

Electronic Supplementary Information

A fifteen atom silver cluster confined in bovine serum albumin

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Supplementary information 1

pH dependence on the stability of cluster and MALDI MS of control experiments performed to verify the formation of $\text{Ag}_{15}@BSA$

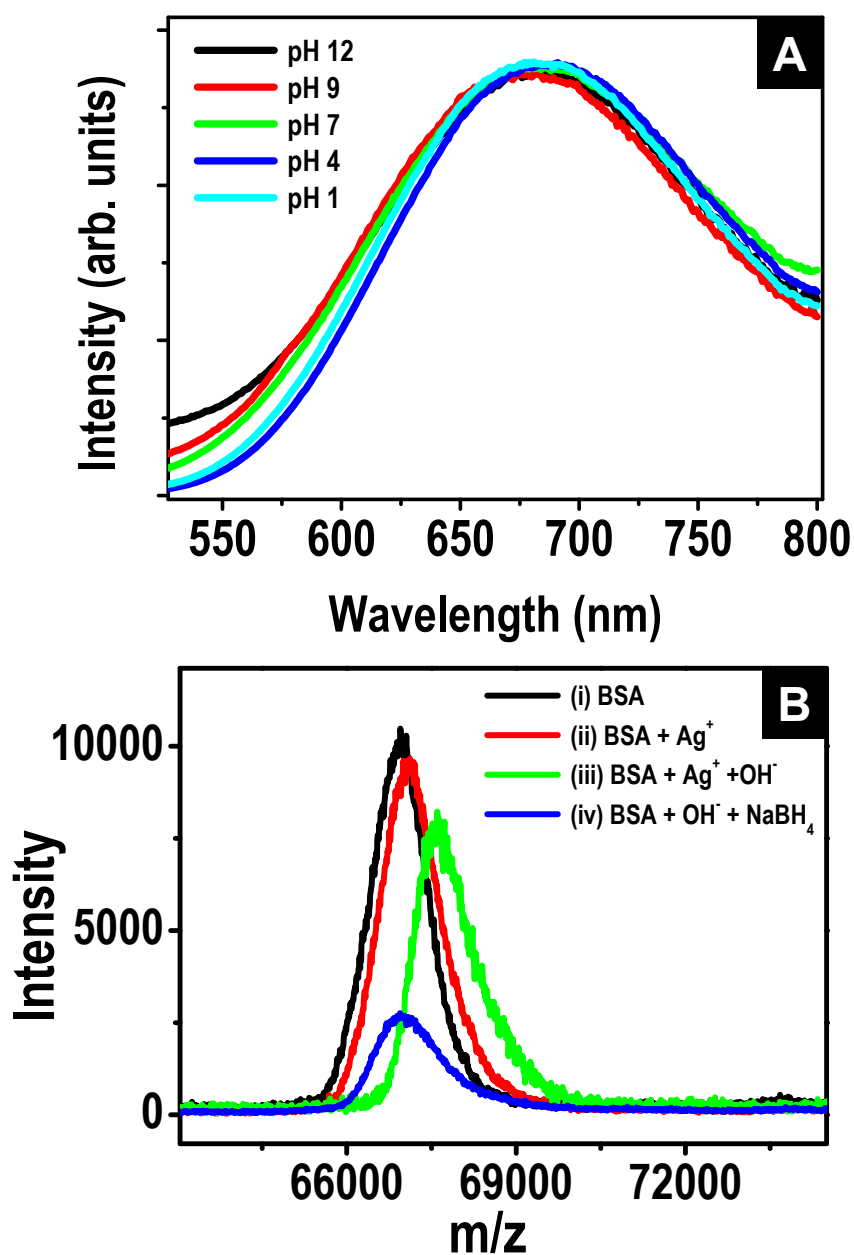


Figure S1. (A) Emission spectra of $\text{Ag}_{15}@BSA$ at different pH (measured after 10 min of preparing the solutions). (B) Positive ion MALDI MS of the various control experiments performed to validate the formation of $\text{Ag}_{15}@BSA$. (i) Pure BSA (black trace), (ii) mixture of BSA and AgNO_3 (red trace), (iii) mixture of BSA, AgNO_3 and NaOH (green trace) and (iv) mixture of BSA, NaOH and NaBH_4 (blue trace).

Supplementary information 2

XPS spectrum of Ag₁₅@BSA in the Ag 3d region

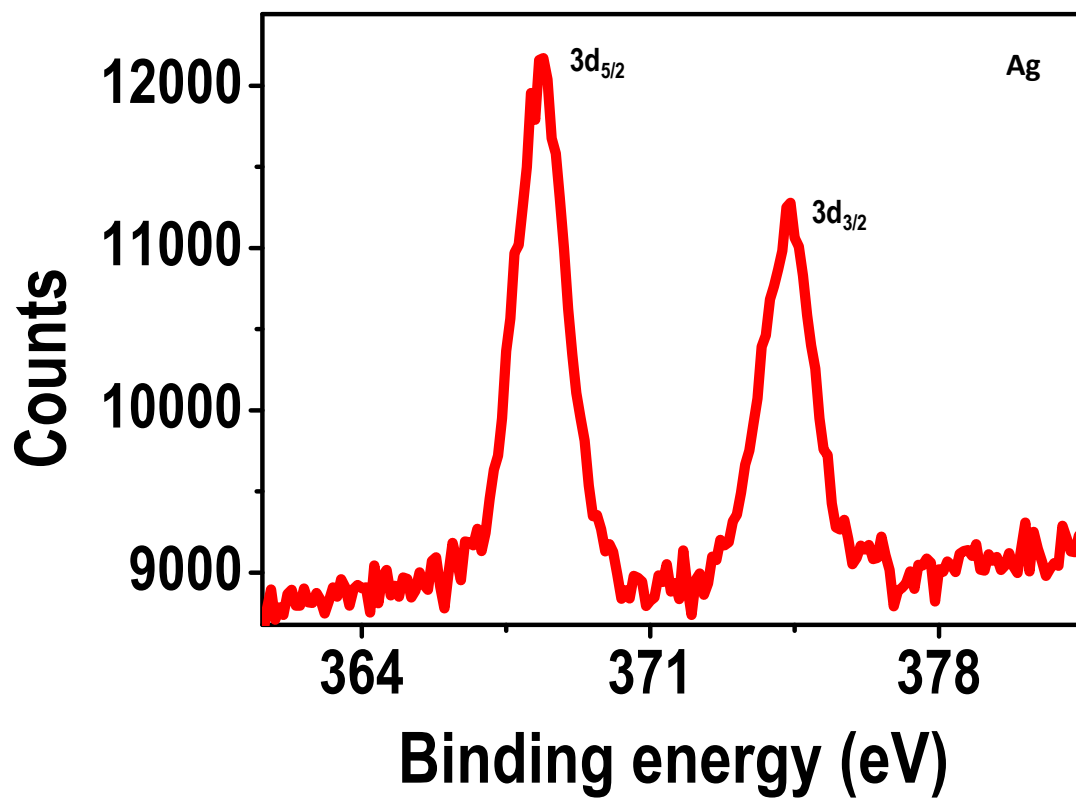


Figure S2. XPS spectrum of Ag₁₅@BSA in the Ag 3d region.

Supplementary information 3

Luminescence profile of solid Ag₁₅@BSA

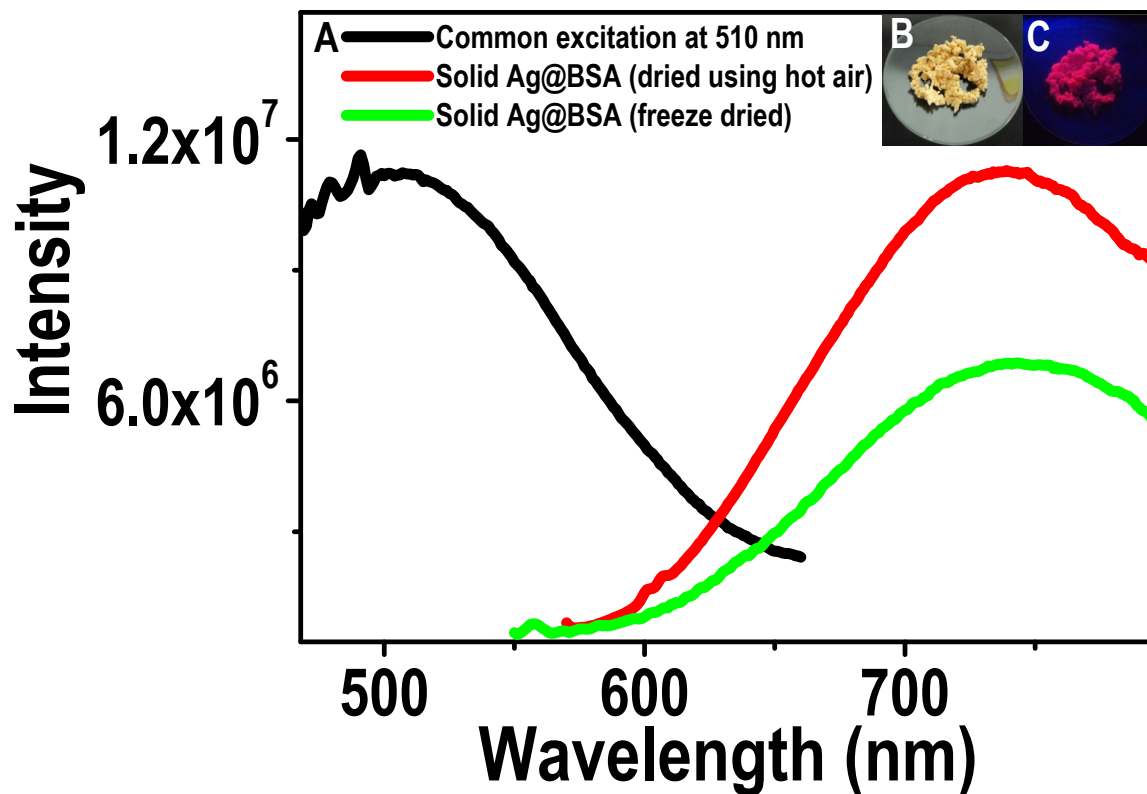


Figure S3. (A) Luminescence profile of red emitting solid of Ag₁₅@BSA showing an excitation at 510 nm (black trace) and an emission at 740 nm. The red trace corresponds to the solid cluster prepared under flowing hot air and the green trace corresponds to cluster prepared by freeze drying. (B) and (C) are the photographs of the freeze dried cluster under visible light and UV light, respectively.

Supplementary information 4

Fluorescence lifetime data of Ag₁₅@BSA

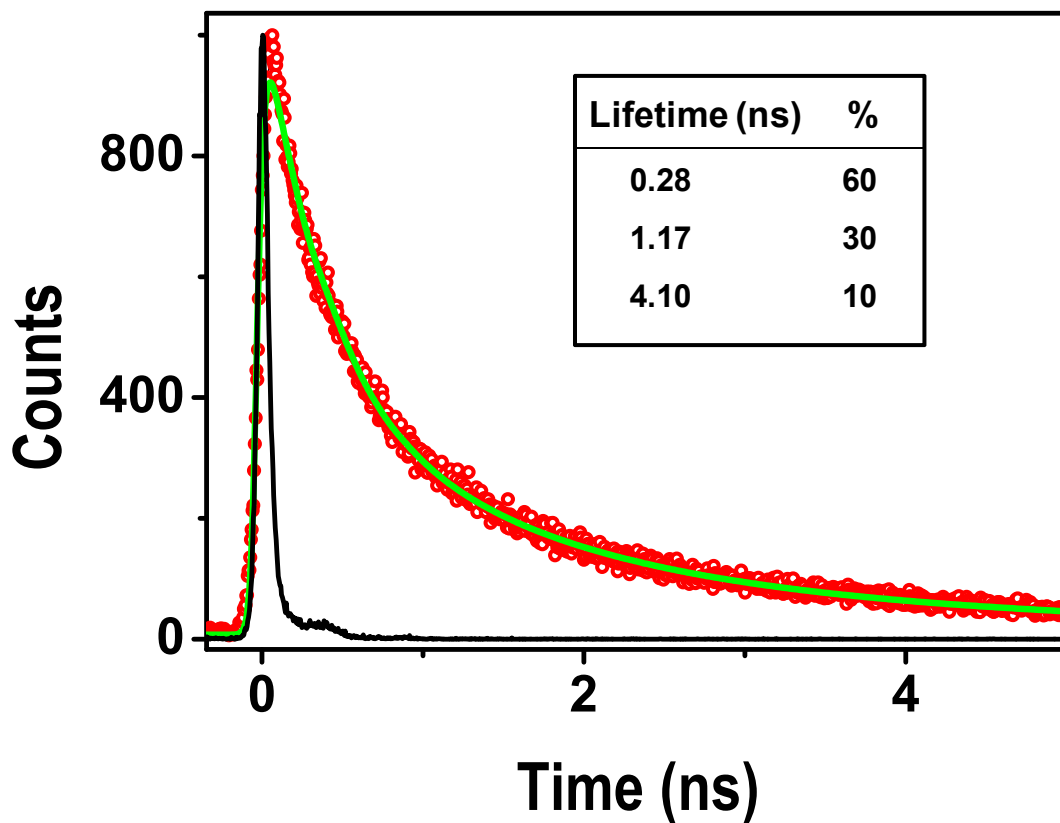


Figure S4. Fluorescence decay of Ag₁₅@BSA. Lifetime values obtained are given in the inset. The instrument response function (IRF, in black) shows a resolution of 80 ps.

Supplementary information 5

Effect of solvents on the formation of Ag₁₅@BSA

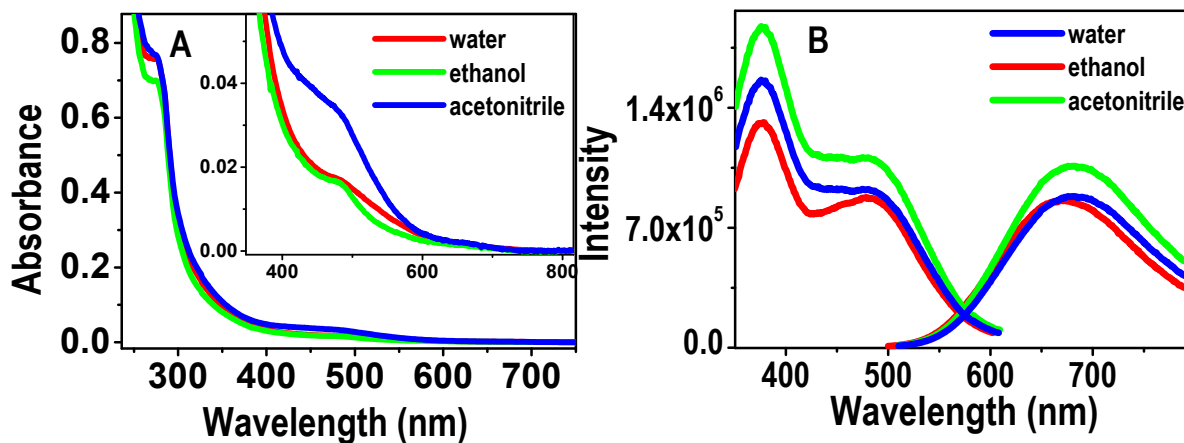


Figure S5. Effect of solvents on the synthesis of red emitting Ag₁₅@BSA. (A) UV-vis absorption spectra of the cluster solutions prepared using water (red trace), ethanol (green trace) and acetonitrile (blue trace) as the solvents. (B) Luminescence profile of the cluster solutions in water (blue trace), ethanol (red trace) and acetonitrile (green trace).

Supplementary information 6

Decomposition of Ag₁₅@BSA at 28 °C and at 10 °C

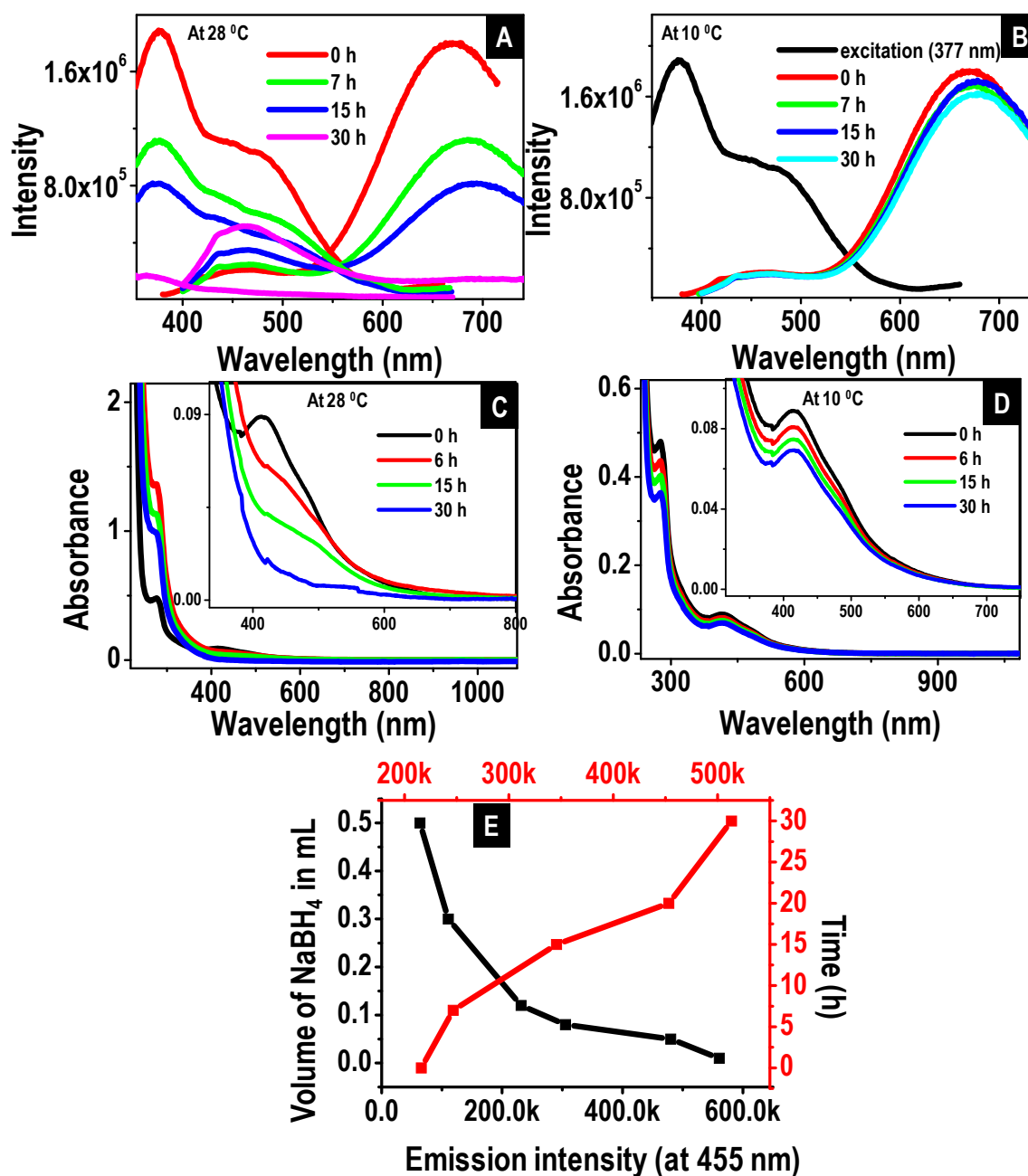


Figure S6. Luminescence profiles (A and B) and UV-vis absorption spectra (C and D) for the decomposition of red emitting Ag₁₅@BSA. (A) and (C) correspond to solutions kept at room temperature (28 °C) and (B) and (D) for that at low temperature (10 °C). (E) Plot of emission intensity of the feature at 455 nm (Ag-BSA conjugate) versus amount of NaBH₄ added (during the formation of clusters (black trace)) and with time (during room temperature decay of clusters (red trace)).

Supplementary information 7

MALDI MS analysis of decomposition of $\text{Ag}_{15}@\text{BSA}$ at room temperature ($28\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$) and at a low temperature ($10\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$)

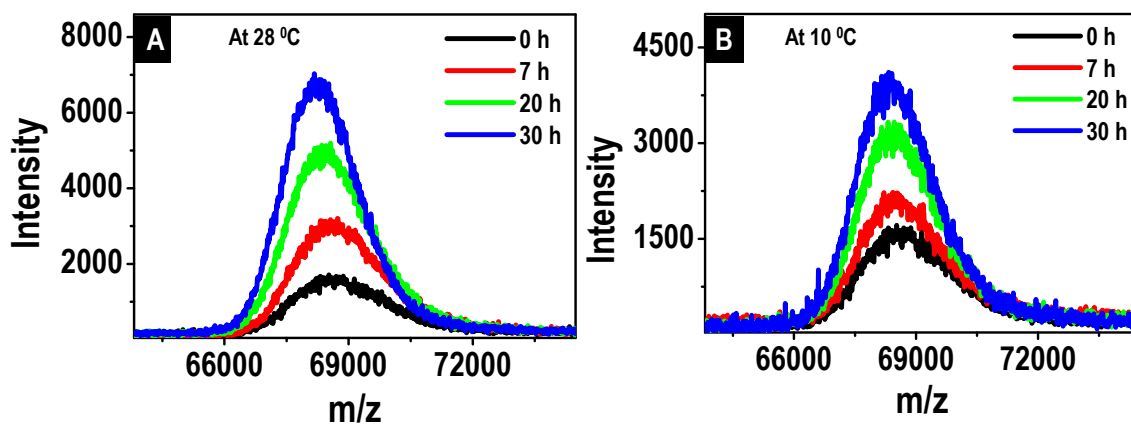


Figure S7. Positive ion MALDI-TOF mass spectra of the decomposition of $\text{Ag}_{15}@\text{BSA}$ cluster when incubated at $28\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ (A) and at $10\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ (B), respectively.