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Columnar mesophases constructed by hierarchical self-assembly of rod-like diacetylene molecules

Tomoyo Shimogaki, Satoshi Dei, Kazuchika Ohta, and Akikazu Matsumoto

Department of Applied Chemistry and Bioengineering, Graduate School of Engineering, Osaka City University, Sugimoto, Sumiyoshi-ku, Osaka 558-8585, and Smart Materials Science and Technology, Department of Bioscience and Textile Technology, Interdisciplinary Graduate School of Science and Technology, Shinshu University, Ueda, Nagano 386-8567, Japan

CONTENTS

Table S1. Assignment of XRD data for the *mDA* mesophases.

Figure S1. Repeated DSC traces of (a) **9DA**, (b) **10DA**, (c) **12DA**, and (d) **14DA**. The heating and cooling rates are 10 °C/min.

Experimental Section

Synthesis

Measurements

Table S1. Assignment of XRD data for the *mDA* mesophases ^a

Compounds	Mesophase structure	Spacing		Miller ^b indice		
		$d_{\text{obs}}/\text{Å}$	$d_{\text{calcd}}/\text{Å}$			
9DA	D _L at 173 °C $a = 27.89 \text{ Å}$	27.89	27.85	(001)		
		13.80	13.93	(002)		
		9.13	9.30	(003)		
		6.77	6.97	(004)		
		5.04				
10DA	D _L at 166 °C $a = 29.84 \text{ Å}$	29.84	29.84	(001)		
		14.93	14.92	(002)		
		5.01				
	Col _{ro} ($P2_1/a$) at 144 °C $a = 39.39 \text{ Å}$ $b = 48.05 \text{ Å}$ $Z = 14.98$ for $\rho = 1.0 \text{ g/cm}^3$	30.46	30.46	(110)		
		24.02	24.02	(020)		
		14.45	14.83	(130)		
		6.58	6.48	(270)		
		5.07	5.10	(740)		
		4.87				
		4.08		h_A		
		3.71		h_B		
		11DA	D _L at 166 °C $a = 32.14 \text{ Å}$ $d = 4.96 \text{ Å}$	32.14	32.14	(001)
				15.99	16.07	(002)
10.61	10.71			(003)		
4.96						
Col _{rd} ($P2_1/a$) at 153 °C $a = 44.62 \text{ Å}$ $b = 48.98 \text{ Å}$	32.99		32.99	(110)		
	24.49		24.49	(020)		
	16.34		16.33	(220)		
	15.01		15.33	(130)		
	10.42		10.74	(240)		
	6.80		6.77	(270)		
	4.88					
Col _{ro} ($P2_1/a$) at 146 °C $a = 46.36 \text{ Å}$ $b = 47.26 \text{ Å}$ $Z = 16.71$ for $\rho = 1.0 \text{ g/cm}^3$	33.09		33.09	(110)		
	23.63		23.63	(020)		
	16.43	16.55	(220)			
	14.79	14.92	(130)			
	10.30	10.53	(240)			
	6.66	6.48	(270)			

		4.86			
		4.11		h_A	
		3.76		h_B	
12DA	D _L at 167 °C $a = 33.55 \text{ \AA}$	33.55	33.55	(001)	
		16.70	16.77	(002)	
		11.11	11.18	(003)	
		4.93			
	Col _{rd} ($P2_1/a$) at 153 °C $a = 49.67 \text{ \AA}$ $b = 47.84 \text{ \AA}$	34.46	34.46	(110)	
		23.92	23.92	(020)	
		17.03	17.23	(220)	
		15.19	15.18	(130)	
		6.82	6.59	(270)	
		6.44	6.10	(740)	
		4.86			
	Col _{ro} ($P2_1/a$) at 138 °C $a = 52.84 \text{ \AA}$ $b = 46.20 \text{ \AA}$ $Z = 17.80$ for $\rho = 1.0 \text{ g/cm}^3$	34.78	34.78	(110)	
		23.10	23.10	(020)	
		17.06	17.39	(220)	
		15.03	14.79	(130)	
		10.65	10.58	(240)	
		6.67	6.40	(270)	
		6.36	6.32	(740)	
		4.83			
		4.10		h_A	
		3.78		h_B	
	13DA	D _L at 166 °C $a = 35.01 \text{ \AA}$	35.01	35.01	(001)
			17.35	17.50	(002)
			11.58	11.67	(003)
			4.91		
		Col _{rd} ($P2_1/a$) at 152 °C $a = 54.63 \text{ \AA}$ $b = 47.99 \text{ \AA}$	36.06	36.06	(110)
24.00			24.00	(020)	
17.83			18.03	(220)	
15.50			15.35	(130)	
11.07			10.99	(240)	
6.56			6.65	(270)	
4.86					

	Col _{ro} ($P2_1/a$)	36.31	36.31	(110)
	at 135 °C	23.36	23.36	(020)
	$a = 57.68 \text{ \AA}$	18.00	18.16	(220)
	$b = 46.73 \text{ \AA}$	15.52	15.04	(130)
	$Z = 18.87$ for	11.10	10.83	(240)
	$\rho = 1.0 \text{ g/cm}^3$	6.51	6.50	(270)
		4.82		
		4.11		h_A
		3.81		h_B
14DA	D _L at 165 °C	35.82	35.82	(001)
	$a = 35.82 \text{ \AA}$	17.76	17.91	(002)
		11.91	11.94	(003)
		4.91		
	Col _{rd} ($P2_1/a$)	37.73	37.73	(110)
	at 139 °C	24.10	24.10	(020)
	$a = 60.62 \text{ \AA}$	18.86	18.86	(220)
	$b = 48.20 \text{ \AA}$	15.96	15.53	(130)
		11.56	11.20	(240)
		6.56	6.71	(270)
		4.82		
16DA	D _L at 162 °C	38.41	38.41	(001)
	$a = 38.41 \text{ \AA}$	18.88	19.21	(002)
		12.61	12.80	(003)
		4.93		
	Col _{rd} ($P2_1/a$)	40.50	40.50	(110)
	at 135 °C	26.18	26.18	(020)
	$a = 63.85 \text{ \AA}$	20.07	20.25	(220)
	$b = 52.38 \text{ \AA}$	17.46	16.84	(130)
		12.38	12.12	(240)
		4.78		

^a Phase nomenclature: D_L = discotic lamella mesophase, Col_{rd}, Col_{ro} = disordered and ordered rectangular columnar mesophases. The h_A and h_B indicate the stacking of cores and alkyl chains, respectively.

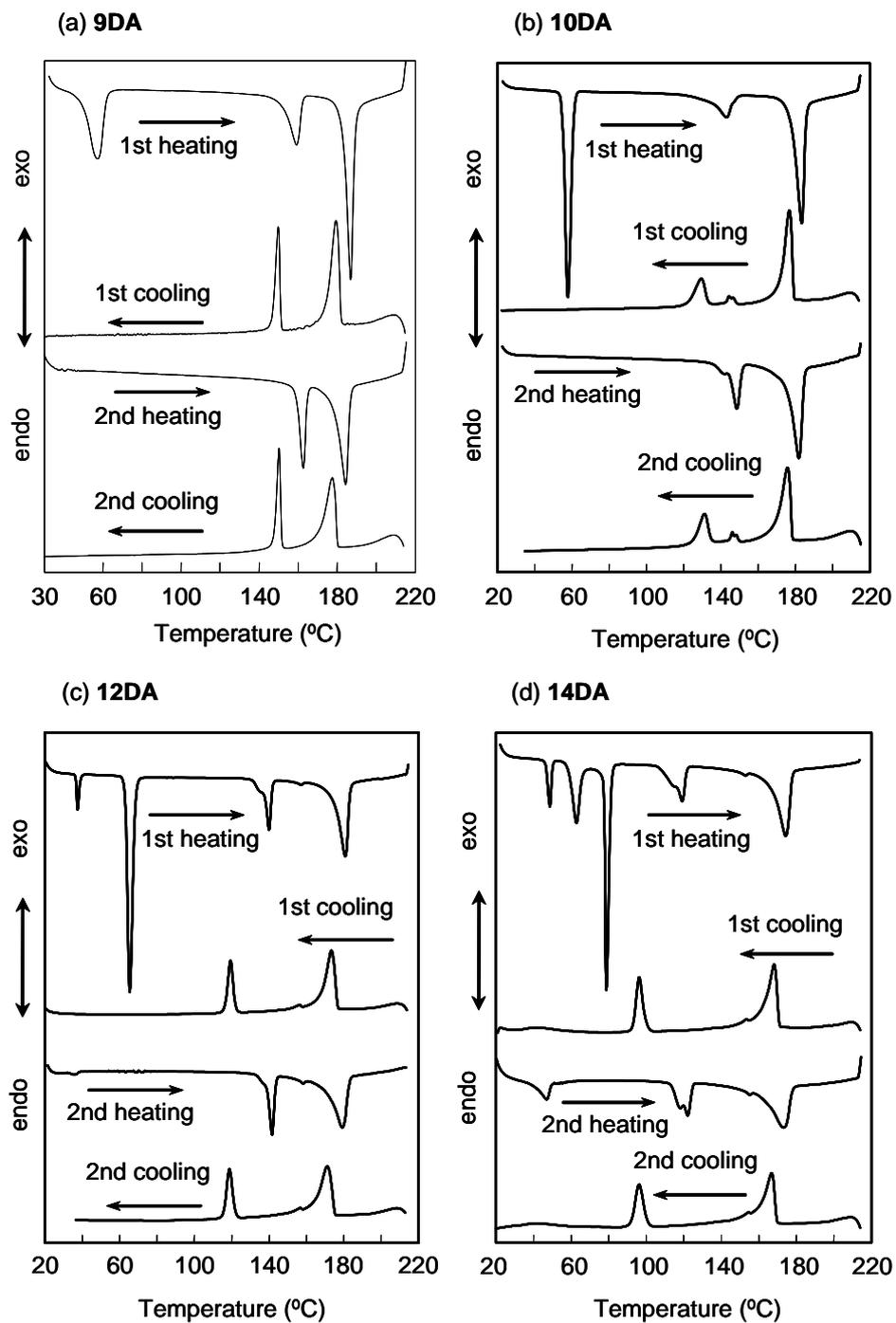


Figure S1. Repeated DSC traces of (a) **9DA**, (b) **10DA**, (c) **12DA**, and (d) **14DA**. The heating and cooling rates are 10 °C/min.

Experimental Section

Synthesis. All the *m*DAs were prepared by the Cadiot-Chodkiewicz coupling reaction of the corresponding 1-iodo-1-alkynes with 4-ethylbenzoic acid. The detailed procedures for the synthesis are described.

1-Iodo-1-tetradecyne. To a four-necked flask equipped with a dropping funnel, 1-tetradecyne (5 g, 0.026 mol) and 30 mL of a dry tetrahydrofuran (THF) were charged under an argon stream. The solution was cooled to 0 °C, and then 19.7 mL of *n*BuLi (1.57 mol/L in *n*-hexane) was added with a syringe. Iodine (7.8 g) in 30 mL of THF was added at room temperature and the mixture was further stirred for 2 h. The excess (*n*BuLi) was treated with 20 mL of water. The whole was extracted several times with totally 1 L of *n*-hexane. The extracts were dried over Na₂SO₄. The product was purified by silica gel column chromatography with *n*-hexane. 1-Iodo-1-tetradecyne was obtained as slightly red liquid by the evaporation of the solvent. The yield was 90%.

1,3-Hexadecadiynyl-4-benzoic Acid (12DA). To a mixture of 9.6 mL of the 70% ethylamine aqueous solution, 5 mL of a distilled water, hydroxylamine hydrochloride (1.2 g), and copper(I) chloride (0.18 g), in a 200-mL four-necked flask under an argon stream, was dropwise added 4-ethylbenzoic acid sodium salt (2.88 g, 0.017 mol) in 30 mL of THF over 10 min, and then 1-iodo-1-tetradecyne (5.0 g, 0.016 mol) in 30 mL of THF over 30 min. After the solution was stirred overnight, the solvent was evaporated, and the HCl aqueous solution (1 mol/L) was added until the solution was acidic. The solution was extracted with 1 L of diethyl ether, and then the solvent was removed. The crude residue was purified by recrystallization from a mixture of THF and methanol. The **12DA** was obtained as a colorless powder in the yield of 89%. The other *m*DAs were similarly synthesized.

1,3-Dodecadiynyl-4-benzoic Acid (8DA): Yield 32%; colorless powder, $T_{\text{melt}} = 246.5$ °C, $M_p = 186.6$ °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 13.20 (s, CO₂H, 1H), 7.91 and 7.62 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, C₆H₄, 4H), 2.43 (t, $J = 6.8$ Hz, C≡CCH₂, 2H), 1.50 (q, C≡CCH₂CH₂, 2H), 1.35–1.25 (m, CH₂, 10H), 0.85 (t, $J = 7.2$ Hz, CH₃, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 166.52 (CO₂H), 132.51, 131.15, 129.5, and 125.2 (C₆H₄), 87.48, 76.66, 73.78, and 64.53 (C≡C), 31.21, 28.54, 28.38, 28.24, 27.50, 22.05, and 18.69 (CH₂), 13.94 (CH₃); IR (KBr) 2242 (ν_{C≡C}), 1693 (ν_{C=O}),

dimer), 1424 (coupling of O–H in-plane deformation and C–O stretching) cm^{-1} . Anal. Calcd for $\text{C}_{19}\text{H}_{22}\text{O}_2$: C, 80.51; H, 7.89%. Found: C, 80.81; H, 7.85%. 2θ (Cu $K\alpha$, crystals, r.t.) = 2.71, 4.72, 8.68, 9.45, 10.60, 11.64, 13.12, 13.53, 13.87, 17.19, 18.73, 21.90 and 22.96 deg.

1,3-Tridecadiynyl-4-benzoic Acid (9DA): Yield 45%; colorless powder, $T_{\text{init}} = 270.2\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$, $M_p = 157.7\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$; ^1H NMR (300 MHz, $\text{DMSO-}d_6$) δ 13.20 (s, CO_2H , 1H), 7.93 and 7.65 (d, $J = 8.1$ Hz, C_6H_4 , 4H), 2.44 (t, $J = 6.8$ Hz, $\text{C}\equiv\text{CCH}_2$, 2H), 1.54–1.26 (m, CH_2 , 14H), 0.86 (t, $J = 6.8$ Hz, CH_3 , 3H); ^{13}C NMR (75 MHz, $\text{DMSO-}d_6$) δ 166.57 (CO_2H), 132.55, 131.18, 129.54, and 125.24 (C_6H_4), 87.54, 76.70, 73.81, and 64.58 ($\text{C}\equiv\text{C}$), 31.29, 28.88, 28.67, 28.45, 28.26, 27.53, 22.13 and 18.73 (CH_2), 13.98 (CH_3); IR (KBr) 2411 ($\nu_{\text{C}=\text{C}}$), 1688 ($\nu_{\text{C}=\text{O}}$, dimer) cm^{-1} . Anal. Calcd for $\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{24}\text{O}_2$: C, 80.94; H, 8.12%. Found: C, 81.04; H, 8.16%. 2θ (Cu $K\alpha$, crystals, r.t.) = 2.40, 4.81, 7.22, 16.13, 16.76, 20.29, 21.20, 22.13, 23.22 and 25.56 deg.

1,3-Tetradecadiynyl-4-benzoic Acid (10DA). Yield 36%; colorless powder. $T_{\text{init}} = 273.7\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ $M_p = 145.9\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$; ^1H NMR (400 MHz, $\text{DMSO-}d_6$) δ 13.02 (s, CO_2H , 1H), 7.92 and 7.63 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, C_6H_4 , 4H), 2.43 (t, $J = 6.8$ Hz, $\text{C}\equiv\text{CCH}_2$, 2H), 1.55–1.26 (m, CH_2 , 16H), 0.85 (t, $J = 6.8$ Hz, CH_3 , 3H); ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, $\text{DMSO-}d_6$) δ 166.52 (CO_2H), 132.50, 131.14, 129.48, and 125.20 (C_6H_4), 87.48, 76.66, 73.77, and 64.54 ($\text{C}\equiv\text{C}$), 31.28, 28.92, 28.87, 28.66, 28.39, 28.21, 27.47, 22.09, and 18.68 (CH_2), 13.94 (CH_3); IR (KBr) 2242 ($\nu_{\text{C}=\text{C}}$), 1701 ($\nu_{\text{C}=\text{O}}$), 1681 ($\nu_{\text{C}=\text{O}}$, dimer), 1427 (coupling of O–H in-plane deformation and C–O stretching) cm^{-1} . Anal. Calcd for $\text{C}_{21}\text{H}_{26}\text{O}_2$: C, 80.92; H, 8.40%. Found: C, 81.25; H, 8.44%. 2θ (Cu $K\alpha$) = 2.40, 4.88, 7.33, 9.82, 16.08, 17.92, 19.15, 19.30, 19.87, 20.00, 20.94, 22.21, 23.79, 24.70 and 25.46 deg.

1,3-Pentadecadiynyl-4-benzoic Acid (11DA). Yield 30%; colorless powder. $T_{\text{init}} = 261.7\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$, $M_p = 148.6\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$; ^1H NMR (300 MHz, $\text{DMSO-}d_6$) δ 13.21 (s, CO_2H , 1H), 7.93 and 7.64 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, C_6H_4 , 4H), 2.44 (t, $J = 6.8$ Hz, $\text{C}\equiv\text{CCH}_2$, 2H), 1.56–1.25 (m, CH_2 , 18H), 0.84 (t, $J = 6.6$ Hz, CH_3 , 3H); ^{13}C NMR (75 MHz, $\text{DMSO-}d_6$) δ 166.56 (CO_2H), 132.55, 131.17, 129.53, and 125.24 (C_6H_4), 87.51, 76.70, 73.81 and 64.58 ($\text{C}\equiv\text{C}$), 31.33, 29.01, 29.01, 28.91, 28.75, 28.43, 28.25, 27.51, 22.13 and 18.72 (CH_2), 13.98 (CH_3); IR (KBr) 2242 ($\nu_{\text{C}=\text{C}}$), 1701 ($\nu_{\text{C}=\text{O}}$), 1682 ($\nu_{\text{C}=\text{O}}$, dimer), 1429 (coupling of O–H in-plane deformation and C–O stretching) cm^{-1} . Anal. Calcd for $\text{C}_{22}\text{H}_{28}\text{O}_2$: C, 81.58; H, 8.86%. Found: C, 81.44; H, 8.70%. 2θ (Cu $K\alpha$, crystals,

r.t.) = 2.28, 4.67, 6.95, 13.79, 16.05, 19.16, 19.79, 20.75, 22.07 and 23.61 deg.

1,3-Hexadecadiynyl-4-benzoic Acid (12DA): Yield 89%; colorless powder, $T_{\text{init}} = 251.8$ °C, Mp = 139.1 °C; ^1H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ 13.08 (s, CO₂H, 1H), 7.93 and 7.63 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, C₆H₄, 4H), 2.43 (t, $J = 6.8$ Hz, C \equiv CCH₂, 2H), 1.55–1.24 (m, CH₂, 20H), 0.85 (t, $J = 6.8$ Hz, CH₃, 3H); ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ 166.63 (C=O), 132.61, 131.37, 129.39, and 125.40 (C₆H₄), 87.59, 76.84, 73.97, and 64.73 (C \equiv C), 31.41, 29.12, 29.06, 28.96, 28.81, 28.50, 28.34, 27.64, 22.19, and 18.87 (CH₂), 14.02 (CH₃); IR (KBr) 2242 ($\nu_{\text{C}=\text{C}}$) 1701 ($\nu_{\text{C}=\text{O}}$), 1683 ($\nu_{\text{C}=\text{O}}$, dimer), 1411 (coupling of O–H in-plane deformation and C–O stretching) cm⁻¹. Anal. Calcd for C₂₃H₃₀O₂: C, 81.48; H, 9.01%. Found: C, 81.61; H, 8.93%. 2θ (Cu K α , crystals, r.t.) = 2.19, 4.50, 6.65, 13.33, 16.19, 18.26, 19.12, 19.77, 20.52, 21.41, 22.24, 23.88 and 25.46 deg.

1,3-Heptadecadiynyl-4-benzoic Acid (13DA): Yield 41%; colorless powder, $T_{\text{init}} = 251.8$ °C, Mp = 135.3 °C; ^1H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ 13.20 (s, CO₂H, 1H), 7.93 and 7.64 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, C₆H₄, 4H), 2.44 (t, $J = 6.8$ Hz, C \equiv CCH₂, 2H), 1.53–1.23 (m, CH₂, 22H), 0.84 (t, $J = 6.8$ Hz, CH₃, 3H); ^{13}C NMR (75 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ 166.62 (C=O), 132.60, 131.23, 129.58, and 125.30 (C₆H₄), 87.57, 76.76, 73.86, and 64.64 (C \equiv C), 31.38, 29.16, 29.10, 29.04, 28.94, 28.81, 28.46, 28.28, 27.55, 22.18 and 18.78 (CH₂), 14.03 (CH₃); IR (KBr) 2242 ($\nu_{\text{C}=\text{C}}$) 1700 ($\nu_{\text{C}=\text{O}}$), 1682 ($\nu_{\text{C}=\text{O}}$, dimer), 1429 (coupling of O–H in-plane deformation and C–O stretching) cm⁻¹. Anal. Calcd for C₂₄H₃₂O₂: C, 81.94; H, 9.34%. Found: C, 81.61; H, 9.15%. 2θ (Cu K α , crystals, r.t.) = 2.09, 4.19, 6.35, 12.67, 16.18, 17.16, 18.25, 19.09, 19.71, 20.33, 22.07, 23.50, 24.67 and 25.47 deg.

1,3-Octadecadiynyl-4-benzoic Acid (14DA): Yield 35%; colorless powder, $T_{\text{init}} = 251.8$ °C, Mp = 123.2 °C; ^1H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ 13.23 (s, CO₂H, 1H), 7.93 and 7.64 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, C₆H₄, 4H), 2.44 (t, $J = 6.9$ Hz, C \equiv CCH₂, 2H), 1.54–1.23 (m, CH₂, 24H), 0.85 (t, $J = 6.6$ Hz, CH₃, 3H); ^{13}C NMR (75 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ 166.56 (C=O), 132.54, 131.17, 129.51 and 125.23 (C₆H₄), 87.52, 76.69, 73.80, and 64.59 (C \equiv C), 31.32, 29.07, 29.04, 29.02, 29.01, 28.96, 28.86, 28.73, 28.38, 28.21, 27.48, 22.12, and 18.71 (CH₂), 13.97 (CH₃); IR (KBr) 2242 ($\nu_{\text{C}=\text{C}}$) 1702 ($\nu_{\text{C}=\text{O}}$), 1683 ($\nu_{\text{C}=\text{O}}$, dimer), 1428 (coupling of O–H in-plane deformation and C–O stretching) cm⁻¹. Anal. Calcd for C₂₅H₃₄O₂: C, 82.03; H, 9.56%. Found: C, 81.92; H, 9.35%.

2θ (Cu K α , crystals, r.t.) = 2.01, 4.00, 6.07, 16.18, 19.01, 19.74, 20.81, 22.29, 23.69 and 25.27 deg.

1,3-Icosadiynyl-4-benzoic Acid (16DA): Yield 51%; colorless powder, $T_{\text{init}} = 283.3$ °C, Mp = 117.3 °C; ^1H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ 13.02 (s, CO $_2$ H, 1H), 7.92 and 7.62 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, C $_6$ H $_4$, 4H), 2.43 (t, $J = 6.8$ Hz, C \equiv CCH $_2$, 2H), 1.55–1.23 (m, CH $_2$, 28H), 1.49 (t, $J = 6.8$ Hz, CH $_3$, 3H); ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ 166.39 (C=O), 132.37, 131.20, 129.39, and 125.22 (C $_6$ H $_4$), 87.37, 76.65, 73.79, and 64.52 (C \equiv C), 31.18, 28.91, 28.88, 28.86, 28.81, 28.71, 28.56, 28.25, 28.11, 27.43, 21.95, and 18.67 (CH $_2$), 13.78 (CH $_3$); IR (KBr) 2241 ($\nu_{\text{C}\equiv\text{C}}$) 1701 ($\nu_{\text{C}=\text{O}}$), 1682 ($\nu_{\text{C}=\text{O}}$, dimer), 1427 (coupling of O–H in-plane deformation and C–O stretching) cm^{-1} . Anal. Calcd for C $_{27}$ H $_{38}$ O $_2$: C, 81.91; H, 9.73%. Found: C, 82.18; H, 9.71%. 2θ (Cu K α , crystals, r.t.) = 1.86, 3.74, 5.66, 9.51, 11.35, 16.13, 19.81, 20.51, 21.26, 22.38, 23.65 and 25.29 deg.

Measurements. The NMR spectra were recorded using a JEOL JMN A400 or Bruker AV300 spectrometer in dimethyl sulfoxide- d_6 (DMSO- d_6). The FT-IR spectra were recorded using a JASCO FT/IR 430 spectrometer equipped with a JASCO Intron IRT-30 infrared microscope and a Mettler-Toledo FP90 temperature controller. The fluorescence spectra were recorded using a JASCO FP-6600 spectrometer equipped with an HPC-503 temperature controller. The XRD data were collected using a Bruker MAC SAXS system with a Bruker Mo6X X-ray generator, a SAX optical system, a Hister detector, and a Mettler-Toledo FP900 temperature controller. The DSC was carried out using a Shimadzu DSC-50 or Seiko DSC 6200 calorimeter at the heating rate of 2, 5, and 10 °C/min. The phase transition behavior was observed by POM using a Nikon ECLIPSE E600 POL optical microscope equipped with a Hamamatsu PMA-11 detector and a Mettler-Toledo FP90 temperature controller.