

Organic-inorganic hybrid polysilsesquioxane nanospheres as UVA/UVB absorber and fragrance carrier.

Punnipa Kidsaneepoiboon,^{a,b} Supason Pattanaargson Wanichwecharungruang,^{*a} Tianchai Chooppawa^a and Ratthakan Deephum^a

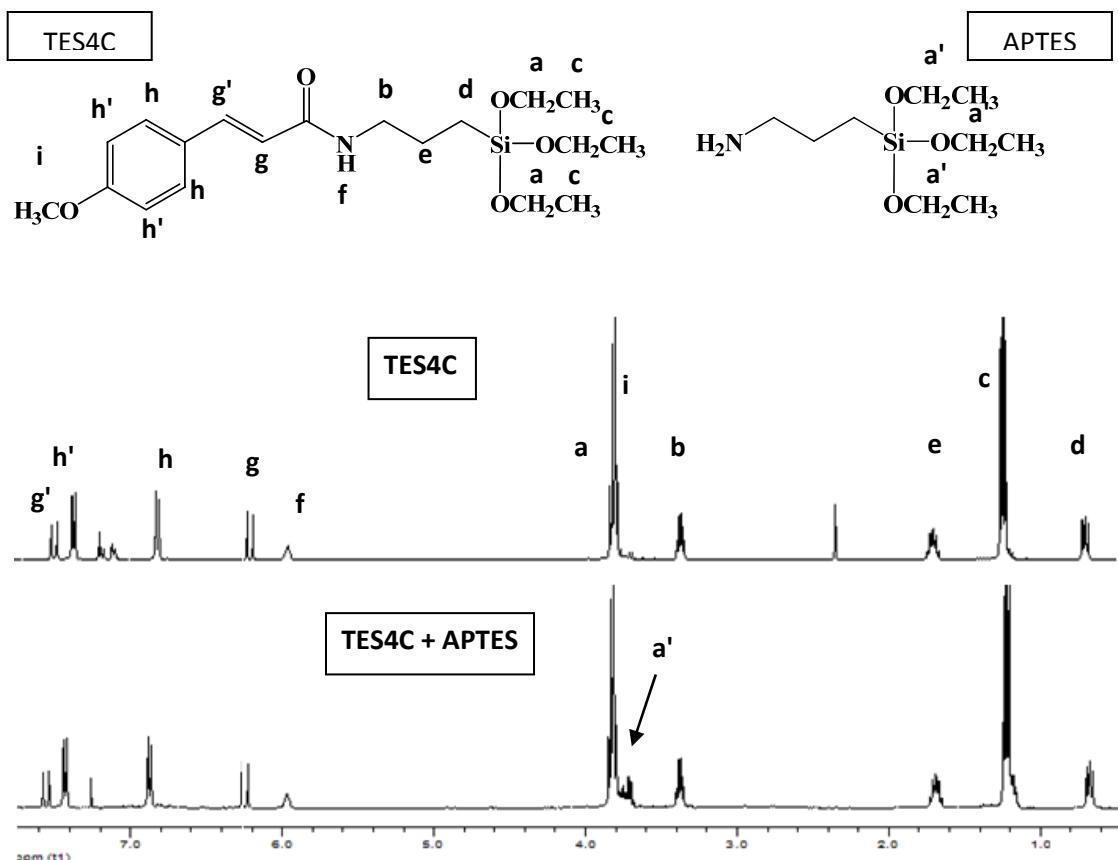


Figure 1 ¹H-NMR spectra (in CDCl₃) of triethoxysilylpropyl-4-methoxycinnamamide (**TES4C**) and the mixture of TES4C and APTES at the mole ratio of 5:1.

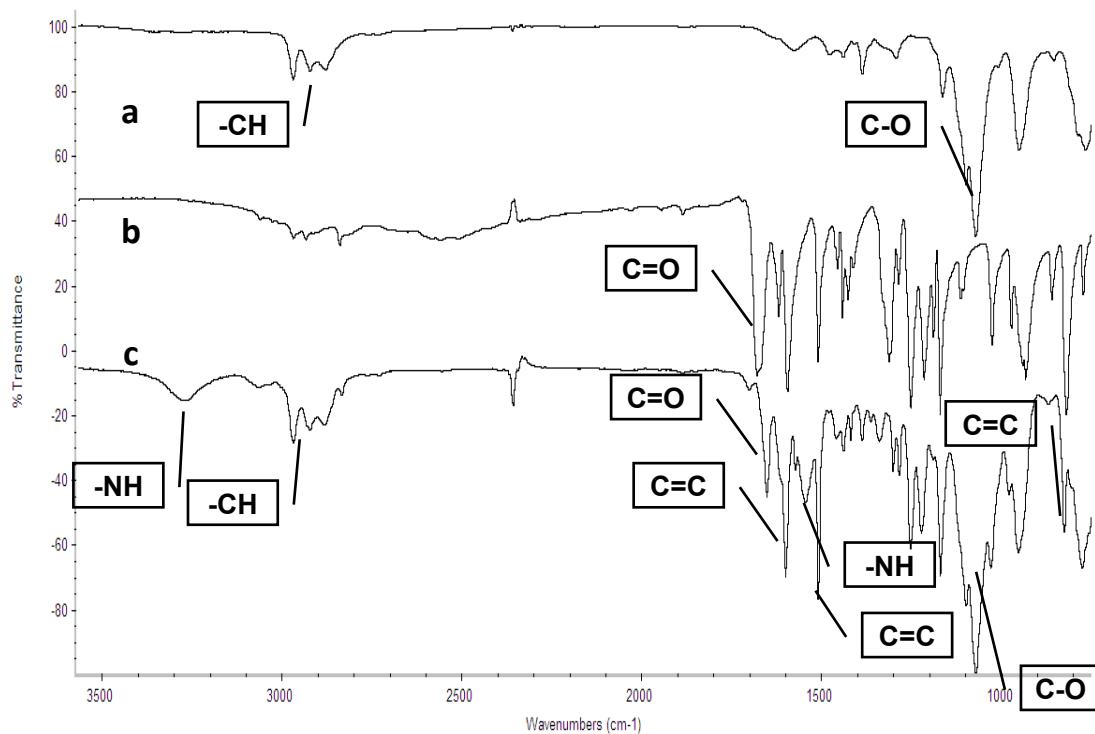


Figure 2 FT-IR spectra of 3-aminopropyltriethoxysilane (**APTES**) (a), 4-methoxycinnamic acid (b) and triethoxysilylpropyl-4-methoxycinnamamide, (**TES4C**) (c).

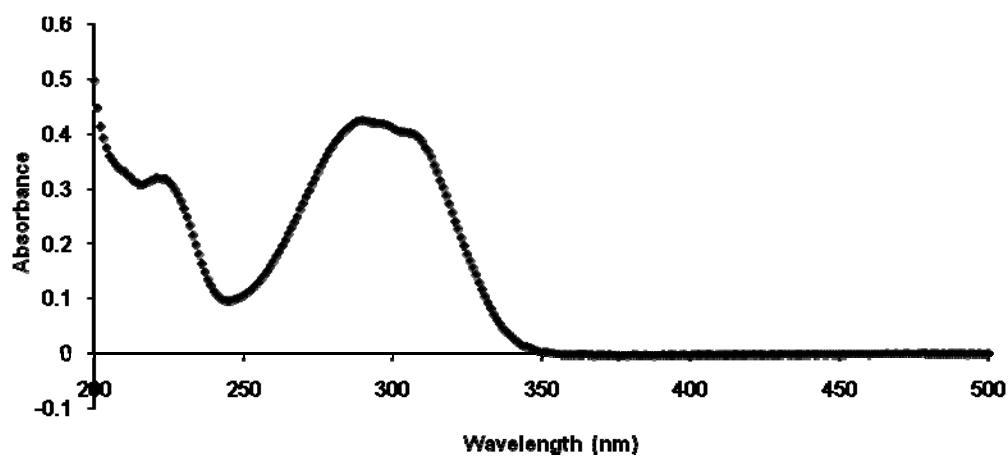


Figure 3 UV absorption spectrum of 1.0 × 10⁻⁵ M **TES4C** in ethanol.

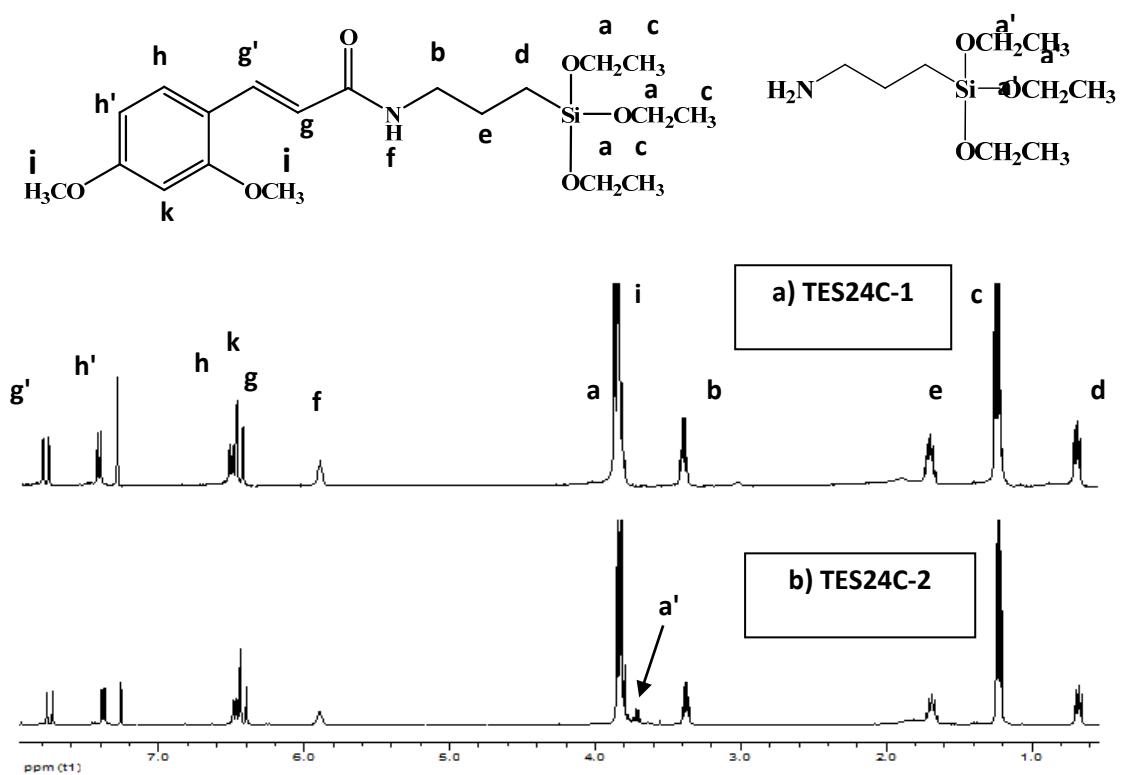


Figure 4 ¹H-NMR spectra (in CDCl₃) of triethoxysilylpropyl-2,4-dimethoxycinnamamide (**TES24C**) and the mixture of TES24C and APTES at the mole ratio of 5:1.

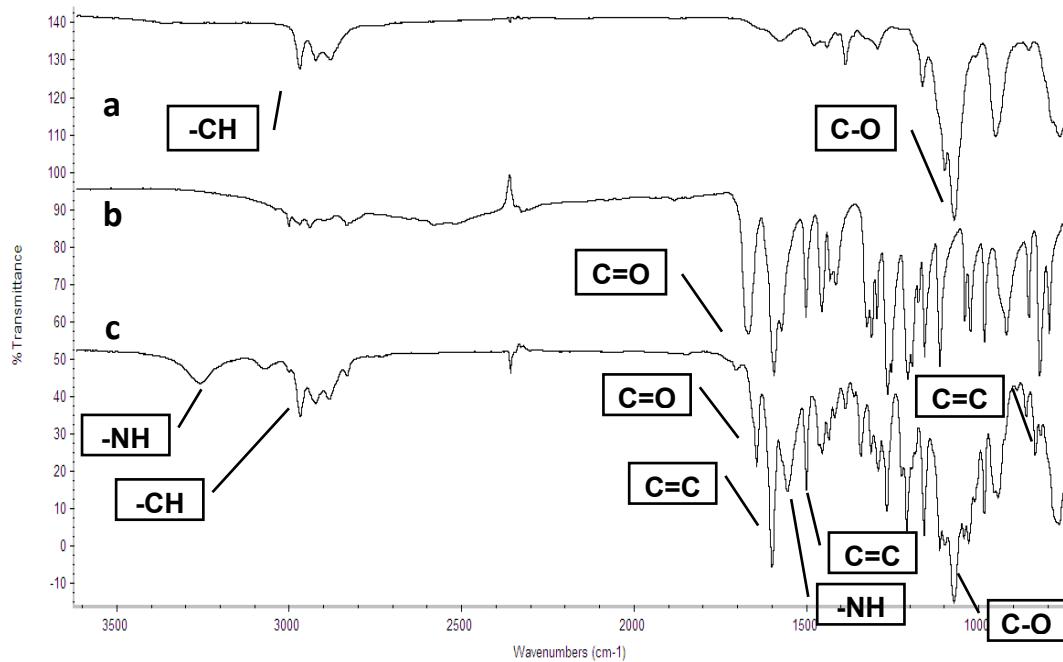


Figure 5 FT-IR spectra of 3-aminopropyltriethoxysilane (**APTES**) (a), 2,4-dimethoxycinnamic acid (b) and triethoxysilylpropyl-2,4-dimethoxycinnamamide (**TES24C-1**) (c).

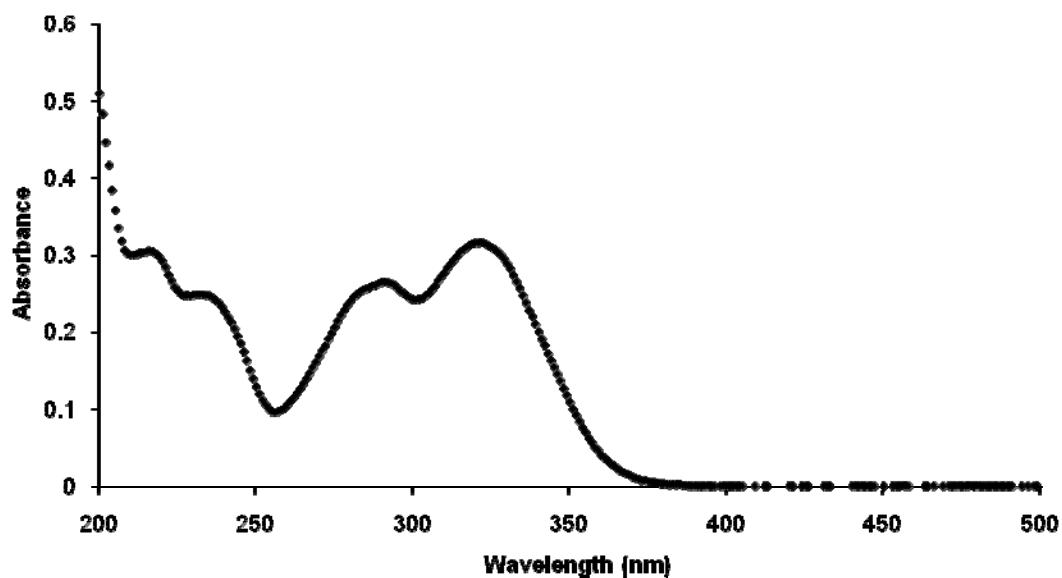


Figure 6 UV absorption spectrum of 1.0×10^{-5} M **TES24C** in ethanol.