Electronic Supplementary Information for:

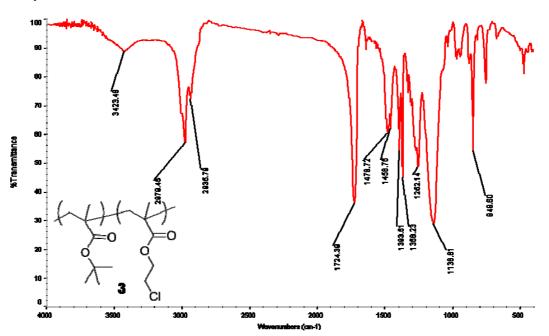
Single-chain polyacrylic nanoparticles with multiple Gd(III) centres as potential MRI contrast agents

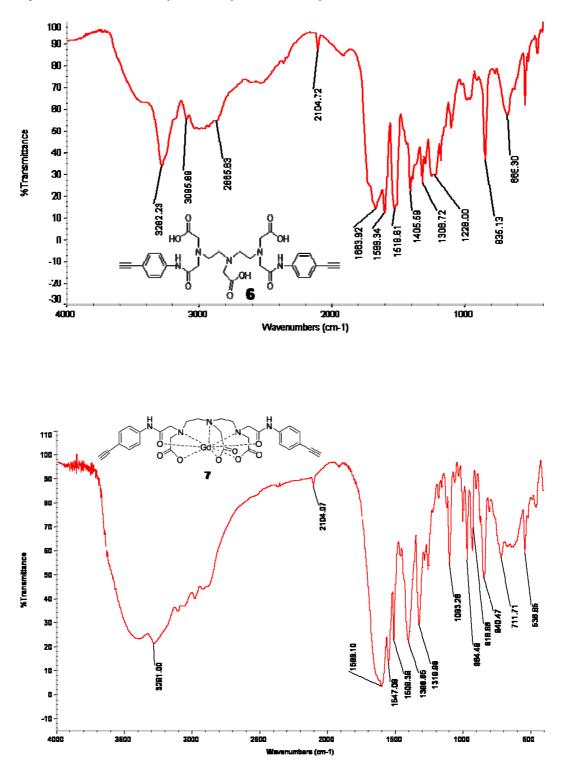
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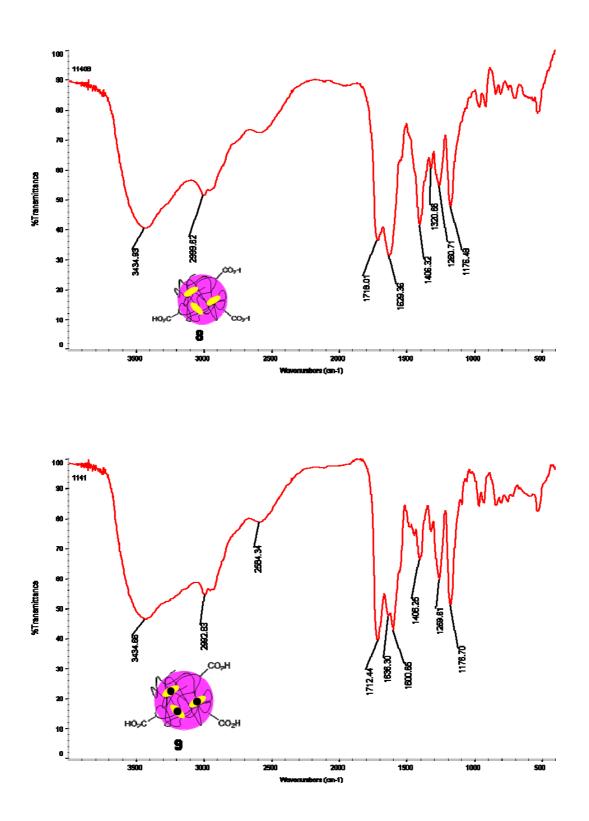
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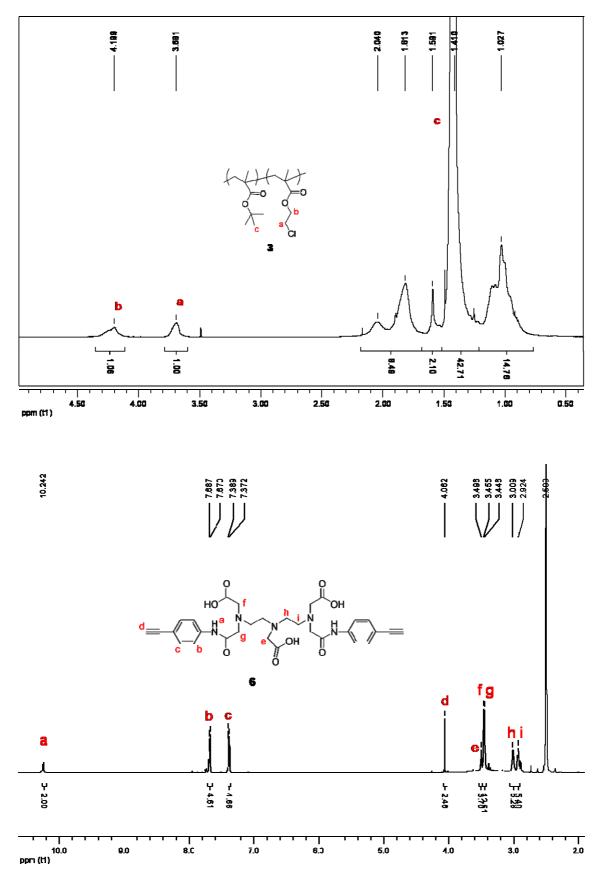
FT-IR Spectra



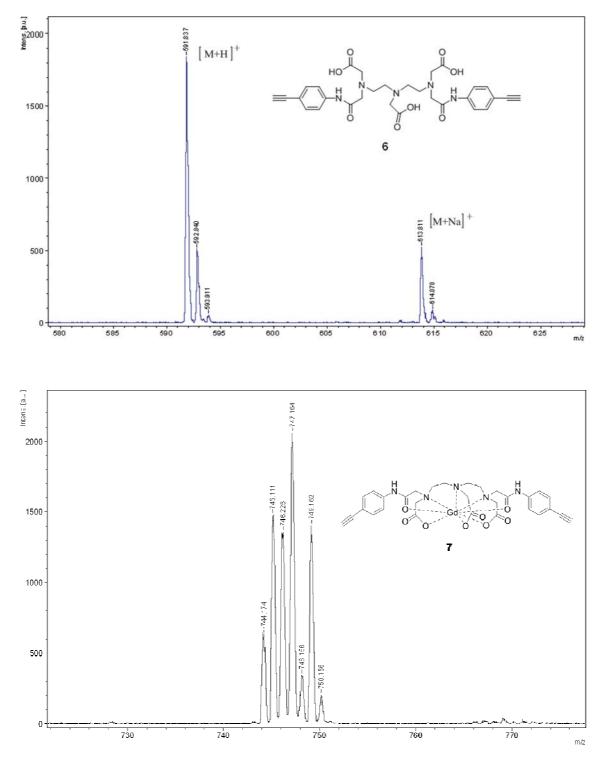


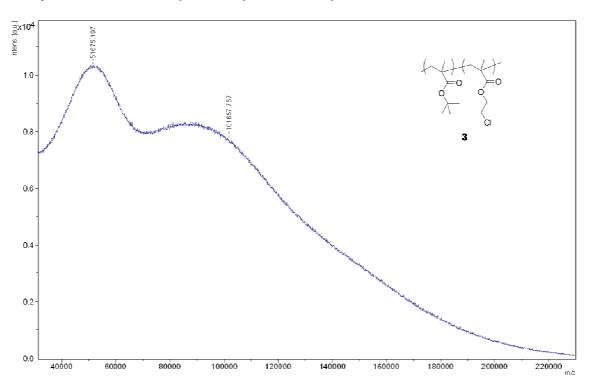


¹H NMR Spectra

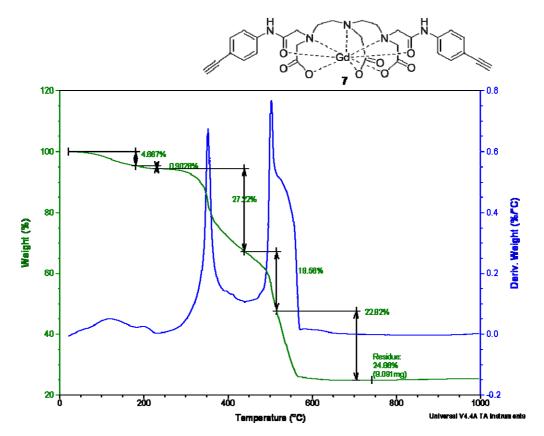


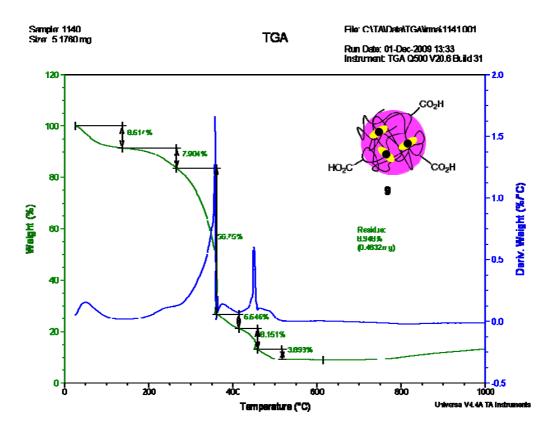






TGA spectra





Gd content calculations for PNPs 10

<u>TGA:</u> TGA analyses were run in air, from room-temperature to 1000 °C at a rate of 10 °C min⁻¹. Initial sample: 5.176 mg

Final residue: 0.4632 mg (8.948 %)

From the TGA curve we eliminate the 1st weight loss which corresponds to water (8.514%).

Initial PNPs weight – water = dry PNPs weight

 $5.176 - (5.176 \times 0.08514) = 4.735 \text{ mg dry PNPs}$

<u>ICP</u>: Once the samples were burned in the TGA oven to remove all the organics, the residue was dissolved in ICP grade nitric acid (50 mL, HNO_3 final concentration 0.2%), and analyzed by ICP for Gd.

Results: the concentration of Gd was found to be 5.35 ppm (= 5.35 mg Gd·L⁻¹).

As the residue was dissolved in 50 mL of nitric acid:

50 mL \cdot 5.35 mg Gd \cdot L⁻¹ = 50 \cdot 10⁻³ L \cdot 5.35 mg Gd \cdot L⁻¹ = 0.2675 mg Gd in total.

Then Gd wt% of the initial sample:

Gd wt% = (0.2675 mg Gd / 4.735 mg PNP)·100 = 5.6 wt% Gd

To calculate how many Gd^{3+} ions are per DTPA center, first we calculate the number of DTPA mmoles that are in 4.735 mg of PNPs. For that we need to calculate the molecular weight of the PNPs **9**. Taking into account that we have started from a 9:1 ratio of *t*BMA and CIEMA

monomers, the repeating unit of this compound can be envisaged as a Gd-DTPA unit attached to 18 units of methacrylic acid (Figure S1). This gives a molecular weight of 2605 g/mol DTPA.

Thus, the initial amount of PNPs **10** was $4.735 \text{ mg} / 2605 = 1.82 \text{x} 10^{-3} \text{ mmol DTPA}$.

The amount of Gd was found to be 0.2675 mg / $157.25 = 1.70 \times 10^{-3}$ mmol Gd, which means that approximately 93% of the DTPA centers are occupied with Gd³⁺ ions. If the calculations are made considering the polymer in form of sodium methacrylate salt, an occupancy of 110% is obtained. The sample for ICP was taken from a neutral freeze-dried sample, so part of the carboxylic groups are expected to be as the sodium salt form. From these results we can conclude that practically all the DTPA units are Gd-loaded.

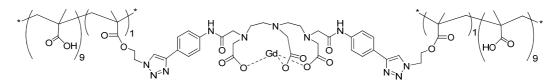
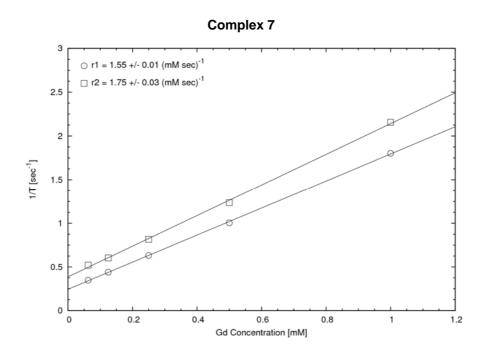


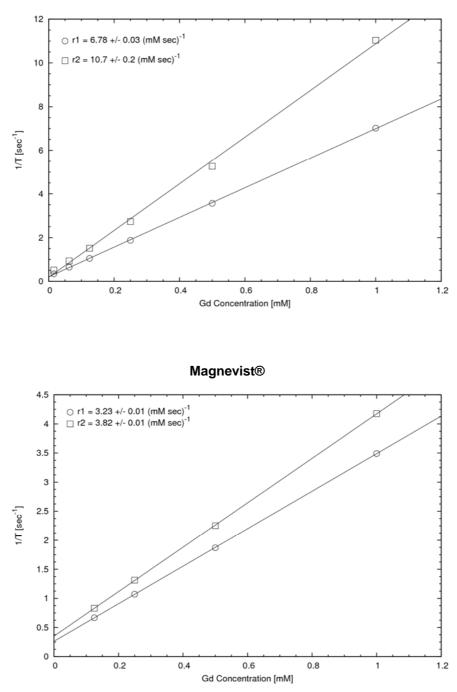
Figure S1. Chemical structure of the repeating unit of PNPs 10.

Average number of Gd³⁺ ions per nanoparticle

Considering a M_w of ~46 kDa and a molecular weight of 2605 g per each DTPA unit (calculated above), each nanoparticle would be loaded with an average of 46000/2605 = 18 Gd³⁺ ions.



Relaxivity values



PNPs 9