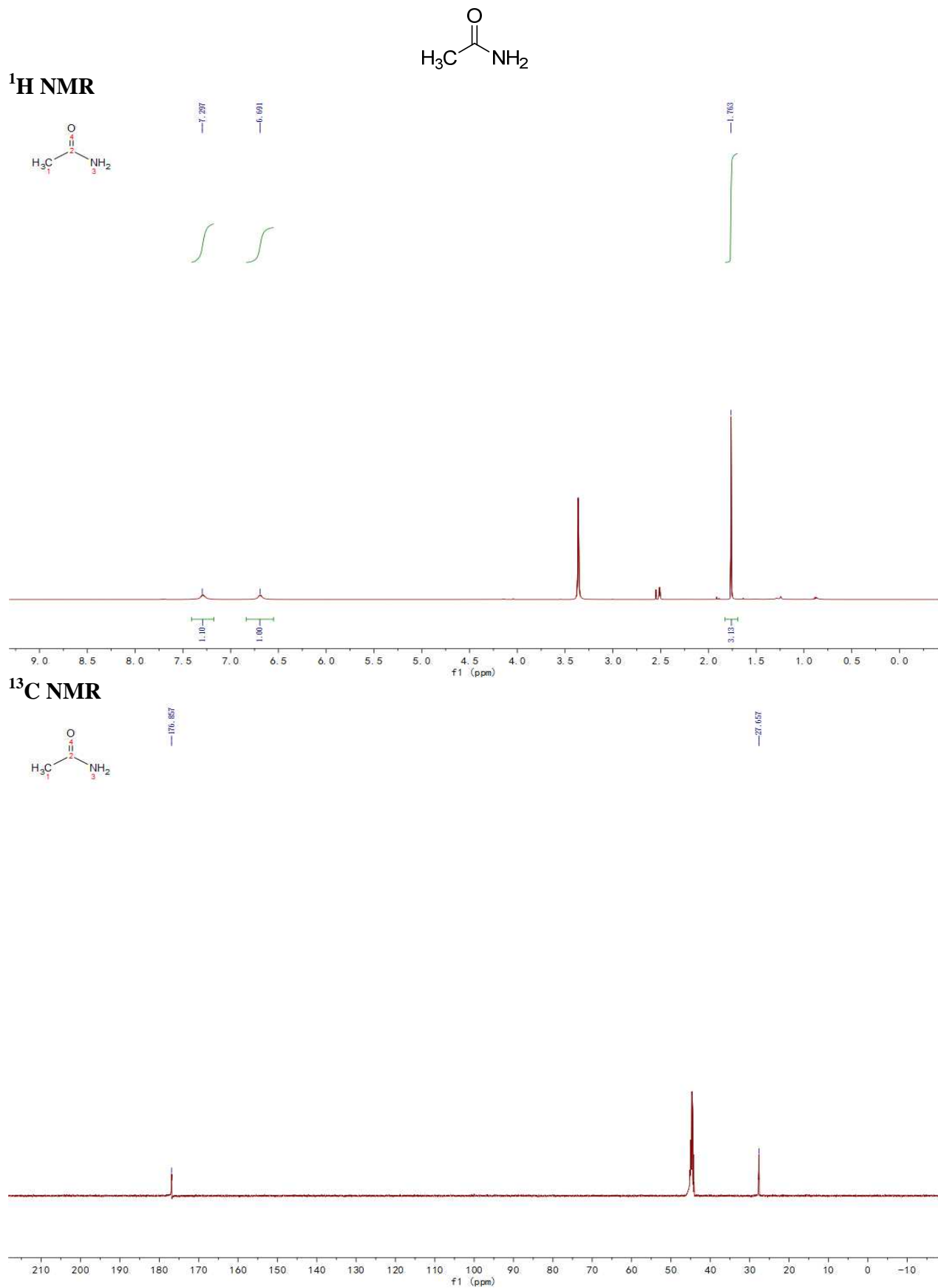


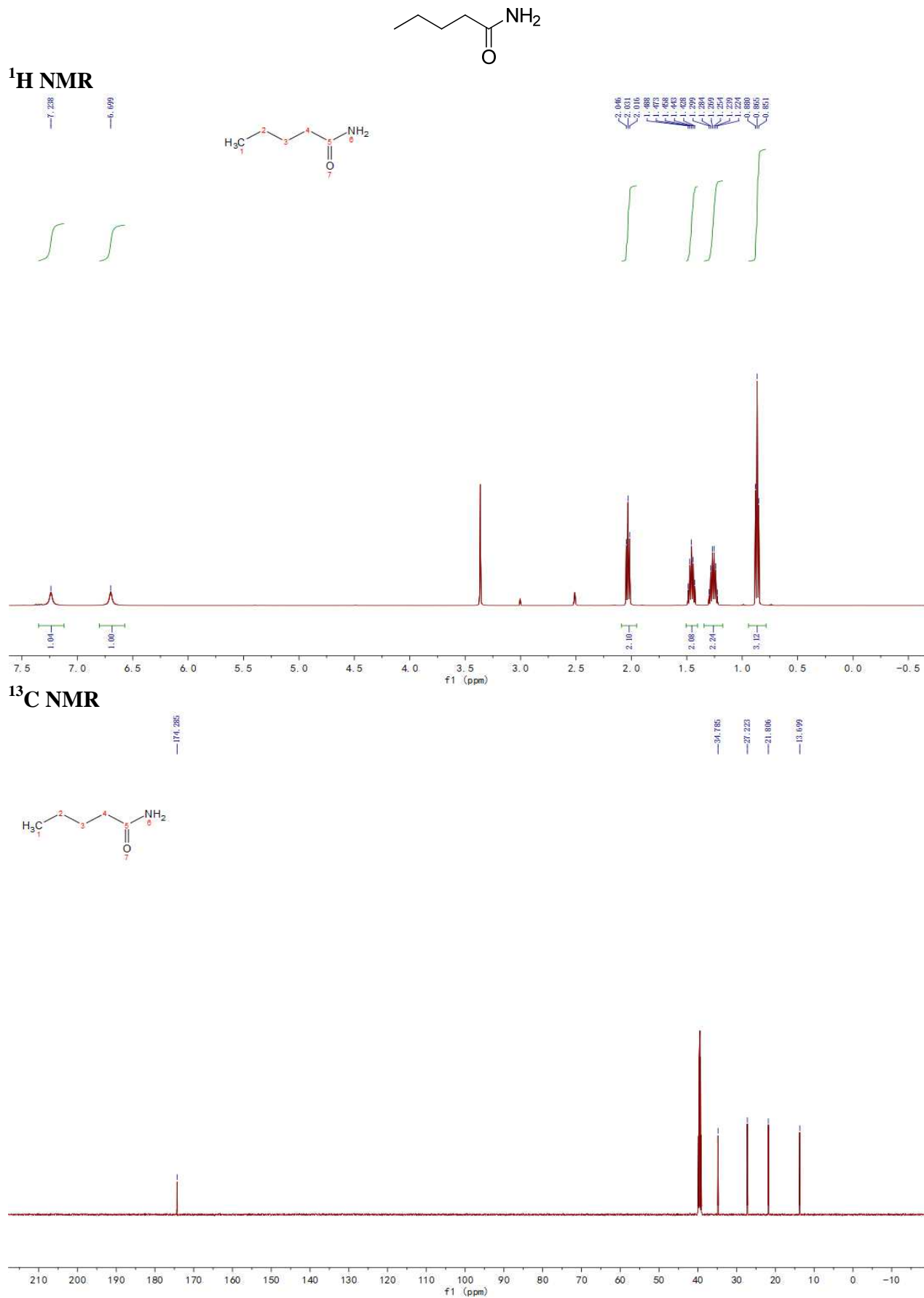
¹H NMR

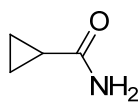


¹³C NMR

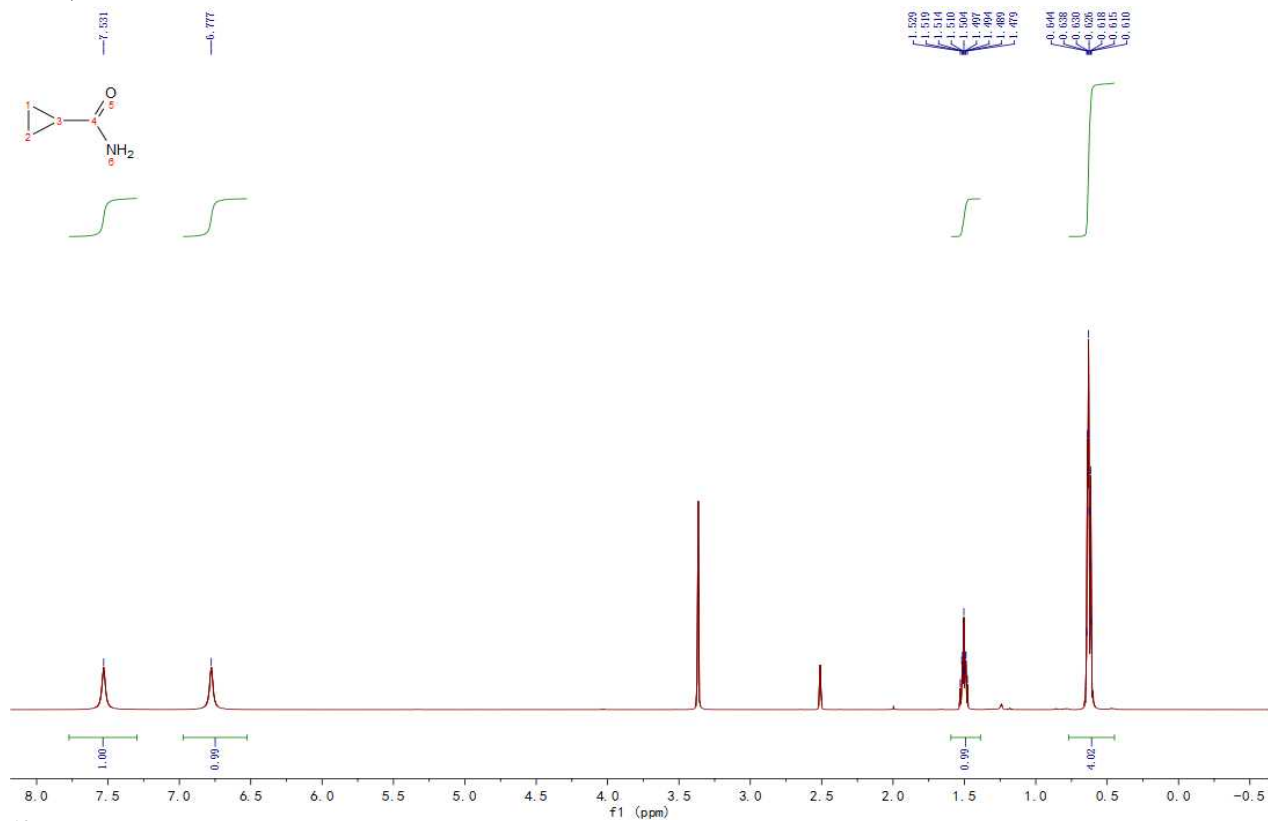




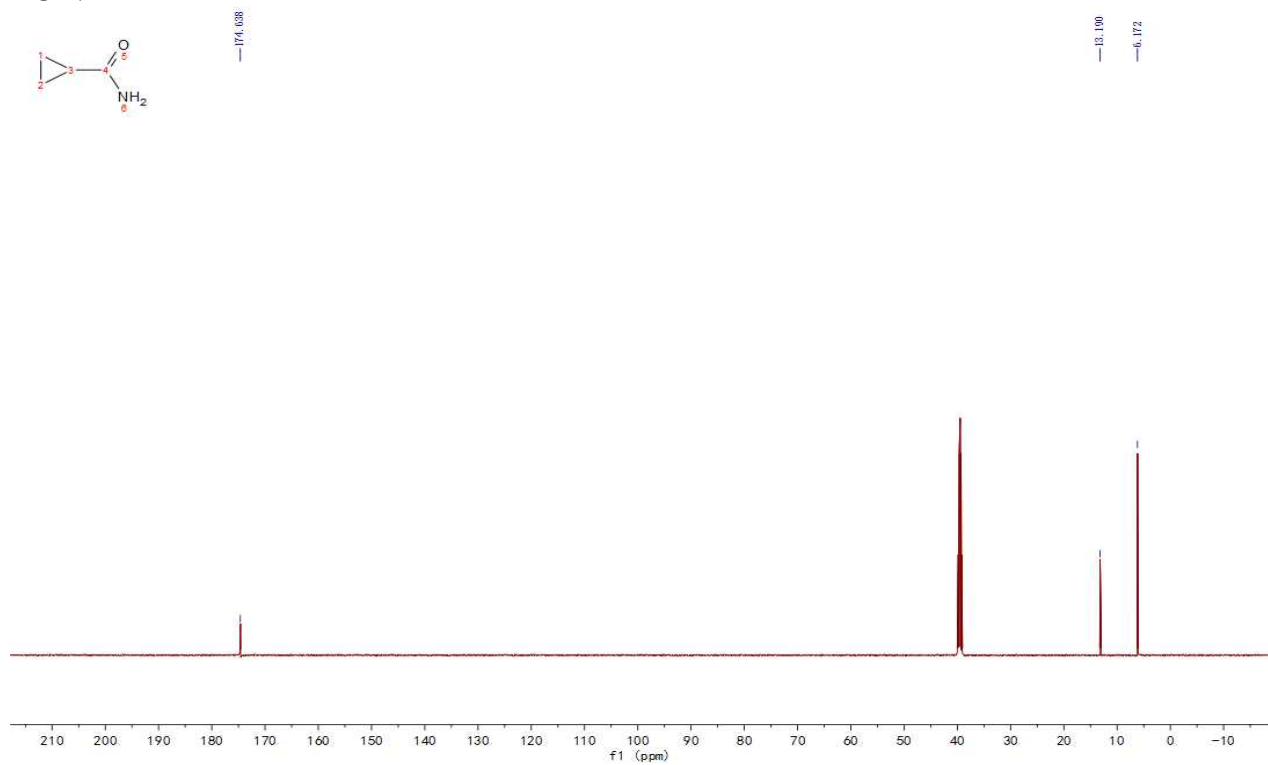




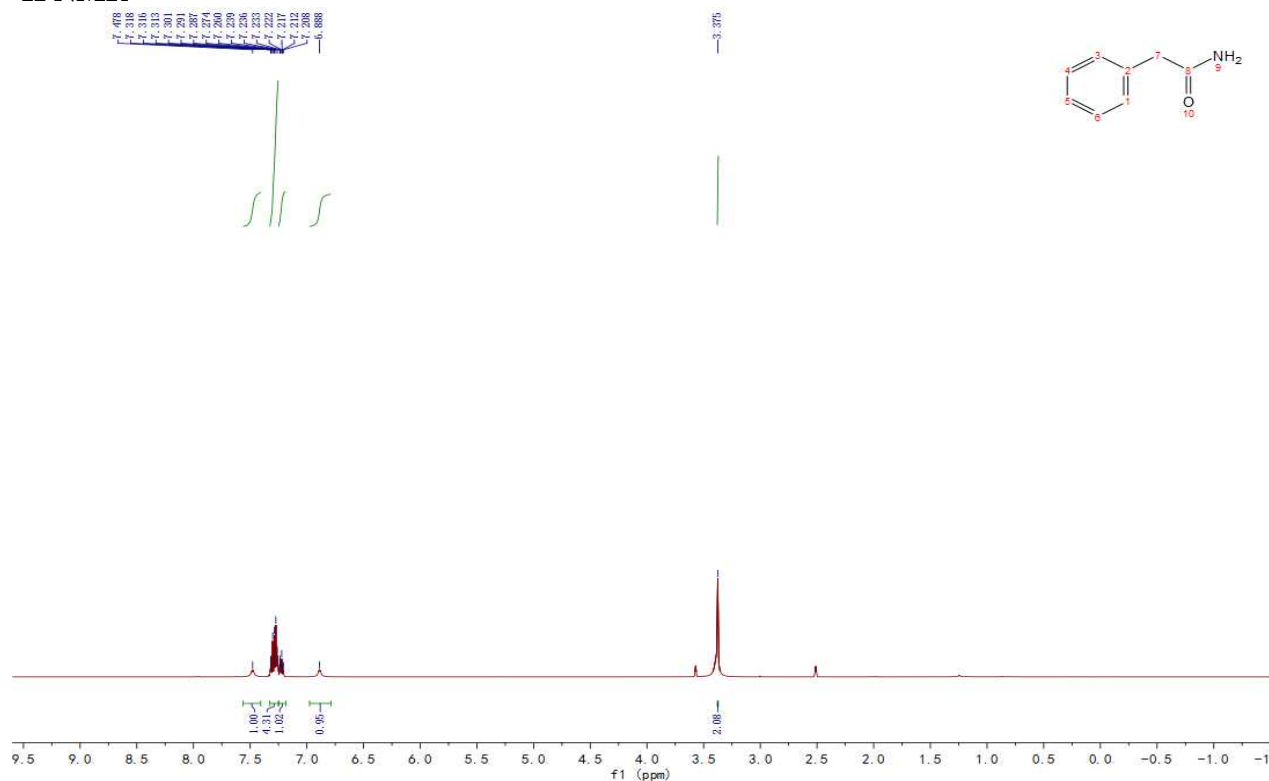
¹H NMR



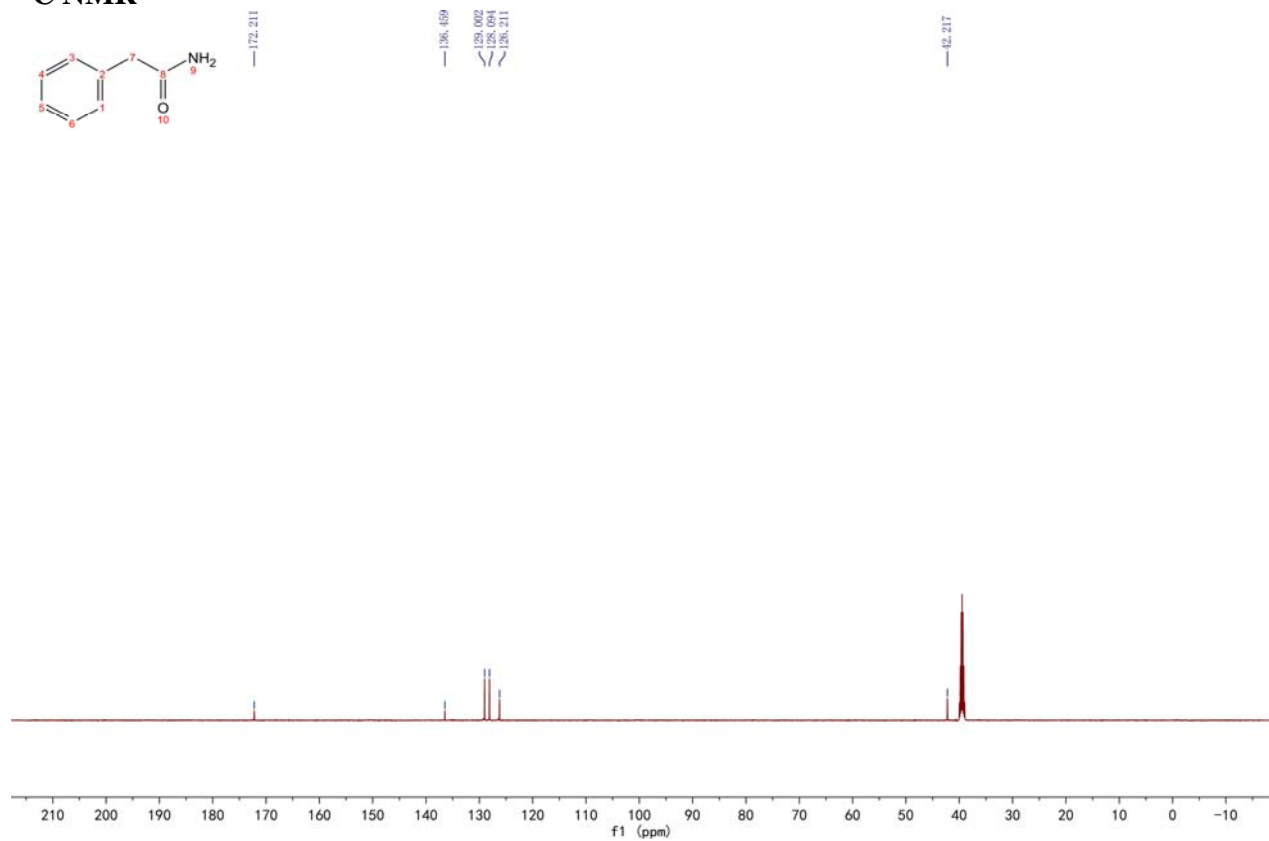
¹³C NMR



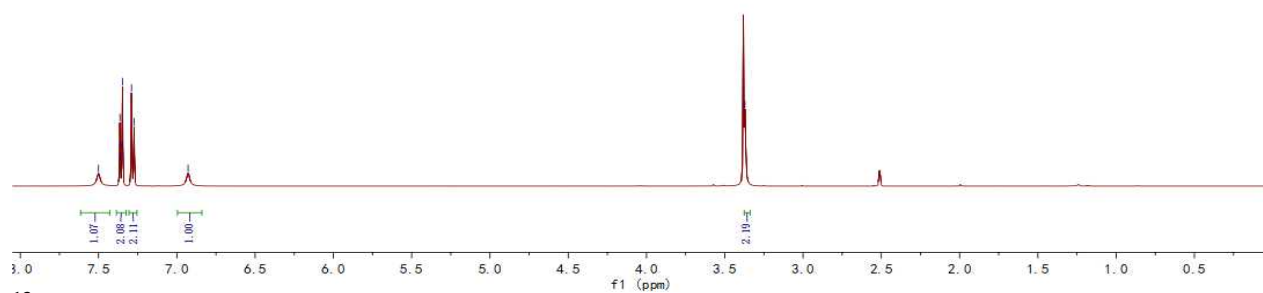
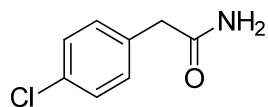
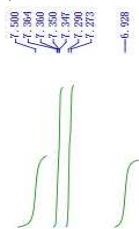
¹H NMR



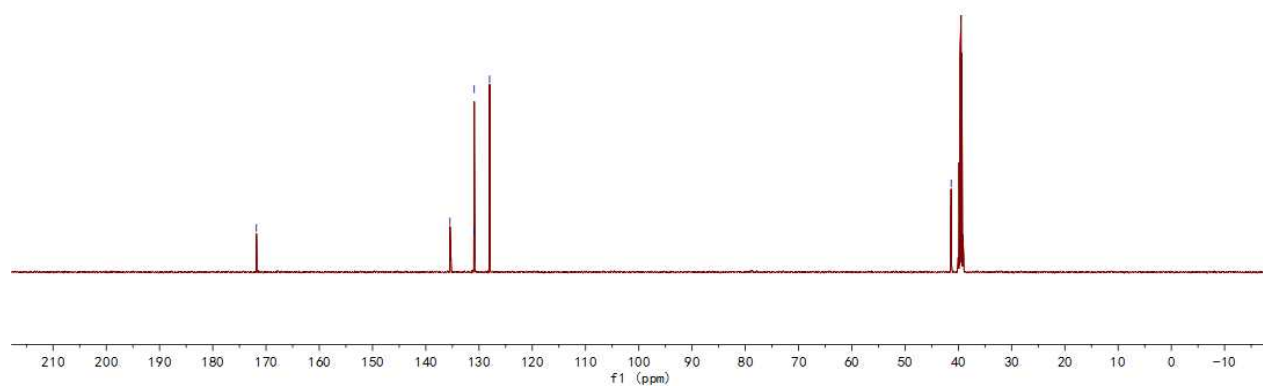
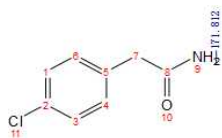
¹³C NMR



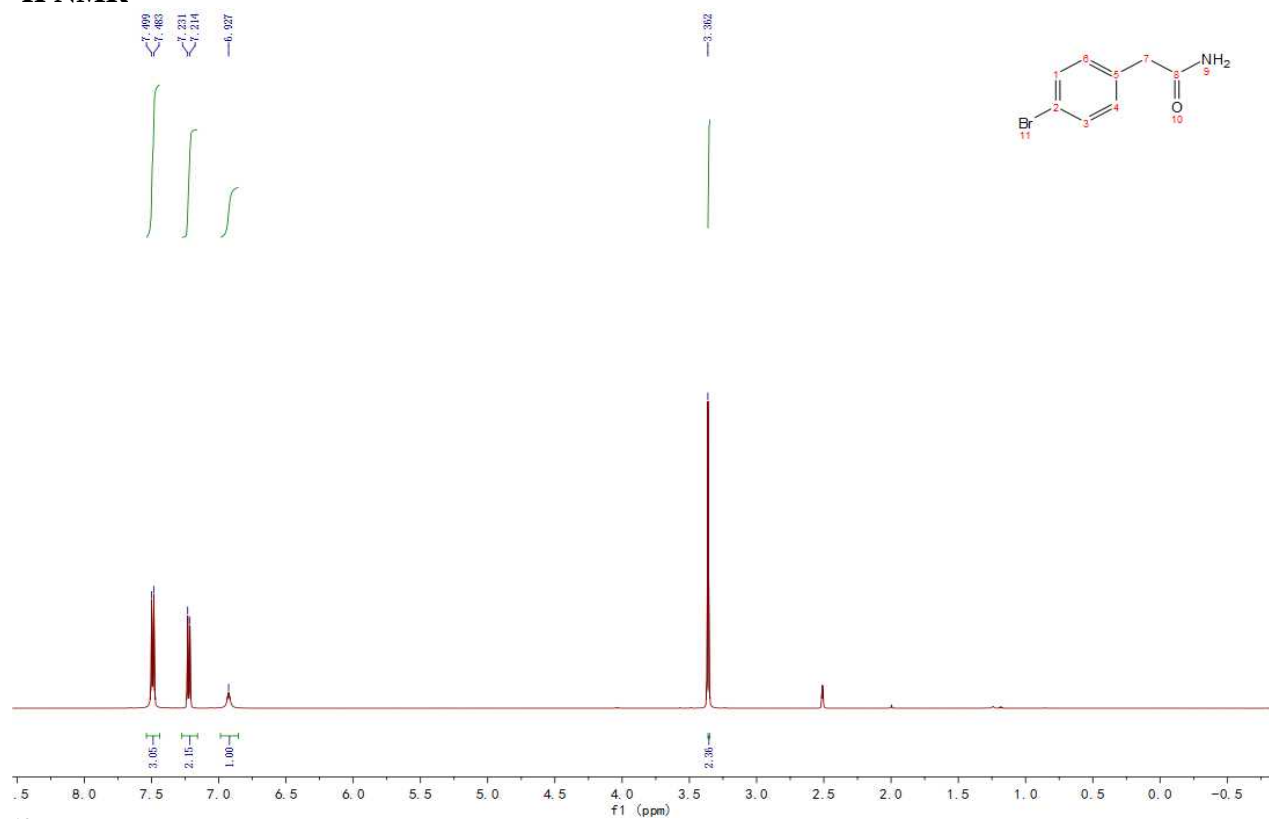
¹H NMR



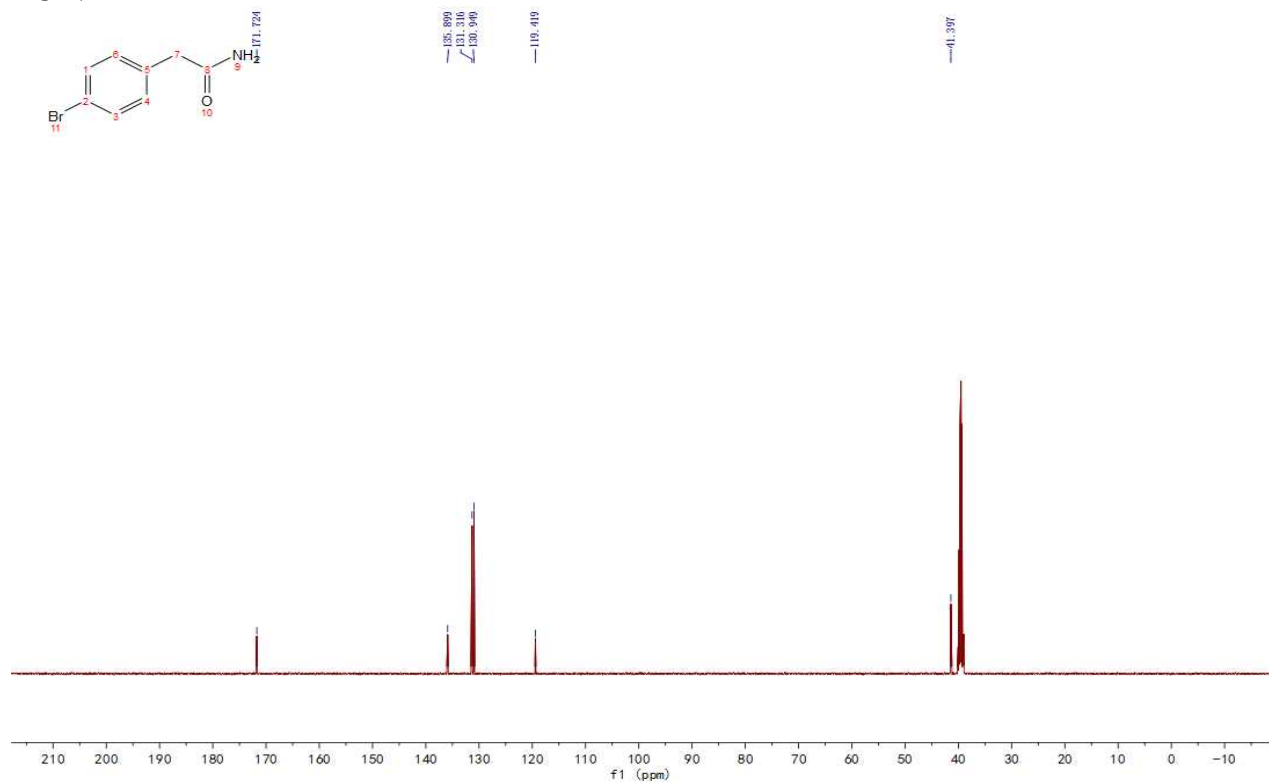
¹³C NMR

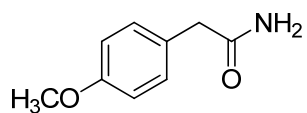


$^1\text{H NMR}$

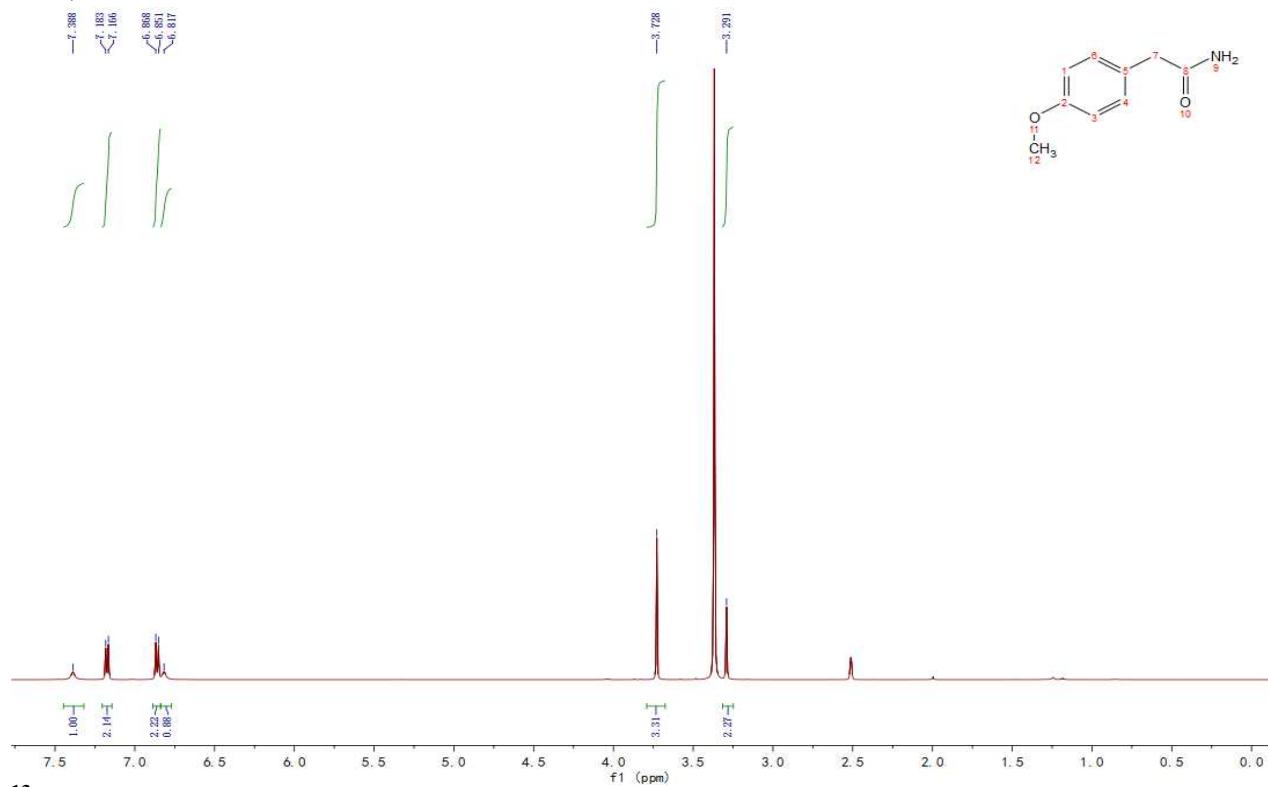


$^{13}\text{C NMR}$

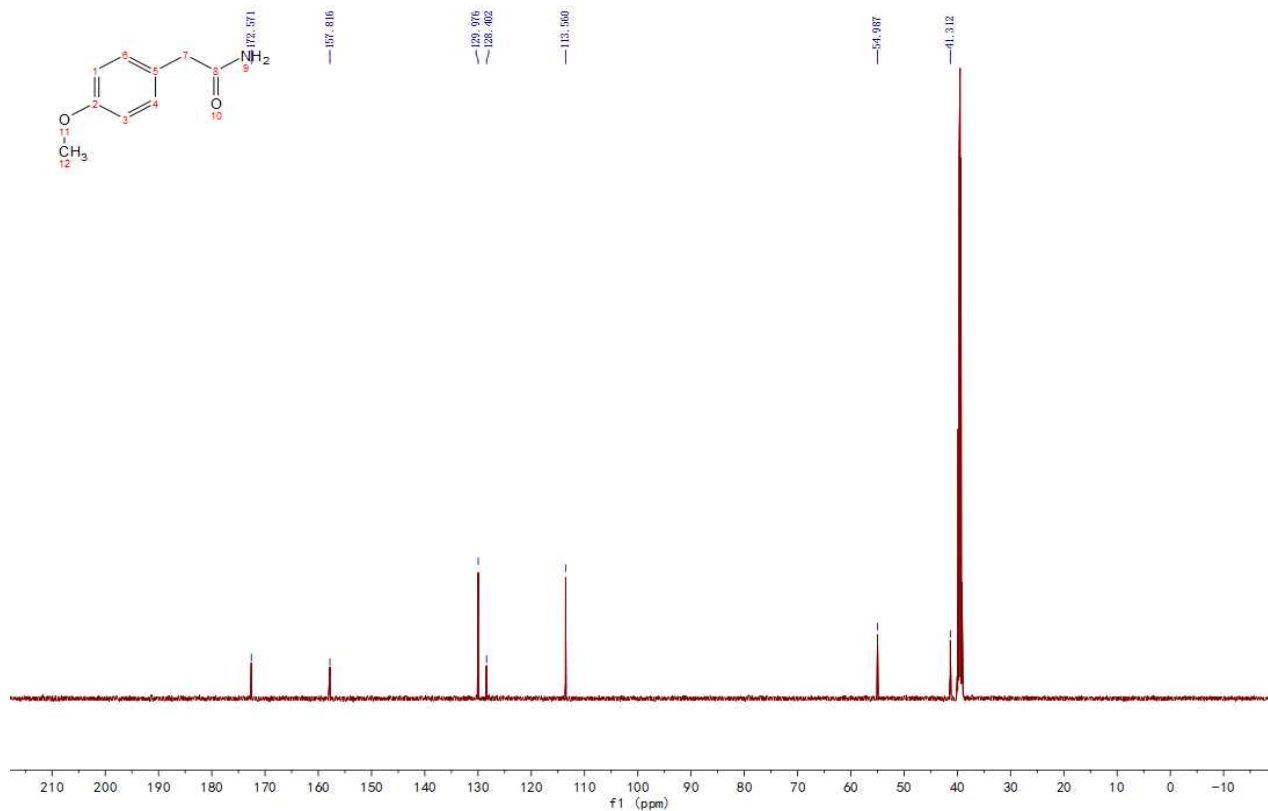


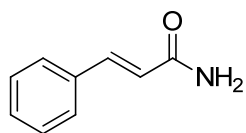


¹H NMR

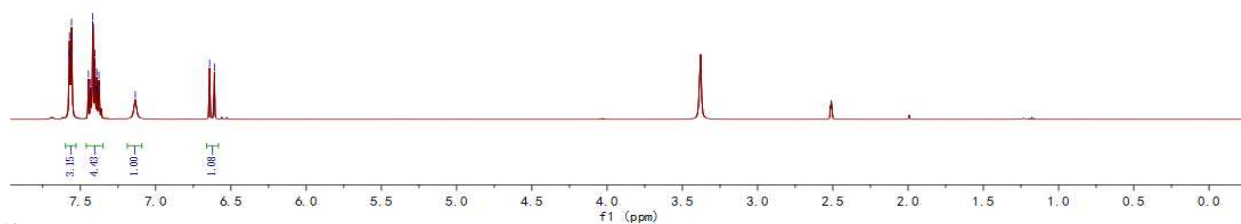
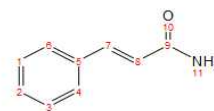
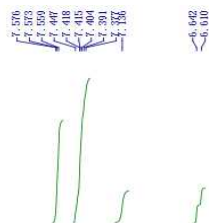


¹³C NMR

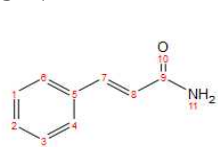




¹H NMR



¹³C NMR



166.050
139.135
134.854
129.411
128.889
127.502
122.308

