

Supplementary data

High Rate Capabilities Induced by Multi-phasic Nanodomains in Iron-substituted Calcium Cobaltite

Electrodes

Young-Dae Ko,^a Jin-Gu Kang,^a Kyung Jin Choi,^a Jae-Gwan Park,^a Jae-Pyoung Ahn,^b Kyung Yoon Chung,^c
Kyung-Wan Nam,^d Won-Sub Yoon,^e and Dong-Wan Kim*^a

^a Nano-Materials Research Center, Korea Institute of Science and Technology, Seoul 136-791, Korea, ^b
Advanced Analysis Center, Korea Institute of Science and Technology, Seoul 136-791, Korea, ^c Battery
Research Center, Korea Institute of Science and Technology, Seoul 136-791, Korea, ^d Chemistry Department,
Brookhaven National Laboratory, Upton, NY 11973, USA, and ^e School of Advanced Materials Engineering,
Kookmin University, Seoul 136-702, Korea. E-mail: dongwan1@empal.com

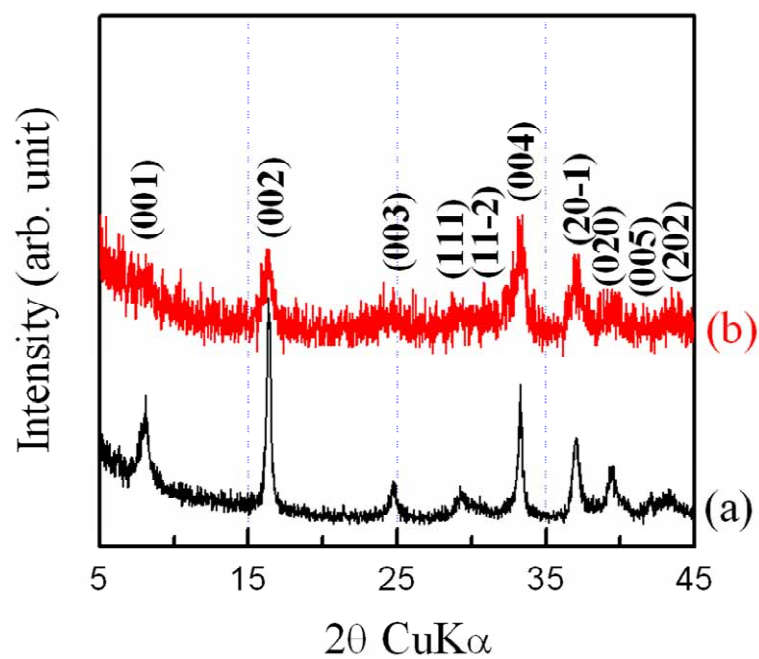


Figure S1. XRD patterns of the (a) $\text{Ca}_3\text{Co}_4\text{O}_9$ and (b) $\text{Ca}_3\text{Co}_3\text{FeO}_9$ nanoplates.

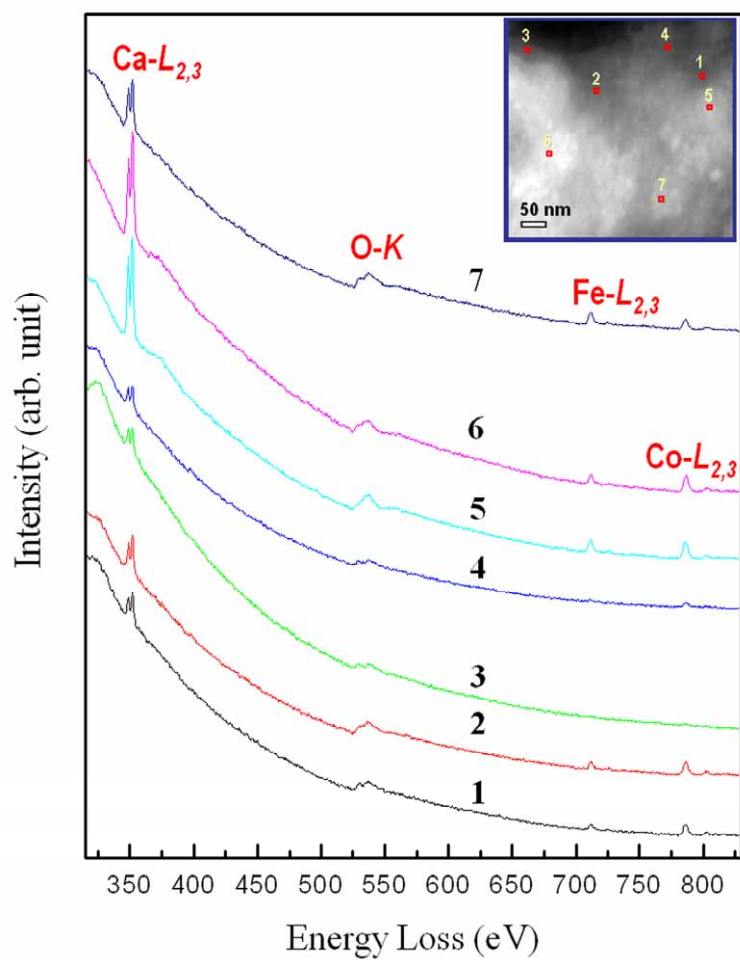


Figure S2. EELS spectra acquired at each position depicted in the inset HAADF image of fully lithiated $\text{Ca}_3\text{Co}_3\text{FeO}_9$.

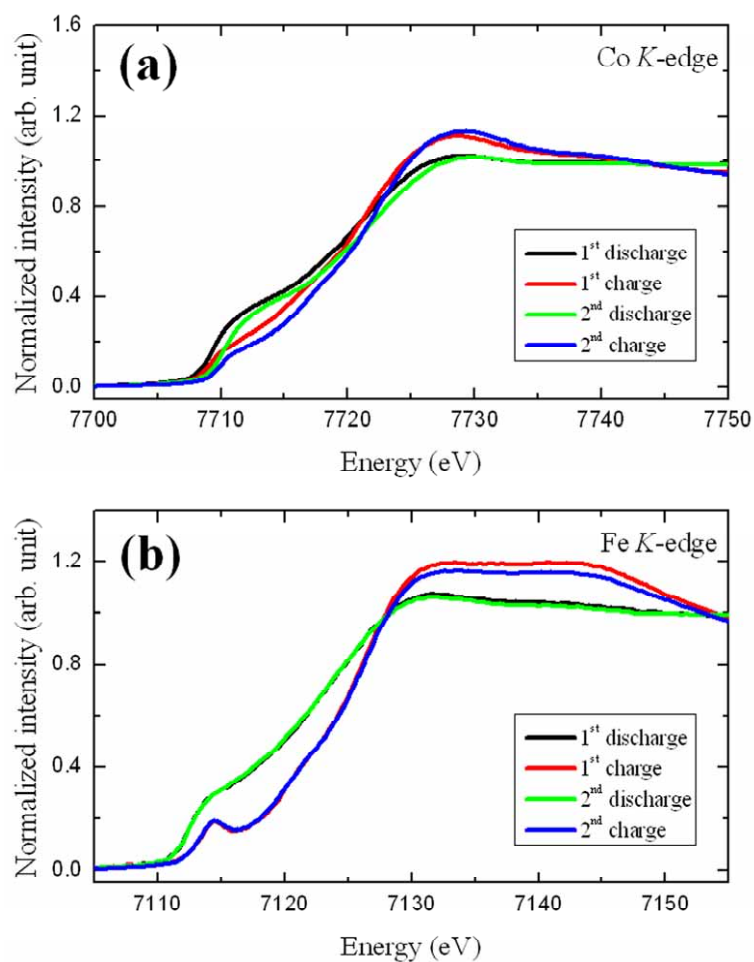


Figure S3. Normalized (a) Co and (b) Fe K-edge XANES spectra for the $\text{Ca}_3\text{Co}_3\text{FeO}_9$ at the charged and discharged states taken after first 2 cycles.

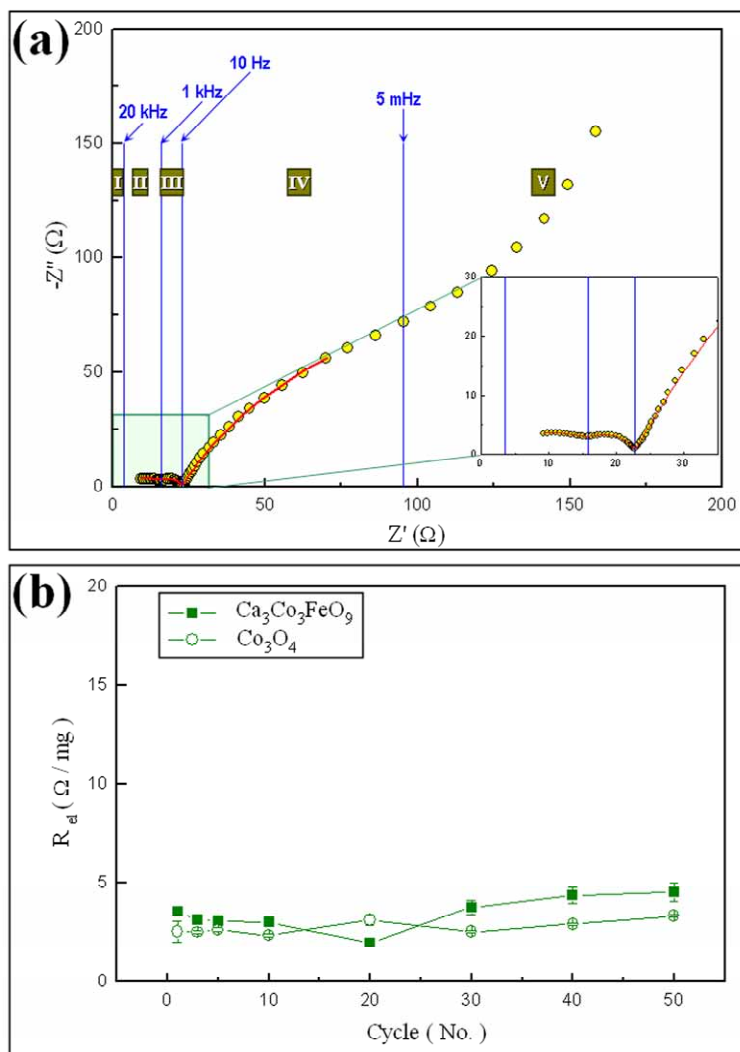


Figure S4. (a) Impedance spectrum of the $\text{Ca}_3\text{Co}_3\text{FeO}_9/\text{Li}$ half cell at the discharged state taken after 20 cycles at a C/5 rate. The inset shows a magnified view of high frequency region. (b) Variation of the R_{el} versus the cycle number for the $\text{Ca}_3\text{Co}_3\text{FeO}_9$ and Co_3O_4 cycled at a rate of 1C.

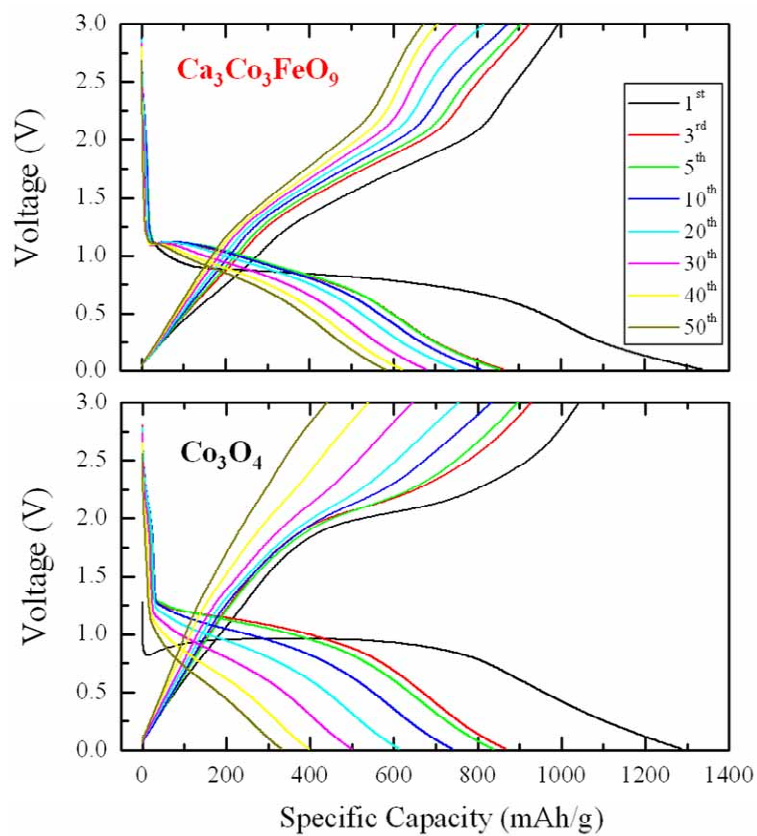


Figure S5. Charging-discharging curves for the $\text{Ca}_3\text{Co}_3\text{FeO}_9/\text{Li}$ and $\text{Co}_3\text{O}_4/\text{Li}$ half cells cycled between 3.0 and 0.01 V at a rate of 1C during the impedance measurements.

Table S1. Each volume of all components for the calculation of volume change in $\text{Ca}_3\text{Co}_3\text{FeO}_9$ electrodes.

	ρ, Density (g/cm^3)	MW, Molecular weight (g/mol)	V, Molar volume (cm^3/mol)
$\text{Ca}_3\text{Co}_3\text{FeO}_9$	4.68	496.869	106.1686
Co	8.789	58.93	6.7053
Fe	7.875	55.845	7.0914
Li_2O	2.026	29.881	14.7488
CaO	3.346	56.077	16.7594
CoO	6.433	74.93	11.6478
Fe_3O_4	5.202	231.531	44.5081

$$V = \text{MW}/\rho$$

(1) Volume change during 1st discharge based on reaction, **$\text{Ca}_3\text{Co}_3\text{FeO}_9 + 12\text{Li} \rightarrow 3\text{Co} + \text{Fe} + 6\text{Li}_2\text{O} + 3\text{CaO}$**

$$\Delta V (\%) = [3V(\text{Co}) + V(\text{Fe}) + 6V(\text{Li}_2\text{O}) + 3V(\text{CaO}) - V(\text{Ca}_3\text{Co}_3\text{FeO}_9)] / V(\text{Ca}_3\text{Co}_3\text{FeO}_9) \times 100 = \mathbf{56.32 \%}$$

(2) Volume change during 1st charge and subsequent cycles based on reaction, **$3\text{Co} + \text{Fe} + 6\text{Li}_2\text{O} + 3\text{CaO} \leftrightarrow 3(\text{CoO} + 2\text{Li}) + 1/3(\text{Fe}_3\text{O}_4 + 8\text{Li}) + 5/3\text{Li}_2\text{O} + 3\text{CaO}$**

$$\Delta V (\%) = [3V(\text{Co}) + V(\text{Fe}) + 6V(\text{Li}_2\text{O}) + 3V(\text{CaO}) - 3V(\text{CoO}) - 1/3V(\text{Fe}_3\text{O}_4) - 5/3V(\text{Li}_2\text{O}) - 3V(\text{CaO})] / [3V(\text{Co}) + V(\text{Fe}) + 6V(\text{Li}_2\text{O}) + 3V(\text{CaO})] \times 100 = \mathbf{24.91\%}$$