

Supplementary Material:

A versatile approach to processing of high active area pillar coral- and sponge-like Pt-nanostructures. Application to electrocatalysis

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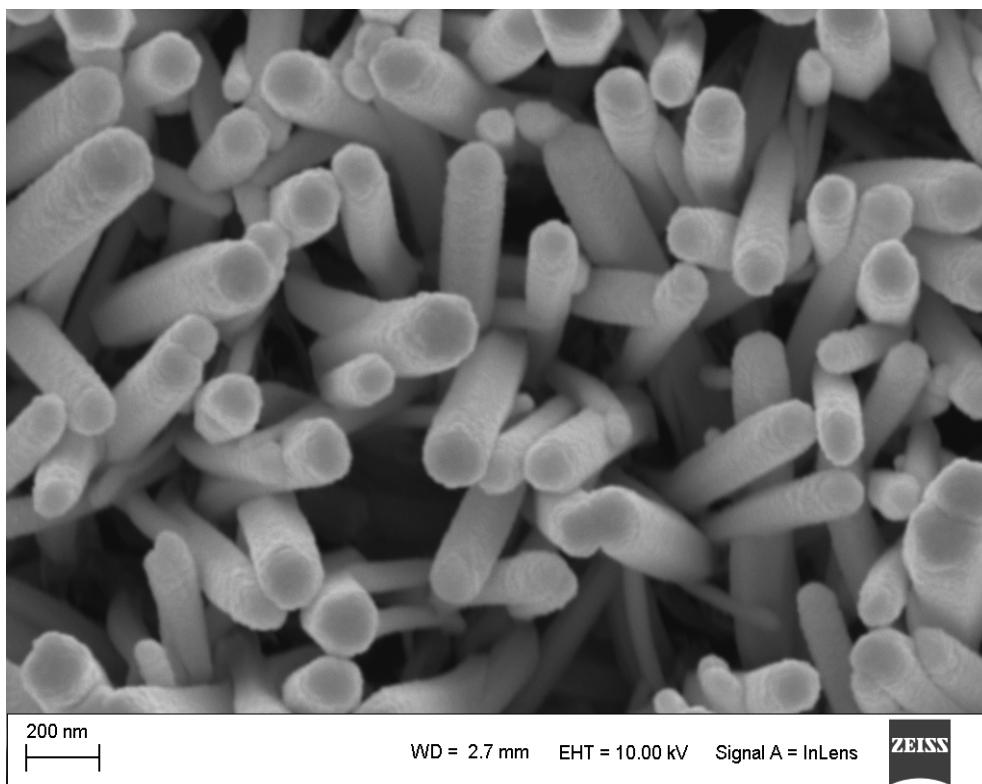


Fig. 1s: SEM image of Pt-NRs array obtained after sputtering of Pt on ZnO-NRs and subsequent dissolution of ZnO. The wall thickness is approximately 24nm

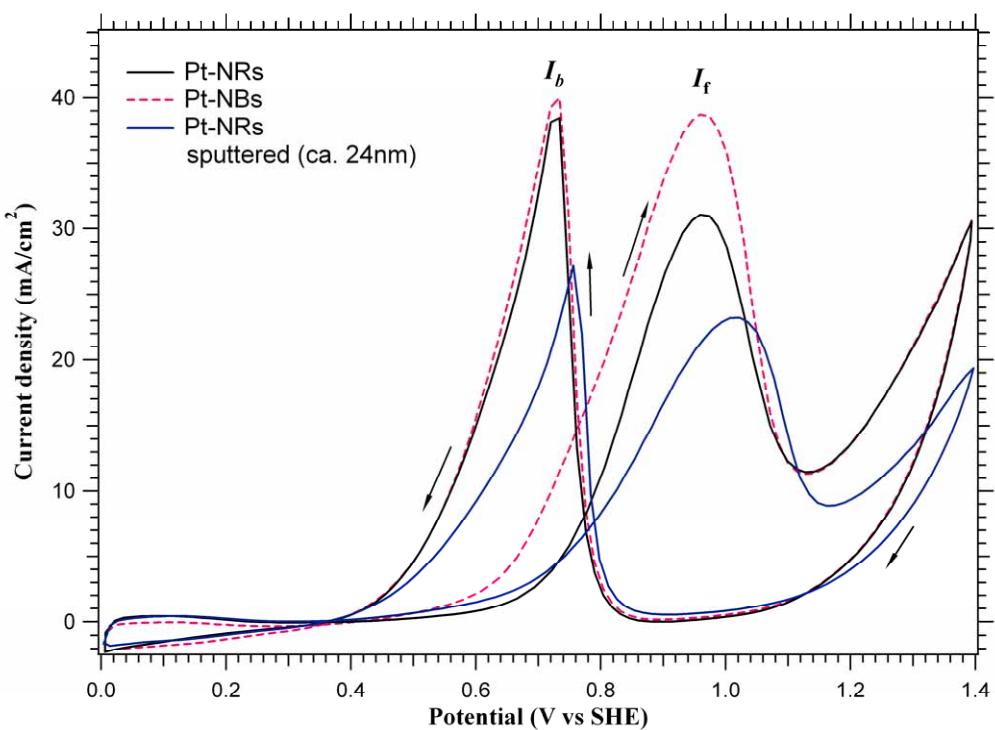


Fig. 2s: Cyclic voltammograms of Pt-NSs in 0.5 M H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> + 0.5 M CH<sub>3</sub>OH, at a scan rate of 50 mV/s. Red and black curves are for electrochemically processed Pt-NSs, blue is for Pt sputtered on ZnO-NRs (followed by dissolution of ZnO). In the forward scan, the anodic peak maximum associated with methanol oxidation was achieved at  $E = 0.959$  V for electrochemically deposited Pt-NSs, and at  $E = 1.02$  V for sputtered Pt. The current density of the forward anodic peak is lower for the NSs obtained using sputtering.