

Supplementary materials

Method: Construction of supersaturation ratio profiles on-chip

The profiles of supersaturation ratio (S) on chip were calculated in the same approach as described previously.¹ Briefly, computational fluid dynamics software (Comsol) was used to construct the complete set of concentration profiles of CO_3^{2-} and Ca^{2+} ions on-chip. Supersaturation ratio was then calculated using Equation 1 with the activities estimated from the localized pH and the concentrations of Na^+ , Ca^{2+} , CO_3^{2-} and Cl^- using Extended Debye-Hückel Equation.²

$$S = \sqrt{\frac{\gamma_{\text{CO}_3^{2-}} \times \gamma_{\text{Ca}^{2+}}}{K_{\text{CaCO}_3}}} \quad (\text{Equation 1})$$

Where K_{CaCO_3} is the solubility constant of calcium carbonate, $\gamma_{\text{CO}_3^{2-}}$ and $\gamma_{\text{Ca}^{2+}}$ are the activities of CO_3^{2-} and Ca^{2+} , respectively. The solubility constant of calcite, $2.18 \times 10^{-9} \text{ mol}^2/\text{dm}^6$, is used in the calculation.³

A 2D straight channel configuration was used for the computational simulation since the two sharp turns in the 10 mm long up channel have negligible effects. In contrast to previous non-buffered system, simulation of the MOPS buffered systems requires to take into account both the acid-base and MOPS equilibria at pH 7.5. These are listed in Table S1. The diffusion coefficients of ions and proteins are listed in Table S2.

Table S1. The acid-base and MOPS equilibria and the corresponding constant K at 25 °C.

Equilibrium	K	Reference
$\text{H}_2\text{O} \rightleftharpoons \text{OH}^- + \text{H}^+$	$1.00 \times 10^{-14} \text{ mol}^2/\text{dm}^6$	3
$\text{HCO}_3^- + \text{H}^+ \rightleftharpoons \text{H}_2\text{CO}_3$	$2.25 \times 10^6 \text{ dm}^3/\text{mol}$	3
$\text{CO}_3^{2-} + \text{H}^+ \rightleftharpoons \text{HCO}_3^-$	$2.13 \times 10^{10} \text{ dm}^3/\text{mol}$	3
$\text{MOPS}^- + \text{H}^+ \rightleftharpoons \text{MOPSH}$	$1.58 \times 10^7 \text{ dm}^3/\text{mol}$	4

Table S2. Diffusion coefficients of ions and proteins in the calculation

Species	Diffusion coefficients (m^2/s)	Reference
HCO_3^-	1.185×10^{-9}	5
CO_3^{2-}	9.23×10^{-10}	5
H_2CO_3^*	1.185×10^{-9}	5
H^+	9.31×10^{-9}	5

Na ⁺	1.33×10^{-9}	5
OH ⁻	5.27×10^{-9}	5
Ca ²⁺	7.92×10^{-9}	5
Cl ⁻	2.03×10^{-9}	5
MOPS ^{-*}	1.185×10^{-10}	5
MOPSH *	1.185×10^{-10}	5
BSA	6.21×10^{-11}	6
28KDa EP	8.20×10^{-11}	7

* This work assumes that the similarity in size of HCO₃⁻, H₂CO₃, MOPS and MPOSH, compared to other components in the system, allows use of a similar diffusion coefficient in the numerical simulations.

Supplementary video:

Time lapse recording of the crystal formation from the 50 mM CaCl₂ and 50 mM Na₂CO₃ in MOPS in the absence of proteins.

Reference:

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